West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection

Earl Ray Tomblin Governor Division of Air Quality

Randy C. Huffman Cabinet Secretary

Permit to Modify



R13-2822A

This permit is issued in accordance with the West Virginia Air Pollution Control Act (West Virginia Code §§ 22-5-1 et seq.) and 45 C.S.R. 13 — Permits for Construction, Modification, Relocation and Operation of Stationary Sources of Air Pollutants, Notification Requirements, Temporary Permits, General Permits and Procedures for Evaluation. The permittee identified at the facility listed below is authorized to construct the stationary sources of air pollutants identified herein in accordance with all terms and conditions of this permit.

Issued to: American Disposal Services of West Virginia, Inc Short Creek Landfill

069-00071 William F. Durham

Director

Issued: January 06, 2015 • Effective: January 06, 2015

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Facility Location:	Short Creek, Ohio County, West Virginia
Mailing Address:	258 North Fork Road
	Short Creek, WV 26003
Facility Description:	Rock Crushing and Sizing Plant
SIC Codes:	1422
UTM Coordinates:	530.57 km Easting • 4,444.10 km Northing • Zone 17
Permit Type:	Modification
Description of Change:	Replacement of a portable rock crushing and sizing plant.

Any person whose interest may be affected, including, but not necessarily limited to, the applicant and any person who participated in the public comment process, by a permit issued, modified or denied by the Secretary may appeal such action of the Secretary to the Air Quality Board pursuant to article one [§§ 22B-1-1 et seq.], Chapter 22B of the Code of West Virginia. West Virginia Code §22-5-14.

The source is subject to 45CSR30. Changes authorized by this permit must also be incorporated into the facility's Title V operating permit. Commencement of the operations authorized by this permit shall be determined by the appropriate timing limitations associated with Title V permit revisions per 45CSR30.

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TATA		

Emission Unit ID	Emission Point ID	Emission Unit Description	Year Installed			Control Device ¹
				TPH	TPY	
HOP1	RC-E	Feed Hopper	2014	125	1,095,000	N
CR1	RC-E	Jaw Crusher	2014	125	1,095,000	N
SC1	RC-E	Double Deck Vibrating Screen	2014	125	1,095,000	N
BC1		Belt Conveyor from SC1 to SP1	2014	125	1,095,000	MDH
SP1		Open Stockpile 1,800 sq ft. base, 20 ft. high	2010		1,095,000	WS
BC2		Belt Conveyor from SC1 to SP2	2014	125	1,095,000	MDH
SP2		Open Stockpile 1,800 sq ft. base, 20 ft. high	2010		1,095,000	WS
DG	DG-E	Generator Set 2010 Model, 300 hp (224 kw)@2200 RPM, Diesel, Tier III Certification CPX-NRCI-10-22	2014	NA	NA	N

1.0 Emission Units

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2.0. General Conditions

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2.1. Definitions

- 2.1.1. All references to the "West Virginia Air Pollution Control Act" or the "Air Pollution Control Act" mean those provisions contained in W.Va. Code §§ 22-5-1 to 22-5-18.
- 2.1.2. The "Clean Air Act" means those provisions contained in 42 U.S.C. §§ 7401 to 7671q, and regulations promulgated thereunder.
- 2.1.3. "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Department of Environmental Protection or such other person to whom the Secretary has delegated authority or duties pursuant to W.Va. Code §§ 22-1-6 or 22-1-8 (45 CSR § 30-2.12.). The Director of the Division of Air Quality is the Secretary's designated representative for the purposes of this permit.

2.2. Acronyms

СААА	Clean Air Act Amendments	PM _{2.5}	Particulate Matter less than
CBI	Confidential Business	2.5	2.5µm in diameter
	Information	PM_{10}	Particulate Matter less than
CEM	Continuous Emission Monitor	10	10µm in diameter
CES	Certified Emission Statement	Ppb	Pounds per Batch
C.F.R. or CFR	Code of Federal Regulations	pph	Pounds per Hour
CO	Carbon Monoxide	ppm	Parts per Million
C.S.R. or CSR	Codes of State Rules	Ppmv or	Parts per million by
DAQ	Division of Air Quality	ppmv	volume
DEP	Department of Environmental	PSD	Prevention of Significant
221	Protection		Deterioration
dscm	Dry Standard Cubic Meter	psi	Pounds per Square Inch
FOIA	Freedom of Information Act	SIC	Standard Industrial
НАР	Hazardous Air Pollutant	~~~	Classification
HON	Hazardous Organic NESHAP	SIP	State Implementation Plan
HP	Horsepower	SO ₂	Sulfur Dioxide
lbs/hr	Pounds per Hour	TAP	Toxic Air Pollutant
LDAR	Leak Detection and Repair	ТРҮ	Tons per Year
Μ	Thousand	TRS	Total Reduced Sulfur
MACT	Maximum Achievable	TSP	Total Suspended Particulate
	Control Technology	USEPA	United States Environmental
MDHI	Maximum Design Heat Input		Protection Agency
MM	Million	UTM	Universal Transverse
MMBtu/hr or	Million British Thermal Units		Mercator
mmbtu/hr	per Hour	VEE	Visual Emissions Evaluation
MMCF/hr or	Million Cubic Feet per Hour	VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
mmcf/hr		VOL	Volatile Organic Liquids
NA	Not Applicable		č
NAAQS	National Ambient Air Quality		
-	Standards		
NESHAPS	National Emissions Standards		
	for Hazardous Air Pollutants		
NO,	Nitrogen Oxides		
NSPS	New Source Performance		
	Standards		
PM	Particulate Matter		

2.3. Authority

This permit is issued in accordance with West Virginia Air Pollution Control Law W.Va. Code §§22-5-1 et seq. and the following Legislative Rules promulgated thereunder:

2.3.1. 45CSR13 – Permits for Construction, Modification, Relocation and Operation of Stationary Sources of Air Pollutants, Notification Requirements, Temporary Permits, General Permits and Procedures for Evaluation;

2.4. Term and Renewal

2.4.1. This permit shall remain valid, continuous and in effect unless it is revised, suspended, revoked or otherwise changed under an applicable provision of 45CSR13 or any applicable legislative rule.

2.5. Duty to Comply

- 2.5.1. The permitted facility shall be constructed and operated in accordance with the plans and specifications filed in Permit Application R13-2822A, R13-2822 and any modifications, administrative updates, or amendments thereto. The Secretary may suspend or revoke a permit if the plans and specifications upon which the approval was based are not adhered to; [45CSR§§13-5.11 and 13-10.3]
- 2.5.2. The permittee must comply with all conditions of this permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the West Virginia Code and the Clean Air Act and is grounds for enforcement action by the Secretary or USEPA;
- 2.5.3. Violations of any of the conditions contained in this permit, or incorporated herein by reference, may subject the permittee to civil and/or criminal penalties for each violation and further action or remedies as provided by West Virginia Code 22-5-6 and 22-5-7;
- 2.5.4. Approval of this permit does not relieve the permittee herein of the responsibility to apply for and obtain all other permits, licenses and/or approvals from other agencies; i.e., local, state and federal, which may have jurisdiction over the construction and/or operation of the source(s) and/or facility herein permitted.

2.6. Duty to Provide Information

The permittee shall furnish to the Secretary within a reasonable time any information the Secretary may request in writing to determine whether cause exists for administratively updating, modifying, revoking or terminating the permit or to determine compliance with the permit. Upon request, the permittee shall also furnish to the Secretary copies of records to be kept by the permittee. For information claimed to be confidential, the permittee shall furnish such records to the Secretary along with a claim of confidentiality in accordance with 45CSR31. If confidential information is to be sent to USEPA, the permittee shall directly provide such information to USEPA along with a claim of confidentiality in accordance with 40 C.F.R. Part 2.

2.7. Duty to Supplement and Correct Information

Upon becoming aware of a failure to submit any relevant facts or a submittal of incorrect information in any permit application, the permittee shall promptly submit to the Secretary such supplemental facts or corrected information.

2.8. Administrative Update

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The permittee may request an administrative update to this permit as defined in and according to the procedures specified in 45CSR13. [45CSR\$13-4]

2.9. Permit Modification

The permittee may request a minor modification to this permit as defined in and according to the procedures specified in 45CSR13. [45CSR\$13-5.4.]

2.10. Major Permit Modification

The permittee may request a major modification as defined in and according to the procedures specified in 45CSR14 or 45CSR19, as appropriate. [45CSR§13-5.1]

2.11. Inspection and Entry

The permittee shall allow any authorized representative of the Secretary, upon the presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, to perform the following:

- a. At all reasonable times (including all times in which the facility is in operation) enter upon the permittee's premises where a source is located or emissions related activity is conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
- b. Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
- c. Inspect at reasonable times (including all times in which the facility is in operation) any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and air pollution control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under the permit;
- d. Sample or monitor at reasonable times substances or parameters to determine compliance with the permit or applicable requirements or ascertain the amounts and types of air pollutants discharged.

2.12. Emergency

2.12.1. An "emergency" means any situation arising from sudden and reasonable unforeseeable events beyond the control of the source, including acts of God, which situation requires immediate corrective action to restore normal operation, and that causes the source to exceed a technology-based emission limitation under the permit, due to unavoidable increases in emissions attributable to the emergency. An emergency shall not include noncompliance to the extent caused by improperly designed equipment, lack of preventative maintenance, careless or improper operation, or operator error.

- 2.12.2. Effect of any emergency. An emergency constitutes an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with such technology-based emission limitations if the conditions of Section 2.12.3 are met.
- 2.12.3. The affirmative defense of emergency shall be demonstrated through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence that:
 - a. An emergency occurred and that the permittee can identify the cause(s) of the emergency;
 - b. The permitted facility was at the time being properly operated;
 - c. During the period of the emergency the permittee took all reasonable steps to minimize levels of emissions that exceeded the emission standards, or other requirements in the permit; and,
 - d. The permittee submitted notice of the emergency to the Secretary within one (1) working day of the time when emission limitations were exceeded due to the emergency and made a request for variance, and as applicable rules provide. This notice must contain a detailed description of the emergency, any steps taken to mitigate emission, and corrective actions taken.
- 2.12.4. In any enforcement proceeding, the permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an emergency has the burden of proof.
- 2.12.5. The provisions of this section are in addition to any emergency or upset provision contained in any applicable requirement.

2.13. Need to Halt or Reduce Activity Not a Defense

It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it should have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit. However, nothing in this paragraph shall be construed as precluding consideration of a need to halt or reduce activity as a mitigating factor in determining penalties for noncompliance if the health, safety, or environmental impacts of halting or reducing operations would be more serious than the impacts of continued operations.

2.14. Suspension of Activities

In the event the permittee should deem it necessary to suspend, for a period in excess of sixty (60) consecutive calendar days, the operations authorized by this permit, the permittee shall notify the Secretary, in writing, within two (2) calendar weeks of the passing of the sixtieth (60) day of the suspension period.

2.15. Property Rights

This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort or any exclusive privilege.

2.16. Severability

The provisions of this permit are severable and should any provision(s) be declared by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid or unenforceable, all other provisions shall remain in full force and effect.

2.17. Transferability

This permit is transferable in accordance with the requirements outlined in Section 10.1 of 45CSR13.

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[45CSR§13-10.1]

2.18. Notification Requirements

The permittee shall notify the Secretary, in writing, no later than thirty (30) calendar days after the actual startup of the operations authorized under this permit.

2.19. Credible Evidence

Nothing in this permit shall alter or affect the ability of any person to establish compliance with, or a violation of, any applicable requirement through the use of credible evidence to the extent authorized by law. Nothing in this permit shall be construed to waive any defense otherwise available to the permittee including, but not limited to, any challenge to the credible evidence rule in the context of any future proceeding.

3.0. Facility-Wide Requirements

3.1. Limitations and Standards

- 3.1.1. Open burning. The open burning of refuse by any person, firm, corporation, association or public agency is prohibited except as noted in 45CSR§6-3.1.
 [45CSR§6-3.1.]
- 3.1.2. Open burning exemptions. The exemptions listed in 45CSR§6-3.1 are subject to the following stipulation: Upon notification by the Secretary, no person shall cause, suffer, allow or permit any form of open burning during existing or predicted periods of atmospheric stagnation. Notification shall be made by such means as the Secretary may deem necessary and feasible.
 [45CSR§6-3.2.]
- 3.1.3. Asbestos. The permittee is responsible for thoroughly inspecting the facility, or part of the facility, prior to commencement of demolition or renovation for the presence of asbestos and complying with 40 C.F.R. § 61.145, 40 C.F.R. § 61.148, and 40 C.F.R. § 61.150. The permittee, owner, or operator must notify the Secretary at least ten (10) working days prior to the commencement of any asbestos removal on the forms prescribed by the Secretary if the permittee is subject to the notification requirements of 40 C.F.R. § 61.145(b)(3)(i). The USEPA, the Division of Waste Management and the Bureau for Public Health Environmental Health require a copy of this notice to be sent to them. [40CFR§61.145(b) and 45CSR§34]
- 3.1.4. Odor. No person shall cause, suffer, allow or permit the discharge of air pollutants which cause or contribute to an objectionable odor at any location occupied by the public.
 [45CSR§4-3.1 State-Enforceable only.]
- 3.1.5. Permanent shutdown. A source which has not operated at least 500 hours in one 12-month period within the previous five (5) year time period may be considered permanently shutdown, unless such source can provide to the Secretary, with reasonable specificity, information to the contrary. All permits may be modified or revoked and/or reapplication or application for new permits may be required for any source determined to be permanently shutdown.
 [45CSR§13-10.5.]
- 3.1.6. Standby plan for reducing emissions. When requested by the Secretary, the permittee shall prepare standby plans for reducing the emissions of air pollutants in accordance with the objectives set forth in Tables I, II, and III of 45 C.S.R. 11. [45CSR§11-5.2.]

3.2. Monitoring Requirements

[Reserved]

3.3. Testing Requirements

3.3.1. **Stack testing.** As per provisions set forth in this permit or as otherwise required by the Secretary, in accordance with the West Virginia Code, underlying regulations, permits and orders, the permittee shall conduct test(s) to determine compliance with the emission limitations set forth in this permit and/or established or set forth in underlying documents. The Secretary, or his duly authorized representative, may at his option witness or conduct such test(s). Should the Secretary exercise his option to conduct such test(s), the operator shall provide all necessary sampling connections and sampling ports to be located in such manner as the Secretary may require, power for test equipment and the required safety equipment, such as scaffolding, railings and ladders, to

comply with generally accepted good safety practices. Such tests shall be conducted in accordance with the methods and procedures set forth in this permit or as otherwise approved or specified by the Secretary in accordance with the following:

- a. The Secretary may on a source-specific basis approve or specify additional testing or alternative testing to the test methods specified in the permit for demonstrating compliance with 40 C.F.R. Parts 60, 61, and 63 in accordance with the Secretary's delegated authority and any established equivalency determination methods which are applicable. If a testing method is specified or approved which effectively replaces a test method specified in the permit, the permit may be revised in accordance with 45CSR§13-4 or 45CSR§13-5.4 as applicable.
- b. The Secretary may on a source-specific basis approve or specify additional testing or alternative testing to the test methods specified in the permit for demonstrating compliance with applicable requirements which do not involve federal delegation. In specifying or approving such alternative testing to the test methods, the Secretary, to the extent possible, shall utilize the same equivalency criteria as would be used in approving such changes under Section 3.3.1.a. of this permit. If a testing method is specified or approved which effectively replaces a test method specified in the permit, the permit may be revised in accordance with 45CSR§13-4 or 45CSR§13-5.4 as applicable.
- c. All periodic tests to determine mass emission limits from or air pollutant concentrations in discharge stacks and such other tests as specified in this permit shall be conducted in accordance with an approved test protocol. Unless previously approved, such protocols shall be submitted to the Secretary in writing at least thirty (30) days prior to any testing and shall contain the information set forth by the Secretary. In addition, the permittee shall notify the Secretary at least fifteen (15) days prior to any testing so the Secretary may have the opportunity to observe such tests. This notification shall include the actual date and time during which the test will be conducted and, if appropriate, verification that the tests will fully conform to a referenced protocol previously approved by the Secretary.
 [WV Code § 22-5-4(a)(15)]

3.4. Recordkeeping Requirements

- 3.4.1. **Retention of records.** The permittee shall maintain records of all information (including monitoring data, support information, reports and notifications) required by this permit recorded in a form suitable and readily available for expeditious inspection and review. Support information includes all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation. The files shall be maintained for at least five (5) years following the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record. At a minimum, the most recent two (2) years of data shall be maintained on site. The remaining three (3) years of data may be maintained off site, but must remain accessible within a reasonable time. Where appropriate, the permittee may maintain records electronically (on a computer, on computer floppy disks, CDs, DVDs, or magnetic tape disks), on microfilm, or on microfiche.
- 3.4.2. Odors. For the purposes of 45CSR4, the permittee shall maintain a record of all odor complaints received, any investigation performed in response to such a complaint, and any responsive action(s) taken.

[45CSR§4. State-Enforceable only.]

3.5. Reporting Requirements

3.5.1. **Responsible official.** Any application form, report, or compliance certification required by this permit to be submitted to the DAQ and/or USEPA shall contain a certification by the responsible official that

states that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate and complete.

- 3.5.2. **Confidential information.** A permittee may request confidential treatment for the submission of reporting required by this permit pursuant to the limitations and procedures of W.Va. Code § 22-5-10 and 45CSR31.
- 3.5.3. **Correspondence.** All notices, requests, demands, submissions and other communications required or permitted to be made to the Secretary of DEP and/or USEPA shall be made in writing and shall be deemed to have been duly given when delivered by hand, or mailed first class with postage prepaid to the address(es) set forth below or to such other person or address as the Secretary of the Department of Environmental Protection may designate:

If to the DAQ:	If to the USEPA:
Director	Associate Director
WVDEP	Office of Air Enforcement and Compliance
Division of Air Quality	Assistance (3AP20)
601 57th Street, SE	U. S. Environmental Protection Agency
Charleston, WV 25304-2345	Region III 1650 Arch Street Philadelphia, PA 19103-2029

3.5.4. Operating Fee.

- 3.5.4.1. In accordance with 45CSR30 Operating Permit Program, the permittee shall submit a Certified Emissions Statement (CES) and pay fees on an annual basis in accordance with the submittal requirements of the Division of Air Quality. A receipt for the appropriate fee shall be maintained on the premises for which the receipt has been issued, and shall be made immediately available for inspection by the Secretary or his/her duly authorized representative.
- 3.5.5. **Emission inventory.** At such time(s) as the Secretary may designate, the permittee herein shall prepare and submit an emission inventory for the previous year, addressing the emissions from the facility and/or process(es) authorized herein, in accordance with the emission inventory submittal requirements of the Division of Air Quality. After the initial submittal, the Secretary may, based upon the type and quantity of the pollutants emitted, establish a frequency other than on an annual basis.

4.0. Source-Specific Requirements

4.1. Limitations and Standards

- 4.1.1. Maximum Raw Material Throughput Limitation. The maximum hourly throughput (tons per hour input) of raw material to be handled or processed shall not exceed 125 tons per hour (TPH) without effecting a modification.
- 4.1.2. Maximum Raw Material Yearly Throughput Limitation. The maximum yearly throughput of raw material handled or processed shall not exceed 1,095,000 tons per year (TPY) without effecting a modification. Compliance with the Maximum Raw Material Yearly Throughput shall be determined using a twelve month rolling total. A twelve month rolling total shall mean the sum of the raw material throughput at any given time during the previous twelve consecutive calendar months.
- 4.1.3. The permitted facility shall comply with all applicable requirements of 45CSR§7 "To Prevent and Control Particulate Matter Air Pollution from Manufacturing Processes and Associated Operations," provided that the facility shall comply with any more stringent requirements as may be set forth under section 4.1. of this permit. The pertinent sections of 45CSR§7 applicable to this facility include, but are not limited to, the following:

No person shall cause, suffer, allow or permit emission of smoke and/or particulate matter into the open air from any process source operation which is greater than twenty (20) percent opacity, except as noted in subsections 3.2, 3.3, 3.4, 3.5, 3.6, and 3.7. **[45CSR§7-3.1.]**

The provisions of subsection 3.1 shall not apply to smoke and/or particulate matter emitted from any process source operation which is less than forty (40) percent opacity for any period or periods aggregating no more than five (5) minutes in any sixty (60) minute period. [45CSR§7-3.2.]

No person shall cause, suffer, allow or permit particulate matter to be vented into the open air from any type source operation or duplicate source operation, or from all air pollution control equipment installed on any type source operation or duplicate source operation in excess of the quantity specified under the appropriate source operation type in Table 45-7A found at the end of this rule. [45CSR§7-4.1.]

No person shall cause, suffer, allow, or permit any manufacturing process generating fugitive particulate matter to operate that is not equipped with a system to minimize the emissions of fugitive particulate matter. To minimize means that a particulate capture or suppression system shall be installed to ensure the lowest fugitive particulate emissions reasonably achievable. The permitted facility shall comply with all applicable requirements of 45CSR§7, with the exception of any more stringent limitations set forth in Section 4.1. of this permit.

[45CSR§7-5.1.]

The owner or operator of a plant shall maintain particulate matter control of the plant premises, and plant owned, leased or controlled access roads, by paving, application of asphalt, chemical dust suppressants or other suitable dust control measures. Good operating practices shall be implemented and when necessary particulate matter suppressants shall be applied in relation to stockpiling and general material handling to minimize particulate matter generation and atmospheric entrainment. [45CSR§7-5.2.]

- 4.1.4. Minimization of Fugitive Emissions, Methods and Required Systems
 - a. The registrant shall not cause, allow or permit a nonmetallic mineral processing plant to operate that is not equipped with a fugitive dust control system(s). Such system(s) shall be operated and maintained in such a manner as to effectively minimize the emission of particulate matter into the open air;
 - b. The registrant shall maintain fugitive dust control of the premises and owned, leased or controlled haulroads and access roads by paving, utilization of a water truck and/or other suitable measures. Good operating methods, practices and general maintenance shall be observed in relation to stockpiling, truck, railcar or barge loading, grinding, breaking and screening to effectively minimize the emission of particulate matter;
 - c. To maintain effective fugitive dust control of the premises and minimize the emission of particulate matter, fugitive dust generation and atmospheric entrainment of particulate matter, the registrant shall properly install, operate and maintain a fugitive dust control system(s) designed in accordance with good engineering practices and observe and employ good operating methods, practices and general maintenance.
- 4.1.5. Compliance Requirements for Owners and Operators of Compression Ignition Internal Combustion Engines shall:
 - (1) Operate and maintain the stationary CI internal combustion engine and control device according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions;
 - (2) Change only those emission-related settings that are permitted by the manufacturer; and
 - (3) Meet the requirements of 40 CFR parts 89, 94 and/or 1068, as they apply to you.
- 4.1.6. Regulated Pollutant Limitation. The registrant shall not cause, suffer, allow or permit emissions of PM, PM₁₀, VOC, SO₂, NO_x and CO, from any registered reciprocating internal combustion engine to exceed the potential to emit (pounds per hour and tons per year) listed.

	Engine (DG-E)					
Engine	Engine Caterpillar C-9 (Diesel)					
Power Rating (hp)	2010 Model, 300 hp (224 kw)@2200 RPM					
Pollutant	lb/hr	TPY				
PM/PM ₁₀ /PM _{2.5}	0.24	1.04				
Sulfur Dioxide	0.22	0.97				
Nitrogen Oxide	3.37	14.75				
Carbon Monoxide	0.73	3.18				
Hydrocarbons (VOCs)	0.27	1.20				

4.1.7. The engine shall be equipped with a non-resettable hour meter prior to the startup of the engine.

- 4.1.8. After October 01, 2010, the engine shall only consume diesel fuel meeting the following requirements:
 - A. Maximum sulfur content of 15 ppm;
 - B. Cetane index or aromatic content as follows:
 - 1. A minimum cetane index of 40; or
 - 2. A minimum aromatic content of 35% by volume.

4.2. Monitoring Requirements

- 4.2.1. For the purpose of determining compliance with the opacity limits of 45CSR7, the permittee shall conduct visible emission checks and/or opacity monitoring and recordkeeping for all emission sources subject to an opacity limit.
 - 4.2.1.1 The visible emission check shall determine the presence or absence of visible emissions. At a minimum, the observer must be trained and knowledgeable regarding the effects of background contrast, ambient lighting, observer position relative to lighting, wind, and the presence of uncombined water (condensing water vapor) on the visibility of emissions. This training may be obtained from written materials found in the References 1 and 2 from 40CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 22 or from the lecture portion of the 40CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 certification course.
 - 4.2.1.2 Visible emission checks shall be conducted at least once per calendar month with a maximum of forty-five (45) days between consecutive readings. These checks shall be performed at each source (stack, transfer point, fugitive emission source, etc.) for a sufficient time interval, but no less than one (1) minute, to determine if any visible emissions are present. Visible emission checks shall be performed during periods of normal facility operation and appropriate weather conditions.
 - 4.2.1.3 If visible emissions are present at a source(s) for three (3) consecutive monthly checks, the permittee shall conduct an opacity reading at that source(s) using the procedures and requirements of Method 9 as soon as practicable, but within seventy-two (72) hours of the final visual emission check. A Method 9 observation at a source(s) restarts the count of the number of consecutive readings with the presence of visible emissions.
- 4.2.2 For the purpose of determining compliance with Sections 4.1.1., 4.1.2. and 4.1.7., the permittee shall monitor the amount of rock processed, and hours the engine operated on a daily basis. Records of such monitoring and a 12-month rolling total of stone processed shall be maintained in accordance with Section 3.4.

4.3. Testing Requirements

4.3.1. See Facility-Wide Testing Requirements Section 3.4.

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4.4. Recordkeeping Requirements

- 4.4.1. To demonstrate compliance with section 4.1.1., 4.1.2. and 4.1.7., the registrant shall maintain records of the amount and type of raw material and the hours of operation. Said records shall be maintained on site for a period of five (5) years. Said records shall be readily available to the Director of the Division of Air Quality or his/her duly authorized representative for expeditious inspection and review. Any records submitted to the agency pursuant to a requirement of this permit or upon request by the Director shall be certified by a responsible official.
- 4.4.2. The permittee shall keep on site all information or documents noting the internal combustion engine for the portable crushing and screening unit is certified in accordance with 40 CFR Part 89 for the same model year and engine power or records of performance test results showing compliance with emission limits of Section 4.1.6. Such records shall be maintained on site for the life of the engine at the facility.
- 4.4.4. The permittee shall maintain records of all monitoring data required by Section 4.2 documenting the date and time of each visible emission check, the emission point or equipment / source identification number, the name or means of identification of the observer, the results of the check(s), whether the visible emissions are normal for the process, and, if applicable, all corrective measures taken or planned. The permittee shall also record the general weather conditions (i.e. sunny, approximately 80°F, 6-10 mph NE wind) during the visual emission check(s). Should a visible emission observation be required to be performed per the requirements specified in Method 9, the data records of each observation shall be maintained per the requirements of Method 9. For an emission unit out of service during the normal monthly evaluation, the record of observation may note "out of service" (O/S) or equivalent.

APPENDIX A - MONTHLY/QUARTERLY OPACITY REPORT

Date of Observation:

Date Entered by:

Reviewed by:

Date Reviewed:

-

General Weather Conditions:

Emission Point ID	Description of Emission Point	Time of Observation	Visible Emissions (Yes/No)	Consecutive Months of Visible Emission	Comments

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CERTIFICATION OF DATA ACCURACY

I, the undersigned, hereby certif	y that, based on information and	l belief formed after reasonable
inquiry, all information contained in the attached _		, representing
the period beginning	and ending	, and
any supporting documents appended hereto, is true	e, accurate, and complete.	

Signature ¹				
(please use blue ink)	Responsible Official or Authorized Representative		Date	
Name and Title				
(please print or type)	Name		Title	
Telephone No.		Fax No		

- ¹ This form shall be signed by a "Responsible Official." "Responsible Official" means one of the following:
 - a. For a corporation: The president, secretary, treasurer, or vice-president of the corporation in charge of a principal business function, or any other person who performs similar policy or decision-making functions for the corporation, or a duly authorized representative of such person if the representative is responsible for the overall operation of one or more manufacturing, production, or operating facilities applying for or subject to a permit and either:
 - (i) the facilities employ more than 250 persons or have a gross annual sales or expenditures exceeding \$25 million (in second quarter 1980 dollars), or
 - (ii) the delegation of authority to such representative is approved in advance by the Director;
 - b. For a partnership or sole proprietorship: a general partner or the proprietor, respectively;
 - c. For a municipality, State, Federal, or other public entity: either a principal executive officer or ranking elected official. For the purposes of this part, a principal executive officer of a Federal agency includes the chief executive officer having responsibility for the overall operations of a principal geographic unit of the agency (e.g., a Regional Administrator of USEPA); or
 - d. The designated representative delegated with such authority and approved in advance by the Director.