

January 29, 2018

Mr. William F. Durham Director WVDEP, Division of Air Quality 601 – 57th Street SE Charleston, West Virginia 25304

Re: Tug Hill Operating, LLC, Permit Determination Application – Shields Well Pad

Dear Mr. Durham,

Tug Hill Operating, LLC (Tug Hill) and SLR International Corporation (SLR) have prepared the attached Permit Determination Application for the Shields well pad located in Marshall County, West Virginia. This determination reflects the installation of a new non NSPS compressor (840 HP Waukesha 4SRB) and the existing operation of (10) Marcellus wells, (4) 1 MMBtu/hr gas processing units, and (2) 400 bbl produced water tanks. Therefore, all site emissions have been evaluated and are attached for your review within this determination.

If any additional information is needed, please feel free to contact me by telephone at (304) 545-8563 or by e-mail at <u>ihanshaw@slrconsulting.com</u>

Sincerely, SLR International Corporation

Jesse Hanshaw

Jesse Hanshaw, P.E. Principal Engineer



Tug Hill Operating, LLC Shields Well Pad Proctor, West Virginia Permit Determination SLR Ref: 116.01631.00019



global environmental and advisory solutions



Shields Well Pad Permit Determination

Prepared for:

Tug Hill Operating, LLC 380 Southpointe Blvd., Suite 200 Canonsburg, PA 15317

This document has been prepared by SLR International Corporation. The material and data in this permit application were prepared under the supervision and direction of the undersigned.

Alex Asbury

Staff Engineer

Jesse Hanshaw, P.E. Principal Engineer



SECTION 1. TECHNICAL SUPPORT DOCUMENT

Permit Determination

Shields Well Pad Proctor, West Virginia

Tug Hill Operating, LLC 380 Southpointe Blvd., Suite 200 Canonsburg, PA 15317

1.1 INTRODUCTION

Tug Hill Operating, LLC is submitting a permit determination to evaluate the new construction and operation of equipment at the existing Shields well pad.

The site as evaluated has been classified as a minor NSR and Title V facility. The details of this evaluation are provided in section 2.0 with supporting documentation presented within the calculations section.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF FACILITY

Tug Hill Operating, LLC is submitting a permit determination to evaluate the installation of a new non NSPS compressor (840 HP Waukesha 4SRB) and the existing operation of (10) Marcellus wells, (4) 1 MMBtu/hr gas processing units, and (2) 400 bbl produced water tanks. The proposed (1) 840 HP Waukesha 4SRB compressor engine (Unit 1807) would be used to boost pressure prior to the gas entering the sales pipeline.

DESCRIPTION OF PROCESS

Natural gas, condensate and produced water will be separated from 10 horizontal wells located onsite producing from the Marcellus formation. Each well stream will first pass through one of four (4) 1 MMBtu/hr gas processing units (GPU-1 through GPU-4).

The gas exiting the gas processing units will be sent to the compressor before being routed into a sales pipeline. The water will be sent into one of two (2) 400 bbl produced water tanks. The condensate is sent to a condensate pipeline and is removed from the site. There will be no dedicated condensate storage tanks located at the Shields site.

The produced water is hauled offsite by 140 bbl pump trucks. The displaced emissions from truck loading were accounted for as a point source on an uncontrolled basis.

The site has future plans to install a sales gas compressor at such time as the wells lack the necessary pressure to enter the sales line. The equipment will consist of an F3524GSI Waukesha engine which is rated at 840 HP.

1.3 FEDERAL AND STATE REQUIREMENT

APPLICABLE REGULATIONS

This facility is subject to the following applicable rules and regulations:

Federal and State:

45 CSR 2 – Particulate Matter Standards from Combustion of Fuel in Indirect Heat Exchangers

The indirect heat exchanger consisting of the line heater is subject to the visible emission standard of §45-2-3 as follows:

3.1. No person shall cause, suffer, allow or permit emission of smoke and/or particulate matter into the open air from any fuel burning unit which is greater than ten (10) percent opacity based on a six minute block average.

However, in accordance with the exemptions defined with §45-2-11 these sources have limited requirements as follows:

11.1. Any fuel burning unit(s) having a heat input less than ten (10) million B.T.U.'s per hour will be exempt from sections 4, 5, 6, 8 and 9. However, failure to attain acceptable air quality in parts of some urban areas may require the mandatory control of these sources at a later date.

45 CSR 10 - Emission of Sulfur Oxides

The well pad facility evaluated within this determination application utilizes fuel burning units, but they are all less than the exemption threshold of 10 MMBtu/hr as stated in 45CSR§10-10.1 as follows:

10.1 Any fuel burning units having a design heat input less than ten (10) million BTU's per hour will be exempt from section 3 and sections 6 through 8. However, failure to attain acceptable air quality in parts of some urban areas may require the mandatory control of these sources at a later date.

40 CFR 61 - This facility is subject to the asbestos inspection and notification requirements. However, no asbestos is affected by the proposed construction activities.

45 CSR 13 - Permits for Construction, Modification, Relocation, and Operation of Stationary Source of Air Pollutants

The company is applying for this permit determination to assure all permitting thresholds are evaluated and the proper minor source permits are identified if applicable.

WV Code § 22-5-4 (a) (14)

The Secretary can request any pertinent information such as annual emission inventory reporting. This station is not required to submit an annual air emission inventory.

45 CSR 17 - Fugitive Particulate Emissions

The site shall minimize fugitive PM so that emissions do not travel offsite.

40 CFR 60, Subpart JJJJ – Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines

The compressor engine (CE-1) at the station was manufactured on 1-23-2007, which predates the January 1, 2008 applicability date for rich burn engines greater than 500 hp. Therefore, the compressor engine is not subject to emissions limits according to 40 CFR§60.4230-(a)(4)(i). Additionally, the compressor is proposed as a sales gas compressor at the Shields location and therefore was evaluated for applicability to §60.4236 related to requirements for installing previous model year engines. This engine was found to be exempt as a relocated unit according to §60.4236(e).

40 CFR 63, Subpart ZZZZ – National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines

The natural gas compressor engine (CE-1) is a 4SRB Waukesha F3524GSI engine manufactured on 1-23-2007; therefore, per 40CFR63.6590(c)(1) the requirements of this regulation are to comply with new SI engines standards in accordance with 40CFR60, Subpart JJJJ.

NON-APPLICABILITY DETERMINATIONS

The following requirements have been determined "not applicable" due to the following:

45 CSR 27 - To Prevent and Control the Emissions of Toxic Air Pollutants

This rule is not applicable because natural gas is included as a petroleum product and contains less than 5% benzene by weight. 45CSR § 27-2.4 exempts equipment "used in the production and distribution of petroleum products providing that such equipment does not produce or contact materials containing more than 5% benzene by weight."

45 CSR 30 – Requirements for Operating Permits – Title V of the Clean Air Act

This facility does not meet the emission thresholds to trigger a 45 CSR 30 Title V Operating Permit nor is it subject to any Federal Standards that require a Title V Permit.

40 CFR 60 Subpart K, Ka, Kb - Storage Vessel NSPS

The two 400 bbl [16,800 gal] produced liquid tanks T01-T02 are below the size capacity threshold of 75 meters cubed (m³) [19,813 gallons] defined within the applicability section 60.110b(a) of this Federal standard.

40 CFR 60 Subpart KKK - Natural Gas Processing Plant NSPS

This subpart is not applicable because this site is not a processing plant engaged in extracting natural gas liquids by fractionation from natural gas.

Natural gas processing plant (gas plant) means any processing site engaged in the extraction of natural gas liquids from field gas, fractionation of mixed natural gas liquids to natural gas products, or both.

40 CFR 60 Subpart OOOO - Storage Vessel NSPS Requirements

The existing storage vessels (T01-T02) were constructed after August 23, 2011 but before, September 18, 2015 and have been demonstrated to have a PTE VOCs < 6 tpy without controls using ProMax Equation of State estimation techniques with representative inputs. Therefore, the existing storage vessel is not considered an affected source under this regulation.

40 CFR 60 Subpart OOOOa - Storage Vessel NSPS Requirements

The existing storage vessels predate the applicability date of this regulation, September 18, 2015

40 CFR 60 Subpart OOOOa – Fugitive Component Leak Monitoring

The site is classified as a well pad facility, which will not be subject to the monitoring requirement of this section since the existing well site predates the applicability date of September 18, 2015 as defined under this Federal regulation.

40 CFR 60 Subpart OOOOa – Compressor Packing Requirements

The site is classified as a well pad facility, which will not be subject to the monitoring requirement of this section since the compressor meets the exemption for units operated at well sites as defined under this federal regulation.

40 CFR 63 Subpart HH - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants from Oil and Natural Gas Production Facilities

There is no dehydration unit at this site.

40 CFR 63 Subpart JJJJJJ - Boilers Located at Area Sources of HAPs

This subpart is not applicable because the process heaters at this facility are not classified as boilers under this area source GACT standard.

40 CFR 82 Subpart F - Ozone Depleting Substances

The purpose of this subpart is to reduce emissions of class I and class II refrigerants and their substitutes. The facility does not utilize class I and class II refrigerants nor any substitutes.

Aggregation Discussion (Facility Determination)

The Shields well site is operated solely by Tug Hill Operating, LLC. This well pad facility has the ability to transfer its products via pipeline to midstream compression companies, of which are located on non-contiguous sites over a mile away. Additionally, these sources are not under common control nor is there any support and/or dependency relationship between the midstream companies and Tug Hill.

No other facilities operated by Tug Hill are within a quarter-mile radius and as a result this pad should be considered a single facility as defined within this determination application.

SECTION 2. PERMIT DETERMINATION APPLICATION

Permit Determination

Shields Well Pad Proctor, West Virginia

Tug Hill Operating, LLC 380 Southpointe Blvd., Suite 200 Canonsburg, PA 15317

WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION DIVISION OF AIR QUALITY		PERMIT DETERMINATION FORM (PDF)		
601 57 th Stree Charleston, WV	601 57 th Street, SE Charleston, WV 25304 FOR AGENCY		NLY: PLANT I.D. #	
Phone: (304) 92 www.dep.wv.g	26-0475 ov/daq	PDF #	PERMIT WRITER:	
1. NAME OF APPLICANT (AS REGISTERE	D WITH THE WV SECR	ETARY OF STATE'S O	FFICE):	
Tug Hill Operating, LLC				
2. NAME OF FACILITY (IF DIFFERENT FR	OM ABOVE):		3. NORTH AMERICAN INDUSTRY	
Shields Well Pad	,		CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM (NAICS) CODE:	
4A. MAILING ADDRESS:		4B. PHYSICAL ADDR	RESS:	
380 Southpointe Blvd, Suite 200		Burch Ridge		
Canonsburg, PA 15317		Proctor, WV 26155		
5A. DIRECTIONS TO FACILITY (PLEASE PF	OVIDE MAP AS ATTA	CHMENT A):		
Traveling from Proctor get onto WV-2 access road to the well pad will be log	S and travel 7.3 mile cated on the left. The	es. Turn right onto Bur site will be straight ah	ch Ridge Rd and travel 3.7 miles. The lead in approximately 0.4 miles.	
5B. NEAREST ROAD: Burch Ridge	5C. NEAREST CITY C Proctor	OR TOWN: 5D. COUNTY: Marshall		
5E. UTM NORTHING (KM): 4,401.170	5F. UTM EASTING (K 518.163	(KM): 5G. UTM ZONE: 17		
6A. INDIVIDUAL TO CONTACT IF MORE INFORMATION IS REQUIN Amy Miller		RED:	6B. TITLE: Permitting Specialist	
6C. TELEPHONE:	6D. FAX:		6E. E-MAIL:	
(724) 338-2030			amiller@tug-hillop.com	
7A. DAQ PLANT I.D. NO. (FOR AN EXISTING FACILITY ONLY):		7B. PLEASE LIST ALL CURRENT 45CSR13, 45CSR14, 45CSR19 AND/OR TITLE V (45CSR30) PERMIT NUMBERS ASSOCIATED WITH THIS PROCESS (FOR AN EXISTING FACILITY ONLY): N/A		
7C. IS THIS PDF BEING SUBMITTED AS TH	E RESULT OF AN ENFO	ORCEMENT ACTION?	IF YES, PLEASE LIST: No	
8A. TYPE OF EMISSION SOURCE (CHECK	ONE): NTIVE UPDATE	8B. IF ADMINISTRATIVE UPDATE, DOES DAQ HAVE THE APPLICANT'S CONSENT TO UPDATE THE EXISTING PERMIT WITH THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HERE		
	ASE EXPLAIN IN 11B)	3) 🛛 YES 🗌 NO		
9. IS <i>DEMOLITION</i> OR PHYSICAL <i>RENOVATION</i> AT AN EXISTING FACILITY INVOLVED? YES NO				
10A. DATE OF ANTICIPATED INSTALLATION	CIPATED INSTALLATION OR CHANGE: 10B. DATE OF ANTICIPATED START-UP:		IPATED START-UP:	
2/9/2018		<u>February /9/2018</u> .		
11A. PLEASE PROVIDE A DETAILED PROCE POINT AS ATTACHMENT B .	ISS FLOW DIAGRAM S		OSED OR MODIFIED PROCESS EMISSION	
11B. PLEASE PROVIDE A DETAILED PROCESS DESCRIPTION AS ATTACHMENT C.				

12. PLEASE PROVIDE **MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEETS (MSDS)** FOR ALL MATERIALS PROCESSED, USED OR PRODUCED AS **ATTACHMENT D**. FOR CHEMICAL PROCESSE, PLEASE PROVIDE A MSDS FOR EACH COMPOUND EMITTED TO AIR.

13A. REGULATED AIR POLLUTANT EMISSIONS:

 \Rightarrow FOR A NEW FACILITY, PLEASE PROVIDE PLANT WIDE EMISSIONS BASED ON THE POTENTIAL TO EMIT (PTE) FOR THE FOLLOWING AIR POLLUTANTS INCLUDING ALL PROCESSES.

 \Rightarrow FOR AN EXISTING FACILITY, PLEASE PROVIDE THE PROPOSED CHANGE IN EMISSIONS BASED ON THE PTE OF ALL PROCESS CHANGES FOR THE FOLLOWING AIR POLLUTANTS.

PTE FOR A GIVEN POLLUTANT IS TYPICALLY <u>BEFORE AIR POLLUTION CONTROL DEVICES</u> AND IS COLLECTED BASED ON THE MAXIMUM DESIGN CAPACITY OF PROCESS EQUIPMENT.

POLLUTANT	HOURLY PTE (LB/HR)	YEARLY PTE (TON/YR) (HOURLY PTE MULTIPLIED BY 8760 HR/YR) DIVIDED BY 2000 LB/TON		
РМ	0.19	0.81		
PM ₁₀	0.19	0.81		
VOCs	2.79	12.19		
со	3.57	15.64		
NO _x	3.92	17.13		
SO ₂	0.01	0.04		
Pb	<0.01	<0.01		
HAPs (AGGREGATE AMOUNT)	0.13	0.55		
TAPs (INDIVIDUALLY)*				
Benzene	0.02	0.06		
Formaldehyde	0.02	0.09		
OTHER (INDIVIDUALLY)*				
* ATTACH ADDITIONAL PAGES AS I	NEEDED			
13B. PLEASE PROVIDE ALL SUPPORTIN CALCULATE AN HOURLY AND YEA FLOW DIAGRAM) FOR ALL AIR POL THE 1990 CAAA), TAP'S (LISTED IN (SCSP13, MINERAL ACIDS PED 455	G CALCULATIONS AS ATTACHMENT E. RLY PTE OF EACH PROCESS EMISSION LUTANTS LISTED ABOVE INCLUDING INI 45CSR27), AND OTHER AIR POLLUTANT	POINT (SHOWN IN YOUR DETAILED PROCESS DIVIDUAL HAP'S (LISTED IN SECTION 112[b] OF 'S (E.G. POLLUTANTS LISTED IN TABLE 45-13A OF		
14. CERTIFICATION OF DATA				
I, <u>SEAN WILLIS</u> (<i>type name</i>) TRUE, ACCURATE, AND COMPLETE TO TH AM A RESPONSIBLE OFFICIAL** (<i>PRESID</i> APPLICANT. SIGNATURE OF RESPONSIBLE OFFI	ATTEST THAT ALL THE REPRESENTATIONS CON E BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE BASED ON INFORMA ENT, VICE PRESIDENT, SECRETARY OR TREASU	ITAINED IN THIS APPLICATION, OR APPENDED HERETO, ARE ATION AND BELIEF AFTER REASONABLE INQUIRY, AND THAT I URER, GENERAL PARTNER OR SOLE PROPRIETOR) OF THE		
н. Н				
TITLE: <u>VICE PRESIDENT – ENGINEERING & DEVELOPMENT – APPALACHIA REGION</u> DATE: 01/29/2018				
** THE DEFINITION OF THE PHRASE	RESPONSIBLE OFFICIAL' CAN BE FOUND AT 45	CSR13, SECTION 2.23.		
NOTE: PLEASE CHECK ENCLOSED ATT ATTACHMENT A ATTA Records on all changes are required to THE PERMIT DETERMINATION FORM WI	ACHMENTS: ACHMENT B ATTACHMENT C D BE KEPT AND MAINTAINED ON-SITE FOR TWO TH THE INSTRUCTIONS CAN BE FOUND WWW.dep.wv.gov/daq	ATTACHMENT D ATTACHMENT E (2) YEARS. ON DAQ'S PERMITTING SECTION WEB SITE:		

ATTACHMENT A

AREA MAP

Permit Determination

Shields Well Pad Proctor, West Virginia

Tug Hill Operating, LLC 380 Southpointe Blvd., Suite 200 Canonsburg, PA 15317

Attachment A - Area Map

Tug Hill Operating LLC - Shields Well Pad

GPS Coordinates of Site: Lat: 39.76026, Long: -80.78795 Legend 300' Barrier

Shields Well Pad

Shields Well Pad

Sale of Sale

. 10

100 1 2014

Google earth

© 2017 Google

ATTACHMENT B

PROCESS FLOW DIAGRAM

Permit Determination

Shields Well Pad Proctor, West Virginia

Tug Hill Operating, LLC 380 Southpointe Blvd., Suite 200 Canonsburg, PA 15317



ATTACHMENT C

PROCESS DESCRIPTION

Permit Determination

Shields Well Pad Proctor, West Virginia

Tug Hill Operating, LLC 380 Southpointe Blvd., Suite 200 Canonsburg, PA 15317

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DESCRIPTION OF PROCESS

Natural gas, condensate and produced water will be separated from 10 horizontal wells located onsite producing from the Marcellus formation. Each well stream will first pass through one of four (4) 1 MMBtu/hr gas processing units (GPU-1 through GPU-4).

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The site has future plans to install a sales gas compressor at such time as the wells lack the necessary pressure to enter the sales line. The equipment will consist of an F3524GSI Waukesha engine which is rated at 840 HP.

ATTACHMENT D

SAFETY DATA SHEETS

Permit Determination

Shields Well Pad Proctor, West Virginia

Tug Hill Operating, LLC 380 Southpointe Blvd., Suite 200 Canonsburg, PA 15317

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date Issued: SDS NO: Date Revised: Revision No:

Non-Sour Natural Gas Condensate (Atmospheric Liquid) (West Virginia)

IMPORTANT

This SDS has been prepared for Non-Sour Natural Gas Condensate at atmospheric pressure (i.e., atmospheric liquid). Refer to the following sections for important safety and response information. **Section 4-** First Aid Measures (for accidental exposure). **Section 5-** Fire Fighting Measures. **Section 6-** Accidental Release Measures.

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: Non-Sour Natural Gas Condensate (Atmospheric Liquid) **GENERAL USE:** Condensate extracted from natural gas well production. **Common Name and Synonyms:** Gas Liquid, Condensate Liquids, Drip Gas, Natural Gas Condensate

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

This product has not been tested to determine its specific health hazards. Therefore, the information provided in

this section includes health hazard information based on the product components.

GHS CLASSIFICATIONS

Health	Physical
H319 Eye damage/irritation Category 2	
H315 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2	H224 – Extremely flammable liquid and vapor – Category 1
H304 Aspiration Hazard Category 1	
H331 Acute toxicity, Inhalation Category 3	
H336 Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3	
H350 Carcinogenicity Category 1B	
H412 – Harmful to aquatic life, chronic toxicity Category 3	

GHS LABEL

WARNING	DANGER
H320: Causes eye irritation.	H350: May cause cancer.
H315: Causes skin irritation.	

Non-Sour Natural Gas Condensate (Atmospheric Liquid)



H224 Extremely flammable liquid and vapor



PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENT(S)

Prevention:

P201: Obtain special instructions before use.

P202: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

- P210: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.
- P233: Keep container tightly closed.
- P235: Keep cool.
- P240: Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
- P241: Use with explosion-proof equipment.
- P242: Use only non-sparking tools.
- P243: Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
- P261: Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
- P264: Wash thoroughly after handling.
- P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- P273: Avoid release to the environment.
- P280: Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

Response:

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. (P304+P340) If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. (P342+310)

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. (P302+P310) Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. (P311) Do NOT induce vomiting. (P331)

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. (P305+P351+338) : If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. (P337+P313)

IF ON SKIN: Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. (P302+P361) Wash with plenty of soap and water. (P352) If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. (P333+P313)

IF ON CLOTHING: Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. (P306+P362)

IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. (P308+P312)

In case of fire: Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, or foam for extinction. (P370+P378) Collect spillage. (P391)*

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. (P403+P233+235)

Store locked up. (P405)

IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. (P308+3312)

Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations. (P501)

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

PHYSICAL APPEARANCE: Clear liquid.

IMMEDIATE CONCERNS: HAZARD DESCRIPTION / WARNING INFORMATION SUMMARY – This product is a highly flammable liquid which may be harmful if ingested, inhaled, comes in contact with skin or eyes, or is released into the environment. Please read entire contents of Section 2 of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for details.

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

EYES: Eye contact with vapors may cause eye irritation, watering of eyes and reddening. Eye contact with liquid may cause irritation and pain. Prolonged contact may result in tissue damage.

SKIN: Skin contact may cause skin irritation and redness. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause dermatitis.

INGESTION: Ingestion may cause irritation to the gastrointestinal tract with nausea and diarrhea. May be harmful if swallowed in large quantities.

INHALATION: Breathing the mist and vapors may be irritating to the respiratory tract.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

CHRONIC EFFECTS: Skin, eye, and respiratory tract irritation. Gastrointestinal and vascular effects and death may occur at high concentrations. May cause nervous system effects, such as headache, nausea and drowsiness.

CARCINOGENICITY: Condensate contains Catergory 2 constituents (Benezene).

MUTAGENICITY: Not Established.

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS: Not Established.

TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not Established.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED: Benzene – Pre-existing blood system disorders, respiratory conditions, central nervous, liver, kidney, and cardio-vascular conditions may be aggravated by severe or chronic overexposure to benzene. Skin disorders may also be aggravated by exposures to benzene.

ROUTES OF ENTRY: Inhalation, skin contact, eye contact, ingestion.

TARGET ORGAN STATEMENT: May cause damage to eyes, skin and respiratory system.

CANCER STATEMENT: This product may cause cancer. Refer to Section 11 of this SDS for details.

SENSITIZATION: Not Established.

COMMENTS: ADDITIONAL MEDICAL AND TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Natural gas condensate and some of its fractions have been shown to cause skin irritation, damage and even cancers when applied directly and repeatedly to skin. When laboratory animals inhale oil vapors at high concentration or ingest in repeated doses, various tumors have developed.

This product contains benzene, which can cause degeneration in blood forming bone marrow leading to anemia which may further degrade to leukemia, a type of cancer (see 29 CFR 1910.1028 of standard). Benzene is recognized as a human carcinogen by OSHA, NTP, ACGIH, and IARC.

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATIO N ON INGREDIENTS

Compositions given are typical values, not specifications. Compositions provided may vary with geographic location, geologic formation, temperature and pressure and actual values could be higher or lower than the ranges provided.

	Non-Sour Atmospheric Condensate Liquid	
Chemical Name	WT % (All Vary)	CAS
Water	<1.0 - 5.0	7732-18-5
Nitrogen	0.0 – 0.015	7727-37-9
Carbon Dioxide	0.0 - 0.04	124-38-9
Benzene	<0.10 - 0.70	71-43-2
Ethyl benzene	<1.0 - 3.0	100-41-4
Toluene	<1.0 - 5.0	108-88-3
Xylenes	<1.0 - 5.0	1330-20-7
Methane	<1.0 - 5.0	74-82-8
Ethane	<1.0 - 8.0	74-84-0
Propane	1.0 - 10.0	74-98-6
Isobutane	1.0 - 3.0	75-28-5
n-Butane	2.0 - 9.0	106-97-8
2,2-Dimethylpropane	0.0 - 0.20	463-82-1
Isopentane	2.0 - 5.0	78-78-4
n-Pentane	2.0 - 7.0	109-66-0
2,2-Dimethylbutane	0.10 - 0.40	75-83-2
Cyclopentane	0.000	287-92-3
2,3-Dimethylbutane	0.30 – 0.70	79-29-8
2-Methylpentane	1.0 - 4.0	107-83-5
3-Methylpentane	1.0 - 3.0	96-14-0
n-Hexane	2.0 - 5.0	110-54-3
Heptanes Plus	45.0 - 80.0	Mixture
Hydrogen Sulfide	<1.0	7783-06-4

COMMENTS: Some components of this material such as benzene, toluene and xylene have been shown to produce fetal toxicity and/or reduce female or male reproductive capacity in laboratory animals.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

EYES: Immediately flush with large amounts of water, holding eyelids open, for at least 20 minutes. Repeat if necessary. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. If pain or redness persists, seek medical attention. If eye is exposed to hot liquid, cover eyes with cloth and seek medical attention immediately.

SKIN: In case of hot liquid exposure, do not remove clothing or treat, wash only unburned area and seek medical attention immediately.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs. Have exposed individual rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Obtain medical assistance immediately and treat as directed by a medical professional.

INHALATION: Move victim to fresh air. Call 911, emergency medical service, or Emergency Phone Numbers(s) provided in Section 1 of this SDS. Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. Do not use mouth-to-mouth methods if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult.

ANTIDOTES: Not Established.

NOTES TO PHYSICIAN: No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. General supportive measures with continual monitoring of gas exchange, acid-base balance, electrolytes, and fluid intake are also required. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. **CLINICAL TESTING & MEDICAL MONITORING FOR DELAYED EFFECTS** – Not Established.

COMMENTS: CONTRAINDICATIONS - Not Established.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT: This material is capable of flashing at temperatures of 22°C (72°F) or lower.

*****IMPORTANT: This material is highly flammable. When separator condensate liquid under pressure encounters normal atmospheric pressures, each 42-gallon barrel equivalent of condensate is capable of flashing over 92 pounds of volatile vapors to the atmosphere in a relatively short amount of time*****

AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: Not Established.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

SMALL FIRE – Class B fire extinguisher, carbon dioxide, multipurpose dry chemical, water fog or alcoholresistant foam.

LARGE FIRE – Water fog or alcohol-resistant foam.

COMMENTS:

SPECIFIC HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE FROM THE PRODUCT - Vapors are flammable and some constituents may be heavier than air. Vapors may travel through the air as well as across the ground and reach remote ignition sources causing a flashback fire danger. Sudden reaction and fire may result if product is mixed with an oxidizing agent.

FIRE EXPLOSION: This product is extremely flammable. Hydrocarbon vapors that are released are a potential fire hazard. The condensate as well as its related vapors can easily be ignited by heat, sparks or flames. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Some vapors are heavier than air. They will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Vapor explosion hazard indoors, outdoors or in sewers. Many liquids are lighter than water. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. Containers may explode when heated.

SENSITIVE TO STATIC DISCHARGE: Not Established.

SENSITIVITY TO IMPACT: Not Established.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

SMALL SPILL: For emergency information and procedures to follow in the case of an accidental release, call the Emergency Telephone Number(s) listed in Section 1 of this SDS. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area 50 meters (160 feet) in all directions. Evacuate building and all affected areas. Keep unauthorized personnel away. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Stay upwind. Keep out of low areas. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas. Dike far ahead of liquid for later disposal. Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers. Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material. Water spray may reduce vapor; but may not prevent ignition in closed spaces. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Provide sufficient ventilation in the affected area(s) and wear appropriate personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8 when handling spill material. This material has been reported to behave when spilled in water in a manner that it partitions and the lighter ends volatize off and the heaver ends can sink.

LARGE SPILL: Use similar response procedures as indicated under Small Spill. Consider initial downwind evacuation for at least 100 meters (330 feet). Large releases may require the notification of local emergency response agencies. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus if conditions or air monitoring warrants.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

GENERAL PROCEDURES: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices. These practices include but are not limited to avoiding unnecessary exposure and prompt removal of material from eyes, skin and clothing. Wash exposed skin and clothing frequently. If needed, take first aid actions as indicated in Section 4 of this SDS.

HANDLING: Wear appropriate personal protective equipment and use exposure controls as indicated in Section 8. Vent slowly to the atmosphere when opening. Avoid all contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing product dust or vapors. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash with soap and water after working with this product.

STORAGE: Keep in airtight container away from all heat sources. Store the container in a segregated and approved area. Store in a cool, dry location, away from direct sunlight, sources of intense heat, or where freezing is possible. Keep container in a well-ventilated area. Ground all containers during transfer. Store containers away from incompatible materials. Store in the original container or an approved alternative made from compatible material. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Treat empty containers in a similar fashion as residual product may exist. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

STORAGE TEMPERATURE: Store containers of product in a cool (between 50°F or below), well ventilated location.

STORAGE PRESSURE: Store in a room with ambient atmospheric pressure.

ELECTROSTATIC ACCUMULATION HAZARD: Not Established.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

OSHA HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS (29 CFR1910.1200)			
		EXPOSURE LIMI	тѕ
		OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV
Chemical Name		ppm	ppm
Destere	TWA	1	0.5
Benzene	STEL	5	2.5
Taluana	TWA	200	20
roldene	STEL	300	N/E
Ethyl benzene	TWA	100	20

Non-Sour Natural Gas Condensate (Atmospheric Liquid)

	STEL	125	N/E
	TWA	100	100
m-p Xylene	STEL	150	150
	TWA	100	100
o- Xylene	STEL	150	150
Hevena	TWA	50	50
nexalle	STEL	N/E	N/E
Hydrogen Sulfide	TWA	N/E	1
	STEL	20	5
Propago	TWA	1000	N/E
	STEL	N/E	N/E
n Pontano	TWA	1000	1000
	STEL	N/E	N/E

Note: OSHA has also assigned H_2S a STEL value of 50 ppm for a 10-minute peak that may be reached only once per 8-hour shift. In the event no Federal OSHA PEL exists for a constituent, California/OSHA PELs have been substituted, as appropriate.

EXPOSURE GUIDELINES

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Provide adequate general and local ventilation to maintain airborne chemical concentrations below applicable exposure limits, to prevent accumulation of flammable vapors and formation of explosive atmospheres, and to prevent formation of oxygen deficient atmospheres, especially in confined spaces. This product may release gases or vapors that can displace oxygen in enclosed areas.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

EYES AND FACE: Employees should be provided with and required to use splash-proof safety goggles and full face splash shields where there is any possibility of product coming in contact with eyes. Contact lenses are not eye protective devices. Appropriate eye protection must be worn instead of contact lenses. Ensure that eye wash station is operable and nearby.

SKIN: Consider wearing long-sleeve, FRC, otherwise normal working clothes should be worn. Wash contaminated clothing prior to reuse. If gloves are required for job operations involving this product, wear nitrile rubber or polyvinylalcohol (PVAL) gloves.

RESPIRATORY: Respiratory protection is normally not required except in emergencies or when conditions cause excessive airborne levels of mists or vapors. Select NIOSH-approved organic vapor air-purifying respirator, SCBA or air-supplied respirator where there may be potential for overexposure.

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING: Long sleeve shirt and long pants or coveralls; Consider wearing long-sleeve, FRC, . Consider wearing butyl rubber apron or outerwear where splashing may occur. Fully encapsulating, vapor protective clothing should be worn for spills and leaks with no fire.

WORK HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Use good personal hygiene practices. Avoid repeated and/or prolonged skin exposure. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking, or using toilet facilities. Promptly remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Shower after work using plenty of soap and water.

OTHER USE PRECAUTIONS: FIREFIGHTING AND OTHER IMMEDIATELY DANGEROUS TO LIFE OR DEATH CONDITIONS - A self-contained breathing apparatus with full face piece operated in a pressure-demand or other positive pressure mode is recommended for firefighting or other immediately dangerous to life and death conditions. Supplied-air respirator with full face piece and operated in pressure-demand or other positive pressure mode in combination with an auxiliary self-contained breathing apparatus operated in pressure-demand or other positive pressure mode may also be used.

COMMENTS: EXPOSURE LIMITS & SOURCES - Refer to Section 16 Table 1 for additional exposure limits and sources for this product or its components, whichever applies.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

ODOR: Hydrocarbon. APPEARANCE: Clear Liquid pH: 5.5 to 8.0 VAPOR PRESSURE: Not Established. VAPOR DENSITY: > 1.0 (Air = 1) BOILING POINT: Varies widely depending on hydrocarbon content. FREEZING POINT: <0℃ (32年) POUR POINT: Not Established. FLASH POINT: 22°C (72°F) May flash at lower temperatures.. SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Not Established. EVAPORATION RATE: Not Established. SPECIFIC GRAVITY: < 1.0 at 0℃ (32°F) VISCOSITY: Not Established. COEFF. OIL/WATER: Not Established.

ODOR THRESHOLD: Not Established.

RELATIVE DENSITY: Not Established.

DECOMPOSTION TEMP: Not Established.

AUTO-IGNITION TEMP: Not Established.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABLE: Yes

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATIO N: No

STABILITY: CHEMICAL STABILITY - This product is anticipated to be stable under normal ambient storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

POLYMERIZATION: This product is not anticipated to cause hazardous reactions or polymerizations under normal ambient storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid contact with incompatible materials such as heat, open flame, other sources of ignition, and oxidizing materials such as chlorine and concentrated nitric acid.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: This product may produce carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide during decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL

INFORMATION ACUTE

Chemical Name	ORAL LD ₅₀ (rat)	DERMAL LD ₅₀ (rabbit)	INHALATIO N LC₅₀ (rat)
Xylene	5000 mg/kg	12400 mg/kg	4550 ppm (4 hours)
Hexane	25 g/kg	Not Established.	48000 ppm (4 hours)
Crude Oil	< 5000 mg/kg	> 2000 mg/kg	Not Established
Toluene	636 mg/kg	14100 ug/kg	49 g/m ³ (4 hours)

Non-Sour Natural Gas Condensate (Atmospheric Liquid)

Benzene	930 mg/kg	< 9400 ug/kg	10000 ppm (7 hours)
Ethyl benzene	<= 3500 mg/kg	<= 3500 mg/kg	<= 55000 mg/m ³
Hydrogen Sulfide	Not Established	Not Established.	700 mg/m3 (4 hours)

EYE EFFECTS: May cause moderate to severe eye irritation.

SKIN EFFECTS: May cause mild skin irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact may result in mild irritation. May be absorbed through skin with toxic effects.

CHRONIC: This product contains benzene, which can cause degeneration in blood forming bone marrow leading to anemia, which may further degrade to leukemia, a type of cancer. Chronic exposure affects the hematopoietic system causing blood disorders including anemia and pancytopenia.

CARCINOGENICITY

Chemical Name	NTP Status	IAR C Status	OSHA Status
Crude Oil		3	
Benzene	1	1	Carcinogen.

SENSITIZATION: This product is not expected to be a skin sensitizer.

NEUROTOXICITY: Not Established.

GENETIC EFFECTS: Not Established.

REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS: Not Established.

TERATOG ENIC EFFECTS: Not Established.

MUTAGENICITY: Not Established.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ENVIRONMENTAL DATA: MOBILITY IN SOIL POTENTIAL - Not Established.

BIOACCUMULATION/ACCUMULATION: Not Established.

DISTRIBUTION: Do not discharge into or allow runoff to flow into sewers and natural waterways. Contain spill material and dike for proper disposal.

AQUATIC TOXICITY (ACUTE): This product is not expected to be acutely harmful to aquatic life.

CHEMICAL FATE INFORMATION: PERSISTENCE & DEGRADABILITY - Not Established.

GENERAL COMMENTS: Any other adverse environmental effects, such as environmental fate (exposure), ozone depletion potential, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disrupting potential, and global warming potential are indicated in this section if data exists. Otherwise, this data has not been established.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

DISPOSAL METHOD: Properly characterize the material and to manage it in accordance with applicable Federal, state and local regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT (DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATIO N) PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Flammable liquid, n.o.s. PRIMARY HAZARD CLASS/DIVISION: 3 UN/NA NUMBER: 1993 PACKING GROUP: II NAERG: 128

15. REGULATORY

INFORMATION UNITED

STATES

SARA TITLE III (SUPERFUND AMENDMENTS AND REAUTHORIZATION ACT)

311/312 HAZARD CATEGORIES: Fire hazard. Immediate (acute) health hazard. Delayed (chronic) health hazard.

FIRE: Yes PRESSURE GENERATING: No REACTIVITY: No ACUTE: Yes CHRONIC: Yes

EPCRA SECTION 313 SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION

Chemical Name	Vol. %	CAS
Benzene	<0-1.0	71-43-2

CERCLA (COMPREHENSIVE RESPONSE, COMPENSATION, AND LIABILITY ACT)

Chemical Name	Vol. %	CERCLA RQ
Benzene	<0-1.0	10
Hydrogen Sulfide	<0-1.0	100

TSCA (TOXIC SUBSTANCE CONTROL ACT)

Chemical Name	CAS
Crude Oil	8002-05-9
Benzene	71-43-2
Hydrogen Sulfide	7783-06-4

CLEAN AIR ACT

Chemical Name	Vol. %	CAS
Hydrogen Sulfide	<0-1.0	7783-06-4

16. OTHER INFORMATIO N

RELEVANT R-PHRASES:

R36/37/38: Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

R45: May cause cancer.

R46: May cause heritable genetic damage.

R11: Highly flammable.

R36/38: Irritating to eyes and skin.

R65: Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

R12: Extremely flammable.

R26: Very toxic by inhalation.

R50: Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

PREPARED BY:

REVISION SUMMARY:

NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION®HAZARD RATING

HEALTH: 2-Hazardous

FIRE: 3-Below 100°F (flashpoint)

REACTIVITY: 0- Stable

HAZARDOUS MATERIAL IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM®HAZARD RATING

HEALTH: 2*- Moderate Hazard (*Chronic)

FIRE: 3- Serious Hazard

Non-Sour Natural Gas Condensate (Atmospheric Liquid)



DATA SOURCES: REFERENCES

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Lide, D.R. CRC Handbook of Chemistry and Physics. 88th Edition. Boca Raton, FL. CRC Press, 2008.

UNECE. Globally Harmonized System of Classification and labeling of Chemicals (GHS). Third Revised Edition. New York and Geneva. United Nations, 2009.

US DOT; Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration. 2008 Emergency Response Guidebook. Neenah, WI. J.J. Keller & Associates, Inc. 2008.

US EPA. Consolidated List of Chemicals Subject to the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act (EPCRA) and Section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act. [Available] Online: <u>http://www.epa.go v/ceppo/pubs/title3.pdf</u>. Retrieved 02/02/2011.

ADDITIONAL MSDS

INFORMATION: <u>KEY / LEGEND</u>

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

- ADR Agreement on Dangerous Goods by Road
- CAA Clean Air Act

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number

CDG - Carriage of Dangerous Goods By Road and Rail Manual

CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act

CFR - Code of Federal Regulations

EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Registry Number

ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

GHS - Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

IATA - International Air Transport Association

ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization

IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

IMO - International Maritime Organization

N/E - Not Established

NTP - National Toxicology Program

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit

PPE - Personal Protective Equipment

RCRA - Resource Conversation and Recovery Act

RID - Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail

RQ - Reportable Quantities

SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986

SDS - Safety Data Sheet

TCC - Tag Closed Cup

TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods

TLV - Threshold Limit Value

TSCA - Toxic Substance Control Act

UN/NA - United Nations / North American Number

UNECE - United Nations Economic Commission for Europe

Sweet Produced Water

US DOT - United States Department of Transportation US EPA - United States Environmental Protection Agency Vol. - Volume WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

GENERAL STATEMENTS: Other information not included anywhere else in this SDS is included in this section if, in fact, such data exists.

MANUFACTURER DISCLAIMER: This information relates to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is to the best of our knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date compiled. However, no representation, warranty or guarantee is made as to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. NO WARRANTY OF MERCANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR ANY OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, IS MADE CONCERNING THE INFORMATION HEREIN PROVIDED. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability and completeness of such information for his own particular use. We do not accept liability for any loss or damage that may occur from the use of this information nor do we offer warranty against patent infringement.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date Issued : SDS No : Date Revised : Revision No :

Crude Oil (West Virginia)

IMPORTANT

This SDS has been prepared for Non-Sour Natural Gas Condensate at atmospheric pressure (i.e., atmospheric liquid). Refer to the following sections for important safety and response information. **Section 4**- First Aid Measures (for accidental exposure). **Section 5**- Fire Fighting Measures. **Section 6**- Accidental Release Measures.

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: Crude Oil (West Virginia) **GENERAL USE:** Refinery Feedstock.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

This product has not been tested to determine its specific health hazards. Therefore, the information provided in this section includes health hazard information based on the product components.

GHS CLASSIFICATIONS

Health	Physical
H304- Aspiration Hazard, Category 1 Carcinogenicity, Category 2 H320- Eye Irritation, Category 2B H315- Skin Irritant, Category 2	H224- Extremely Flammable Liquids, Category 1

GHS LABEL

WARNING	WARNING
H320: Causes eye irritation.	H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H315: Causes skin irritation.	
DANGER H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H351: Suspected of causing cancer.	DANGER H224: Extremely flammable liquid and vapor.

Crude Oil

PRECAUTIONARY

STATEMENT(S)

Prevention:

P210: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces – no smoking. P233: Keep container tightly closed.
P240: Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
P241: Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilating / lighting / transportation devices / other equipment associated with this product.
P242: Use only non-sparking tools.
P261:

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face

protection. P201: Obtain special instructions before use.

P202: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and

Response:

P331: Do NOT induce vomiting.

P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+P313: If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P303+P361+P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P308+P313: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical

advice/attention. P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty

of soap and water. P332+P313: If skin irritation occurs: Get

medical advice/attention. P362: Take off contaminated

clothing and wash before reuse.

P391: Collect spillage.

Storage:

P403+P235: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal:

P501: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

PHYSICAL APPEARANCE: Dark Green to Black liquid.

IMMEDIATE CONCERNS: This product is a flammable liquid which may be harmful if ingested, inhaled, comes in contact with skin or eyes or is released into the environment. Please read the entire contents of Section 2 of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for details.

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

- **EYES:** Eye contact with vapors may cause eye irritation, watering of eyes and reddening. Eye contact with liquid may cause irritation and pain. Prolonged contact may result in tissue damage.
- **SKIN:** Skin contact may cause irritation and redness. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause dermatitis. Crude oil is a defatting agent and skin contact may cause dryness, itching, and cracked skin.
- **INGESTION:** Ingestion of crude oil may cause a burning sensation in the mouth and stomach, nausea, vomiting, excess salivation and vomiting of blood. Ingestion of crude oil may cause tachycardia, staggering gait, dizziness, loss of consciousness and delirium, followed by chemical pneumonitis and collapse. May also cause abrupt CNS depression. Crude oil may present a potential aspiration hazard if ingested. Aspiration of even small amounts of crude oil into the lungs can result in immediate pulmonary edema (a potentially fatal accumulation of fluid in the lungs), chemical pneumonitis and hemorrhage of pulmonary tissue.
- **INHALATION:** Vapors or mist from this material, at concentrations greater than the recommended exposure limits in Section 2, can cause irritation of the nose, throat, and lungs, headache, dizziness, drowsiness, loss of coordination, fatigue, nausea and labored breathing. Airborne concentrations above the recommended exposure limits are not anticipated during normal workplace activities due to the slow evaporation of this material at ambient temperatures.

Warning: Irritating and toxic hydrogen sulfide gas may be found in the confined vapor spaces. Greater than 15-20 ppm continuous exposure can cause mucous membrane and respiratory tract irritation. 50-500 ppm can cause headache,

Crude Oil

nausea, and dizziness, loss of reasoning and balance, difficulty in breathing, fluid in lungs, and possible loss of consciousness. Greater than 500 ppm can cause rapid or immediate unconsciousness due to respiratory paralysis and death by suffocation unless the victim is removed from exposure and successfully resuscitated. The "rotten egg" odor of hydrogen sulfide is not a reliable indicator for warning of exposure, since olfactory fatigue (loss of smell) readily occurs, especially at concentrations above 50 ppm. At high concentrations, the victim may not even recognize the odor before becoming unconscious.

Warning: The burning of any hydrocarbon as a fuel in an area without adequate ventilation may result in hazardous levels of combustion products and inadequate oxygen levels, which may lead to suffocation, unconsciousness and death.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVER EXPOSURE

ACUTE TOXICITY: May cause adverse health effects if ingested. May cause irritation if inhaled or absorbed through skin. Prolonged or repeated contact may defat the skin and/or cause irritation to skin and eyes. Fire will produce irritating, toxic gases. Vapors may cause dizziness or suffocation.

CHRONIC EFFECTS: Chronic exposure to benzene (a component of crude oil) may cause serious damage to health by all routes of exposure. Chronic oral and inhalation exposure may cause severe effects on the blood system, including damage to the bone marrow, leading to a decrease in production or changes to the cells of hemoglobin, hematocrit, red and white blood cells. Effects may occur with an exposure level as low as 10 ppm for 24 weeks. Benzene may also cause harmful changes to the immune system. Benzene is a confirmed human carcinogen. See Section 11 of this SDS for further information.

CARCINOGENICITY: The NTP and IARC list benzene as a "human carcinogen." IARC lists ethyl benzene as a Group 2B carcinogen. OSHA reports an 8-hour TWA of 1ppm. See Section 11 of this SDS for more details.

MUTAGENICITY: May cause genetic defects. Some crude oils and crude oil fractions have been positive in mutagenicity studies.

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS: Not Established.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED:

Benzene: Pre-existing blood system disorders, respiratory conditions, central nervous, liver, kidney, and cardiovascular conditions may be aggravated by severe or chronic overexposure to benzene. Skin disorders may also be aggravated by exposures to benzene.

Ethyl Benzene: Pre-existing respiratory conditions, central nervous system, liver, kidney, and cardio-vascular conditions may be aggravated by severe or chronic overexposure to this product. Skin disorders may also be aggravated by exposures to this product.

ROUTES OF ENTRY: Inhalation, skin contact, eye contact, ingestion.

TARGET ORGAN STATEMENT: May cause damage to blood forming organs, eyes, skin, lungs, central nervous system, and respiratory system.

SENSITIZATION: Scientific evidence suggests that propane and butane may cause cardiac sensitization.

INGREDIENTS		
Chemical Name	Vol. %	CAS
Chloride	<0-0.1	7782-50-5
n- Hexane		
	1-2	110-54-3
Naphthalene	<0- 0.1	91-20-3
m-p xylene	<0- 0.1	179601-23-1
o- xylene	<0-0.1	95-47-6
Crude Oil	85-90	8002-05-9
1,2,4 Trimethylbenzene	<0- 0.1	95-63-6

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATIO N ON INGREDIENTS

Crude Oil

Toluene	<0- 0.1	
		108-88-3
Benzene	<0- 0.1	
		71-43-2
Ethyl Benzene	<0- 0.1	
		100-41-4
Total Sulfur Compounds	<0- 0.1	
Hydrogen Sulfide	<001	7783-06-4

COMMENTS: Crude oil is a mixture of hundreds of hydrocarbon compounds and may also include components not listed. Components with percent volume prefaced with "~" are typical ranges found for crude oil.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

EYES: Immediately flush with large amounts of water, holding eyelids open, for at least 20 minutes. Repeat if necessary. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Seek medical assistance if irritation persists.

SKIN: Immediately remove contaminated clothing or shoes, wipe excess from skin and flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Do not reuse clothing until thoroughly cleaned. Get medical attention.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs. Slowly give 1-2 glasses of water or milk and seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

INHALATION: Move victim to fresh air. Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult. Get medical attention.

ANTIDOTES: Not Established.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATIO N: Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves. First Aid Responders are advised to wear personal protective equipment as found in Section 8 of this SDS.

COMMENTS: CONTRAINDICATIONS - Not Established.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

 FLASH POINT: <</td>

 40°C (105°F)

 AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: 232°C (450°F)

 FLAMMABLE CLASS: Class B.

 GENERAL HAZARD: DECOMPOSITION TEMPERATURE - Not Established.

 EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

 SMALL FIRE - Class B fire extinguisher, carbon dioxide, multipurpose dry chemical, water fog or alcohol-resistant foam.

 LARGE FIRE - Water fog or alcohol-resistant foam.

 HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS: Any combustion, including incomplete combustion, may form carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. Burning produces noxious and toxic fumes. Downwind personnel must be evacuated.

 OTHER CONSIDERATIONS: INAPPROPRIATE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA - Do not use water jet.

FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: PROTECTIVE ACTIONS TO TAKE DURING FIRE FIGHTING - Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. Dike fire-control water for later disposal; do not scatter the material. Evacuate 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions. Persons involved in fire fighting response involving this product and its containers/packaging should refer to Section 8 of this SDS for the proper selection of exposure controls and personal protective equipment.

FIRE FIGHTING EQUIPMENT: PRECAUTIONS FOR FIRE INVOLVING TANKS OR CAR/TRAILER LOADS -Isolate and evacuate area for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions. Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Do not get water inside containers. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or discoloration of tank. ALWAYS stay away from tanks engulfed in fire.

COMMENTS:

SPECIFIC HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE FROM THE PRODUCT - Vapors are flammable and heavier than air. Vapors may travel across the ground and reach remote ignition sources causing a flashback fire danger. Sudden reaction and fire may result if product is mixed with an oxidizing agent.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION: Reference current Emergency Response Guidebook.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

SMALL SPILL: For emergency information and procedures to follow in the case of an accidental release, call the Emergency Telephone Number(s) listed in Section 1 of this SDS. In case of spillage, absorb with inert material and dispose of in accordance with applicable regulations. Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal. Never discharge releases directly into sewers or surface waters. Remove any ignition sources and protect from ignition. Water spray may reduce vapor; but may not prevent ignition in closed spaces. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Provide sufficient ventilation in the affected area(s) and wear appropriate personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8 of this SDS when handling spill material.

LARGE SPILL: Use similar response procedures as indicated under Small Spill.

GENERAL PROCEDURES: MATERIALS & METHODS (EQUIPMENT & TECHNIQUES) FOR CONTAINMENT & CLEANUP - Call Emergency Telephone Number(s) provided in Section 1 of this SDS. As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area for at least 50 meters (150 feet) in all directions. Keep unauthorized personnel away. Stay upwind. Keep out of low areas. Ventilate closed spaces before entering.

RELEASE NOTES: ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS - Avoid contact of spilled material with soil and prevent runoff entering surface waterways. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: EMERGENCY & NON-EMERGENCY RESPONDERS - Refer to Section 8 of this SDS for appropriate exposure controls and personal protective equipment (PPE).

COMMENTS: INAPPROPRIATE CONTAINMENT & CLEANUP TECHNIQUES - Not Established.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- **GENERAL PROCEDURES:** Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices. These practices include but are not limited to avoiding unnecessary exposure and prompt removal of material from eyes, skin and clothing. If needed, take first aid actions as indicated in Section 4 of this SDS.
- **HANDLING**: Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment and use exposure controls as indicated in Section 8 of this SDS. Vent slowly to the atmosphere when opening. Avoid all contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing product dust or vapors. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Do not reuse container. Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash with soap and water after working with this product.
- **STORAGE:** Keep in airtight container away from all heat sources. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in a cool, dry location, away from direct sunlight, sources of intense heat, or where freezing is possible. Keep container in a well-ventilated area. Store away from incompatible materials. Store in the original container or an approved alternative made from compatible material. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Treat empty containers in a similar fashion as residual product may exist. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

STORAGE TEMPERATURE: Store in a room with ambient temperature.

STORAGE PRESSURE: Containers should be stored in room with ambient pressure.
8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE GUIDELINES			
OSHA HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS (29 CFR 1910	.1200)		
		Exposure	e Limits
		OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV
Chemical Name		ppm	ppm
Nanhthalana	TWA	10	10
парпшаене	STEL	N/E	15
	TWA	100	100
	STEL	N/E	150
o-xylene	TWA	100	100
	STEL	N/E	150
1.2.4 Trimethylhenzone	TWA	N/E	25
1,2,4 mmethybenzene	STEL	N/E	N/E
Hudrogon Sulfido	TWA	N/E	1
nydrogen Suinde	STEL	20	5
Taluana	TWA	200	20
Toldene	STEL	300	N/E
Deprese	TWA	0.1	0.5
Denzene	STEL	1	2.5
Ethyl Bonzono	TWA	100	N/E
	STEL	N/E	N/E
n Hevene	TWA	500	50
	STEL	N/E	N/E

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Provide sufficient ventilation to control exposure levels below airborne exposure limits. Use local mechanical exhaust ventilation at sources of air contamination such as open process equipment. Consult current NFPA Standard 91 and ACGIH manual on Industrial Ventilation for design of exhaust system. Have eve baths available at locations where there is potential for eye contact. Provide a safety shower at locations where skin contact can occur.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

EYES AND FACE: Employees should be provided with and required to use splash-proof safety goggles and full face splash shields where there is any possibility of product coming in contact with eyes. Contact lenses are not eye protective devices. Appropriate eye protection must be worn instead of contact lenses. Ensure that eye wash station is operable and nearby.

SKIN: GLOVES AND BOOTS - Any appropriate fire retardant and impervious gloves and boots including nitrile rubber or neoprene rubber.

RESPIRATORY: Avoid breathing mist, and/or vapor. Use NIOSH/MSHA approved equipment when airborne exposure limits are exceeded. Consult respirator manufacturer to determine appropriate type of equipment for given application. The respirator use limitations specified by NIOSH/MSHA and the manufacturer must be observed. High airborne concentrations may require use of self-contained breathing apparatus or supplied air respirator. Respiratory protection programs must be in compliance with 29 CFR 1910.134.

WORK HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Consider the potential hazards of this material, applicable exposure limits, job activities, environmental working conditions, and other substances in the workplace when designing engineering controls and selecting personal protective equipment (PPE). The user should read and understand all manufacturer instructions and limitations supplied with the personal protection equipment before use.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

ODOR: Hydrocarbon. APPEARANCE: Dark Green to Black liquid pH: Not Established. BOILING POINT: (20°F) to (40°F) 760 mmHg FREEZING POINT: Not Established. MELTING POINT: Not Established. FLASH POINT: < 38℃ (100°F) SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Not Established. SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 0.80 **Notes:** H₂O = 1 at 60°F MOLECULAR WEIGHT: 152 COEFF. OIL/WATER: Not Established. **ODOR THRESHOLD:** Not Established. EVAPORATION RATE: Not Established. %VOLITALES BY VOLUME: 20-100% VAPOR DENSITY (Air=1): 1.0-3.0 VAPOR PRESSURE: Not Established. **COMMENTS: FLAMMABILITY - Refer to Section 2** and Section 5 of this SDS for classification and flammability characteristics.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABLE: Yes

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATIO N: No

STABILITY: This product is anticipated to be stable under normal ambient storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

POLYMERIZATION: This product is not anticipated to cause hazardous reactions or polymerizations under normal ambient storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid contact with high temperatures, open flames, sparks, welding, smoking and other ignition sources.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: This product may produce carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, aromatics, and other hydrocarbons during decomposition.

INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS: Strong oxidizing agents.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

A	CUTE			
	Chemical Name	ORAL LD ₅₀ (rat)	DERMAL LD ₅₀ (rabbit)	INHALATION LC ₅₀ (rat)
	Naphthalene	490 mg/kg	2001 mg/kg	170 ppm (4 hours)
	m-p xylene	5000 mg/kg	12400 mg/kg	4550 ppm (4 hours)
	o xylene	Not Established.	Not Established.	Not Established.
	1,2,3 Trimethylbenzene	5000 mg/kg	Not Established.	18000mg/m ³ (4 hours)
	n-Hexane	25 g/kg	Not Established.	48000 ppm (4 hours)
	Hydrogen Sulfide	Not Established.	Not Established.	⁷⁰⁰ mg/m ³ (4 hours)
	Toluene	636 mg/kg 14100 ug/kg		49 g/m ³ (4 hours)
	Benzene	930 mg/kg	< 9400 ug/kg	10000 ppm (7 hours)
	Ethyl Benzene	<= 3500 mg/kg	<= 3500 mg/kg	<= 55000 mg/m ³

NOTES: TOXICITY & HEALTH EFFECTS - Refer to Section 2 of this SDS for additional hazards identification.

EYE EFFECTS: May cause moderate to severe eye irritation.

SKIN EFFECTS: Prolonged or repeated contact may result in mild irritation. May be absorbed through skin with toxic effects.

CHRONIC: TOXICITY & HEALTH EFFECTS - Studies have shown that similar products produce skin tumors in laboratory animals following repeated applications without washing or removal. The significance of this finding to human exposure has not been determined. Other studies with active skin carcinogens have shown that washing the animal's skin with soap and water between applications reduced tumor formation. This product contains benzene. Human health studies indicate that prolonged and/or repeated overexposure to benzene may cause damage to the blood-forming system (particularly bone marrow), and serious blood disorders such as aplastic anemia and leukemia.

CARCINOGENICITY

Chemical Name	NTP Status	IAR C Status	OSHA Status
Toluene		3	
Benzene	1	1	Carcinogen.
Ethyl Benzene		2B	

Notes: Benzene - Caused cancer (leukemia), damage to the blood-producing system and serious blood disorders from prolonged, high exposure based on human epidemiology studies. Caused genetic effects and effects on the immune system in laboratory animal and some human studies. Caused toxicity to the fetus in laboratory animal studies.

Ethylbenzene - Caused cancer in laboratory animal studies. The relevance of these findings to humans is uncertain. **n-Hexane** - Prolonged and/or repeated exposures to n-Hexane can cause progressive and potentially irreversible damage to the peripheral nervous system. Simultaneous exposure to methyl ethyl ketone (MEK) or methyl isobutyl ketone (MIBK) and n-Hexane can potentiate the risk of adverse effects from n-Hexane on the peripheral nervous system. n-Hexane has been shown to cause testicular damage at high doses in male rats. The relevance of this effect for humans is unknown.

REPEATED DOSE EFFECTS: TARGET ORGANS - Repeated exposure may cause damage to organs such as liver, kidneys, blood and nervous system and skin, depending on routes of exposure.

SENSITIZATION: Scientific evidence suggests that propane and butane may cause cardiac sensitization.

NEUROTOXICITY: Not Established.

GENETIC EFFECTS: Not Established.

REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS: Not Established.

TERATOG ENIC EFFECTS: Not Established.

MUTAGENICITY: May cause genetic defects. Some crude oils and crude oil fractions have been positive in mutagenicity studies. **GENERAL COMMENTS:**

INTERACTIVE EFFECTS - Not Established.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ENVIRONMENTAL DATA:

MOBILITY IN SOIL POTENTIAL - Not established for this mixture, however this mixture contains volatile constituents. Partly evaporates from water or soil surfaces, but significant proportion will remain after one day. If the product enters the soil, one or more constituents will or may be mobile and may contaminate groundwater.

ECOTOXICOLO GICAL INFORMATION: This product has no known ecotoxicological effects.

TERRESTRIAL/MICROO RGANISM TOXICITY –

ACUTE: Ecological data does not exist for this mixture.

CHRONIC: Ecological data does not exist for this mixture.

BIOACCUMULATION/ACCUMULATION: Has the potential to bioaccumulate.

AQUATIC TOXICITY (ACUTE): This product is expected to be harmful to aquatic life.

Notes: (CHRONIC) - May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

CHEMICAL FATE INFORMATION:

PERSISTENCE & DEGRADABILITY - Major constituents are inherently biodegradable, but contains components that may persist in the environment. The volatile constituents will oxidize rapidly by photochemical reactions in air.

GENERAL COMMENTS: Any other adverse environmental effects, such as environmental fate (exposure), ozone depletion potential, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disrupting potential, and global warming potential are indicated in this section if data exists. Otherwise, this data has not been established.

COMMENTS: Data from laboratory studies and from scientific literature is noted in this section if available. Otherwise, data has not been established.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

DISPOSAL METHOD: The generator of a waste is responsible to determine if the material disposed of meets federal, state, or local criteria to be defined as a hazardous waste and dispose of accordance with applicable Federal, state and local regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT (DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATIO N)

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Petroleum crude oil. PRIMARY HAZARD CLASS/DIVISION: 3 UN/NA NUMBER: 1267 PACKING GROUP: II NAERG: 128 VESSEL (IMO/IMDG) SHIPPING NAME: Petroleum crude oil. UN/NA NUMBER: 1267 PRIMARY HAZARD CLASS/DIVISION: 3

PACKING GROUP: II

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA TITLE III (SUPERFUND AMENDMENTS AND REAUTHORIZATION ACT)

311/312 HAZARD CATEGORIES: Fire hazard. Immediate (acute) health hazard. Delayed (chronic) health hazard. FIRE: Yes PRESSURE GENERATING: No REACTIVITY: No ACUTE: Yes CHRONIC: Yes EPCRA SECTION 313 SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION

Chemical Name	Wt.%	CAS
n-Hexane	1-2	110-54-3
Benzene	<0- 0.1	71-43-2

CERCLA (COMPREHENSIVE RESPONSE, COMPENSATION, AND LIABILITY ACT)

Chemical Name	Wt.%	CERCLA RQ
n-Hexane	1-2	5,000
Toluene	<0- 0.1	1,000
Benzene	<0- 0.1	10
Ethyl Benzene	<0- 0.1	1,000

TSCA (TOXIC SUBSTANCE CONTROL ACT)

Naphthalene	91-20-3
m-p- Xylene	179601-23-1
n-Hexane	110-54-3
1,2,4- Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6
Propane	74-98-6
2-methylpentane	107-83-5
Toluene	108-88-3
Benzene	71-43-2
Ethyl Benzene	100-41-4

OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINISTRATION (OSHA)

29 CFR1910.119---PROCESS SAFETY MANAGEMENT OF HIGHLY HAZARDOUS CHEMICALS: Benzene is subject to the requirements of CFR 29 1910.1028, the OSHA Benzene Standard. The Action Level for Benzene is 0.5 ppm as an 8-hour, time-weighted average under this regulation. Benzene is not listed in Appendix A as a highly hazardous chemical, per 29 CFR 1910.119: Process Safety Management of Highly Hazardous Chemicals. Under this regulation, however, any process that involves a flammable liquid on-site, in one location, in quantities of 10,000 lbs (4,553 kg) or greater is covered under this regulation unless it is used as a fuel.

U.S. FEDERAL, STATE, and LOCAL REGULATORY INFORMATION

This product contains constituent listed on the EPA TSCA Inventory. Any spill or uncontrolled release of this product, including any substantial threat of release, may be subject to federal, state and/or local reporting requirements. This product and/or its constituents may also be subject to other regulations at the state and/or local level. Consult those regulations applicable to your facility/operation.

RCRA INFORMATION

This product may be recycled. If disposed, this product is considered ignitable hazardous waste. Consult federal, state, and local waste regulations to determine appropriate disposal options.

CLEAN WATER ACT (OIL SPILLS)

Any spill or release of this product to "navigable waters" (essentially any surface water, including certain wetlands) or adjoining shorelines sufficient to cause a visible sheen or deposit of sludge or emulsion must be reported immediately to the National Response Center (1-800-424-8802) or, if not practical, the U.S. Coast Guard with follow-up to the National Response Center, as required by U.S. Federal Law. Also contact appropriate state and local regulatory agencies as required.

CERCLA SECTION 103 and SARA Section 304 (RELEASE TO THE ENVIRONMENT)

The CERCLA definition of hazardous substance contains a "petroleum exclusion" clause that exempts crude oil, refined oil, and unrefined petroleum products, and any indigenous components of such. However, other federal reporting requirements (e.g., SARA Section 304 as well as the Clean Water Act if the spill occurs on navigable waters) may still apply.

SARA SECTION 302 EXTREMELY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

This material does not contain chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of SARA 302 and 40 CFR 372.

SARA SECTION 311/312- HAZARD CATERGORIES

Acute Health	Chronic Health	Fire	Sudden Release of Pressure	Reactive
Immediate	Delayed	Х		

This material is subject to the reporting requirements of Section 311-312 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act (EPCRA) if stored at quantities in excess of 10,000 pounds at any one time.

SARA SECTION 313- SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION

This product contains the following toxic substances subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act (EPCRA) of 1986 and of 40 CFR 372. See Section 2 for composition, CAS numbers, and exposure limit information for these substances:

- Benzene
- Ethylbenzene
- N-Hexane
- Toluene
- 1,2,4- Trimethylbenzene
- Xylene (mixed isomers)

You may be required to report releases of chemicals listed in 40 CFR 372.28. However, Polycyclic Aromatic Compounds (PACs) are coincidentally manufactured from the combustion of various fuel oils and other petroleum products. Under SARA Section 313, the de minimis exemption has been eliminated for PACs and other listed persistent bio-accumulative and toxic chemicals (PBTs). Refer to EPA guidance for additional reporting information.

EPA NOTIFICATION (OIL SPILLS)

If there is a discharge of more than 1,000-gallons of oil into or upon navigable waters of the United States, or if it is the second spill event of 42 gallons or more of oil into the water within a twelve (12) month period, a written report must be submitted to the Regional Administrator of the SPA within sixty days of the event.

CANADIAN REGULATORY INFORMATION (WHMIS)

Class B (Flammable and combustible Material, Division 2 (Flammable Liquid)

OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINISTRATION (OSHA)

29 CFR1910.119---PROCESS SAFETY MANAGEMENT OF HIGHLY HAZARDOUS CHEMICALS: Benzene is subject to the requirements of CFR 29 1910.1028, the OSHA Benzene Standard. The Action Level for Benzene is 0.5 ppm as an 8-hour, time-weighted average under this regulation. Benzene is not listed in Appendix A as a highly hazardous chemical, per 29 CFR 1910.119: Process Safety Management of Highly Hazardous Chemicals. Under this regulation, however, any process that involves a flammable liquid on-site, in one location, in quantities of 10,000 lbs (4,553 kg) or greater is covered under this regulation unless it is used as a fuel.

16. OTHER INFORMATIO N

PREPARED BY:

REVISION SUMMARY:

NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION® HAZARD RATING

- HEALTH: 2-Hazardous
- FIRE: 3-Below 100°F (flashpoint)

REACTIVITY: 0- Stable

HAZARDOUS MATERIAL IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM® HAZARD RATING

- HEALTH: 2*- Moderate Hazard (*Chronic)
- FIRE: 3- Serious Hazard
- PHYSICAL: 0- Minimal Hazard

HMIS RATING

HEALTH *	2
FLAMMABILITY	3
PHYSICAL HAZARD	0
PERSONAL PROTECTION	Η



HMIS RATINGS NOTES: Please refer to Section 8 of this SDS for recommended personal protective equipment.

ADDITIONAL MSDS INFORMATION:

KEY / LEGEND

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ADR - Agreement on Dangerous Goods by Road CAA - Clean Air Act CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number CDG - Carriage of Dangerous Goods By Road and Rail Manual CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act CFR - Code of Federal Regulations EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Registry Number ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act GHS - Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer IATA - International Air Transport Association ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMO - International Maritime Organization N/E - Not Established NTP - National Toxicology Program OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit PPE - Personal Protective Equipment RCRA - Resource Conversation and Recovery Act RID - Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail **RQ** - Reportable Quantities SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 SDS - Safety Data Sheet TCC - Tag Closed Cup TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods TLV - Threshold Limit Value TSCA - Toxic Substance Control Act UN/NA - United Nations / North American Number UNECE - United Nations Economic Commission for Europe US DOT - United States Department of Transportation US EPA - United States Environmental Protection Agency Vol. - Volume WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

GENERAL STATEMENTS: Other information not included anywhere else in this SDS is included in this section if, in fact, such data exists.

MANUFACTURER DISCLAIMER: This information relates to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is to the best of our knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date compiled. However, no representation, warranty or guarantee is made as to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. NO WARRANTY OF MERCANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR ANY OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, IS MADE CONCERNING THE INFORMATION HEREIN PROVIDED. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability and completeness of such information for his own particular use. We do not accept liability for any loss or damage that may occur from the use of this information nor do we offer warranty against patent infringement

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date Issued : SDS No : Date Revised : Revision No : 1

Non-Sour Natural Gas

(West Virginia)

IMPORTANT

This SDS has been prepared for Non-Sour Natural Gas. Refer to the following sections for important safety and response information. **Section 4-** First Aid Measures (for accidental exposure).

Section 5- Fire Fighting Measures.

Section 6- Accidental Release Measures.

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: Non-Sour Natural Gas GENERAL USE: Refinery Feedstock. Common Name and Synonyms:

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

This product has not been tested to determine its specific health hazards. Therefore, the information provided in

this section includes health hazard information based on the product components.

GHS CLASSIFICATIONS

Health		Physical
Carcinogenicity, Category 1 Hazard Not Otherwise Classified, Simple Asphyxiant		Gases Under Pressure, Liquefied gas Flammable Gases, Category 1
GHS LABEL		
WARNING H000: May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.	H220: E	DANGER xtremely flammable gas.
WARNING H280: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.	H350: M	DANGER lay cause cancer.

PRECAUTIONARY

STATEMENT(S) Prevention:

P210: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces - no smoking.

Sweet Natural Gas

P201: Obtain special instructions before use. P202: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P281: Use personal protective equipment as required.

Response:

P377: Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish unless leak can be stopped safely. P381: Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. P308+P313: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage:

P403: Store in a well-ventilated place.

P410+P403: Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place

Disposal:

P501: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

PHYSICAL APPERANCE:

IMMEDIATE CONCERNS: HAZARD DESCRIPTION / WARNING INFORMATION SUMMARY - This material is a flammable gas. This product is toxic; inhalation of this material may cause severe injury or death. Please read entire contents of Section

2 of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for details.

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

EYES: This product is unlikely to cause eye irritation.

SKIN: This product is unlikely to cause skin irritation or injury.

INGESTION: This product is a compressed gas; hence oral exposure and resulting acute toxicity are unlikely.

INHALATION: This product is a simple asphyxiant. Excessive exposure may cause central nervous system effects such as dizziness, loss of balance and coordination, unconsciousness, coma, respiratory failure and death.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVER EXPOSURE

CARCINOGENICITY: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a probable, possible, or confirmed carcinogen by IARC, NTP, OSHA or ACGIH.

MUTAGENICITY: Not Established.

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS: Not Established.

TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not Established.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED: Persons with pre-existing central nervous system disorders should refrain from contact with this material.

ROUTES OF ENTRY: Inhalation, skin contact, eye contact.

TARGET ORGAN STATEMENT: May cause damage to lungs and central nervous system.

SENSITIZATION: Not Established.

COMMENTS: OTHER HAZARDS - Not Established.

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATIO N ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	Vol. %	CAS
Methane	70 - 94	74-82-8
Ethane	5 - 10	74-84-0
Propane	1 - 4	74-98-6
i-Butane	0.5 - 3	75-28-5
n-Butane	0.5 - 2	106-97-8
Carbon Dioxide	0.5 - 10	124-38-9
Nitrogen	0.5 - 10	7727-37-9

Sweet Natural Gas

Benzene	may contain	71-43-2
Hydrogen Sulfide	may contain	7783-06-4

COMMENTS: This may not be a complete list of components. Compositions given are typical values, not

specifications.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

EYES: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water. Get medical attention, if irritation persists.

SKIN: Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or

persists. **INGESTION:** This is not considered a major potential route of exposure.

INHALATION: Move victim to fresh air. Call 911, emergency medical service, or Emergency Phone Numbers(s) provided in Section 1 of this SDS. Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult.

ANTIDOTES: Not Established.

NOTES TO PHYSICIAN: CLINICAL TESTING & MEDICAL MONITORING FOR DELAYED EFFECTS - Effects of exposure (inhalation, ingestion or skin contact) to substance may be delayed. Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT: -188 °C (-306.4 °F) Notes: Based on methane. .

AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: 482℃ (900°F) to 649℃ (1200°F)

GENERAL HAZARD: DECOMPOSITION TEMPERATURE - Not Established.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

SMALL FIRE - Class B fire extinguisher, carbon dioxide, multipurpose dry chemical, water fog or alcohol-resistant foam. **LARGE FIRE -** Water fog or alcohol-resistant foam.

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS: Any combustion, including incomplete combustion, may form carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. Burning produces noxious and toxic fumes. Downwind personnel must be evacuated.

OTHER CONSIDERATIONS: INAPPROPRIATE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA - Do not use water jet.

FIRE EXPLOSION: HIGHLY FLAMMABLE. Will be easily ignited by heat, sparks or flames. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Most vapors are heavier than air. They will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Vapor explosion hazard indoors, outdoors or in sewers. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. Containers may explode when heated.

COMMENTS:

SPECIFIC HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE FROM THE PRODUCT - Vapors are flammable and heavier than air. Vapors may travel across the ground and reach remote ignition sources causing a flashback fire danger.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

SMALL SPILL: For emergency information and procedures to follow in the case of an accidental release, call the Emergency Telephone Number(s) listed in Section 1 of this SDS. Remove any ignition sources and protect from ignition. Water spray may reduce vapor but may not prevent ignition in closed spaces. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Provide sufficient ventilation in the affected area(s) and wear appropriate personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8 of this SDS when handling spill material. Isolate the area until gas has dispersed. Never discharge releases directly into sewers or surface waters.

LARGE SPILL: Use similar response procedures as indicated under Small Spill.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

GENERAL PROCEDURES: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices. These practices include but are not limited to avoiding unnecessary exposure and prompt removal of material from eyes, skin and clothing. If needed, take first aid actions as indicated in Section 4 of this SDS.

- **HANDLING**: Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment and use exposure controls as indicated in Section 8 of this SDS. Vent slowly to the atmosphere when opening. Avoid all contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing product dust or vapors. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Do not reuse container. Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash with soap and water after working with this product.
- **STORAGE:** Keep in airtight container away from all heat sources. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in a cool, dry location, away from direct sunlight, sources of intense heat, or where freezing is possible. Keep container in a well-ventilated area. Ground all containers during transfer. Store away from incompatible materials. Cylinders should be separated from oxygen cylinders or other oxidizers by a minimum distance of 20 feet, or by a barrier of non-combustible material at least 5 feet high having a fire resistance rating of at least 1/2 hour. Store in the original container or an approved alternative made from compatible material. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Treat empty containers in a similar fashion as residual product may exist. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

STORAGE TEMPERATURE: Store containers in a room with ambient temperature.

STORAGE PRESSURE: Containers should be stored in room with ambient pressure.

SHELF LIFE:

HOW TO MAINTAIN THE INTEGRITY OF THE SUBSTANCE BY USE OF STABILIZERS OR ANTIOXIDANTS - Not Established.

ELECTROSTATIC ACCUMULATION HAZARD: To minimize the hazard of static electricity during transfer operations, bonding and grounding may be necessary, but may not by themselves be sufficient. For more information, refer to OSHA Standard 29 CFR 1910.106; National Fire Protection Standard (NFPA) 77 - "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity"; and/or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003 - "Protection Against Ignitions Arising Out of Static, Lighting and Stray Currents."

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE GUIDELINES

OSHA HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS (29 CFR1910.1200)						
			EXPOSURE LIMITS			
		OSHA	OSHA PEL ACGIH TLV			
Chemical Name		ppm mg/m³ ppm mg/m³				
Ethane TWA	TWA	N/E	N/E	1000	N/E	
	STEL	N/E	N/E	N/E	N/E	
Dranana	TWA	1000	1800	1000	N/E	
Propane	STEL	N/E	N/E	N/E	N/E	
i-Butane TV	TWA	N/E	N/E	1000	N/E	
	STEL	N/E	N/E	N/E	N/E	
	TWA	N/E	N/E	1000	N/E	

Sweet Natural Gas

n-Butane	STEL	N/E	N/E	N/E	N/E
Carbon Dioxide	TWA	5000	9000	5000	9000
	STEL	N/E	N/E	30000	54000

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

EYES AND FACE: Employees should be provided with and required to use splash-proof safety goggles and splash shields where there is any possibility of product coming in contact with eyes. Ensure that eye wash station is operable and nearby.

SKIN: GLOVES AND BOOTS - Any impervious gloves and boots including butyl rubber, nitrile rubber or neoprene rubber.

RESPIRATORY: Depending on airborne concentration a full-face supplied air respirator is recommended, because air purifying respirators cannot provide adequate protection.

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING: Depending on the conditions of use, protective gloves, apron, boots, head and face protection should be worn. Cotton clothing is recommended.

WORK HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Consider the potential hazards of this material, applicable exposure limits, job activities, environmental working conditions, and other substances in the workplace when designing engineering controls and selecting personal protective equipment (PPE). The user should read and understand all manufacturer instructions and limitations supplied with the personal protection equipment before use.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

ODOR: Generally odorless (if no H_2S is present and no mercaptan added for odor). APPEARANCE: Colorless gas. pH: Not Applicable. PERCENT VOLATILE: 100 VAPOR PRESSURE: Not Established. **VAPOR DENSITY:** 0.6 to 0.8 (Air = 1) **BOILING POINT:** -161 ℃ (-258 °F) Notes: Based on methane. FREEZING POINT: Not Applicable. MELTING POINT: Not Applicable. FLASH POINT: -188 ℃ (-306.4 °F) Notes: Based on methane. AUTO IGNITION TEMP: Not Established. **DECOMPOSITION TEMP:** Not Established. EVAPORATION RATE: Not Established. **DENSITY:** Not Established. SPECIFIC GRAVITY: Not Established. VISCOSITY: Not Applicable. SOLUBILITY: Not Established. COEFF. OIL/WATER: Not Established. **ODOR THRESHOLD:** Not Established. COMMENTS: FLAMMABILITY - Refer to Section 2 and Section 5 of this SDS for classification and flammability characteristics.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABLE: Yes

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATIO N: No

STABILITY: This product is anticipated to be stable under normal ambient storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

POLYMERIZATION: This product is not anticipated to cause hazardous reactions or polymerizations under normal ambient storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid contact with incompatible materials. Avoid exposure to excess heat, sparks, open flame, or other potential ignition sources. Prevent vapor accumulation.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Products of thermal decomposition include carbon oxides and nitrogen oxides. **INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS:** Strong oxidizing agents, liquid oxygen, mineral acids and metal catalysts.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ACUTE			
Chemical Name	ORAL LD ₅₀	DERMAL LD ₅₀	INHALATION
	(rat)	(rabbit)	LC ₅₀ (rat)
Ethane	Not	Not	> 800000 ppm
	Established.	Established.	(15 min)
Propane	Not	Not	658 mg/L (4
	Established.	Established.	hours)
i-Butane	Not	Not	658 mg/L (4
	Established.	Established.	hours)
n-Butane	Not Established.	Not Established.	658 g/m ³
Carbon Dioxide	Not	Not	30000 to 50000
	Established.	Established.	ppm (30 min)
Benzene	930 mg/kg	> 9400 ug/kg	10000 ppm (7 hours)
Hydrogen Sulfide	Not Established.	Not Established.	444 ppm

NOTES: ACUTE TOXICITY & HEALTH EFFECTS - This product is a simple asphyxiant; higher concentrations may cause dizziness. Refer to Section 2 of this SDS for additional hazards identification.

EYE EFFECTS: Not expected to cause prolonged or significant eye irritation.

SKIN EFFECTS: Not expected to cause prolonged or significant skin irritation.

CHRONIC: TOXICITY & HEALTH EFFECTS - This product is not expected to be toxic. Refer to Section 2 of this SDS for additional hazards identification.

CARCINOGENICITY

Chemical Name	NTP	IARC	OSHA
	Status	Status	Status
Benzene	1	1	Carcinogen.

Notes: No component of this product at levels greater than 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen by ACGIH, the International Agency for Research on Cancer (ARC), the U.S. National Toxicology Program (NTP) or the U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Act (OSHA).

SENSITIZATION: Not Established.

NEUROTOXICITY: Not Established.

GENETIC EFFECTS: Not Established.

REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS: Not Established.

Sweet Natural Gas

TARGET ORGANS: Contact may cause damage to the lungs and central nervous system. TERATOG ENIC EFFECTS: Not Established. MUTAGENICITY: Not Established. SYNERGISTIC MATERIALS: Not Established.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ENVIRONMENTAL DATA: MOBILITY IN SOIL POTENTIAL - Not Established.

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION: TERRESTRIAL/MICROORGANISM TOXICITY -

ACUTE: Ecological data does not exist for this mixture.

CHRONIC: Ecological data does not exist for this mixture.

BIOACCUMULATION/ACCUMULATION: Ecological data does not exist for this mixture.

AQUATIC TOXICITY (ACUTE): Ecological data does not exist for this mixture.

Notes: (CHRONIC) - Ecological data does not exist for this mixture.

CHEMICAL FATE INFORMATION: PERSISTENCE & DEGRADABILITY - Not Established.

GENERAL COMMENTS: Any other adverse environmental effects, such as environmental fate (exposure), ozone depletion potential, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disrupting potential, and global warming potential are indicated in this section if data exists. Otherwise, this data has not been established.

COMMENTS: Data from laboratory studies and from scientific literature is noted in this section if available. Otherwise, data has not been established.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

DISPOSAL METHOD: It is recommended that this product, in any form, be incinerated in a suitable combustion chamber for disposal. Empty containers should be disposed of in a similar fashion due to presence of product residue. Follow applicable Federal, state, and local regulations.

PRODUCT DISPOSAL: Persons conducting disposal of this product and its containers/packaging should refer to Section 8 of this SDS for the proper selection of exposure controls and personal protective equipment.

EMPTY CONTAINER: Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury or death.

GENERAL COMMENTS: PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES THAT MAY AFFECT DISPOSAL OPTIONS - Not Established. **COMMENTS:** Dispose of material in accordance with national, state, regional, and local regulations. Never discharge directly into sewers or surface waters. Consult with environmental regulatory agencies for guidance on acceptable disposal practices for the product, in any form, and its containers/packaging.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT (DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATIO N) PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Compressed gas, flammable, n.o.s. PRIMARY HAZARD CLASS/DIVISION: 2.1 UN/NA NUMBER: 1954 NAERG: 115 LABEL: 2.1: Flammable Gas MARINE POLLUTANT #1: Not Listed.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

UNITED STATES

SARA TITLE III (SUPERFUND AMENDMENTS AND REAUTHORIZATION ACT)

311/312 HAZARD CATEGORIES: Fire Hazard. Immediate (Acute) Health Hazard.

FIRE: Yes PRESSURE GENERATING: No REACTIVITY: No ACUTE: Yes CHRONIC: Yes

CERCLA (COMPREHENSIVE RESPONSE, COMPENSATION, AND LIABILITY ACT)

Chemical Name	Wt.%	CERCLA RQ
Benzene	may contain	10
Hydrogen Sulfide	may contain	100

TSCA (TOXIC SUBSTANCE CONTROL ACT)

Chemical Name	CAS
Methane	74-82-8
Ethane	74-84-0
Propane	74-98-6
i-Butane	75-28-5
n-Butane	106-97-8
Carbon Dioxide	124-38-9
Nitrogen	7727-37-9

CLEAN AIR ACT

Chemical Name	Vol. %	CAS
Ethane	5 - 10	74-84-0
Propane	1 - 4	74-98-6
i-Butane	0.5 - 3	75-28-5
n-Butane	0.5 - 2	106-97-8

16. OTHER INFORMATIO N

RELEVANT R-PHRASES:R61: May cause harm to the unborn child.

R26: Very toxic by inhalation.

R48/23: Toxic : danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.

R50/53: Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

R12: Extremely flammable.

R45: May cause cancer.

R46: May cause heritable genetic damage.

R11: Highly flammable.

R36/38: Irritating to eyes and skin.

R65: Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

PREPARED BY:

REVISION SUMMARY:

NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION®HAZARD RATING

HFALTH:	1-Hazard No	greater than	Ordinary	Material
	1102010100	Breater than	or annur y	material

REACTIVITY: 0- Stable

HAZARDOUS MATERIAL IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM®HAZARD RATING

HEALTH:	0- Minimal Hazard
HEALTH:	0- Minimal Hazard

FIRE:	0- Minimal Hazard			
PHYSICAL:	0- Minimal Hazard			



HMIS RATINGS NOTES: Please refer to Section 8 of this SDS for recommended personal protective equipment. **DATA SOURCES:**

REFERENCES

ACGIH. 2012 Guide to Occupational Exposure Values. Cincinnati, OH. Signature Publications, 2012.

Forsberg, K.; Mansdorf, S.Z. Quick Selection Guide to Chemical Protective Clothing. Fifth Edition. Hoboken, NJ. John Wiley & Sons, 2007.

Lide, D.R. CRC Handbook of Chemistry and Physics. 88th Edition. Boca Raton, FL. CRC Press, 2008.

UNECE. Globally Harmonized System of Classification and labelling of Chemicals (GHS). Third Revised Edition. New York and Geneva. United Nations, 2009.

US DOT; Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration. 2008 Emergency Response Guidebook. Neenah, WI. J.J. Keller & Associates, Inc. 2008.

US EPA. Consolidated List of Chemicals Subject to the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act (EPCRA) and Section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act. [Available] Online: <u>http://www.epa.go v/ceppo/pubs/title3.pdf</u>. Retrieved 02/02/2011.

ADDITIONAL MSDS INFORMATION:

KEY / LEGEND

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

- ADR Agreement on Dangerous Goods by Road
- CAA Clean Air Act
- CAS Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number

CDG - Carriage of Dangerous Goods By Road and Rail Manual

CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Conmensation, and Liability Act

CFR - Code of Federal Regulations

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EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Registry Number ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act GHS - Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer IATA - International Air Transport Association ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMO - International Maritime Organization N/E - Not Established NTP - National Toxicology Program OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit PPE - Personal Protective Equipment RCRA - Resource Conversation and Recovery Act RID - Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail **RQ** - Reportable Quantities SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 SDS - Safety Data Sheet TCC - Tag Closed Cup TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods TLV - Threshold Limit Value TSCA - Toxic Substance Control Act UN/NA - United Nations / North American Number UNECE - United Nations Economic Commission for Europe US DOT - United States Department of Transportation US EPA - United States Environmental Protection Agency Vol. - Volume WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

GENERAL STATEMENTS: Other information not included anywhere else in this SDS is included in this section if, in fact, such data exists.

MANUFACTURER DISCLAIMER: This information relates to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is to the best of our knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date compiled. However, no representation, warranty or guarantee is made as to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. NO WARRANTY OF MERCANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR ANY OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, IS MADE CONCERNING THE INFORMATION HEREIN PROVIDED. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitabliity and completeness of such information for his own particular use. We do not accept liability for any loss or damage that may occur from the use of this information nor do we offer warranty against patent infringemen

Sweet Natural Gas

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date Issued : SDS No: Date Revised : **Revision No:**

Non-Sour Produced Water (West Virginia)

IMPORTANT

This SDS has been prepared for Non-Sour Produced Water. Refer to the following sections for important safety and response information. Section 4- First Aid Measures (for accidental exposure).

Section 5- Fire Fighting Measures.

Section 6- Accidental Release Measures.

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: Non-Sour Produced Water (West Virginia) GENERAL USE: Water extracted from natural gas well production.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

This material is not considered hazardous according to OSHA criteria.

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATIO N ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	Vol. %	CAS
Water	>90	7732-18-5
Sodium Chloride	<10	7647-14-5

COMMENTS: Compositions given are typical values, not specifications. Composition may vary with geographic location, geologic formation, temperature and pressure.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

EYES: Immediately flush with large amounts of water, holding eyelids open, for at least 20 minutes. Repeat if necessary. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. If pain or redness persists, seek medical attention. If eye is exposed to hot liquid, cover eyes with cloth and seek medical attention immediately.

SKIN: In case of hot liquid exposure, do not remove clothing or treat, wash only unburned area and seek medical attention immediately.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs. Have exposed individual rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Obtain medical assistance immediately and treat as directed by a medical professional.

INHALATION: Move victim to fresh air. Call 911, emergency medical service,

NOTES: Contact poison treatment center immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT: N/A

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Material is not flammable.

FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: PROTECTIVE ACTIONS TO TAKE DURING FIRE FIGHTING - Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. Dike fire-control water for later disposal; do not scatter the material. Do not get water inside containers.

FIRE FIGHTING EQUIPMENT: PRECAUTIO NS FOR FIRE INVOLVING TANKS OR CAR/TRAILER LOADS - Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

SMALL SPILL: For emergency information and procedures to follow in the case of an accidental release, call the Emergency Telephone Number(s) listed in Section 1 of this SDS. As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area 50 meters (160 feet) in all directions. Keep unauthorized personnel away. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. 7Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers. Dike far ahead of liquid for later disposal. Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers.

LARGE SPILL: Use similar response procedures as indicated under Small Spill. Large releases may require the notification of local emergency response agencies.

COMMENT: CAUTION This material is capable of off gassing volatiles.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

GENERAL PROCEDURES: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices. These practices include but are not limited to avoiding unnecessary exposure and prompt removal of material from eyes, skin and clothing. Wash exposed skin and clothing frequently. If needed, take first aid actions as indicated in Section 4 of this SDS.

HANDLING: Wear appropriate personal protective equipment and use exposure controls as indicated in Section 8. Avoid all contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing product dust or vapors. Wash with soap and water after working with this product.

STORAGE: Keep in airtight container away from all heat sources. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in a cool, dry location, away from direct sunlight, sources of intense heat, or where freezing is possible. Keep container in a well-ventilated area. Ground all containers during transfer. Store in the original container or an approved alternative made from compatible material. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Treat empty containers in a similar fashion as residual product may exist. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

STORAGE TEMPERATURE: Store containers of product in cool well ventilated location.

STORAGE PRESSURE: Store in a room with ambient pressure.

ELECTROSTATIC ACCUMULATION HAZARD: Not Established.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE GUIDELINES

OSHA HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS (29 CFR1910.1200)				
		EXPOSURE LIMITS		
		OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	
Chemical Name		ppm	ppm	
Sodium Chloride TWA STEL		N/E	N/E	
		N/E	N/E	

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Provide adequate general and local ventilation to maintain airborne chemical concentrations below applicable exposure limits.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Produced Water

EYES AND FACE: Employees should be provided with and required to use splash-proof safety goggles and full face splash shields where there is any possibility of product coming in contact with eyes. Contact lenses are not eye protective devices. Appropriate eye protection must be worn instead of contact lenses. Ensure that eye wash station is operable and nearby.

SKIN: Consider wearing long-sleeve, FRC, otherwise normal working clothes should be worn. Wash contaminated clothing prior to reuse. If gloves are required for job operations involving this product, wear nitrile rubber or butyl rubber gloves.

RESPIRATORY: Respiratory protection is normally not required except in emergencies or when conditions cause excessive airborne levels of mists or vapors. Select NIOSH-approved organic vapor air-purifying respirator, SCBA or air-supplied respirator where there may be potential for overexposure.

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING: Long sleeve shirt and long pants or coveralls. Consider wearing butyl rubber apron or outerwear where splashing may occur. Fully encapsulating, vapor protective clothing should be worn for spills and leaks with no fire.

WORK HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Use good personal hygiene practices. Avoid repeated and/or prolonged skin exposure. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking, or using toilet facilities. Promptly remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Shower after work using plenty of soap and water.

COMMENTS: EXPOSURE LIMITS & SOURCES - Refer to Section 16 Table 1 for additional exposure limits and sources for this product or its components, whichever applies.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

ODOR: Salty. APPEARANCE: Clear or opaque liquid. **pH:** 6-8 PERCENT VOLATILE: Negligible. VAPOR PRESSURE: Not Established. VAPOR **DENSITY:** >1.0 (Air = 1) BOILING POINT: 212° F / 100° C **FREEZING POINT:** < 0℃ (<32°F) POUR POINT: Not Established. FLASH POINT: Not Applicable LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMITS: Not Applicable SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Not Established. EVAPORATION RATE: Not Established. SPECIFIC **GRAVITY:** > 1.000 at 0°C (32°F) VISCOSITY: Not Established. COEFF. OIL/WATER: Not Established. **ODOR THRESHOLD:** Not Established.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABLE: Yes

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATIO N: No

STABILITY: CHEMICAL STABILITY - This product is anticipated to be stable under normal ambient storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

POLYMERIZATION: This product is not anticipated to cause hazardous reactions or polymerizations under normal ambient storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid contact with incompatible materials such as heat.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION ACUTE

Produced Water

Chemical Name	ORAL LD ₅₀ (rat)	DERMAL LD ₅₀ (rabbit)	INHALATION LC_{50} (rat)
Sodium Chloride	3000 mg/kg	N/E	N/E

EYE EFFECTS: May cause moderate to severe eye irritation.

SKIN EFFECTS: May cause mild skin irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact may result in mild irritation. **CHRONIC:** Not Established.

CARCINOGENICITY: Not expected to cause cancer. This substance is not listed as a carcinogen by IARC, NTP, or OSHA. **SENSITIZATION:** This product is not expected to be a skin sensitizer.

NEUROTOXICITY: Not Established.

GENETIC EFFECTS: Not Established.

REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS: Not Established.

TERATOG ENIC EFFECTS: Not Established.

MUTAGENICITY: Not Established.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ENVIRONMENTAL DATA: MOBILITY IN SOIL POTENTIAL - Not Established.

BIOACCUMULATION/ACCUMULATION: Not Established.

DISTRIBUTIO N: Do not discharge into or allow runoff to flow into sewers and natural waterways. Contain spill material and dike for proper disposal.

AQUATIC TOXICITY (ACUTE): This product is not expected to be harmful to aquatic life.

96-HOUR LC₅₀: 3930 - 5360 mg/L Pimephales promelas for calcium chloride.

48-HOUR EC₅₀: 52 mg/L for Daphnia magna for calcium chloride.

CHEMICAL FATE INFORMATION: PERSISTENCE & DEGRADABILITY - Not Established.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

DISPOSAL METHOD: The generator of a waste is responsible to determine if the material disposed of meets federal, state, or local criteria to be defined as a hazardous waste and dispose of accordance with applicable Federal, state and local regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT (DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATIO N)

Not Regulated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION UNITED STATES

SARA TITLE III (SUPERFUND AMENDMENTS AND REAUTHORIZATION ACT)

311/312 HAZARD CATEGORIES: Fire hazard. Immediate (acute) health hazard. Delayed (chronic) health hazard. FIRE: No PRESSURE GENERATING: No REACTIVITY: No ACUTE: No CHRONIC: No

EPCRA SECTION 313 SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION

This material does not contain any chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of SARA 313 and 40 CFR 372.

CERCLA (COMPREHENSIVE RESPONSE, COMPENSATION, AND LIABILITY ACT)

This material does not contain any chemicals with CERCLA Reportable Quantities.

TSCA (TOXIC SUBSTANCE CONTROL ACT)

All components are either listed on the TSCA Inventory, or are not regulated under TSCA.

16. OTHER INFORMATIO N

RELEVANT R-PHRASES: R36/37/38: Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. R36/38: Irritating to eyes and skin. R65: Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. PREPARED BY:

REVISION SUMMARY:NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION® HAZARD RATINGHEALTH:0-Hazard No greater than Ordinary MaterialFIRE:0-Will Not BurnREACTIVITY:0- Stable

HAZARDOUS MATERIAL IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM® HAZARD RATING

HEALTH:	0- Minimal Hazard
FIRE:	0- Minimal Hazard
PHYSICAL:	0- Minimal Hazard

HMIS RATING

HEALTH	0
FLAMMABILITY	0
PHYSICAL HAZARD	0
PERSONAL PROTECTION	В



Sweet Produced Water

ADDITIONAL MSDS INFORMATION: KEY / LEGEND

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ADR - Agreement on Dangerous Goods by Road CAA - Clean Air Act CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number CDG - Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail Manual CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act CFR - Code of Federal Regulations EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Registry Number NAERG - Emergency Response Guidebook EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act GHS - Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer IATA - International Air Transport Association ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMO - International Maritime Organization MSDS - Material Safety Data Sheet N/E - Not Established NOV - National Oil well Varco NTP - National Toxicology Program OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit PPE - Personal Protective Equipment RCRA - Resource Conversation and Recovery Act RID - Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail **RQ** - Reportable Quantities SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 SDS - Safety Data Sheet TCC - Tag Closed Cup

TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods

TLV - Threshold Limit Value

TSCA - Toxic Substance Control Act

UN/NA - United Nations / North American Number

- UNECE United Nations Economic Commission for Europe
- US DOT United States Department of Transportation

US EPA - United States Environmental Protection Agency

Vol. - Volume

WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

GENERAL STATEMENTS: Other information not included anywhere else in this SDS is included in this section if, in fact, such data exists.

MANUFACTURER DISCLAIMER: This information relates to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is to the best of our knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date compiled. However, no representation, warranty or guarantee is made as to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. NO WARRANTY OF MERCANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR ANY OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, IS MADE CONCERNING THE INFORMATION HEREIN PROVIDED. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability and completeness of such information for his own particular use. We do not accept liability for any loss or damage that may occur from the use of this information nor do we offer warranty against patent infringement.

ATTACHMENT E

EMISSION CALCULATIONS

Permit Determination

Shields Well Pad Proctor, West Virginia

Tug Hill Operating, LLC 380 Southpointe Blvd., Suite 200 Canonsburg, PA 15317

January 2018

Table 1. Annual Potential To Emit (PTE) Summary Tug Hill Operating, LLC - Shields Well Pad

Criteria Pollutants

Proposed Facility Wide PTE - Criteria Pollutants

Source	РМ	PM10	PM2.5	SO2	NOx	со	VOC	CO2e
Engines (ton/yr)	0.679	0.679	0.679	0.021	15.411	14.194	0.324	864.613
Line Heaters (ton/yr)	0.131	0.131	0.131	0.010	1.718	1.443	0.094	2050.014
Tanks (ton/yr)	-	-	-	-	-	-	10.790	-
Truck Loading (ton/yr)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.002	-
Compressor Blowdowns (ton/yr)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.108	-
Fugitives (ton/yr)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.867	16.261
Total Emissions (ton/yr)	0.809	0.809	0.809	0.031	17.129	15.637	12.187	2930.887
Total Emissions (lb/hr)	0.185	0.185	0.185	0.007	3.911	3.570	2.782	669.152

Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

Proposed Facility Wide PTE - HAPs

Source	Acetaldehyde	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Xylene	n-Hexane	Formaldehyde	Total HAPs
Engines (ton/yr)	0.0976	0.0552	0.0195	0.0009	0.0068		0.081	0.498
Line Heaters (ton/yr)		0.0000	0.0001			0.0309	0.001	0.032
Tanks (ton/yr)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Truck Loading (ton/yr)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Compressor Blowdowns (ton/yr)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fugitives (ton/yr)	-	0.0002	0.0002	0.0000	0.0000	0.0144	-	0.015
Total Emissions (ton/yr)	0.098	0.055	0.020	0.001	0.007	0.045	0.082	0.545
Total Emissions (lb/hr)	0.022	0.013	0.005	0.000	0.002	0.010	0.019	0.124

Table 1 Compressor Engine Emissions (CE-1) Waukesha F3524GSI Tug Hill Operating, LLC - Shields Well Pad

Pollutant	Emission Factor		PT (lb/ł	E hr)	PT (tons	E s/yr)
Criteria Pollutants						
PM/PM10/PM2.5**	1.94E-02 lb/MMBtu	(1)	0.15	(a)	0.68	(c)
SO ₂	5.88E-04 lb/MMBtu	(1)	0.00	(a)	0.02	(c)
NOx	1 90F+00 g/bp-br	(2)	3.52	(b)	15 41	(d)
CO	1 75E+00 g/hp-hr	(2)	3.24	(~) (b)	14 19	(d)
VOC*	4.00E-02 g/hp-hr	(2)	0.07	(b)	0.32	(d)
*VO'C's does not include formaldehyde		. ,	0.01		0.01	
Hazardous Air Pollutants						
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	2.53E-05 lb/MMBtu	(1)	0.000	(a)	0.001	(c)
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	1.53E-05 lb/MMBtu	(1)	0.000	(a)	0.001	(c)
1,3-Butadiene	6.63E-04 lb/MMBtu	(1)	0.005	(a)	0.023	(c)
1,3-Dichloropropene	1.27E-05 lb/MMBtu	(1)	0.000	(a)	0.000	(c)
Acetaldehyde	2.79E-03 lb/MMBtu	(1)	0.022	(a)	0.098	(c)
Acrolein	2.63E-03 lb/MMBtu	(1)	0.021	(a)	0.092	(c)
Benzene	1.58E-03 lb/MMBtu	(1)	0.013	(a)	0.055	(c)
Carbon Tetrachloride	1.77E-05 lb/MMBtu	(1)	0.000	(a)	0.001	(c)
Chlorobenzene	1.29E-05 lb/MMBtu	(1)	0.000	(a)	0.000	(c)
Chloroform	1.37E-05 lb/MMBtu	(1)	0.000	(a)	0.000	(c)
Ethylbenzene	2.48E-05 lb/MMBtu	(1)	0.000	(a)	0.001	(c)
Ethylene Dibromide	2.13E-05 lb/MMBtu	(1)	0.000	(a)	0.001	(c)
Formaldehyde	1.00E-02 g/hp-hr	(2)	0.019	(b)	0.081	(d)
Methanol	3.06E-03 lb/MMBtu	(1)	0.024	(a)	0.107	(c)
Methylene Chloride	4.12E-05 lb/MMBtu	(1)	0.000	(a)	0.001	(c)
Naphthalene	9.71E-05 lb/MMBtu	(1)	0.001	(a)	0.003	(c)
PAH (POM)	1.41E-04 lb/MMBtu	(1)	0.001	(a)	0.005	(c)
Styrene	1.19E-05 lb/MMBtu	(1)	0.000	(a)	0.000	(c)
Toluene	5.58E-04 lb/MMBtu	(1)	0.004	(a)	0.020	(c)
Vinyl Chloride	7.16E-06 lb/MMBtu	(1)	0.000	(a)	0.000	(c)
Xylenes	1.95E-04 lb/MMBtu	(1)	0.002	(a)	0.007	(c)
Total HAP			0.114		0.498	
Greenhouse Gas Emissions					Metric Ton	ne/yr
CO ₂	116.89 g/hp-hr	(2)	216.46	(b)	861.91	(d)
CH₄	2.2E-03 a/hp-hr	(2)	0.00	(b)	0.02	(d)
N ₂ O	2.2E-04 lb/MMBtu	(3)	0.00	(a)	0.01	(c)
CO ₂ e ^(e)		<u>,</u> ∼, /	217.09		864.61	
			217.00		004.01	
valuations.						

Hourly Emissions - If emission factor note 1 is used, use calculation (a). If emission factor note 2 is used, use calculation (b).

(a) Hourly Emissions (lb/hr) = Emission factor (lb/MMBtu) * (1MMBtu/1000000 Btu) * Engine Power Output (hp) * BSFC (Btu/hp-hr)

(b) Hourly Emissions (lb/hr) = Emission factor (g/hp-hr) * Engine Power Output (hp) * (lb/453.6g)

Annual Emissions - If emission factor note 1 is used, use calculation (c). If emission factor note 2 is used, use calculation (d).

(c) Annual emissions (tons/yr) = Emission factor (lb/MMBtu) * (1MMBtu/1000000Btu) * Engine Power Output (hp) * BSFC (Btu/hp-hr) * Annual

Hours of operation (hr/yr) * (1ton/2000lbs)					
(d) Annual emissions (tons/yr) = Emission facto (lb/453.6g)	or (g/hp-hr) * Engine	Power Outpu	ut (hp) * Annual Ho	urs of operation (hr/yr)	* (1ton/2000lbs) *
MAXIMUM HOURLY EMISSION IN	PUTS				
Engine Power Output (kW) =	626				
Engine Power Output (hp) =	840				
Number of Engines =	1				
BSFC (BTU/HP-hr) =	9,504	(4)			
Heat Content Natural Gas(Btu/scf) =	1,291.0	(5)			
Fuel Throughput (ft3/hr) =	6,183.9	(6)			
PTE Hours of Operation =	8,760				
	CO ₂ CH ₄	1 25	(7) (7)		
	N ₂ O	298	(7)		
Notes:					
(1) AP-42, Chapter 3.2, Table 3.2-3. Natural G Engines.	as-fired Reciprocat	ing Engines (7	7/00). Uncontrolled	Emission Factors for	4-Stroke Rich-Burn
(2) Emission factors supplied from manufactur	er's specification sh	eet			
(3) Emission factors supplied from 40 CFR 98,	Subpart C, Table C	C-1 and C-2.			
(4) Fuel consumption from manufacturer's spe	cification sheet.				
(5) Value obtained from AP-42, Chapter 3.2, T	able 3.2-1, footnote	b			
(6) Fuel throughput = BSFC (BTU/HP-hr) x Po	wer (HP) / Heat Co	ntent (BTU/sc	f)		
(7) Global Warming Potentials obtained from 4	0 CFR 98, Subpart	A, Table A-1			

(gal)		Devices	Throughput (bbls/day)	VOC Emission Factor (lbs/bbls)		Emissions (lbs/yr) ^(a)	Emissions (lb/hr) ^(b)	Emissions (tons/yr) ^(c)
16800	Produced Water	None	10.46	2.83E+00	(1)	10790.45	1.232	5.395
16800	Produced Water	None	10.46	2.83E+00	(1)	10790.45	1.232	5.395
						21580.90	2.46	10.79
	16800 16800	16800Produced Water16800Produced Water	16800Produced WaterNone16800Produced WaterNone	16800Produced WaterNone10.4616800Produced WaterNone10.46	16800 Produced Water None 10.46 2.83E+00 16800 Produced Water None 10.46 2.83E+00	16800 Produced Water None 10.46 2.83E+00 (1) 16800 Produced Water None 10.46 2.83E+00 (1)	16800 Produced Water None 10.46 2.83E+00 (1) 10790.45 16800 Produced Water None 10.46 2.83E+00 (1) 10790.45 16800 Produced Water None 10.46 2.83E+00 (1) 10790.45 21580.90 21580.90 21580.90 21580.90 21580.90	16800 Produced Water None 10.46 2.83E+00 (1) 10790.45 1.232 16800 Produced Water None 10.46 2.83E+00 (1) 10790.45 1.232 16800 Produced Water None 10.46 2.83E+00 (1) 10790.45 1.232 21580.90 2.46 2.46 2.46 2.46

Notes:

(1) VOC emission factor includes Flashing/Working/Breathing losses as calculated from the Promax Model Simulation report

Pollutant	Emission Factor		1.50 MBtu/hr GPU Emissions (lb/hr)	1.00 MMBtu/hr GPU Emissions (ton/yr)	1.00 MBtu/hr GPU Emissions (Ib/hr) x4	1.00 MMBtu/hr GPU Emissions (ton/yr) x4
Critorio Dollutonto						
	7 6 lb/MMaf	(1)	0.007	0.022	0.110	0 121
FIW/FIVITO/FIVI2.5		(1)	0.007	0.033	0.119	0.131
SO ₂		(1)	0.001	0.003	0.009	0.010
NOx	100 lb/MMcf	(2)	0.098	0.429	1.569	1.718
CO	84 Ib/MMct	(2)	0.082	0.361	1.318	1.443
VOC	5.5 lb/MMcf	(1)	0.005	0.024	0.086	0.094
Hazardous Air Pollutants						
Arsenic	2.0E-04 lb/MMcf	(3)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Benzene	2.1E-03 lb/MMcf	(4)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Beryllium	1.2E-05 lb/MMcf	(3)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Cadmium	1.1E-03 lb/MMcf	(3)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Chromium	1.4E-03 lb/MMcf	(3)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Cobalt	8.4E-05 lb/MMcf	(3)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Dichlorobenzene	1.2E-03 lb/MMcf	(4)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Formaldehyde	7.5E-02 lb/MMcf	(4)	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.001
Hexane	1.8E+00 lb/MMcf	(4)	0.002	0.008	0.028	0.031
Lead	5.0E-04 lb/MMcf	(3)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Manganese	3.8E-04 lb/MMcf	(3)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Mercury	2.6E-04 lb/MMcf	(3)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Naphthalene	6.1E-04 lb/MMcf	(4)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Nickel	2.1E-03 lb/MMcf	(3)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
PAH/POM	1.3E-03 lb/MMcf	(4)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Selenium	2.4E-05 lb/MMcf	(3)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Toluene	3.4E-03 lb/MMcf	(4)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Total HAP	1.9E+00 lb/MMCF		0.002	0.008	0.030	0.032
Greenhouse Gas Emissions						
CO ₂	116.89 lb/MMBtu	(5)	116.889	511.974	467.556	2047.897
CH ₄	2.2E-03 lb/MMBtu	(5)	0.002	0.010	0.009	0.039
N ₂ O	0.0 lb/MMBtu	(5)	0.000	0.001	0.001	0.004
CO ₂ e ^(b)			117.010	512.503	468.040	2050.014

Table 4 GPU Heater (GPU-1 through GPU-4) Rates and Emissions Tug Hill Operating, LLC - Shields Well Pad

Calculations:

(a) Annual emissions (tons/yr) = [Annual Usage (MMBtu/yr or MMCF/yr)]x [Number of Identical Heaters]x [Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu or lb/MMCF)] / [2,000 lb/ton]

Number of Heaters= 4 Fuel Use (MMBtu/hr) = 1 Hours of Operation (hr/yr)= 8760 PTE Fuel Use (MMcf/yr) = 8.6

(b) CO_2 equivalent = [(CO_2 emissions)*(GWP_{CO2})]+[(CH_4 emissions)*($GW \setminus Global$ Warming Potential (GWP)

CO_2	1	(6)
CH_4	25	(6)
N_2O	298	(6)

Notes:

(1) AP-42, Chapter 1.4, Table 1.4-2. Emission Factors For Criteria Pollutants and Greenhouse Gases From Natural Gas Combustion, July 1998.

(2) AP-42, Chapter 1.4, Table 1.4-1. Emission Factors For Nitrogen Oxides (Nox) and Carbon Monoxide(CO) From Natural Gas Combustion, July 1998.

(3) AP-42, Chapter 1.4, Table 1.4-4. Emission Factors For Metals From Natural Gas Combustion, July 1998.

(4) AP-42, Chapter 1.4, Table 1.4-3. Emission Factors for Speciated Organic Compounds from Natural Gas Combustion, July 1998.

(5) Emission factors are from 40 CFR 98, Subpart C, Table C-1 and C-2.

(6) Global Warming Potentials obtained from 40 CFR 98, Subpart A, Table A-1

(7) MMBtu to MMcf conversion factor is 1020. AP-42, Chapter 1.4

Contents	Volume Transferred	PTE VOC Emissions (lb/hr)	PTE VOC Emission (ton/yr) ^(a)
Pipeline Liquids	345,618 gal/yr	5.39E-04	2.36E-03
Fotal		5.39E-04	2.36E-03
a) PTE VOC Emissions (ton/yr)	given as calculated in t	ne Promax Model simu Pipeline liquids	ulation report
a) PTE VOC Emissions (ton/yr)	given as calculated in t	ne Promax Model simu <u>Pipeline liquids</u> 0.60	ulation report Note ⁽¹⁾
a) PTE VOC Emissions (ton/yr)	given as calculated in t Saturation factor Pvap (psia)	ne Promax Model simu <u>Pipeline liquids</u> 0.60 0.37	ulation report Note ⁽¹⁾ Note ⁽²⁾
a) PTE VOC Emissions (ton/yr) Molecu	given as calculated in the Saturation factor Pvap (psia) Ilar Weight Vap (lb/lbmol)	ne Promax Model simu <u>Pipeline liquids</u> 0.60 0.37 19.05	Note ⁽¹⁾ Note ⁽²⁾ Note ⁽²⁾
a) PTE VOC Emissions (ton/yr) Molecu Bul	given as calculated in t Saturation factor Pvap (psia) Ilar Weight Vap (lb/lbmol) Ik Liquid Tempurature (F)	ne Promax Model simu Pipeline liquids 0.60 0.37 19.05 52.14	Note ⁽¹⁾ Note ⁽²⁾ Note ⁽²⁾ Note ⁽²⁾
a) PTE VOC Emissions (ton/yr)	given as calculated in t Saturation factor	ne Promax Model simu <u>Pipeline liquids</u> 0.60 0.37	Note ⁽¹⁾

	Table 6. Fugitive Leak Emissions Tug Hill Operating, LLC - Shields Well Pad								
Pollutant	Emission Factor	PTE ^{(a) Gas Service} (tons/yr)	PTE VOC emissions (ton/yr)	PTE CO ₂ e emissions (ton/yr)	PTE Total HAPs emissions (ton/yr)				
Valves	9.9E-03 lb/hr/source	6.82	0.60	11.19	0.01				
Pressure Relief Valves	1.9E-02 lb/hr/source	0.25	0.02	0.42	0.00				
Compressors	1.9E-02 lb/hr/source	0.08	0.23	4.23 0.14	0.00				
Open Ended Lines	4.4E-03 lb/hr/source	0.17	0.02	0.29	0.00				
Total		9.91	0.87	16.26	0.01				

Pollutant	PTE Benzene emissions (ton/yr)	PTE Toluene emissions (ton/yr)	PTE Ethylbenzene emissions (ton/yr)	PTE Xylenes emissions (ton/yr)	PTE n-Hexane emissions (ton/yr)	
Valves	1.36E-04	1.36E-04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	9.88E-03	
Pressure Relief Valves	5.09E-06	5.09E-06	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.69E-04	
Connectors (2)	5.15E-05	5.15E-05	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.74E-03	
Compressors	1.70E-06	1.70E-06	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.23E-04	
Open Ended Lines	3.47E-06	3.47E-06	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.52E-04	
Total	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	

Calculations:

(a) Annual emissions (tons/yr) = [Emission Factor (lb/hr/source)] x [Number of Sources] x [Hours of Operation per Year] x [ton/2000lb]

WET GAS INPUTS TABLE						
Gas Stream Components	Wt Percent					
Methane	75.00%					
Ethane	15.38%					
VOC	8.75%					
Benzene	0.00%					
Toluene	0.00%					
Ethylbenzene	0.00%					
Xylenes	0.00%					
n-Hexane	0.15%					

Number of Components	s in Gas Service	
	Valves =	157
	Pressure Relief Valves =	3
	Connectors =	685
	Open Ended Lines =	9
	Compressors=	1.000
Ma	aximum Hour of Operation =	8,760
Global Warming Potential (GWP)		
	CO_2	1
	CH_4	25
	N ₂ O	298

(1) Emission factors from 1995 EPA Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates, Table 2-4 Oil and Gas Production

(2) Connectors is assumed to include flange connections in the total count

(3) Worst case VOC wt % assumption for station based on gas sample analysis from facility

(4) Default Average Component Counts for Major Onshore Natural Gas Production Equipment from 40 CFR 98, Subpart W, Table W-1B

(5) Global Warming Potentials obtained from 40 CFR 98, Subpart A, Table A-1

	Maximum Hou	Maximum Hourly Emissions				Annual Emissions			
Pollutant Emission Factor Engine Eve (Ib/hr)		TE per jine Event Emission Factor (Ib/hr)		Annual PTE (tons/yr)					
Criteria Pollutants									
VOC	3.60E+00 lb/Event	(1)	3.60	(a)	3.60E+00 lb/Event	(1)	0.11	(a)	

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Simulation Report
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Shields Well Pad



Process Streams		Condensate C	ondensate to Pipeline Con	densate To Tank	Flash	Gas	Gas To Pipeline	Produced Liquid	Water
Composition	Status:	Solved	Solved	Solved	Solved	Solved	Solved	Solved	Solved
Phase: Total	From Block: To Block:	 MIX-100	SPLT-100 	SPLT-100 MIX-101	Storage Vessel 	 MIX-100	VSSL-100 	Storage Vessel 	 MIX-100
Mole Fraction		%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
C1 C2		9.00218* 11.0092*	10.0947 11.1009	10.0947 11.1009	25.1646 19.2769	75.001* 15.375*	74.9726 15.3617	0.00106032 0.00297639	0* 0*
C3		13.0203*	12.3641	12.3641	18.1810	5.545*	5.53335	0.00808346	0* 0*
nC4 nC4		10.8612*	2.80945	2.80945	12.8797	0.552 1.518*	1.50848	0.00394216	0* 0*
iC5		4.72009* 8 29617*	4.31434 7.87358	4.31434 7.87358	3.64837 5 73169	0.275*	0.271383	0.0145137	0* 0*
N2		0.0200004*	0.0304796	0.0304796	0.0937506	0.682*	0.681795	1.61621E-06	0*
CO2 Benzene		0.0550011* 0.0820016*	0.0634339 0.122569	0.0634339 0.122569	0.502109 0.0353667	0.188* 0.002*	0.187866 0.00189573	0.000285335 0.000819282	0* 0*
Ethylbenzene		0.262005*	0.00293604	0.00293604	0.000105412	0*	5.86245E-06	2.10457E-05	0*
Toluene o-Xylene		0.300006* 0.479010*	0.325409 0.00627349	0.325409 0.00627349	0.0331882 0.000174415	0.002* 0*	0.00172947 9.94063E-06	0.00227090 4.52554E-05	0* 0*
C6		6.03512*	9.13445	9.13445	2.72507	0.145*	0.137330	0.0538762	0*
C7 C8		1.75604*	2.12934	2.12934	0.0722211	0.028*	0.00423035	0.0297683	0* 0*
C9		0.939019*	0.679266	0.679266	0.00707177	0.001*	0.000447830	0.00491639	0* 0*
C10		1.46703*	0.0495191	0.0495191	4.63893E-05 5.06847E-05	0* 0*	4.49731E-06	0.000360573	0* 0*
C12 C13		0.899018*	0.0322806	0.0322806	1.10023E-05	0* 0*	1.09861E-06	0.000235154	0* 0*
2,2-Dimethylpropane		0.138003*	0.132554	0.132554	0.144246	0.015*	0.0148869	0.000296795	0*
2,2-Dimethylbutane		0.172003* 0*	0.287526	0.287526	0.154221 0	0.009*	0.00875684	0.00137768	0* 0*
2,3-Dimethylbutane		0.403008*	0.753215	0.753215	0.325224	0.018*	0.0173629	0.00397712	0*
2-Methylpentane 3-Methylpentane		3.04006* 1.89704*	4.31167 2.67588	4.31167 2.67588	1.71738 0.980298	0.094* 0.053*	0.0903789 0.0507543	0.0234307	0* 0*
Methylcyclopentane		0.822016*	0.740387	0.740387	0.231757	0.012*	0.0113888	0.00432140	0*
Cyclohexane 2-Methvlhexane		0.874017* 2.00404*	1.05266 1.99867	1.05266 1.99867	0.260622	0.014* 0.017*	0.0131223 0.0153474	0.00647190	0* 0*
3-Methylhexane		1.77704*	2.18273	2.18273	0.296529	0.017*	0.0151824	0.0145247	0*
2,2,4- I rimethylpentane Methylcyclohexane		0* 1.87704*	0 2.26771	0 2.26771	0 0.238612	0* 0.014*	0 0.0121135	0 0.0154176	0* 0*
m-Xylene		0.263005*	0.00312110	0.00312110	0.000102828	0*	5.73673E-06	2.23499E-05	0*
p-xyiene Water		0* 0*	0 0.0402928	0 0.0402928	0 2.48716	0* 0*	0 0.109202	0 99.6631	0* 100*
Tetradecane		0.396008*	0.0146885	0.0146885	5.76602E-07	0*	8.19132E-08	0.000107022	0*
Hexadecane		0.250005* 0.133003*	0.00930893 0.00495974	0.00930893 0.00495974	1.26995E-07 2.49834E-08	0* 0*	2.09751E-08 4.83135E-09	6.78268E-05 3.61379E-05	0* 0*
Heptadecane		0.0760015*	0.00283583	0.00283583	5.77095E-09	0*	1.30557E-09	2.06626E-05	0*
Nonadecane		0.0390008*	0.00238876	0.00238876	4.23340E-10	0* 0*	1.30448E-10	1.74052E-05 1.06078E-05	0* 0*
Eicosane		0.0180004*	0.000671984	0.000671984	4.88377E-11	0* 0*	1.85527E-11	4.89626E-06	0* 0*
Docosane		0.00600012*	0.000224000	0.000224000	3.30645E-12	0* 0*	1.65947E-12	1.63212E-06	0*
Tricosane Tetracosane		0.00300006*	0.000112001	0.000112001 7.46672E-05	4.81124E-13	0* 0*	2.91088E-13	8.16067E-07	0* 0*
Pentacosane		0.00100002*	3.73336E-05	3.73336E-05	2.25799E-14	0*	1.86536E-14	2.72023E-07	0*
Hexacosane		0.00300006*	0.000112001 3 73337E-05	0.000112001 3 73337E-05	2.27299E-14 1 97677E-15	0* 0*	2.23642E-14 2.36317E-15	8.16069E-07 2.72023E-07	0* 0*
Octacosane		0.00100002*	3.73337E-05	3.73337E-05	1.06374E-15	0*	1.42970E-15	2.72023E-07	0*
Nonacosane Triacontane		0* 0*	0	0	0	0* 0*	0	0	0* 0*
Hentriacontane		0*	0	0	0	0*	0	0	0*
Other C10s Other C7s		1.84704* 0.867017*	0.0494597 2.19472	0.0494597 2.19472	0.000227743 0.280394	0* 0.016*	1.67023E-05 0.0141433	0.000359322 0.0146886	0* 0*
Other C8s		4.17308*	4.05655	4.05655	0.174512	0.013*	0.00965472	0.0287474	0*
Mass Flow		2.11204* Ib/h	0.611700 Ib/h	0.611700 lb/h	0.00861225 lb/h	0.001* lb/h	0.000543231 lb/h	0.00441711 Ib/h	lb/h
C1 C2		0.0507295*	1.32816 2 73758	0.195580 0.403124	0.311540 0.447311	13210.9* 5076 10*	13209.3 5073.01	0.00281945	0* 0*
C3		0.201677*	4.47143	0.658443	0.618682	2684.68*	2679.73	0.0590811	0*
iC4 nC4		0.0585560* 0.221749*	1.33922 5.26938	0.197208 0.775945	0.160842 0.577700	352.271* 968.744*	350.791 962.915	0.0379780 0.203768	0* 0*
iC5		0.119625*	2.55290	0.375928	0.203133	217.850*	215.040	0.173566	0*
nC5 N2		0.210256* 0.000196810*	4.65898 0.00700268	0.686060 0.00103118	0.319128 0.00202672	306.574* 209.771*	301.439 209.762	0.367347 7.50445E-06	0* 0*
CO2		0.000850275*	0.0228959	0.00337155	0.0170529	90.8447*	90.8035	0.00208141	0*
Benzene Ethylbenzene		0.00224999* 0.00977086*	0.0785213 0.00255642	0.00115627 0.000376447	0.00213189 8.63624E-06	1.71531^ 0*	1.62630 0.00683547	0.0106073	0^ 0*
Toluene		0.00970984*	0.245901	0.0362102	0.00235981	2.02333*	1.75010	0.0346812	0* 0*
C6		0.182688*	0.00546236 6.45588	0.000804363	0.181223	137.198*	129.974	0.000796357	0* 0*
C7 C8		0.126363*	3.60050	0.530193	0.0357986	30.8056* 7 52525*	26.8012 5 30711	0.494410	0* 0*
C9		0.0423049*	0.714503	0.105214	0.000699933	1.40822*	0.630806	0.104515	0*
C10 C11		0.0238406* 0.0805494*	0.0159678 0.0634810	0.00235134 0.00934793	5.09354E-06 6.11381E-06	0* 0*	0.00552150	0.00234625	0* 0*
C12		0.0537915*	0.0450957	0.00664059	1.44624E-06	0*	0.00205520	0.00663914	0*
2,2-Dimethylpropane		0.0383391* 0.00349751*	0.0328910 0.0784350	0.00484338 0.0115500	3.50263E-07 0.00803131	0* 11.8827*	0.000604769 11.7962	0.00484303 0.00354929	0* 0*
2,2-Dimethylbutane		0.00520669*	0.203212	0.0299241	0.0102561	8.51571*	8.28777	0.0196783	0*
2,3-Dimethylbutane		0.0121994*	0.532343	0.0783905	0.0216281	0 17.0314*	16.4328	0.0568078	0 0*
2-Methylpentane		0.0920252*	3.04732	0.448735	0.114210	88.9419* 50 1481*	85.5377	0.334676	0* 0*
Methylcyclopentane		0.0243011*	0.511036	0.0752529	0.0150518	11.0887*	10.5266	0.0602814	0*
Cyclohexane 2-Methylhexane		0.0258383* 0.0705382*	0.726578 1.64251	0.106993 0.241868	0.0169265 0.0231770	12.9368* 18.7034*	12.1288 16.8895	0.0902798 0.218710	0* 0*
3-Methylhexane		0.0625481*	1.79376	0.264141	0.0229296	18.7034*	16.7080	0.241234	0*
∠,∠,4- i rimetnylpentane Methylcyclohexane		0* 0.0647388*	0 1.82611	0 0.268905	0 0.0180799	0* 15.0929*	0 13.0626	0 0.250913	0* 0*
m-Xylene		0.00980816*	0.00271756	0.000400176	8.42454E-06	0* 0*	0.00668888	0.000393291	0*
Water		0^ 0*	0 0.00595330	0 0.000876656	0 0.0345778	0* 0*	0 21.6062	0 297.599	0* 319.246*
Tetradecane Pentadecane		0.0275969*	0.0238992	0.00351929	8.82764E-08	0*	0.000178475	0.00351920	0*
Hexadecane		0.0100541*	0.00921093	0.00238806	2.00173E-08 4.36577E-09	0* 0*	4.09323E-05 1.20152E-05	0.00238804	0* 0*
Heptadecane Octadecane		0.00641979* 0.00572148*	0.00559277 0.00498587	0.000823567 0.000734197	1.07092E-09 3 80580E-10	0* ^*	3.44797E-06 1 41221E-06	0.000823566	0* ^*
Nonadecane		0.00367869*	0.00320618	0.000472127	8.77245E-11	0*	3.84701E-07	0.000472127	0*
Eicosane Heneicosane		0.00178655*	0.00155718 0.000908063	0.000229304 0.000133717	1.06488E-11 2.75452E-12	0* ^*	5.75714E-08	0.000229304	0* ^*
Docosane		0.000654642*	0.000570611	8.40256E-05	7.92533E-13	0*	5.66082E-09	8.40256E-05	0*
i ricosane Tetracosane		0.000342103* 0.000237923*	0.000298191 0.000207384	4.39103E-05 3.05385E-05	1.20530E-13 2.94306E-14	0* 0*	1.03781E-09 2.99161E-10	4.39103E-05 3.05385E-05	0* 0*
Pentacosane		0.000123889*	0.000107987	1.59017E-05	6.14550E-15	0*	7.22524E-11	1.59017E-05	0*
Hexacosane Heptacosane		0.000386448* 0.000133743*	0.000336845 0.000116577	4.96023E-05 1.71665E-05	6.43234E-15 5.80805E-16	0* 0*	9.00702E-11 9.88152E-12	4.96023E-05 1.71665E-05	0* 0*
Octacosane		0.000138670*	0.000120871	1.77990E-05	3.24059E-16	0*	6.19850E-12	1.77990E-05	0*
ivonacosane Triacontane		0* 0*	0 0	0 0	0 0	0* 0*	0 0	0	0* 0*
Hentriacontane		0*	0	0	0	0*	0	0	0*
Other C7s		0.0921958* 0.0304771*	0.0576414 1.80124	0.00848802 0.265243	∠.49743E-05 0.0216534	0* 17.5800*	0.0260662 15.5440	0.243635 0.243635	0* 0*
Other C8s		0.167228*	3.79538	0.558891	0.0153634	16.2835*	12.0964	0.543581	0* 0*
Process Streams		Condensate	Condensate to Pipeline C	ondensate To Tank	Flash	Gas	Gas To Pipeline	Produced Liquid	Water
-------------------------------	-------------	-------------	--------------------------	-------------------	----------------	---------	-----------------	-----------------	-----------
Properties	Status:	Solved	Solved	Solved	Solved	Solved	Solved	Solved	Solved
Phase: Total	From Block:		SPLT-100	SPLT-100	Storage Vessel		VSSL-100	Storage Vessel	
	To Block:	MIX-100		MIX-101		MIX-100			MIX-100
Property	Units								
Temperature	°F	100*	70.9998	70.9998	70.1977	100*	70.9998	70.1977	100*
Pressure	psig	1000*	364	364	-1.35077E-13	1000*	364	-1.35077E-13	1000*
Molecular Weight	lb/lbmol	71.9790	66.1696	66.1696	42.4253	21.4819	21.4414	18.2548	18.0153
Mass Density	lb/ft^3	39.2290	38.6025	38.6025	0.111353	4.60899	1.58939	61.7993	62.0089
Molar Flow	lbmol/h	0.0351270	0.820143	0.120771	0.0771709	1097.98	1098.27	16.5751	17.7208
Mass Flow	lb/h	2.52841	54.2685	7.99135	3.27399	23586.8	23548.4	302.575	319.246
Std Vapor Volumetric Flow	MMSCFD	0.000319924	0.00746955	0.00109993	0.000702842	10*	10.0026	0.150960	0.161394
Std Liquid Volumetric Flow	sgpm	0.00811588*	0.179118	0.0263762	0.0130628	135.493	135.337	0.609579	0.638195*
Gross Ideal Gas Heating Value	Btu/ft^3	3971.83	3668.94	3668.94	2379.83	1286.51	1283.21	66.5639	50.3101
Gross Liquid Heating Value	Btu/lb	20763.4	20860.9	20860.9	21129.2	22659.4	22643.2	338.183	0

Environments Report						
Client Name:	G70-D Permit			Job: N:\Wes	st Virginia\Tug Hill\Projects\Determination\Shields\ProMax\TugHill_Shields_WellPad.pmx	
Location:	0			· · · · · ·		
Flowsheet:	Flowsheet1					
			Project-Wid	e Constants		
Atmospheric Pressure	14.695	9 psia	Ideal Gas Reference Volume	379.484 ft^3/lbn	nol	
Ideal Gas Reference Pressure	14.695	9 psia	Liquid Reference Temperature	60 °F		
Ideal Gas Reference Temperature	6	0 °F				
			Enviro	nment1		
			Environme	nt Settings		
Number of Poynting Intervals		0	Phase Tolerance	1 %		
Gibbs Excess Model Evaluation Temperature	7	7 °F	Emulsion Enabled	FALSE		
Freeze Out Temperature Threshold Difference	1	0 °F				
			Comp	onents		
Component	Henry's Law Comp.	Phase Initiator	Component	Henry's Law Comp.	Phase Initiator	
C1	FALSE	FALSE	C2	FALSE	FALSE	
	FALSE	FALSE	104	FALSE	FALSE	
nC4	FALSE	FALSE	105	FALSE	FALSE	
nC5	FALSE	FALSE	N2	FALSE	FALSE	
CO2	FALSE	FALSE	Benzene	FALSE	FALSE	
	FALSE	FALSE	Toluene	FALSE	FALSE	
	FALSE	FALSE		FALSE	FALSE	
	FALSE	FALSE	C8	FALSE	FALSE	
C9 C11	FALSE	FALSE	C10	FALSE	FALSE	
C13	FALSE	FALSE	2 2-Dimethylpropane	FALSE	FALSE	
2 2-Dimethylbutane	FALSE	FALSE		FALSE	FALSE	
2.3-Dimethylbutane	FALSE	FALSE	2-Methylpentane	FALSE	FALSE	
3-Methylpentane	FALSE	FALSE	Methylcyclopentane	FALSE	FALSE	
Cvclohexane	FALSE	FALSE	2-Methylhexane	FALSE	FALSE	
3-Methylhexane	FALSE	FALSE	2.2.4-Trimethylpentane	FALSE	FALSE	
Methylcyclohexane	FALSE	FALSE	m-Xylene	FALSE	FALSE	
p-Xylene	FALSE	FALSE	Water	FALSE	TRUE	
Tetradecane	FALSE	FALSE	Pentadecane	FALSE	FALSE	
Hexadecane	FALSE	FALSE	Heptadecane	FALSE	FALSE	
Octadecane	FALSE	FALSE	Nonadecane	FALSE	FALSE	
Eicosane	FALSE	FALSE	Heneicosane	FALSE	FALSE	
Docosane	FALSE	FALSE	Tricosane	FALSE	FALSE	
Tetracosane	FALSE	FALSE	Pentacosane	FALSE	FALSE	
Hexacosane	FALSE	FALSE	Heptacosane	FALSE	FALSE	
Octacosane	FALSE	FALSE	Nonacosane	FALSE	FALSE	
Triacontane	FALSE	FALSE	Hentriacontane	FALSE	FALSE	
Other C10s	FALSE	FALSE	Other C7s	FALSE	FALSE	
	FALSE	FALSE	Uther C9s	FALSE	FALSE	
			Dhysical Brans	rty Mothod Soto		
Liquid Molor Volumo	COSTALD			Dong Dobingon		
Liquiu Wolar Volume Overall Package	COSTALD Peng-Robinson		Vapor Package	Feng-Robinson		
Stability Calculation	Peng-Robinson		Heavy Liquid Package	Peng-Robinson		
			neavy Liquiu i-ackage			

Calculators Report					
Client Name:	G70-D Permit		Job: N:\V		
Location:	0				
Flowsheet:	Flowsheet1				
		Simple Solver 1			
		Source Code			
Residual Error (fo	r CV1) = ProducedWater-20.4				
	Calc	ulated Variable [CV1]			
SourceMoniker	ProMax:ProMax!Project!Flowsheets!Flowsheet1!	PStreams!Water!Phases!Total!Properties!Std Liquid Volumetric F	low		
Value	21.8810				
Units	bbl/d				
	Месси	ad Variable (Dreduced)Mater			
CourseMerilier	Measure Dre Mew Dre Mew Dreie ett Flewerke ette Flewerke ette	ed variable [Producedwater]	invial Values stris Elsur		
Value	20 4000	PStreams: Produced Liquid: Phases: Heavy Liquid: Properties: Std L	Iquid Volumetric Flow		
Units	bbl/d				
OT ING	5574				
		Solver Properties			
Status: Solved					
Error	1.05917E-05	Iterations	9		
Calculated Value	0.638195 sgpm	Max Iterations	20		
Lower Bound	sgpm	Weighting	1		
Upper Bound	sgpm	Priority	0		
Step Size	sgpm	Solver Active	Active		
Is Minimizer	FALSE	Group			
Algorithm	Default	Skip Dependency Check	FALSE		
Notes:					
		Cimula Calvar 2			
		Simple Solver 2			
		Source Code			
Residual Error (fo	r CV1) = ProducedCondensate-2.1				
	Calc	ulated Variable [CV1]			
SourceMoniker	ProMax:ProMax!Project!Flowsheets!Flowsheet1!	Blocks!SPLT-100!Properties!Fraction to PStream Condensate To	Tank		
Value	12.8355				
Units	%				
	M				
CourseMerilier	Weasured	variable [ProducedCondensate]	wid Volumetrie Flow		
Sourceivioniker		PStreams:Produced Liquid:Phases:Light Liquid:Properties:Std Lic	Juid volumetric Flow		
Value Linite	0.499039 hbl/d				
011113	55/4				
		Solver Properties			
Status: Failed					
Error	-1.60000	Algorithm	Default		
Calculated Value	12.8355 %	Iterations	3		
Lower Bound	%	Max Iterations	20		
Upper Bound	%	Weighting	1		
Step Size	%	Solver Active	Active		
Is Minimizer	FALSE	Skip Dependency Check	TRUE		
Notes:					
		Simple Solver 3			

		Source Code	
Residual Error (fo	r CV1) = GPUTemp-71		
	Cal	culated Variable [CV1]	
SourceMoniker	ProMax:ProMax!Project!Flowsheets!Flowsheet	1!QStreams!Q-1!Energy Rate	
Value	0.289943		
Units	MMBtu/h		
	Mea	sured Variable [GPUTemp]	
SourceMoniker	ProMax:ProMax!Project!Flowsheets!Flowsheet	1!PStreams!Gas To Pipeline!Phases!Total!Properties:	! I emperature
Value	70.9998 °F		
Units			
		Solver Properties	
Status: Solved			
Error	-0.000209266	Iterations	9
Calculated Value	289943 Btu/h	Max Iterations	20
Lower Bound	Btu/h	Weighting	1
Upper Bound	Btu/h	Priority	0
Step Size	Btu/h	Solver Active	Active
Is Minimizer	FALSE	Group	
Algorithm	Default	Skip Dependency Check	FALSE
Notes:			
NOLES.			
		Simple Solver 4	
		Source Code	
Residual Error (fo	r CV1) = ProducedOil-0.5		
	Cal	culated Variable [CV1]	
SourceMoniker	ProMax:ProMax!Project!Flowsheets!Flowsheet	1!PStreams!Condensate!Phases!Total!Properties!Std	Liauid Volumetric Flow
Value	0.278259		
Units	bbl/d		
	Meas	ured Variable [ProducedOil]	
SourceMoniker	ProMax:ProMax!Project!Flowsheets!Flowsheet	1!PStreams!Produced Liquid!Phases!Light Liquid!Prop	perties!Std Liquid Volumetric Flow
Value	0.499839		
Units	bbl/d		
Status: Solved		Solver Properties	
Frror	-0.000161049	Iterations	9
Calculated Value	0.00811588 sopm	May Iterations	20
Lower Bound	sapm	Weighting	
Loner Bound	sapm	Priority	0
Step Size	SODM	Solver Active	Active
Is Minimizer	FALSE	Group	
Algorithm	Default	Skip Dependency Check	FALSE
Notes:			

User Value Sets Report				
Client Name:	G70-D Permit	Job:	N:\West Virginia	
Location:	0		· · · ·	
Flowsheet:	Flowsheet1			
		nk-1 Dia ak Basakat		
	User value	BIOCKReady		
Parameter	1^	Upper Bour	EALSE	
Lower Bound		Enloice Boi	TALSE	
	User Value I	ShellLength1		
Parameter	20* ft	Upper Bour	ft	
Lower Bound	0* ft	Enforce Bo	FALSE	
	User Value	[ShellDiam]		
Parameter	12* ft	Upper Bour	ft	
Lower Bound	0* ft	Enforce Bo	FALSE	
	llear Valua	[Breather\/P]		
Parameter			nsia	
Lower Bound	psig	Enforce Bou	FALSE	
	P3			
	User Value [I	BreatherVacP]		
Parameter	-0.0300000* psig	Upper Bour	psig	
Lower Bound	psig	Enforce Bo	FALSE	
	User Value [DomeRadius]		
Parameter	0.17* ft	Upper Bour	ft	
Lower Bound	π	Enforce Bol	FALSE	
	User Value	o [OpPress]		
Parameter	0* psig	Upper Bour	psig	
Lower Bound	psig	Enforce Bo	FALSE	
	User Value [A	vgPercentLiq]		
Parameter	50* %	Upper Bour	%	
Lower Bound	%	Enforce Bo	FALSE	
	Liser Value [M	axPercent in		
Paramotor			0/	
Farameter	90 % %	Enforce Bou	FALSE	
Lottor Board	70		THEOL	
	User Value	[AnnNetTP]		
Parameter	20.8867* bbl/day	Upper Bour	bbl/day	
Lower Bound	0* bbl/day	Enforce Bo	FALSE	
-	User Valu	ue [OREff]		
Parameter	0* %	Upper Bour	% ENLOE	
Lower Bound	%		ralse	
	User Value			
Parameter	61 15* °F		°E	
Lower Bound	°F	Enforce Bo	FALSE	
	User Value	e [MinAvgT]		
Parameter	36.9667* °F	Upper Bour	°F	
Lower Bound	°F	Enforce Bo	FALSE	

User Value [BulkLiqT]						
Parameter	52.1383* °F	Upper Bour	°F			
Lower Bound	۴	Enforce Boi	FALSE			
User Value [AvgP]						
Parameter	13.7315* psia	Upper Bour	psia			
Lower Bound	psia	Enforce Bo	FALSE			
	Llsor Value	Thorm				
Parameter	1193.89* Btu/ft^2/day		Btu/ft^2/day			
Lower Bound	Btu/ft^2/day	Enforce Bo	FALSE			
Doromotor		/gwindSpeed]	mi/h			
Parameter Lower Bound	6.16667 mi/n mi/h	Enforce Bo	FALSE			
	User Value [MaxHo	ourlyLoadingRate]				
Parameter	0.870281* bbl/hr	Upper Bour	bbl/hr			
	0 86/11	Enloice Bo	FALSE			
	User Value [En	trainedOilFrac]				
Parameter	1* %	Upper Bour	%			
Lower Bound	%	Enforce Bo	FALSE			
	User Value (T	urnoverRate1				
Parameter	10.5119*	Upper Bour				
Lower Bound		Enforce Bo	FALSE			
Deremeter						
Lower Bound	0.5	Enforce Bo	FALSE			
	User Value [A	tmPressure]				
Parameter	13.7315* psia	Upper Bour	psia			
	psia		TALGE			
	User Val	ue [TVP]				
Parameter	0.274189* psia	Upper Bour	psia			
Lower Bound	psia	Enforce Bo	FALSE			
	User Valu	e (MaxVP)				
Parameter	0.378778* psia	Upper Bour	psia			
Lower Bound	psia	Enforce Bo	FALSE			
		o [Min\/D]				
Parameter			nsia			
Lower Bound	psia	Enforce Bo	FALSE			
	·					
	User Value [Av	gLiqSurfaceT]				
Parameter	57.1967* °F °F	Upper Bour	°F FALSE			
	User Value [Ma	xLiqSurfaceT]				
Parameter	67.2326* °F	Upper Bour	°F			
Lower Bound	°F	Enforce Bo	FALSE			
	User Value []	TotalLosses1				
Parameter	0.0104546* ton/yr	Upper Bour	ton/yr			
Lower Bound	ton/yr	Enforce Bo	FALSE			
		orkingl occord				
	User value [W	UrkingLosses				

Parameter	0.00174707* ton/yr	Upper Bour	ton/yr
Lower Bound	ton/yr	Enforce Bo	FALSE
	Lleer Value [64	andingl occord	
Paramotor			top/ur
Lower Bound	0.00348024 101/yr	Enforce Bo	FALSE
	User Value [R	imSealLosses]	
Parameter	0* ton/yr	Upper Bour	ton/yr
Lower Bound	ton/yr	Enforce Boi	FALSE
	User Value (W	ithdrawalLoss1	
Parameter	0* ton/yr	Upper Bour	ton/yr
Lower Bound	ton/yr	Enforce Bo	FALSE
	User Value [Lo	padingLosses]	
Parameter	0.00235851* ton/yr	Upper Bour	ton/yr EALSE
Lower Bound	toriyyi	Enloice Do	TALGE
	User Value [MaxH	ourlyLoadingLoss]	
Parameter	0.000538472* lb/hr	Upper Bour	lb/hr
Lower Bound	lb/hr	Enforce Bo	FALSE
	llser Valu	le [PStar]	
Parameter	0301 141	Upper Bour	
Lower Bound		Enforce Bo	FALSE
-	User Value [Al	ICTotalLosses]	
Parameter	0.0512554* ton/yr	Upper Bour	ton/yr
Lower Bouria	tonyy	Enlorce Bo	FALSE
	User Value [AllC	LoadingLosses]	
Parameter	0.0115630* ton/yr	Upper Bour	ton/yr
Lower Bound	ton/yr	Enforce Bo	FALSE
		axHI oadingl oss]	
Parameter	0.00263994* lb/hr	Upper Bour	lb/hr
Lower Bound	lb/hr	Enforce Bo	FALSE
-	User Value [AllC	FlashingLosses]	
Parameter	14.3530* ton/yr	Upper Bour	ton/yr
Lower Bound	101// 91	Lilloice Bo	TALGE
	User Value [Dec	kFittingLosses]	
Parameter	0* ton/yr	Upper Bour	ton/yr
Lower Bound	ton/yr	Enforce Bo	FALSE
	User Value [De	ckSeaml osses]	
Parameter			ton/yr
Lower Bound	ton/yr	Enforce Bo	FALSE
	User Value [FI	ashingLosses]	
Parameter	10.7958* ton/yr	Upper Bour	ton/yr
	User Value [T	otalResidual]	
Parameter	1325.22* ton/yr	Upper Bour	ton/yr
Lower Bound	ton/yr	Enforce Bo	FALSE
		asMoleWaight1	
Parameter			ka/mol
Lower Bound	kg/mol	Enforce Bo	FALSE
	-	-	

	User Value [VapReportableFrac]					
Parameter	20.3971* %	Upper Bour	%			
Lower Bound	%	Enforce Boi	FALSE			
	User Value [Li	qReportableFrac]				
Parameter	1.63707* %	Upper Bour	%			
Lower Bound	%	Enforce Boi	FALSE			
	User Value [Fla	shReportableFrac]				
Parameter	75.2159* %	Upper Bour	%			
Lower Bound	%	Enforce Boi	FALSE			
Notes: This User Value Set wa	as programmatically generated G	UD-/1EDE3684-2D5D-4876-0				
	as programmatically generated. O					
	Sum Compo	nent Flow/Frac				
	User Value	e [CompSum]				
Parameter	10.7813* ton/yr	Upper Bour	ton/yr			
Lower Bound	ton/yr	Enforce Boi	FALSE			
Notes:						
This User Value Set wa	This User Value Set was programmatically generated. GUID={06B303CE-D6A3-4C69-ABCE-29F0C05F34E0}					

FESCO, Ltd. 1100 Fesco Ave. - Alice, Texas 78332

For: SLR International Corporation 8 Capitol Street, Suite 300 Charleston, West Virginia 25301

Sample: Tug Hill - Shields No. 9 & No. 10 GPU Sales Line Spot Gas Sample @ 366 psig & 71 °F

Date Sampled: 11/01/16

Job Number: 63606.021

CHROMATOGRAPH EXTENDED ANALYSIS - GPA 2286

COMPONENT	MOL%	GPM
Nitrogen	0.682	
Carbon Dioxide	0.188	
Methane	75.001	
Ethane	15.375	4.104
Propane	5.545	1.525
Isobutane	0.552	0.180
n-Butane	1.518	0.478
2-2 Dimethylpropane	0.015	0.006
Isopentane	0.275	0.100
n-Pentane	0.387	0.140
Hexanes	0.319	0.131
Heptanes Plus	<u>0.143</u>	<u>0.061</u>
Totals	100.000	6.725

Computed Real Characteristics Of Heptanes Plus:

Specific Gravity	3.411	(Air=1)
Molecular Weight	98.43	
Gross Heating Value	5207	BTU/CF

Computed Real Characteristics Of Total Sample:

Specific Gravity	0.744	(Air=1)
Compressibility (Z)	0.9962	
Molecular Weight	21.48	
Gross Heating Value		
Dry Basis	1287	BTU/CF
Saturated Basis	1266	BTU/CF

Base Conditions: 14.650 PSI & 60 Deg F

Sampled By: (SLR) N. Lanham Analyst: MR Processor: OA Cylinder ID: T-4675 Certified: FESCO, Ltd. - Alice, Texas

David Dannhaus 361-661-7015

Page 1 of 3

CHROMATOGRAPH EXTENDED ANALYSIS - GPA 2286 TOTAL REPORT

COMPONENT	MOL %	GPM	WT %
Nitrogen	0.682		0.889
Carbon Dioxide	0.188		0.385
Methane	75.001		56.011
Ethane	15.375	4.104	21.522
Propane	5.545	1.525	11.382
Isobutane	0.552	0.180	1.494
n-Butane	1.518	0.478	4.107
2,2 Dimethylpropane	0.015	0.006	0.050
Isopentane	0.275	0.100	0.924
n-Pentane	0.387	0.140	1.300
2,2 Dimethylbutane	0.009	0.004	0.036
Cyclopentane	0.000	0.000	0.000
2,3 Dimethylbutane	0.018	0.007	0.072
2 Methylpentane	0.094	0.039	0.377
3 Methylpentane	0.053	0.022	0.213
n-Hexane	0.145	0.060	0.582
Methylcyclopentane	0.012	0.004	0.047
Benzene	0.002	0.001	0.007
Cyclohexane	0.014	0.005	0.055
2-Methylhexane	0.017	0.008	0.079
3-Methylhexane	0.017	0.008	0.079
2,2,4 Trimethylpentane	0.000	0.000	0.000
Other C7's	0.016	0.007	0.074
n-Heptane	0.028	0.013	0.131
Methylcyclohexane	0.014	0.006	0.064
Toluene	0.002	0.001	0.009
Other C8's	0.013	0.006	0.067
n-Octane	0.006	0.003	0.032
Ethylbenzene	0.000	0.000	0.000
M & P Xylenes	0.000	0.000	0.000
O-Xylene	0.000	0.000	0.000
Other C9's	0.001	0.001	0.006
n-Nonane	0.001	0.001	0.006
Other C10's	0.000	0.000	0.000
n-Decane	0.000	0.000	0.000
Undecanes (11)	<u>0.000</u>	<u>0.000</u>	<u>0.000</u>
Totals	100.000	6.725	100.000

Computed Real Characteristics o	f Total Sample
---------------------------------	----------------

Specific Gravity ----- 0.744 (Air=1)

Compressibility (Z)	0.9962	
Molecular Weight	21.48	
Gross Heating Value		
Dry Basis	1287	BTU/CF
Saturated Basis	1266	BTU/CF

Page 2 of 3

FESCO, Ltd. 1100 Fesco Ave. - Alice, Texas 78332

Sample: Tug Hill - Shields No. 9 & No. 10 GPU Sales Line Spot Gas Sample @ 366 psig & 71 °F

Date Sampled: 11/01/16

Job Number: 63606.021

GLYCALC FORMAT

COMPONENT	MOL%	GPM	Wt %
Carbon Dioxide	0.188		0.385
Hydrogen Sulfide			
Nitrogen	0.682		0.889
Methane	75.001		56.011
Ethane	15.375	4.104	21.522
Propane	5.545	1.525	11.382
Isobutane	0.552	0.180	1.494
n-Butane	1.533	0.483	4.157
Isopentane	0.275	0.100	0.924
n-Pentane	0.387	0.140	1.300
Cyclopentane	0.000	0.000	0.000
n-Hexane	0.145	0.060	0.582
Cyclohexane	0.014	0.005	0.055
Other C6's	0.174	0.072	0.698
Heptanes	0.090	0.040	0.410
Methylcyclohexane	0.014	0.006	0.064
2,2,4 Trimethylpentane	0.000	0.000	0.000
Benzene	0.002	0.001	0.007
Toluene	0.002	0.001	0.009
Ethylbenzene	0.000	0.000	0.000
Xylenes	0.000	0.000	0.000
Octanes Plus	<u>0.021</u>	<u>0.010</u>	<u>0.111</u>
Totals	100.000	6.725	100.000

Real Characteristics Of Octanes Plus:

Specific Gravity	3.916	(Air=1)
Molecular Weight	112.99	
Gross Heating Value	5791	BTU/CF

Real Characteristics Of Total Sample: Specific G

Gravity	0.744	(Air=1)

Compressibility (Z)	0.9962	
Molecular Weight	21.48	
Gross Heating Value		
Dry Basis	1287	BTU/CF
Saturated Basis	1266	BTU/CF

Page 3 of 3

FESCO, Ltd. 1100 FESCO Avenue - Alice, Texas 78332

For: SLR International Corporation 8 Capitol Street, Suite 300 Charleston, West Virginia 25301

Sample: Tug Hill - Shields No. 9 & No. 10 Condensate Separator Hydrocarbon Liquid Sampled @ 366 psig & 71 °F

Date Sampled: 11/01/16

Job Number: 63606.002

CHROMATOGRAPH EXTENDED ANALYSIS - GPA 2186-M

COMPONENT	MOL %	LIQ VOL %	WT %
Nitrogen	0.020	0.006	0.008
Carbon Dioxide	0.055	0.026	0.034
Methane	9.002	4.177	2.022
Ethane	11.009	8.062	4.635
Propane	13.020	9.822	8.038
Isobutane	2.868	2.570	2.334
n-Butane	10.861	9.376	8.839
2,2 Dimethylpropane	0.138	0.145	0.140
Isopentane	4.720	4.727	4.768
n-Pentane	8.296	8.235	8.381
2,2 Dimethylbutane	0.172	0.197	0.208
Cyclopentane	0.000	0.000	0.000
2,3 Dimethylbutane	0.403	0.452	0.486
2 Methylpentane	3.040	3.455	3.668
3 Methylpentane	1.897	2.121	2.289
n-Hexane	6.035	6.795	7.281
Heptanes Plus	<u>28.464</u>	<u>39.833</u>	<u>46.869</u>
Totals:	100.000	100.000	100.000

Characteristics of Heptanes Plus:

Specific Gravity	0.7292	(Water=1)
°API Gravity	62.54	@ 60°F
Molecular Weight	117.6	
Vapor Volume	19.68	CF/Gal
Weight	6.08	Lbs/Gal

Characteristics of Total Sample:

Specific Gravity	0.6197	(Water=1)
°API Gravity	96.82	@ 60°F
Molecular Weight	71.4	
Vapor Volume	27.54	CF/Gal
Weight	5.16	Lbs/Gal

Base Conditions: 14.850 PSI & 60 °F

Certified: FESCO, Ltd. - Alice, Texas

David Dannhaus 361-661-7015

Sampled By: SLR Analyst: XG Processor: XGdjv Cylinder ID: PW-35024

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FESCO, Ltd.

TOTAL EXTENDED REPORT - GPA 2186-M

COMPONENT	Mol %	LiqVol %	Wt %
Nitrogen	0.020	0.006	0.008
Carbon Dioxide	0.055	0.026	0.034
Methane	9.002	4.177	2.022
Ethane	11.009	8.062	4.635
Propane	13.020	9.822	8.038
Isobutane	2.868	2.570	2.334
n-Butane	10.861	9.376	8.839
2,2 Dimethylpropane	0.138	0.145	0.140
Isopentane	4.720	4.727	4.768
n-Pentane	8.296	8.235	8.381
2,2 Dimethylbutane	0.172	0.197	0.208
Cyclopentane	0.000	0.000	0.000
2,3 Dimethylbutane	0.403	0.452	0.486
2 Methylpentane	3.040	3.455	3.668
3 Methylpentane	1.897	2.121	2.289
n-Hexane	6.035	6.795	7.281
Methylcyclopentane	0.822	0.797	0.969
Benzene	0.082	0.063	0.090
Cyclohexane	0.874	0.815	1.030
2-Methylhexane	2.004	2.551	2.812
3-Methylhexane	1.777	2.234	2.494
2,2,4 Trimethylpentane	0.000	0.000	0.000
Other C-7's	0.867	1.093	1.204
n-Heptane	3.590	4.535	5.036
Methylcyclohexane	1.877	2.066	2.581
Toluene	0.300	0.275	0.387
Other C-8's	4.173	5.664	6.440
n-Octane	1.756	2.463	2.808
E-Benzene	0.262	0.277	0.390
M & P Xylenes	0.263	0.280	0.392
O-Xylene	0.479	0.499	0.712
Other C-9's	2.112	3.202	3.733
n-Nonane	0.939	1.447	1.687
Other C-10's	1.847	3.076	3.653
n-decane	0.477	0.802	0.950
Undecanes(11)	1.467	2.507	3.019
Dodecanes(12)	0.899	1.660	2.027
Tridecanes(13)	0.592	1.171	1.450
Tetradecanes(14)	0.396	0.840	1.055
Pentadecanes(15)	0.250	0.567	0.720
Hexadecanes(16)	0.133	0.323	0.413
Heptadecanes(17)	0.076	0.196	0.253
Octadecanes(18)	0.064	0.173	0.226
Nonadecanes(19)	0.039	0.111	0.145
Eicosanes(20)	0.018	0.054	0.071
Heneicosanes(21)	0.010	0.031	0.041
Docosanes(22)	0.006	0.019	0.025
Tricosanes(23)	0.003	0.009	0.013
Tetracosanes(24)	0.002	0.007	0.009
Pentacosanes(25)	0.001	0.005	0.007
Hexacosanes(26)	0.003	0.013	0.017
Heptacosanes(27)	0.001	0.003	0.004
Octacosanes(28)	0.001	0.002	0.003
Nonacosanes(29)	0.000	0.001	0.002
Triacontanes(30)	0.000	0.001	0.001
Hentriacontanes Plus(31+)	0.000	<u>0.002</u>	<u>0.003</u>
Total	100.000	100.000	100.000

Page 2 of 2

FESCO, Ltd. 1100 Fesco Avenue - Alice, Texas 78332

For: SLR International Corporation 8 Capitol Street, Suite 300 Charleston, West Virginia 25301 **Date Sampled:** 11/01/16

Date Analyzed: 11/11/16

Job Number: J63606

Sample: Tug Hill - Shields No. 9 & No. 10

FLASH LIBERATION OF SEPARATOR WATER				
Separator Stock Tank				
Pressure, psig	366	0		
Temperature, °F	71	70		
Gas Water Ratio (1)		1.45		
Gas Specific Gravity (2)		0.742		

(1) - Scf of water saturated vapor per barrel of stock tank water
(2) - Air = 1.000
(3) - Separator volume / Stock tank volume
Analyst: T.G.

Piston No. : PW-31464

Base Conditions: 14.65 PSI & 60 °F

Certified: FESCO, Ltd. - Alice, Texas

David Dannhaus 361-661-7015

FESCO, Ltd. 1100 Fesco Ave. - Alice, Texas 78332

For: SLR International Corporation 8 Capitol Street, Suite 300 Charleston, West Virginia 25301

Sample: Tug Hill - Shields No. 9 & No. 10 Gas Liberated From Separator Water From 366 psig & 71 °F to 0 psig & 70 °F

Date Sampled: 11/01/16

Job Number: 63606.011

CHROMATOGRAPH EXTENDED ANALYSIS - GPA 2286

COMPONENT	MOL%	GPM
Hydrogen Sulfide*	< 0.001	
Nitrogen	0.874	
Carbon Dioxide	2.675	
Methane	75.496	
Ethane	15.043	4.015
Propane	3.544	0.974
Isobutane	0.215	0.070
n-Butane	0.756	0.238
2-2 Dimethylpropane	0.000	0.000
Isopentane	0.190	0.069
n-Pentane	0.234	0.085
Hexanes	0.396	0.163
Heptanes Plus	<u>0.577</u>	<u>0.242</u>
Totals	100.000	5.856

Computed Real Characteristics Of Heptanes Plus:

Specific Gravity	3.447	(Air=1)
Molecular Weight	99.47	
Gross Heating Value	5174	BTU/CF

Computed Real Characteristics Of Total Sample:

Specific Gravity	0.742	(Air=1)	
Compressibility (Z)	0.9964		
Molecular Weight	21.41		
Gross Heating Value			
Dry Basis	1216	BTU/CF	
Saturated Basis	1196	BTU/CF	

*Hydrogen Sulfide tested in laboratory by: Stain Tube Method (GPA 2377) Results: <0.013 Gr/100 CF, <0.2 PPMV or <0.001 Mol %

Base Conditions: 14.650 PSI & 60 Deg F

Sampled By: (16)T. Gonzalez Analyst: MR Processor: OA Cylinder ID: WF# 1S Certified: FESCO, Ltd. - Alice, Texas

David Dannhaus 361-661-7015

Page 1 of 2

COMPONENT	MOL %	GPM	WT %
Hvdrogen Sulfide*	< 0.001	C	< 0.001
Nitrogen	0.874		1.144
Carbon Dioxide	2.675		5,500
Methane	75.496		56.581
Ethane	15.043	4.015	21.132
Propane	3.544	0.974	7.301
Isobutane	0.215	0.070	0.584
n-Butane	0.756	0.238	2.053
2,2 Dimethylpropane	0.000	0.000	0.000
Isopentane	0.190	0.069	0.640
n-Pentane	0.234	0.085	0.789
2,2 Dimethylbutane	0.009	0.004	0.036
Cyclopentane	0.000	0.000	0.000
2,3 Dimethylbutane	0.031	0.013	0.125
2 Methylpentane	0.104	0.043	0.419
3 Methylpentane	0.068	0.028	0.274
n-Hexane	0.184	0.076	0.741
Methylcyclopentane	0.032	0.011	0.126
Benzene	0.047	0.013	0.172
Cyclohexane	0.047	0.016	0.185
2-Methylhexane	0.038	0.018	0.178
3-Methylhexane	0.041	0.019	0.192
2,2,4 Trimethylpentane	0.000	0.000	0.000
Other C7's	0.043	0.019	0.199
n-Heptane	0.081	0.037	0.379
Methylcyclohexane	0.058	0.023	0.266
Toluene	0.041	0.014	0.176
Other C8's	0.062	0.029	0.319
n-Octane	0.034	0.017	0.181
Ethylbenzene	0.000	0.000	0.000
M & P Xylenes	0.011	0.004	0.055
O-Xylene	0.000	0.000	0.000
Other C9's	0.026	0.013	0.153
n-Nonane	0.010	0.006	0.060
Other C10's	0.000	0.000	0.000
n-Decane	0.006	0.004	0.040
Undecanes (11)	<u>0.000</u>	0.000	<u>0.000</u>
Totals	100.000	5.856	100.000

CHROMATOGRAPH EXTENDED ANALYSIS - GPA 2286 TOTAL REPORT

Computed Real Characteristics Of Total Sample:

Specific Gravity	0.742	(Air=1)
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Compressibility (Z)	0.9964	
Molecular Weight	21.41	
Gross Heating Value		
Dry Basis	1216	BTU/CF
Saturated Basis	1196	BTU/CF

Page 2 of 2



EMISSION GUARANTEE- UNIT 1807

ENGINE DATA				
-	Engine Model	Waukesha F3524GSI		
	Power	840 BHP		
SCOTTON I	Fuel	NG – Per Supplied Data Sheet		
Control	Exhaust Flow Rate	6631 lb/hr		
*	Exhaust Temperature	1267 F		

CATALYST SPECIFICATIONS

	Catalyst Housing	GT 201V0-3-0-6112-1
-	Catalyst Part #	DCX7
	Formulation	NSCR, 3-Way
	# of Elements	2
	# of Blanks	4
	Cell Density	300 cpsi
	Approx. Dimensions	24.75" x 15.50" 3.5" thick

EMISSION REQUIREMENTS

Exhaust Component	Engine Output (g/bhp-hr)	Converter Output (g/bhp-hr)
NOx	15.7	1.90
СО	12.5	1.75
VOC (NMNEHC)	.08	.04
нсно	.05	.01



The catalyst model selection is based upon the reduction requirements above. Any variance in these requirements may affect the price and model required.



	USA Comp	ression Unit 1807 Wa	ukesha F3524GSI I	Engine Emissio	ns	
Date of Manufacture	January 23, 2007	Engine Serial Number	C17081/1	Date Modified/	'Reconstructed	N/A
Driver Rated HP	d HP 840 Rated Speed in RPM	Rated Speed in RPM	1200	Combustion Type Combustion Setting		Spark Ignited 4 Stroke
Number of Cylinders	6	Compression Ratio	8:1			Rich Burn
Total Displacement (in ³)	3520	Fuel Delivery Method	Carburetor	Combustion Air	r Treatment	T.C./Intercooled
Raw Engine Emissions with Cust	omer Supplied Fuel Gas Ana	lysis				
Fuel Consumption	8591 LHV BTU/bhp-	hr or 9504 HHV	/ BTU/bhp-hr			
Altitude	1200 ft					
Maximum Air Inlet Temp	100 F					
		g/bhp-hr ¹	lb/MMBTU ²	lb/hr	ТРҮ	
Nitrogen Oxides (NOx)		15.6		28.89	126.53	
Carbon Monoxide (CO)		12.5		23.15	101.39	
Volatile Organic Compounds (VO	C or NMNEHC excluding CH2	O) 0.08		0.15	0.65	
Formaldehyde (CH2O)		0.05		0.09	0.41	
Particulate Matter (PM) Filterable+Co	ondensable		1.94E-02	1.55E-01	6.79E-01	
Sulfur Dioxide (SO2)			5.88E-04	4.69E-03	2.06E-02	
		g/bhp-hr ¹		lb/hr	Metric Tonne/yr	
Carbon Dioxide (CO2)		550		1019	4046	
Methane (CH4)		0.23		0.43	1.69	
¹ g/bhp-hr are based on Waukesl Note that g/bhp-hr values are ba Formaldehyde to account for var ² Emission Factor obtained from Gas-Fired Reciprocating Engines	na Specifications assuming 93 sed on 100% Load Operation. iations in fuel gas compositio EPA's AP-42, Fifth Edition, Vo , Table 3.2-3).	84 LHV BTU/SCF fuel gas, 1000 ft . For Air Permitting, it is recomm n and load. lume I, Chapter 3: Stationary Int	t elevation, and 77 F Max Ai nended to add a safety mar ternal Combution Sources (!	ir Inlet Temperature. rgin to CO, VOC, and Section 3.2 Natural		
Catalytic Converter Emissions						
Catalytic Converter Make and Mo	odel: GT 2	201				
Element Type:	V0-3	3-0-6112-1				
Number of Elements in Housing:	Øxic	lation				
Air/Fuel Ratio Control	Com	npliance Controls AFR9, Oxygen I	Feedback			
		% Reduction	g/bhp-hr	lb/hr	ТРҮ	
Nitrogen Oxides (NOx)		88	1.9	3.47	15.18	
Carbon Monoxide (CO)		86	1.75	3.24	14.19	
Volatile Organic Compounds (VO	C or NMNEHC excluding CH2	O) 50	0.04	0.07	0.32	
Formaldehyde (CH2O)		76	0.01	0.02	0.10	
Particulate Matter (PM)		0		1.55E-01	6.79E-01	
Sulfur Dioxide (SO2)		0		4.69E-03	2.06E-02	
		% Reduction		lb/hr	Metric Tonne/yr	
Carbon Dioxide (CO2)		0		1019	4046	
Methane (CH4)		0		0.43	1.69	
Particulate Matter (PM) Sulfur Dioxide (SO2) Carbon Dioxide (CO2) Methane (CH4)		0 0 <u>% Reduction</u> 0 0		1.55E-01 4.69E-03 <u>Ib/hr</u> 1019 0.43	6.79E-01 2.06E-02 <u>Metric Tonne/yr</u> 4046 1.69	



TUG HILL "SHIELDS" U1807 - WETZEL WV

USAC CSM CMAGEE@USACOMPRESSION.COM



ENGINE SPEED (rpm): DISPLACEMENT (in3): COMPRESSION RATIO: IGNITION SYSTEM: EXHAUST MANIFOLD: COMBUSTION: ENGINE DRY WEIGHT (lbs): AIR/FUEL RATIO SETTING: ENGINE SOUND LEVEL (dBA)	1200 3520 8:1 ESM Water Cooled Rich Burn, Turbocharged 16000 0.38% CO 101	COOLING SYSTEM: INTERCOOLER WATER INLI JACKET WATER OUTLET (°) JACKET WATER CAPACITY AUXILIARY WATER CAPACI LUBE OIL CAPACITY (gal): MAX. EXHAUST BACKPRES MAX. AIR INLET RESTRICTI EXHAUST SOUND LEVEL (d			NLET (°F): (°F): TY (gal): CITY (gal): : ESSURE (in. TION (in. H2 . (dBA)	H2O): O):	JW, IC + OC 130 180 49 8 72 18 15 110
<u>SITE CONDITIONS:</u> FUEL: FUEL PRESSURE RANGE (psig): FUEL HHV (BTU/ft3): FUEL LHV (BTU/ft3):	TUG HILL "SHIELDS" 30 - 60 1,291.8 1,167.8		ALTITUDE (1 MAXIMUM II FUEL WKI:	ί): NLET AIR TEΝ	IPERATURE	(°F):	1200 90 59.1
SITE SPECIFIC TECHNICAL DATA			110% OVERLOAD	MAX RATING	SITE RATIN	G AT MAXIMU PERATURE OF	M INLET AIR
POWER RATING		UNITS	SITE DATA	AI 100 °F AIR TEMP	100%	75%	55%
CONTINUOUS ENGINE POWER		BHP % 3/34 br	924	840	840	630	464
		% 2/24 11		10	10	-	-
CONTINUOUS POWER AT FLYWHEE	L	% BHP	29.9 924	29.6 840	29.6 840	28.8 630	27.8 464
	-						
based on no auxiliary engine driven equipme	nt						
		BTU/BHP-hr	8516	8591	8591	8836	9171
FUEL CONSUMPTION (HHV)		BTU/BHP-hr	9420	9504	9504	9775	10145
FUEL FLOW	based on fuel analysis LHV	SCFM	112	103	103	79	61
HEAT REJECTION							
JACKET WATER (JW)		BTU/hr x 1000	2467	2306	2287	1810	1409
LUBE OIL (OC)		BTU/hr x 1000	357	357	349	325	298
INTERCOOLER (IC)		BTU/hr x 1000	146	143	131	86	40
		BTU/hr x 1000 BTU/hr x 1000	2299	2045	2066	1503 347	1092
		B10/11 × 1000	101	000	000	547	017
EMISSIONS (ENGINE OUT):							
NOx (NO + NO2)		g/bhp-hr	15.7	15.6	15.7	16.1	16.8
CO		g/bhp-hr	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.4	12.5
		g/pnp-nr	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
NM NEHC (VOC)		g/bhp-hr	0.10	0.17	0.17	0.22	0.30
CO2		a/bhp-hr	545	550	550	565	587
CO2e		g/bhp-hr	550	555	555	572	597
CH2O		g/bhp-hr	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
CH4		g/bhp-hr	0.21	0.23	0.23	0.29	0.41
AIR INTAKE / EXHAUST GAS							
INDUCTION AIR FLOW		SCFM	1424	1306	1306	1008	770
EXHAUST GAS MASS FLOW		lb/hr	6631	6082	6082	4691	3586
EXHAUST GAS FLOW	at exhaust temp, 14.5 psia	ACFM	5090	4601	4606	3419	2525
EXHAUST TEMPERATURE		°F	1267	1242	1244	1180	1124
HEAT EXCHANCED SIZING ¹²							

HEAT EXCHANGER SIZING			
TOTAL JACKET WATER CIRCUIT (JW)	BTU/hr x 1000	2797	2615
TOTAL AUXILIARY WATER CIRCUIT (IC + OC)	BTU/hr x 1000	570	568
			1

COOLING SYSTEM WITH ENGINE MOUNTED WATER PUMPS		
JACKET WATER PUMP MIN. DESIGN FLOW	GPM	225
JACKET WATER PUMP MAX. EXTERNAL RESTRICTION	psig	15
AUX WATER PUMP MIN. DESIGN FLOW	GPM	48
AUX WATER PUMP MAX. EXTERNAL RESTRICTION	psig	22

All data provided per the conditions listed in the notes section on page three. Data Generated by EngCalc Program Version 3.6.Dresser Inc. 11/6/2017 12:19 PM

TUG HILL "SHIELDS" U1807 - WETZEL WVUSACCSMCMAGEE@USACOMPRESSION.COM

FUEL COMPOSITION



HYDROCARBONS: Methane Ethane	Mole or Ve CH4	olume % 75.326		FUEL: FUEL PRESSURE RANGE (psi FUEL WK!	TUG HILL "SHIELDS" ig): 30 - 60
Propane Iso-Butane	C3H8 I-C4H10	5.511 0.536		FUEL SLHV (BTU/ft3):	1147.49
Iso-Pentane	I-C5H12	0.268			45.12
Normal Pentane Hexane	N-C5H12 C6H14	0.373 0.378		FUEL LHV (BTU/ft3): FUEL LHV (MJ/Nm3):	1167.81 45.92
Heptane Ethene	C7H16 C2H4	0		FUEL HHV (BTU/ft3)	1291 83
Propene	C3H6	0		FUEL HHV (MJ/Nm3):	50.80
	SUM HYDROCARBONS	99.304		FUEL DENSITY (SG):	0.74
Nitrogen Oxygen Helium Carbon Dioxide Carbon Monoxide Hydrogen Water Vapor	N2 O2 He CO2 CO H2 H2O TOTAL FUEL	0.499 0 0.197 0 0 0 100		 Standard Conditions per ASTM D3588-91 ISO 6976:1996-02-01[25, V(0;101.325)]. Based on the fuel composition, supply preliquid hydrocarbons may be present in the hydrocarbons are allowed in the fuel. The liquid water. Waukesha recommends both 1) Dew point of the fuel gas to be at least measured temperature of the gas at the in regulator. 2) A fuel filter separator to be used on all quality natural gas. Refer to the "Fuel and Lubrication" section contact the Waukesha Application Engine additional information on fuels, or LHV an * Trademark of General Electric Company 	I [60°F and 14.696psia] and essure and temperature, a fuel. No liquid fuel must not contain any h of the following: 20°F (11°C) below the nlet of the engine fuel fuels except commercial the seccept commercial of 'Technical Data' or being Department for dWKI* calculations.
FUEL CONTAMINANTS Total Sulfur Compounds		0	% volume	Total Sulfur Compounds	0 µa/BTU
Total Halogen as Cloride Total Ammonia		0	% volume % volume	Total Halogen as Cloride Total Ammonia	0 μg/BTU 0 μg/BTU
Siloxanes				Total Siloxanes (as Si)	0 µg/BTU
Tetramethyl silane Trimethyl silanol		0 0	% volume % volume		
Hexamethyldisiloxane (L2) Hexamethylcyclotrisiloxane (D3)		0	% volume % volume	Calculated fuel contaminant and the entered fuel composition an	alysis will depend on d selected engine
Octamethyltrisiloxane (L3) Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (D4)		0	% volume % volume	model.	
Decamethyltetrasiloxane (L4) Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane (D8	5)	0 0	% volume % volume		
Dodecamethylpentasiloxane (L5)	-,	0	% volume		
Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane (I Others	J6)	0 0	% volume % volume		

No water or hydrocarbon condensates are allowed in the engine. Requires liquids removal.



NOTES

1. All data is based on engines with standard configurations unless noted otherwise.

2. Power rating is adjusted for fuel, site altitude, and site air inlet temperature, in accordance with ISO 3046/1 with tolerance of ± 3%.

3. Fuel consumption is presented in accordance with ISO 3046/1 with a tolerance of -0 / +5% at maximum rating. Fuel flow calculation based on fuel LHV and fuel consumption with a tolerance of -0/+5%. For sizing piping and fuel equipment, it is recommended to include the 5% tolerance.

4. Heat rejection tolerances are ± 30% for radiation, and ± 8% for jacket water, lube oil, intercooler, and exhaust energy.

5. Emission levels for engines with GE supplied 3-way catalyst are given at catalyst outlet flange. For all other engine models, emission levels are given at engine exhaust outlet flange prior to any after treatment. Values are based on a new engine operating at indicated site conditions, and adjusted to the specified timing and air/fuel ratio at rated load. Catalyst out emission levels represent emission levels the catalyst is sized to achieve. Manual adjustment may be necessary to achieve compliance as catalyst/engine age. Catalyst-out emission levels are valid for the duration of the engine warranty. Emissions are at an absolute humidity of 75 grains H2O/lb (10.71 g H2O/kg) of dry air. Emission levels may vary subject to instrumentation, measurement, ambient conditions, fuel quality, and engine variation. Engine may require adjustment on-site to meet emission levels are estimated. CO2 emissions based on heat output. NOx, CO, THC, and NMHC emission levels are listed as a not to exceed limit, all other emission levels are estimated. CO2 emissions based on EPA Federal Register/Vol. 74, No. 209/Friday, October 30, 2009 Rules and Regulations 56398, 56399 (3) Tier 3 Calculation Methodology, Equation C-5.

6. Air flow is based on undried air with a tolerance of $\pm\,7\%.$

7. Exhaust temperature given at engine exhaust outlet flange with a tolerance of \pm 50°F (28°C).

8. Exhaust gas mass flow value is based on a "wet basis" with a tolerance of ± 7%.

9. Inlet air restrictions based on full rated engine load. Exhaust backpressure based on 158 PSI BMEP and 1200 RPM. Refer to the engine specification section of Waukesha's standard technical data for more information.

10. Cooling circuit capacity, lube oil capacity, and engine dry weight values are typical.

11. Fuel must conform to Waukesha's "Gaseous Fuel Specification" S7884-7 or most current version. Fuel may require treatment to meet current fuel specification.

Heat exchanger sizing values given as the maximum heat rejection of the circuit, with applied tolerances and an additional 5% reserve factor.
 Fuel volume flow calculation in english units is based on 100% relative humidity of the fuel gas at standard conditions of 60°F and 14.696 psia (29.92 inches of mercury: 101.325 kPa).

14. Fuel volume flow calculation in metric units is based on 100% relative humidity of the fuel gas at a combustion temperature of 25°C and metering conditions of 0°C and 101.325 kPa (14.696 psia; 29.92 inches of mercury). This is expressed as [25, V(0;101.325)].

15. Engine sound data taken with the microphone at 1 m (3.3 ft) from the side of the engine at the approximate front-to-back centerline. Microphone height was at intake manifold level. Engine sound pressure data may be different at front, back and opposite side locations. Exhaust sound data taken with microphone 1 meter (3.3 ft) away and 1 meter (3.3 ft) to the side of the exhaust outlet.

16. Due to variation between test conditions and final site conditions, such as exhaust configuration and background sound level, sound pressure levels under site conditions may be different than those tabulated above.

17. Cooling system design flow is based on minimum allowable cooling system flow. Cooling system maximum external restriction is defined as the allowable restriction at the minimum cooling system flow.

18. Continuous Power Rating: The highest load and speed that can be applied 24 hours per day, seven days per week, 365 days per year except for normal maintenance at indicated ambient reference conditions and fuel. It is permissible to operate the engine at the indicated overload power, for two hours in every 24 hour period.

19. emPact emission compliance available for entire range of operable fuels; however, fuel system and/or O2 set point may need to be adjusted in order to maintain compliance.

20. In cold ambient temperatures, heating of the engine jacket water, lube oil and combustion air may be required. See Waukesha Technical Data.

SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS



FESCO, Ltd. 104 Fesco Run Rd Bridgeport, WV 26330

- For: Tug Hill Operating, LLC 1320 S. University Drive, Suite 500 Fort Worth, Texas 76107
- Sample: Shields Check Meter Meter Run Gas @ 383 psig & 71 °F

Field: Marshall West

Station: GSC-063 Date Sampled: 7/30/2017 at 13:00 hours

CHROMATOGRAPH ANALYSIS - GPA 2261

COMPONENT	MOL%	GPM
Nitrogen	0.499	
Carbon Dioxide	0.197	
Methane	75.326	
Ethane	15.432	4.142
Propane	5.511	1.524
Isobutane	0.536	0.176
n-Butane	1.480	0.468
Isopentane	0.268	0.098
n-Pentane	0.373	0.136
Hexanes Plus	0.378	0.166
Totals:	100.000	6.710

Computed Real Properties:

Specific Gravity	0.740 (Air=1.000)
Compressibility(Z)	0.9962
Gross Heating Value at	14.730 psia and 60 °F
Dry Basis	1291 BTU/CF
Saturated Basis	1269 BTU/CF

Base Conditions: 14.730 psia and 60 °F

Certified: FESCO, Ltd. Bridgeport, WV _

Flechant

Jeff Fluharty

304-592-3366

 Job Number:
 01966.046

 Analyst ID:
 AC

Cyl Number: T-1779