

Appendix F-3

EPA/FLM/Stakeholder Outreach and Presentations

West Virginia Division of Air Quality 601 57th Street, SE Charleston, WV 25304

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Appendix F-3a

Consultation Record

West Virginia Division of Air Quality 601 57th Street, SE Charleston, WV 25304

VISTAS FLM/EPA Consultation Record As of October 26, 2020

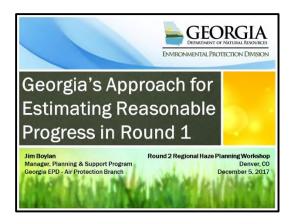
- 1. December 5-7, 2017 Denver, national RH meeting, various presentations FLMs, EPA OAQPS, Region 3, Region 4, RPOs, various VISTAS agency attendees
- 2. January 31, 2018 teleconference, presentation FLMs, EPA Region 4, CC/TAWG
- 3. August 1, 2018 teleconference, presentation FLMs, EPA OAQPS, Region 3, Region 4, CC/TAWG
- 4. September 5, 2018 teleconference, presentation MJOs
- 5. June 3, 2019 teleconference, presentation FLMs, EPA OAQPS, Region 3, Region 4, CC/TAWG
- 6. October 28-30, 2019 St Louis national RH meeting, various presentations FLMs, EPA OAQPS, Region 3, Region 4, RPOs, various VISTAS agency attendees
- 7. April 2, 2020 teleconference, presentation FLMS, EPA OAQPS, Region 3, Region 4, CC/TAWG
- 8. April 21, 2020 teleconference, presentation MJOs
- 9. May 11, 2020 teleconference, presentation FLMs, EPA OAQPS, Region 3, Region 4, CC/TAWG
- 10. May 20, 2020 webinar, presentation stakeholders, FLMs, EPA OAQPS, Region 3, Region 4, RPOs and member states, STAD, CC/TAWG
- 11. July 30, 2020 webinar, presentation EPA Region 3, Region 4, and OAOPS
- 12. August 4, 2020 webinar, presentation, FLMs, EPA OAQPS, Region 3, Region 4, RPOs and member states, CC/TAWG
- 13. October 26, 2020 webinar, presentation, EPA Region 3, Region 4 during the Fall 2020 air directors' meeting

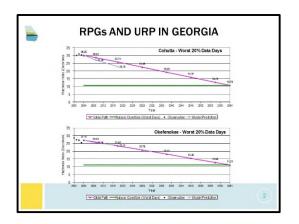


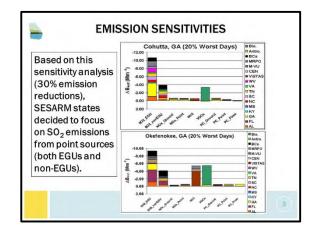
Appendix F-3b

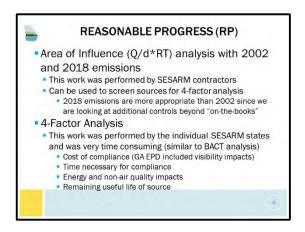
National Regional Haze Meeting Denver, Colorado December 5-7, 2017

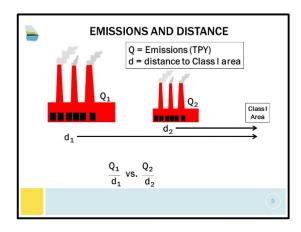
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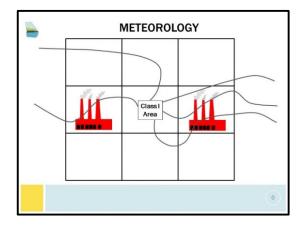


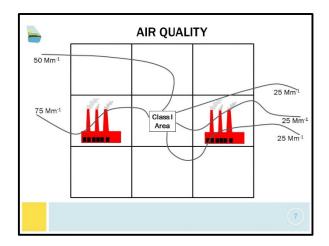


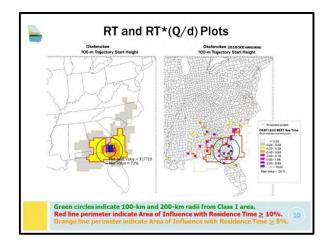


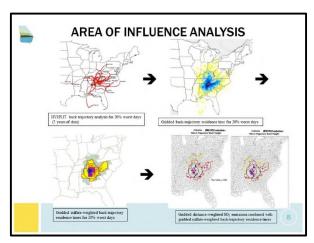




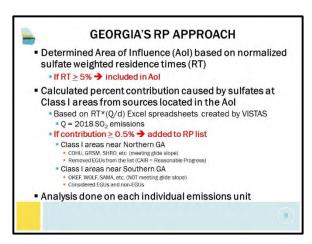




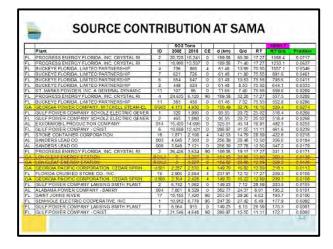


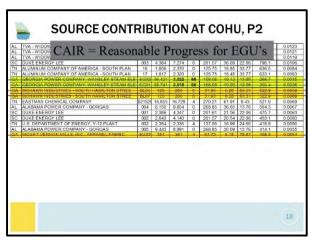


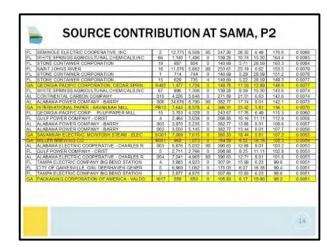
			502						4ATTER E	0.8134
_	Plant	ID	[2002 G]		Œ	d (km)	0/6	RT	ATON	Principle
FL	SAINT JOHNS RIVER	17	10,185	7,420	90	65.12	113.95	65.70	7486.4	0.1671
FL	SAINT JOHNS RIVER	16	11,076	5,682	90	65.12	90.33	R5 70	5034.6	0.1325
FL	JEFFERSON SMURFIT CORPÓRATION (US)	15	3,242	2.639	٩	64.58	66.35	71.58	4033.3	0.0900
FL	CEDAR BAY GEVERATING COMPANY L.P.	GEN 1	0	2,227	90	61.17	35.41	65.70	2392.1	0.0534
GA	GEORGIA-PACIFIC BRUNSWICK OPERATIONS	Fil	1,642	1,842	4	75,48	24.41	71.47	1745.5	0.0389
FL	RAYONIER PERFORMANCE FIBERS LLC	6	0.075	1,256	0	63.34	1983	71.58	1419.7	0.0317
PL.	SEMINOLE ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE, INC.	1	10,912	6,779	95	121.83	55.64	22.94	1276.5	0.0265
PL	SENIMOLE ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE, INC.	- 2	12.775	6,506	95	121.53	53.42	22,94	1225.4	0.0274
CoA.	JESUP MILL RAYONIER PERFORMANCE FIBERS	PE03	1,428	1.597	4	106.27	15.63	71:58	1075/7	0.0240
FL	WHITE SPRINGS AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS INC	66	1,140	1,496	0	69.96	21 39	48.01	1044.0	0 0233
F)_	WHITE SPRINGS AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS INC.	67	996	1,308	0	69.96	18.69	48.81	9123	0.0204
FL	IFF CHEMICAL HOLDINGS, INC.	3	624	733	8	56.66	1294	65.70	850.1	0.0190
FL	GEORGIA-PACIFIC CORP. PULPIPAPER WILL	15	3,703	4,329	0	125.55	34.43	22.94	790.9	0.0177
GA.	INTERNATIONAL PAPER - SAVANNAH BILL	9913	7,643	E.S/R		179.94	47.78	15.50	7428	0.0106
FL	MILLENNIUM SPECIALTY CHEMICALS	- 6	506	500	0	60.46	9.76	65.70	6415	0.0143
GΑ	SAVAUVAH ELECTRIC MONTOSH STEAM ELEC	SG01	7,089	7,015	0	201.69	84.88	35.51	5397	6.0150
GA.	JESUP MILL RAYONIER PERFORMANCE FIBERS	E.B05	556	E\$4)	4	106,37	5.87	71.58	419.5	0.0094
FL	PROGRESS ENERGY FLORIDA, INC. CRYSTAL RI	2	20,728	15,241	0	205.50	74.06	5.47	405.1	0,0090
GA.	SAVANIVAH ELECTRIC KRAFT STEAM - ELECTRI	\$600	3.992	4.474	0	182,45	24.52	15.53	360.9	0.0083
FL	PROGRESS ENERGY FLORIDA, INC. GRYSTAL RI	1	18,998	13,537	0	205.60	65.78	5.47	359 8	0.0080
GA,	GEORGIA POWER COMPANY, MITCHELL STEAM EL	Sam	:A,173	4.990	Q	706.79	21.64	34:43	344.0	0.0077
FL	JEFFERSON SMURFIT CORPORATION (US)	- 6	257	300	- 0	64.42	4.66	71.58	333.3	0.0074
SC	SCEAG CANADYS	091	6,214	5,203	0	295.33	17.62	16.79	295.6	0.0066
FL	MILLENWIUM SPECIALTY CHEMICALS	5	237	269	0	60.46	4.15	65.70	2927	0.0085
SC	SCE&G:CANADYS	002	6,585	5,144	0	295,35	17.42	16.79	292.4	0.0063
P.L	GEORGIA-PACIFIC CORP. PULPIPAPER MILL	16	1,354	1.581	4	125.05	12.59	22.94	265.0	0.0064
FL.	ANCHOR GLASS CONTAINER CORPORATION	4	161	212	0	59.64	3.60	65.70	236.5	0.0053
FL.	ANCHOR GLASS CONTAINER CORPORATION	- 3	156	206	0	59.64	349	65.70	229 1	0.0051
GA.	JESUP MILL RAYONIER PERFORMANCE FIBERS	RF04	286	334	0	105.88	3.15	71.58	225.7	0.0050
GA	JESUP MILL. RAYONIER PERFORMANCE FIEERS	RF01	289	333	0	106.22	3.14	71:58	2246	0.0050

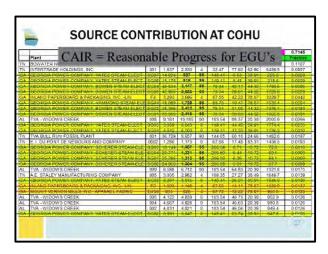


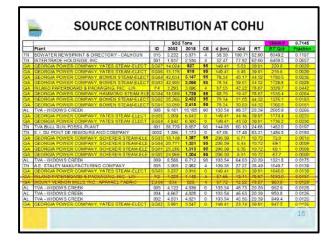
_		-	IBUTION		_	_		_	_	
-	Plant	In	2002		CE	d (km)	QM	RT	RECM	Freshe
	GEORGIA-PACIFIC SRIPISSIVICE OPERATIONS	21	1.542	1.012		25.35	61.00	73.01	AT17.4	0.1255
-	SAINT JOHRS RIVER	12	10.185	7.420	96	105.18	70.55	50.75	3580.2	0.0948
Ť	SAINT JOHNS RIVER	15	11 07 6		90	105.11	56.92	60.75	2538 1	0.0752
Ġ.	INTERNATIONAL PAPER - SAVANNAS MILL	9513	7.543		-4	85.00	00.00	30.08	2507.0	0.0654
1	JEFFERSON SMURFIT CORPORATION (US)	15		3.639	- 4	75.87	47 99	50.75	2435.7	0.0845
À	SAVANNAM FLECTRIC MONTOSH STEAM FLEC	9601	7,089		- 2	112.77	62.24	35.09	1560.9	0.0413
	SAVANNAH ELECTRIC KRAFT STEAM - ELECTRI	9603		4.474	- 6	90.18	41.62	25.00	1244.6	0.0330
	CEDAR BAY GENERATING COMPANY L.P.	GE101	- 0		- 6	107 25	21.77		2053.9	0.0273
ă.	LIESUP MILL RAYOMER PERFORMANCE FIBERS	10903	1 423	1.691	-4	62.37	25 62	34 46	\$93.0	0.0237
0	RAYON PRIFFEREDRIMANCE FIRERS LLC.	6	1 075		- 6	78 09	15.03	50.75	876 5	0.0216
c	SCERG CANADYS	001	6.214		- 6	201.47	25.83	24.20	625.0	0.0185
č	SCEAG CANADYS	002		5,144	- 0	201.47	25.53	24.20	617.9	0.0154
Ť	SENTABLE ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE INC.	1	10 912		95	182.71	37.10	15.88	589.2	0.0156
Ē	SEMINOLE ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE INC.	2	12.775	6 503	35	192.71	35.62	15.88	546.6	0.0150
A	GEORGIA-PACIFIC BRITISHYCK OPERATIONS	5624	165	193	- 6	28.39	E 80	73.01	496.8	0.0131
	GEORGIA-PACIFIC COSP MAVANNAH RIVER MILL	8001	1 571	1.844	96	109 91	18.72	25.23	420.2	0.0111
c	SANTEE COOPERJEFFERIES	003	11.315	€.761	- 1	244.63	27.64	14.73	417.1	- 0.0108
ċ	SANTEE COOPER JEFFERIES	1004	11 769		- 0	244 (2)	27.02	14.73	393.0	0.0105
Ē	GEORGIA-PACIFIC CORP. PULPIPAPER MUL.	115	3 763	4 329	- 6	199.33	22.95	19.98	362.1	0.0096
	LIESUP MILL RAYONIER PERFORMANCE FIBERS	4502	364	604	- 4	62.25	19 02	34.05	549.1	0.0000
8	GEORGIA DADIEC CORP SAVANDAN BIVER MILL	Sec. 1972	1211	1.415	0.0	100.05	12.67	25.08	322.5	0.0055
L	IFF CHEMICAL HOLDINGS INC	3	524	733	- 6	119.65	6.13	50.75	311.1	0.0082
8	MEADWESTVACO CORPORATION INC	006	2.315	2 706	- 0	213.39	12.66	24.20	306.9	0.0031
	GEORGIA PACIFIC CORP SAVANNAH RIVER MILL	6003	1.097	1.762	91	109.99	11.56	25.08	7923	0.0077
×	CAMAMIAN CHOAG NC ACRY	10000	1.065	-666	=	4144	-110	PC 00	699.0	6 93 FH
	MILLERNIUM SPECIALTY CHEMICALS	6	505	690	- 0	113.26	5.21	50.75	264.6	0.0070
ć	G/ANT CEMENT CO	005	2 325	3.893	10	222.68	17.49	14.78	258.8	0.0068
×.	SOUTHERN STATES PHOSPHATE & FERT LIZER C	3,402	641	803	- 1	83.52	9.62	29.08	241.4	0.0054
č	SANTEE COOPER CROSS	3	- 0	3,895	- 0-	244.36	15.69	14,73	231.2	- 0.0061
C	HOLCIMHOLLYHILL	90.2	2.957	4,074	- 6	235.411	17.31	12.19	211.0	0.0055
Σ	SANTEE COOPER CROSS	00.2	10.260	3,380	9.7	244.36	12.03	14.73	203.8	0.0054
1	JEFFERSON SMJEFIT CORPORATION (US)	6	257	300	- 1	76.04	3.92	50.75	200.2	0.0053
A	SAVANNAH ELECTRIC KRAFT STEAM - ELECTRI	5002	1,374			99.18	7.93	25.00	159.T	0.0092
W.	INTERSTATE PAPER LLC	21	161	188	- 6	64.67	4.20	46,53	134.1	0.0051
т	SAVAMIAH ELECTRIC KRAFT STEMP - ELECTRI	5001	1.616	691	-	90.16	7.86	25.08	157.1	0.0051

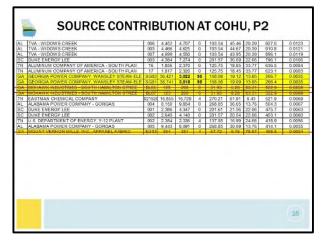


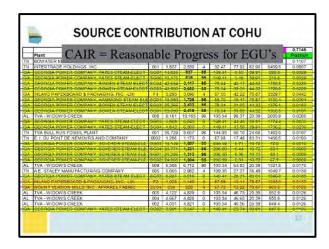


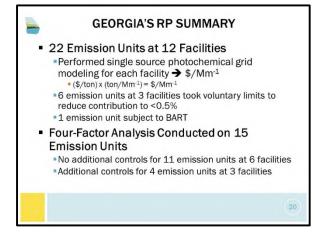


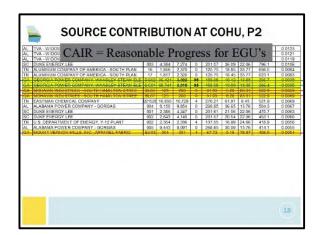


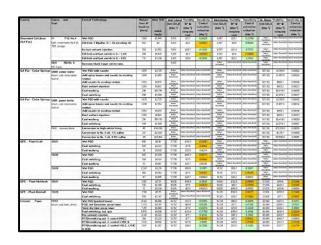


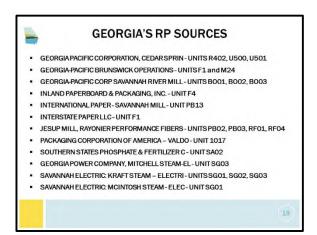


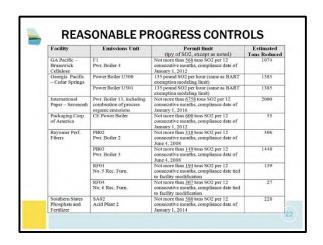


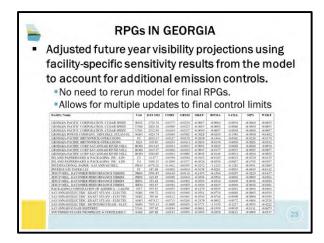


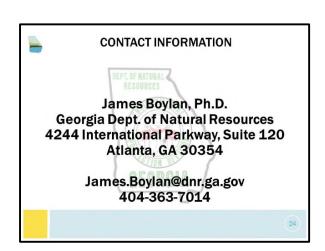


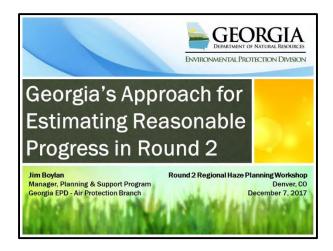


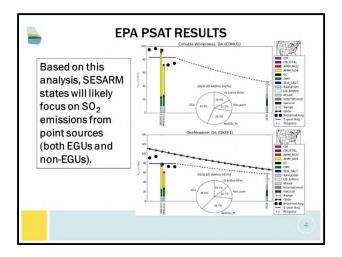


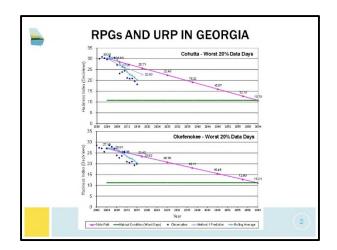


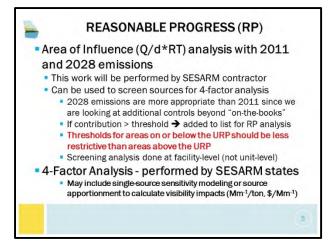


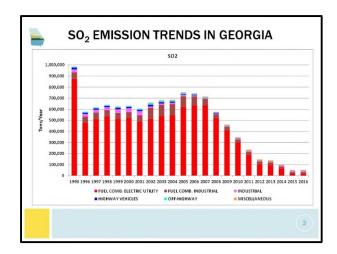


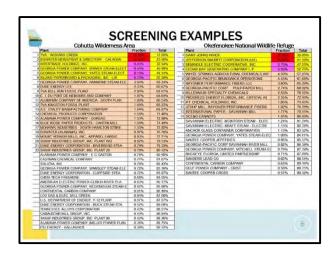










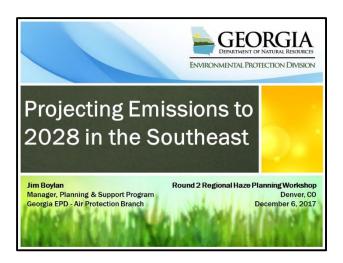


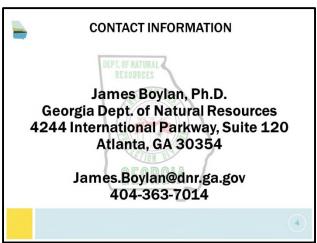
CONTACT INFORMATION

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DEPT. OF HATURAL RESOURCES

James.Boylan@dnr.ga.gov 404-363-7014







EPA PLATFORM

- SESARM plans to use EPA's 2011/2028 modeling platform (v6.3el)
- SESARM will make adjustments to 2028 point sources
- Reasons for going with EPA's platform
 - Timing
 - Will not meet SIP deadline with any other option
 - Budget
 - Regional Haze budget significantly less in Round 2 compared to Round 1
 - Most of the sources sectors are reasonably represented in EPA's platform (i.e., SIP quality)

2



POINT SOURCE ADJUSTMENTS

- SESARM plans to make adjustments to point sources in EPA's 2011/2028 modeling platform
- EGU Point Sources
 - EPA modeling used IPM and assumed CPP controls
 - Option 1 Use ERTAC EGU 2028 SMOKE files to replace IPM
 - Option 2 Scale the EPA 2028 hourly EGU emissions up/down based on ERTAC EGU annual emission and/or state feedback
- Non-EGU Point Sources
 - Scale the EPA 2028 hourly non-EGU emissions up/down based on feedback from SESARM states
 - Plan to look at 2016 NEI and EPA's non-EGU updates in most recent 2017 and 2023 transport modeling

ERTAC EGU Projection Tool: Origin and Uses



Combined cycle facility under construction, slated

Doris McLeod 1 Julie McDill, PE 2 Byeong-Uk Kim, PhD 3 Jin-Sheng Lin, PhD 1 Joseph Jakuta 4 Mark Janssen 5

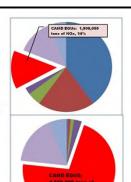
- ¹ Virginia Department of Environmental Quality ² Mid-Atlantic Regional Air Management Association
- Georgia Environmental Protection Division
 Ozone Transport Commission
- Lake Michigan Air Directors Consortium

Attributes of ERTAC Model

- · Conservative no big swings in power generation.
- Data intensive needs substantial state-supplied data.
- · Regional and fuel modularity.
- · Calculates future hourly estimates based on base year activity.
- · Test hourly reserve capacity.
- Quickly evaluates various scenarios;
 - e.g., unit retirement, growth, and control

CAMD EGU Data

- Clean Air Markets Division
- High quality hourly data in electronic format reported under 40 CFR Part 75 for fossil fuel fired units > 25 MWs
 - Activity (heat input, gross load)
 - Emissions (usually NO_x, SO₂, and CO₃)
- Emission contributions of the EGU sector
 - 2011 CAMD data: ≈4,800 unique units
 - 14% of the NO_x inventory
 - 71% of the SO₂ inventory



*Data from 2011 NEI v1

Introduction to ERTAC EGU v2.7

State and planning organization collaboration to build a model to project future EGU emissions suited to state air quality planning **Starting Points**

- Base Year (BY) hourly continuous emissions monitor (CEM) data
- BY & FY unit activity matches meteorology
 More realistic for SIP modeling
- Regional growth rates (GRs) EIA AEO2017 & NERC
- Information Supplied By States as of Spring 2017
 - · Controls, fuel-switches, other

ERTAC EGU Tool Generates Future Hourly Estimates

- Regional unit capacity never exceeded
- · Unmet demand applied to other units
- Generation deficit units (GDUs) created if demand exceeds system capacity on an hourly basis

Hourly Emissions Converted to SMOKE Format for AQ Modeling

Eastern Regional Technical Advisory Committee (ERTAC)

ERTAC EGU growth convened 2009

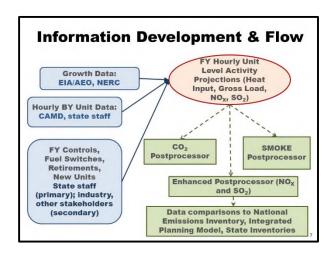
Goal: Build a low-cost, stable/stiff, fast, and transparent model to project electric generating unit (EGU) emissions including reasonable temporal profiles for activity and emissions

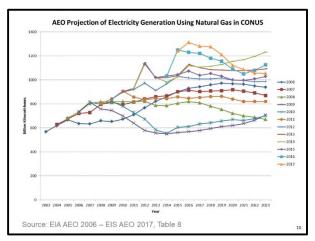
Uses: Provide EGU inventories suitable for

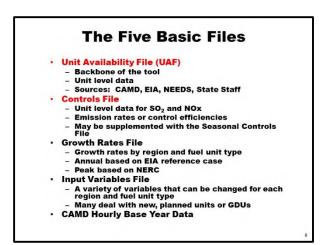
- State Implementation Plan (SIP) submittals
- Air quality modeling efforts

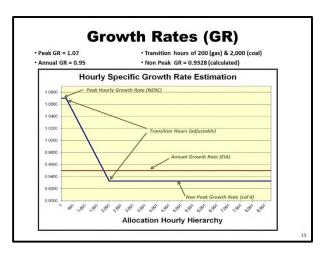
How the Model Works

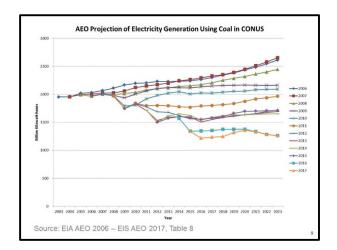
- Unit-level inventory of EGUs (capacity, fuel type, controls, hourly CEMs data for base year).
- Apply EIA-AEO growth rates by region and fuel type (model does not transfer generation between regions or between fuels).
- Model matches available capacity to projected demand; creates "demand deficit" units if demand exceeds capacity.
- For units that exceed hourly or annual capacity limits, add generation to Excess Generation Pool.
- **Empty Excess Generation Pool to other available** units.
- Calculate emissions and convert to SMOKE and create reports (model does not generate new controls).

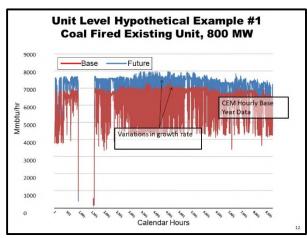


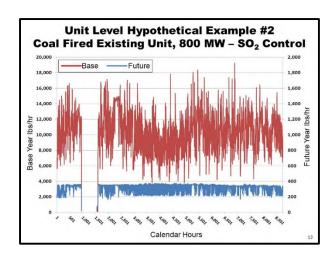


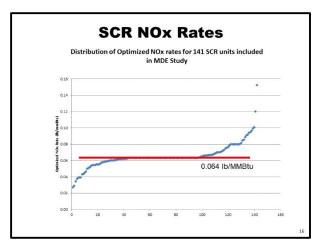


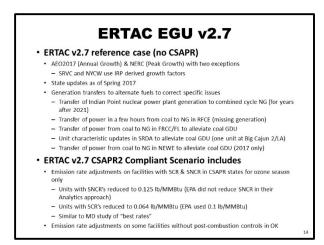


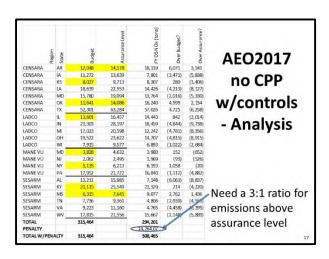


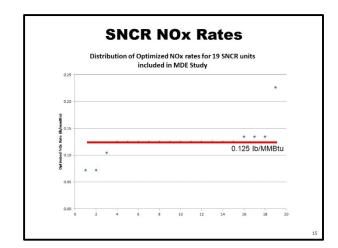


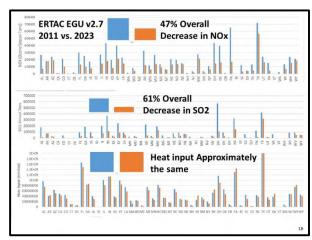


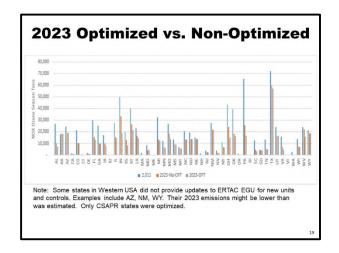












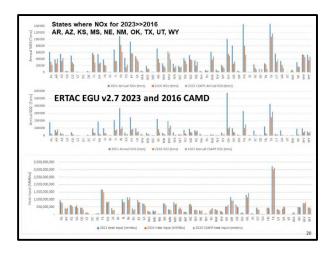
ERTAC EGU Contacts

- States send comments to:
 - NE: Wendy Jacobs Wendy.Jacobs@ct.gov
 - Southeast: John HornbackHornback@metro4-sesarm.org
 - Midwest: John Welch
 JWelch@idem.in.gov
 - CENRAP: Mark Janssen
 Janssen@ladco.org
 ertacegufeedback@gmail.com

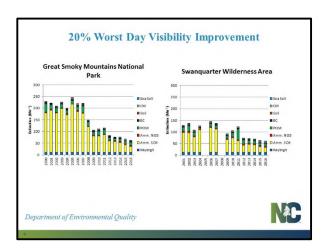
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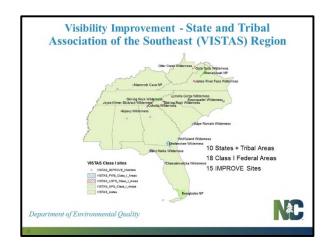
Additional Information

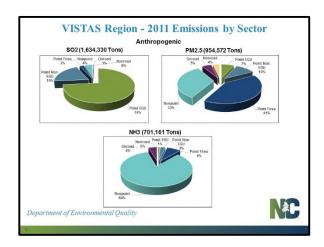
- ERTAC EGU files are located here:
 - http://www.marama.org/2013-ertac-egu-forecasting-tool-documentation
 - Currently the latest files on MARAMA webpage are v2.6
 - MARAMA expects to post v.2.7 shortly
 - Also, 2028 ERTAC EGU files are available
- Other ERTAC materials are located here:
 - Sign In <u>URL:https://marama.sharefile.com/</u>
 - Username:apaty@marama.org
 - Password:ERTACoutr3ach
- Next, will create a 2016 base year with new projections.

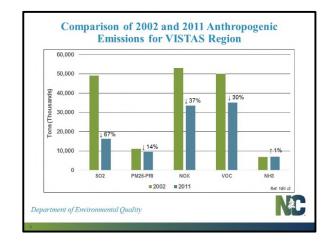


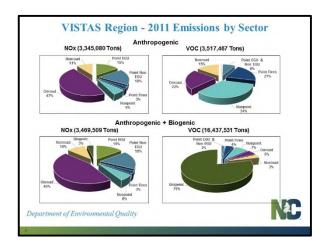


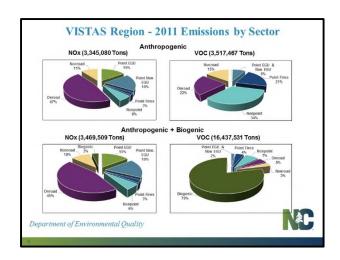




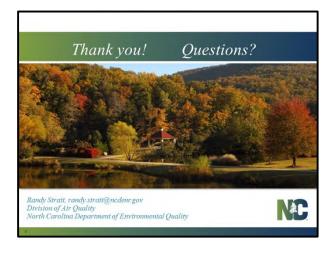














Appendix F-3c

Presentation to FLMs, EPA Region 4 CC/TAWG January 31, 2018

West Virginia Division of Air Quality 601 57th Street, SE Charleston, WV 25304



VISTAS

FLM/EPA Discussion January 31, 2018

Planned Approach (1)

- · Similar to last regional haze planning effort
- · About half of the time of the first project
- · About 5% of the funding
- Will use EPA's 2011 base year and 2028 future year inventory and modeling platform
- Will provide slight adjustments to 2028 inventories for EGUs and some other major sources
- Will use EPA inventories for other categories





Planned Approach (2)

- · Intentions
 - assess where we are currently
 - assess 2028 expected visibility and glide slope
 - evaluate progress
 - evaluate impacts on VISTAS Class I areas
 - evaluate downwind receptor impacts
 - consult with surrounding regions
 - consult with FLMs
 - interact with EPA
 - communicate with stakeholders
 - support state SIP submittals by July 31, 2021 deadline

VISTAS Organization

- STAD State and Tribal Air Directors (policy)
- Coordinating Committee (operations)
- · Technical Analysis Work Group
- Project Coordinator (John Hornback)
- EPA
- FLMs
- Stakeholders
- · Other RPOs

Procurement Process

- RFP released December 21
- Proposal submittal deadline January 26
- 3 proposals received
 - 1 sole bid
 - 2 team bids
- · Selection Committee formed and operating
- Recommendation goal by February 15

Contractor Arrangements

- Execute contract by March 1
- Develop concurrent work plan and QAPP
- Submit QAPP to EPA by March 15
- Receive QAPP approval from EPA by April 15
- · Contractor queuing during April
- · Technical work begins by May 1

Technical Project Components (2)

- · Air quality modeling
- · Source apportionment tagging
- · Model performance evaluation
- · Future year model projections
- · Data handling and sharing
- · Optional tasks

Technical Project Schedule

- States will begin preparing inventory updates after March 1
- · Air quality modeling completed by December
- · Other analysis and evaluation by next spring
- All deliverables including data and reports by June 20, 2019
- · States begin developing there SIPs thereafter
- States submit SIPs by July 31, 2021

Discussion

- Q&A
- Feedback
- Next steps

Technical Project Components (1)

- Project management
- · Emissions inventory updates
- · Emissions processing
- · Data acquisition and preparation
- · Area of influence analysis

Contact Information

- Project Coordinator: John Hornback
- Phone: 404-361-4000
- E-mail: hornback@metro4-sesarm.org
- · Web: www.metro4-sesarm.org
 - Technical center tab
 - Contractor web site
 - Cloud?





Appendix F-3d

VISTAS Call with FLMs August 1, 2018

West Virginia Division of Air Quality 601 57th Street, SE Charleston, WV 25304

Promoting a healthy environment





VISTAS Technical Plan



- · Similar to last regional haze planning effort
- EPA's 2011 el base year emissions (unchanged)
- EPA's 2028 el future year emissions with state specific adjustments for EGU and non-EGU point sources
- EPA's 2028 el inventories without adjustment for other categories
- · CAMx v6.40 with PSAT



Presentation Outline



- · Introductory comments
- · VISTAS contractors
- · Completed, ongoing, and future work
- · Collaboration/consultation
- · State SIP development
- · Response to National Park Service questions
- · Additional Q&A
- · Concluding comments



VISTAS Contractors



- Contractor
 - Eastern Research Group



- Subcontractor
 - Alpine Geophysics





VISTAS Tasks



- · Determine current visibility
- Determine 2028 expected visibility and glide slopes
- · Perform Area of Influence (AOI) analysis
- Perform source apportionment analysis (PSAT)
- Produce documentation
- Support state SIP submittals by July 31, 2021 deadline
- NOTE: Individual VISTAS states will assess reasonable progress for sources in their own state



Progress Report (documents)



- December 21, 2017 RFP released
- · January 26, 2018 Proposals received
- · March 1, 2018 Contract awarded
- April 4, 2018 QAPP (approved by EPA Region 4)
- · April 19, 2018 Work plan approved
- June 27, 2018 Modeling protocol approved *
 *(review and input from EPA OAQPS and Region 4)

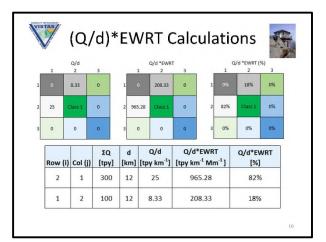


Progress Report

(completed/in process)



- Emission inventory updates complete
- Emission inventory update report nearing completion
- Emission processing/merging complete
- · 2028 simulation running
- Benchmarking complete (draft report rec'd)
- · Base year modeling initiated





Progress Report

(remaining schedule)



- September 1, 2018 base year modeling
- September 1, 2018 area of influence analysis
- October 1, 2018 model performance evaluation
- December 1, 2018 future year modeling
- December 31, 2018 future year projections
- · April 19, 2019 PSAT modeling
- May 3, 2019 PSAT results
- July 1, 2019 final report and project ends



Consultation Plan



- Late 2017/early 2018 initiated by MANE-VU
- December 5-7, 2017 WESTAR Round 2 Regional Haze Planning Workshop
- January 31, 2018 discussions with FLMs
- · August 1, 2018 discussions with FLMs
- · Late summer 2018/spring 2019 stakeholders
- · Ongoing EPA OAQPS and Regions 3 & 4
- Ongoing FLMs especially late-2018/early-2019
- 2019 surrounding RPOs (to be initiated by VISTAS states)

Extinction Weighted Residence Time Calculations $\Sigma \tau_{ij} \ \left| \Sigma (bext_k) \tau_{ijk} \right.$ $(bext_k)\tau_{ijk}$ (bext_L) EWRT Col Trajector (i) (j) hours (k) [Mm⁻¹] [hrs] [Mm⁻¹hrs] [hrs] [Mm⁻¹ hrs] [Mm⁻¹] 1 (Red) 375 695 38.61 2 (Orange) 80 4 320 1 (Yellow) 50 200 25 2 (Purple)



State SIP Development



- · Underway via ...
 - Participation in VISTAS process
 - Collaboration and consultation with all interests
- State-specific considerations/analyses have begun and will continue as project deliverables are completed/distributed
- SIP submittals due July 31, 2021



Questions/Answers



- Using EPA 2011 and 2028 inventories and modeling platform with some upgrades
 - Yes
- 2011 and 2028 inventories
 - 2011 was not adjusted
 - 2028 EGU and non-EGU point updates completed June 30, 2018
 - Inventory update report final due by mid-August

13



Questions/Answers



- Will states be on their own to evaluate control strategies?
 - Each state is ultimately responsible for determinations of the content of their SIPs, as in the last round.
 - Yet, much collaboration will occur in this project leading up to determinations of sources to evaluate and evaluations of feasible controls.

16



Questions/Answers



- Area of influence analysis and SO₂/NO_x rankings for 2011 and 2028
 - To be completed by September 1, 2018
- · 2028 projections:
 - Modeling to be completed by December 1, 2018
 - Projections to be completed by December 31, 2018
- · Nature of 2028 modeling
 - "on-the books / on the way" (required/enforceable)

14



Questions/Answers



- How will states use data generated to screen sources for 4-factor analysis?
 - Specific approach(es) be determined.
 - FLM input will be considered.
 - Threshold options
 - Cumulative source contribution (e.g., 80%, 60%, 40%,...)
 - Individual contributions by unit or facility (e.g., 1%, 5%, 10%,...)

17



Questions/Answers



- · VISTAS states' usage of project deliverables
- AOI review September-December 2018
- Will use AOI to rank and select sources
- Start 4-factor analysis early 2019
 - Source apportionment will be part of 4-factor analysis and can be used to adjust reasonable progress goals (RPGs) if additional controls are required
 - May use CoST tool, EPA's Air Pollution Control Cost Manual, data obtained from facilities, etc.
 - Will consult with FLMs regarding screening and selection methodology and process for sources

15



Questions/Answers



- · Will a best-and-final run be conducted?
 - Not in contract at this time
 - PSAT can be used to adjust RPGs for new controls at individual facilities without another CAMx run
- Use of state-specific modeling domains?
 - Possible uses include brute force sensitivities, CAMx v6.5, fine grid modeling, best and final CAMx run, etc.



Questions/Answers



- Opportunities for FLM input
 - Ongoing
 - AOI will be used for ranking sources.
 - Expect this to occur September-December 2018.
 - FLMs may provide thoughts at anytime
 - Early sharing of FLM concerns and reasons would be helpful

19



For Further Information (Contact)



- · Project Coordinator
 - John Hornback Metro 4/SESARM hornback@metro4-sesarm.org
- Coord Committee Chair
 - Jim Boylan Georgia

james.boylan@dnr.ga.gov

- Tech Analysis WG Co-chairs
 - Randy Strait North Carolina
 - Alanna Keller West Virginia

randy.strait@ncdenr.gov alanna.j.keller@wv.gov

- Web site
 - https:metro4-sesarm.org
 - Selected information will be made available from the Technical Center dropdown on this web site.
 - Other information will be made available upon request.

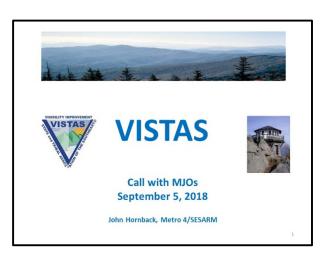


Appendix F-3e

VISTAS Presentation to other RPOs September 5, 2018

West Virginia Division of Air Quality 601 57th Street, SE Charleston, WV 25304

Promoting a healthy environment





VISTAS Technical Plan



- · Similar to last regional haze planning effort
- EPA's 2011 el base year emissions (unchanged)
- EPA's 2028 el future year emissions with state specific adjustments for EGU and non-EGU point sources
- EPA's 2028 el inventories without adjustment for other categories
- CAMx v6.40 with PSAT



Presentation Outline



- · Introductory comments
- VISTAS contractors
- Completed, ongoing, and future work
- · Collaboration/consultation
- State SIP development
- Response to National Park Service questions
- Additional Q&A
- · Concluding comments



VISTAS Contractors



- Contractor
 - Eastern Research Group
- **ERG**
- Subcontractor
 - Alpine Geophysics





VISTAS Tasks



- · Determine current visibility
- Determine 2028 expected visibility and glide slopes
- · Perform Area of Influence (AOI) analysis
- Perform source apportionment analysis (PSAT)
- · Produce documentation
- Support state SIP submittals by July 31, 2021 deadline
- NOTE: Individual VISTAS states will assess reasonable progress for sources in their own state



Progress Report (documents)



- December 21, 2017 RFP released
- January 26, 2018 Proposals received
- March 1, 2018 Contract awarded
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- April 19, 2018 Work plan approved
- June 27, 2018 Modeling protocol approved *
 *(review and input from EPA OAQPS and Region 4)



Progress Report

(completed/in process)



- 2028 emission inventory updates and report complete
- Conversion of 2028 point source emission files preprocessing – complete (report – nearing completion)
- · 2028 emissions SMOKE modeling ready to begin
- · 2011 base year emissions modeling complete
- Benchmarking ongoing (1st three reports received one approved)
- · Model performance evaluation initiated
- · Area of influence analysis nearing completion



State SIP Development



- Underway via ...
 - Participation in VISTAS process
 - Collaboration and consultation with all interests
- State-specific considerations/analyses have begun and will continue as project deliverables are completed/distributed
- SIP submittals due July 31, 2021

10



Progress Report

(remaining schedule)



- October 1, 2018 model performance evaluation
- · October 31, 2018 AOI analysis & report
- December 1, 2018 future year modeling (currently projected for early November)
- December 31, 2018 future year projections
- · April 19, 2019 PSAT modeling
- May 3, 2019 PSAT results
- July 1, 2019 final report and project ends



Questions/Answers



- Using EPA 2011 and 2028 inventories and modeling platform with some upgrades
 - Yes
- 2011 and 2028 inventories
 - 2011 was not adjusted
 - 2028 EGU and non-EGU point updates completed June 30, 2018
 - Inventory update report final due by mid-August

11



Consultation Plan



- Late 2017/early 2018 initiated by MANE-VU
- December 5-7, 2017 WESTAR Round 2 Regional Haze Planning Workshop
- · January 31, 2018 discussions with FLMs
- · August 1, 2018 discussions with FLMs
- · October 2018 initial discussions with CenSARA
- Fall 2018/spring 2019 stakeholders
- Early/mid-2019 surrounding RPOs (to be initiated by VISTAS states)
- · Ongoing EPA OAQPS and Regions 3 & 4
- Ongoing FLMs especially late-2018/early-2019



Questions/Answers



- Area of influence analysis and SO₂/NO_x rankings for 2011 and 2028
 - To be completed by October 31, 2018
- · 2028 projections:
 - Modeling to be completed by December 1, 2018
 - Projections to be completed by December 31, 2018
- · Nature of 2028 modeling
 - "on-the books / on the way" (required/enforceable)

Appendix F-3 Page 32



Questions/Answers



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 - Start 4-factor analysis early 2019
 - Source apportionment will be part of 4-factor analysis and can be used to adjust reasonable progress goals (RPGs) if additional controls are required
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Questions/Answers



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 - Possible uses include brute force sensitivities, CAMx v6.5, fine grid modeling, best and final CAMx run, etc.

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Questions/Answers



- Will states be on their own to evaluate control strategies?
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 - Yet, much collaboration will occur in this project leading up to determinations of sources to evaluate and evaluations of feasible controls.

14



Questions/Answers



- Opportunities for FLM input
 - Ongoing
 - AOI will be used for ranking sources.
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 - FLMs may provide thoughts at anytime
 - Early sharing of FLM concerns and reasons would be helpful

17



Questions/Answers



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 - FLM input will be considered.
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 - Individual contributions by unit or facility (e.g., 1%, 5%, 10%,...)



For Further Information (Contact)



- Project Coordinator
- John Hornback Metro 4/SESARM hornback@metro4-sesarm.org
- Court Court Har Chair

Coord Committee Chair
 Jim Boylan – Georgia

james.boylan@dnr.ga.gov

- Tech Analysis WG Co-chairs
 - Randy Strait North Carolina
 - Alanna Keller West Virginia

randy.strait@ncdenr.gov alanna.j.keller@wv.gov

- Web site
 - https:metro4-sesarm.org
 - Selected information will be made available on the Technical Center page at this web site.
 - Other information will be made available upon request.



Appendix F-3f

VISTAS Regional Haze Project Update June 3, 2019

West Virginia Division of Air Quality 601 57th Street, SE Charleston, WV 25304

Promoting a healthy environment

VISTAS Regional Haze Project Update



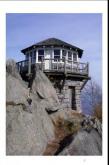
Jim Boylan (GA DNR), Randy Strait (NC DAQ), and John Hornback (Metro 4/SESARM)

> FLM and EPA Consultation Conference Call June 3, 2019



Presentation Outline

- · Background
- Key VISTAS project tasks
- · VISTAS technical analysis status
- · What we've learned
- · Consultation and communications
- Remaining work and projected schedule

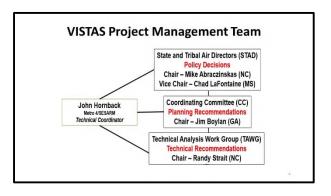


Participating Agencies in VISTAS Project

- Visibility Improvement State and Tribal Association of the Southeast (VISTAS)
- 10 SESARM states
- Knox County, Tennessee local agency
 - Represents the 17 local agencies in the Southeast
- Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians
 - Represents the 6 federally-recognized tribes in the Southeast

1999/2017 Regional Haze Rule

- Reduction of visibility impairment on the 20% "most impaired days" (anthropogenic impairment) in national park and wilderness (Class I) areas to natural conditions by 2064.
- No worsening of visibility on the 20% "clearest" days.
- Development of State Implementation Plans (SIPs) every 10 years to address emissions that contribute to regional haze.
- Round 2 SIP deadline extended to July 31, 2021





Primary Contractor

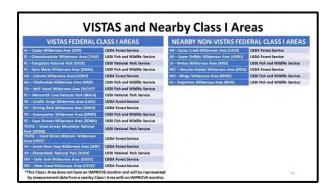
• Eastern Research Group, Inc • Regi Oommen, Project Manager



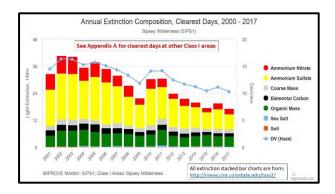
Subcontractor

• Alpine Geophysics, LLC • Greg Stella, Subcontractor Manager

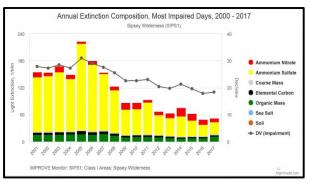


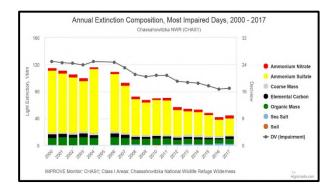


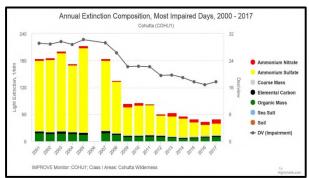


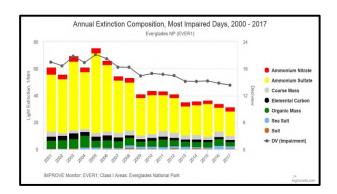


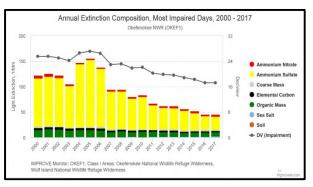


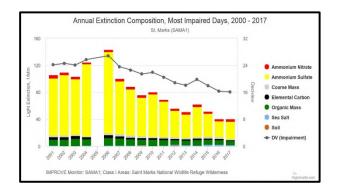


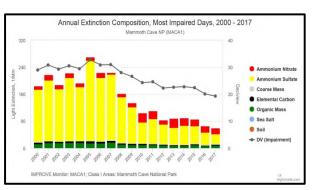


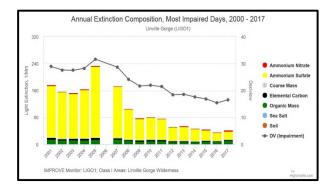


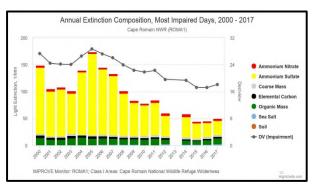


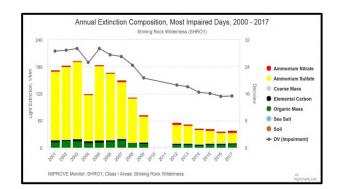


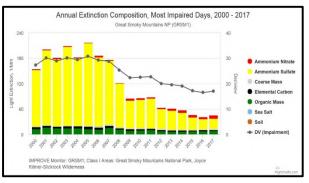


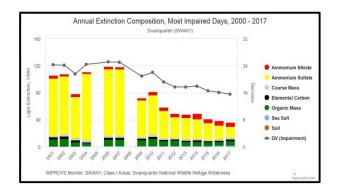


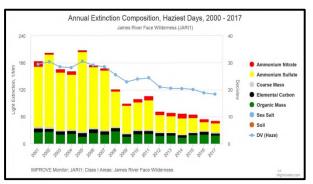


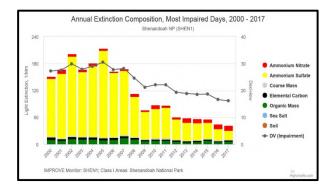


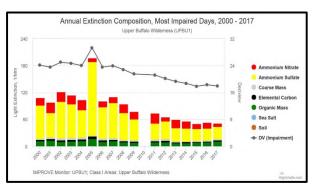


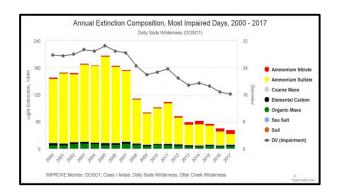


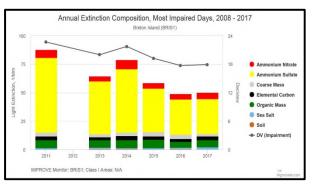


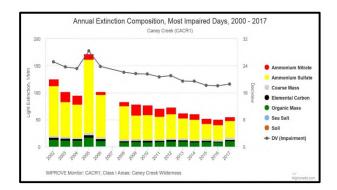


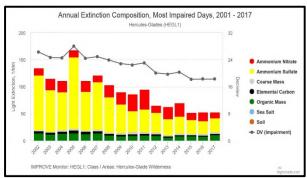


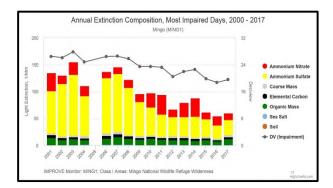


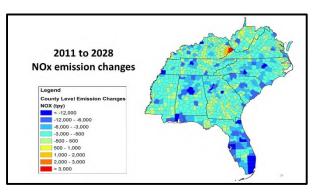


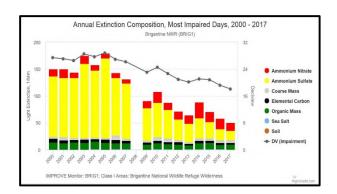


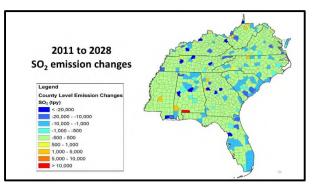












Emissions Updates

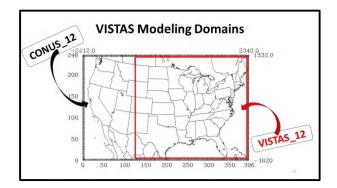
- Used EPA's 2011 base year emissions without change
- Updated EPA's 2028 projection year emissions
 - o EGU and major non-EGU sources
 - o Removed Clean Power Plan assumptions
 - Adjusted for changes in fuels and facility operating plans



VISTAS Air Quality Model

- Started with EPA's 2011/2028 modeling platform
 - Version 6.3el
 - o CAMx v6.32
- Replaced CAMx v6.32 with CAMx v6.40
- Used 2011 meteorology
- Reasons for using EPA platform
 - o Time limited
 - $\circ\, \text{Budget limited}$
 - $\circ\,\text{Most}$ source sectors acceptably represented in EPA platform

36

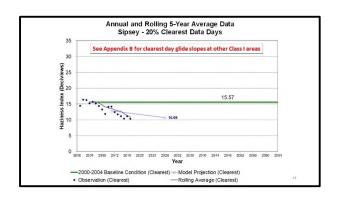


VISTAS Future Year Model Projections

- Calculation of relative response factors (RRFs)
- Gives average percent change in pollutant or species concentrations due to emission changes between 2011 and 2028
- Produces design values for 2028

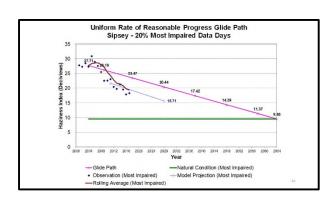
Benchmark Comparisons

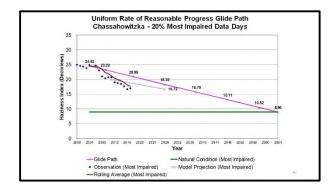
- 1. EPA 2011 with CAMx_6.32 (CONUS) vs. Alpine 2011 with CAMx_6.32 (CONUS)
- Alpine 2011 with CAMx_6.32 (CONUS) vs. Alpine 2011 with CAMx 6.40 (CONUS)
- 3. Alpine 2011 with CAMx_6.40 (CONUS) vs.
 - Alpine 2011 with CAMx_6.40 (VISTAS)
- EPA 2028 with CAMx_6.32 (CONUS) vs.
 Alpine 2028 with CAMx 6.40 (CONUS)
- Alpine 2028 with CAMx_6.40 (CONUS) vs. Alpine 2028 with CAMx_6.40 (VISTAS)

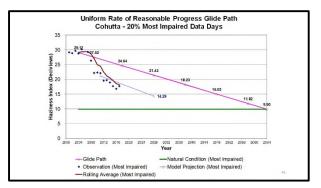


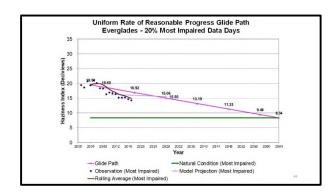
Model Performance Evaluation

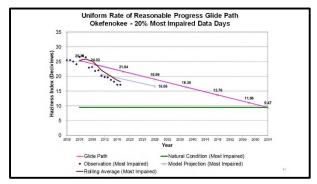
- Compared model results to observations. Looked at statistics, comparison plots, and spatial plots
 - Ozone
 - PM_{2.5} and light extinction
 - · Wet and dry deposition
- Overall, the model performance is generally within the range deemed acceptable for regulatory applications

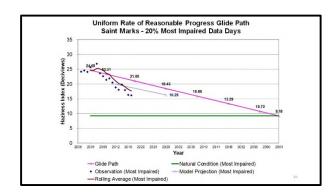


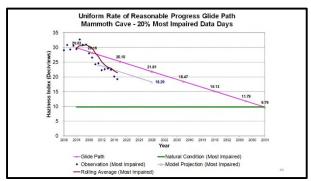


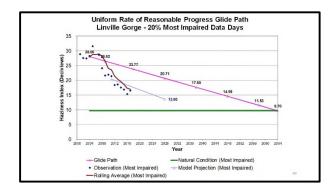


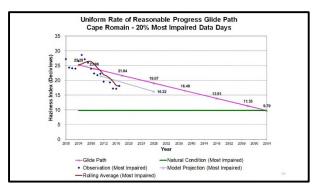


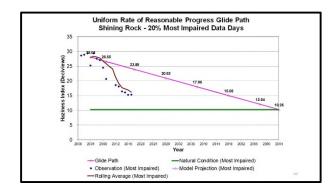


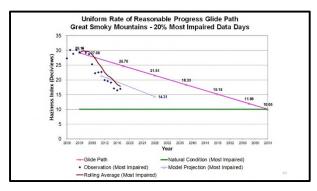


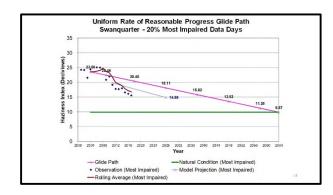


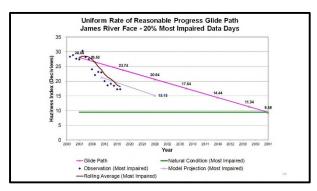


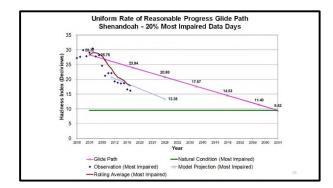


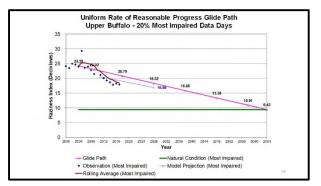


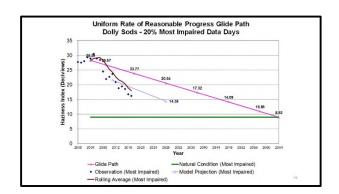


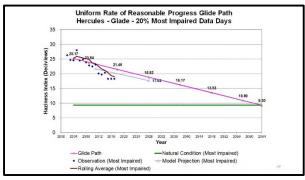


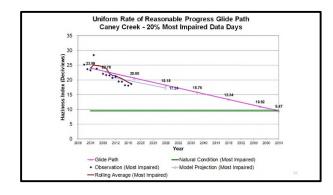


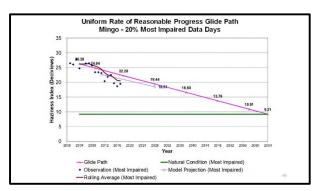


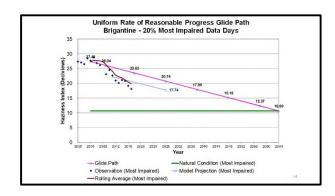


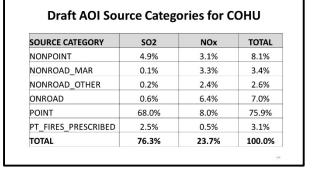


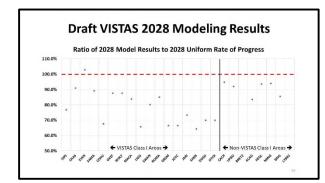












VISTAS Area of Influence (AOI) Analysis

- Evaluates emissions (Q), distance to Class I area (d), and extinction weighted residence time (EWRT) in model grid cells (point) or counties (source categories)
 Formula: (Q/d)*EWRT
- Establishes each facility's contribution to light extinction at each Class I area on the 20% most impaired days
- Ranks facilities based on projected contributions
- Facilities with highest contributions may be subject to 4-factor analysis

Draft AOI Source Categories for WOLF

SOURCE CATEGORY	SO2	NOx	TOTAL
NONPOINT	2.6%	1.5%	4.1%
NONROAD_MAR	1.4%	2.7%	4.1%
NONROAD_OTHER	0.3%	3.0%	3.3%
ONROAD	0.7%	5.2%	5.9%
POINT	70.4%	6.8%	77.1%
PT_FIRES_PRESCRIBED	4.7%	0.8%	5.5%
TOTAL	79.9%	20.1%	100.0%

Draft AOI Point Contributions for WOLF

State	FACILITY NAME	DISTANCE (km)	NOx_2028 (tons/year)	502_2028 (tons/year)	502 Contribution	NOx Contribution
GA.	Brunswick Cellulose Inc	27.9	1,554,5	794.2	8.61%	2.87%
FL	ROCKTENN CP, LLC	74.9	2,316.6	2,606.7	8,34%	0.38%
GA	International Paper Savannah	85.9	1,560.7	3,945.4	7.34%	0.23%
FL	JEA	105.1	651.8	2,094.5	4.31%	0.09%
GA	Georgia-Pacific Consumer Products LP (Savannah River Mill)	109.9	351.5	1,860.2	2.58%	0.03%
FI	WHITE SPRINGS AGRICUITURAL CHEMICALS INC.	173.6	112.4	3,197.8	2.24%	0.01%
SC:	ALUMAX OF SOUTH CAROLINA	223.0	108,1	3,751.7	1,79%	0.00%
FI	RAYONIER PERFORMANCE FIBERS II C	77.4	2,377.1	567.0	1.74%	0.37%
FL	SEMINOLE ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE, INC.	181.4	917.8	3,713.4	1.72%	0.02%
OH	General James M. Gavin Power Plant (0627010056)	845.3	8,122.5	41,595,8	1,67%	0.02%
SC	SANTEE COOPER CROSS GENERATING STATION	251.0	3,2/3.5	4,281.2	1.55%	0.08%
GA	Southern States Phosphote & Fertilizer	84.1	1.0	597.1	1.51%	0.00%
FI	IFF CHEMICAL HOLDINGS, INC.	118.5	37.7	898.9	1.19%	0.00%
FI.	DUKE ENERGY FLORIDA, INC. (DEF)	29G.G	2,489.8	5,306.4	1.16%	0.04%
GA	Ga Power Company - Plant Bowen	458.1	6,643.3	10,453.4	1.05%	0.03%
GA	Savanna® Sugar Kefinery	89.9	521.6	582.0	1.03%	0.07%
50	INTERNATIONAL PAPER FASTOVER	288.7	1,780.3	3,212.9	0,97%	0.05%
GA	Ga Power Company - Plant McManus	27.1	72.2	30.1	0.91%	0.14%
Al	Escambia Operating Company LLC	578.2	349.3	18,974.4	0.88%	0.00%
SC	KAPSTONE CHARLESTON KRAFT LLC	213.6	2.355-8	1.863.7	0.87%	0.09%

Round 1 Facility Tags

acility Stati	Facility RPO	FACILITY_ID_STD	FACILITY_NAME_STD	NOx lag	502 lag
AL	VISTAS	01053-7440211	Escambia Operating Company LLC		1
AL	VISTAS	01053-985111	Escambia Operating Company LLC		1
AL	VISTAS	01073-1018711	DRUMMOND COMPANY, INC.		1
AL	VISTAS		Ala Power - Barry		1
AL	VISTAS	01097-1061611	Union Oil of California - Chunchula Gas Plant		1
AL	VISTAS	01097-949811	Akzo Nobel Chemicals Inc		1
AL	VISTAS	01103-1000011	Nucor Steel Decatur LLC		1
AL	VISTAS	01109-985711	Sanders Lead Co		1
FL.	VISTAS	12005-535411	ROCKTENN CP LLC		1
FL	VISTAS	12017-640611	DUKE ENERGY FLORIDA, INC. (DEF)	1	1
FI.	VISTAS	12031-640211	IFA		1
FL	VISTAS	12033-752711	GULF POWER - Crist		1
FL.	VISTAS	12047-769711	WHITE SPRINGS AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS, INC		1
FI.	VISTAS	12057-538611	TAMPA ELECTRIC COMPANY (TEC)		1
FL	VISTAS	12057-716411	MOSAIC FERTILIZER, LLC		1
FL	VISTAS	12089-753711	ROCK TENN CP, LLC	1	1
FL.	VISTAS	12089-845811	RAYONIER PERFORMANCE FIBERS LLC	1	
FL	VISTAS	12105-717711	MOSAIC FERTILIZER LLC		1
FL	VISTAS	12105-919811	MOSAIC FERTILIZER, LLC		1
FL	VISTAS	12123-752411	BUCKEYE FLORIDA, LIMITED PARTNERSHIP		1

VISTAS Source Apportionment Modeling

- Quantifies visibility impacts from individual point sources, source sectors, and geographic regions
- NOx and SO₂ tagging
- Used for further evaluation of AOI results
- Refines information on contributions to visibility impairment
- Can be used to adjust future year visibility projections to account for additional emission controls
- VISTAS contract with ERG allows for up to 250 tags

Round 1 Facility Tags

acility Stat	e Facility KPU	FACILITY_ID_STD	FACILIT_NAME_SID	NOx lag	SUZ lag
GA	VISTAS	13015-2813011	Ga Power Company - Plant Bowen		1
GΛ	VISTAS	13051-3679811	International Paper - Savannah		1
GA	VISTAS	13127-3721011	Brunswick Cellulose Inc		1
KY	VISTAS	21091-7352411	Century Aluminum of KY ILC		1
KY	VISTAS	21145-6037011	Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) - Shawnee Fossil Plant		1
KY	VISTAS	21177-5196711	Tennessee Valley Authority - Paradise Fossil Plant		1
KY	VISTAS	21183-5561611	Big Rivers Electric Corp - Wilson Station		1
NC	VISTAS	37013-8479311	PCS Phosphate Company, Inc Aurora		1
NC	VISTAS	37087-7920511	Blue Ridge Paper Products - Canton Mill		1
SC	VISTAS	45015-4834911	ALUMAX OF SOUTH CAROLINA		1
SC	VISTAS	45019-4973611	KAPSTONE CHARLESTON KRAFT LLC	1	1
SC	VISTAS	45043-5698611	INTERNATIONAL PAPER GEORGETOWN MILL		1
TN	VISTAS	47001-6196011	TVA BULL RUN FOSSIL PLANT	1	1
IN	VISTAS	47009-9159211	Mc Ghee Tyson	1	1
TN	VISTAS	47093-4979911	Cemex - Knoxville Plant	1	1
TN	VISTAS	47105-4129211	TATE & LYLE, Loudon	1	1
TN	VISTAS	47145-4979111	IVA KINGSTON FOSSIL PLANT		1
TN	VISTAS	47161 4979311	TVA CUMBERLAND FOSSIL PLANT		1
TN	VISTAS	47163-3982311	EASTMAN CHEMICAL COMPANY		1

PSAT SO₂ and NOx Tags

Round 1 (124 tags)

- Total SO₂ tags for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 MJOs = 13 tags
- Total NOx tags for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 MJOs = 13 tags
 EGU point SO₂ tags for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 MJOs = 13 tags
 EGU point NOx tags for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 MJOs = 13 tags
- SO₂ tags for individual VISTAS facilities = 51 tags
- NOx tags for individual VISTAS facilities = 21 tags

- Round 2 (45 tags identified so far...)

 Non-EGU point SO₂ for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 MJOs = 13 tags
 Non-EGU point NOx for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 MJOs = 13 tags
- SO₂ tags for individual non-VISTAS facilities = 13 tags
- NOx tags for individual non-VISTAS facilities = 4 tags

Round 1 Facility Tags

Facility State	Facility RPO	FACILITY ID STD	FACILITY NAME STD	NOx Tag	SO2 Tag
VA	VISTAS	51023-5039811	Roanoke Cement Company	_	1
VA	VISTAS	51027-4034811	Jewell Coke Company LLP		1
VA	VISTAS	51580-5798711	Meadwestvaco Packaging Resource Group		1
WV	VISTAS	54023-6257011	Dominion Resources, Inc MOUNT STORM POWER STATION	1	1
WV	VISTAS	54033 6271711	ALLEGHENY ENERGY SUPPLY CO, LLC HARRISON	1	1
WV	VISTAS	54041-6900311	EQUITRANS - COPLEY RUN CS 70	1	
WV	VISTAS	54049-4864511	AMERICAN BITUMINOUS POWER: GRANT TOWN PLT	1	1
WV	VISTAS	54051-6902311	MITCHELL PLANT	1	1
WV	VISTAS	54061-16320111	LONGVIEW POWER	1	1
WV	VISTAS	54061 6773611	MONONGAHELA POWER CO FORT MARTIN POWER	1	1
WV	VISTAS	54061-6773811	MORGANTOWN ENERGY ASSOCIATES	1	1
WV	VISTAS	54073-4782811	MONONGAHELA POWER CO-PLEASANTS POWER STA	1	1
WV	VISTAS	54079 6789111	APPALACHIAN POWER COMPANY - JOHN E AMOS PLANT	1	1
WV	VISTAS	54083-6790511	GLADY 6C4350	1	
WV	VISTAS	54083-6790711	FILES CREEK GC4340	1	
WV	VISTAS	54093-6327811	KINGSFORD MANUFACTURING COMPANY	1	1



What We've Learned

- The major facility landscape continues to change o Shutdowns, fuel switches, additional emission controls
- Emissions continue to go down
- SO₂ emissions are still the major haze contributor, but NOx emissions are becoming more important
- Regional haze levels continue to be reduced
- Visibility improvement is well ahead of schedule

4-Factor Analysis

- States will evaluate certain sources and emissions to determine if reasonable controls are in place or available
- Considers four important factors
 - o Potential costs of compliance
 - o Time necessary for compliance
 - Energy and non-air quality environmental impacts of compliance
 - o Remaining useful life of sources subject to this analysis

VISTAS Consultation and Communications

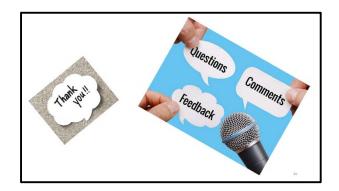
- \bullet Sharing information with EPA OAQPS, Regions 3 and 4
- Sharing information and seeking input from Federal Land Managers (next call early June)
- Preparing for briefing to stakeholders (later this year)
- Considering a face-to-face VISTAS meeting TBD
- Working with RPO colleagues towards a national regional haze meeting this fall
- VISTAS staff available to present information at meetings in your state upon request

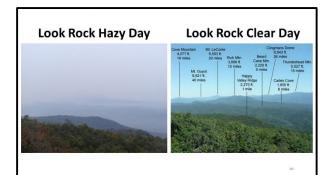
nearing completion
done
nearing completion
nearing completion
beginning in May
draft results available

Task	Schedule
Benchmarking	May-June 2019
Area of influence analysis	May 2019
Source apportionment (tagging)	August 2019
Data collection/analysis	May-June 2019
Future year projections (RRFs)	August 2019
Best and final run???	Necessity uncertain
Final reports and documentation	December 2019
Web site updates and postings	Ongoing task

VISTAS State Responsibilities

- Perform 4-factor analysis
- Consult and communicate with state stakeholders
- Consult with in-state FLM contacts if applicable
- Consult with surrounding states if applicable
- Complete state-specific analysis and documentation
- Follow state regulatory and SIP development processes
- Seek input and respond to public comment
- Submit regional haze SIPs to EPA by July 31, 2021
- Why all of this work?





Appendix A

Contact Information

- · James Boylan, PhD., Georgia DNR
 - Email: James.Boylan@dnr.ga.gov
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- Randy Strait, North Carolina DAQ
 - Email: randy.strait@ncdenr.gov • Phone: 919-707-8721
- John Hornback, Metro 4/SESARM
 - Email: hornback@metro4-sesarm.org
 - Phone: 404-361-4000



Annual Extinction Composition, Clearest Days, 2000 - 2017
Sipsey Wilderness (SIPS1)

Ammonium Nitrate

Ammonium Nitrate

Ammonium Nitrate

Ammonium Nitrate

Ammonium Nitrate

Ammonium Nitrate

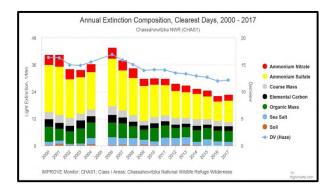
Organic Mass

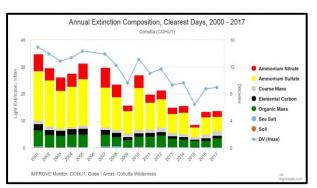
Sea Sait

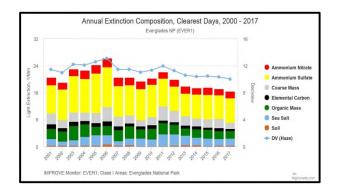
Sol

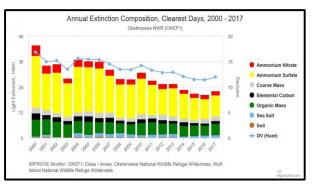
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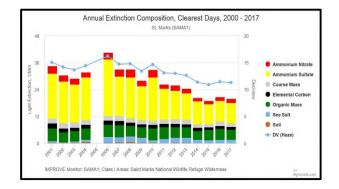
DV (Haze)

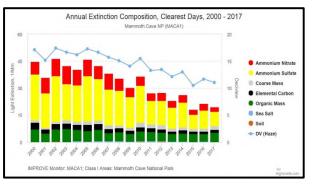


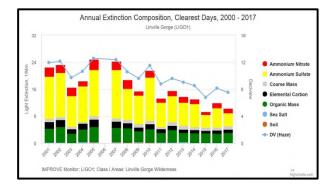


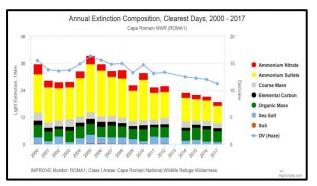


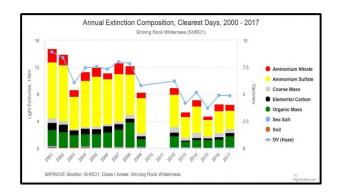


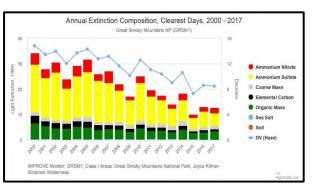


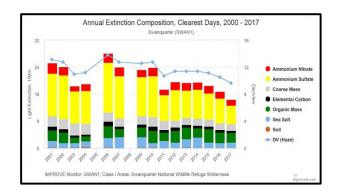


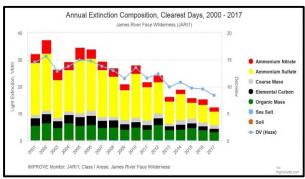


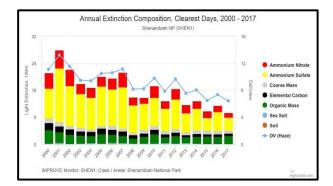


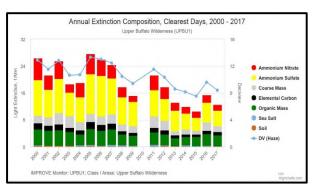


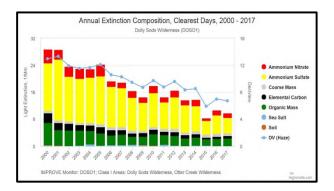


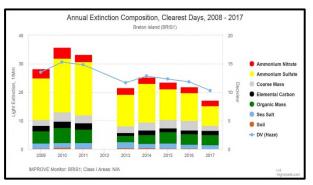


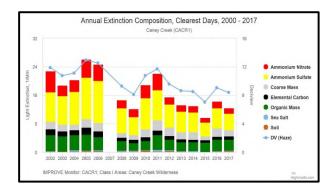


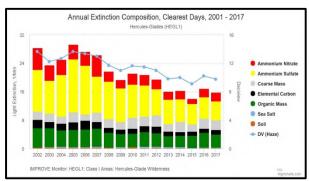


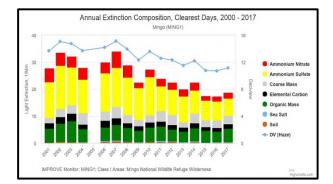


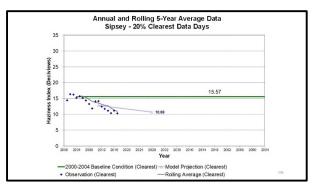


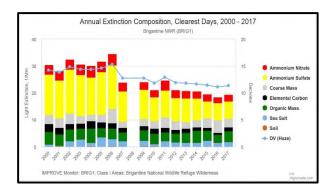


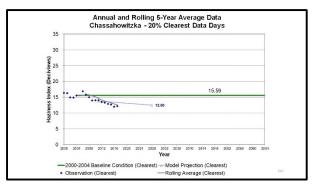




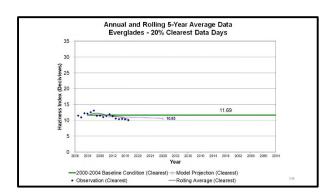


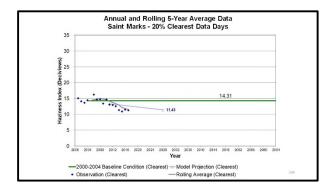


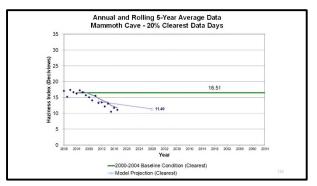


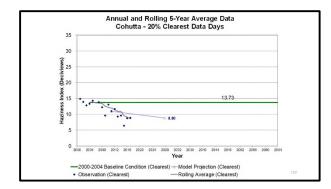


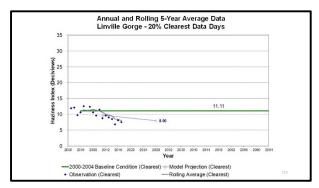
Appendix B

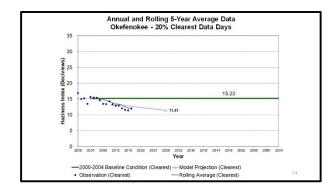


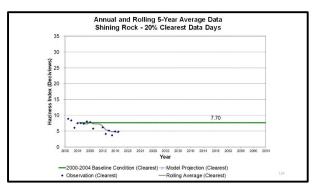


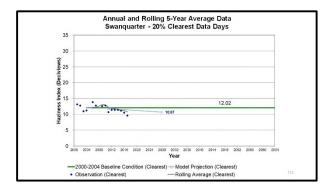


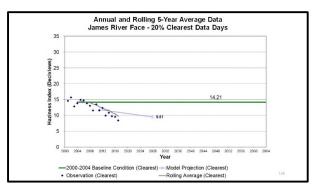


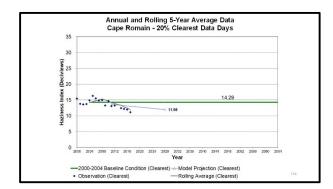


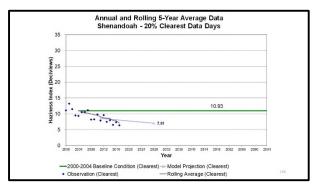


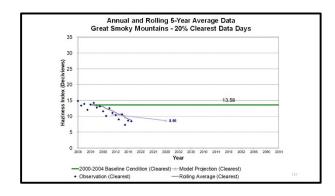


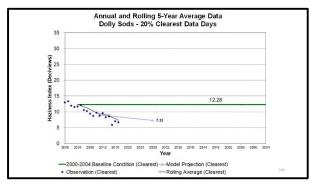


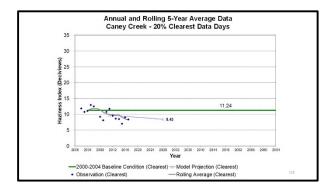


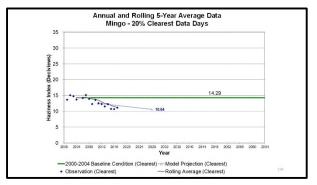


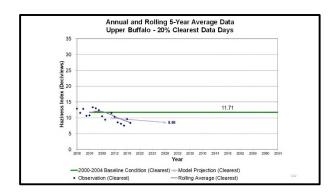


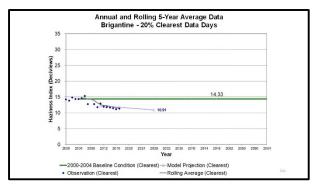


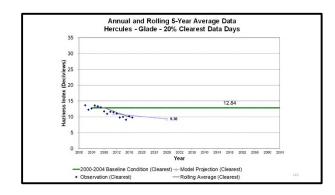


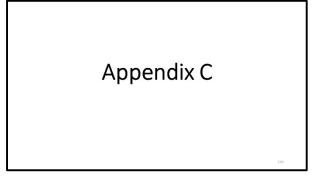












Draft AOI Source Categories for SIPS

SOURCE CATEGORY	SO2	NOx	TOTAL
NONPOINT	9.8%	5.8%	15.5%
NONROAD_MAR	0.1%	4.1%	4.2%
NONROAD_OTHER	0.2%	4.2%	4.4%
ONROAD	0.3%	8.6%	9.0%
POINT	44.4%	13.6%	58.0%
PT_FIRES_PRESCRIBED	6.2%	2.7%	8.9%
TOTAL	61.0%	39.0%	100.0%

Draft AOI Point Contributions for CHAS

State	FACILITY NAME	DISTANCE (km)	NOx_2028 (tons/year)	SO2_2028 (tons/year)	SO2 Contribution	NOx Contribution
FL	DUKE ENERGY FLORIDA, INC. (DEF)	27.4	2,489.8	5,306.4	60.69%	1.86%
FL	TAMPA ELECTRIC COMPANY (TEC)	106.8	2,665.0	6,084.9	4.51%	0.23%
FL	MOSAIC FERTILIZER LLC	112.6	310.4	7,900.7	4.40%	0.02%
FL	CEMEX CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS FLORIDALLC	21.5	631.6	235.0	4.11%	1.00%
FL	MOSAIC FERTILIZER, LLC	99.7	159.7	3,034.1	3.08%	0.02%
FL	C.D. MCINTOSH, IR. POWER PLANT	96.1	1,765.3	4,202.2	2.98%	0.12%
FL	MOSAIC FERTILIZER, LLC	112.2	141.0	4,425.6	2.22%	0.01%
FL	ORLANDO UTILITIES COMMISSION	138.8	4,033.4	2,690.6	1.13%	0.18%
FL	SEMINOLE ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE, INC.	141.2	917.8	3,713.4	0.72%	0.02%
FL	MOSAIC FERTILIZER LLC	123.0	29.5	1,123.5	0.54%	0.00%
AL	Escambia Operating Company LLC	530.7	349.3	18,974.4	0.49%	0.00%
FL	CITY OF GAINESVILLE, GRU	113.1	410.0	881.4	0.47%	0.01%
FL	ROCK TENN CP, LLC	239.3	2,316.8	2,606.7	0.39%	0.03%
FL	WHITE SPRINGS AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS, INC	189.0	112.4	3,197.8	0.38%	0.00%
FL	BUCKEYE FLORIDA, LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	174.0	1,830.7	1,520.4	0.32%	0.02%
FL	JEA	209.3	651.8	2,094.5	0.30%	0.01%
FL	GEORGIA-PACIFIC CONSUMER OPERATIONS LLC	133.7	1,187.6	755.6	0.24%	0.04%
FL	Citrus	27.1	269.2	19.1	0.22%	0.20%
FL	ROCKTENN CP LLC	335.3	1,404.9	2,590.9	0.22%	0.01%
FL	FLORIDA GAS TRANSMISSION COMPANY	13.6	7.1	4.0	0.18%	0.02%

Draft AOI Point Contributions for SIPS

State	FACILITY NAME	DISTANCE (km)	NOx_2028 (tons/year)	SO2_2028 (tons/year)	SO2 Contribution	NOx Contribution
IN	INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER DBA AEP ROCKPORT	398.4	8,806.8	30,536.3	5.58%	0.30%
MO	NEW MADRID POWER PLANT-MARSTON	314.5	4,394.1	16,783.7	3.40%	0.26%
KY	Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) - Shawnee Fossil Plant	337.7	7,007.3	19,504.7	3.23%	0.56%
TN	TVA CUMBERLAND FOSSIL PLANT	228.9	4,916.5	8,427.3	3.11%	0.46%
IN	Gibson	448.7	12,280.3	23,117.2	2.78%	0.26%
KY	Big Rivers Electric Corp - Wilson Station	345.5	1,151.9	6,934.2	1.95%	0.07%
IL	Joppa Steam	346.5	4,706.3	20,509.3	1.90%	0.24%
IN	INDIANAPOLIS POWER & LIGHT PETERSBURG	464.4	10,665.3	18,141.9	1.68%	0.23%
AL	Nucor Steel Decatur LLC	40.0	331.2	170.2	1.66%	0.75%
AL	DRUMMOND COMPANY, INC.	98.7	1,228.5	2,562.2	1.66%	0.16%
AL	Alabama Power - Gorgas	78.5	3,976.4	1,410.8	1.47%	0.80%
AL	Walter Coke, Inc.	99.6	781.8	2,229.2	1.43%	0.10%
MO	SIKESTON POWER STATION-SIKESTON POWER STATION	349.1	1,826.0	12,252.1	1.26%	0.05%
MO	NORANDA ALUMINUM INC. NEW MADRID	314.5	39.1	5,876.5	1.19%	0.00%
IN	Sixeco AB Brown South Indiana Gas & Ele	396.7	1,578.6	7,644.7	1.17%	0.07%
AL	Ala power - MILLER	82.9	11,047.1	1,490.5	1.10%	3.03%
GA	Ga Power Company - Plant Bowen	274.1	6,643.3	10,453.4	1.04%	0.14%
AL	EC Gaston	146.7	2,625.8	2,286.9	0.98%	0.17%
II.	Newton	516.6	1,934.9	10,631.6	0.97%	0.02%
IN	ALCOA WARRICK POWER PLT AGC DIV OF AL	396.3	11.158.6	5,071.3	0.89%	0.61%

Draft AOI Source Categories for EVER

SOURCE CATEGORY	SO2	NOx	TOTAL
NONPOINT	5.4%	6.4%	11.8%
NONROAD_MAR	12.9%	23.2%	36.1%
NONROAD_OTHER	0.4%	12.5%	12.9%
ONROAD	2.0%	17.2%	19.2%
POINT	10.2%	7.5%	17.7%
PT_FIRES_PRESCRIBED	1.8%	0.4%	2.3%
TOTAL	32.8%	67.2%	100.0%

Draft AOI Source Categories for CHAS

SOURCE CATEGORY	SO2	NOx	TOTAL
NONPOINT	0.5%	0.5%	1.0%
NONROAD_MAR	0.1%	0.3%	0.4%
NONROAD_OTHER	0.1%	1.2%	1.3%
ONROAD	0.2%	1.8%	2.0%
POINT	88.6%	4.0%	92.6%
PT_FIRES_PRESCRIBED	2.3%	0.4%	2.7%
TOTAL	91.8%	8.2%	100.0%

Draft AOI Point Contributions for EVER

State	FACILITY NAME	DISTANCE (km)	NOx_2028 (tons/year)	SO2_2028 (tons/year)	SO2 Contribution	NOx Contribution
FL	Miami Intl	58.6	4,371.9	424.9	8.25%	13.27%
FL	MOSAIC FERTILIZER LLC	303.3	310.4	7,900.7	4.70%	0.02%
FL	MIAMI-DADE WATER AND SEWER DEPARTMENT	38.1	50.5	61.1	3.73%	0.41%
FL	TAMPA ELECTRIC COMPANY (TEC)	316.6	2,665.0	6,084.9	2.85%	0.08%
FL	C.D. MCINTOSH, JR. POWER PLANT	322.8	1,765.3	4,202.2	2.68%	0.16%
FL	MOSAIC FERTILIZER, LLC	304.7	141.0	4,425.6	2.56%	0.01%
FL	MIAMI-DADE WATER AND SEWER DEPARTMENT	66.1	51.2	131.8	1.97%	0.11%
FL	Fort Lauderdale/Hollywo	92.1	1,922.6	207.7	1.91%	2.39%
FL	WASTE MANAGEMENT INC. OF FLORIDA	173.2	5.8	390.4	1.87%	0.00%
FL	FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT (PTF)	35.4	170.6	13.0	1.48%	2.35%
FL	MOSAIC FERTILIZER, LLC	322.3	159.7	3,034.1	1.47%	0.01%
FL	ORLANDO UTILITIES COMMISSION	346.1	4,033.4	2,690.6	1.33%	0.24%
TX	Martin Lake	1,552.8	12,358.3	56,110.3	1.11%	0.01%
FL	MOSAIC FERTILIZER LLC	293.1	29.5	1,123.5	1.10%	0.00%
FL	WASTE MANAGEMENT INC. OF FLORIDA	112.0	64.5	175.3	0.92%	0.05%
FL	DUKE ENERGY FLORIDA, INC. (DEF)	443.2	2,489.8	5,306.4	0.79%	0.02%
TX	WA PARISH ELECTRIC GENERATING STATION	1,544.8	3,865.5	37,774.2	0.75%	0.00%
FL	CEMEX CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS FL. LLC.	50.8	910.4	29.5	0.69%	2.76%
FL	SEMINOLE ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE, INC.	490.3	917.8	3,713.4	0.68%	0.02%
IN	INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER DBA AEP ROCKPORT	1.513.9	8,806.8	30,536.3	0.61%	0.04%

Draft AOI Source Categories for SAMA

SOURCE CATEGORY	SO2	NOx	TOTAL
NONPOINT	2.5%	1.4%	3.9%
NONROAD_MAR	0.5%	1.4%	1.8%
NONROAD_OTHER	0.3%	2.1%	2.3%
ONROAD	0.5%	3.1%	3.5%
POINT	61.5%	4.3%	65.8%
PT_FIRES_PRESCRIBED	19.9%	2.7%	22.7%
TOTAL	85.2%	14.8%	100.0%

Draft AOI Point Contributions for COHU

State	FACILITY NAME	(km)	(tons/year)	(tons/year)	Contribution	Contribution
GA	Ga Power Company - Plant Bowen	78.0	6,643.3	10,453.4	18.72%	1.10%
IN	INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER DBA AEP ROCKPORT	410.1	8,806.8	30,536.3	4.47%	0.13%
GA	TEMPLE INLAND	87.4	1,773.4	1,791.0	4.46%	0.17%
IN	Gibson	487.1	12,280.3	23,117.2	2.20%	0.10%
IN	INDIANAPOLIS POWER & LIGHT PETERSBURG	477.0	10,665.3	18,141.9	2.09%	0.15%
KY	Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) - Shawnee Fossil Plant	457.2	7,007.3	19,504.7	2.08%	0.07%
TN	TVA KINGSTON FOSSIL PLANT	124.0	1,687.4	1,886.1	2.08%	0.13%
GA	Ga Power Company - Plant Hammond	88.5	864.9	772.5	1.90%	0.08%
ОН	General James M. Gavin Power Plant (0627010056)	512.0	8,122.5	41,595.8	1.64%	0.02%
TN	TVA CUMBERLAND FOSSIL PLANT	327.0	4,916.5	8,427.3	1.32%	0.09%
KY	Big Rivers Electric Corp - Wilson Station	369.0	1,151.9	6,934.2	1.02%	0.01%
OH	Duke Energy Ohio, Wm. H. Zimmer Station (1413090154)	454.6	7,150.0	22,133.9	1.01%	0.06%
GA	Ga Power Company - Plant Wansley	156.8	2,052.5	4,856.0	1.01%	0.04%
KY	KY Utilities Co - Ghent Station	441.5	7,939.9	10,169.3	1.00%	0.08%
IL	Joppa Steam	466.9	4,706.3	20,509.3	0.99%	0.02%
GA	Mohawk Industries Inc	32.0	66.5	77.1	0.97%	0.07%
TN	EASTMAN CHEMICAL COMPANY	269.8	6,900.3	6,420.2	0.95%	0.08%
MO	AMEREN MISSOURI-LABADIE PLANT	695.4	9,685.5	41,740.3	0.92%	0.01%
TN	TATE & LYLE, Loudon	109.0	883.3	472.8	0.89%	0.09%
IL.	Newton	564.0	1.934.9	10,631.6	0.87%	0.01%

Draft AOI Point Contributions for SAMA

State	FACILITY NAME	DISTANCE (km)	NOx_2028 (tons/year)	SO2_2028 (tons/year)	SO2 Contribution	NOx Contribution
AL	Escambia Operating Company LLC	325.6	349.3	18,974.4	12.05%	0.01%
FL	ROCKTENN CP LLC	140.8	1,404.9	2,590.9	7.26%	0.20%
FL	BUCKEYE FLORIDA, LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	61.4	1.830.7	1,520.4	5.65%	0.43%
FL	DUKE ENERGY FLORIDA, INC. (DEF)	189.3	2,489.8	5,306.4	4.63%	0.20%
FL	WHITE SPRINGS AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS, INC	137.7	112.4	3,197.8	4.29%	0.01%
AL.	Escambia Operating Company LLC	315.0	149.6	8,589.6	3.81%	0.00%
AL	Sanders Lead Co	255.9	121.7	7,951.1	2.60%	0.00%
FL	MOSAIC FERTILIZER LLC	323.9	310.4	7,900.7	1.70%	0.01%
FL	TAMPA ELECTRIC COMPANY (TEC)	307.1	2,665.0	6,084.9	1.62%	0.06%
AL	Ala Power - Barry	383.1	2,181.9	6,025.6	1.42%	0.03%
FL	GULF POWER - Crist	299.5	2,998.4	2,615.7	1.27%	0.06%
AL	Union Oil of California - Chunchula Gas Plant	396.3	349.2	2,573.2	0.97%	0.01%
LA	Columbian Chemicals Co - North Bend Plant	705.9	640.3	7,834.0	0.95%	0.00%
FL	JEA	253.7	651.8	2,094.5	0.91%	0.03%
MO	AMEREN MISSOURI-LABADIE PLANT	1.121.8	9,685.5	41,740.3	0.86%	0.00%
AL	Continental Carbon Company	270.8	1,260.0	2,965.5	0.83%	0.02%
FL	MOSAIC FERTILIZER, LLC	376.1	141.0	4,425.6	0.81%	0.00%
AL	Akzo Nobel Chemicals Inc	383.2	20.7	3,335.7	0.79%	0.00%
AL	PowerSouth Energy Coop - Lowman	390.7	2,910.8	4,394.9	0.76%	0.03%
GA	Georgia-Pacific Corp Cedar Springs Operation	149.2	2,884.2	510.1	0.75%	0.24%

Draft AOI Source Categories for OKEF

SOURCE CATEGORY	SO2	NOx	TOTAL
NONPOINT	1.8%	1.6%	3.4%
NONROAD_MAR	0.6%	5.6%	6.2%
NONROAD_OTHER	0.1%	1.6%	1.7%
ONROAD	0.5%	4.2%	4.6%
POINT	65.6%	5.5%	71.1%
PT_FIRES_PRESCRIBED	10.6%	2.4%	12.9%
TOTAL	79.3%	20.7%	100.0%

Draft AOI Source Categories for COHU

SOURCE CATEGORY	SO2	NOx	TOTAL
NONPOINT	4.9%	3.1%	8.1%
NONROAD_MAR	0.1%	3.3%	3.4%
NONROAD_OTHER	0.2%	2.4%	2.6%
ONROAD	0.6%	6.4%	7.0%
POINT	68.0%	8.0%	75.9%
PT_FIRES_PRESCRIBED	2.5%	0.5%	3.1%
TOTAL	76.3%	23.7%	100.0%

Draft AOI Point Contributions for OKEF

State	FACILITY NAME	DISTANCE (km)	NOx_2028 (tons/year)	SO2_2028 (tons/year)	SO2 Contribution	NOx Contribution
FL	WHITE SPRINGS AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS,INC	71.5	112.4	3,197.8	16.11%	0.03%
FL	ROCKTENN CP, LLC	64.8	2,316.8	2,606.7	12.12%	0.83%
FL	JEA	65.6	651.8	2,094.5	6.23%	0.17%
FL	SEMINOLE ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE, INC.	121.4	917.8	3,713.4	3.08%	0.06%
FL	IFF CHEMICAL HOLDINGS, INC.	56.8	37.7	898.9	3.07%	0.01%
FL	RAYONIER PERFORMANCE FIBERS LLC	63.4	2,327.1	562.0	2.67%	0.86%
GA	International Paper - Savannah	178.9	1,560.7	3,945.4	2.66%	0.07%
FL	BUCKEYE FLORIDA, LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	153.5	1,830.7	1,520.4	2.06%	0.13%
FL	RENESSENZ LLC	59.8	66.3	569.5	1.85%	0.02%
FL	DUKE ENERGY FLORIDA, INC. (DEF)	205.0	2,489.8	5,306.4	1.33%	0.05%
AL	Escambia Operating Company LLC	501.9	349.3	18,974.4	1.20%	0.00%
AL	Sanders Lead Co	384.6	121.7	7,951.1	1.05%	0.00%
AL.	Escambia Operating Company LLC	491.9	149.6	8,589.6	1.02%	0.00%
GA	Georgia-Pacific Consumer Products LP (Savannah River MIII)	197.2	351.5	1,860.2	0.99%	0.01%
GA	Ga Power Company - Plant Bowen	458.1	6,643.3	10,453.4	0.97%	0.05%
GA	Brunswick Cellulose Inc	75.3	1,554.5	294.2	0.96%	0.32%
SC	ALUMAX OF SOUTH CAROLINA	372.7	108.1	3,751.7	0.92%	0.00%
GA.	PCA Valdosta Mill	112.7	1,032.6	485.7	0.80%	0.08%
SC	SANTEE COOPER CROSS GENERATING STATION	348.1	3,273.5	4,281.2	0.80%	0.05%
FL	CITY OF GAINESVILLE, GRU	111.7	410.0	881.4	0.74%	0.03%

Draft AOI Source Categories for WOLF

SOURCE CATEGORY	SO2	NOx	TOTAL
NONPOINT	2.6%	1.5%	4.1%
NONROAD_MAR	1.4%	2.7%	4.1%
NONROAD_OTHER	0.3%	3.0%	3.3%
ONROAD	0.7%	5.2%	5.9%
POINT	70.4%	6.8%	77.1%
PT_FIRES_PRESCRIBED	4.7%	0.8%	5.5%
TOTAL	79.9%	20.1%	100.0%

Draft AOI Point Contributions for MACA

State	FACILITY NAME	(km)	(tons/year)	SO2_2028 (tons/year)	SO2 Contribution	NOx Contribution
IN	INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER DBA AEP ROCKPORT	118.0	8,806.8	30,536.3	16.11%	2.49%
KY	Big Rivers Electric Corp - Wilson Station	89.9	1,151.9	6,934.2	6.42%	0.35%
IN	Gibson	198.2	12,280.3	23,117.2	4.97%	1.15%
KY	Tennessee Valley Authority - Paradise Fossil Plant	75.1	2,927.4	2,990.2	3.54%	1.15%
KY	Century Aluminum of KY LLC	106.0	197.7	5,044.2	3.43%	0.04%
IN	INDIANAPOLIS POWER & LIGHT PETERSBURG	182.9	10,665.3	18,141.9	2.95%	0.91%
IN	Sigeco AB Brown South Indiana Gas & Ele	162.9	1,578.6	7,644.7	2.60%	0.26%
IN	ALCOA WARRICK POWER PLT AGC DIV OF AL	136.1	11,158.6	5,071.3	1.91%	1.66%
IL	Joppa Steam	241.0	4,706.3	20,509.3	1.72%	0.16%
KY	Century Aluminum Sebree LLC	133.2	75.5	4,193.4	1.63%	0.01%
KY	Jennessee Valley Authority (TVA) - Shawnee Fossil Plant	233.6	7,007.3	19,504.7	1.52%	0.14%
TN	TVA CUMBERLAND FOSSIL PLANT	157.6	4,916.5	8,427.3	1.51%	0.34%
IN	ALCOA INC WARRICK OPERATIONS	135.9	332.8	3,897.8	1.47%	0.05%
IN	SABIC INNOVATIVE PLASTICS MT, VERNON LLC	179.3	1,751.8	4,703.4	1.38%	0.17%
OH	General James M. Gavin Power Plant (0627010056)	406.5	8,122.5	41,595.8	1.38%	0.04%
KY	Louisville Gas & Electric Co., Mill Creek Station	104.4	4,169.1	4,335.3	1.29%	0.42%
OH	Duke Energy Ohio, Wm. H. Zimmer Station (1413090154)	256.1	7,150.0	72,133.9	1.16%	0.13%
KY	KY Utilities Co - Ghent Station	204.5	7,939.9	10,169.3	0.97%	0.22%
IN	ESSROC CEMENT CORP	146.5	2,365.0	4,681.2	0.96%	0.17%
MO	SIKESTON POWER STATION-SIKESTON POWER STATION	310.4	1.826.0	12,252.1	0.84%	0.03%

Draft AOI Point Contributions for WOLF

State	FACILITY NAME	DISTANCE (km)	NOx_2028 (tons/year)	SO2_2028 (tons/year)	SO2 Contribution	NOx Contribution
GA	Brunswick Cellulose Inc	27.9	1,554.5	294.2	8.61%	2.87%
FL	ROCKTENN CP, LLC	74.9	2,316.8	2,606.7	8.34%	0.38%
GA	International Paper - Savannah	85.9	1,560.7	3,945.4	7.34%	0.23%
FL	JEA	105.1	651.8	2,094.5	4.31%	0.09%
GA	Georgia-Pacific Consumer Products LP (Savannah River Mill)	109.9	351.5	1,860.2	2.58%	0.03%
FL	WHITE SPRINGS AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS,INC	173.6	112.4	3,197.8	2.24%	0.01%
SC	ALUMAX OF SOUTH CAROLINA	223.0	108.1	3,751.7	1.79%	0.00%
FL	RAYONIER PERFORMANCE FIBERS LLC	77.4	2,327.1	562.0	1.74%	0.37%
FL	SEMINOLE ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE, INC.	181.4	917.8	3,713.4	1.72%	0.02%
ОН	General James M. Gavin Power Plant (0627010056)	845.3	8,122.5	41,595.8	1.67%	0.02%
SC	SANTEE COOPER CROSS GENERATING STATION	251.0	3,273.5	4,281.2	1.55%	0.08%
GA	Southern States Phosphate & Fertilizer	84.1	1.0	597.1	1.51%	0.00%
FL	IFF CHEMICAL HOLDINGS, INC.	118.5	37.7	898.9	1.19%	0.00%
FL	DUKE ENERGY FLORIDA, INC. (DEF)	296.6	2,489.8	5,306.4	1.16%	0.04%
GA	Ga Power Company - Plant Bowen	458.1	6,643.3	10,453.4	1.05%	0.03%
GA	Savannah Sugar Refinery	89.9	521.6	582.0	1.03%	0.07%
SC	INTERNATIONAL PAPER EASTOVER	288.7	1,780.3	3,212.9	0.92%	0.05%
GA.	Ga Power Company - Plant McManus	27.1	72.2	30.1	0.91%	0.14%
AL	Escambia Operating Company LLC	578.2	349.3	18,974.4	0.88%	0.00%
SC	KAPSTONE CHARLESTON KRAFT LLC	213.6	2,355,8	1,863.7	0.87%	0.09%

Draft AOI Source Categories for LIGO

SOURCE CATEGORY	SO2	NOx	TOTAL
NONPOINT	9.9%	1.7%	11.6%
NONROAD_MAR	0.1%	0.6%	0.7%
NONROAD_OTHER	0.1%	0.8%	0.9%
ONROAD	0.5%	1.9%	2.4%
POINT	80.0%	3.0%	83.1%
PT_FIRES_PRESCRIBED	1.2%	0.1%	1.3%
TOTAL	91.9%	8.1%	100.0%

Draft AOI Source Categories for MACA

SOURCE CATEGORY	SO2	NOx	TOTAL
NONPOINT	1.0%	6.4%	7.4%
NONROAD_MAR	0.1%	3.4%	3.5%
NONROAD_OTHER	0.1%	3.3%	3.4%
ONROAD	0.2%	8.1%	8.3%
POINT	62.0%	14.1%	76.1%
PT_FIRES_PRESCRIBED	0.8%	0.5%	1.3%
TOTAL	64.1%	35.9%	100.0%

Draft AOI Point Contributions for LIGO

State	FACILITY NAME	DISTANCE (km)	NOx_2028 (tons/year)	SO2_2028 (tons/year)	SO2 Contribution	NOx Contribution
TN	EASTMAN CHEMICAL COMPANY	81.9	6,900.3	6,420.2	18.98%	0.67%
NC	Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC - Marshall Steam Station	97.2	7,511.3	4,139.2	6.25%	0.40%
OH	General James M. Gavin Power Plant (0627010056)	329.2	8,122.5	41,595.8	5.83%	0.04%
VA	Jewell Coke Company LLP	140.4	520.2	5,090.9	5.28%	0.01%
NC	SGL Carbon LLC	32.5	21.7	261.6	4.00%	0.01%
OH	Duke Energy Ohio, Wm. H. Zimmer Station (1413090154)	380.3	7,150.0	72,133.9	2.79%	0.03%
NC	Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC - Cliffside Steam Station	85.3	1,947.7	1,082.3	2.35%	0.11%
WV	MONONGAHELA POWER CO-PLEASANTS POWER STA	381.0	5,497.4	16,817.4	2.01%	0.03%
NC	Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC - Belews Creek Steam Station	172.2	5,264.3	4,946.1	1.91%	0.08%
WV	APPALACHIAN POWER COMPANY - JOHN E AMOS PLANT	277.7	4,878.1	10,984.2	1.76%	0.02%
IN	AGC INDUSTRIES - GREENLAND PLANT	94.7	2,068.1	441.6	1.72%	0.23%
IN	INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER DBA AEP ROCKPORT	503.5	8,806.8	30,536.3	1.16%	0.01%
PA	GENON NE MGMT CO/KEYSTONE STA	567.5	6,578.5	56,939.2	0.93%	0.00%
NC	Broughton Hospital	35.6	15.8	65.8	0.92%	0.01%
NC	Duke Energy Progress, LLC - Roxboro Steam Electric Plant	263.4	4,527.9	6,665.5	0.91%	0.03%
WV	ALLEGHENY ENERGY SUPPLY CO, LLC-HARRISON	404.3	11,830.9	10,082.9	0.76%	0.03%
SC.	RESOLUTE FP US INC	156.8	1,800.7	7,521.8	0.76%	0.02%
NC	Blue Ridge Paper Products - Canton Mill	95.4	2,992.4	1,127.1	0.76%	0.09%
ОН	Avon Lake Power Plant (0247030013)	614.2	3,600.7	21,188.9	0.75%	0.00%
KY	KY Utilities Co - Ghent Station	412.9	7,939.9	10,169.3	0.71%	0.02%

Draft AOI Source Categories for SHRO

SOURCE CATEGORY	SO2	NOx	TOTAL
NONPOINT	12.2%	4.2%	16.4%
NONROAD_MAR	0.1%	1.1%	1.2%
NONROAD_OTHER	0.2%	2.7%	2.8%
ONROAD	0.7%	5.9%	6.6%
POINT	61.8%	9.7%	71.5%
PT_FIRES_PRESCRIBED	1.4%	0.2%	1.6%
TOTAL	76.2%	23.8%	100.0%

Draft AOI Point Contributions for SWAN

State	FACILITY NAME	DISTANCE (km)	NOx_2028 (tons/year)	SO2_2028 (tons/year)	SO2 Contribution	NOx Contribution
NC	PCS Phosphate Company, Inc Aurora	52.5	495.6	4,845.9	37.59%	0.57%
PA	GENON NE MGMT CO/KEYSTONE STA	640.2	6,578.5	56,939.2	2.98%	0.08%
NC	Domtar Paper Company, LLC	69.0	1,796.5	687.4	2.25%	1.01%
NC	Duke Energy Progress, LLC - Roxboro Steam Electric Plant	282.6	4,527.9	6,665.5	2.03%	0.18%
OH	General James M. Gavin Power Plant (0627010056)	651.5	8,122.5	41,595.8	1.76%	0.06%
MD	Raven Power Fort Smallwood LLC	414.7	4,387.8	10,942.9	1.75%	0.16%
NC	Marine Corps Air Station - Cherry Point	88.4	201.1	607.8	1.30%	0.05%
MD	Luke Paper Company	512.5	3,607.0	22,659.8	0.99%	0.02%
WV	MONONGAHELA POWER CO-PLEASANTS POWER STA	625.7	5,497.4	16,817.4	0.83%	0.07%
MI	ST. CLAIR / BELLE RIVER POWER PLANT	977.5	9,448.2	25,225.9	0.83%	0.04%
NC	Weyerhaeuser NR Company Vanceboro Pulp	86.8	721.6	288.2	0.74%	0.24%
MD	GenOn Energy, Inc. Morgantown	329.9	895.4	3,737.0	0.72%	0.03%
WV	ALLEGHENY ENERGY SUPPLY CO, LLC-HARRISON	568.6	11,830.9	10,082.9	0.66%	0.08%
OH	Duke Energy Ohio, Wm. H. Zimmer Station (1413090154)	806.7	7,150.0	22,133.9	0.65%	0.05%
WV	APPALACHIAN POWER COMPANY - JOHN E AMOS PLANT	602.0	4,878.1	10,984.2	0.62%	0.04%
SC	SANTEE COOPER CROSS GENERATING STATION	426.9	3,273.5	4,281.2	0.55%	0.07%
PA	HOMER CITY GEN LP/ CENTER TWP	670.1	5,216.0	11,865.7	0.54%	0.05%
KY	KY Utilities Co - Ghent Station	865.4	7,939.9	10,169.3	0.52%	0.07%
MO	AMEREN MISSOURI-LABADIE PLANT	1,345.4	9,685.5	41,740.3	0.51%	0.03%
ОН	Department of Public Utilities, City of Onville, Ohio (0285010188)	771.9	1.901.9	13,038.0	0.46%	0.01%

Draft AOI Point Contributions for SHRO

State	FACILITY NAME	DISTANCE (km)	NOx_2028 (tons/year)	SO2_2028 (tons/year)	SO2 Contribution	NOx Contribution
NC	Blue Ridge Paper Products - Canton Mill	16.9	2,992.4	1,127.1	40.55%	6.53%
TN	EASTMAN CHEMICAL COMPANY	126.9	6,900.3	6,420.2	4.35%	0.39%
NC	Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC - Marshall Steam Station	166.0	7,511.3	4,139.2	2.16%	0.48%
GA	Ga Power Company - Plant Bowen	241.6	6,643.3	10,453.4	1.67%	0.07%
NC	Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC - Cliffside Steam Station	94.1	1,947.7	1,082.3	1.54%	0.28%
NC	Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC - Belews Creek Steam Station	264.4	5,264.3	4,946.1	1.40%	0.14%
TN	TVA KINGSTON FOSSIL PLANT	167.7	1,687.4	1,886.1	1.38%	0.10%
OH	General James M. Gavin Power Plant (0627010056)	397.3	8,122.5	41,595.8	1.36%	0.01%
ОН	Duke Energy Ohio, Wm. H. Zimmer Station (1413090154)	406.7	7,150.0	22,133.9	1.35%	0.02%
V٨	Jewell Coke Company LLP	214.7	520.2	5,090.9	1.31%	0.01%
WV	APPALACHIAN POWER COMPANY - JOHN E AMOS PLANT	352.1	4,878.1	10,984.2	1.20%	0.04%
IN	INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER DBA AEP ROCKPORT	473.3	8,806.8	30,536.3	0.68%	0.01%
TN	TVA CUMBERLAND FOSSIL PLANT	454.1	4,916.5	8,427.3	0.53%	0.02%
GA	TEMPLE INLAND	265.7	1,773.4	1,791.0	0.53%	0.03%
TN	TVA BULL RUN FOSSIL PLANT	143.0	964.2	622.5	0.53%	0.05%
WV	MONONGAHELA POWER CO-PLEASANTS POWER STA	460.0	5,497.4	16,817.4	0.51%	0.01%
TN	TATE & IYLE, Loudon	145.2	883.3	477.8	0.49%	0.07%
PA	GENON NE MGMT CO/KEYSTONE STA	657.6	6,578.5	56,939.2	0.48%	0.00%
KY	Big Rivers Electric Corp - Wilson Station	448.4	1,151.9	6,934.2	0.47%	0.01%
MO	AMEREN MISSOURI-LABADIE PLANT	799.0	9,685.5	41,740.3	0.46%	0.01%

Draft AOI Source Categories for ROMA

SOURCE CATEGORY	SO2	NOx	TOTAL
NONPOINT	1.7%	1.1%	2.9%
NONROAD_MAR	1.7%	2.4%	4.0%
NONROAD_OTHER	0.1%	1.8%	1.9%
ONROAD	0.3%	2.8%	3.2%
POINT	79.3%	5.9%	85.1%
PT_FIRES_PRESCRIBED	2.5%	0.4%	2.9%
TOTAL	85.6%	14.4%	100.0%

Draft AOI Source Categories for SWAN

SOURCE CATEGORY	SO2	NOx	TOTAL
NONPOINT	4.2%	3.6%	7.7%
NONROAD_MAR	0.3%	3.5%	3.8%
NONROAD_OTHER	0.2%	8.7%	8.9%
ONROAD	0.2%	4.1%	4.4%
POINT	66.9%	7.2%	74.1%
PT_FIRES_PRESCRIBED	0.8%	0.3%	1.1%
TOTAL	72.6%	27.4%	100.0%

Draft AOI Point Contributions for ROMA

State	FACILITY NAME	DISTANCE (km)	NOx_2028 (tons/year)	SO2_2028 (tons/year)	SO2 Contribution	NOx Contribution
SC	KAPSTONE CHARLESTON KRAFT LLC	29.3	2,355.8	1,863.7	29.97%	2.72%
SC	ALUMAX OF SOUTH CAROLINA	39.1	108.1	3,751.7	16.95%	0.03%
5C	SANTEE COOPER CROSS GENERATING STATION	63.8	3,273.5	4,281.2	6.52%	0.45%
SC	SANTEE COOPER WINYAH GENERATING STATION	51.4	1,772.5	2,246.9	4.57%	0.38%
SC	INTERNATIONAL PAPER GEORGETOWN MILL	57.4	2,031.3	2,767.5	4.28%	0.35%
SC	SCE&G WILLIAMS	26.7	992.7	397.5	3.98%	0.79%
5C	NUCOR STEEL BERKELEY	22.1	440.0	148.3	1.82%	0.42%
GA	International Paper - Savannah	166.1	1,560.7	3,945.4	1.75%	0.04%
SC	SHOWA DENKO CARBON INC	66.1	264.6	971.2	1.70%	0.03%
GΛ	Georgia Pacific Consumer Products LP (Savannah River Mill)	159.9	351.5	1,860.2	1.15%	0.02%
SC	INTERNATIONAL PAPER EASTOVER	139.0	1,780.3	3,212.9	1.05%	0.04%
SC	COOPER RIVER PARTNERS LLC	25.9	58.4	58.1	0.94%	0.07%
OH	General James M. Gavin Power Plant (0627010056)	701.0	8,122.5	41,595.8	0.83%	0.00%
5C	SCE&G WATEREE	133.1	1,344.0	2,376.8	0.66%	0.03%
SC	Charleston AFB/Intl Airport	36.8	358.4	46.2	0.43%	0.24%
GA	Ga Power Company - Plant Bowen	506.2	6,643.3	10,453.4	0.35%	0.01%
SC.	GIANT CEMENT CO	80.6	509.4	309.0	0.34%	0.04%
FL	ROCK TENN CP, LLC	302.9	2,316.8	2,606.7	0.34%	0.02%
TN	EASTMAN CHEMICAL COMPANY	476.9	6,900.3	6,420.2	0.34%	0.01%
SC	SCE&G COPE	136.5	644.0	962.3	0.33%	0.02%

Draft AOI Source Categories for GRSM

SOURCE CATEGORY	SO2	NOx	TOTAL
NONPOINT	10.4%	8.3%	18.7%
NONROAD_MAR	0.1%	3.1%	3.2%
NONROAD_OTHER	0.3%	4.6%	4.9%
ONROAD	1.5%	11.3%	12.7%
POINT	50.9%	7.1%	58.0%
PT_FIRES_PRESCRIBED	2.3%	0.3%	2.6%
TOTAL	65.4%	34.6%	100.0%

Draft AOI Point Contributions for JOYC

State	FACILITY NAME	DISTANCE (km)	NOx_2028 (tons/year)	SO2_2028 (tons/year)	SO2 Contribution	NOx Contribution
TN	TVA KINGSTON FOSSIL PLANT	73.7	1,687.4	1,886.1	7.35%	0.53%
TN	EASTMAN CHEMICAL COMPANY	179.2	6,900.3	6,420.2	5.51%	0.15%
OH	General James M. Gavin Power Plant (0627010056)	425.1	8,122.5	41,595.8	4.43%	0.04%
IN	INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER DBA AEP ROCKPORT	391.2	8,806.8	30,536.3	4.05%	0.13%
TN	TATE & LYLE, Loudon	48.1	883.3	472.8	4.05%	0.58%
OH	Duke Energy Ohio, Wm. H. Zimmer Station (1413090154)	385.1	7,150.0	72,133.9	3.40%	0.06%
GA	Ga Power Company - Plant Bowen	166.2	6,643.3	10,453.4	3.38%	0.09%
TN	TVA BULL RUN FOSSIL PLANT	70.3	964.2	622.5	2.33%	0.44%
IN	INDIANAPOLIS POWER & LIGHT PETERSBURG	453.0	10,665.3	18,141.9	2.02%	0.13%
IN	Gibson	471.7	12,280.3	23,117.2	1.87%	0.10%
KY	Century Aluminum of KY LLC	377.1	197.7	5,044.2	1.48%	0.01%
TN	Mc Ghee Tyson	44.3	594.7	78.6	1.25%	0.65%
KY	Louisville Gas & Electric Co., Mill Creek Station	340.9	4,169.1	4,335.3	1.14%	0.11%
KY	KY Utilities Co - Ghent Station	383.0	7,939.9	10,169.3	1.03%	0.07%
IN	INDIANA KENTUCKY ELECTRIC CORPORATION	391.6	6,188.5	9,038.1	0.99%	0.04%
IN	ESSROC CEMENT CORP	369.5	2,365.0	4,681.2	0.96%	0.04%
II.	Joppa Steam	482.1	4,706.3	20,509.3	0.96%	0.01%
VA	Jewell Coke Company LLP	267.5	520.2	5,090.9	0.93%	0.00%
KY	Big Rivers Electric Corp - Wilson Station	359.1	1,151.9	6,934.2	0.85%	0.02%
MO	AMEREN MISSOURI-LABADIE PLANT	703.9	9,685.5	41,740.3	0.84%	0.03%

Draft AOI Point Contributions for GRSM

State	FACILITY NAME	DISTANCE (km)	NOx_2028 (tons/year)	SO2_2028 (tons/year)	SO2 Contribution	NOx Contribution
TN	TVA KINGSTON FOSSIL PLANT	60.0	1.687.4	1,886.1	6.67%	0.64%
TN	EASTMAN CHEMICAL COMPANY	160.1	6,900.3	6,420.2	5.43%	0.17%
TN	TATE & LYLE, Loudon	36.1	883.3	472.8	4.74%	0.74%
IN	INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER DBA AEP ROCKPORT	375.5	8,806.8	30,536.3	4.21%	0.19%
TN	Mc Ghee Tyson	19.7	594.7	78.6	3.89%	2.72%
TN	TVA BULL RUN FOSSIL PLANT	47.1	964.2	627.5	3.76%	0.58%
OH	General James M. Gavin Power Plant (0627010056)	400.5	8,122.5	41,595.8	2.03%	0.04%
GA	Ga Power Company - Plant Bowen	189.7	6,643.3	10,453.4	1.90%	0.03%
ОН	Duke Energy Ohio, Wm. H. Zimmer Station (1413090154)	360.0	7,150.0	22,133.9	1.66%	0.08%
TN	Cemex - Knoxville Plant	44.3	711.5	121.5	1.55%	0.82%
IL.	Joppa Steam	4/4.4	4,706.3	20,509.3	1.47%	0.04%
IN	INDIANA KENTUCKY ELECTRIC CORPORATION	368.7	6,188.5	9,038.1	1.44%	0.11%
IN	INDIANAPOLIS POWER & LIGHT PETERSBURG	435.6	10,665.3	18,141.9	1.34%	0.11%
KY	KY Utilities Co - Ghent Station	359.2	7,939.9	10,169.3	1.29%	0.08%
KY	Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) - Shawnee Fossil Plant	465.3	7,007.3	19,504.7	1.21%	0.02%
IN	Gibson	456.3	12,280.3	23,117.2	1.13%	0.06%
KY	Big Rivers Electric Corp - Wilson Station	345.8	1,151.9	6,934.2	1.06%	0.03%
KY	Century Aluminum of KY LLC	360.5	197.7	5,044.2	0.97%	0.00%
WV	MONONGAHELA POWER CO-PLEASANTS POWER STA	475.9	5,497.4	16,817.4	0.96%	0.01%
WV	APPALACHIAN POWER COMPANY - JOHN E AMOS PLANT	367.1	4,878.1	10.984.2	0.94%	0.01%

Draft AOI Source Categories for JARI

SOURCE CATEGORY	SO2	NOx	TOTAL
NONPOINT	5.7%	3.6%	9.3%
NONROAD_MAR	0.1%	2.4%	2.5%
NONROAD_OTHER	0.1%	1.7%	1.7%
ONROAD	0.4%	7.2%	7.6%
POINT	70.2%	7.4%	77.5%
PT_FIRES_PRESCRIBED	1.1%	0.2%	1.3%
TOTAL	77.5%	22.5%	100.0%

Draft AOI Source Categories for JOYC

SOURCE CATEGORY	SO2	NOx	TOTAL
NONPOINT	7.5%	4.6%	12.1%
NONROAD_MAR	0.1%	2.2%	2.3%
NONROAD_OTHER	0.2%	2.6%	2.8%
ONROAD	0.8%	7.1%	7.9%
POINT	64.8%	6.4%	71.2%
PT_FIRES_PRESCRIBED	3.3%	0.4%	3.7%
TOTAL	76.6%	23.4%	100.0%

Draft AOI Point Contributions for JARI

State	FACILITY NAME	DISTANCE (km)	NOx_2028 (tons/year)	SO2_2028 (tons/year)	SO2 Contribution	NOx Contribution
VA.	Meadwestvaco Packaging Resource Group	46.51	1,985.69	2,115.31	12.46%	1.12%
ОН	General James M. Gavin Power Plant (0627010056)	270.18	8.122.51	41,595.81	7.55%	0.14%
VA	Roanoke Cement Company	46.43	1.972.97	2,290.17	6.26%	0.47%
WV	MONONGAHELA POWER CO-PLEASANTS POWER STA	247.97	5,497.37	16,817.43	3.82%	0.15%
WV.	APPALACHIAN POWER COMPANY - JOHN E AMOS PLANT	223.52	4,878.10	10,984.24	3.45%	0.13%
PA	GENON NE MGMT CO/KEYSTONE STA	337.12	6,578.47	56,939.25	2.94%	0.06%
WV	ALLEGHENY ENERGY SUPPLY CO, LLC-HARRISON	207.56	11,830.88	10,082.94	2.72%	0.35%
MD	Luke Paper Company	208.66	3,607.00	22,659.84	2.66%	0.04%
ОН	Duke Energy Ohio, Wm. H. Zimmer Station (1413090154)	435.18	7,149.97	22,133,90	1.87%	0.05%
NC	Duke Energy Progress, LLC - Roxboro Steam Electric Plant	132.76	4,527.87	6,665.48	1.49%	0.15%
OH	Cardinal Power Plant (Cardinal Operating Company) (0541050002)	306.40	2,467.31	7,460.79	1.33%	0.04%
PA	HOMER CITY GEN LP/CENTER TWP	321.57	5.215.96	11,865.70	1.19%	0.03%
NC	Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC - Belews Creek Steam Station	156.88	5.264.28	4,946.09	1.07%	0.16%
VA	GP Big Island LLC	17.13	240.68	39.67	0.92%	0.56%
MI	ST. CLAIR / BELLE RIVER POWER PLANT	625.38	9,448.19	25,225.90	0.86%	0.04%
KY	KY Utilities Co - Ghent Station	499.52	7,939.91	10,169.35	0.81%	0.05%
NC.	Duke Energy Progress, LLC - Mayo Electric Generating Plant	133.86	1,394.76	1,770.36	0.81%	0.04%
WV	MONONGAHELA POWER CO FORT MARTIN POWER	234.03	13,743.32	4,881.87	0.80%	0.22%
VA	Jewell Coke Company LLP	227.64	520.17	5,090.95	0.77%	0.00%
PA	PPL MONTOUR LLC/MONTOUR SES	454.21	4,855.41	21,482.00	0.73%	0.02%

Draft AOI Source Categories for SHEN

SOURCE CATEGORY	SO2	NOx	TOTAL
NONPOINT	7.9%	5.3%	13.2%
NONROAD_MAR	0.2%	1.8%	1.9%
NONROAD_OTHER	0.1%	2.4%	2.5%
ONROAD	0.3%	5.5%	5.8%
POINT	67.4%	8.2%	75.6%
PT_FIRES_PRESCRIBED	0.7%	0.2%	0.9%
TOTAL	76.6%	23.4%	100.0%

Draft AOI Point Contributions for DOSO

State	FACILITY NAME	DISTANCE (km)	NOx_2028 (tons/year)	SO2_2028 (tons/year)	SO2 Contribution	NOx Contribution
WV	ALLEGHENY ENERGY SUPPLY CO, LLC HARRISON	83.6	11,830.9	10,082.9	12.69%	1.27%
MD	Luke Paper Company	51.7	3,607.0	22,659.8	11.48%	0.12%
WV	Dominion Resources, Inc MOUNT STORM POWER STATION	17.5	1,984.1	2,123.6	9.88%	0.33%
OH	General James M. Gavin Power Plant (0627010056)	233.8	8,122.5	41,595.8	7.12%	0.09%
WV.	MONONGAHELA POWER CO FORT MARTIN POWER	79.8	13,743.3	4,881.9	6.11%	1.00%
WV	MONONGAHELA POWER CO-PLEASANTS POWER STA	163.9	5,497.4	16,817.4	4.34%	0.15%
PA	GENON NE MGMT CO/KEYSTONE STA	172.8	6,578.5	56,939.2	3.85%	0.01%
wv	APPALACHIAN POWER COMPANY - JOHN E AMOS PLANT	219.8	4,878.1	10,984.2	3.33%	0.10%
WV	LONGVIEW POWER	81.2	1,556.6	2,313.7	2.85%	0.11%
WV	AMERICAN BITUMINOUS POWER-GRANT TOWN PLT	81.3	1,245.1	2,210.3	2.32%	0.10%
OH	Avon Lake Power Plant (0247030013)	347.6	3,600.7	21,188.9	1.43%	0.01%
WV	MITCHELL PLANT	144.2	2,719.6	5,372.4	1.36%	0.06%
OH	Duke Energy Ohio, Wm. H. Zimmer Station (1413090154)	416.9	7,150.0	22,133.9	1.31%	0.02%
OH	Cardinal Power Plant (Cardinal Operating Company) (0641050002)	163.9	2,467.3	7,460.8	1.27%	0.03%
WV	MORGANTOWN ENERGY ASSOCIATES	75.1	655.6	828.6	1.10%	0.05%
PA	HOMER CITY GEN LP/ CENTER TWP	157.5	5,216.0	11,865.7	1.05%	0.02%
PA	NRG WHOLESALE GEN/SEWARD GEN STA	148.4	2,254.6	8,880.3	0.94%	0.01%
ОН	Ormet Primary Aluminum Corp. (0656000001)	138.9	0.4	2,470.8	0.93%	0.00%
OH	Department of Public Utilities, City of Orrville, Ohio (0285010188)	278.2	1,901.9	13,038.0	0.93%	0.01%
ОН	Conesville Power Plant (0616000000)	242.3	9,957.9	6,356.2	0.67%	0.11%

Draft AOI Point Contributions for SHEN

State	FACILITY NAME	DISTANCE (km)	NOx_2028 (tons/year)	SO2_2028 (tons/year)	SO2 Contribution	NOx Contribution
MD	Luke Paper Company	118.4	3,607.0	22,659.8	14.52%	0.21%
PA	GENON NE MGMT CO/KEYSTONE STA	249.8	6,578.5	56,939.2	10.85%	0.09%
OH	General James M. Gavin Power Plant (0627010056)	323.4	8.122.5	41,595.8	4.82%	0.13%
WV	MONONGAHELA POWER CO-PLEASANTS POWER STA	265.0	5,497.4	16,817.4	4.55%	0.22%
WV.	ALLEGHENY ENERGY SUPPLY CO, LLC-HARRISON	189.7	11,830.9	10,082.9	4.21%	0.91%
PA	HOMER CITY GEN LP/ CENTER TWP	230.4	5,216.0	11,865.7	2.38%	0.12%
WV	MONONGAHELA POWER CO FORT MARTIN POWER	184.4	13,743.3	4,881.9	2.21%	1.16%
wv	Dominion Resources, Inc MOUNT STORM POWER STATION	104.2	1,984.1	2,123.6	1.93%	0.24%
WV	APPALACHIAN POWER COMPANY - JOHN E AMOS PLANT	295.6	4,878.1	10.984.2	1.92%	0.09%
PA	NRG WHOLESALE GEN/SEWARD GEN STA	215.5	2,254.6	8,880.3	1.65%	0.04%
PA	GENON NE MGMT CO/CONEMAUGH PLT	213.6	6,074.9	8,655.2	1.59%	0.09%
OH	Cardinal Power Plant (Cardinal Operating Company) (0541050002)	269.6	2,467.3	7,460.8	1.40%	0.05%
WV	MITCHELLPLANT	251.8	2,719.6	5,372.4	1.34%	0.10%
OH	Duke Energy Ohio, Wm. H. Zimmer Station (1413090154)	505.4	7,150.0	22,133.9	1.20%	0.10%
MD	Raven Power Fort Smallwood LLC	180.7	4,387.8	10,942.9	1.20%	0.08%
WV	AMERICAN BITUMINOUS POWER-GRANT TOWN PLT	188.9	1,245.1	2,210.3	1.19%	0.11%
OH	Department of Public Utilities, City of Orrville, Ohio (0285010188)	385.1	1,901.9	13,038.0	1.18%	0.02%
ОН	Avon Lake Power Plant (0247030013)	452.7	3,600.7	21,188.9	1.16%	0.04%
WV	LONGVIEW POWER	186.3	1,556.6	2,313.7	1.04%	0.13%
MD	AES Warrior Run	122.1	638.0	1,331.5	0.93%	0.04%

Draft AOI Source Categories for OTCR

SOURCE CATEGORY	SO2	NOx	TOTAL
NONPOINT	7.4%	3.7%	11.1%
NONROAD_MAR	0.1%	0.7%	0.8%
NONROAD_OTHER	0.0%	0.7%	0.7%
ONROAD	0.2%	1.4%	1.6%
POINT	78.1%	7.0%	85.2%
PT_FIRES_PRESCRIBED	0.5%	0.1%	0.6%
TOTAL	86.4%	13.6%	100.0%

Draft AOI Source Categories for DOSO

SOURCE CATEGORY	SO2	NOx	TOTAL
NONPOINT	6.8%	2.8%	9.6%
NONROAD_MAR	0.1%	0.6%	0.7%
NONROAD_OTHER	0.0%	0.6%	0.7%
ONROAD	0.2%	1.3%	1.4%
POINT	81.2%	5.7%	86.9%
PT_FIRES_PRESCRIBED	0.5%	0.1%	0.6%
TOTAL	88.9%	11.1%	100.0%

Draft AOI Point Contributions for OTCR

State	FACILITY NAME	DISTANCE (km)	NOx_2028 (tons/year)	SO2_2028 (tons/year)	SO2 Contribution	NOx Contribution
WV	ALLEGHENY ENERGY SUPPLY CO, LLC HARRISON	72.8	11,830.9	10,082.9	16.97%	1.77%
OH	General James M. Gavin Power Plant (0627010056)	214.2	8,122.5	41,595.8	10.22%	0.18%
WV	MONONGAHELA POWER CO-PLEASANTS POWER STA	148.3	5,497.4	16,817.4	8.00%	0.29%
WV	MONONGAHELA POWER CO FORT MARTIN POWER	82.7	13,743.3	4,881.9	4.86%	0.90%
WV	APPALACHIAN POWER COMPANY - JOHN E AMOS PLANT	198.0	4,878.1	10,984.2	4.26%	0.12%
MD	Luke Paper Company	73.2	3,607.0	72,659.8	4.11%	0.04%
PA	GENON NE MGMT CO/KEYSTONE STA	186.5	6,578.5	56,939.2	3.64%	0.03%
wv	AMERICAN BITUMINOUS POWER-GRANT TOWN PLT	77.0	1,245.1	2,210.3	2.56%	0.09%
WV	LONGVIEW POWER	83.4	1,556.6	2,313.7	2.28%	0.10%
OH	Cardinal Power Plant (Cardinal Operating Company) (0541050002)	162.7	2,467.3	7,460.8	1.90%	0.05%
WV	Dominion Resources, Inc MOUNT STORM POWER STATION	39.9	1,984.1	2,123.6	1.85%	0.06%
WV	MITCHELLPLANT	136.8	2,719.6	5,372.4	1.53%	0.06%
OH	Ormet Primary Aluminum Corp. (0656000001)	129.6	0.4	2,470.8	1.11%	0.00%
OH	Conesville Power Plant (0616000000)	232.8	9,957.9	6,356.2	1.10%	0.17%
ОН	Duke Energy Ohio, Wm. H. Zimmer Station (1413090154)	397.5	7,150.0	22,133.9	1.10%	0.02%
ОН	Avon Lake Power Plant (0247030013)	345.6	3,600.7	21,188.9	1.09%	0.01%
OH	Kraton Polymers U.S. LLC (0684010011)	175.1	555.8	7,061.8	1.00%	0.02%
ОН	Orion Engineered Carbons LLC (0684010049)	169.6	391.8	1,933.3	0.97%	0.01%
WV	MORGANTOWN ENERGY ASSOCIATES	76.3	655.6	828.6	0.89%	0.05%
PA	HOMER CITY GEN LP/ CENTER TWP	172.6	5,216.0	11.865.7	0.87%	0.04%



west virginia department of environmental protection

Appendix F-3g

VISTAS Regional Haze Meeting St. Louis, MO October 28-30, 2019

West Virginia Division of Air Quality 601 57th Street, SE Charleston, WV 25304

Promoting a healthy environment

VISTAS REGION PROJECT MANAGEMENT A Comparison of Approaches Used in Planning Periods 1 and 2

John Hornback, Executive Director Metro 4/SESARM/VISTAS October 29, 2019

VISTAS What is it? • Visibility Improvement State and Tribal Association of the Southeast · Formed in 2001

PRESENTATION Outline

- Region
- Organization
- Resources
- Technical Approaches
- · Collaboration/Consultation
- Schedule
- Summary

VISTAS Participating Agencies



- U.S. EPA Region 3 states (2)
- · Virginia, West Virginia
- U.S. EPA Region 4 agencies (10)
 Alabama, Florida

 - · Georgia, Kentucky

 - Mississippi, North Carolina,
 South Carolina, Tennessee
 Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians
 Knox County, TN local air agency

THE VISTAS REGION

VISTAS The 18 Southeastern Class I Areas

VISTAS PROJECT ORGANIZATION

VISTAS

Policy / Operations / Analysis - 2nd Planning Period

- · STAD
- Coordinating Committee (CC)
- Technical Analysis Work Group (TAWG)
- · Occasional sub-groups
- (e.g., Data Collection and Analysis)
- CC/TAWG generally functioning together

VISTAS Governance

- · Southeastern States Air Resource Managers, Inc.
 - · Board of Directors
- · State and Tribal Air Directors (STAD)
 - States
 - Tribe
- · Local Agency
- · Governance, policy, general direction
- · Similar structure for both planning periods

VISTAS

Project Management - 1st Planning Period

- · Project Manager John Hornback
- · Technical Coordinator Pat Brewer
- Technical Advisors
- · Contracts 24
- · MOUs 3
- · Key VISTAS agency staff

VISTAS

Policy / Operations / Analysis - Ist Planning Period

- · STAD
- Coordinating Committee
- · Planning Work Group
- · Data Work Group
- · Technical Analysis Work Group
- Various sub-groups and teams

VISTAS

Project Management - 2nd Planning Period

- Project Manager John Hornback (much larger role)
- Coordination and Technical Analysis Jim Boylan
- · Coordination and Technical Analysis Randy Strait
- I contract with a lead contractor and a sub-contractor





VISTAS Resources – Ist Planning Period Staffing – Metro 4/SESARM, coordinators, advisors In-kind services from SESARM states Contractor services – many contractors Shared expenses - VIEWS data warehouse, ERTAC Budget resources – approximately \$10,000,000 Leveraged federal work products – limited Federal coordination - significant

VISTAS Technical Approaches for 1st & 2nd Rounds				
ACTIVITY	I ST PLANNING PERIOD	2 ND PLANNING PERIOD		
Monitoring and Data Collection/Analysis	Yes	Data collect/analysis		
Emissions Inventories (base and future years)	Yes	EPA with updates		
Emissions Processing	Yes	Yes		
International Emissions, Air Quality, BART Modeling	Yes	Air Quality		
Area of Influence Analysis	Yes	Yes		
Source Apportionment Modeling/Tagging/Projections/RRFs	Yes	Yes		
Support - Coordination, Advice, GIS, Archival	Yes	Limited		

VISTAS Resources – 2nd Planning Period Staffing – Metro 4/SESARM In-kind services from SESARM states Contractor services – I lead plus I subcontractor Shared expenses - none Budget resources ... ~ 5% of first round funds Leveraged federal work products – significant Federal coordination - limited



VISTAS COLLABORATION/CONSULTATION Ist Planning Period Extensive face-to-face meetings Some VISTAS/FLM conference calls Some VISTAS/stakeholder conference calls MANE-VU/VISTAS consultation meeting Frequent federally-coordinated calls Weekly RPO calls during certain phases Resources and time were available

VISTAS Schedule – Ist Planning Period • 2001 – created the VISTAS organizational plan • 2002-2006 – focused technical work • 2006-2007 – continued technical work and SIP development • December 17, 2007 – SIPs were due • At least 7 years to design and complete the project plus state SIP submittals to EPA

No face-to-face meetings to-date Several VISTAS/FLM/EPA conference calls No VISTAS/stakeholder conference calls (to-date) MANE-VU/VISTAS consultation calls Federally-coordinated regional haze calls (limited) Monthly MJO calls include periodic regional haze topics Overall goals remains same Resources and time are limited for face-to-face meetings







VISTAS PROJECT

- Summary (1 of 2)
- Similar basic organizational structure but streamlined
- Similar oversight and standards of performance including QA
- · Similar internal participation -
 - · states, locals, tribes
- Similar external participation
 - · RPOs, FLMs, EPA

VISTAS PROJECT Summary (2 of 2)

- Fewer resources (~ 5% of Ist planning period funding)
- · Less time (~ 50% of 1st planning period time)
- · Similar desired outcomes
 - Technically sound, credible, approvable regional SIPs
 - · Maintenance of relationships developed in 1st round
 - · Continued progress toward 2064 goals

Jim Boylan Chair, Coordinating Committee james, boylan@dnr.ga.gov Randy Strait Chair, Technical Analysis Work Group randy.strait@ndenr.gov John Hornback Project Coordinator, VISTAS Project hornback@metrod-sesarm.org

VISTAS 2028 Emissions and Modeling Analyses



Jim Boylan (GA DNR), Randy Strait (NC DAQ), and John Hornback (Metro 4/SESARM)

2019 National Regional Haze Meeting St. Louis, MO - October 28, 2019

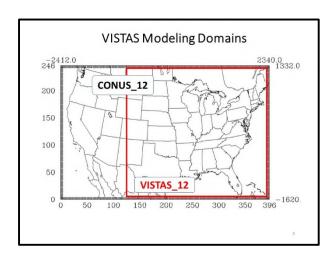
VISTAS Air Quality Model

- Started with EPA's 2011/2028 modeling platform
 - Version 6.3el
 - CAMx v6.32
- Replaced CAMx v6.32 with CAMx v6.40
- Used 2011 meteorology
- Reasons for using EPA platform
 - Time limited
 - · Budget limited
 - Most source sectors acceptably represented in EPA platform

Outline

- Modeling Overview
- 2028 Emission Projections
- 2028 Model Projections
- Next Steps





MODELING OVERVIEW

Benchmark Comparisons

- 1. EPA 2011 with CAMx_6.32 (CONUS) vs.
 Alpine 2011 with CAMx_6.32 (CONUS)
- 2. Alpine 2011 with CAMx_6.32 (CONUS) vs.
 Alpine 2011 with CAMx_6.40 (CONUS)
- 3. Alpine 2011 with CAMx_6.40 (CONUS) vs.

 Alpine 2011 with CAMx_6.40 (VISTAS)
- 4. EPA 2028 with CAMx_6.32 (CONUS) vs.
- Alpine 2028 with CAMx_6.40 (CONUS) 5. Alpine 2028 with CAMx 6.40 (CONUS) vs.
 - Alpine 2028 with CAMx 6.40 (VISTAS)

Model Performance Evaluation

- Compared model results to observations.
 Looked at statistics, comparison plots, and spatial plots
 - Ozone
 - ullet PM $_{2.5}$ and light extinction
 - Wet and dry deposition
- Overall, the model performance is generally within the range deemed acceptable for regulatory applications

Point Source Adjustments

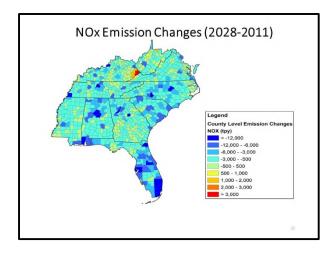
EGU Point Sources

- EPA modeling used IPM and assumed CPP controls
- Adjust the EPA 2028 EGU emissions up/down based on ERTAC EGU annual emission, 2023 "en" emissions (based on 2016 NEI), and/or other emissions provided by individual states

Non-EGU Point Sources

- Adjust the EPA 2028 non-EGU emissions up/down based on feedback from SESARM states
- States looked at 2014-2016 NEI and EPA's non-EGU 2023 "en" emissions

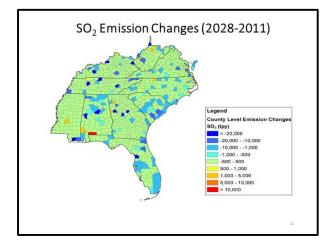
2028 EMISSION PROJECTIONS



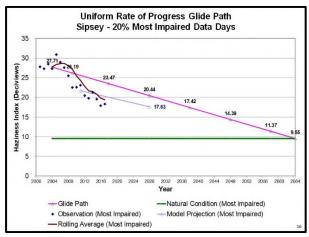
Emissions Updates

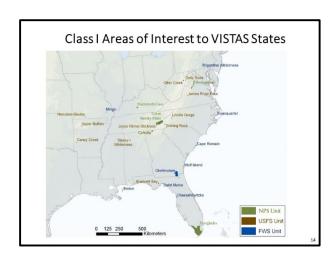
- Used EPA's 2011 base year emissions without change
- Updated EPA's 2028 projection year emissions
 - EGU and major non-EGU sources
 - Removed Clean Power Plan assumptions
 - Adjusted for changes in fuels and facility operating plans

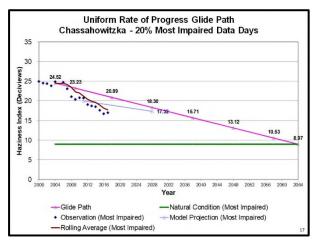




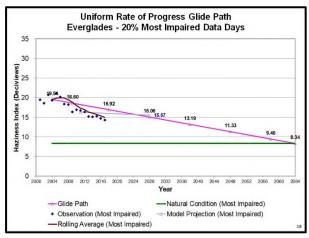


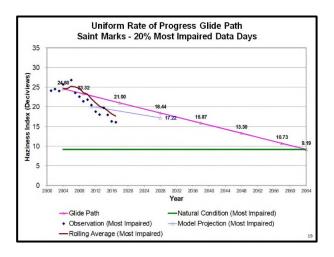


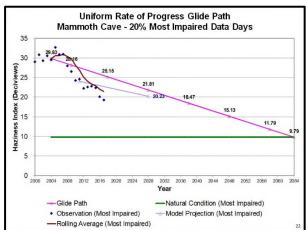


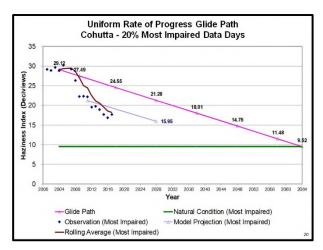


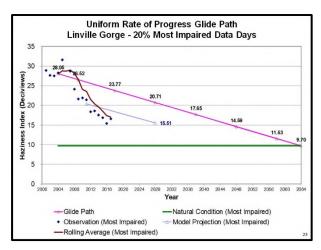


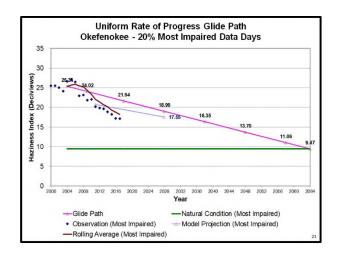


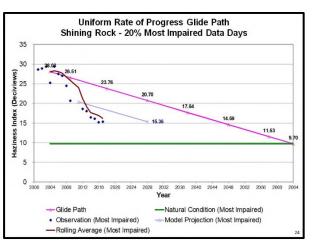


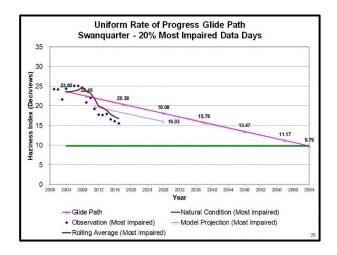


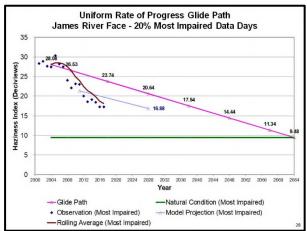


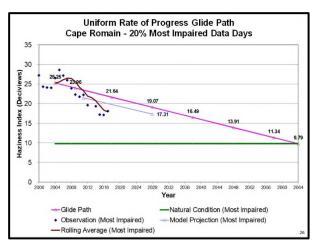


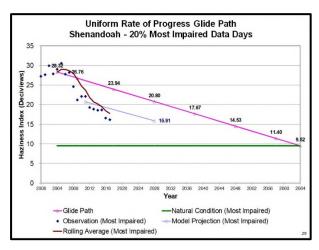


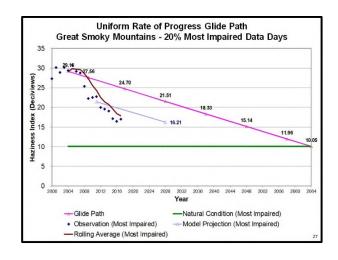


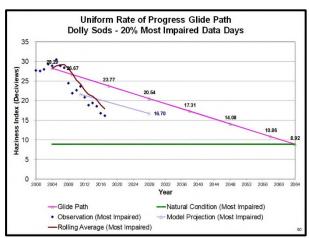


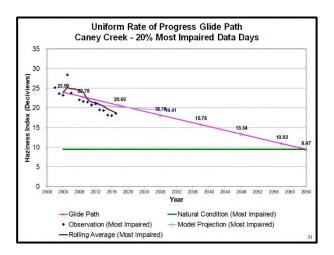


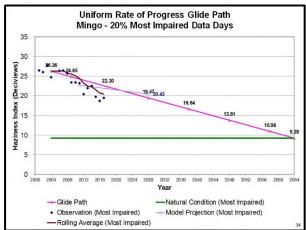


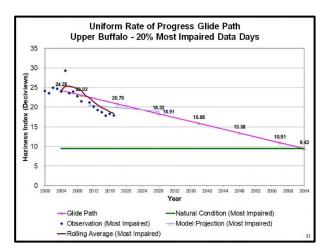


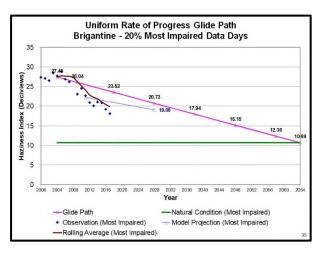


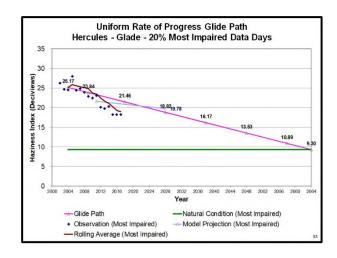


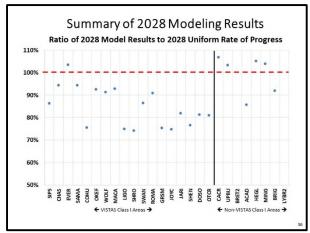












Remaining W	ork Schedule
Task	Schedule
Best and final 2028 run?	Necessity uncertain
Final reports and documentation	February 2020
Website updates and postings	Ongoing task
Regional Haze SIPs Due to EPA	July 31, 2021

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VISTAS Source Selection and 4-Factor Analyses



Jim Boylan (GA DNR), Randy Strait (NC DAQ), and John Hornback (Metro 4/SESARM)

2019 National Regional Haze Meeting St. Louis, MO - October 29, 2019

Area of Influence (AOI) Analysis

- Evaluates 2028 emissions (Q), distance to Class I area (d), and extinction weighted residence time (EWRT) in model grid cells (point) or counties (source categories)
- Formula: (Q/d)*EWRT
- Establishes each county's and each facility's contribution to light extinction at each Class I area on the 20% most impaired days
- Can use contributions to rank and screen facilities for the 4-factor analysis

Outline

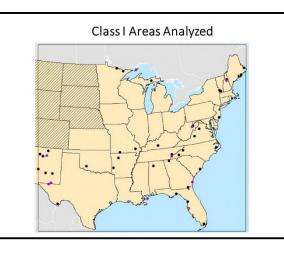
- AOI Analysis
- PSAT Analysis
- Next Steps

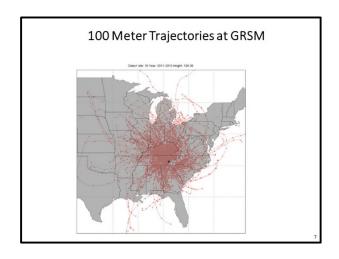


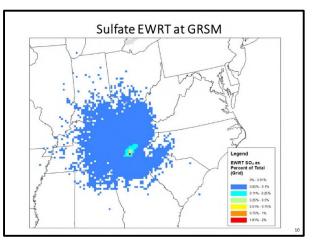
HYSPLIT Trajectories

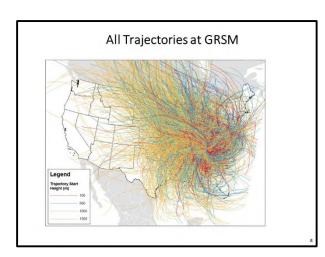
- Trajectories were run using NAM-12 meteorology for the 20% most impaired days in 2011-2016 at 44 Class I areas.
 - Trajectories were run with starting heights of 100, 500, 1,000, and 1,500 meters.
 - Trajectories were run 72 hours backwards in time for each height at each location.
 - Trajectories were run with start times of 12AM (midnight of the start of the day), 6AM, 12PM, 6PM, and 12AM (midnight at the end of the day) local time.
- 44 Class I areas x 6 years x 24 days/year x 4 heights x 5 start times = 126,720 trajectories

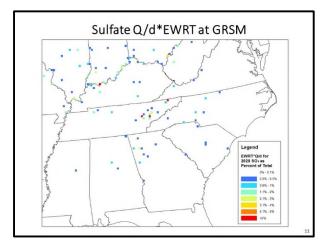
AOI ANALYSIS

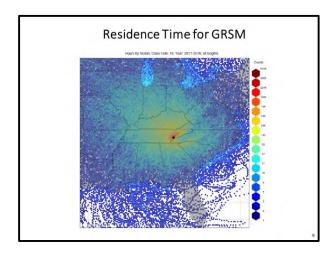












State	FACILITY NAME	DISTANCE (km)	NOx_2028 (tons/year)	SO2_2028 (tons/year)	NOx Contribution	SO2 Contribution
TN	TVA KINGSTON FOSSIL PLANT	60.0	1,687,4	1,886.1	0.71%	7.16%
TN	EASTMAN CHEMICAL COMPANY	160.1	6,900.3	6,420.2	0.19%	
IN	INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER DBA AEP ROCKPORT	375.5	8.806.8	30,536,3	0.21%	4.66%
TN	Mc Ghee Tyson	19.7	594.7	78.6	3.01%	4.31%
OH	General James M. Gavin Power Plant (0627010056)	400.5	8,122.5	41,595.8	0.04%	2,25%
GA	Ga Power Company - Plant Bowen	189.7	6,643.3	10,453.4	0.04%	2.10%
OH	Duke Energy Ohio, Wm. H. Zimmer Station (1413090154)	360.0	7,150.0	22,133.9	0.09%	1.84%
TN	Cemex-KnoxvillePlant	44.3	711.5	121.5	0.90%	1.71%
IL	JoppaSteam	474.4	4,706.3	20,509.3	0.04%	1.62%
IN	INDIANA KENTUCKY ELECTRIC CORPORATION	368.7	6,188,5	9,038.1	0.13%	1.60%
IN	INDIANAPOLIS POWER & LIGHT PETERSBURG	435.6	10,665.3	18,141.9	0.12%	1.48%
KY	KY Utilities Co-Ghent Station	359.2	7,939.9	10,169.3	0.09%	1.43%
KY	Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) - Shawnee Fossil Plant	465.3	7,007.3	19,504.7	0.02%	1.34%
IN	Gibson	456.3	12,280.3	23,117.2	0.07%	1.25%
TN	TATE & LYLE, Loudon	36.1	252.5	110.2	0.23%	1.22%
KY	Big Rivers Electric Corp - Wilson Station	345.8	1,151.9	6,934.2	0.03%	1.17%
KY	Century Aluminum of KY LLC	360.5	197.7	5,044.2	0.00%	1.07%
WV	MONONGAHELA POWER CO-PLEASANTS POWER STA	475.9	5,497.4	16,817.4	0.02%	1.06%
WV	APPALACHIAN POWER COMPANY - JOHN E AMOS PLANT	367.1	4,878.1	10,984.2	0.01%	1.05%
MO	AMEREN MISSOURI-RUSH ISLAND PLANT	528.2	3,349.3	20,151.5	0.00%	0.90%

AOI Source Categories for GRSM

SOURCE CATEGORY	NOx	SO ₂	TOTAL
NONPOINT	8.5%	10.7%	19.2%
NONROAD_MAR	3.1%	0.1%	3.2%
NONROAD_OTHER	4.7%	0.3%	5.0%
ONROAD	11.6%	1.5%	13.1%
POINT	7.0%	49.9%	56.8%
PT_FIRES_PRESCRIBED	0.3%	2.3%	2.6%
TOTAL	35.2%	64.8%	100.0%

AOI Source Categories for OKEF

SOURCE CATEGORY	NOx	SO ₂	TOTAL
NONPOINT	1.7%	2.0%	3.7%
NONROAD_MAR	6.0%	0.6%	6.6%
NONROAD_OTHER	1.7%	0.1%	1.9%
ONROAD	4.5%	0.5%	5.0%
POINT	5.9%	62.9%	68.8%
PT_FIRES_PRESCRIBED	2.6%	11.4%	13.9%
TOTAL	22.4%	77.6%	100.0%

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AOI Source Categories for COHU

SOURCE CATEGORY	NOx	SO ₂	TOTAL
NONPOINT	3.2%	5.1%	8.3%
NONROAD_MAR	3.4%	0.1%	3.5%
NONROAD_OTHER	2.5%	0.2%	2.7%
ONROAD	6.6%	0.6%	7.2%
POINT	8.1%	67.0%	75.1%
PT_FIRES_PRESCRIBED	0.5%	2.6%	3.2%
TOTAL	24.3%	75.7%	100.0%

AOI Point Contributions for OKEF

State	FACILITY NAME	DISTANCE (km)	NOx_2028 (tons/year)	SO2_2028 (tons/year)	NOx Contribution	SO2 Contribution
FL	WHITE SPRINGS AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS, INC	71.5	112.4	2,745.0	0.03%	14 6.0%
FL	ROCK TENN CP, LLC	64.8	2,316.8	2,606.7	0.88%	
FL	JEA	65.6	651.8	2,094.5	0.18%	
FL	SEMINOLE ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE, INC.	121.4	917.8	3,713.4	0.07%	3.25%
FL	IFF CHEMICAL HOLDINGS, INC.	56.8	37.7	898.9	0.01%	3.25%
FL	RAYONIER PERFORMANCE FIBERS LLC	63.4	2,327.1	562.0	0.90%	2.82%
GA	International Paper - Savannah	178.9	1,560.7	3,945.4	0.08%	2.81%
FL	BUCKEYE FLORIDA, LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	153.5	1,830.7	1,520.4	0.14%	2.18%
FL	RENESSENZILIC	59.8	66.3	569.5	0.02%	1.96%
FL	DUKE ENERGY FLORIDA, INC. (DEF)	205.0	2,489.8	5,306,4	0.06%	1,40%
AL	Sanders Lead Co	384.6	121.7	7,951.1	0.00%	1.11%
GA	Georgia-Pacific Consumer Products LP (Savannah River Mill)	197.2	351.5	1,860.2	0.01%	1.05%
GA	Ga Power Company - Plant Bowen	458.1	6,643.3	10,453.4	0.05%	1.02%
GA	Brunswick Cellulase Inc	75.3	1,554.5	294.2	0.34%	1.01%
SC	ALUMAX OF SOUTH CAROLINA	322.7	108.1	3,751.7	0.00%	0.97%
GA	PCA Valdosta Mill	112.7	1,032.6	485.7	0.09%	0.85%
SC	SANTEE COOPER CROSS GENERATING STATION	348.1	3,273.5	4,281.2	0.05%	0.85%
FL	CITY OF GAINESVILLE, GRU	111.7	410.0	881.4	0.03%	0.79%
5C	KAPSTONE CHARLESTON KRAFT LLC	314,9	2,355.8	1,863.7	0.06%	0.65%
GA	Ga Power Company - Plant Wansley	403.7	2,052.5	4,856.0	0.02%	0.65%

AOI Point Contributions for COHU

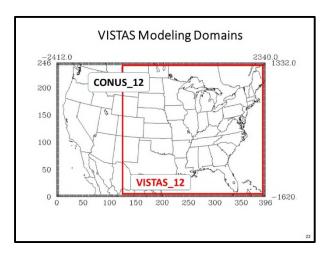
State	FACILITY NAME	DISTANCE (km)	NOx_2028 (tons/year)	SO2_2028 (tons/year)	NOx Contribution	SO2 Contribution
GA	Ga Power Company - Plant Bowen	78.0	6,643.3	10,453.4	1.15%	16.58%
IN	INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER DBA AEP ROCKPORT	410.1	8,806.8	30,536.3	0.13%	4.68%
GA	International Paper – Rome	87.4	1,773.4	1,791.0	0.18%	4.66%
IN	Gibson	487.1	12,280.3	23,117.2	0.10%	2.31%
110	INDIANAPOLIS POWER & LIGHT PETERSBURG	477.0	10,665.3	18,141.9	0.16%	2.18%
KY	Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) - Shawnee Fossil Plant	457.2	7,007.3	19,504.7	0.07%	2.18%
TN	TVA KINGSTON FOSSIL PLANT	124.0	1,687.4	1,886,1	0.13%	2.17%
OH	General James M. Gavin Power Plant (0627010056)	512.0	8,122.5	41,595.8	0.02%	1.71%
TN	TVA CUMBERLAND FOSSIL PLANT	327.0	4,916.5	8,427.3	0.09%	1.38%
KY	Big Rivers Electric Corp - Wilson Station	369.0	1,151.9	6,934.2	0.01%	1,07%
ОН	Duke Energy Ohio, Wm. H. Zimmer Station (1413090154)	454.6	7,150.0	22,133.9	0.06%	1.05%
GA	Ga Power Company - Plant Wansley	156.8	2,052.5	4,856.0	0.04%	1.05%
KY	KY Utilities Co - Ghent Station	441.5	7,939.9	10,169.3	0.08%	1.05%
IL	Joppa Steam	466.9	4,706.3	20,509.3	0.02%	1.04%
GA	Mohawk Industries Inc	32.0	66.5	77.1	0.07%	1.02%
TN	EASTMAN CHEMICAL COMPANY	269.8	6,900.3	6,420.2	0.09%	0.99%
MO	AMEREN MISSOURI-LABADIE PLANT	695.4	9,685.5	41,740.3	0.01%	0.96%
IL.	Newton	564.0	1,934.9	10,631.6	0.01%	0.91%
GA	Chemical Products Corporation	71.9	19.5	513.8	0.00%	0.89%
IN	INDIANA KENTUCKY ELECTRIC CORPORATION	444.4	6,188.5	9,038-1	0.04%	0.76%

AOI Source Categories for WOLF

SOURCE CATEGORY	NOx	SO ₂	TOTAL
NONPOINT	1.7%	2.8%	4.4%
NONROAD_MAR	2.9%	1.5%	4.4%
NONROAD_OTHER	3.3%	0.3%	3.6%
ONROAD	5.7%	0.7%	6.4%
POINT	7.3%	67.9%	75.2%
PT_FIRES_PRESCRIBED	0.9%	5.1%	6.0%
TOTAL	21.8%	78.2%	100.0%

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AOI Point Contributions for WOLF 2,489.8 6,643.3 521.6 1,780.3 72.2 2.355.8 0.93% 0.89% 0.84%



PSAT ANALYSIS

PSAT SO₂ and NOx Tags (209)

Round 1 (122 tags)

- Total SO₂ tags for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 MJOs = 13 tags
 Total NOx tags for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 MJOs = 13 tags

- EGU point SO₂ tags for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 MJOs = 13 tags
 EGU point NOx tags for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 MJOs = 13 tags
- SO₂ tags for individual VISTAS facilities = 50 tags
- NOx tags for individual VISTAS facilities = 20 tags

- Round 2 (87 tags)
 Non-EGU point SO₂ for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 MJOs = 13 tags
 Non-EGU point NOx for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 MJOs = 13 tags
- SO₂ and NOx for N/S/W/E boundaries = 8 tags
- SO₂ tags for individual VISTAS facilities = 10 tags
- NOx tags for individual VISTAS facilities = 16 tags
- SO_2 tags for individual non-VISTAS facilities = 17 tags NOx tags for individual non-VISTAS facilities = 10 tags

Source Apportionment Modeling

- Particulate Matter Source Apportionment Technology (PSAT) tags applied to "VISTAS_12" 2028 model projections (2011 meteorology)
- Quantifies visibility impacts from individual point sources, source sectors, and geographic regions
- Both NOx and SO₂ tagging
- Refines information on AOI contributions to visibility impairment
- · Can be used to adjust future year visibility projections to account for additional emission controls
- VISTAS contract with ERG allows for up to 250 tags

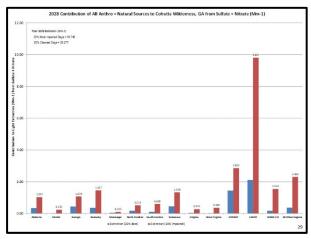
VISTAS Round 1 Facility Tags

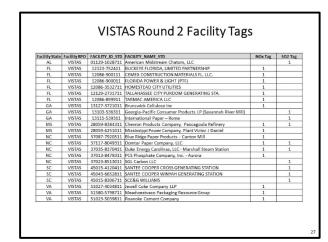
Facility State	Facility RPO	FACILITY_ID_STD	FACILITY_NAME_STD	NOx Tag	SO2 Tag
AL	VISTAS	01053-7440211	Escambia Operating Company LLC		1
AL	VISTAS	01053-985111	Escambia Operating Company LLC		1
AL	VISTAS	01073-1018711	DRUMMOND COMPANY, INC.		1
AL	VISTAS	01097-1056111	Ala Power - Barry		1
AL	VISTAS	01097-1061611	Union Oil of California - Chunchula Gas Plant		1
AL	VISTAS	01097-949811	Akzo Nobel Chemicals Inc		1
AL	VISTAS	01103-1000011	Nucor Steel Decatur LLC		1
AL	VISTAS	01109-985711	Sanders Lead Co		1
FL	VISTAS	12005-535411	ROCKTENN CP LLC		1
FL	VISTAS	12017-640611	DUKE ENERGY FLORIDA, INC. (DEF)	1	1
FL	VISTAS	12031-640211	JEA		1
FL	VISTAS	12033-752711	GULF POWER - Crist		1
FL	VISTAS	12047-769711	WHITE SPRINGS AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS, INC		1
FL	VISTAS	12057-538611	TAMPA ELECTRIC COMPANY (TEC)		1
FL	VISTAS	12057-716411	MOSAIC FERTILIZER, LLC		1
FL	VISTAS	12089-753711	ROCK TENN CP, LLC	1	1
FL	VISTAS	12089-845811	RAYONIER PERFORMANCE FIBERS LLC	1	
FL	VISTAS	12105-717711	MOSAIC FERTILIZER LLC		1
FL	VISTAS	12105-919811	MOSAIC FERTILIZER, LLC		1
FL	VISTAS	12123-752411	BUCKEYE FLORIDA, LIMITED PARTNERSHIP		1

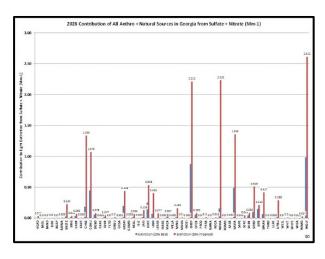
acility State	Facility RPO	FACILITY_ID_STD	FACILITY_NAME_STD	NOx Tag	SO2 Tag
GA	VISTAS		Ga Power Company - Plant Bowen		1
GA	VISTAS		International Paper - Savannah		1
GA	VISTAS		Brunswick Cellulose Inc		1
KY	VISTAS	21091-7352411	Century Aluminum of KY LLC		1
KY	VISTAS	21145-6037011	Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) - Shawnee Fossil Plant		1
KY	VISTAS	21177-5196711	Tennessee Valley Authority - Paradise Fossil Plant		1
KY	VISTAS	21183-5561611	Big Rivers Electric Corp - Wilson Station		1
NC	VISTAS	37013-8479311	PCS Phosphate Company, Inc Aurora		1
NC	VISTAS	37087-7920511	Blue Ridge Paper Products - Canton Mill		1
SC	VISTAS	45015-4834911	ALUMAX OF SOUTH CAROLINA		1
SC	VISTAS	45019-4973611	KAPSTONE CHARLESTON KRAFT LLC	1	1
SC	VISTAS	45043-5698611	INTERNATIONAL PAPER GEORGETOWN MILL		1
TN	VISTAS	47001-6196011	TVA BULL RUN FOSSIL PLANT	1	1
TN	VISTAS	47093-4979911	Cemex - Knoxville Plant	1	1
TN	VISTAS	47105-4129211	TATE & LYLE, Loudon	1	1
TN	VISTAS	47145-4979111	TVA KINGSTON FOSSIL PLANT		1
TN	VISTAS	47161-4979311	TVA CUMBERLAND FOSSIL PLANT		1
TN	VISTAS	47163-3982311	EASTMAN CHEMICAL COMPANY		1
IN	VISTAS	4/163-3982311	EASTMAN CHEMICAL COMPANY		1

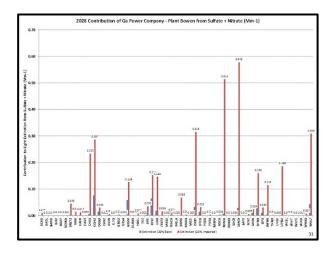
AR			FACILITY NAME STD	NOx Tag	SO2 Tag
	CENRAP	05063-1083411	ENTERGY ARKANSAS INC-INDEPENDENCE PLANT		1
MO	CENRAP		NEW MADRID POWER PLANT-MARSTON		1
MD	MANE-VU	24001-7763811	Luke Paper Company	1	1
PA	MANE-VU	42005-3866111	GENON NE MGMT CO/KEYSTONE STA	1	1
PA	MANE-VU		HOMER CITY GEN LP/ CENTER TWP	1	1
PA	MANE-VU		NRG WHOLESALE GEN/SEWARD GEN STA	1	1
IL	LADCO	17127-7808911			1
IN	LADCO		Alcoa Warrick Power Plt Agc Div of AL		1
IN	LADCO	18051-7363111			1
IN	LADCO		INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER DBA AEP ROCKPORT	1	1
IN	LADCO		INDIANAPOLIS POWER & LIGHT PETERSBURG		1
IN	LADCO		Sigeco AB Brown South Indiana Gas & Ele		1
OH	LADCO		Cardinal Power Plant (Cardinal Operating Company) (0641050002)	1	1
OH	LADCO		Conesville Power Plant (0616000000)	1	1
OH	LADCO		Duke Energy Ohio, Wm. H. Zimmer Station (1413090154)	1	1
OH	LADCO		General James M. Gavin Power Plant (0627010056)	1	1
OH	LADCO	39053-7983011	Ohio Valley Electric Corp., Kyger Creek Station (0627000003)	1	1

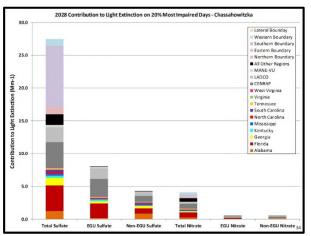


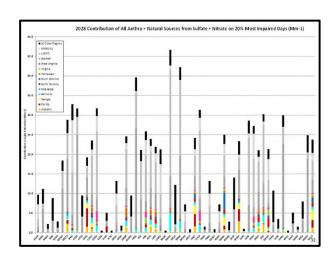


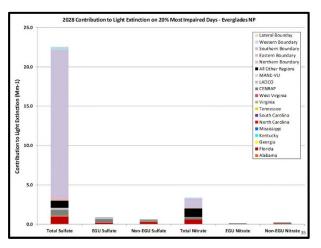


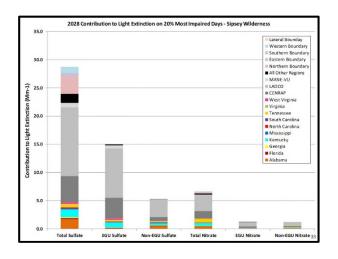


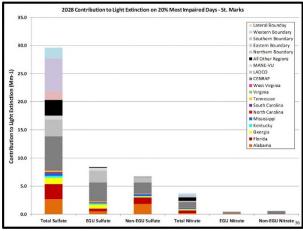


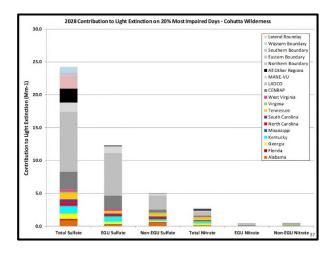


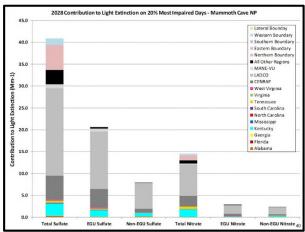


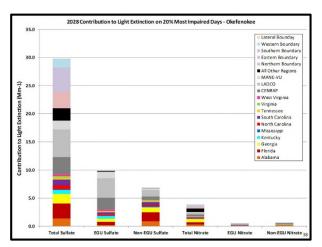


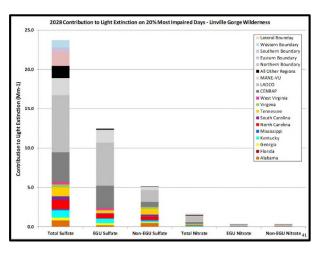


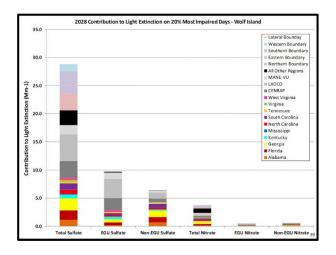


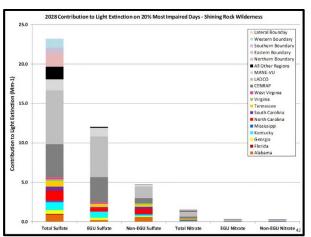


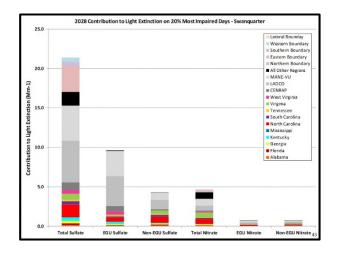


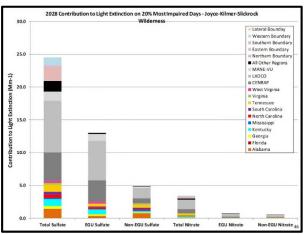


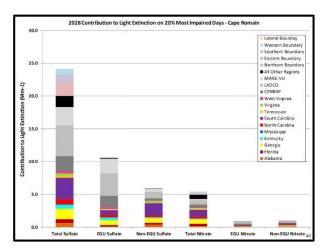


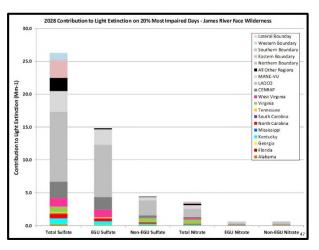


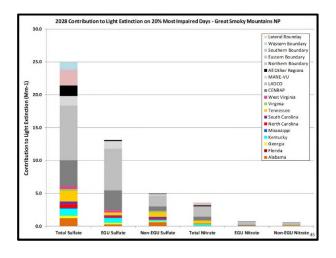


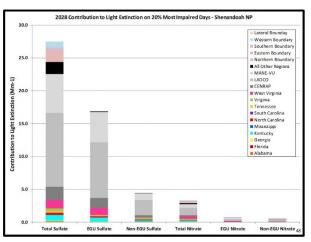


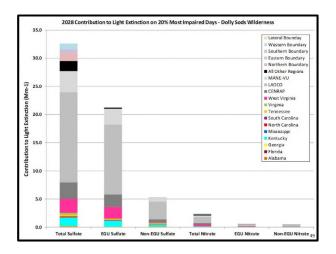


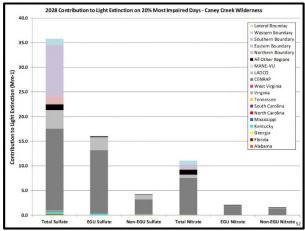


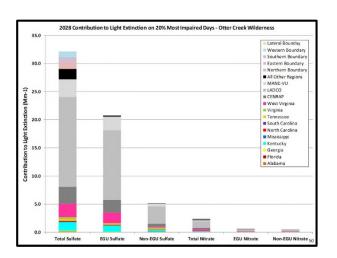


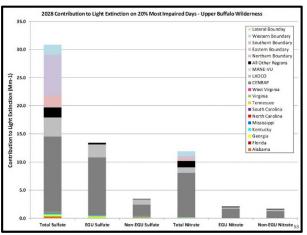


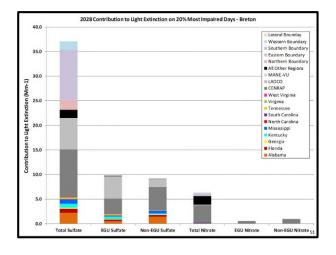


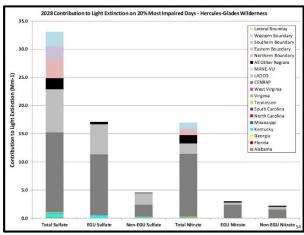


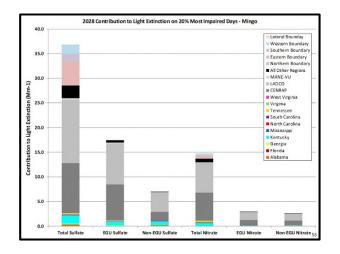






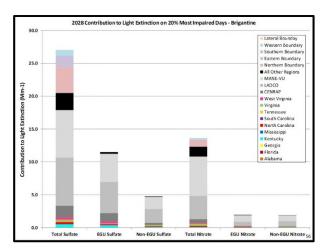






Screening for 4-Factor Analysis

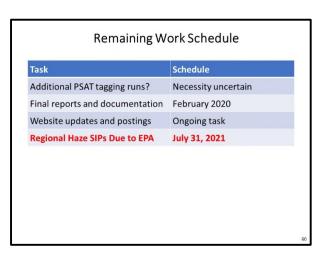
- States are in the process of selecting sources for the reasonable progress 4-factor analysis
- State need to make decisions on screening thresholds:
 - Most states will likely use a screening threshold based on a facility's percent contribution to point source contributions
 - Likely range is between 2% to 5%
 - Sulfate and nitrate separately vs. combination
 - AOI contributions, PSAT contributions, or combination
 - In some cases, the AOI contributions are significantly different than the PSAT contributions



4-Factor Analysis

- States will evaluate certain sources and emissions to determine if reasonable controls are in place or available
- Considers four important factors
 - Potential costs of compliance
 - \$/ton and \$/Mm⁻¹
 - Time necessary for compliance
 - Energy and non-air quality environmental impacts of compliance
 - Remaining useful life of sources subject to this analysis

NEXT STEPS



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west virginia department of environmental protection

Appendix F-3h

VISTAS Regional Haze Project Update April 2, 2020

West Virginia Division of Air Quality 601 57th Street, SE Charleston, WV 25304

Promoting a healthy environment

VISTAS Regional Haze Project Update



FLM and EPA Conference Call April 2, 2020

Old ERTAC (2.7opt) vs. New ERTAC (16.0)

502	16.0_2028	2.7opt_2028	∆ SO2	∆ SO2
CENSARA	367,683.7	760,828.2	-393,144.5	-51.67%
LADCO	266,047.0	379,577.5	-113,530.5	-29.91%
MANE-VU	78,657.0	196,672.6	-118,015.6	-60.01%
VISTAS	161,502.5	273,582.1	-112,079.6	-40.97%
TOTAL	976,471.2	1,783,376.5	-806,905.3	-45.25%
NOx	16.0_2028	2.7opt_2028	ΔNOx	ΔNOx
NOx				
NOx	16.0_2028	2.7opt_2028	ΔNOx	ΔNOx
NOx CENSARA LADCO	16.0_2028 244,499.3	2.7opt_2028 354,795.1	ΔNOx -110,295.8	Δ NOx -31.09%
NOx CENSARA	16.0_2028 244,499.3 166,429.4	2.7opt_2028 354,795.1 198,966.9	ΔNOx -110,295.8 -32,537.4	Δ NOx -31.09% -16.35%

Outline

- Background Information
- 2028 Emissions Updates
- Revised 2028 PSAT Stacked Bar Charts
- Four Factor Analysis
- Next Steps & Schedule



VISTAS CC/TAWG Conclusions

- 1. 2028 emission updates are necessary
 - VISTAS States States will:
 - Update 2028 major source emissions projections (SO₂, NOx, PM_{2.5}, PM₁₀, NH₃, CO) at the facility and unit level
 - Add any new sources of significance
 - LADCO States SESARM will:
 Replace ERTAC_2.7 with ERTAC_16.1 based on LADCO input
 - All Other States SESARM will:
 - Replace ERTAC_2.7 with ERTAC_16.0
 - Verify accuracy of large SO_2 and NOx source emissions projections via contact with surrounding states/RPOs and update emissions as needed
- 2. Additional 2028 air quality modeling is needed

VISTAS vs. EPA Emission Projections

 The table below compares the 2028 point emissions used by VISTAS vs. the latest 2028fh emissions used by EPA (projected from 2016). The emissions below are extracted from the VISTAS 12 modeling domain which covers the Eastern U.S.

Pollutant	VISTAS 2028 (tpy)	New EPA 2028 (tpy)	Change (tpy)	Change (%)
NOx	2,641,463.83	2,108,115.50	533,348.33	20.19%
SO2	2,574,542.02	1,400,287.10	1,174,254.92	45.61%

Additional Modeling-Related Tasks

- Emissions processing
- Updated 2028 CAMx modeling
- Updated 2028 visibility projections
- Documentation

Updated 2028 **Point Emissions**

Revised 2028 PSAT Stacked Bar Charts (Original and Adjusted)

2028 SO₂ Comparison

State/ RPO	Point_OLD (tpy)	Point_NEW (tpy)	Delta (%)	EGU_OLD (tpy)	EGU_NEW (tpy)	Delta (%)	NEGU_OLD (tpy)	NEGU_NEW (tpy)	Delta (%)
AL	87,111.28	59,056.98	-32.2%	15,480.96	8,365.96	-46.0%	71,630.32	50,691.02	-29.2%
FL	63,501.23	52,982.68	-16.6%	28,547.41	24,004.67	-15.9%	34,953.82	28,978.01	-17.1%
GA	37,065.83	36,166.09	-2.4%	18,473.28	17,573.54	-4.9%	18,592.55	18,592.55	0.0%
KY	75,140.26	65,636.83	-12.6%	56,262.06	49,585.95	-11,9%	18,878.20	16,050.88	-15.0%
MS	21,234,31	8,405.06	-60.4%	6,984.57	3,236.28	-53.7%	14,249.74	5,168.78	-63.7%
NC	35,232.88	24,347.18	-30,9%	19,734.80	9,571.47	-51,5%	15,498.08	14,775.71	-4.7%
SC	29,600.85	29,601.25	0.0%	10,693.79	10,695.34	0.0%	18,907.05	18,905.91	0.0%
TN	23,447.58	21,057.17	-10.2%	12,114.30	10,030.04	-17.2%	11,333.28	11,027.13	-2.7%
VA	19,839.18	18,551.32	-6.5%	3,264.09	1,976.23	-39,5%	16,575.09	16,575.09	0,0%
WV	63,404.07	53,715.79	-15,3%	57,828.67	47,744.49	-17,4%	5,575.41	5,971.30	7.1%
CENSARA	1,012,946.59	621,321.29	-38.7%	773,625.13	382,000.54	-50.6%	239,321.46	239,320.75	0.0%
LADCO	660,186.42	498,171.62	-24.5%	444,506.99	282,492.18	36,4%	215,679.44	215,679.44	0.0%
MANE-VE	270,810.83	149,439.76	-44.8%	203,661,43	95,074.20	-53.3%	67,149.39	54,365.55	-19.0%
WRAP	182,121.89	135,483.18	-25.6%	136,955.17	90,316.46	-34.1%	45,166.72	45,166.73	0.0%
TOTAL	2,581,643,20	1,773,936.20	-31.3%	1.788.132.63	1,032,667.35	-42,2%	793,510.56	741,268.85	-6.6%

PSAT Source Apportionment Modeling

- Quantifies visibility impacts from individual point sources, source sectors, and geographic regions
- NOx and SO₂ tagging
- Used for further evaluation of AOI results
- · Refines information on contributions to visibility impairment
- · Can be used to adjust future year visibility projections to account for additional emission controls
- VISTAS contract with ERG allows for up to 250 tags

2028 NOx Comparison

State/ RPO	Point_OLD (tpy)	Point_NEW (tpy)	Delta (%)	EGU_OLD (tpy)	EGU_NEW (tpy)	Delta (%)	NEGU_OLD (tpy)	NEGU_NEW (tpy)	Delta (%)
AL	80,389,97	70,824.72	-11.9%	26,895.35	20,008.14	-25.6%	53,494.61	50,816,58	-5.0%
FL	68,006.19	70,010.40	2.9%	26,250.73	25,049.90	-4.6%	41,755.45	44,960.50	7.7%
GA	67,197.50	65,885.55	-2.0%	25,899.67	24,587.73	-5.1%	41,297.83	41,297.83	0.0%
KY	66,240.03	62,130.83	-6.2%	36,781.72	32,695.94	-11,196	29,458.31	29,434.89	-0.1%
MS	52,159.32	46,853.62	-10.2%	18,279.53	12,208-89	-33.2%	33,879.79	34,644.73	2.3%
NC	65,863.97	58,933.80	-10.5%	27,842.23	20,977.65	-24.7%	38,021.74	37,956.15	-0.2%
SC	36,051.31	36,170.87	0.3%	10,522.78	10,707.42	1.8%	25,528.53	25,463.44	-0.3%
TN	45,879.07	42,954.25	-6.4%	10,086.01	7,814.13	-22.5%	35,793.06	35,140.12	-1.8%
VA	43,210.19	41,671.99	-3.6%	11,973.97	10,435.77	-12,8%	31,236.22	31,236.22	0.0%
WV	65,054,07	68,200,77	4.8%	46,721.77	49,874.15	6.7%	18,332.30	18,326.62	0.0%
CENSARA.	903,979.85	791,397.59	-12.5%	382,706.66	270,182.46	-29.4%	521,273.19	521,215.14	0.0%
LADCO	548,866.74	491,345.00	-10.5%	244,035.26	186,513.52	23.6%	304,831.49	304,831.49	0.0%
MANE-VE	244,280.15	222,991.41	-8.7%	103,465,15	82,176.41	-20.6%	140,815.00	140,815.00	0.0%
WRAP	362,819.80	301,433.41	-16.9%	187,944.97	126,558.55	-32.7%	174,874.83	174,874.86	0.0%
TOTAL	2,649,998.14	2,370,804.22	-10.5%	1,159,405.80	879,790.66	-24.1%	1,490,592.35	1,491,013.55	0.0%

PSAT SO₂ and NOx Tags (209)

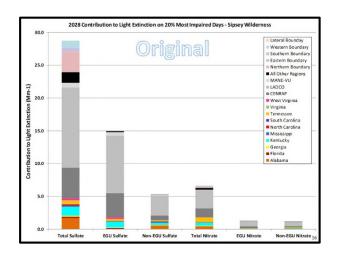
Round 1 (122 tags)

- Total SO₂ tags for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 MJOs = 13 tags
 Total NOx tags for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 MJOs = 13 tags
 EGU point SO₂ tags for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 MJOs = 13 tags
 EGU point NOx tags for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 MJOs = 13 tags
- SO₂ tags for individual VISTAS facilities = 50 tags
- NOx tags for individual VISTAS facilities = 20 tags

Round 2 (87 tags)

- Non-EGU point SO₂ for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 MJOs = 13 tags
 Non-EGU point NOx for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 MJOs = 13 tags
- SO, and NOx for N/S/W/E boundaries = 8 tags
- SO, tags for individual VISTAS facilities = 10 tags
- NOx tags for individual VISTAS facilities = 16 tags SO₂ tags for individual non-VISTAS facilities = 17 tags
- NOx tags for individual non-VISTAS facilities = 10 tags

State/RPO	SO ₂ EGU Ratio	SO ₂ NEGU Ratio	NOx EGU Ratio	NOx NEGU Ratio
AL	0.540	0.708	0.744	0.950
FL	0.841	0.829	0.954	1,077
GA	0.951	1.000	0.949	1.000
KY	0.881	0.850	0.889	0.999
MS	0.463	0.363	0.668	1.023
NC	0.485	0.953	0.753	0.998
sc	1.000	1.000	1.018	0.997
TN	0.828	0.973	0.775	0.982
VA	0.605	1.000	0.872	1.000
wv	0.826	1.071	1.067	1.000
CENSARA	0.494	1.000	0.706	1.000
LADCO	0.636	1.000	0.764	1.000
MANE-VE	0.467	0.810	0.794	1.000

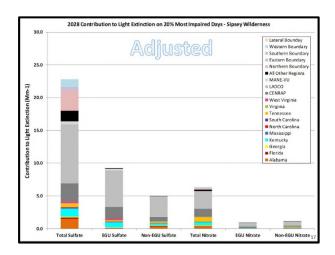


Revised State/RPO PSAT Results

Revised EGU Sulfate PSAT Results
 = Original EGU Sulfate PSAT Results * SO₂ EGU Ratio

Revised NEGU Sulfate PSAT Results
 Original NEGU Sulfate PSAT Results * SO₂ NEGU Ratio

 $\textit{where, SO}_2 \, \textit{NEGU Ratio} = \frac{\textit{(Revised EGU SO}_2 \, emissions)}{\textit{(Original EGU SO}_2 \, emissions)}$



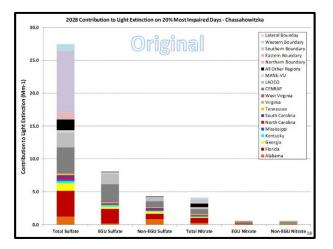
Revised State/RPO PSAT Results

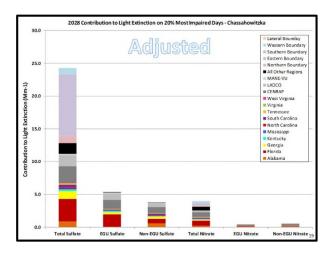
Revised EGU Nitrate PSAT Results
 Original EGU Nitrate PSAT Results * NOx EGU Ratio

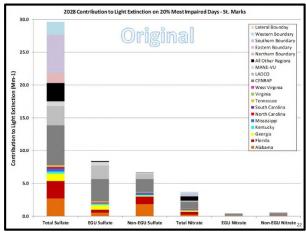
(Revised EGU NOx emissions)
where, NOx EGU Ratio = ------(Original EGU NOx emissions)

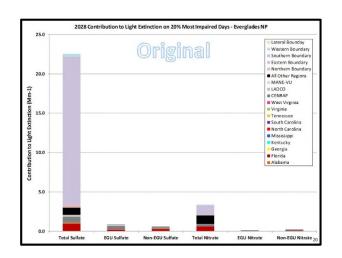
- Revised NEGU Nitrate PSAT Results
 - = Original NEGU Nitrate PSAT Results * NOx NEGU Ratio

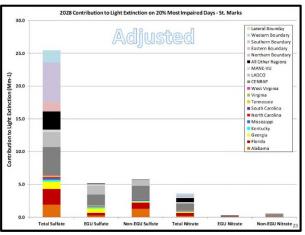
where, NOx NEGU Ratio = ------(Original EGU NOx emissions)

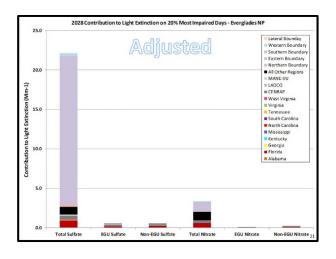


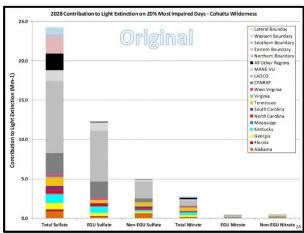


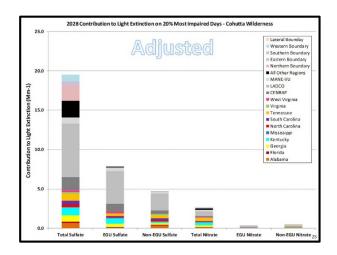


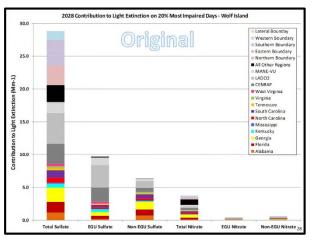


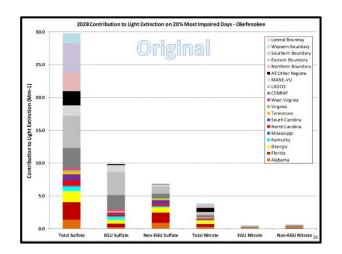


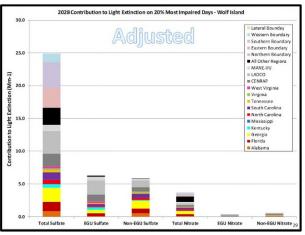


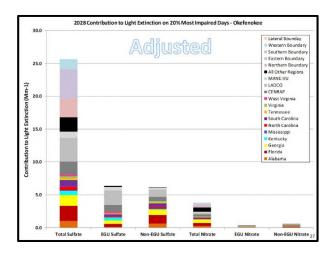


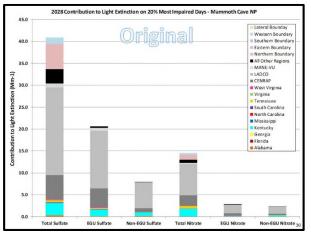


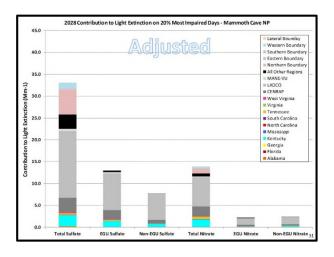


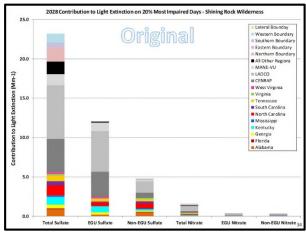


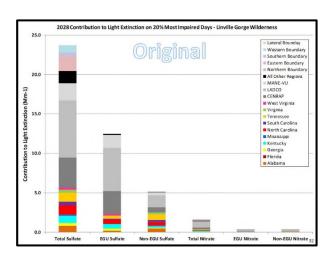


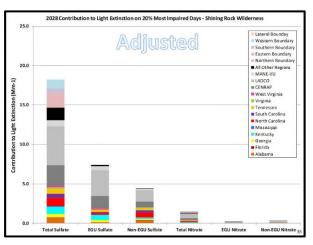


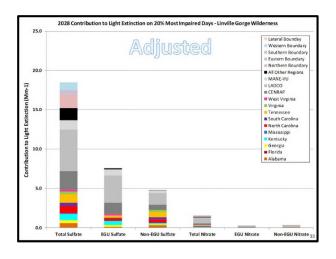


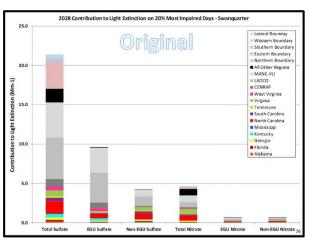


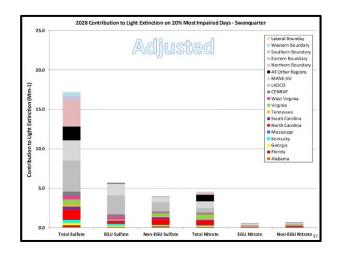


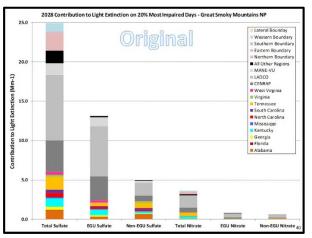


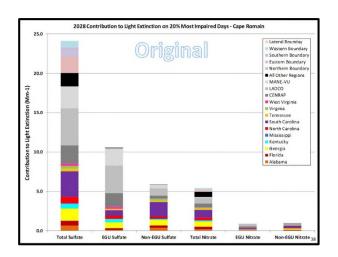


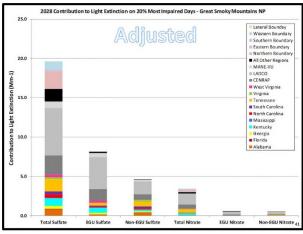


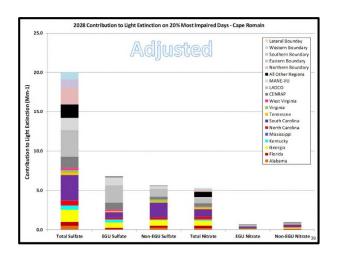


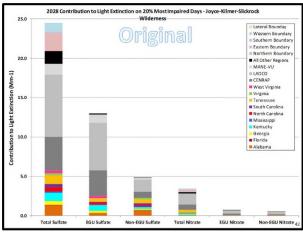


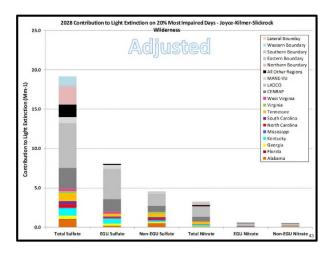


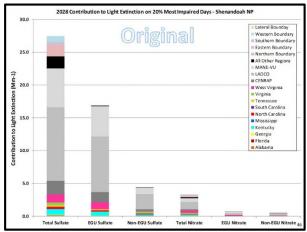


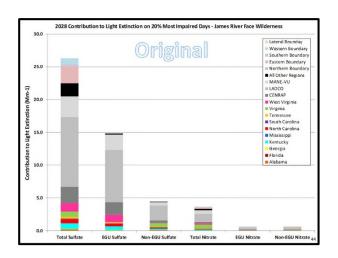


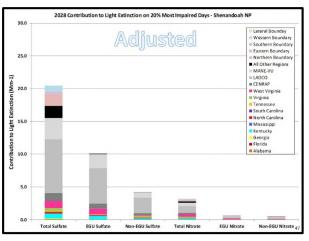


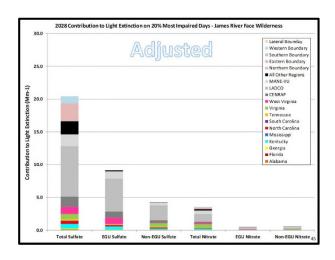


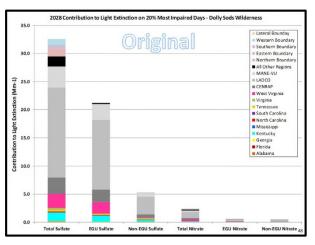


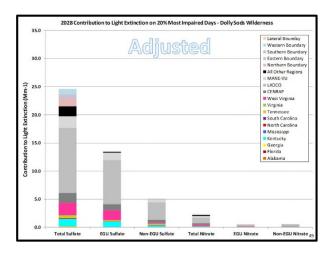


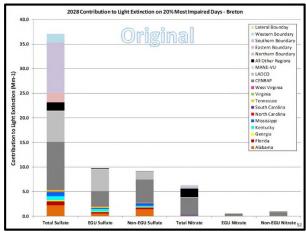


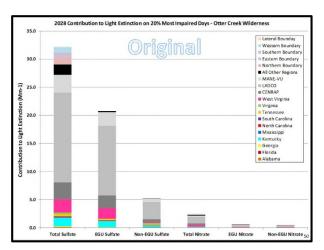


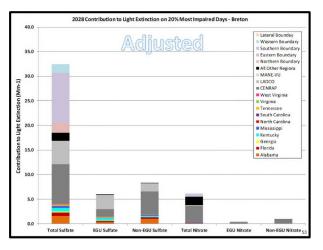


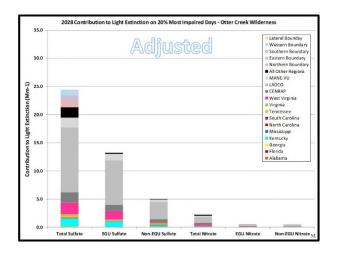


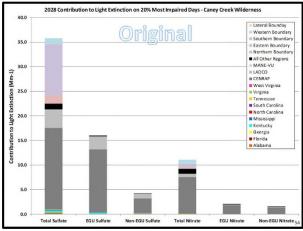


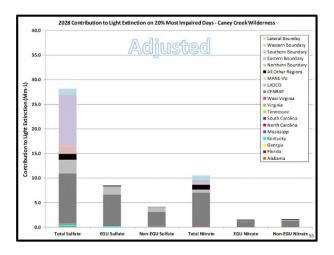


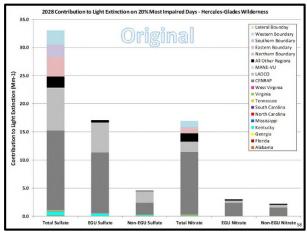


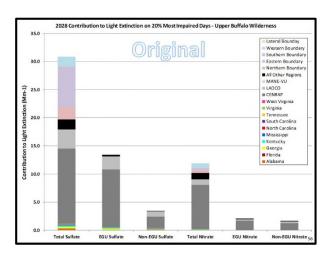


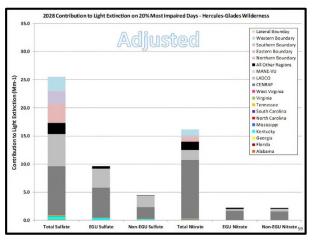


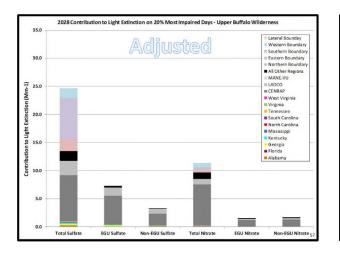


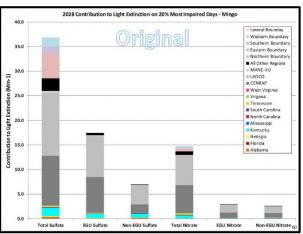


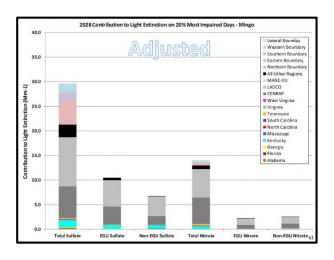




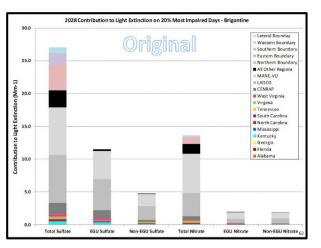






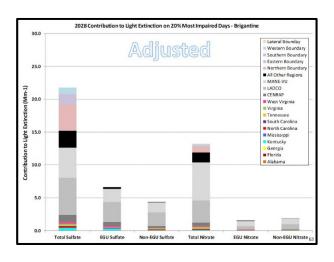


Four Factor Analysis



Four-Factor Analysis Screening Approach

- The VISTAS four-factor analysis approach is based on an initial AOI screening (Q/d * EWRT) to rank facilities based on their sulfate and nitrate contributions at each Class I area.
- These rankings were used to identify 87 individual facilities for PSAT tagging. PSAT tagging was used to determine the nitrate and sulfate contributions from each facility at each Class I area in the VISTAS_12 domain.
- 3. Each individual VISTAS state will apply a PSAT contribution threshold based on the facility sulfate or facility nitrate impacts divided by the total impact of sulfate + nitrate from all point sources to determine which sources will need to be considered for a four-factor analysis.
 - If sulfate contribution ≥ 1% → SO₂ Four-Factor Analysis
 - If nitrate contribution ≥ 1% → NOx Four-Factor Analysis



Why 1% Threshold?

- In the Round 1 Regional Haze SIPs, many VISTAS states used the AOI approach and a 1% threshold on a Unit basis.
 - We are using the AOI/PSAT approach and a 1% threshold based on a <u>Facility</u> basis. This will pull in more facilities compared to a Unit basis.
- The CSAPR interstate transport rules use a 1% contribution threshold for determining significant contributions to nonattainment and maintenance areas.
 - The use of a 1% significance threshold would be consistent with the CSAPR approach.

Area of Influence (AOI) Analysis

- Evaluates emissions (Q), distance to Class I area (d), and extinction weighted residence time (EWRT) in model grid cells (point) or counties (source categories)
- Formula: (Q/d)*EWRT
- Establishes each county's and each facility's contribution to light extinction at each Class I area on the 20% most impaired days
- Can use contributions to rank and screen facilities for the 4-factor analysis
- Georgia Example:
 - Sources in Georgia, used ≥ 2% threshold
 - Sources outside Georgia, used ≥ 4% threshold

State	FACILITY NAME	DISTANCE (km)	NOx_2028 (tons/year)	SO2_2028 (tons/year)	NOx Contribution	SO2 Contribution
GA	Brunswick Cellulose Inc	27.9	1,554.5	294.2	2.94%	8.84%
FL	ROCK TENN CP, LLC	74.9	2,316.8	2,606.7	0.39%	8.56%
GA	International Paper - Savannah	85.9	1,560.7	3,945.4	0.24%	7.53%
FL	JEA	105.1	651.8	2,094.5	0.09%	4.43%
GA	Georgia-Pacific Consumer Products LP (Savannah River Mill)	109.9	351.5	1,860.2	0.03%	2.65%
FL	WHITE SPRINGS AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS, INC	173.6	112.4	2,745.0	0.01%	1.97%
5C	ALUMAX OF SOUTH CAROLINA	223,0	108.1	3,751,7	0.00%	1.84%
FL	RAYONIER PERFORMANCE FIBERS LLC	77.4	2,327.1	562.0	0.38%	1.79%
FL	SEMINOLE ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE, INC.	181.4	917.8	3,713.4	0.02%	1.77%
OH	General James M. Gavin Power Plant (0627010056)	845,3	8,122.5	41,595.8	0.02%	1.71%
SC	SANTEE COOPER CROSS GENERATING STATION	251.0	3,273.5	4,281.2	0.09%	1.59%
GA	Southern States Phosphate & Fertilizer	84.1	1.0	597.1	0.00%	1.55%
FL	IFF CHEMICAL HOLDINGS, INC.	118.5	37.7	898.9	0.00%	1.22%
FL	DUKE ENERGY FLORIDA, INC. (DEF)	296.6	2,489.8	5,306.4	0.04%	1.19%
GA	Ga Power Company - Plant Bowen	458.1	6,643.3	10,453.4	0.03%	1.08%
GA	Savannah Sugar Refinery	89.9	521.6	582.0	0.08%	1.06%
SC	INTERNATIONAL PAPER EASTOVER	288.7	1,780.3	3,212.9	0.05%	0.95%
GA	Ga Power Company - Plant McManus	27.1	72.2	30.1	0.14%	0.93%
5C	KAPSTONE CHARLESTON KRAFT LLC	213,6	2,355.8	1,863.7	0.09%	0,89%
PA	GENON NE MGMT CO/KEYSTONE STA	1,048.6	6,578.5	56,939.2	0.01%	0.84%

AOI Point Contributions for COHU

State	FACILITY NAME	DISTANCE (km)	NOx_2028 (tons/year)	SO2_2028 (tons/year)	NOx Contribution	SO2 Contribution
GA	Ga Power Company - Plant Bowen	78.0	6,643.3	10,453.4	1.15%	19,58%
IN	INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER DBA AEP ROCKPORT	410.1	8,806.8	30,536.3	0.13%	4,68%
GA	International Paper – Rome	87.4	1,773.4	1,791.0	0.18%	4.66%
IN	Gibson	487.1	12,280,3	23,117.2	0.10%	2.31%
IN	INDIANAPOLIS POWER & LIGHT PETERSBURG	477.0	10,665.3	18,141.9	0.16%	2.18%
KY	Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) - Shawnee Fossil Plant	457.2	7,007.3	19,504.7	0.07%	2.18%
TN	TVA KINGSTON FOSSIL PLANT	124.0	1,687.4	1,886,1	0.13%	2.17%
OH	General James M. Gavin Power Plant (0627010056)	512.0	8,122.5	41,595.8	0.02%	1.71%
TN	TVA CUMBERLAND FOSSIL PLANT	327.0	4,916.5	8,427.3	0.09%	1.38%
KY	Big Rivers Electric Corp - Wilson Station	369.0	1,151.9	6,934.2	0.01%	1.07%
ОН	Duke Energy Ohio, Wm. H. Zimmer Station (1413090154)	454.6	7,150.0	22,133.9	0.06%	1.05%
GA	Ga Power Company - Plant Wansley	156.8	2,052.5	4,856.0	0.04%	1.05%
KY	KY Utilities Co - Ghent Station	441.5	7,939.9	10,169.3	0.08%	1.05%
IL	Joppa Steam	466.9	4,706.3	20,509.3	0.02%	1.04%
GA	Mohawk Industries Inc	32.0	66.5	77.1	0.07%	1.02%
TN	EASTMAN CHEMICAL COMPANY	269.8	6,900.3	6,420.2	0.09%	0.99%
MO	AMEREN MISSOURI-LABADIE PLANT	695.4	9,685.5	41,740.3	0.01%	0.96%
IL.	Newton	564.0	1,934.9	10,631.6	0.01%	0.91%
GA	Chemical Products Corporation	71.9	19.5	513.8	0.00%	0.89%
174	INDIANA KENTUCKY ELECTRIC CORPORATION	444.4	6,188.5	9,038-1	0.04%	0.76%

Georgia Tagging for PSAT

Sources in Georgia (≥ 2% threshold)

- Ga Power Company Plant Bowen
 International Paper Rome (aka TEMPLE INLAND)
- International Paper Savannah
- · Brunswick Cellulose Inc
- Georgia-Pacific Consumer Products LP (Savannah River Mill)

Sources outside Georgia (≥ 4% threshold)

- INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER DBA AEP ROCKPORT (IN)
 - ROCK TENN CP, LLC (FL)
- JEA (FL)

AOI Point Contributions for OKEF

State	FACILITY NAME	DISTANCE (km)	NOx_2028 (tons/year)	SO2_2028 (tons/year)	NOx Contribution	SO2 Contribution
FL	WHITE SPRINGS AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS, INC	71.5	112.4	2,745,0	0.03%	14,63%
FL	ROCK TENN CP, LLC	64.8	2,316.8	2,606.7	0.88%	12.82%
FL	JEA	65.6	651.8	2,094.5	0.18%	6.60%
FL	SEMINOLE ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE, INC.	121.4	917.8	3,713,4	0.07%	3.25%
FL	IFF CHEMICAL HOLDINGS, INC.	56.8	37.7	898.9	0.01%	3.25%
FL	RAYONIER PERFORMANCE FIBERS LLC	63.4	2,327.1	562.0	0.90%	2.82%
GA	International Paper - Savannah	178.9	1,560.7	3,945.4	0.08%	2.81%
FL	BUCKEYE FLORIDA, LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	153.5	1,830.7	1,520.4	0.14%	2.18%
FL	RENESSENZILIC	59.8	66.3	569.5	0.02%	1.96%
FL	DUKE ENERGY FLORIDA, INC. (DEF)	205.0	2,489.8	5,306,4	0.06%	1,40%
AL	Sanders Lead Co	384.6	121.7	7,951.1	0.00%	1,11%
GA	Georgia-Pacific Consumer Products LP (Savannah River Mill)	197.2	351.5	1,860.2	0.01%	1.05%
GA	Ga Power Company - Plant Bowen	458.1	6,643.3	10,453.4	0.05%	1.02%
GA	Brunswick Cellulase Inc	75.3	1,554.5	294.2	0.34%	1.01%
SC	ALUMAX OF SOUTH CAROLINA	322.7	108.1	3,751.7	0.00%	0.97%
GA	PCA Valdosta Mill	112.7	1,032.6	485.7	0.09%	0.85%
SC	SANTEE COOPER CROSS GENERATING STATION	348.1	3,273.5	4,281.2	0.05%	0.85%
FL	CITY OF GAINESVILLE, GRU	111.7	410.0	881.4	0.03%	0.79%
5C	KAPSTONE CHARLESTON KRAFT LLC	314.9	2,355.8	1,863.7	0.06%	0.65%
GA	Ga Power Company - Plant Wansley	403.7	2,052.5	4,856.0	0.02%	0.65%

AOI Screening Summary

State	Threshold	Notes
AL	2%	Sulfate only
FL	5%	Sulfate or nitrate, plus Gulf Crist, Mosaic Bartow, Mosaic Nev Wales, and Mosaic Riverview
GA	2% - 4%	Sulfate or nitrate, 2% threshold for GA facilities, 4% threshold for facilities outside GA
KY	2%	Sulfate or nitrate
MS	2%	Sulfate or nitrate
NC	3%	Sulfate + nitrate
sc	2% - 5%	2% for sulfate, 5% for nitrate, plus Santee Cooper Winyah, International Paper Georgetown, and SCE&G Williams
TN	3%	Sulfate + nitrate, plus CEMEX
VA	2%	Sulfate + nitrate
wv	0.2%	Sulfate or nitrate

PSAT Source Apportionment Modeling

- · Quantifies visibility impacts from individual point sources, source sectors, and geographic regions
- NOx and SO₂ tagging
- Used for further evaluation of AOI results
- Refines information on contributions to visibility impairment
- · Can be used to adjust future year visibility projections to account for additional emission
- VISTAS contract with ERG allows for up to 250 tags

83-5561611 Big Rivers Electric Corp - Wilson Station		SO2 (TPY)	NOx (TPY)
		6,934.16	1,151.95
91-7352411 Century Aluminum of KY LLC		5,044.16	197.66
77-5196711 Tennessee Valley Authority - Paradise Fossil Plant		3,011.01	3,114.52
45-6037011 Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) - Shawnee Fossil Plant	VISTAS 21145-	19,504.75	7,007.34
59-8384311 Chevron Products Company, Pascagoula Refinery		741.60	1,534.12
59-6251011 Mississippi Power Company, Plant Victor J Daniel		231.92	3,829.72
87-7920511 Blue Ridge Paper Products - Canton Mill	VISTAS 37087-	1,127.07	2,992.37
17-8049311 Domtar Paper Company, LLC	VISTAS 37117-	687.45	1,796.49
35-8370411 Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC - Marshall Steam Station	VISTAS 37035-	4,139.21	7,511.31
13-8479311 PCS Phosphate Company, Inc Aurora	VISTAS 37013-	4,845.90	495.58
23-8513011 SGL Carbon LLC	VISTAS 37023-	261.64	21.69
15-4834911 ALUMAX OF SOUTH CAROLINA	VISTAS 45015	3,751.69	108.08
13-5698611 INTERNATIONAL PAPER GEORGETOWN MILL	VISTAS 45043-	2,767.52	2,031.26
19-4973611 KAPSTONE CHARLESTON KRAFT LLC	VISTAS 45019-	1,863.65	2,355.82
15-4120411 SANTEE COOPER CROSS GENERATING STATION	VISTAS 45015-	4,281.17	3,273.47
13-6652811 SANTEE COOPER WINYAH GENERATING STATION	VISTAS 45043-	2,246.86	1,772.53
15-8306711 SCE&G WILLIAMS	VISTAS 45015-	392.48	992.73
93-4979911 Cemex - Knoxville Plant	VISTAS 47093	121.47	711.50
53-3982311 EASTMAN CHEMICAL COMPANY	VISTAS 47163-	6,420.16	6,900.33
05-4129211 TATE & LYLE, Loudon	VISTAS 47105	472.76	883.25
01-6196011 TVA BULL RUN FOSSIL PLANT	VISTAS 47001-	622.54	964.16
51-4979311 TVA CUMBERLAND FOSSIL PLANT	VISTAS 47161-	8,427.33	4,916.52
45-4979111 TVA KINGSTON FOSSIL PLANT	VISTAS 47145	1,886.09	1.687.38
27-4034811 Jewell Coke Company LLP	VISTAS 51027	5,090.95	520.17
80-5798711 Meadwestvaco Packaging Resource Group	VISTAS 51580-	2,115.31	1,985.69
23-5039811 Roanoke Cement Company	VISTAS 51023-	2,290.17	1.972.97
15-412921 TATE & LYE, LOUIDIN 10-189011 TVA BULL RUN FOSSI, PLANT 10-189011 TVA CUMBERLAND FOSSI, PLANT 10-189011 TVA CUMBERLAND FOSSI, PLANT 17-4034811 Jewell Coke Company LIP 18-05-789711 Mexicoverstoop Decision Resource Group	VISTAS 47105 VISTAS 47001- VISTAS 47161- VISTAS 47145- VISTAS 51027- VISTAS 51580-	472.76 622.54 8,427.33 1,886.09 5,090.95 2,115.31	8 9 4,9 1,6 5

PSAT SO₂ and NOx Tags (209)

- Round 1 (122 tags)

 Total SO₂ tags for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 MJOs = 13 tags
- Total NOx tags for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 MJOs = 13 tags
- EGU point SO₂ tags for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 MJOs = 13 tags
- EGU point NOx tags for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 MJOs = 13 tags
 SO₂ tags for individual VISTAS facilities = 50 tags
 NOx tags for individual VISTAS facilities = 20 tags

- Round 2 (87 tags)
 Non-EGU point SO₂ for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 MJOs = 13 tags
- Non-EGU point NOx for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 MJOs = 13 tags

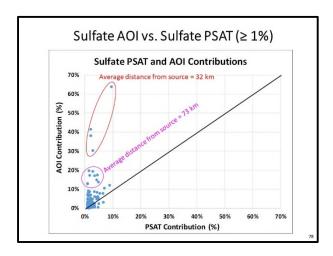
- SO₂ and NOx for N/S/W/E boundaries = 8 tags
 SO₂ tags for individual VISTAS facilities = 10 tags
 NOx tags for individual VISTAS facilities = 16 tags
 SO₂ tags for individual non-VISTAS facilities = 17 tags
- NOx tags for individual non-VISTAS facilities = 10 tags

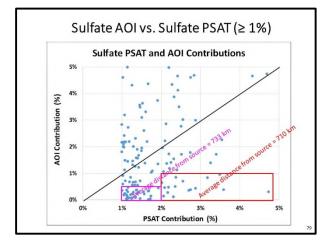
→ 87 Total Facility Tags (both SO₂ and NOx)

Facility Tags (WV, AR, MO, MD, PA, IL, IN	, OH)
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acility State	Facility RPO	FACILITY ID STD	FACILITY_NAME_STD	SO2 (TPY)	NOx (TPY)
WV	VISTAS	54033-6271711	ALLEGHENY ENERGY SUPPLY CO, LLC-HARRISON	10,082.94	11,830.8
WV	VISTAS	54049-4864511	AMERICAN BITUMINOUS POWER-GRANT TOWN PLT	2,210.25	1,245.1
WV	VISTAS	54079-6789111	APPALACHIAN POWER COMPANY - JOHN E AMOS PLANT	10,984.24	4,878.1
WV	VISTAS	54023-6257011	Dominion Resources, Inc MOUNT STORM POWER STATION	2,123.64	1,984.1
WV	VISTAS	54041-6900311	EQUITRANS - COPLEY RUN CS 70	0.10	511.0
wv	VISTAS	54083-6790711	FILES CREEK 6C4340	0.15	643.3
WV	VISTAS	54083-6790511	GLADY 6C4350	0.11	343.2
WV	VISTAS	54093-6327811	KINGSFORD MANUFACTURING COMPANY	16.96	140.8
WV	VISTAS	54061-16320111	LONGVIEW POWER	2,313.73	1,556.5
WV	VISTAS	54051-6902311	MITCHELL PLANT	5,372.40	2,719.6
WV	VISTAS	54061-6773611	MONONGAHELA POWER CO FORT MARTIN POWER	4,881.87	13,743.3
WV	VISTAS	54073-4782811	MONONGAHELA POWER CO-PLEASANTS POWER STA	16,817.43	5,497.3
WV	VISTAS	54061-6773811	MORGANTOWN ENERGY ASSOCIATES	828.64	655.5
AR	CENRAP	05063-1083411	ENTERGY ARKANSAS INC-INDEPENDENCE PLANT	32,050.48	14,133.1
MO	CENRAP	29143-5363811	NEW MADRID POWER PLANT-MARSTON	16,783.71	4,394.1
MD	MANE-VU	24001-7763811	Luke Paper Company	22,659.84	3,607.0
PA	MANE-VU	42005-3866111	GENON NE MGMT CO/KEYSTONE STA	56,939.25	6,578.4
PA	MANE-VU	42063-3005211	HOMER CITY GEN LP/ CENTER TWP	11,865.70	5,215.9
PA	MANE-VU	42063-3005111	NRG WHOLESALE GEN/SEWARD GEN STA	8,880.26	2,254.6
IL	Midwest RPO	17127-7808911	Joppa Steam	20,509.28	4,706.3
IN	Midwest RPO	18173-8183111	Alcoa Warrick Power Plt Agc Div of AL	5,071.28	11,158.5
IN	Midwest RPO	18051-7363111	Gibson	23,117.23	12,280.3
IN	Midwest RPO	18147-8017211	INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER DBA AEP ROCKPORT	30,536.33	8,806.7
IN	MIdwest RPO	18125-7362411	INDIANAPOLIS POWER & LIGHT PETERSBURG	18,141.88	10,665.2
IN	Midwest RPO	18129-8166111	Sigeco AB Brown South Indiana Gas & Ele	7,644.70	1,578.5
ОН	Midwest RPO	39081-8115711	Cardinal Power Plant (Cardinal Operating Company) (0641050002)	7,460.79	2,467.3
OH	Midwest RPO	39031-8010811	Conesville Power Plant (0616000000)	6,356.23	9,957.8
ОН	Midwest RPO	39025-8294311	Duke Energy Ohio, Wm. H. Zimmer Station (1413090154)	22,133.90	7,149.9
ОН	Midwest RPO	39053-8148511	General James M. Gavin Power Plant (0627010056)	41,595.81	8,122.5
OH	Midwest RPO	39053-7983011	Ohio Valley Electric Corp., Kyger Creek Station (0627000003)	3,400.14	9,143.8

Facility State	Faallia nno	FACILITY ID CTD	FACILITY NAME STD	SO2 (TPY)	NOx (TPY)
AL	VISTAS	01097-949811	Akzo Nobel Chemicals Inc	3,335,72	20.7
AL	VISTAS	01097-1056111	Ala Power - Barry	6.033.17	2.275.7
AL.	VISTAS	01129-1028711	American Midstream Chatom, LLC	3,106,38	425.8
AL	VISTAS	01073-1018711	DRUMMOND COMPANY, INC.	2,562.17	1.228.5
AL	VISTAS	01053-7440211	Escambia Operating Company LLC	18,974,39	349.3
AL	VISTAS	01053-985111	Escambia Operating Company LLC	8,589.60	149.6
ΔI	VISTAS	01103-1000011	Nucor Steel Decatur LLC	170.23	331.2
AL	VISTAS	01109-985711	Sanders Lead Co	7,951.06	121.7
AL.	VISTAS	01097-1061611	Union Oil of California - Chunchula Gas Plant	2,573.15	349.2
FI	VISTAS	12123-752411	BUCKEYE FLORIDA, LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	1,520,42	1.830.7
FL	VISTAS	12086-900111	CEMEX CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS FL. LLC.	29.51	910.3
FL.	VISTAS	12017-640611	DUKE ENERGY FLORIDA, INC. (DEF)	5,306,41	2,489.8
FL	VISTAS	12086-900011	FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT (PTF)	13.05	170.6
FL	VISTAS	12033-752711	GULF POWER - Crist	2.615.65	2,998.3
FL	VISTAS	12086-3532711	HOMESTEAD CITY LITHLITIES	0.00	97.0
FL	VISTAS	12030-3332711	IFA	2.094.48	651.7
FL	VISTAS	12105-717711	MOSAIC FERTILIZER LLC	7,900.67	310.4
FL	VISTAS	12057-716411	MOSAIC FERTILIZER, LLC	3.034.06	159.
FL	VISTAS	12105-919811	MOSAIC FERTILIZER, LLC	4,425,56	141.6
FL.	VISTAS	12089-845811	RAYONIER PERFORMANCE FIBERS LLC	561.97	2,327,1
FL	VISTAS	12089-753711	ROCK TENN CP. LLC	2,606.72	2.316.7
FL	VISTAS	12005-535411	ROCKTENNCPLLC	2,590.88	1.404.8
FL	VISTAS	12129-2731711	TALLAHASSEE CITY PURDOM GENERATING STA.	2,86	121.4
FL	VISTAS	12057-538611	TAMPA ELECTRIC COMPANY (TEC)	6,084.90	2.665.0
FL	VISTAS	12086-899911	TARMAC AMERICALLC	9.38	879.7
FL	VISTAS	12047-769711	WHITE SPRINGS AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS, INC.	3,197,77	112.4
GA	VISTAS	13127-3721011	Brunswick Cellulose Inc	294.20	1,554.5
GA	VISTAS	13015-2813011	Ga Power Company - Plant Bowen	10.453.41	6.643.3
GA	VISTAS	13103-536311	Georgia-Pacific Consumer Products LP (Savannah River Mill)	1,860.18	351.5
GA	VISTAS	13051-3679811	International Paper – Savannah	3,945.38	
GA.	VISTAS	13115-539311	TEMPLE INLAND	1,791.00	1,773.3





Four-Factor Analysis Screening Approach

- Due to the amount of resources already invested in the AOI and PSAT analysis, VISTAS plans to continue with our original approach for determining which sources will require a four-factor analysis.
- In cases where emissions decreased or increased at individual facilities being considered for a fourfactor analysis, the facility contributions will be adjusted to be consistent with the lower/higher facility emissions before comparing to the PSAT contribution threshold.
- EPA verbally stated this should be okay 2/6/2020.

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AOI vs. PSAT Summary

- AOI tends to overestimate impacts for facilities near the Class I area.
- AOI tends to underestimate impacts for facilities far away from the Class I area.
 - AOI uses 72-hour back trajectories, sulfate can last for weeks and travel hundreds to thousands of km.
- PSAT is the most reliable modeling tool for tracking facility contributions to visibility impairment at Class I areas.

Revised Facility PSAT Results

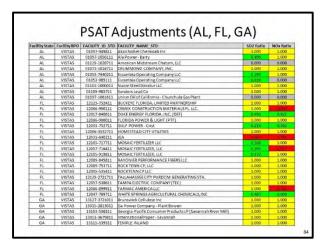
Revised Facility Sulfate PSAT Results
 Original Facility Sulfate PSAT Results * SO, Ratio

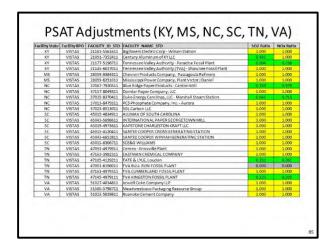
Revised Facility Nitrate PSAT Results
 Original Facility Sulfate PSAT Results * NOx Ratio

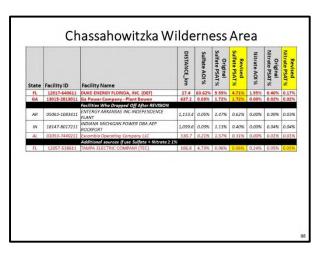
(Revised facility NOx emissions)
where, NOx Ratio = -----(Original facility NOx emissions)

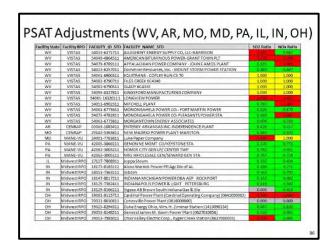
Four-Factor Analysis Screening Approach

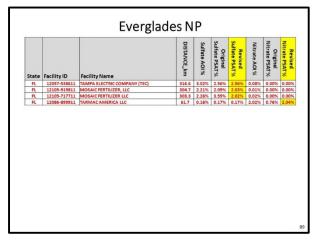
- The updated 2028 CAMx modeling will impact the <u>total</u> sulfate and total nitrate impacts from all sources at each Class I area since the SO₂ and NOx emissions have decreased.
- However, the <u>individual</u> sulfate and total nitrate impacts from the individual 87 tagged facilities should not change unless a facility has reduced or increased SO₂ and/or NOx emissions.
- Therefore, the percent contribution (facility sulfate impact/total impact of all point sources of sulfate + nitrate) will increase since the denominator will decrease; however, the order of the rankings from largest impact to smallest impact should not change unless one of those facilities reduced or increased emissions.

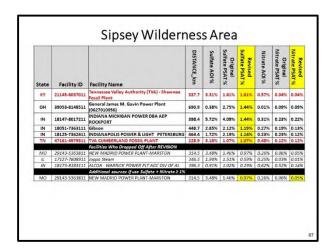


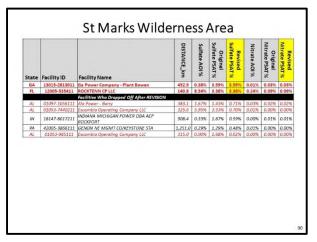


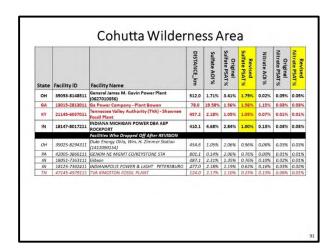


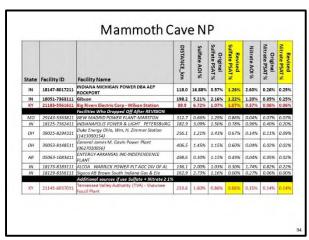


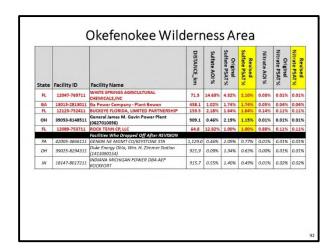


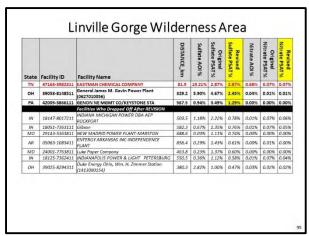


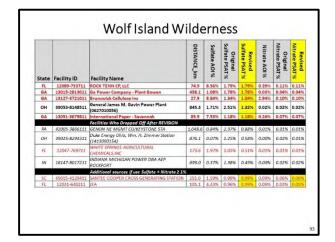


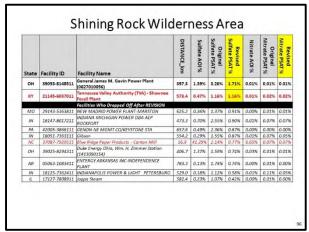


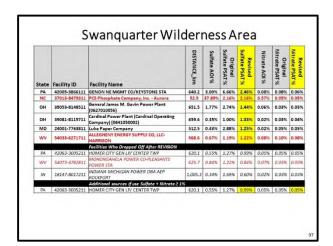


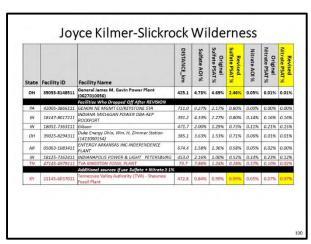


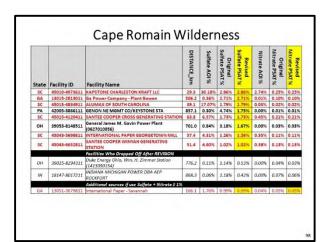


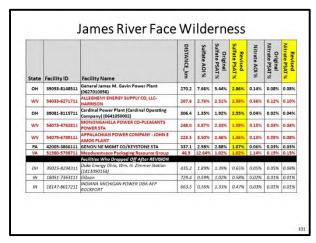


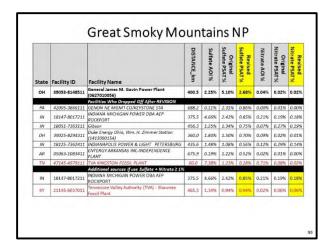


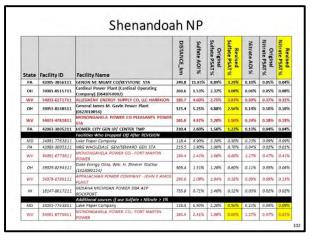












		Dolly Sods Wi	iae	rne	255				
State	Facility ID	Facility Name	DISTANCE_km	Sulfate AOI %	Original Sulfate PSAT%	Revised Sulfate PSAT%	Nitrate AOI %	Original Nitrate PSAT%	Nitrate PSAT%
wv	54053-6271711	ALLEGHENY ENERGY SUPPLY CO, LLC- HARRISON	83.6	13.58%	4.94%	5.07%	1.36%	0.26%	0.22
он	39053-8148511	General James M. Gavin Power Plant (0627010056)	233.8	7.62%	6.56%	3.45%	0.10%	0.03%	0.03
wv	54073-4732811	MONONGAHELA POWER CO-PLEASANTS POWER STA	163.9	4.64%	4.82%	2.96%	0.16%	0.07%	0.07
он	39081-8115711	Cardinal Power Plant (Cardinal Operating Company) (0641050002)	163.9	1.36%	2.14%	2.84%	0.03%	0.01%	0.02
он	39025-8294311	(1413090154)		1.40%	2.25%	1.05%	0.02%	0.04%	0.04
WV	54051-6902311	MITCHELL PLANT	144.2	1.45%	1.28%	1.01%	0.07%	0.02%	0.03
		Facilities Who Dropped Off After REVISION							
PA	42005-3866111	GENON NE MGMT CO/KEYSTONE STA	172.8	4.12%	2.43%	0.90%	0.01%	0.00%	0.00
WV	54079-6789111	AMOS PLANT	219.8	3.56%	1.45%	0.81%	0.11%	0.01%	0.02
w	54051-6773611	POWER	79.8	6,53%	1.27%	0.79%	1.07%	0.18%	0.16
IN	18051-7363111		729.5	0.04%	1.24%	0.70%	0.02%	0.04%	0.03
IN	18147-8017211	ROCKPORT	676.3	0.44%	1.93%	0.68%	0.01%	0.02%	0.02
IN		INDIANAPOLIS POWER & LIGHT PETERSBURG	682,6	0.18%	1,05%	0,54%	0.02%	0,04%	0.0.
OH	39031-8010811	Conesville Power Plant (0616000000)	242.3	0.71%	1.09%	0.00%	0.12%	0.08%	0.00

	VISTAS Facilities ≥ 1%									
Facility State	FACILITY ID STD	FACILITY NAME STD	IMPACTED CLASS I AREAS							
FL	12123-752411	BUCKEYE FLORIDA, LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	OKEF							
FL	12017-640611	DUKE ENERGY FLORIDA, INC. (DEF)	CHAS							
FL	12105-717711	MOSAIC FERTILIZER LLC	EVER							
F),	12105-919811	MOSAIC FERTILIZER, LLC	EVER							
FL	12089-753711	ROCK TENN CP. LLC	OKEF, WOLF							
FL	12005-535411	ROCKTENN CP LLC	5AMA							
FL	12057-538611	TAMPA ELECTRIC COMPANY (TEC)	EVER							
FL.	12086-899911	TARMAC AMERICA LLC	EVER							
FL	12047-769711	WHITE SPRINGS AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS, INC	OKEF							
GA	13127-3721011	Brunswick Cellulose Inc	WOLF							
GA	13015-2813011	Ga Power Company - Plant Bowen	CHAS, COHU, OKEF, ROMA, SAMA, WOL							
GA	13051-3679811	International Paper - Savannah	WOLF							
KY	21183-5561611	Big Rivers Electric Corp - Wilson Station	MACA.							
KY	21145-6037011	Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) - Snawnee Fossil Plant	COHU, HEGI, MING, 5HRO, SIPS							
NC	37013-8479311	PCS Phosphate Company, Inc Aurora	SWAN							
5C	45015-4834911	ALUMAX OF SOUTH CAROLINA	ROMA							
5C	45043-5698611	INTERNATIONAL PAPER GEORGETOWN MILL	ROMA							
-SC	45019-4973611	KAPSTONE CHARLESTON KRAFT LLC	ROMA							
5C	45015-4120411	SANTEE COOPER CROSS GENERATING STATION	ROMA							
5C	45043-6652811	SANTEE COOPER WINYAH GENERATING STATION	ROMA							
TN	47163-3982311	EASTMAN CHEMICAL COMPANY	LIGO							
TN	47161-4979311	TVA CUMBERLAND FOSSIL PLANT	SIPS							
VA	51580-5798711	Meadwestvaco Packaging Resource Group	IRAL							
WV	54033-6271711	ALLEGHENY ENERGY SUPPLY CO, LLC-HARRISON	DOSO, JARI, OTCR, SHEN, SWAN							
WV	54079-6789111	APPALACHIAN POWER COMPANY - JOHN E AMOS PLANT	JARI							
WV	54051-6902311	MITCHELL PLANT	DOSO, DTCR							
WV	54073-4782811	MONONGAHELA POWER CO-PLEASANTS POWER STA	DOSO, JARI, OTCR, SHEN							

		Otter Creek W				-			
State	Facility ID Facility Name		DISTANCE_km	Sulfate AOI %	Original Sulfate PSAT %	Revised Sulfate PSAT%	Nitrate AOI %	Original Nitrate PSAT%	Nitrate PSAT%
wv	54053-6271711	ALLEGHENY ENERGY SUPPLY CO, LLC- HARRISON	72.8	17,37%	4.49%	4.61%	1.81%	0.26%	0.22
ОН	39053-8148511	General James M. Gavin Power Plant (0627010056)	214.2	10,46%	7.08%	3.72%	0.18%	0.04%	0.045
wv	54073-4782811	MONONGAHELA POWER CO-PLEASANTS POWER STA	148.3 8.1	8.19%	19% 4.59%	3.00%	0.30%	0.05%	0.091
он	39081-8115711	Company) (0641050002)		1.94%	2.03%	2.70%	0.05%	0.02%	0.031
ОН	39025-8294311	Duke Energy Ohio, Wm. H. Zimmer Station (1413090154)		1.12%	2.40%	1.12%	0.02%	0.06%	0.05
WV 54051-6902311		MITCHELL PLANT	136.8	1.56%	1,40%	1.10%	0.06%	0.03%	0.04
		Facilities Who Dropped Off After REVISION							
wv	54079-6789111	APPALACHIAN POWER COMPANY - JOHN E AMOS PLANT	198.0	4.36%	1.67%	0.93%	0.12%	0.02%	0.03
IN	18051-7363111	G/bson	709.7	0.24%	1.27%	0.72%	0.01%	0.05%	0.03
wv	54051-6773611	MONONGAHELA POWER CO FORT MARTIN POWER	82.7	4.98%	1.14%	0.71%	0.92%	0.20%	0.17
IN	18147-8017211	INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER DBA AEP ROCKPORT	655.7	0.64%	2.01%	0.71%	0.01%	0.03%	0.039
PA	42005-3866111	GENON NE MGMT CO/KEYSTONE STA	186.5	3.73%	1.91%	0.71%	0.03%	0.00%	0.005
IN	18125-7362411	INDIANAPOLIS POWER & LIGHT PETERSBURG	663.0	0.23%	1.07%	0.56%	0.02%	0.04%	0.025
OH	39031-8010811	Conesville Power Plant (0616000000)	232.8	1.12%	1.07%	0.00%	0.17%	0.08%	0.009

Facility State	FACILITY_ID_STD	FACILITY_NAME_STD	IMPACTED CLASS I AREAS
IN	18051-7363111	Gibson	MACA, SIPS
IN	18147-8017211	INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER DBA AEP ROCKPORT	COHU, MACA, SIPS
HN	18125-7362411	INDIANAPOLIS POWER & LIGHT PETERSBURG	SIPS
MD	24001-7763811	Luke Paper Company	SWAN
ОН	39081-8115711	Cardinal Power Plant (Cardinal Operating Company) (0641050002)	DOSO, JARI, OTCR, SHEN, SWAN
OH	39025-8294311	Duke Energy Ohio, Wm. H. Zimmer Station (1413090154)	DOSO, OTCR
ОН	39053-8148511	General James M. Gavin Power Plant (0627010056)	COHU, DOSO, GRSM, JARI, JKSR, LIGO, OKEF, OTCR, ROMA, SHEN, SHRO, SIPS, SWAN, WOLF
PA	42005-3866111	GENON NE MGMT CO/KEYSTONE STA	JARI, LIGO, ROMA, SHEN, SWAN
PA	42063-3005211	HOMER CITY GEN LP/ CENTER TWP	SHEN

Non-VISTAS Class I Areas

- Only one VISTAS facility has a contribution
 ≥ 1% at any non-VISTAS Class I Area
- Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) -Shawnee Fossil Plant
 - Hercules-Glades Wilderness Area (1.35% sulfate)
 - Mingo Wilderness Area (1.08% sulfate)

Effective Emission Control Technology

- For the purpose of SO₂ control measures, an EGU that has add-on flue gas desulfurization (FGD) and that meets the applicable alternative SO₂ emission limit of the 2012 Mercury Air Toxics Standards (MATS) rule for power plants. The two limits in the rule (0.2 lb/MMBtu for coal-fired EGUs or 0.3 lb/MMBtu for EGUs fired with oil-derived solid fuel) are low enough that it is unlikely that an analysis of control measures for a source already equipped with a scrubber and meeting one of these limits would conclude that even more stringent control of SO₂ is necessary to make reasonable progress.
- For the purposes of SO₂ and NOx control measures, a combustion source (e.g., an EGU or industrial boiler or process heater) that, during the first implementation period, installed a FGD system that operates year-round with an effectiveness of at least 90 percent or by the installation of a selective catalytic reduction system that operates year-round with an overall effectiveness of at least 90 percent (in both cases calculating the effectiveness as the total for the system, including any bypassed flue gas), on a pollutant-specific basis.

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Additional Considerations

- The final list of four-factor analysis sources will be determined in consultation with the FLMs, EPA, other states, and stakeholders.
- Some states may perform additional four-factor analyses for sources not listed on Slide 106.
- Some states may allow their facilities to take a permit limit that will result in adjusted PSAT impacts below the 1% threshold in lieu of performing a four-factor analysis.
- The large number of coal-fired EGU retirements and fuel switching from coal to natural gas needs to be considered along with the sources selected for the four-factor analysis. States should not be penalized for early action.

Contacts for Further Information

- For general, technical, and SIP-related questions, contact the TAWG and CC Chairs:
 - TAWG Randy Strait (randy.strait@ncdenr.gov)
 - CC Jim Boylan (james.boylan@dnr.ga.gov)
- For general, contract, and funding questions, contact the Project Manager:
 - John Hornback (hornback@metro4-sesarm.org)



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Next Steps and Schedule

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Task	Schedule
2028 Point Emissions Updates	Completed
2028 Emissions Processing	Late April, 2020
2028 CAMx Modeling	Late June, 2020
2028 Visibility Projections	Mid-July, 2020
2028 Deposition Projections	Mid-July, 2020
Final reports and documentation	Late July, 2020
Website updates and postings	Late July, 2020
End of Contract	September 30, 2020
Regional Haze SIPs Due to EPA	July 31, 2021

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west virginia department of environmental protection

Appendix F-3i

VISTAS Presentation to MJOs April 21, 2020

West Virginia Division of Air Quality 601 57th Street, SE Charleston, WV 25304

Promoting a healthy environment

VISTAS Regional Haze Project Update



Regional Planning Organization Briefing April 21, 2020

Initial VISTAS Emissions Updates

- Used EPA's 2011 base year emissions without change
- Updated EPA's Initial 2028 projection year emissions
 - EGU and major non-EGU sources
 - Removed Clean Power Plan assumptions
 - VISTAS Adjusted for changes in fuels and facility operating plans
 - Non-VISTAS Used ERTAC 2.7opt



Outline

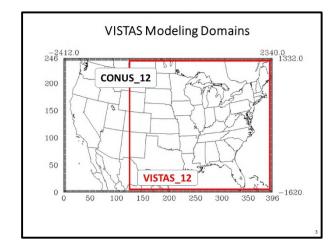
- Background Information
- 2028 Emissions Updates
- Revised 2028 PSAT Stacked Bar Charts
- Four Factor Analysis
- Next Steps & Schedule



VISTAS vs. EPA Updated 2028 Emission Projections

 The table below compares the 2028 point emissions used by VISTAS vs. the latest 2028fh emissions used by EPA (projected from 2016). The emissions below are extracted from the VISTAS 12 modeling domain which covers the Eastern U.S.

Pollutant	VISTAS 2028 (tpy)	New EPA 2028 (tpy)	Change (tpy)	Change (%)
NOx	2,641,463.83	2,108,115.50	533,348.33	20.19%
SO2	2,574,542.02	1,400,287.10	1,174,254.92	45.61%



502	16.0_2028	2.7opt_2028	Δ SO2	∆ SO2
CENSARA	367,683.7	760,828.2	-393,144.5	-51.67%
LADCO	266,047.0	379,577.5	-113,530.5	-29.91%
MANE-VU	78,657.0	196,672.6	-118,015.6	-60.01%
VISTAS	161,502.5	273,582.1	-112,079.6	-40.97%
TOTAL	976,471.2	1,783,376.5	-806,905.3	-45.25%
NOx	16.0_2028	2.7opt_2028	ΔNOx	ΔNOx
CENSARA	244,499.3	354,795.1	-110,295.8	-31.09%
LADCO	166,429.4	198,966.9	-32,537.4	-16.35%
MANE-VU	56,315.3	83,432.5	-27,117.2	-32.50%
VISTAS	200,791.1	270,615.7	-69,824.6	-25.80%
TOTAL	840,973.6	1,166,663.1	-325,689.5	-27.92%

VISTAS CC/TAWG Conclusions

- 1. 2028 emission updates are necessary
 - VISTAS States States will:
 - Update 2028 major source emissions projections (SO $_2$, NOx, PM $_{2.5}$, PM $_{10}$, NH $_3$, CO) at the facility and unit level
 - · Add any new sources of significance
 - LADCO States SESARM will:
 - Replace ERTAC_2.7 with ERTAC_16.1 based on LADCO input
 - All Other States SESARM will:
 - Replace ERTAC_2.7 with ERTAC_16.0
 - Verify accuracy of large SO₂ and NOx source emissions projections via contact with surrounding states/RPOs and update emissions as needed
- 2. Additional 2028 air quality modeling is needed

State/ RPO	Point_OLD (tpy)	Point_NEW (tpy)	Delta (%)	EGU_OLD (tpy)	EGU_NEW (tpy)	Delta (%)	NEGU_OLD (tpy)	NEGU_NEW (tpy)	Delta (%)
AL	87,111.28	59,056.98	-32.2%	15,480.96	8,365.96	-46.0%	71,630.32	50,691.02	-29.2%
FL	63,501.23	52,982.68	-16.6%	28,547.41	24,004.67	-15.9%	34,953.82	28,978.01	-17.1%
GA	37,065.83	36,166.09	-2.4%	18,473.28	17,573.54	-4.9%	18,592.55	18,592.55	0.0%
KY	75,140.26	65,636.83	-12.6%	56,262.06	49,585.95	-11,9%	18,878.20	16,050.88	-15.0%
MS	21,234,31	8,405.06	-60.4%	6,984.57	3,236.28	-53.7%	14,249.74	5,168.78	-63.7%
NC	35,232.88	24,347.18	-30,9%	19,734.80	9,571.47	-51,5%	15,498.08	14,775.71	-4.7%
SC	29,600.85	29,601.25	0.0%	10,693.79	10,695.34	0.0%	18,907.05	18,905.91	0.0%
TN	23,447.58	21,057.17	-10.2%	12,114.30	10,030.04	-17.2%	11,333.28	11,027.13	-2.7%
VA	19,839.18	18,551.32	-6.5%	3,264.09	1,976.23	-39,5%	16,575.09	16,575.09	0.0%
WV	63,404.07	53,715.79	-15.3%	57,828.67	47,744.49	-17,4%	5,575.41	5,971.30	7.1%
CENSARA	1,012,946.59	621,321.29	-38.7%	773,625.13	382,000.54	-50.6%	239,321.46	239,320.75	0.0%
LADCO	660,186.42	498,171.62	-24.5%	444,506.99	282,492.18	36,4%	215,679.44	215,679.44	0.0%
MANE-VU	270,810.83	149,439.76	-44.8%	203,661,43	95,074.20	-53.3%	67,149.39	54,365.55	-19.0%
WRAP	182,121.89	135,483.18	-25.6%	136,955.17	90,316.46	-34.1%	45,166.72	45,166.73	0.0%
TOTAL	2,581,643.20	1,773,936.20	-31.3%	1,788,132.63	1,032,667.35	-42.2%	793,510.56	741,268.85	-6.6%

Additional Modeling-Related Tasks

- Emissions processing
- Updated 2028 CAMx modeling (VISTAS_12)
- Updated 2028 visibility projections
- Documentation

State/ RPO	Point_OLD (tpy)	Point_NEW (tpy)	Delta (%)	EGU_OLD (tpy)	EGU_NEW (tpy)	Delta (%)	NEGU_OLD (tpv)	NEGU_NEW (tpy)	Delta (%)
AL	80,389,97	70,824.72	-11.9%	26,895.35	20,008.14	-25.6%	53,494.61	50,816.58	-5.0%
FL	68,006.19	70,010.40	2.9%	26,250.73	25,049.90	-4.6%	41,755.45	44,960.50	7.7%
GA	67,197.50	65,885.55	-2.0%	25,899.67	24,587.73	-5.1%	41,297.83	41,297.83	0.0%
KY	66,240.03	62,130.83	-6.2%	36,781.72	32,695.94	-11,196	29,458.31	29,434.89	-0.1%
MS	52,159.32	46,853.62	-10.2%	18,279.53	12,208.89	-33.2%	33,879.79	34,644.73	2.3%
NC	65,863,97	58,933.80	-10.5%	27,842.23	20,977.65	-24.7%	38,021.74	37,956.15	-0.2%
SC	36,051.31	36.170.87	0.3%	10,522.78	10,707.42	1.8%	25,528.53	25,463.44	-0.3%
TN	45,879.07	42,954.25	-6.4%	10,086.01	7,814.13	-22.5%	35,793.06	35,140.12	-1.8%
VA	43,210.19	41,671.99	-3.6%	11,973,97	10,435.77	-12,8%	31,236.22	31,236.22	0.0%
wv	65,054,07	68,200,77	4.8%	46,721.77	49,874.15	6.7%	18,332.30	18,326,62	0.0%
EN5ARA	903,979.85	791,397.59	-12.5%	382,706.66	270,182.46	-29.4%	521,273.19	521,215.14	0.0%
LADCO	548,866.74	491,345.00	-10.5%	244,035.26	186,513.52	-23.6%	304,831.49	304,831.49	0.0%
MANE-VU	244,280.15	222,991.41	-8.7%	103,465.15	82,176.41	-20,6%	140,815.00	140,815.00	0.0%
WRAP	362,819.80	301,433.41	-16.9%	187,944.97	126,558.55	-32.7%	174,874.83	174,874.86	0.0%
TOTAL	2,649,998.14	2,370,804.22	-10.5%	1,159,405.80	879,790.66	-24.1%	1,490,592.35	1,491,013.55	0.0%

Updated 2028 Point Emissions

Revised 2028 PSAT Stacked Bar Charts (Original and Adjusted)

PSAT Source Apportionment Modeling

- · Quantifies visibility impacts from individual point sources, source sectors, and geographic regions
- NOx and SO₂ tagging
- Used for further evaluation of AOI results
- · Refines information on contributions to visibility impairment
- Can be used to adjust future year visibility projections to account for additional emission
- VISTAS contract with ERG allows for up to 250 tags

Revised State/RPO PSAT Results

 Revised EGU Sulfate PSAT Results = Original EGU Sulfate PSAT Results * SO, EGU Ratio

(Revised EGU SO₂ emissions) where, SO₂ EGU Ratio = (Original EGU SO₂ emissions)

 Revised NEGU Sulfate PSAT Results = Original NEGU Sulfate PSAT Results * SO₂ NEGU Ratio

(Revised NEGU SO₂ emissions) where, SO2 NEGU Ratio = (Original NEGU SO₂ emissions)

PSAT SO₂ and NOx Tags (209)

Round 1 (122 tags)

- Total SO₂ tags for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 RPOs = 13 tags
 Total NOx tags for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 RPOs = 13 tags
- EGU point SO₂ tags for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 RPOs = 13 tags EGU point NOx tags for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 RPOs = 13 tags
- SO₂ tags for individual VISTAS facilities = 50 tags
- NOx tags for individual VISTAS facilities = 20 tags

- Non-EGU point SO, for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 RPOs = 13 tags
- Non-EGU point NOx for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 RPOs = 13 tags
- SO2 and NOx for N/S/W/E boundaries = 8 tags
- SO₂ tags for individual VISTAS facilities = 10 tags
- NOx tags for individual VISTAS facilities = 16 tags
- SO₂ tags for individual non-VISTAS facilities = 17 tags
- NOx tags for individual non-VISTAS facilities = 10 tags

Revised State/RPO PSAT Results

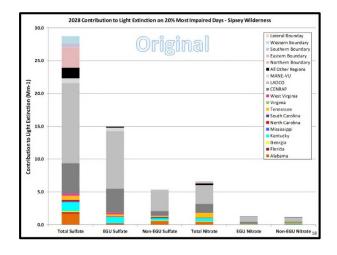
 Revised EGU Nitrate PSAT Results = Original EGU Nitrate PSAT Results * NOx EGU Ratio

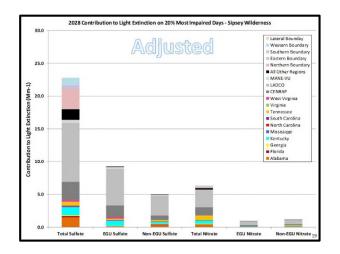
(Revised EGU NOx emissions) where, NOx EGU Ratio = (Original EGU NOx emissions)

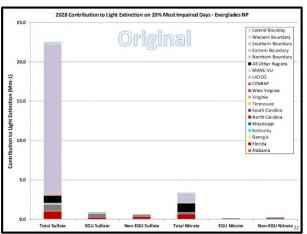
 Revised NEGU Nitrate PSAT Results = Original NEGU Nitrate PSAT Results * NOx NEGU Ratio

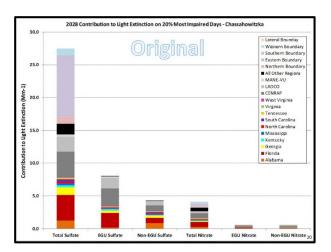
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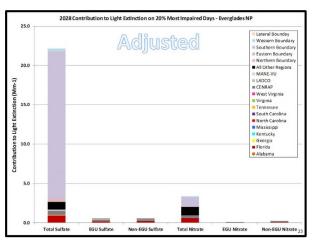
PSAT Adjustment Ratios SO, EGU SO, NEGU NO_x EGU NOx NEGU State/RPO Ratio Ratio Ratio Ratio AL 0.841 FL 0.949 GA 0.951 1.000 1.000 0.881 0.889 KY MS 0.463 0.363 NC 0.485 0.998 SC 1.000 0.997 TN 0.982 0.605 1.000 1.000 VA wv 0.826 1.000 1.000 CENSARA 0.494 1.000 LADCO 0.636 0.764 1.000 MANE-VU 0.467 0.810 1.000

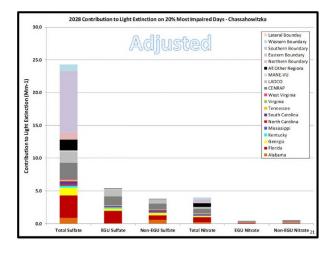


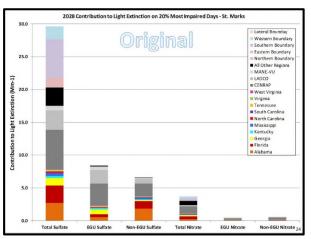


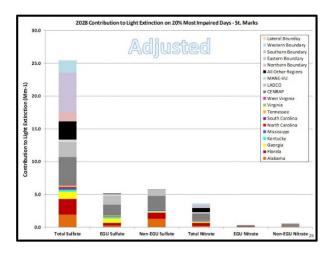


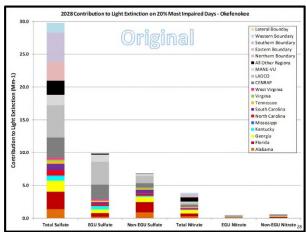


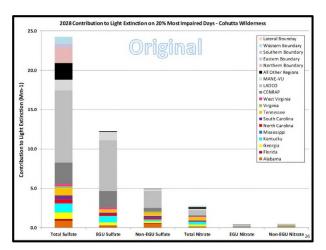


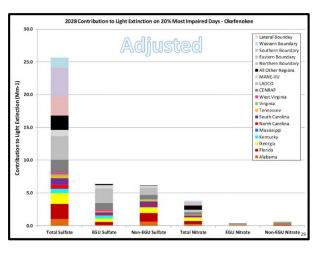


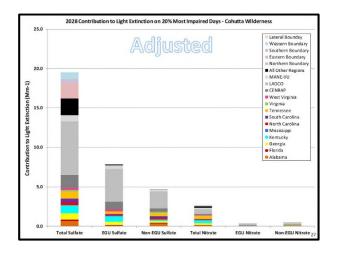


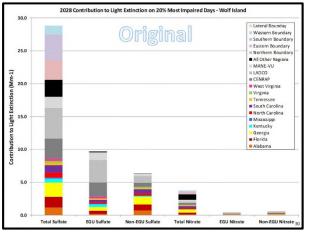


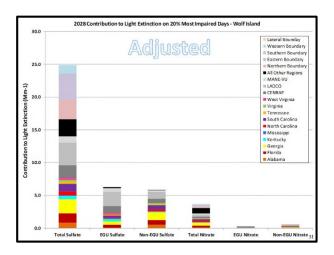


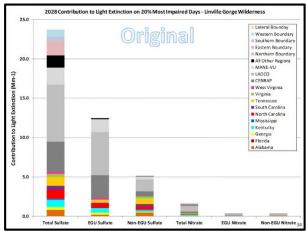


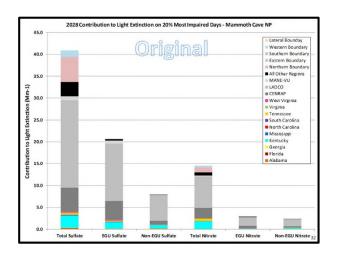


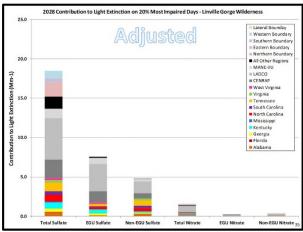


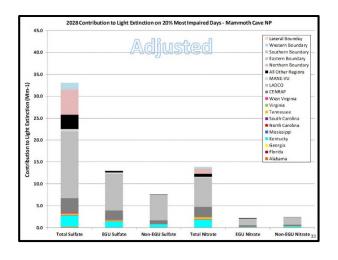


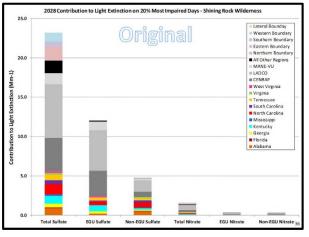


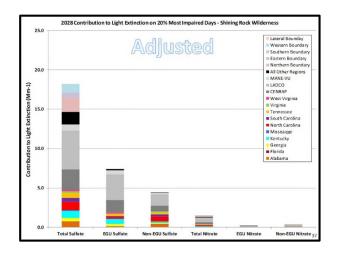


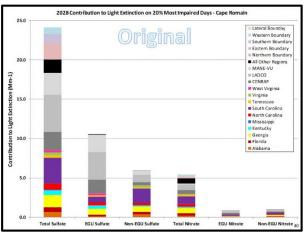


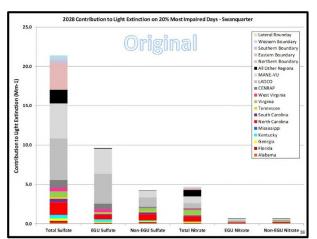


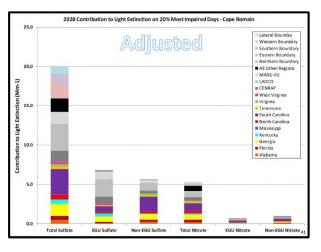


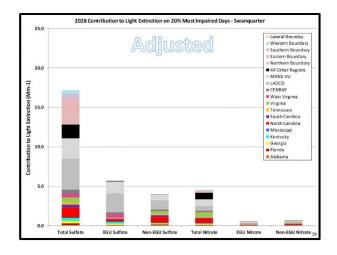


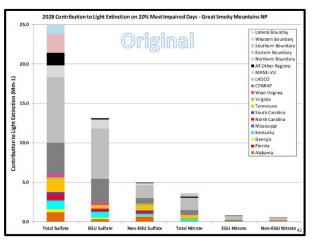


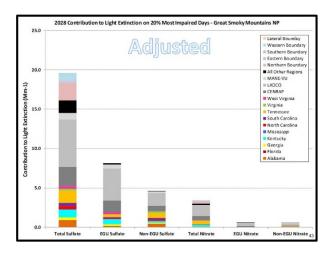


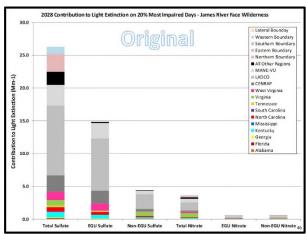


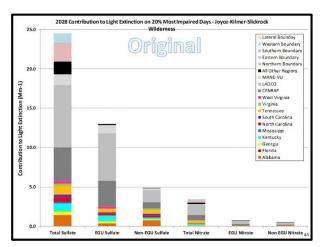


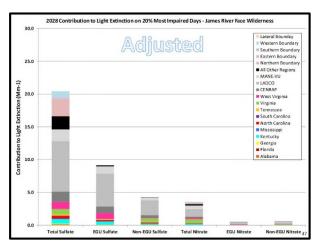


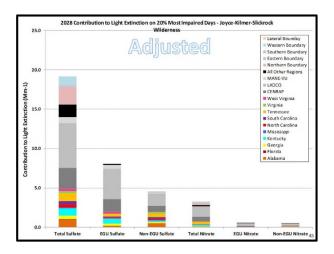


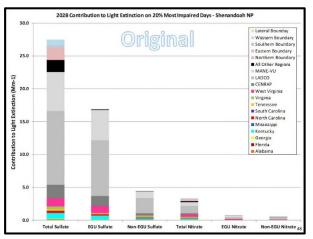


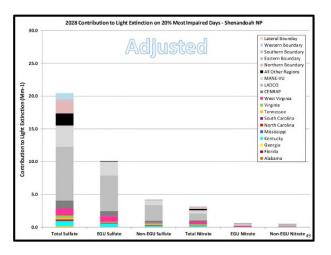


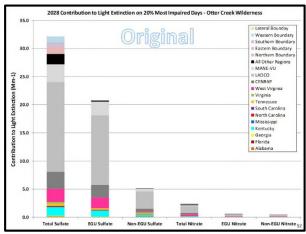


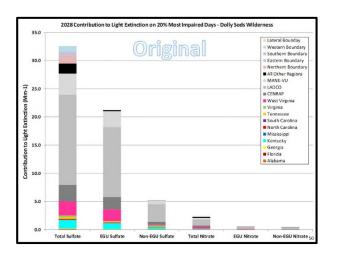


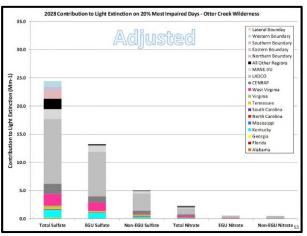


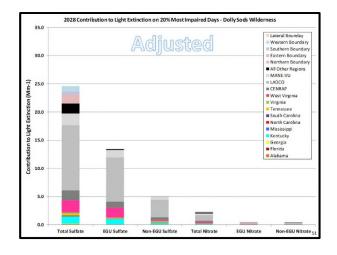


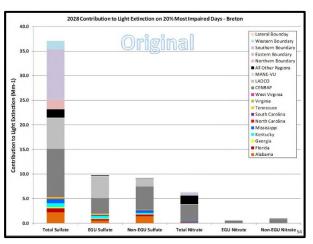


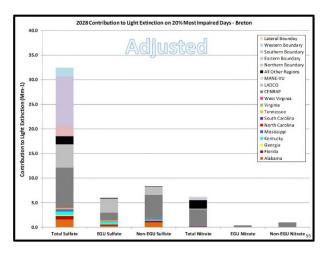


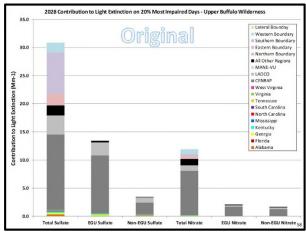


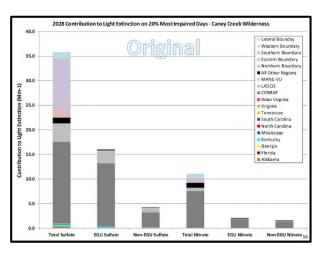


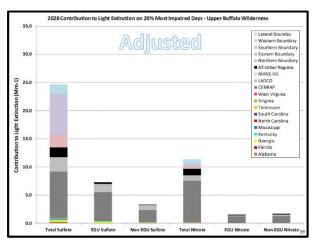


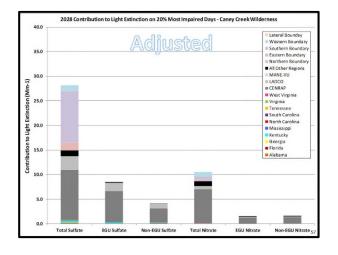


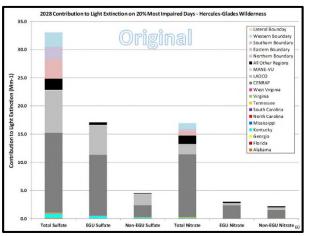


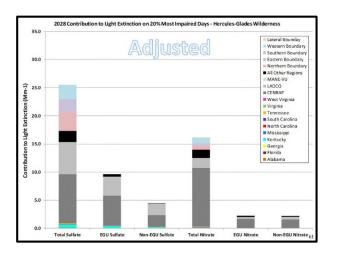


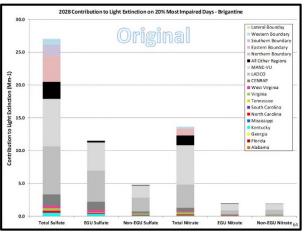


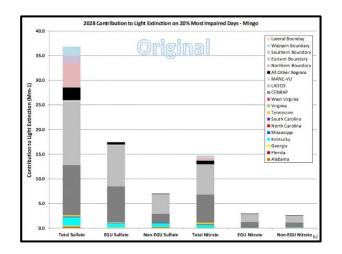


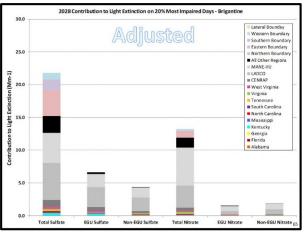


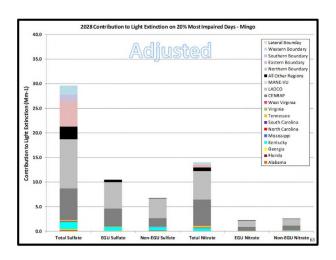














Four-Factor Analysis Screening Approach

- The VISTAS four-factor analysis approach is based on an initial AOI screening (Q/d * EWRT) to rank facilities based on their sulfate and nitrate contributions at each Class I area.
- These rankings were used to identify 87 individual facilities for PSAT tagging. PSAT tagging was used to determine the nitrate and sulfate contributions from each facility at each Class I area in the VISTAS 12 domain.
- 3. Each individual VISTAS state will apply a PSAT contribution threshold based on the facility sulfate and facility nitrate impacts (separately, not combined) divided by the total impact of sulfate + nitrate from all point sources to determine which sources may need to be considered for a four-factor analysis.
 - If sulfate contribution ≥ 1.00% → SO₂ Four-Factor Analysis
 - If nitrate contribution ≥ 1.00% → NOx Four-Factor Analysis

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Area of Influence (AOI) Analysis

- Evaluates emissions (Q), distance to Class I area (d), and extinction weighted residence time (EWRT) in model grid cells (point) or counties (source categories)
- Formula: (Q/d)*EWRT
- Establishes each county's and each facility's contribution to light extinction at each Class I area on the 20% most impaired days
- Can use contributions to rank and screen facilities for the 4-factor analysis
- Georgia Example:
 - Sources in Georgia, used ≥ 2% threshold
 - Sources outside Georgia, used ≥ 4% threshold

Why 1% Threshold?

- In the Round 1 Regional Haze SIPs, many VISTAS states used the AOI approach and a 1% threshold on a <u>Unit</u> basis.
 - We are using the AOI/PSAT approach and a ≥ 1.00% PSAT threshold based on a Facility basis.
 - This will pull in more facilities compared to a Unit basis.
- This approach results in a reasonable number of sources that can be evaluated with limited state resources and focuses on the sources with the largest impacts.

AOI Point Contributions for COHU

State	FACILITY NAME	DISTANCE (km)	NOx_2028 (tons/year)	SO2_2028 (tons/year)	NOx Contribution	SO2 Contribution
GA	Ga Power Company - Plant Bowen	78.0	6,643.3	10,453.4	1.15%	19,58%
IN	INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER DBA AEP ROCKPORT	410.1	8,806.8	30,536.3	0.13%	4,68%
GA	International Paper – Rome	87.4	1,773.4	1,791.0	0.18%	4.66%
IN	Gibson	487.1	12,280,3	23,117.2	0.10%	2.31%
IN	INDIANAPOLIS POWER & LIGHT PETERSBURG	477.0	10,665.3	18,141.9	0.16%	2.18%
KY	Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) - Shawnee Fossil Plant	457.2	7,007.3	19,504.7	0.07%	2.18%
TN	TVA KINGSTON FOSSIL PLANT	124.0	1,687.4	1,886,1	0.13%	2.17%
OH	General James M. Gavin Power Plant (0627010056)	512.0	8,122.5	41,595.8	0.02%	1.71%
TN	TVA CUMBERLAND FOSSIL PLANT	327.0	4,916.5	8,427.3	0.09%	1.38%
KY	Big Rivers Electric Corp - Wilson Station	369.0	1,151.9	6,934.2	0.01%	1,07%
ОН	Duke Energy Ohio, Wm. H. Zimmer Station (1413090154)	454.6	7,150.0	22,133.9	0.06%	1.05%
GA	Ga Power Company - Plant Wansley	156.8	2,052.5	4,856.0	0.04%	1.05%
KY	KY Utilities Co - Ghent Station	441,5	7,939.9	10,169.3	0.08%	1.05%
IL	Joppa Steam	466.9	4,706.3	20,509.3	0.02%	1.04%
GA	Mohawk Industries Inc	32.0	66.5	77.1	0.07%	1.02%
TN	EASTMAN CHEMICAL COMPANY	269.8	6,900.3	6,420.2	0.09%	0.99%
MO	AMEREN MISSOURI-LABADIE PLANT	695.4	9,685.5	41,740.3	0.01%	0.96%
IL	Newton	564.0	1,934.9	10,631.6	0.01%	0.91%
GA	Chemical Products Corporation	71.9	19.5	513.8	0.00%	0.89%
IN	INDIANA KENTUCKY ELECTRIC CORPORATION	444.4	6,188.5	9,038-1	0.04%	0.76%

HYSPLIT Trajectories

- Trajectories were run using NAM-12 meteorology for the 20% most impaired days in 2011-2016 at 44 Class I areas.
 - Trajectories were run with starting heights of 100, 500, 1,000, and 1,500 meters.
 - Trajectories were run 72 hours backwards in time for each height at each location.
 - Trajectories were run with start times of 12AM (midnight of the start of the day), 6AM, 12PM, 6PM, and 12AM (midnight at the end of the day) local time.
- 44 Class I areas x 6 years x 24 days/year x 4 heights x 5 start times = 126,720 trajectories

AOI Point Contributions for OKEF

State	FACILITY NAME	DISTANCE (km)	NOx_2028 (tons/year)	SO2_2028 (tons/year)	NOx Contribution	SO2 Contribution
FL	WHITE SPRINGS AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS, INC	71.5	112.4	2,745.0	0.03%	14,63%
FL	ROCK TENN CP, LLC	64.8	2,316.8	2,606.7	0.88%	12.82%
FL	JEA	65.6	651.8	2,094.5	0.18%	6.60%
FL	SEMINOLE ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE, INC.	121.4	917.8	3,713.4	0.07%	3.25%
FL	IFF CHEMICAL HOLDINGS, INC.	56.8	37.7	898.9	0.01%	3.25%
FL	RAYONIER PERFORMANCE FIBERS LLC	63.4	2,327.1	562.0	0.90%	2.82%
GA	International Paper - Savannah	178.9	1,560.7	3,945.4	0.08%	2.81%
FL	BUCKEYE FLORIDA, LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	153.5	1,830.7	1,520.4	0.14%	2.18%
FL	RENESSENZILC	59.8	66.3	569.5	0.02%	1.96%
FL	DUKE ENERGY FLORIDA, INC. (DEF)	205.0	2,489.8	5,306,4	0.06%	1,40%
AL	Sanders Lead Co	384.6	121.7	7,951.1	0.00%	1.11%
GA	Georgia-Pacific Consumer Products LP (Savannah River Mill)	197.2	351.5	1,860.2	0.01%	1.05%
GA	Ga Power Company - Plant Bowen	458.1	6,643.3	10,453.4	0.05%	1.02%
GA	Brunswick Cellulase Inc	75.3	1,554.5	294.2	0.34%	1.01%
SC	ALUMAX OF SOUTH CAROLINA	322.7	108.1	3,751.7	0.00%	0.97%
GA	PCA Valdosta Mill	112.7	1,032.6	485.7	0.09%	0.85%
SC	SANTEE COOPER CROSS GENERATING STATION	348.1	3,273.5	4,281.2	0.05%	0.85%
FL	CITY OF GAINESVILLE, GRU	111.7	410.0	881.4	0.03%	0.79%
5C	KAPSTONE CHARLESTON KRAFT LLC	314.9	2,355.8	1,863.7	0.06%	0.65%
GA	Ga Power Company - Plant Wansley	403.7	2,052.5	4,856.0	0.02%	0.65%

AOI Point Contributions for WOLF

State	FACILITY NAME	DISTANCE (km)	NOx_2028 (tons/year)	SO2_2028 (tons/year)	NOx Contribution	502 Contribution
GA	Brunswick Cellulose Inc	27.9	1,554.5	294.2	2.94%	8.84%
FL	ROCK TENN CP, LLC	74.9	2,316.8	2,606.7	0.39%	8.56%
GA	International Paper - Savannah	85.9	1,560.7	3,945.4	0.24%	7.53%
FL	JEA	105.1	651.8	2,094.5	0.09%	4.43%
GA	Georgia-Pacific Consumer Products LP (Savannah River Mill)	109.9	351.5	1,860.2	0.03%	2.65%
FL	WHITE SPRINGS AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS, INC	173.6	112.4	2,745.0	0.01%	1.97%
5C	ALUMAX OF SOUTH CAROLINA	223.0	108.1	3,751,7	0.00%	1.84%
FL	RAYONIER PERFORMANCE FIBERS LLC	77.4	2,327.1	562.0	0.38%	1.79%
FL	SEMINOLE ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE, INC.	181.4	917.8	3,713.4	0.02%	1.77%
OH	General James M. Gavin Power Plant (0627010056)	845,3	8,122.5	41,595.8	0.02%	1.71%
SC	SANTEE COOPER CROSS GENERATING STATION	251.0	3,273.5	4,281.2	0.09%	1.59%
GA	Southern States Phosphate & Fertilizer	84.1	1.0	597.1	0.00%	1.55%
FL	IFF CHEMICAL HOLDINGS, INC.	118.5	37,7	898,9	0.00%	1.22%
FL	DUKE ENERGY FLORIDA, INC. (DEF)	296.6	2,489.8	5,306.4	0.04%	1.19%
GA	Ga Power Company - Plant Bowen	458.1	6,643.3	10,453.4	0.03%	1.08%
GA	Savannah Sugar Refinery	89.9	521.6	582.0	0.08%	1.06%
SC	INTERNATIONAL PAPER EASTOVER	288.7	1,780.3	3,212.9	0.05%	0.95%
GA	Ga Power Company - Plant McManus	27.1	72.2	30.1	0.14%	0.93%
5C	KAPSTONE CHARLESTON KRAFT LLC	213,6	2,355.8	1,863.7	0.09%	0,89%
PA	GENON NE MGMT CO/KEYSTONE STA	1,048.6	6,578.5	56,939.2	0.01%	0.84%

PSAT Source Apportionment Modeling

- Quantifies visibility impacts from individual point sources, source sectors, and geographic regions
- NOx and SO₂ tagging
- · Used for further evaluation of AOI results
- · Refines information on contributions to visibility impairment
- · Can be used to adjust future year visibility projections to account for additional emission
- VISTAS contract with ERG allows for up to 250 tags

Georgia Tagging for PSAT

Sources in Georgia (≥ 2% threshold)

- Ga Power Company Plant Bowen
- International Paper Rome (aka TEMPLE INLAND)
- · International Paper Savannah
- · Brunswick Cellulose Inc
- Georgia-Pacific Consumer Products LP (Savannah River Mill)

• Sources outside Georgia (≥ 4% threshold)

- INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER DBA AEP ROCKPORT (IN)
- ROCK TENN CP, LLC (FL)
- JEA (FL)

PSAT SO₂ and NOx Tags (209)

Round 1 (122 tags)

- Total NOx tags for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 RPOs = 13 tags

 Total NOx tags for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 RPOs = 13 tags

 EGU point SO₂ tags for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 RPOs = 13 tags

 EGU point NOx tags for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 RPOs = 13 tags

 SO₂ tags for individual VISTAS facilities = 50 tags

- NOx tags for individual VISTAS facilities = 20 tags

- Round 2 (87 tags)

 Non-EGU point SO₂ for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 RPOs = 13 tags

 Non-EGU point NOx for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 RPOs = 13 tags

 SO₂ and NOx for N/S/W/E boundaries = 8 tags

 SO₂ tags for individual VISTAS facilities = 10 tags

- NOx tags for individual VISTAS facilities = 16 tags
- SO₂ tags for individual non-VISTAS facilities = 17 tags NOx tags for individual non-VISTAS facilities = 10 tags
- → 87 Total Facility Tags (both SO₂ and NOx)

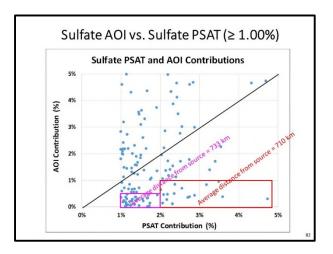
AOI Screening Summary

State	Threshold	Notes
AL	2%	Sulfate only
FL	5%	Sulfate or nitrate, plus Gulf Crist, Mosaic Bartow, Mosaic New Wales, and Mosaic Riverview
GA	2% - 4%	Sulfate or nitrate, 2% threshold for GA facilities, 4% threshold for facilities outside GA
KY	2%	Sulfate or nitrate
MS	2%	Sulfate or nitrate
NC	3%	Sulfate + nitrate
sc	2% - 5%	2% for sulfate, 5% for nitrate, plus Santee Cooper Winyah, International Paper Georgetown, and SCE&G Williams
TN	3%	Sulfate + nitrate, plus CEMEX
VA	2%	Sulfate + nitrate
wv	0.2%	Sulfate or nitrate

Facility Tags (AL, FL, GA)

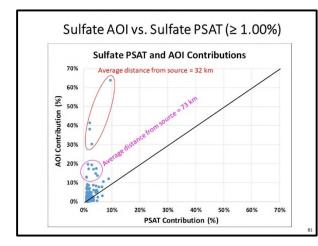
Facility State	Facility RPO	FACILITY_ID_STD	FACILITY_NAME_STD	SO2 (TPY)	NOx (TPY)
AL	VISTAS	01097-949811	Akzo Nobel Chemicals Inc	3,335.72	20.7
AL	VISTAS	01097-1056111	Ala Power - Barry	6,033.17	2,275.7
AL	VISTAS	01129-1028711	American Midstream Chatom, LLC	3,106.38	425.8
AL	VISTAS	01073-1018711	DRUMMOND COMPANY, INC.	2,562.17	1,228.5
AL	VISTAS	01053-7440211	Escambia Operating Company LLC	18,974.39	349.3
AL	VISTAS	01053-985111	Escambia Operating Company LLC	8,589.60	149.6
AL	VISTAS	01103-1000011	Nucor Steel Decatur LLC	170.23	331.2
AL	VISTAS	01109-985711	Sanders Lead Co	7,951.06	121.7
AL	VISTAS	01097-1061611	Union Oil of California - Chunchula Gas Plant	2,573.15	349.2
FL	VISTAS	12123-752411	BUCKEYE FLORIDA, LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	1,520.42	1,830.7
FL	VISTAS	12086-900111	CEMEX CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS FL. LLC.	29.51	910.3
FL	VISTAS	12017-640611	DUKE ENERGY FLORIDA, INC. (DEF)	5,306.41	2,489.8
FL	VISTAS	12086-900011	FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT (PTF)	13.05	170.6
FL	VISTAS	12033-752711	GULF POWER - Crist	2,615.65	2,998.3
FL	VISTAS	12086-3532711	HOMESTEAD CITY UTILITIES	0.00	97.0
FL	VISTAS	12031-640211	JEA	2,094.48	651.7
FL	VISTAS	12105-717711	MOSAIC FERTILIZER LLC	7,900.67	310.4
FL	VISTAS	12057-716411	MOSAIC FERTILIZER, LLC	3,034.06	159.7
FL	VISTAS	12105-919811	MOSAIC FERTILIZER, LLC	4,425.56	141.0
FL	VISTAS	12089-845811	RAYONIER PERFORMANCE FIBERS LLC	561.97	2,327.1
FL	VISTAS	12089-753711	ROCKTENN CP, LLC	2,606.72	2,316.7
FL	VISTAS	12005-535411	ROCKTENN CP LLC	2,590.88	1,404.8
FL	VISTAS	12129-2731711	TALLAHASSEE CITY PURDOM GENERATING STA.	2.86	121.4
FL	VISTAS	12057-538611	TAMPA ELECTRIC COMPANY (TEC)	6,084.90	2,665.0
FL	VISTAS	12086-899911	TARMAC AMERICA LLC	9.38	879.7
FL	VISTAS	12047-769711	WHITE SPRINGS AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS, INC	3,197.77	112.4
GA	VISTAS	13127-3721011	Brunswick Cellulose Inc	294.20	1,554.5
GA	VISTAS	13015-2813011	Ga Power Company - Plant Bowen	10,453.41	6,643.3
GA	VISTAS	13103-536311	Georgia-Pacific Consumer Products LP (Savannah River Mill)	1,860.18	351.5
GA	VISTAS	13051-3679811	International Paper Savannah	3,945.38	1,560.7
GA	VISTAS	13115-539311	TEMPLE INLAND	1,791.00	1,773.3

Facility State	Facility RPO		FACILITY_NAME_STD	SO2 (TPY)	NOx (TPY
KY	VISTAS	21183-5561611	Big Rivers Electric Corp - Wilson Station	6,934.16	1,151.
KY	VISTAS	21091-7352411	Century Aluminum of KY LLC	5,044.16	197.
KY	VISTAS	21177-5196711	Tennessee Valley Authority - Paradise Fossil Plant	3,011.01	3,114.
KY	VISTAS	21145-6037011	Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) - Shawnee Fossil Plant	19,504.75	7,007.
MS	VISTAS	28059-8384311	Chevron Products Company, Pascagoula Refinery	741.60	1,534.
MS	VISTAS	28059-6251011	Mississippi Power Company, Plant Victor J Daniel	231.92	3,829.
NC	VISTAS	37087-7920511	Blue Ridge Paper Products - Canton Mill	1,127.07	2,992.
NC	VISTAS	37117-8049311	Domtar Paper Company, LLC	687.45	1,796.
NC	VISTAS	37035-8370411	Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC - Marshall Steam Station	4,139.21	7,511.
NC	VISTAS	37013-8479311	PCS Phosphate Company, Inc Aurora	4,845.90	495.
NC	VISTAS	37023-8513011	SGL Carbon LLC	261.64	21.
SC	VISTAS	45015-4834911	ALUMAX OF SOUTH CAROLINA	3,751.69	108.
SC	VISTAS	45043-5698611	INTERNATIONAL PAPER GEORGETOWN MILL	2,767.52	2,031.
SC	VISTAS	45019-4973611	KAPSTONE CHARLESTON KRAFT LLC	1,863.65	
SC	VISTAS	45015-4120411	SANTEE COOPER CROSS GENERATING STATION	4,281,17	3,273
sc	VISTAS	45043-6652811	SANTEE COOPER WINYAH GENERATING STATION	2,246.86	1,772.
SC	VISTAS	45015-8306711	SCE&G WILLIAMS	392.48	992.
TN	VISTAS	47093-4979911	Cemex - Knoxville Plant	121.47	711.
TN	VISTAS	47163-3982311	EASTMAN CHEMICAL COMPANY	6,420.16	6,900.
TN	VISTAS	47105-4129211	TATE & LYLE, Loudon	472,76	883.
TN	VISTAS	47001-6196011	TVA BULL RUN FOSSIL PLANT	622.54	964.
TN	VISTAS	47161-4979311	TVA CUMBERLAND FOSSIL PLANT	8,427.33	4,916.
TN	VISTAS	47145-4979111	TVA KINGSTON FOSSIL PLANT	1,886,09	1,687.
VA	VISTAS	51027-4034811	Jewell Coke Company LLP	5,090.95	520.
VA	VISTAS	51580-5798711	Meadwestvaco Packaging Resource Group	2,115.31	1,985.
VA	VISTAS	51023-5039811	Roanoke Cement Company	2,290,17	1,972.



AOI vs. PSAT Summary

- AOI tends to overestimate impacts for facilities near the Class I area.
- AOI tends to underestimate impacts for facilities far away from the Class I area.
 - AOI uses 72-hour back trajectories, sulfate can last for weeks and travel hundreds to thousands of km.
- PSAT is the most reliable modeling tool for tracking facility contributions to visibility impairment at Class I areas.



Four-Factor Analysis Screening Approach

- The updated 2028 CAMx modeling will impact the <u>total</u> sulfate and total nitrate impacts from all sources at each Class I area since the SO₂ and NOx emissions have decreased.
- However, the <u>individual</u> sulfate and total nitrate impacts from the individual 87 tagged facilities should not change unless a facility has reduced or increased SO₂ and/or NOx emissions.
- Therefore, the percent contribution (facility sulfate impact/total impact of all point sources of sulfate + nitrate) will increase since the denominator will decrease; however, the order of the rankings from largest impact to smallest impact should not change unless one of those facilities reduced or increased emissions.

Four-Factor Analysis Screening Approach

- Due to the amount of resources already invested in the AOI and PSAT analysis, VISTAS plans to continue with our original approach for determining which sources will require a four-factor analysis.
- In cases where emissions decreased or increased at individual facilities being considered for a fourfactor analysis, the facility contributions will be adjusted to be consistent with the lower/higher facility emissions before comparing to the PSAT contribution threshold.
- EPA verbally stated this should be okay 2/6/2020.

Revised Facility Nitrate PSAT Results

Revised Facility Nitrate PSAT Results
 PSAT Results
 NOx Ratio_Facility * Ratio_Class_I_Area

(Revised facility NOx emissions)
where, NOx Ratio_Facility = -----(Original facility NOx emissions)

(Revised sulfate + nitrate point contribution)

88

Original Facility PSAT Contributions

Original Facility Sulfate PSAT Contributions (%)
 Facility Sulfate PSAT Contributions (Mm⁻¹)

Total Sulfate + Nitrate Point Contribution (Mm-1)

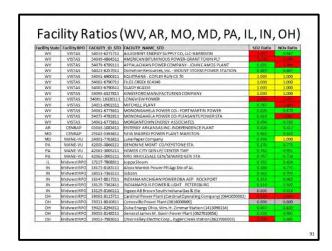
Original Facility Nitrate PSAT Contributions (%)
 Facility Nitrate PSAT Contributions (Mm⁻¹)

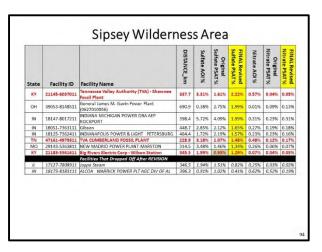
Total Sulfate + Nitrate Point Contribution (Mm⁻¹)

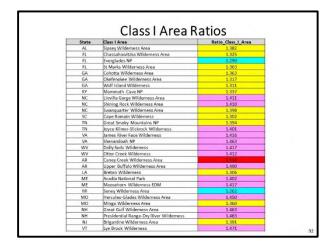
radita (rese.	FacilityRPO	recorne in em	FACILITY NAME STD	SO2 Ratio	NOx Ratio
AL	VISTAS	01097-949811	Akzn Ninhel Chemicak Inc	302 Ratio	1.000
AL	VISTAS	01097-1056111	Ala Power - Barry	0.690	1.000
ZI.	VISTAS	01129-1026711	American Midstream Chatom, LLC	0.000	0.000
AL.	VISTAS	01073-1028711	DRUMMOND COMPANY, INC.	1.000	1.000
AL	VISTAS	01053-7440211	Escambia Operating Company LLC	0.195	1.000
AL	VISTAS	01053-7440211	Escambia Operating Company LLC	0.291	0.000
AL	VISTAS	01103-1000011	Nucor Steel Decatur LLC	1.000	1.000
AL	VISTAS	01105-985711	Sanders Lead Co	1.000	1,000
AL.	VISTAS	01105-585711	Union Oil of California - Chunchula Gas Plant	0.000	0.000
FL.	VISTAS	12173-752411	BUCKEYE FLORIDA, LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	1.000	1.000
B.	VISTAS	12086-900111	CEMEN CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS FL. LLC.	1.000	1000
B.	VISTAS	12017-640611	DUKE ENERGY FLORIDA, INC. (DEF)	0.493	2.47
FL.	VISTAS	12086-900011	FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT (PTF)	1.000	1.000
B.	VISTAS	12033-752711	GILLE POWER-Crist	0.219	0.000
FL.	VISTAS	12086-3532711	HOMESTEAD CITY UTILITIES	1.000	1.000
- A	VISTAS	12031-640211	IFA	100	2.000
FL.	VISTAS	12105-717711	MOSAIC FERTILIZER LLC	0.568	1.000
B	VISTAS	12057-716411	MOSAIC FERTILIZER, LLC	0.906	100
PL.	VISTAS	12105-919811	MOSAIC FERTILIZER, LLC	0.572	1.000
FI.	VISTAS	12089-845811	RAYONIER PERFORMANCE FIRERS LC	1.000	1.000
FL.	VISTAS	12089-753711	ROCK TENN CP. LLC	1.000	1.000
FL	VISTAS	12005-535411	ROCKTENNCPILC	1.000	1.000
R.	VISTAS	12129-2731711	TALLAHASSEE CITY PURDOM GENERATING STA.	1.000	1,000
FL.	VISTAS	12057-538611	TAMPA FLECTRIC COMPANY (TEC)	1.000	1.000
FL	VISTAS	12086-899911	TARMAC AMERICALLC	1.000	150
R.	VISTAS	12047-769711	WHITE SPRINGS AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS, INC	0.487	3.909
GA	VISTAS	13127-3721011	Brunswick Cellulase Inc	3.000	1.000
GA	VISTAS	13015-2813011	Ga Power Company - Plant Bowen	1,000	1.000
GA	VISTAS	13103-536311	Georgia-Pacific Consumer Products LP (Savannah River Mill)	1.000	1.000
GA	VISTAS	13051-3679811	International Paper - Savannah	1,000	1,000
GA	VISTAS	13115-539311	TEMPLE INLAND	3.000	1.000

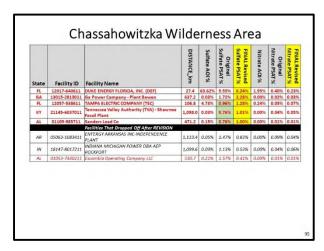
Revised Facility Sulfate PSAT Results

Revised Facility Sulfate PSAT Results
 Original Facility Sulfate PSAT Results
 * SO₂ Ratio_Facility * Ratio_Class_I_Area





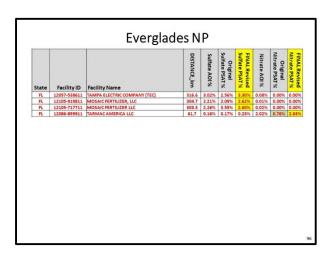


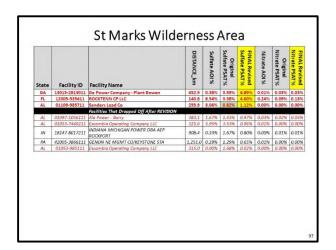


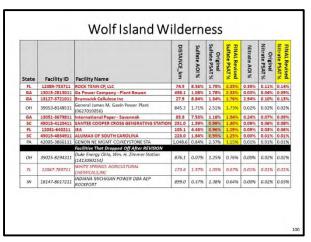
EXAMPLE: New Madrid Power at SIPS

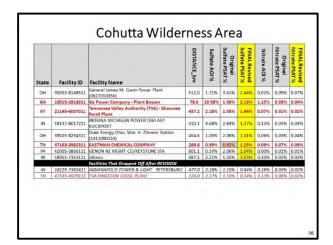
- Revised Facility Sulfate PSAT Results = Original Facility Sulfate PSAT Results * SO₂ Ratio_Facility * Ratio_Class_I_Area
- Original Facility Sulfate PSAT Results = 1.46%
- Revised Facility Sulfate PSAT Results = 1.46% * 0.665 (slide 91) * 1.382 (slide 92)

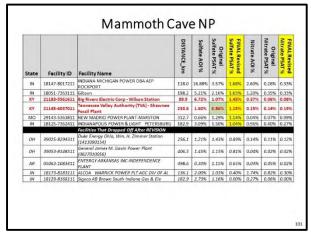
 - = 1.34% (slide 94)

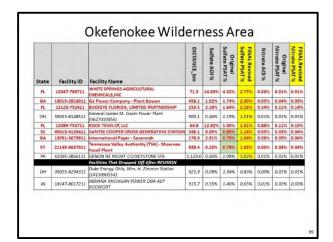


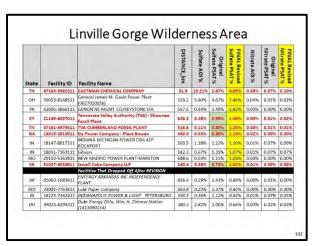




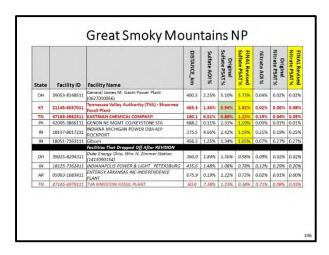


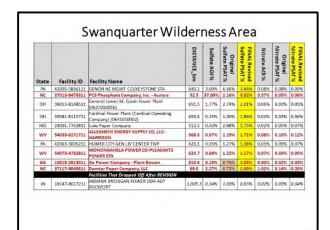


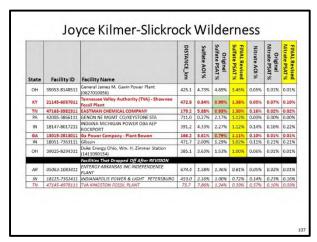


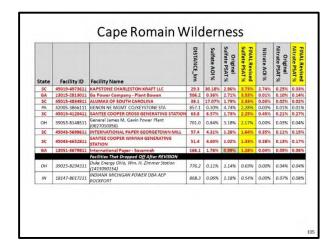


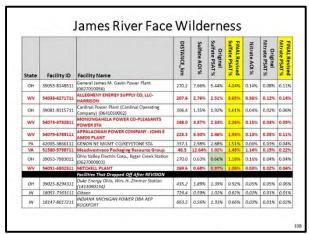
			-	2.74		-		-	-
State	Facility ID	Facility Name	DISTANCE_km	Sulfate AOI %	Original Sulfate PSAT%	FINAL Revised Sulfate PSAT %	Nitrate AOI %	Original Nitrate PSAT%	Nitrate PSAT%
ОН	39053-8148511	General James M. Gavin Power Plant (0627010056)	397.3	1.39%	3,26%	2.41%	0.01%	0.01%	0.013
KY	21145-6037011	Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) - Shawnee Fossil Plant	573.4	0.47%	1.16%	1.63%	0.01%	0.02%	0.029
TN	47161-4979311	TVA CUMBERLAND FOSSIL PLANT	454.1	0.54%	0.93%	1.32%	0.02%	0.01%	0.025
GA.	13015-2813011	Ga Power Company - Plant Bowen	241.6	1.70%	0.92%	1,29%	0.07%	0.02%	0.01
MO	29143-5363811	NEW MADRID POWER PLANT-MARSTON	625.2	0.36%	1.37%	1.28%	0.00%	0.01%	0.01
IN	18147-8017211	INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER DBA AEP ROCKPORT	473.3	0.70%	2.55%	1.27%	0.01%	0,07%	0.091
PA	42005-3866111	GENON NE MGMT CO/KEYSTONE STA	657.6	0.49%	2.36%	1.23%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00
IN	18051-7363111	Gibson	554.2	0.29%	1.55%	1.23%	0.01%	0.07%	0.07
NC	37087-7920511	Blue Ridge Paper Products - Canton Mill	16.9	41.25%	2.14%	J.08%	6.65%	0.07%	0.10
ОН	39025-8294311	Duke Energy Ohio, Wm. H. Zimmer Station (1413090154)	406.7	1.37%	1.59%	1.05%	0.03%	0.01%	0.011
AR	05063-1083411	ENTERGY ARKANSAS INC-INDEPENDENCE PLANT	783.3	0.13%	1.74%	1.04%	0.00%	0.01%	0.015
TN	47163-3982311	EASTMAN CHEMICAL COMPANY	126.9	4.43%	0.74%	1.04%	0.40%	0.02%	0.02
		Facilities That Dropped Off After REVISION							
IN	18125-7362411	INDIANAPOLIS POWER & LIGHT PETERSBURG	529,0	0.18%	1.12%	0.82%	0,01%	0,11%	0.08
IL	17127-7808911	Jappa Steam	582.4	0.23%	1.07%	0,59%	0.00%	0.01%	0.00









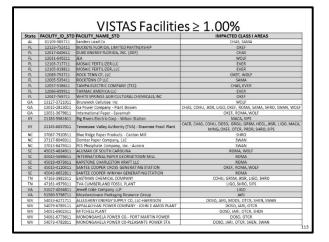


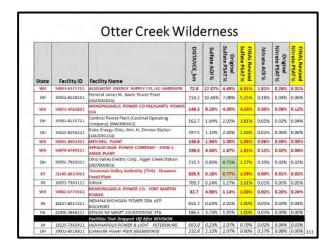
		Shenando	3111	VP					
State	Facility ID	Facility Name	DISTANCE_km	Sulfate AOI%	Original Sulfate PSAT%	FINAL Revised Sulfate PSAT%	Nitrate AOI %	Original Nitrate PSAT%	Nitrate PSAT%
PA.	42005-3866111	GENON NE MGMT CO/KEYSTONE STA	249.8	11.83%	8.89%	4,81%	0.10%	0.05%	0.063
ОН	39081-8115711	Cardinal Power Plant (Cardinal Operating Company) (0641050002)	269,6	1,53%	2.32%	4,50%	0.06%	0.05%	0.12
wv	54033-6271711	ALLEGHENY ENERGY SUPPLY CO, LLC- HARRISON	189.7	4.60%	2.75%	4.14%	0.99%	0.37%	0.46
ОН	39053-8148511	General James M. Gavin Power Plant. (0627010056)	323.4	5.25%	4.88%	3,75%	0.14%	0.10%	0.14
wv	54073-4782811	MONONGAHELA POWER CO-PLEASANTS POWER STA	265.0	4.97%	2.20%	2.20%	0.24%	0.18%	0.28
PA	42063-3005211	HOMER CITY GEN LP/ CENTER TWP	230.4	2.50%	1.56%	1.78%	0.13%	0.04%	0.06
ND	24001-7763811	Luke Paper Company	118.4	6.90%	2.20%	1.41%	0.23%	0.09%	0.14
PA.	42063-3005111	NRG WHOLESALE GEN/SEWARD GEN STA	215.5	1.80%	1.00%	1,12%	0.04%	0.02%	0.02
WV	54051-6902311	MITCHELL PLANT	251.8	1.46%	0.88%	1.01%	0.11%	0.08%	0.16
ОН	39053-7983011	Ohio Valley Electric Corp., Kyger Creek Station (0627000003)	324.1	0.43%	0.55%	1.01%	0.16%	0.06%	0.06
		Facilities That Dropped Off After REVISION							
WV	54061-6773611	MONONGAHELA POWER CO FORT MARTIN POWER	184.4	2,42%	1.06%	0.97%	1.27%	0.47%	0.60
ОН	39025-8294311	Duke Energy Ohia, Wm. H. Zimmer Station (1413090154)	505.4	1.31%	1,28%	0.87%	0.11%	0.05%	0.06
WV	54079-6789111	APPALACHIAN POWER COMPANY - JOHN E AMOS PLANT	295.6	2,09%	1.04%	0.84%	0.09%	0.09%	0.19
IN	18147-8017211	INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER DBA AEP ROCKPORT	755.8	0.71%	1.46%	0.76%	0.03%	0.02%	0.03

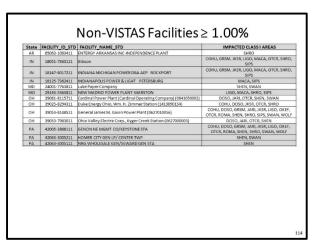
Non-VISTAS Class I Areas

- Only two VISTAS facilities have a contribution
 ≥ 1.00% at any non-VISTAS Class I Area
- ALLEGHENY ENERGY SUPPLY CO, LLC-HARRISON (WV)
 - Moosehorn Wilderness EDM (1.06% sulfate)
- Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) Shawnee Fossil Plant (KY)
 - Caney Creek Wilderness Area (1.09% sulfate)
 - Hercules-Glades Wilderness Area (1.95% sulfate)
 - Mingo Wilderness Area (1.47% sulfate)
 - Great Gulf Wilderness Area (1.03% sulfate)
 - Presidential Range-Dry River Wilderness (1.03% sulfate)

State	Facility ID	Facility Name	DISTANCE_km	Sulfate AOI %	Original Sulfate PSAT%	FINAL Revised Sulfate PSAT%	Nitrate AOI %	Original Nitrate PSAT%	Nitrate PSAT%
wv	54033-6271711	ALLEGHENY ENERGY SUPPLY CO, LLC-HARRISON	33.6	13.58%	4.94%	7.18%	1.36%	0.26%	0.31%
ОН	39053-8148511	General James M. Gavin Power Plant (0627010056)	233.8	7.62%	6.56%	4,88%	0.10%	0.03%	0.05%
wv	54073-4782811	MONONGAHELA POWER CO-PLEASANTS POWER STA	163.9	4.64%	4.92%	4.19%	0.16%	0.07%	0.20%
ОН	39081-8115711	Cardinal Power Plant (Cardinal Operating Company) (064)050002)	163.9	1.36%	2.14%	4.02%	0.03%	0.01%	0.03%
ОН	39025-8294311	Ouke Energy Ohio, Wm. H. Zimmer Station (1413030154)	416.9	1.40%	2.25%	1.49%	0.02%	0.04%	0.05%
WV	54051-6902311	MITCHELL PLANT	144.2	1.45%	1.28%	1.42%	0.07%	0.02%	0.05%
PA	42005-3866111	GENON NE MGMT CO/KEYSTONE STA	172.8	4.12%	2.43%	1.27%	0.01%	0.00%	0.009
ОН	39053-7983011	Ohio Valley Electric Corp., Kyger Creek Station (0627000003)	234.9	0.62%	0.66%	1.18%	0.11%	0.02%	0.029
wv	54079-6789111	APPALACHIAN POWER COMPANY - JOHN E AMOS PLANT	219.8	3.56%	1.45%	1.14%	0.11%	9720.0	0.03%
wv	54061-6773611	MONONGAHELA POWER CO. FORT MARTIN POWER	79.8	6,53%	1.27%	1.18%	1.07%	0.18%	0.23%
KY	21145-6037011	Tennossee Valley Authority (TVA) - Shawnee Fossil Plant	247.6	0.12%	0.74%	1.05%	0.00%	0.01%	0.02%
		Facilities That Dropped Off After REVISION							
IN	18051-7868111	Gibson	729.5	0.04%	1.24%	0.99%	0.02%	0.04%	0.045
IN	18147-8017211	INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER DBA AEP ROCKPORT	676.3	0.44%	1.93%	0.97%	0.01%	0.02%	0.039
IN	18125-7362411	INDIANAPOUS POWER & LIGHT PETERSBURG	682,6	0.18%	1.05%	0.77%	0.02%	0.04%	0.03%
OH	39031-8010811	Conesville Power Plant (0616000000)	242.3	0.71%	1.09%	0.00%	0.12%	0.08%	0.009







EPA Guidance (August 20, 2019)

- Many facilities already have effective emission control technologies in place. States will consider control options for these facilities on a case-by-case basis.
 - "For the purpose of SO, control measures, an EGU that has add-on flue gas desulfurization (FGD) and that meets the applicable alternative SO₂ emission limit of the 2012 Mercury Air Toxics Standards (MATS) rule for power plants. The two limits in the rule (0.2 lb/MMBtu for coalfired EGUs or 0.3 lb/MMBtu for EGUs fired with oil-derived solid fuel) are low enough that it is unlikely that an analysis of control measures for a source already equipped with a scrubber and meeting one of these limits would conclude that even more stringent control of SO₂ is necessary to make reasonable progress."
 - "For the purposes of SO₂ and NOx control measures, a combustion source (e.g., an EGU or industrial boiler or process heater) that, during the first implementation period, installed a FGD system that operates year-round with an effectiveness of at least 90 percent or by the installation of a selective catalytic reduction system that operates year-round with an overall effectiveness of at least 90 percent (in both cases calculating the effectiveness as the total for the system, including any bypassed flue gas), on a pollutant-specific basis."

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Task	Schedule
2028 Point Emissions Updates	Completed
2028 Emissions Processing	Late April, 2020
2028 CAMx Modeling	Late June, 2020
2028 Visibility Projections	Mid-July, 2020
2028 Deposition Projections	Mid-July, 2020
Final Reports and Documentation	Late July, 2020
Website Updates and Postings	Late July, 2020
End of Contract	September 30, 2020
Regional Haze SIPs Due to EPA	July 31, 2021

Additional Considerations

- The final list of four-factor analysis sources will be determined in consultation with the FLMs, EPA, other states, and stakeholders.
- Some VISTAS states may perform additional fourfactor analyses for sources not listed on Slide 113.
- States will verify projected SO₂ and NOx emissions with facilities. PSAT results can be adjusted to match.
- Some states may allow their facilities to take a permit limit that will result in adjusted PSAT impacts below the 1.00% threshold in lieu of performing a four-factor analysis.
- The large number of coal-fired EGU retirements and fuel switching from coal to natural gas needs to be considered along with the sources selected for the four-factor analysis. States should not be penalized for early action.

Contacts for Further Information

- For general, technical, and SIP-related questions, contact the TAWG and CC Chairs:
 - TAWG Randy Strait (randy.strait@ncdenr.gov)
 - CC Jim Boylan (james.boylan@dnr.ga.gov)
- For general, contract, and funding questions, contact the Project Manager:
 - John Hornback (hornback@metro4-sesarm.org)



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Next Steps and Schedule



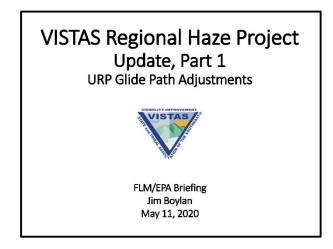
west virginia department of environmental protection

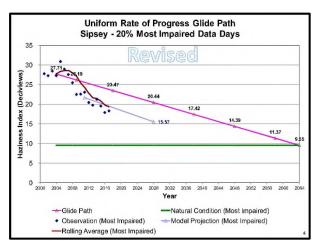
Appendix F-3j

VISTAS Regional Haze Project Update to FLMs, EPA OAQPS, Region 3, Region 4, MJOs May 11, 2020

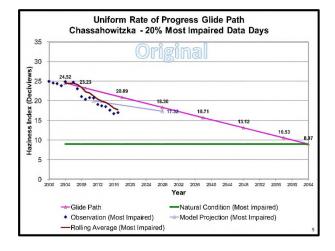
West Virginia Division of Air Quality 601 57th Street, SE Charleston, WV 25304

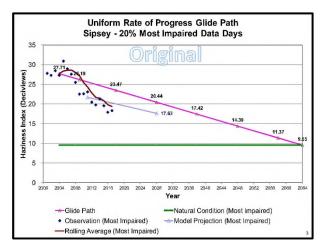
Promoting a healthy environment

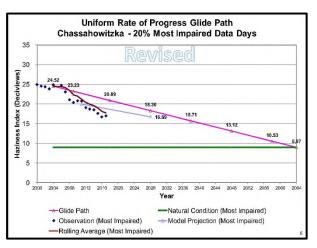


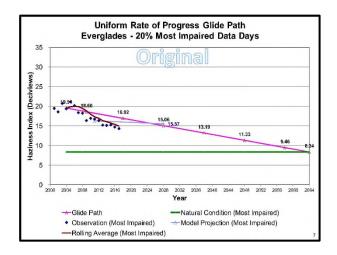


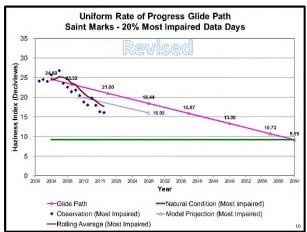
ORIGINAL AND REVISED 2028 MODEL PROJECTIONS

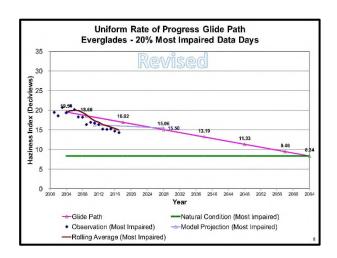


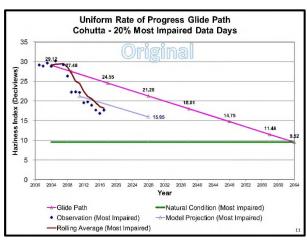


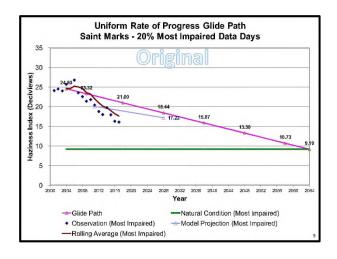


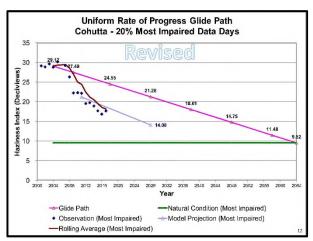


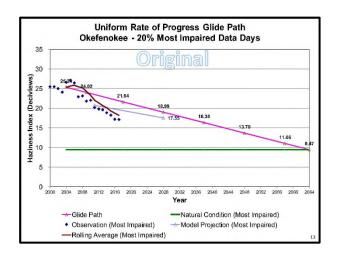


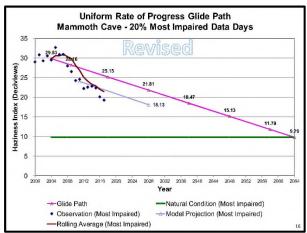


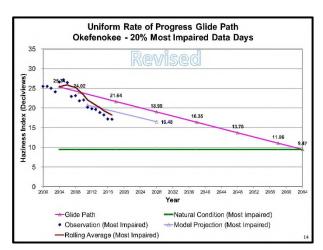


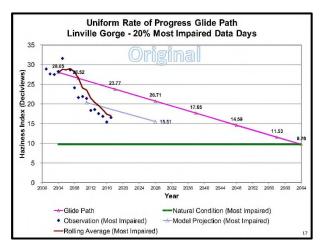


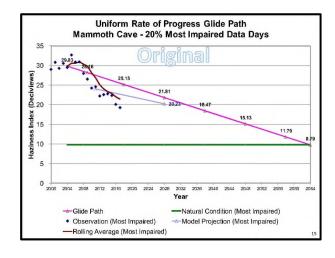


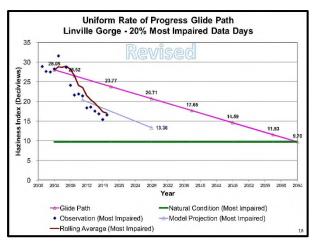


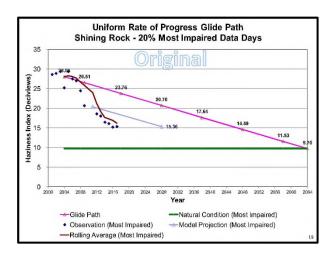


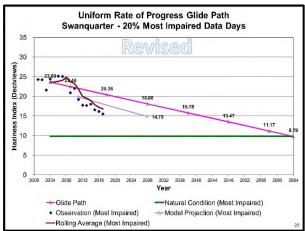


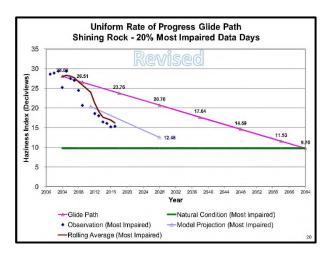


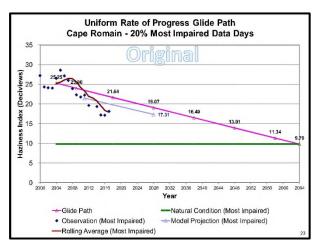


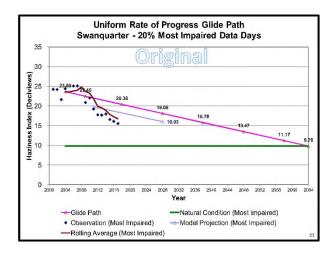


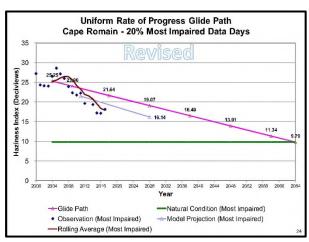


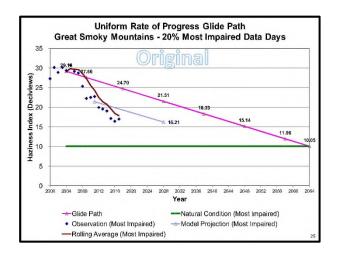


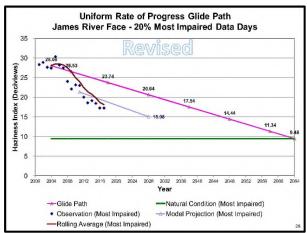


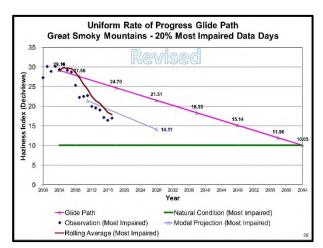


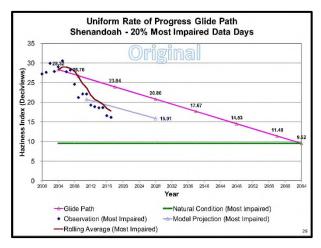


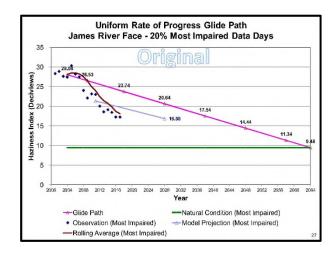


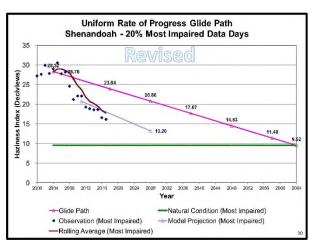


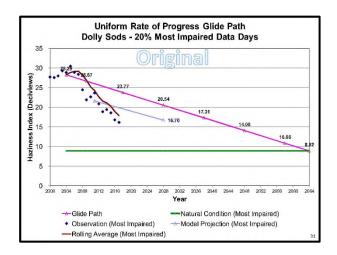


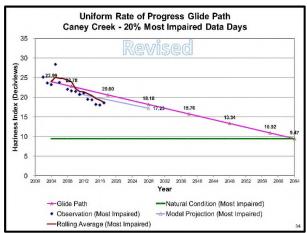


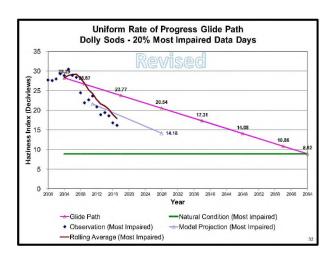


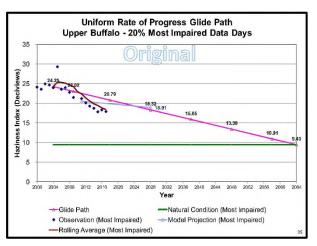


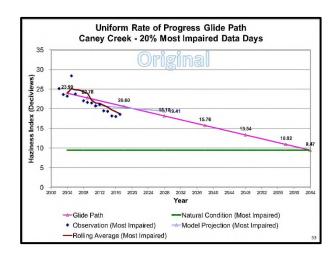


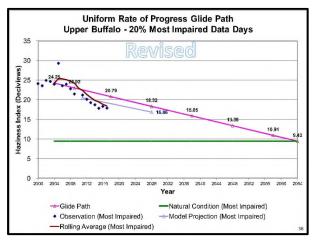


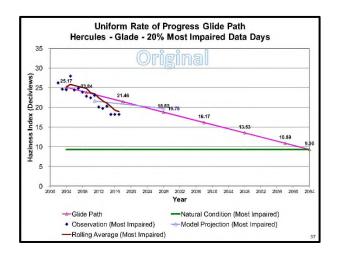


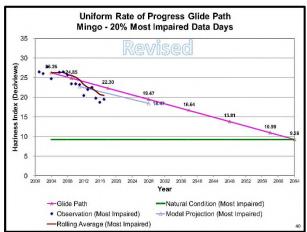


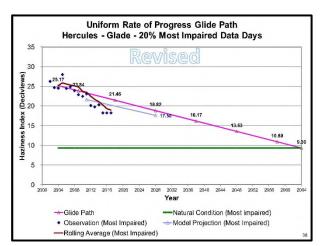


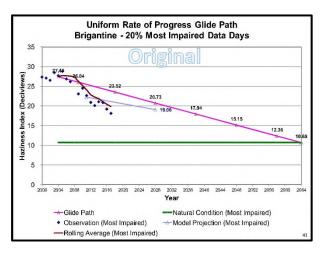


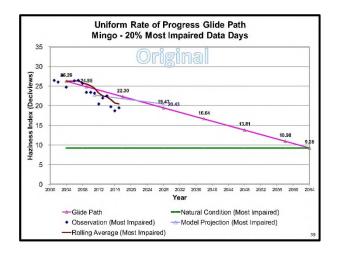


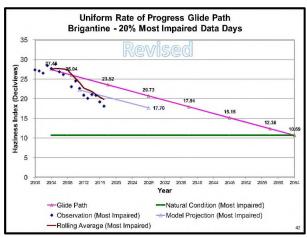












Contacts for Further Information

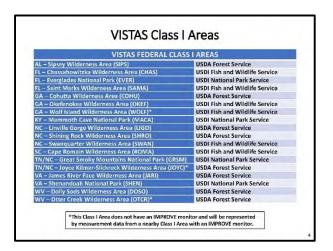
- For general, technical, and SIP-related questions, contact the TAWG and CC Chairs:
 - TAWG Randy Strait (randy.strait@ncdenr.gov)
 - CC Jim Boylan (james.boylan@dnr.ga.gov)
- For project and contract management questions, contact the Project Manager:
 - John Hornback (hornback@metro4-sesarm.org)



VISTAS Regional Haze Project Update – Part 2



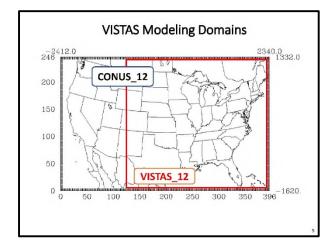
FLM/EPA Briefing Jim Boylan May 11, 2020

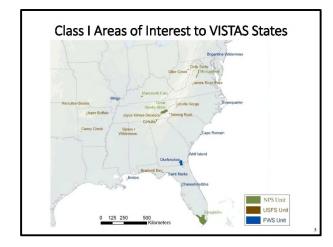


Outline

- Background Information
- 2028 Emissions Updates
- Revised 2028 PSAT Stacked Bar Charts
- Reasonable Progress Analysis
- Next Steps & Schedule







Initial VISTAS Emissions Updates

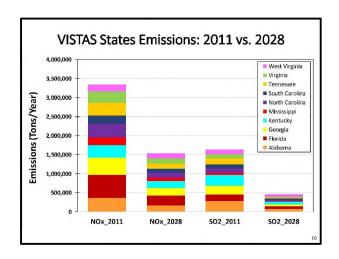
- Used EPA's 2011 base year emissions without change
- Updated EPA's Initial 2028 projection year emissions
 - EGU and major non-EGU sources
 - Removed Clean Power Plan assumptions
 - VISTAS Adjusted for changes in fuels and facility operating plans
 - Non-VISTAS Used ERTAC 2.7opt



VISTAS vs. EPA Updated 2028 Emission Projections

 The table below compares the 2028 point emissions used by VISTAS vs. the latest 2028fh emissions used by EPA (projected from 2016). The emissions below are extracted from the VISTAS 12 modeling domain which covers the Eastern U.S.

Pollutant	VISTAS 2028 (tpy)	New EPA 2028 (tpy)	Change (tpy)	Change (%)	
NOx	2,641,463.83	2,108,115.50	-533,348.33	-20.19%	
SO2	2,574,542.02	1,400,287.10	-1,174,254.92	-45.61%	



Old ERTAC (2.7opt) vs. New ERTAC (16.0)

502	16.0_2028	2.7opt_2028	∆ 5O2	∆ SO2
CENSARA	367,683.7	760,828.2	-393,144.5	-51.67%
LADCO 266,047.0		379,577.5	-113,530.5	-29.91%
MANE-VU	78,657.0	196,672.6	-118,015.6	-60.01%
VISTAS	161,502.5	273,582.1	-112,079.6	-40.97%
TOTAL	976,471.2	1,783,376.5	-806,905.3	-45.25%
NOx	16.0_2028	2.7opt_2028	ΔNOx	ΔNOx
CENSARA	244,499.3	354,795.1	-110,295.8	-31.09%
LADCO	166,429.4	198,966.9	-32,537.4	-16.35%
	56,315.3	83,432.5	-27,117.2	-32.50%
MANE-VU		77,		
VISTAS	200,791.1	270,615.7	-69,824.6	-25.80%

Additional Modeling-Related Tasks

- · Emissions processing
- Updated 2028 CAMx modeling (VISTAS_12)
- Updated 2028 visibility projections
- Documentation

VISTAS CC/TAWG Conclusions

- 1. 2028 emission updates are necessary
 - VISTAS States States will:
 - Update 2028 major source emissions projections (SO $_{\rm 2}$, NOx, PM $_{\rm 2.5}$, PM $_{\rm 10}$, NH $_{\rm 3}$, CO) at the facility and unit level
 - Add any new sources of significance
 - LADCO States SESARM will:
 - Replace ERTAC_2.7 with ERTAC_16.1 based on LADCO input
 - All Other States SESARM will:
 - Replace ERTAC 2.7 with ERTAC 16.0
 - Verify accuracy of large SO₂ and NOx source emissions projections via contact with surrounding states/RPOs and update emissions as needed
- 2. Additional 2028 air quality modeling is needed

Updated 2028 Point Emissions

State/ RPO	Point_OLD (tpy)	Point_NEW (tpy)	Delta (%)	EGU_OLD (tpy)	EGU_NEW (tpy)	Delta (%)	NEGU_OLD (tpy)	NEGU_NEW (tpy)	Delta (%)
AL	87,111.28	59,056.98	-32.2%	15,480.96	8,365.96	-46.0N	71,630.32	50,691.02	-29 2W
FL	63,501.23	52,982.68	-16.6%	28,547.41	24,004.67	-15.9%	34,953.82	28,978.01	-17.19
GA	37,065.83	36,166.09	2.4%	18,473.28	17,573.54	4,9%	18,592.55	18,592.55	0.0%
KY	75,140.26	65,636.83	-12.6%	56,262.06	49,585.95	-11.9%	18,878.20	16,050.88	-15.09
MS	21,234.31	8,405.06	-60,4%	6,984.57	3,236.28	-53.7%	14,249.74	5,168.78	-63.79
NC	35,232.88	24,347.18	30.9%	19,734.80	9,571.47	51.5%	15,498.08	14,775.71	4.7%
SC	29,600.85	29,601.25	0,055	10,693.79	10,695.34	0.0%	18,907.05	18,905.91	0.0%
TN	23,447.58	21,057-17	-10.2%	12,114.30	10,030.04	-17.2%	11,333.28	11,027.13	-2.7%
VA	19,839.18	18,551.32	-6.5%	3,264.09	1,976.23	39.5%	16,575.09	16,575.09	0.0%
WV	63,404.07	53,715.79	-15.3%	57,828.67	47,744.49	-17.4%	5,575.41	5,971.30	7.1%
CENSARA	1,012,946.59	621,321.29	-38.7%	773,625.13	382,000.54	-50.6%	239,321.46	239,320.75	0.0%
LADCO	660,186.42	498,171.62	-24.5%	444,506.99	282,492.18	36.4%	215,679.44	215,679.44	0.0%
MANE-VU	270,810.83	149,439.76	-44.8%	203,661.43	95,074.20	-53.3%	67,149,39	54,365.55	-19.09
WRAP	182,121.89	135,483.18	-25.6%	136,955.17	90,316.46	-34.1%	45,166.72	45,166.73	0.0%
TOTAL	2,581,643.20	1,773,936.20	-31.3%	1,788,132.63	1,032,667.35	-42.2%	793,510.56	741,268.85	-6.6%

PSAT Source Apportionment Modeling

- Quantifies visibility impacts from individual point sources, source sectors, and geographic regions
- NOx and SO₂ tagging
- · Used for further evaluation of AOI results
- · Refines information on contributions to visibility impairment
- · Can be used to adjust future year visibility projections to account for additional emission
- VISTAS contract with ERG allows for up to 250 tags

		20)28	NOx	Comp	parı	son		
State/ RPO	Point_OLD (tpy)	Point_NEW (tpy)	Delta (%)	EGU_OLD (tpy)	EGU_NEW (tpy)	Delta (%)	NEGU_OLD (tpy)	NEGU_NEW (tpy)	Delt (%)
AL	80,389.97	70,824.72	-11.9%	26,895.35	20,008.14	-25.6%	53,494.61	50,816.58	5.05
FL	68,006.19	70,010.40	2.9%	26,250.73	25,049.90	-4.6%	41,755.45	44,960.50	7.79
GA	67,197.50	65,885.55	2.0%	25,899.67	24,587.73	5.1%	41,297.83	41,297.83	0.09
KY	66,240.03	62,130.83	-6.2%	36,781.72	32,695.94	-11.1%	29,458.31	29,434.89	-0.19
MS	52,159.32	46,853.62	-10.2%	18,279.53	12,208.89	-33.2%	33,879.79	34,644.73	2.3%
NC	65,863.97	58,933.80	10.5%	27,842.23	20,977.65	24.7%	38,021.74	37,956.15	0.21
SC	36,051.31	36,170.87	0.3%	10,522.78	10,707.42	1.8%	25,528,53	25,463.44	-0.39
TN	45,879.07	42,954.25	-6,4%	10,086.01	7,814.13	-22,5%	35,793.06	35,140.12	-1.89
VA	43,210.19	41,671.99	3.6%	11,973.97	10,435.77	12.8%	31,236.22	31,236.22	0.00
WV	65,054.07	68,200.77	4,8%	46,721.77	49,874.15	6.7%	18,332.30	18,326.62	D.09
CENSARA	903,979.85	791,397.59	-12.5%	382,706.66	270,182.46	-29,4%	521,273.19	521,215.14	0.09
LADCO	548,866.74	491,345.00	10.5%	244,035.26	186,513.52	-23.6%	304,831.49	304,831.49	0.09
MANE-VU	244,280.15	222,991.41	-8.7%	103,465.15	82,176.41	-20.6%	140,815.00	140,815,00	D.09
WRAP	362,819.80	301,433.41	-16.9%	187,944.97	126,558.55	-32.7%	174,874.83	174,874.86	0.0%
TOTAL	2,649,998.14	2,370,804.22	-10.5%	1,159,405.80	879,790.66	-24.1%	1,490,592.35	1,491,013.55	0.0%

PSAT SO₂ and NOx Tags (209)

- Round 1 (122 tags)
 Total SO₂ tags for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 RPOs = 13 tags
 Total NOx tags for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 RPOs = 13 tags
- EGU point SO₂ tags for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 RPOs = 13 tags
- EGU point NOx tags for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 RPOs = 13 tags SO_2 tags for individual VISTAS facilities = 50 tags
- NOx tags for individual VISTAS facilities = 20 tags

Round 2 (87 tags)

- Non-EGU point SO₂ for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 RPOs = 13 tags
- * Non-EGU point NOx for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 RPOs = 13 tags * ${\rm SO_2}$ and NOx for N/S/W/E boundaries = 8 tags

- SO₂ tags for individual VISTAS facilities = 10 tags
 NOx tags for individual VISTAS facilities = 16 tags
 SO₂ tags for individual non-VISTAS facilities = 17 tags
- NOx tags for individual non-VISTAS facilities = 10 tags

Revised 2028 PSAT Stacked Bar Charts (Original and Adjusted)

State/RPO	SO ₂ EGU Ratio	SO ₂ NEGU Ratio	NOx EGU Ratio	NOx NEGU Ratio
AL	0.540	0.708	0.744	0.950
FL	0.841	0.829	0.954	1.077
GA	0.951	1.000	0.949	1.000
KY	0.881	0.850	0.889	0.999
MS	0.463	0.363	0.668	1.023
NC	0.485	0.953	0.753	0.998
SC	1.000	1.000	1,018	0.997
TN	0.828	0.973	0.775	0.982
VA	0.605	1.000	0.872	1.000
wv	0.826	1.071	1.067	1.000
CENSARA	0.494	1.000	0.706	1.000
LADCO	0.636	1.000	0.764	1.000
MANE-VU	0.467	0.810	0.794	1.000

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Revised State/RPO PSAT Results

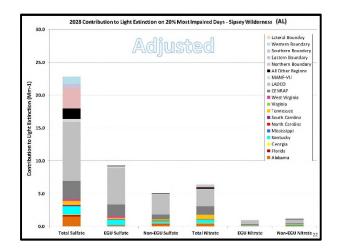
• Revised EGU Sulfate PSAT Results

= Original EGU Sulfate PSAT Results * SO₂ EGU Ratio

Revised NEGU Sulfate PSAT Results

= Original NEGU Sulfate PSAT Results * SO, NEGU Ratio

 $\label{eq:where, SO2} \textit{NEGU Ratio} = \frac{(\textit{Revised NEGU SO}_2 \textit{emissions})}{(\textit{Original NEGU SO}_2 \textit{emissions})}$



Revised State/RPO PSAT Results

• Revised EGU Nitrate PSAT Results

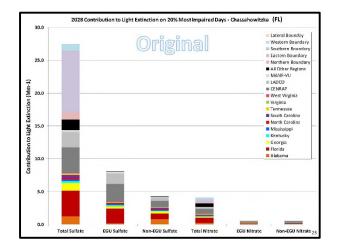
= Original EGU Nitrate PSAT Results * NOx EGU Ratio

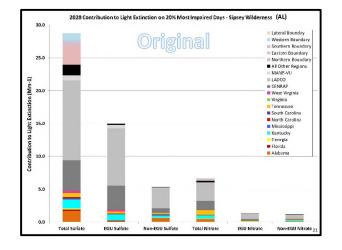
where, NOx EGU Ratio = (Revised EGU NOx emissions)
(Original EGU NOx emissions)

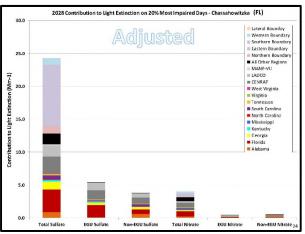
• Revised NEGU Nitrate PSAT Results

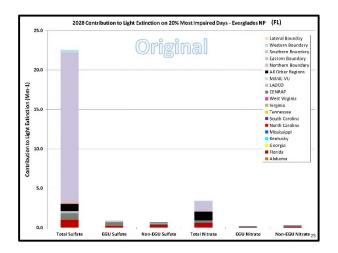
= Original NEGU Nitrate PSAT Results * NOx NEGU Ratio

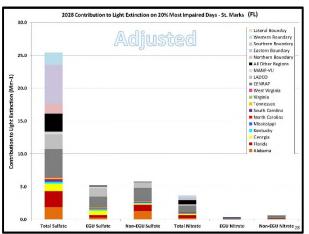
where, NOx NEGU Ratio = (Revised NEGU NOx emissions) (Original NEGU NOx emissions)

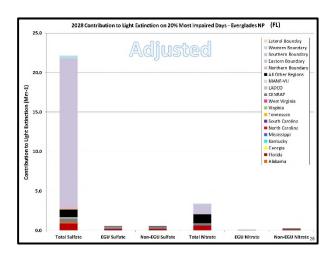


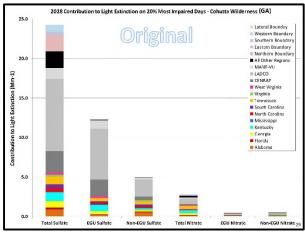


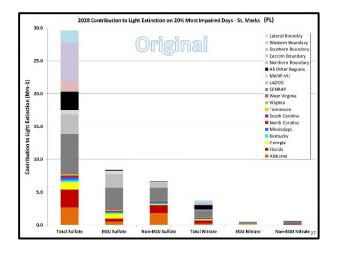


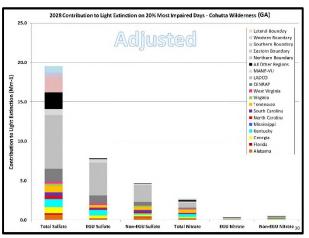


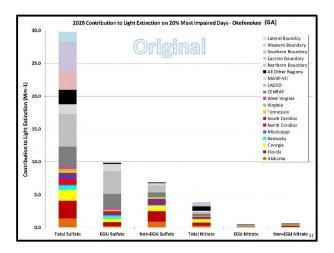


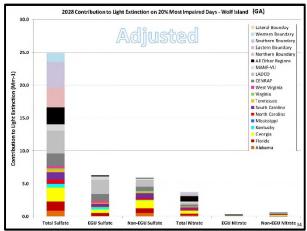


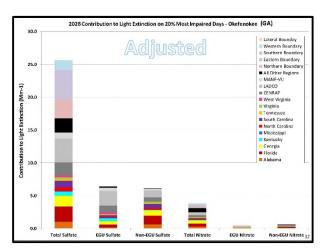


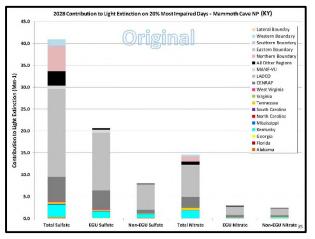


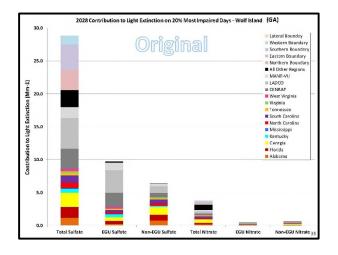


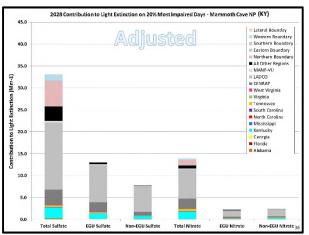


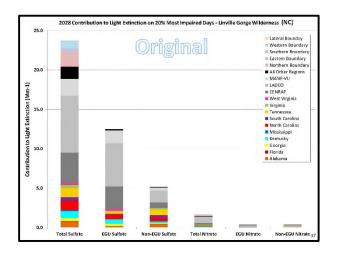


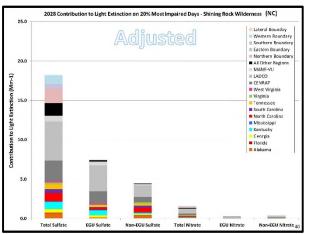


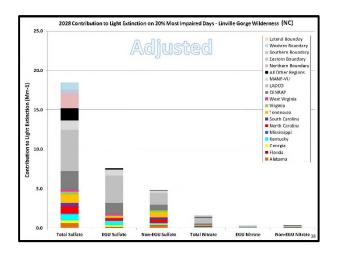


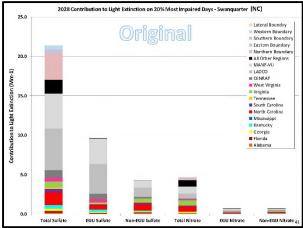


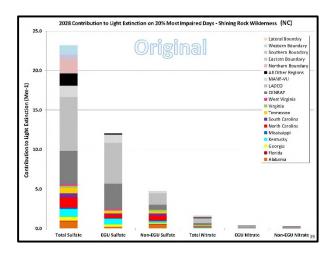


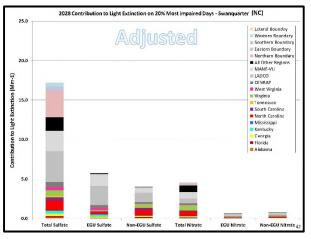


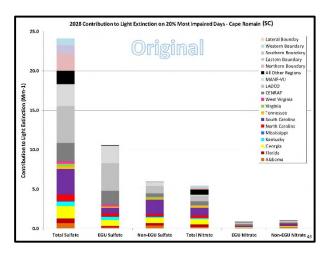


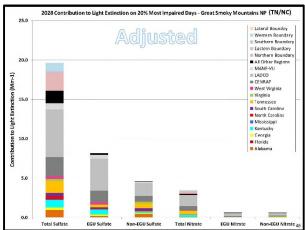


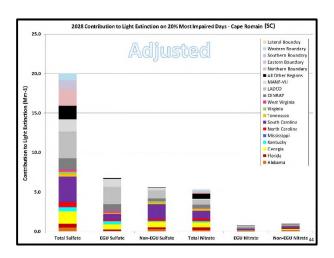


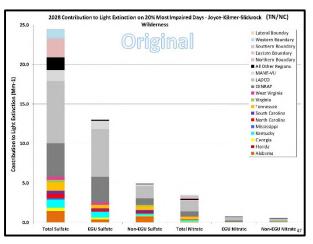


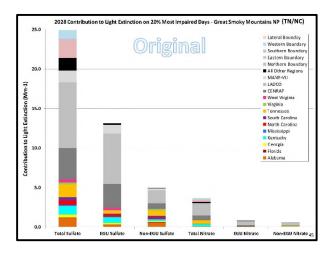


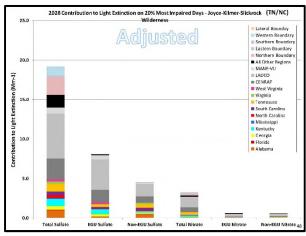


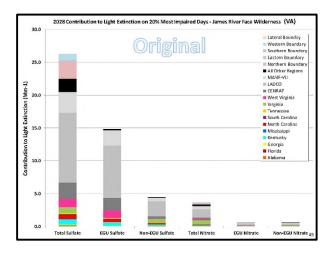


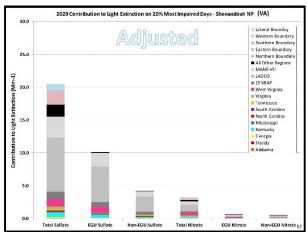


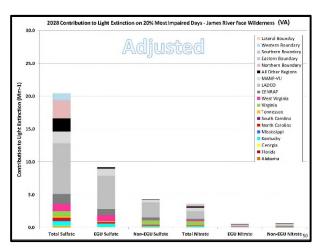


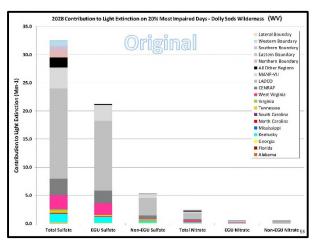


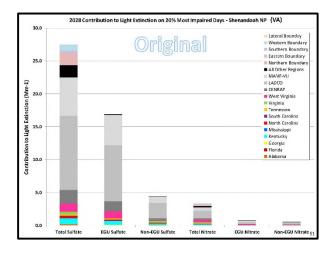


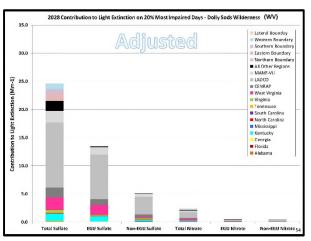


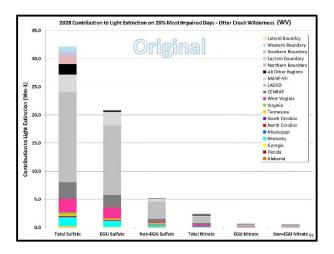


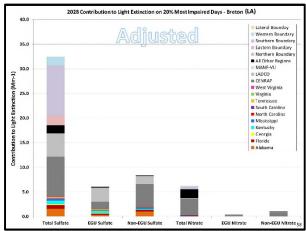


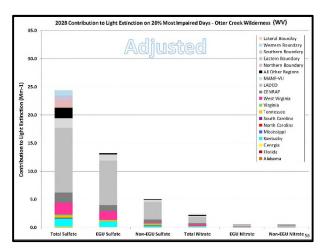


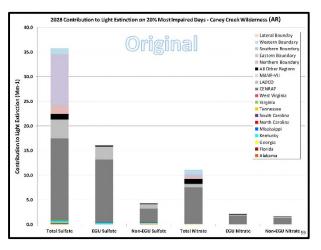


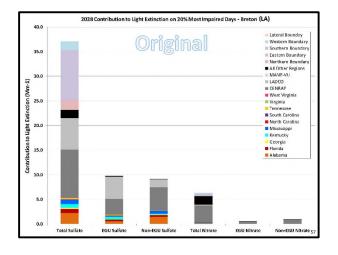


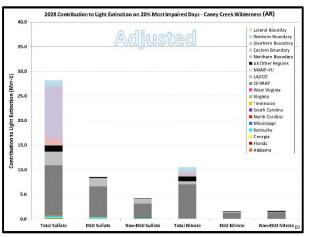


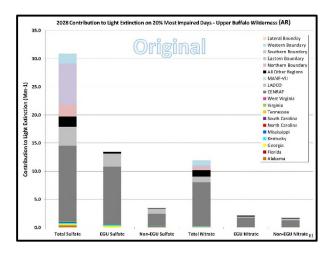


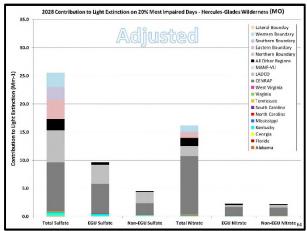


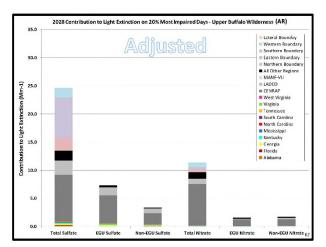


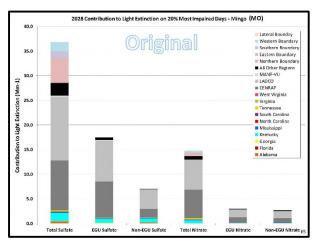


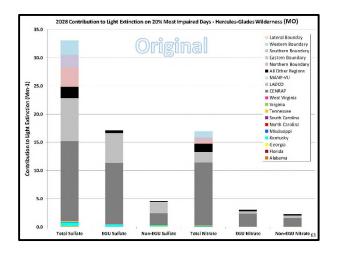


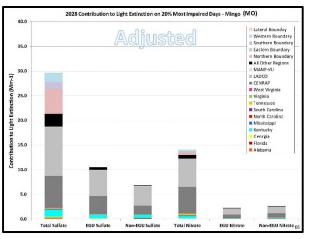


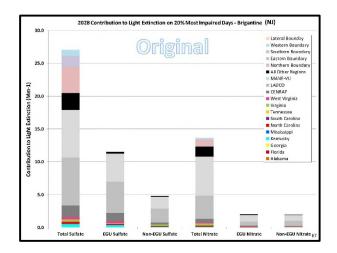






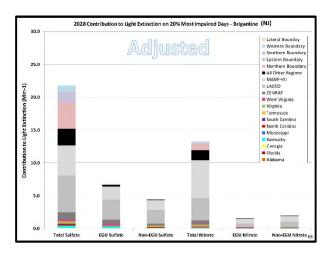






Reasonable Progress Screening Approach 1. The VISTAS reasonable progress work started with AOI screening (Q/d * EWRT) to rank facilities based on their sulfate and nitrate contributions at each Class I area. 2. These rankings were used to identify 87 individual facilities for

- These rankings were used to identify 87 individual facilities for PSAT tagging. PSAT tagging was used to determine the sulfate and nitrate contributions from each facility at each Class I area in the VISTAS_12 domain.
- 3. Each individual VISTAS state will apply a PSAT contribution threshold based on the facility sulfate and facility nitrate impacts (separately, not combined) divided by the total impact of sulfate + nitrate from all point sources to determine which sources may need to be considered for a four-factor analysis.
 - If sulfate contribution ≥ 1.00% → SO₃ Four-Factor Analysis
 - If nitrate contribution ≥ 1.00% → NOx Four-Factor Analysis



Why 1% Threshold?

- In the Round 1 Regional Haze SIPs, many VISTAS states used the AOI approach and a 1% threshold on a <u>Unit</u> basis.
 - Round 2 uses the AOI/PSAT approach and a
 ≥ 1.00% PSAT threshold based on a <u>Facility</u> basis.
 - · This will pull in more facilities compared to a Unit basis.
 - Round 2 uses 2028 emissions (lower than 2018)
 This will pull in facilities with smaller visibility impacts (in Mm⁻¹) compared to Round 1.
- This approach results in a reasonable number of sources that can be evaluated with limited state resources and focuses on the sources with the largest impacts.

Reasonable Progress Analysis

HYSPLIT Trajectories

- Trajectories were run using NAM-12 meteorology for the 20% most impaired days in 2011-2016 at 44 Class I areas.
 - Trajectories were run with starting heights of 100, 500, 1,000, and 1,500 meters.
 - Trajectories were run 72 hours backwards in time for each height at each location.
 - Trajectories were run with start times of 12AM (midnight of the start of the day), 6AM, 12PM, 6PM, and 12AM (midnight at the end of the day) local time.
- 44 Class I areas x 6 years x 24 days/year x 4 heights x 5 start times = 126,720 trajectories

Area of Influence (AOI) Analysis

- Evaluates emissions (Q), distance to Class I area (d), and extinction weighted residence time (EWRT) in model grid cells (point) or counties (source categories)
- Formula: (Q/d)*EWRT
- Establishes each county's and each facility's contribution to light extinction at each Class I area on the 20% most impaired days
- Can use contributions to rank and screen facilities for the four-factor analysis
- Georgia Example:
 - Sources in Georgia, used ≥ 2% threshold
 - Sources outside Georgia, used ≥ 4% threshold

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AOI Point Contributions for Wolf Island

State	FACILITY NAME	DISTANCE (km)	NOx_2028 (tons/year)	SO2_2028 (tons/year)	NO _N Contribution	SO2 Contribution
GA	Brunswick Cellulose inc	27.9	1,554.5	294.2	2,94%	8.84%
FL	ROCK TENN CP, LC	74.9	2,316.8	2,606.7	0.39%	8.56%
GA	International Paper - Savannah	85.9	1,560.7	3,945.4	0.24%	7.53%
FL	IFA	105.1	651.8	2,094.5	0.09%	4.43%
GA	Georgia-Pacific Consumer Products LP (Savannah River Mill)	109.9	351.5	1,860.2	0.03%	2.65%
FL	WHITE SPRINGS AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS, INC.	173.6	112,4	2,745.0	0.01%	1.97%
SC	ALUMAX OF SOUTH CARCHNA	223.0	108.1	3,751.7	0.00%	1.84%
FL	RAYONICE PERFORMANCE FINERS LLC	77.4	2,327.1	562.0	0.38%	1.79%
FL	SEVENDLE ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE, INC.	181.4	917.8	3,713.4	0.02%	1.77%
OH	General James M. Gavin Power Plant (0527010056)	845.3	9,122.5	41,595.8	0.02%	1.71%
SC	SANTEE COOPER CROSS GENERATING STATION	251.0	3,273.5	4,281.2	0.09%	1.59%
GA	Southern States Phosphate & Fertilizer	84.1	1.0	597.1	0.00%	1.55%
FL	III CHEMICAL HOLDINGS, INC.	118.5	37.7	898.9	0.00%	1.22%
FL	DUKE ENERGY FLORIDA, INC. (DEF)	296.6	2,489.8	5,306.4	0.04%	1,19%
GA	Ga Power Company - Plant Bowen	458.1	6,643.3	10,453.4	0.03%	1.08%
GA	Savannah Sugar Refinery	89.9	521.6	582.0	0.08%	1.06%
SC	INTERNATIONAL PAPER EASTOVER	288.7	1,780.3	3,212.9	0.05%	0.95%
GA	Ga Power Company - Plant McManus	27.1	72.2	30.1	0.14%	0.93%
SC	KAPSTONE CHARLESTON KRAFT LLC	713.E	2,355.8	1,863.7	0.09%	0,89%
PA	GENON NE MIGMIT CO/REVISIONE STA	1,048.6	6,578.5	56,939.2	0.01%	0.84%

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AOI Point Contributions for Cohutta

State	FACILITY NAME	DISTANCE (km)	NOv_2028 (tons/year)	SO2_2028 (tons/year)	NO _* Contribution	SO2 Contribution
GA	Ga Power Company - Plant Bowen	78.0	6,643.3	10,453.4	1.15%	19.58%
IN	INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER DBA AEF ROCKPORT	410.1	8,806.8	30,536.3	0.13%	4.68%
GA	International Paper – Rome	87.4	1,773.4	1,791.0	0.18%	4.66%
IN.	Giltonn	487.1	12,280.3	23,117.2	0.10%	2.31%
IN	INDIANAPOL S POWER & LIGHT PETERSBURG	477.0	10,665.3	18,141,9	0.16%	2.18%
KY	Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) - Shawnee Fossil Plant	457.2	7,007.3	19,504.7	0.07%	2.18%
TN	TVA K NGSTON EGSST PLANT	174.0	1,687.4	1,886.1	0.13%	2.1755
DH	General Linus M. Gavin Power Plant (0527010055)	512.0	8,122.5	41,595.8	0.02%	1.71%
1N	TVA CUMBERLAND OSSIL PLANT	327.0	4,916.5	8,427.3	0.09%	1.38%
KA	Big Rivers Electric Corp - Wilson Station	369.0	1,151.9	6,934.2	0.01%	1.07%
DH	Duke Energy Ohio, Wm. U. Zimmer Station (1413090154)	454.6	7,150.0	22,133.9	0.06%	1.05%
GA	Ga Power Company - Plant Wansley	156.8	2,052.5	4,856.0	0.04%	1.05%
Κv	CV Utilities Co - Ghent Station	441.5	7,939.9	10,169.3	0.08%	1.05%
II.	Joppa Steam	486.9	4,706.3	20,509.3	0.02%	1.04%
GA	Mehawk Industries Inc	32,0	66.5	77.1	0.07%	1.02%
1N	EASTMAN CHEMICAL COMPANY	269.8	6,900.3	6,420.2	0.09%	0.99%
WU	AMEREN VISSOURI-LABADIE PLANT	695.4	9,685.3	41,740,3	0.01%	0.96%
IL	Newton	564.0	1,934.9	10,631.6	0.01%	0.91%
GA	Chemical Products Corporation	71.9	19.5	513.8	0.00%	0.89%
IN	INDIANA KENTUCKY ELECTRIC CO (PO KAT LIN	444.4	6,186.5	9,038.1	0.04%	0.76%

Georgia Tagging for PSAT

- Sources in Georgia (≥ 2% threshold)
 - Ga Power Company Plant Bowen
 - International Paper Rome (aka TEMPLE INLAND)
 - · International Paper Savannah
 - Brunswick Cellulose Inc
 - Georgia-Pacific Consumer Products LP (Savannah River Mill)
- Sources outside Georgia (≥ 4% threshold)
 - INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER DBA AEP ROCKPORT (IN)
 - ROCK TENN CP, LLC (FL)
 - JEA (FL)

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AOI Point Contributions for Okefenokee

State	FACILITY NAME	(km)	NOx_2028 (tons/year)	SOZ_2028 (tons/year)	NO _* Contribution	SO2 Contribution
FL	WHITE SPRINGS AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS INC	71.5	112.4	2,745.0	0.03%	14.63%
FL	ROCK TENN CP, LC	64.8	2,316.8	2,606.7	0.88%	12.82%
FI	IEA .	65.6	851.8	2,094.5	0.18%	6.60%
FL	SEVENDER FECTRIC COOPERATIVE, INC.	121.4	917.8	3,713.4	0.07%	3.25%
FL	IT CHEMICAL HOLDINGS, INC.	56.8	37.7	898.9	0.01%	3.25%
FL	RAYO VIER PERFORMANCE FIBERS LLC	63.4	2,327.1	562.0	0.90%	2.82%
GA	International Paper - Savannah	178.9	1,560.7	3,945.4	0.09%	2.81%
FL	BUCKEYE FLORIDA, LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	153.5	1,830,7	1,520.4	0.1/1%	2.18%
FL	REMESSENZ LLC	59.8	66.3	569.5	0.02%	1.96%
FL	DUKE ENERGY FLORIDA, INC. (DEF)	205.0	2,489.8	5,306.4	0.06%	1.40%
AL	Sanders Lead Co.	384.6	121.7	7,951.1	0.00%	1.11%
GA	Georgia-Pacific Consumer Products LP (Savannah River Mill)	197.2	351.5	1,860.2	0.01%	1.05%
GA	Go Power Company - Plant Bowen	458.1	6,643.3	10,453.4	0.05%	1.02%
GA	Brunswick Cellulose Inc	75.3	1,554,5	294.2	0.34%	1.01%
SE	ALUMAX OF SOUTH CAROLINA	322.7	108.1	3,751.7	0.00%	0.97%
GA	PCA Valdesta Mill	112.7	1,032.6	485.7	0.09%	0.85%
SC	SANTEE COOPER CROSS GENERATING STATION	348.1	3,273.5	4,281.2	0.05%	0.85%
FL	CITY OF GAINESVILLE, GRU	111.7	410.0	881.4	0.03%	0.79%
SC	KAPSTONE CHARLESTON KRAFT LLC	314.9	2,355.8	1,863.7	0,06%	0.65%
GA	Ga Power Company - Plant Wansley	403.7	2,052.5	4,856.0	0.02%	0.65%

AOI Screening Summary

State	Threshold	Notes
AL	2%	Sulfate only
FL	5%	Sulfate or nitrate, plus Gulf Crist, Mosaic Bartow, Mosaic New Wales, and Mosaic Riverview
GA	2% - 4%	Sulfate or nitrate, 2% threshold for GA facilities, 4% threshold for facilities outside GA
KY	2%	Sulfate or nitrate
MS	2%	Sulfate or nitrate
NC	3%	Sulfate + nitrate
sc	2% - 5%	2% for sulfate, 5% for nitrate, plus Santee Cooper Winyah, International Paper Georgetown, and SCE&G Williams
TN	3%	Sulfate + nitrate, plus CEMEX
VA	2%	Sulfate + nitrate
wv	0.2%	Sulfate or nitrate

PSAT Source Apportionment Modeling

- · Quantifies visibility impacts from individual point sources, source sectors, and geographic regions
- NOx and SO₂ tagging
- Used for further evaluation of AOI results
- · Refines information on contributions to visibility impairment
- · Can be used to adjust future year visibility projections to account for additional emission
- VISTAS contract with ERG allows for up to 250 tags

21183-5561611 21091-7352411 21177-5195711 21145-5037011	Century Aluminum of KY LLC Tennesson Volley Authority - Paradise Forsil Plant	5,934.15 5,044.18 3,011.01	1,151.9 197.6
21177 5195711 21145 5037011	Tennessee Valley Authority - Paradise Fossil Plant		197.6
21145-5037011			
		3,011.01	3,114.5
	Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) - Shawnee Fossil Plant	19,504.75	7,007.3
28059-8384311	Chevron Products Company, Pascagoula Refinery	741.50	1,534.1
28059-5251011	Mississippi Power Company, Plant Victor J Daniel	231.92	3,829.7
37087-7920511	Blue Ridge Paper Products - Canton Mill	1,127.07	2,992.3
37117-5049311	Domter Paper Company, LLC	587.45	1,795.4
37035-8370411	Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC - Marshall Steam Station	4,139.21	7,511.3
37013-8479311	PCS Phosphate Company, Inc Aurora	4,845.90	495.5
37023-8513011	SGL Carbon LLC	261.64	21.6
45015-4834911	ALD MAX OF SOUTH CAROLINA	3,751.69	108.0
45043-5598511	INTERNATIONAL PAPER GEORGETOWN MILL	2,767.52	2,031.2
45019-4973811	KAPSTONE CHARLESTON KRAFT LLC	1,863.65	2,355.8
45015-4120411	SANTEE COOPER CROSS GENERATING STATION	4,281.17	3,273.4
45043 5552811	SANTEE COOPER WINYAH GENERATING STATION	2,246.85	1,772.5
45015-8305711	SCERG WILLIAMS	392.48	992.7
47093-4979911	Cemex - Knoxville Plant	121.47	711.5
47153-3982311	EASTIVAN CHEMICAL COMPANY	6.420.15	6,900.3
47105-4129211	TATE & LYLE, Loudon	472.75	883.2
47001-5195011	TVA BULL RUN FOSSIL PLANT	522.54	964.1
47151-4979311	TVA CUMBER_AND FOSSIL PLANT	8,427.33	4,916.5
47145-4979111	TVA KINGSTON FOSSIL PLANT	1,886.09	1,687.3
51027-4034811	Jewell Coke Company L.P	5,090.95	520.1
51580-5/98/11	Meadwestvaco Packaging Resource Group	2,115.31	1,985.5
51023-5039811	Roanoke Cemeni, Company	2,290.17	1,972.9
	7717-8049311 3703-8-870411 3703-8-870411 3703-8-870411 3703-8-817041 4503-8-834931 4503-8-834931 4503-8-834931 4503-8-834931 4503-8-834931 4503-8-834931 47103-8-932311 471	3711-5409311 Domitar Paper Concarant, LC	27112-069931, Demiter Paper Company, SC G87-75

PSAT SO₂ and NOx Tags (209)

- Total SO₂ tags for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 RPOs = 13 tags
- Total NOx tags for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 RPOs = 13 tags EGU point SO_2 tags for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 RPOs = 13 tags
- EGU point NOx tags for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 RPOs = 13 tags
- SO, tags for individual VISTAS facilities = 50 tags
- . NOx tags for individual VISTAS facilities = 20 tags

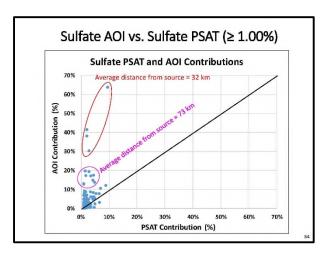
- Non-EGU point SO₂ for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 RPOs = 13 tags
 Non-EGU point NOx for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 RPOs = 13 tags
- SO₂ and NOx for N/S/W/E boundaries = 8 tags
- . SO, tags for individual VISTAS facilities = 10 tags
- NOx tags for individual VISTAS facilities = 16 tags
- SO₂ tags for individual non-VISTAS facilities = 17 tags
- NOx tags for individual non-VISTAS facilities = 10 tags

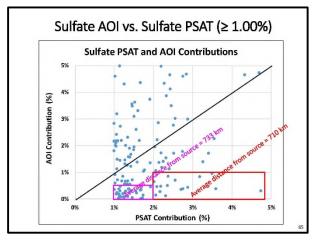
→ 87 Total Facility Tags (both SO, and NOx)

Facility Tags (WV, AR, MO, MD, PA, IL, IN, OH)

acility State	Facility RPO	FACILITY_ID_STD	FACILITY_NAME_STD	SO2 (TPY)	NOx (TPY)
wv	VISTAS	54033-5271711	ALLEGHENY ENERGY SUPPLY CO, LLC-HARRISON	10,082.94	11,830.8
wv	VISTAS	54049-4864511	AMERICAN BITUMINOUS POWER-GRANT TOWN PLT	2,210.25	1,245.1
wv	VISTAS	54079 5789111	APPALACHIAN POWER COMPANY - JOHN E AMOS PLANT	10,984.24	4,878.1
WV	VISTAS	54023-5257011	Dominion Resources, Inc MCUNT STORM POWER STATION	2,123.54	1,984.1
WV	VISTAS	54041-5900311	EQUITRANS - COPIEY RUN CS 70	0.10	511.0
WV	VISTAS	54033-5790711	FILES CREEK 6C4340	0.15	643.3
WV	VISTAS	54083-5790511	GLADY 6C4350	0.11	343.3
WV	VISTAS	54093-5327811	KINGSFORD IV ANUFACTURING COVIPANY	16.95	140.8
WV	VISTAS	54061-16320111	LONGVIEW POWER	2,313.73	1,556.5
WV	VISTAS	54051-5902311	MITCHELLPLANT	5,372.40	2,719.6
WV	VISTAS	54051-5773611	MONONGAHELA POWER CO FORT MARTIN POWER	4,881.87	13,743.
WV	VISTAS	540/3-4/82811	MONONGAHELA POWER CO-PLEASANTS POWER STA	16,817.43	5,497.
WV	VISTAS	54051-5//3811	MORGANTOWN ENERGY ASSOCIATES	828.54	655.
AR	CENRA?	05053-1083411	ENTERGY ARKANSAS INC-INDEPENDENCE PLANT	32,050.48	14,133.
MO	CENRA?	29143 5363811	NEW MADRID POWER PLANT-MARSTON	16,783.71	4,394.
MD	MANE VU	24001 7763811	Luke Paper Company	72,559.84	3,6073
PA	MANE-VU	42005-3865111	GENON NE MGMT CO/KEYSTONE STA	56,939.25	6,578
PA	MANE-VU	42053-3005211	HOMER CITY GEN LP/ CENTER TWP	11,865.70	5,215.
PA	MANE-VU	42053-3005111	NRG WHOLESALE GEN/SEWARD GEN STA	8.880.25	2,254.
IL.	Midwest RPO	17127-7808911	Joppa Steam	20,509.28	4,705.
IN	Midwest RPO	18173-8183111	Alcoa Warrick Power Plt Ago Div of AL	5,071.28	11,158.
IN	Midwest RPO	18051-7363111	Gitson	23,117.23	12,280.
IN	Midwest RPO	18147-8017211	INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER DBA AEP ROCKPORT	30,536.33	8,805.
IN	Midwest RPO	18125-7362411	INDIANAPOLIS POWER & LIGHT PETERSBURG	18,141.88	10,665.
IN	Midwest RPO	18129-8165111	Sigeco AB Brown South Indiana Gas & Ele	7,544.70	1,578.
OH	MidwesLRPO	39081-8115711	Cardinal Power Plant (Cardinal Operating Company) (0541050002)	7,460.79	2,467.
011	Midwest RPO	39031-5010811	Conceville Power Plant (0615000000)	6,356.23	9,957
OH	Midwest RPO	39025 8294311	Duke Energy Ohio, Wm. H. Zimmer Station (1413090154)	22,133.90	7,149.9
ОH	Midwest RPO	39053-3143511	General James M. Gavin Power Plant (8627018056)	41,595.81	8,122.5
αн	Midwest RPO	39053-7983011	Ohio Valley Electric Corp., Kyger Creek Station (0627000003)	3,400.14	9,143.8

Facility Tags (AL, FL, GA) Facility State | Facility RPO | FACILITY | ID_STD | FACILITY_NAME_STD SO2 (TPY) NOx (TPY) 2,573. 1,520. 29. 5,306. VISTAS 13103-536311 Georgia-Pacific Consumer Produc VISTAS 13051-3679811 Internetional ™aper – Savannah VISTAS 13115-539311 TEV/PLE INLAMD





Reasonable Progress Screening Approach

- Due to the amount of resources already invested in the AOI and PSAT analysis, VISTAS plans to continue with our original reasonable progress analysis approach for determining which sources will require a four-factor analysis.
- In cases where emissions decreased or increased at individual facilities being considered for a fourfactor analysis, the facility contributions will be adjusted to be consistent with the lower/higher facility emissions before comparing to the PSAT contribution threshold.
- EPA verbally stated this should be okay 2/6/2020.

AOI vs. PSAT Summary

- AOI tends to overestimate impacts for facilities near the Class I area.
- AOI tends to underestimate impacts for facilities far away from the Class I area.
 - AOI uses 72-hour back trajectories, sulfate can last for weeks and travel hundreds to thousands of km.
- PSAT is the most reliable modeling tool for tracking facility contributions to visibility impairment at Class I areas.

Revised Facility Sulfate PSAT Results

Revised Facility Sulfate PSAT Results
 = Original Facility Sulfate PSAT Results
 * SO₂ Ratio_Facility * Ratio_Class_I_Area

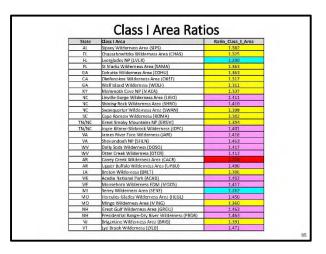
Reasonable Progress Screening Approach

- The updated 2028 CAMx modeling will impact the total sulfate and total nitrate impacts from all sources at each Class I area since the SO₂ and NOx emissions have decreased.
- However, the <u>individual</u> sulfate and total nitrate impacts from the individual 87 tagged facilities should not change unless a facility has reduced or increased SO₂ and/or NOx emissions.
- Therefore, the percent contribution (facility sulfate impact/total impact of all point sources of sulfate + nitrate) will increase since the denominator will decrease; however, the order of the rankings from largest impact to smallest impact should not change unless one of those facilities reduced or increased emissions.

Revised Facility Nitrate PSAT Results

Revised Facility Nitrate PSAT Results
 = Original Facility Nitrate PSAT Results
 * NOx Ratio_Facility * Ratio_Class_I_Area

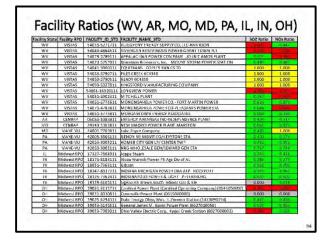
		Faci	lity Ratios (AL, FL, GA	()	
acility State	Facility RPO		FACILITY NAME STD	SO2 Ratio	NOx Batio
AL	VISTAS	01097-949811	Algo Nobel Chemicals int	1.000	1.000
AL.	VISTAS	01097-1055111	Ala Power - Barry	0.630	1,000
Ai	VISTAS	01129 1025711	American Mid-dream Chalon, HC	0.000	0.000
A.C.	VISTAS	01073 1018711	DRUMMEND COVERNY, INC.	1.000	1.000
41	VISTAS	01053 7440711	Excendin Operating Company L.C.	0.109	1,000
AL	VISTAS	01053-985111	Escambia Operatine Company LLC	6.603	0.000
AL	VISTAS	01103-1000011	Nucor Steel Decatur LC	1,000	1.000
AL	VISTAS	01109-985711	Sanders Lead Co	1.000	1 000
AL	VISTAS	01097-1061611	Union Cil of California - Chunchula Gas Plant	0,000	0.000
FL.	VISTAS	12123-752311	BUCKEYE FLORIDA, LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	1.000	1.000
F.	VISTAS	12086-900111	CEMEX CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS FL. LLC.	1,000	
115	VISTAS	13017-640611	DURE ENERGY FLORIDA, NC. (DEL)	8.455	0.441
1:	VISIAS	12085-900011	FLORIDA POWERS (JGHT (PTV)	1,000	1,000
16	VISTAS	12035-752711	GULI POWER - Crist	6.329	9,382
F)	VISTAS	12086 3532711	HOMESTEAD CITY LITEUT ES	1.000	1.000
Fi.	VISTAS	12031 640211	ITA	1.00	
FL	VISTAS	12105-717711	MOSAIC PERTILIZER LLC	0.558	1.000
F.	VISTAS	12057-716411	MOSAIC FERTILIZER, LLC	0.595	
F1	VISTAS	12105-919811	MOSAIC PERTILIZER, LLC	0.573	1.000
F.	VISTAS	12089-845811	RAYONIER PERFORMANCE FIBERS LLC	1,000	1,008
R.	VISTAS	12089-753711	ROCK TENN CP, L.C.	1.800	1.000
F.	VISTAS	12005-535411	ROCKTENN CP LLC	1.000	1,008
114	VISTAS	12129-2731711	TALIA-FASSE: CITY PURDOM GENERATING STA.	1.1100	1.7300
4.	VISTAS	17057-538611	TRIVPA ELECTRIC COMPANY (LEC)	1,000	1,000
112	VISTAS	12085-899911	LA KWAC AMERICA LEC	1.000	
F	VISTAS	12047-769711	WEITE SPRINGS AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS, INC.	EAST-	400
GA	VISTAS	13127-1721011	Brunwick Collabor Inc	2,000	1.000
GA	VISTAS	13015 2813011	Ga Power Company Plant Town	1.800	1.000
6A	VISTAS	13103-536311	Georgia-Pacific Ecosumer Products LP Sevannah River Villi	1.000	1.000
GA	VISTAS	13051-3679811	International Paper - Savannah	1.000	1.000
6A	VISTAS	13115-539311	TEV PLE INLAND	1.000	1.000

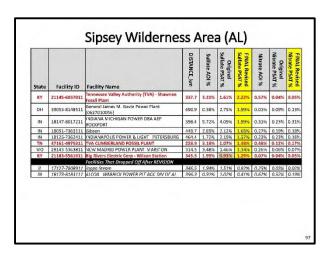


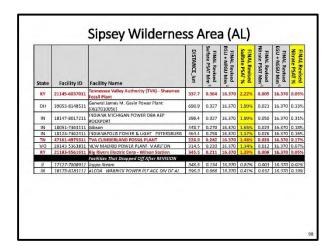
| Facility State | Facility State | Facility | Facility | State | Stat

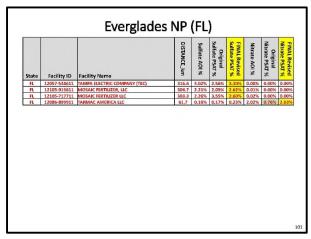
EXAMPLE: New Madrid Power at SIPS

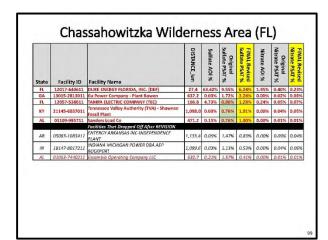
- Revised Facility Sulfate PSAT Results
 = Original Facility Sulfate PSAT Results
 * SO₂ Ratio_Facility * Ratio_Class_I_Area
- Original Facility Sulfate PSAT Results = 1.46%
- Revised Facility Sulfate PSAT Results = 1.46% * 0.665 (Slide 94) * 1.382 (Slide 95) = 1.34% (Slide 97)

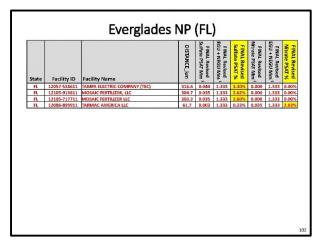


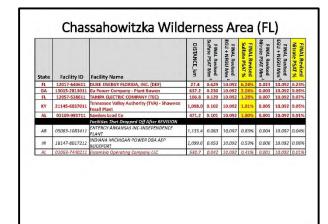


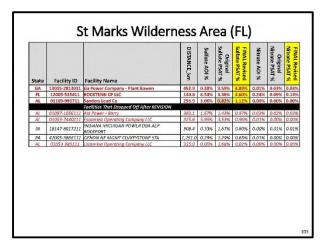




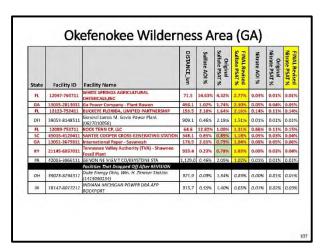


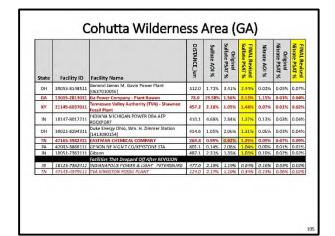


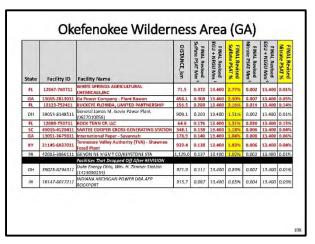


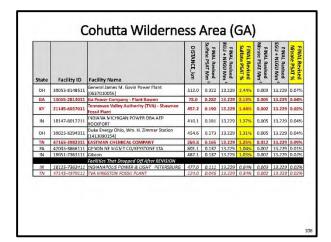


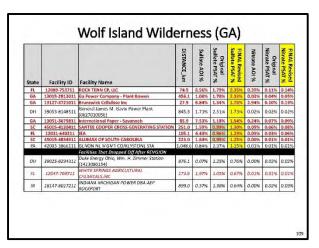
State	Facility ID	Facility Name	DISTANCE_km	FINAL Revised Sulfate PSAT Mm ⁻¹	FINAL Revised EGU + NEGU Mm ¹	FINAL Revised Sulfate PSAT %	FINAL Revised Nitrate PSAT Mm ⁻¹	FINAL Revised EGU + NEGU Mm ⁻¹	Nitrate PSAT %
GA	13015-2813011	Ga Power Company - Plant Bowen	452.9	0.574	11.729	4.89%	0.004		0.039
FL	12005-535411	ROCKTENN CP LLC	140.8	0.540	11.729	4.60%	0.015		0.139
AL	01109-985711	Sanders Lead Co	255.9	0.131	11,729	1.12%	0.000	11.729	0,007
		Facilities That Dropped Off After REVISION							
AL		Ala Pawer - Barry	383.1	0.114	11.729	0.97%	0.003	11.729	
AL	01053-7440211	Escambia Operating Company LLC	325.6	0.112	11.729	0.96%	0.000	11.729	0.00
bΝ	18147-8017211	NDIANA MICHIGAN POWER DBA ALP ROCKPORT	908.4	0.094	11.729	0.80%	0,001		0.01
PA	42005-3866111	GENON NE MGMT CO/KEYSTONE STA	1,251.0	0.076	11.729	0.65%	0.000		0.005
Ai	01053-985111	Escambia Operating Company LLC	315.0	0.003	11,729	0.02%	0.000	11.729	0.00



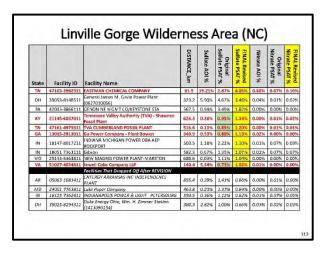


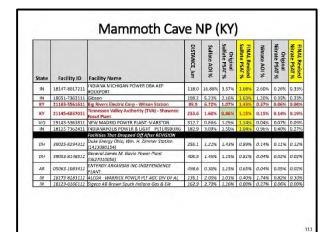


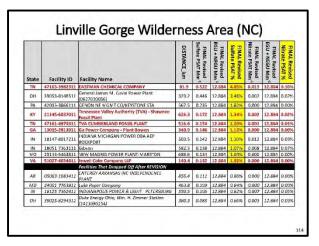


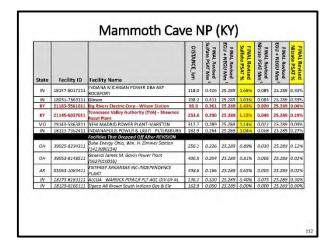


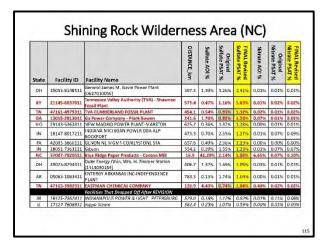
State	Facility ID	Facility Name	DISTANCE_km	FINAL Revised Sulfare PSAT Mm ³	FINAL Revised EGU + NEGU Mm ¹	FINAL Revised Sulfate PSAT %	FINAL Revised Nitrate PSAT Mm ⁻¹	FINAL Revised EGU + NEGU Mm ⁻¹	Nitrate PSAT %
FL	12089-753711	ROCK TENN CP, LLC	74.9	0.304	12.957	2.35%	0.018	12.957	0.14
GA	13015-2813011	Ga Power Company - Plant Bowen	458.1	0.302	12.957	2.33N	0.007	12,957	0.05
GA	13127-3721011	Brunswick Cellulose Inc	27,9	0.228	12,957	1.75%	0.017	12.957	0,13
ОН	39053-8148511	Genéral James M. Gavin Power Plant (0627010056)	845.3	0.224	12.957	1.73%	0.003	12.957	0.02
GA	13051-3679811	International Paper - Savannah	85.9	0.200	12,957	1.54N	0.012	12.957	0.09
5C	45015-4120411	SANTEE COOPER CROSS GENERATING STATION	251.0	0.168	12,957	1,30%	0.011	12.957	0.00
FL	12031-640211	JEA	105.1	0.167	12.957	1.29%	0.008	12.957	0.06
SC	45015-4834911	ALUMAX OF SOUTH CAROLINA	223.0	0.162	12.957	1.75%	0.001	12.957	0.01
PA	42005 3866111	GENON NE M'GN'T CO/KEYSTONE STA	1,048.6	0.149	12,957	1.15%	0.002	12.957	0.01
		Facilities That Dropped Off After REVISION							
ОН	39025-8294311	Duke Energy Ohio, Wm. H. Zimmer Station (1413090154)	876.1	0.099	12.957	0.76%	0.002	12,957	0.02
FL	12047-769711	WHITE SPRINGS AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS, INC	273.6	0.087	12.957	0.67%	0.001	22.957	0.01
IN	18147-8017211	NDIANA MICHIGAN POWER DBA AEP ROCKPORT	899.0	0.083	12.957	0.64%	0.004	12.957	0.03



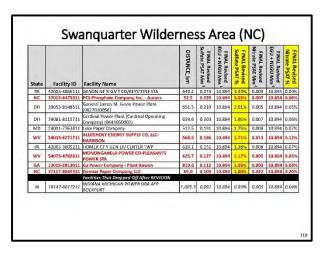


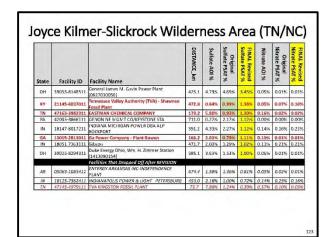


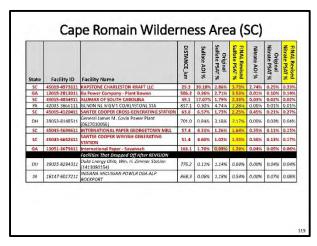


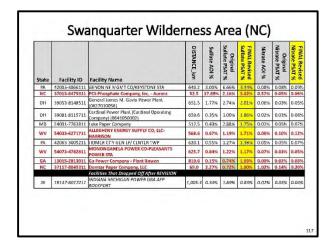


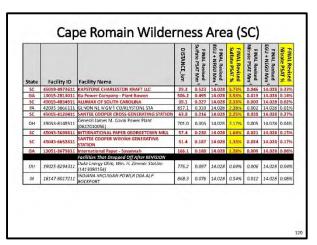
			DISTANCE_km	FINAL Revised Sulfate PSAT Min	FINAL Revised EGU + NEGU Mm	FINAL Revised Sulfate PSAT %	Nitrate PSAT Mm	FINAL Revised	Nitrate PSAT %
State	Facility ID	Facility Name	S.	Man	Mm	Sed IT %	Mm	Mm	1 %
DH	39053-8148511	General James M. Gavin Power Plant (0627010056)	397.3	0.297	12,313	2.41%	0.001	12.313	0.01
KY	21145-6037011	Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) - Shawnee Fossil Plant	573.4	0.201	12.313	1.63%	0.003	12.313	0.02
TN	47161-4979311	TVA CUMBERLAND FOSSIL PLANT	454.1	0.162	12.313	1.32%	0.002	12,313	0.025
GA	13015-2813011	Ga Power Company - Plant Sowen	241.6	0.159	12.313	1,23%	0.001	12.313	0.01
WO.	29143-5363811	NEW MADRID POWER PLANT-WARSTON	625.2	0.158	12,313	1.28 _%	0.001	12.313	0.015
IN	19147 8017211	INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER DBA ALP ROCKPORT	473.3	0.156	12,313	1.27%	0.012	12.313	0.09
PA.	42005 3866111	GENON NEW GW1 CO/KEYSTONE STA	657.6	0.151	12.313	1.23%	0.000	12.313	0.005
IN	18051 7363111	Gibson	554.2	0.151	12,313	1,23%	0.008	12.313	0.07
NC	37087-7920511	Blue Ridge Paper Products - Canton Mill	16.9	0.133	12,313	1.00%	0.012	12.313	0.10
он	39025-8294311	Duke Energy Ohio, Wm. H. Zimmer Station (1413090154)	406.7	0.129	12.313	1,05%	0.002	12.313	0.019
AR	05063-108341L	ENTERGY ARKANSAS INC-INDEPENDENCE PLANT	783.3	0.129	12.313	1.04%	0.001	12.313	0.01
TN	47163-3982311	EASTMAN CHEMICAL COMPANY	126.9	0.128	12,313	1.04%	0.003	12,313	0.02
		Facilities That Dropped Off After REVISION							
IN .		INDIANAPOLIS POWER & LIGHT PETERSBURG	529.0	0.101	12,313	0.82%	0.010	12.313	
112	17127 7808911	Joppo Steam	582.4	0.073	12.313	0.59%	2.000	22.313	0.03



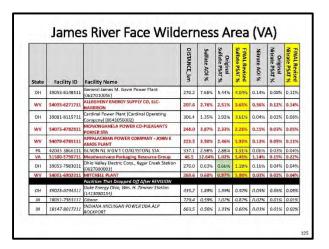




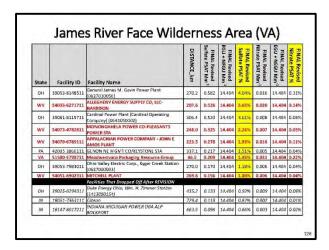


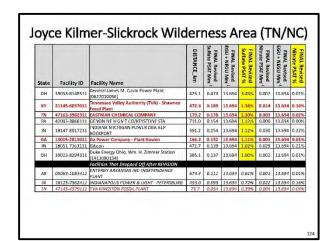


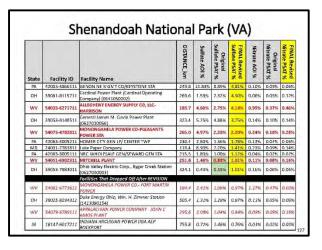
State	Facility ID	Facility Name	DISTANCE_km	FINAL Revised Sulfate PSAT Mm ⁻¹	FINAL Revised EGU + NEGU Mm 1	FINAL Revised Sulfate PSAT %	FINAL Revised Nitrate PSAT Mm ⁻¹	FINAL Revised EGU + NEGU Mm ⁻¹	Nitrate PSAT %
ΩН	39053-8148511	General James M. Gavin Power Plant (0627010056)	400.5	0.520	13,916	3,73%	0.003	13.916	0.025
EA.	21145-6037011	Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) - Shawnee Fossil Plant	465.3	0.183	13.916	1,32%	0.011	13.916	0.08
TN	47163-3982311	EASTMAN CHEMICAL COMPANY	160.1	0.170	13.916	1.22%	0.007	13.916	0.05
PA	42005-3866111	GENON NE MIGNIT CO/KEYSTONE STA	688.2	0.166	13.916	1.19%	0.001	13.916	0.015
IN	18147-8017211	INDIANA MICHIGAN POWLR DBA ALP ROCKPORT	375.5	0.166	13,916	1,19%	0.035	13.916	0.25
IN	18051-7363111	Gibson	456.3	0.146	13.916	1.05%	0.037	13.916	0.27
		Facilities That Dropped Off After REVISION							
ОН	39025-8294311	Duke Energy Ohio, Wm. H. Zimmer Station (1413090154)	360.0	0.136	13.916	0.98%	0.002	13.916	0.02
IN.	18125 7362411	INDIANAPOLIS FOWER & LIGHT PETERSBURG	435.6	0.109	13.916	0.78%	0,028	23.916	0.20
AR	05063-1083411	ENTERGY ARKANSAS INC-INDEPENDENCE PLANT	675.9	0.100	13.916	0.72%	0.001	13.916	
TN	477/45-4979111	TVA KINGSTON FOSSIL PLANT	60.0	0.054	13.916	0.38%	0.000	13.916	0.03



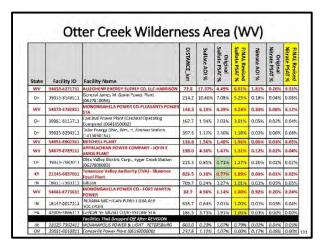
State	Facility ID	Facility Name	DISTANCE_km	Sulfate AOI %	Original Sulfate PSAT %	FINAL Revised Sulfate PSAT %	Nitrate AOI %	Original Nitrate PSAT %	Nitrate PSAT %
ΩН	39053-8148511	General James M. Gavin Power Plant (0627010056)	400.5	2.25%	5.10%	3,73%	0.04%	0.02%	0.02
ку	21145-6037011	Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) - Shawnee Fossil Plant	465.3	1.34%	0.94%	1,32%	0.02%	0.06%	80.0
TIN	47163-3902311	EASTMAN CHEMICAL COMPANY	160.1	6.01%	0.88%	1.22%	0.19%	0.04%	0.05
PA	42005-3866111	GENON NE N'GN'T CO/KEYSTONE STA	688.2	0.11%	2.31%	1.19%	0.00%	0.01%	0.01
IN	18147-8017211	INDIANA MICHIGAN POWLR DBA ALP ROCKPORT	375.5	4.66%	2.42%	1,19%	0.21%	0.19%	0.25
IN	18051-7363111	Gibson	456.3	1.25%	1.34%	1.05%	0.07%	0.27%	0.27
		Facilities That Dropped Off After REVISION							
ОН	39025-8294311	Duke Energy Ohio, Wm. H. Zimmer Station (1413090154)	360.0	1.84%	1.50%	0.98%	0.09%	0.02%	0.02
δN	18125 7362411	INDIANAPOLIS FOWER & LIGHT PETERSBURG	435.6	L48%	L08%	0.78%	0.12%	0.29%	0.20
AR	05063-1083411	ENTERGY ARKANSAS INC-INDEPENDENCE PLANT	675.9	0.19%	1.22%	0.72%	0.02%	0.01%	0.00
TN	47145-4979111	TVA KINGSTON FOSSIL PLANT	60.0	7.38%	1.23%	0.38%	0.71%	0.08%	0.03

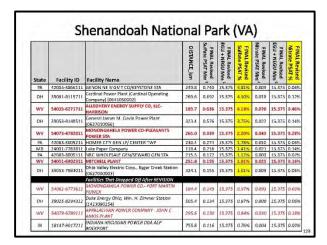


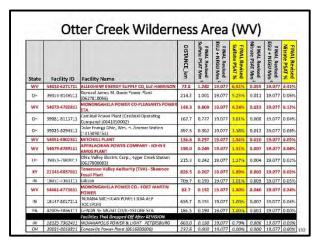




			_	_	ea				
State	Facility ID	Facility Name	DISTANCE_km	Sulfate ADI %	Original Sulfate PSAT %	FINAL Revised Sulfate PSAT %	Nitrate AOI %	Original Nitrate PSAT %	Nitrate PSAT %
wv	54033-6271711	ALLEGHENY ENERGY SUPPLY CO, LLC-HARRISON	83.6	13.58%	4.94%	7.18N	1.35%	0.26%	0.319
0-	39053-8148511	General James M. Gavin Power Plant (0627010055)	233.8	7.62%	6.56%	4,88%	0.10%	0.03%	0.059
wv	54073-4782811	MONONGAHELA POWER CO-PLEASANTS POWER		4.64%	4.32%	4.19%	0.16%	0.07%	0.109
0-	39081-8115711	Cardinal Power Plant (Cardinal Operating Company) (0041030002)		1.36%	7 14%	4.02%	0.03%	0.01%	0.039
0-	39025-6294311	Duke Energy Ohio, Wm. H. Zimmer Station (1413090154)	416.9	1.40%	2.25%	1.49%	0.02%	0.04%	0.059
WV	54051-6902311	MITCHELL PLANT	144.2	1.45%	1.28%	1.42%	0.07%	0.02%	0.059
PA	42005-3866111	GENON NE MIGMT CO/KEYSTONE STA	172.8	4.12%	2.43%	1.27%	0.01%	0.00%	0.009
0-	39073 7983011	Ohio Valley Electric Corp., Oyger Creek Station (0627000003)	23/1.9	0.62%	0.66%	1.18%	0.11%	0.02%	0.029
wv	54079-6789111	APPALACHIAN POWEII COMPANY - JOHN E AMOS PLANT	219.0	3.56%	1.45%	1.28%	0.11%	0.01%	0.039
WV	54061-6773611	MONONGAHELA POWER CO FORT MARTIN POWER	79.8	6.53%	1.27%	1.23%	1.07%	0.18%	0.239
KV	21145-6037011	Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) - Shawnse Fossil Plant	847,5	0.12%	0.74%	1,05%	0.00%	0.01%	0.629
		Facilities That Dropped Off After REVISION							
IN	18051 7363111	Gibsun	729.5	0.04%	1.24%	0.99%	0.02%	0.04%	0.045
W	18147-9017211	INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER DBA AEP ROCKPORT	676.3	0.44%	1.93%	0.97%	0.01%	0.02%	0.035
IN.	18125 7302411	INDIANAPOLIS POWER & LIGHT PETERSBURG	682.5	0.18%	1.05%	0.77%	0.02%	0.04%	0.039
OH	39031-8010811	Conesville Power Plant (0616000000)	242.3	0.71%	1.09%	0.00%	0.12%	0.08%	0.00%







111			DIS	FIN	EGU-	Sulf	Nita	EGU -	Nic
State	Facility ID	Facility Name	DISTANCE_km	FINAL Revised Sulfate PSAT Mm ³	FINAL Revised GU + NEGU Mm 1	FINAL Revised Sulfate PSAT %	FINAL Revised Vitrate PSAT Mm	FINAL Revised	Nitrate PSAT %
WV	54033-6271711	ALLEGHENY ENERGY SUPPLY CO, LLC-HARRISON		1.390	19.349	7.28%	0.059	19.349	0.319
0-	39053-8148511	Seneral James M. Gavin Power Plant (0627010056)		0.945	19.349	4,88%	0.009	19,349	0.059
wv	54073-4782811	MONONGAHELA POWER CO-PLEASANTS POWER STA		0.810	19.149	4.19%	0.020	19.349	0.109
0-	39081-8115711	Carcinal Power Plant (Cardinal Operating Company) (0641050002)		0.778	19.349	4.02%	0.007	19.349	0 039
0-	39025-5294311	20ke Fnergy Ohin, Wm. H. Zimmer Station		0.288	19,349	1.49%	0.010	19.349	0.059
WV	54051-6902311	MITCHELL PLANT	144.2	0.276	19.349	1.42%	0.009	19.349	0.059
PA	42005-386611.1	GENON NE MIGMT CO/KEYSTONE STA	172.8	0.246	19.349	1.27%	0.001	19.349	0.009
0-	39073 7983011	Ohio Valley Electric Corp., Cyger Creek Station (062/000003)	230.9	0.229	19 349	1.18%	0.003	19.349	0 029
wv	54079-6789111	APPALACHIAN POWER COMPANY - JOHN E AMOS PLANT	219.0	0.221	19,349	1.5#N	0.006	19,349	0.039
WV	54061-6773611	MONONGAHELA POWER CO FORT MARTIN POWER	79.8	0.218	19.349	1.23%	0.044	19.349	0.239
KV	21145-6037011	Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) - Shawnee Fossil Plant	847/5	9.204	19.349	1,05%	£00.0	19.349	0.029
		Facilities That Dropped Off After REVISION							
IN.	28051 7363121	Gibson	729.5	0.192	19,349	0.99%	0,008	19.349	0.049
IN	18147-8017211	INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER DBA AEP ROEKPORT	6763	0.187	19.349	0.97%	2.006	19.349	0.035
dV.	18125 7362411	INDIANAPOLIS POWER & LIGHT PETERSBURG	682.6	0.249	19.349	0.77%	8.00E	29.349	0.039
DH	39031-8010811	Conesuite Power Plant (0615000000)	242.3	0.000	19.349	0.00%	0.000	10.340	0.00%

Non-VISTAS Class I Areas

- Only two VISTAS facilities have a contribution ≥ 1.00% at any non-VISTAS Class I Area
- ALLEGHENY ENERGY SUPPLY CO, LLC-HARRISON (WV)
 - Moosehorn Wilderness EDM (1.06% sulfate)
- Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) Shawnee Fossil Plant (KY)
 - Caney Creek Wilderness Area (1.09% sulfate)
 - Hercules-Glades Wilderness Area (1.95% sulfate)
 - Mingo Wilderness Area (1.47% sulfate)
 - Great Gulf Wilderness Area (1.03% sulfate)
 - Presidential Range-Dry River Wilderness (1.03% sulfate)

		FACILITY_NAME_STD	IMPACTED CLASS I AREAS
AR	05053-1083411	ENTERGY ARKANSAS INC-INDEPENDENCE PLANT	SHRO
IN	18051-7363111	Gibson	COHU, GRSM, JOYC, LIGO, MACA, OTCR, SHRO SIPS
IN	18147-8017211	ND ANA MICHIGAN POWER DBA AEP ROCKPORT	COHU, GRSM, JOYC, LIGO, MACA, OTCR, SHRO SIPS
IN	18125-7362411	ND ANAPOLIS POWER & LIGHT PETERSBURG	MACA, SIPS
MD	24001-7763811	Luke Paper Company	SHEN, SWAN
MO	29143-5363811	NEW MADRID POWER PLANT-MARSTON	LIGG, MACA, SHRO, SIPS
ОН	39081-8115711	Cardinal Power Plant (Cardinal Operating Company) (0641050002)	DOSO, JARI, OTCR, SHEN, SWAN
ОН	39025-8294311	Duke Energy Chio, Wm. F. Zimmer Station (1413090154)	COHU, DOSO, JOYC, OTCR, SHRO
ОН	39053-8148511	General Jacus M. Gavin Power Plant (0527010056)	COHU, DOSO, GRSW, JAR , JOYC, LIGO, OKEF, OTCR, ROMA, SHEN, SHRO, SIPS, SWAN, WOLF
OH	39053-7983011	Ohic Valley Electric Corp., Kyger Creek Station (0527000003)	DOSO, JARI, GTCR, SHEN
PA	42005-3866111	GENON NE MIGMT CO/KEYSTONE STA	COHU, DOSO, GRSW, JARI, JOYC, LIGO, OKEF, OTCR, ROMA, SHEN, SHRO, SWAN, WOLF
PA	42053-3005211	HOMER CITY GEN LP/ CENTER TWP	SHEN, SWAN
PA	42053-3005111	VRG WHOLESALE GEN/SEWARD GEN STA	SHEN

Additional Considerations

- The final list of four-factor analysis sources will be determined in consultation with the FLMs, EPA, other states, and stakeholders.
- Some VISTAS states may perform additional fourfactor analyses for sources not listed on Slide 134.
- States will verify projected SO₂ and NOx emissions with facilities. PSAT results can be adjusted to match.
- Some states may allow their facilities to take a permit limit that will result in adjusted PSAT impacts below the 1.00% threshold in lieu of performing a four-factor analysis.
- The large number of coal-fired EGU retirements and fuel switching from coal to natural gas need to be considered along with the sources selected for the four-factor analysis. States should not be penalized for early action.

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State	FACILITY IN STE	FACILITY NAME STD	IMPACTED CLASS LAREAS
AL	01109-985711	Sanders Lead Co	CHAS, SAMA
FI.	12123-752411	BUCKEYE FLORIDA, UMITED PARTNERSHIP	CKE
FI.	170/7 640811	DAIKE ENFRGY FLORIDA, INC. (DEF)	CHAS
FL	12031-640211	JEA .	NOIL
FL	12105-217211	MOSAIC FERTILIZER U.S.	EVER
LT	12105-919811	MOSAIC FERTILIZER, LLC	EVER
FL	12089-753711	RECOLUENNOS ILC	DIKEE: WOLE
FI	12005-535411	ROCKTENN CPLIC	SAMA
FL	12057-538611	TAMPA HISCTRIC COMPANY (TEC)	CHAS, EVER
FL	17086-899911	TARNIAC AMERICA LLC	EVER
FL	12047-769711	WHITE SPRINGS AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS INC.	OKER
GA	13127-3721011	Brunswick Cellulose Inc.	WOLF
GA	13015-2313011	Ga Power Company - Plant Bowen	CHAS, COHU, JOYC, LIGO, OKEF, ROMA, SAMA, SHRO, SWAN, WO
GA.	13051 3579811	International Paper Savaceati	OKCE, ROMA, WOLF
KY	21183-5551611	Big Bivers Electric Corp - Wilson Station	MACA, SIPS
ky	21145 6097011	enressee Valley Authority (TVA). Shawnee Fossil Plant	CACR, CHAS, COHL, DOSD, GRGL, GRSM, HEGL, IDVC, HGO, MAC MIN.S., OKEF, OTCR, PROR, SHRO, SIPS
NC	37087-7920511	Elue Ridge Paper Products - Canton Mill	SHRO
NC	37117-8049311	Domtar Paper Company, LLC	SWAN
NC	3/013-34/9311	PCS Phosphate Company, Inc Autora	SWAN
50	45015 4234911	ALUMAX OF SOLITH CAROLINA	BOMA, WOIF
50	450/3-5698611	IN TERNAT JONAL PAPER SEORGET DWN MILL	HOMA
SC.	45019 4973611	KAPSTONE CHARLESTON KRAFT LLC	RCAMA
3C	45015-4120411	SANTEE COOPER CRUSS GENERATING STATION	GREE, ROMA, WOLF
SC	45043-6857811	SANTEE COOPER WINVAH GENERATING STATION	ROMA
TN	4/163-3982311	EASTMAN CHEMICAL COMPANY	COHU, CRSM, JOYE, LIGO, SHRO
TN	47151-4979311	TVA CUN BERLAND FOSSIL PLANT	LIGO, SHRO, SIPS
VA	51027-4034811	Jewell Coke Company LU ²	He0
VA.	51580 5798711	Meanwestvaco Parkaging Resource Group	JAR1
WY	54033-5271711	ALLEGHENY ENERGY SUPPLY CO. LLC-HARRISON	DOSO, JARI, MGOS, OTCR, SHEK, SWAN
.WV	54079 6789111	APPALACHIAN POWER COMPANY - ICHIN F AMOS PLANT	DOSO, JARI, DTCR
WY	54051-6902311	MITCHELL PLANT	DOSO, JARI, OTCR, SHEN
WV	54061-6773611	MONONGAHELA POWER CO FORT MARTIN FOWER	DOSO, OTCR
WY	54073-4787811	MONON GAHELA POWER CO PLEASANTS POWER STA	DOSO, IARI, OTCR, SHEN, SWAR

Next Steps and Schedule

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EPA Guidance (August 20, 2019)

- Many facilities already have effective emission control technologies in place. States will consider control options for these facilities on a case-by-case basis.
 - "For the purpose of SO, control measures, an EGU that has add-on flue gas desulfurization (FGD) and that meets the applicable alternative SO₂ emission limit of the 2012 Mercury Air Toxics Standards (MATS) rule for power plants. The two limits in the rule (Io.2 lb/MMBtu for coalfired EGUs or 0.3 lb/MMBtu for EGUs fired with oil-derived solid fuel) are low enough that it is unlikely that an analysis of control measures for a source already equipped with a scrubber and meeting one of these limits would conclude that even more stringent control of SO₂ is necessary to make reasonable progress."
 - necessary to make reasonable progress."

 "For the purposes of SO₂ and NOx control measures, a combustion source (e.g., an EGU or industrial boiler or process heater) that, during the first implementation period, installed a FGD system that operates year-round with an effectiveness of at least 90 percent or by the installation of a selective catalytic reduction system that operates year-round with an everall effectiveness of at least 90 percent (in both cases calculating the effectiveness as the total for the system, including any bypassed flue gas), on a pollutant-specific basis."

Remaining VISTAS Work Schedule

Task	Schedule
2028 Point Emissions Updates	Completed *
2028 Emissions Processing	Completed *
2028 CAMx Modeling	Completed *
2028 Visibility Projections	Completed *
2028 Deposition Projections	Late-May/Early-June, 2020 *
Final Reports and Documentation	Late July, 2020
Website Updates and Postings	Late July, 2020
End of Contract	September 30, 2020
Regional Haze SIPs Due to EPA	July 31, 2021

Contacts for Further Information

- For general, technical, and SIP-related questions, contact the TAWG and CC Chairs:
 - TAWG Randy Strait (<u>randy.strait@ncdenr.gov</u>)
 - CC Jim Boylan (james.boylan@dnr.ga.gov)
- For project and contract management questions, contact the Project Manager:
 - John Hornback (hornback@metro4-sesarm.org)



VISTAS Roadmap for Calculations Associated with the Initial Screening of Sources for Reasonable Progress (Four-Factor Analyses)



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Task 5: Area of Influence Analysis
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Task 7: Source Apportisement Madeline/Tasking https://www.mstra4.aastrm.arg/coment/cource appointerment model hetagging

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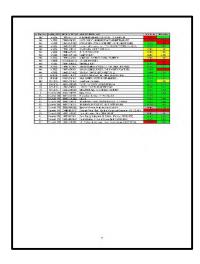
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à.	Nature Williams on Arma	1.252
FL	Cristia (Septeta Wilk Stress Area	1.225
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GA	Co vatro Williconcor Artia	1.763
GA	Wightr place Williamore Area	2,517
216	brid ideal@fiderness	1.17
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30	Cana Samain Williamores	1,340
TN	Grant Employ Meuritains *	3,854
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N+	Grarre, Phillippess Area	1,463
N+	Prisidential Range Dry Rivar Wilsomela	5.403
10	Prisonane Milcentess Area	1.8%
VT	he Braz c Wildennes	140



west virginia department of environmental protection

Appendix F-3k

VISTAS Regional Haze Project Update Stakeholder Briefing May 20, 2020

West Virginia Division of Air Quality 601 57th Street, SE Charleston, WV 25304

Promoting a healthy environment

VISTAS Regional Haze Project Update



Stakeholder Briefing Jim Boylan May 20, 2020

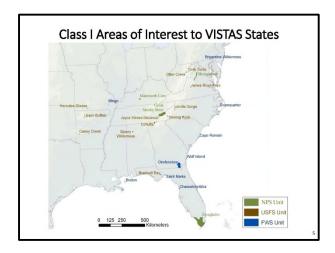
VISTAS Organization

- State and Tribal Air Directors (STAD)
 - · Policy Decisions
 - · Michelle Walker Owenby (TN), Chair
- Coordinating Committee (CC)
 - Planning Recommendations
 - · Jim Boylan (GA), Chair
- Technical Analysis Work Group (TAWG)
 - · Technical Recommendations
 - Randy Strait (NC), Chair
- Project Manager
 - John Hornback (SESARM)

Outline

- · Background Information
- 2028 Emissions Updates
- 2028 Model Projections
- Adjusted 2028 PSAT Stacked Bar Charts
- Reasonable Progress Screening Analysis
- Next Steps & Schedule





Regional Haze Background Information

- Initial round of regional haze SIPs were due December 17, 2007
- Regional haze SIPs for second planning period due July 31, 2021
- EPA revised regional haze regulations
 - 40 CFR Part 51 and 40 CFR Part 52
 - Revisions effective January 10, 2017
- Current EPA regional haze guidance
 - December 20, 2018 Tracking Visibility Progress
 - August 20, 2019 Regional Haze SIPs for the Second Planning Period

VISTAS Class I Areas VISTAS FEDERAL CLASS I AREAS AL – Sipsey Wilderness Area (SIPS) FL – Chassahowitzka Wilderness Area (CMAS) FL – Everglades National Park (EVER) FL – Swink Marks Wilderness Area (SAMA) GA – Cohuta Wilderness Area (SAMA) GA – Ochuta Wilderness Area (COHU) GA – Obeenokee Wilderness Area (ONET) GA – Wolf Island Wilderness Area (WOLF)* GA – Wolf Island Wilderness Area (WOLF)* KY – Mammoth Cave National Park (MACA) USDI Fish and Wildlife Service USDI Fish and Wildlife Service NC – Liville Gorge Wilderness Area (MGO) NC – Shining Rock Wilderness Area (ISMA) USDI Forest Service NC – Spining Rock Wilderness Area (ISMA) USDI Fish and Wildlife Service USDI Forest Service USDI Forest Service USDI Fish and Wildlife Service USDI Forest Service USDI Fish and Wildlife Service USDI Forest Service USDI Forest Service USDI Forest Service USDA Forest Service VA – James River Face Wilderness Area (DOSO) USDA Forest Service VA – Dolly Sods Wilderness Area (DOSO) USDA Forest Service *This Class I Area does not have an IMPROVE monitor and will be represented by measurement data from a nearby Class I Area with an IMPROVE monitor.

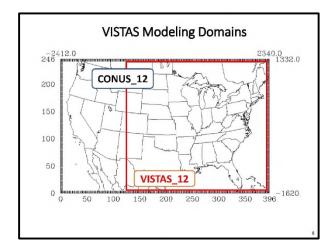
VISTAS Air Quality Model

- Started with EPA's 2011/2028 modeling platform
 - Version 6.3el
 - CAMx v6.32
- Replaced CAMx v6.32 with CAMx v6.40
- Used 2011 meteorology
- Reasons for using EPA platform
 - Time limited
 - · Budget limited
 - Most source sectors acceptably represented in EPA platform

Initial VISTAS vs. Updated EPA 2028 Emissions

 The table below compares the 2028 point emissions used by VISTAS vs. the latest 2028fh emissions used by EPA (projected from 2016). The emissions below are extracted from the VISTAS 12 modeling domain which covers the Eastern U.S.

Pollutant	VISTAS 2028 (tpy)	New EPA 2028 (tpy)	Change (tpy)	Change (%)
NOx	2,641,463.83	2,108,115.50	-533,348.33	-20.19%
SO2	2,574,542.02	1,400,287.10	-1,174,254.92	-45.61%



SO2	2.7opt_2028	16.0_2028	∆ 5O2	∆ SO2
CENSARA	760,828.2	367,683.7	-393,144.5	-51.67%
LADCO	379,577.5	266,047.0	-113,530.5	-29.91%
MANE-VU	196,672.6	78,657.0	-118,015.6	-60.01%
VISTAS	273,582.1	161,502.5	-112,079.6	-40.97%
TOTAL	1,783,376.5	976,471.2	-806,905.3	-45.25%
NOx	2.7opt_2028	16.0_2028	ΔNOx	ΔNOx
CENSARA	354,795.1	244,499.3	-110,295.8	-31.09%
LADCO	198,966.9	166,429.4	-32,537.4	-16.35%
MANE-VU	83,432.5	56,315.3	-27,117.2	-32.50%
VISTAS	270,615.7	200,791.1	-69,824.6	-25.80%
TOTAL	1,166,663.1	840,973.6	-325,689.5	-27.92%

Initial VISTAS Emissions Updates

- Used EPA's 2011 base year emissions without change
- Updated EPA's Initial 2028 projection year emissions
 - EGU and major non-EGU sources
 - Removed Clean Power Plan assumptions
 - VISTAS Adjusted for changes in fuels and facility operating plans
 - Non-VISTAS Used ERTAC 2.7opt



VISTAS CC/TAWG Conclusions (January 2020)

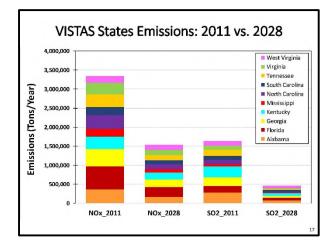
- 1. 2028 emission updates are necessary
 - VISTAS States States will:
 - Update 2028 major source emissions projections (SO₂, NOx, PM_{2.5}, PM₁₀, NH₃, CO) at the facility and unit level
 - · Add any new sources of significance
 - LADCO States SESARM will:
 - Replace ERTAC_2.7 with ERTAC_16.1 based on LADCO input
 - All Other States SESARM will:
 - Replace ERTAC_2.7 with ERTAC_16.0
 - Verify accuracy of large SO_2 and NOx source emissions projections via contact with surrounding states/RPOs and update emissions as needed
- Additional 2028 air quality modeling is needed

Additional Modeling-Related Tasks

- · Emissions processing
- Updated 2028 CAMx modeling (VISTAS_12)
- Updated 2028 visibility projections
- Documentation

	202	28 EGI	J &	NEG	U NO	x Co	ompai	rison	
State	Point_OLD (tpy)	Point_NEW (tpy)	Delta (%)	EGU_OLD (tpy)	EGU_NEW (tpy)	Delta (%)	NEGU_OLD (tpy)	NEGU_NEW (tpy)	Delta (%)
AL	80,389.97	70,824.72	-11.9%	26,895.35	20,008.14	-25.6%	53,494.61	50,816.58	5.0%
FL	68,006.19	70,010.40	2.9%	26,250.73	25,049.90	-4.686	41,755.45	44,960.50	7.7%
GA	67,197.50	65,885.55	2.0%	25,899.67	24,587.73	5.1%	41,297.83	41,297.83	0.0%
КУ	66,240.03	62,130.83	-6 2%	36,781.72	32,695.94	-11.1%	29,458.31	29,434.89	-0.1%
MS	52,159.32	46,853.62	-10.2%	18,279.53	12,208.89	-33.2%	33,879.79	34,644.73	2.3%
NC	65,863.97	58,933.80	10.5%	27,842.23	20,977.65	24.7%	38,021.74	37,956.15	0.2%
SC	36,051.31	36,170,87	0.3%	10,522.78	10,707.42	1.8%	25,528.53	25,463.44	-0.3%
TN	45,879.07	42,954.25	-6.4%	10,086.01	7,814.13	-22,5%	35,793.06	35,140.12	-1.8%
VA	43,210.19	41,671.99	3.6%	11,973.97	10,435.77	12.8%	31,236.22	31,236.22	0.0%
wv	65,054.07	68,200.77	4.8%	46,721.77	49,874.15	6.7%	18,332.30	18,326.62	U.096
VISTAS	590,051.60	563,636.80	-4.5%	241,253.76	214,359.73	-11.1%	348,797.84	349,277.07	0.1%
RPO	Paint_OLD (tpy)	Point_NEW (tpy)	Delta (%)	EGU_OLD (tpy)	EGU_NEW (tpy)	Delta (%)	NEGU_OLD (tpy)	NEGU_NEW (tpy)	Delta (%)
VISTAS	590,051.60	563,636.80	4.5%	241,253.76	214,359.73	11.1%	348,797.84	349,277.07	0.1%
CENSARA	903,979.85	791,397.59	-12.5%	382,706.66	270,182.46	-29.4%	521,273.19	521,215.14	0.0%
LADCO	548,866.74	491,345.00	-10.5%	244,035.26	186,513.52	-23.6%	304,831.49	304,831.49	0.0%
MANE VU	244,280.15	222,991.41	8.7%	103,465.15	82,176.41	20.6%	140,815.00	140,815.00	0.0%
WRAP	362,819.80	301,433.41	-16.9%	187,944.97	126,558,55	-32.7%	174,874.83	174,874,86	0.096
TOTAL	2,649,998,14	2.370.804.22	-10.5%	1,159,405.80	879,790.66	-24.1%	1,490,592.35	1,491,013.55	0.086

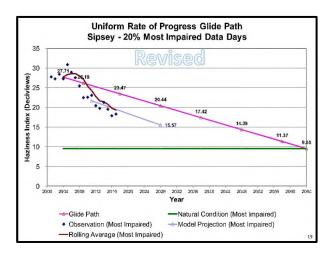
Recent 2028 Emissions Updates

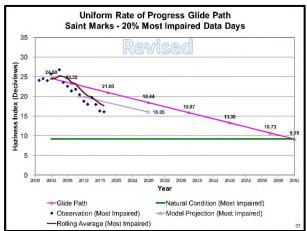


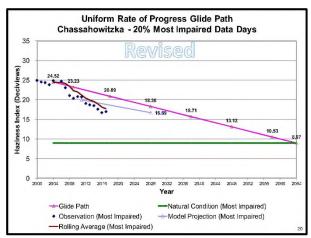
2028 EGU & NEGU SO, Comparison

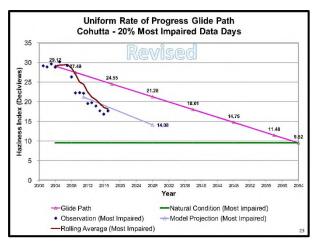
| State | Point, OLD | Point, NEW | Deta | EGU_OLD | EGU_NEW | (ts) | (tsy) |

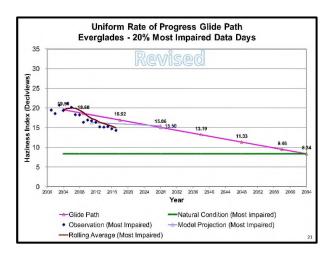
2028 Model Projections

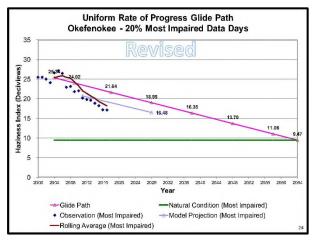


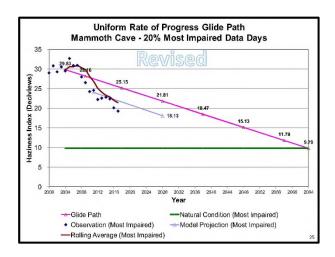


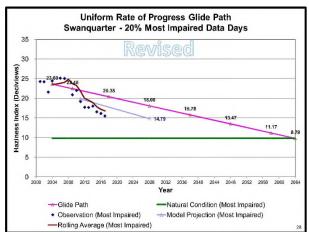


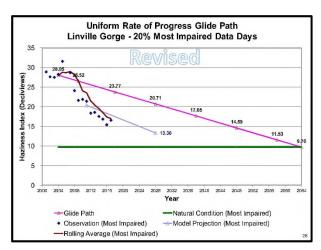


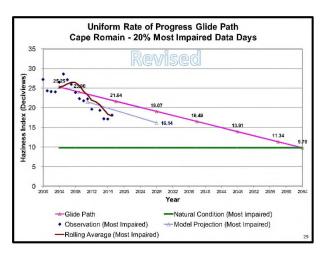


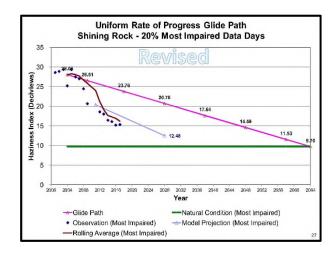


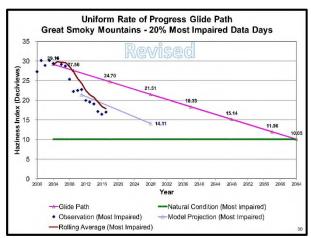


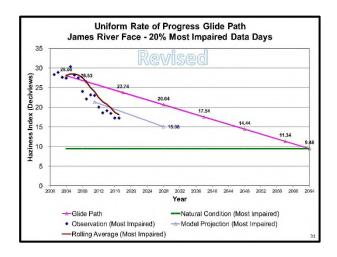


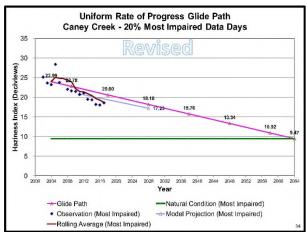


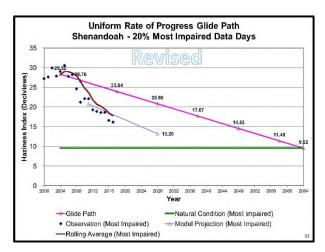


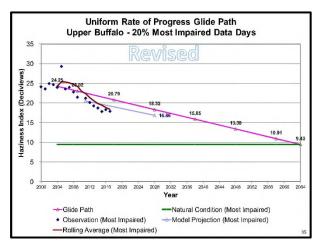


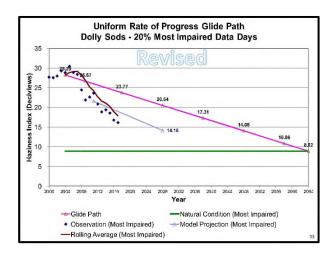


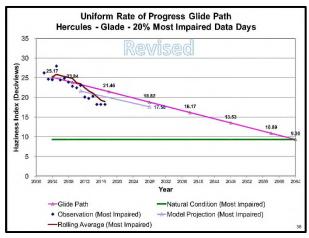


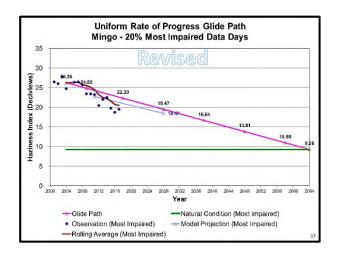






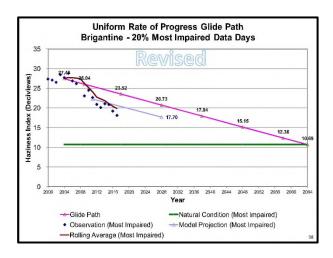






PSAT Source Apportionment Modeling

- PSAT = Particulate Matter Source Apportionment Technology
- Quantifies visibility impacts from individual point sources, source sectors, and geographic regions
- NOx and SO₂ tagging
- · Used for further evaluation of AOI results
- Refines information on contributions to visibility impairment
- Can be used to adjust future year visibility projections to account for additional emission controls
- VISTAS contract with ERG allows for up to 250 tags



PSAT SO₂ and NOx Tags (209) Round 1 (122 tags) • Total SO₂ tags for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 RPOs = 13 tags • Total NOx tags for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 RPOs = 13 tags • EGU point SO₂ tags for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 RPOs = 13 tags • EGU point NOx tags for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 RPOs = 13 tags • SO₂ tags for individual VISTAS facilities = 50 tags • NOx tags for individual VISTAS facilities = 20 tags Round 2 (87 tags) • Non-EGU point NOx for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 RPOs = 13 tags • Non-EGU point NOx for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 RPOs = 13 tags • Non-EGU point NOx for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 RPOs = 13 tags • Non-EGU point NOx for 10 individual VISTAS tates + 3 RPOs = 13 tags • Nox tags for individual VISTAS facilities = 10 tags • NOx tags for individual VISTAS facilities = 10 tags • NOx tags for individual non-VISTAS facilities = 10 tags

Adjusted 2028 PSAT Stacked Bar Charts

Revised State/RPO PSAT Results

Revised EGU Sulfate PSAT Results
 Original EGU Sulfate PSAT Results * SO₂ EGU Ratio

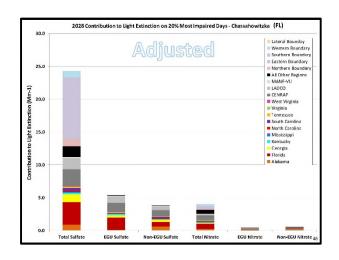
 $\textit{where, SO}_2 \, \textit{EGU Ratio} = \frac{(\textit{Revised EGU SO}_2 \, \textit{emissions})}{(\textit{Original EGU SO}_2 \, \textit{emissions})}$

• Revised NEGU Sulfate PSAT Results

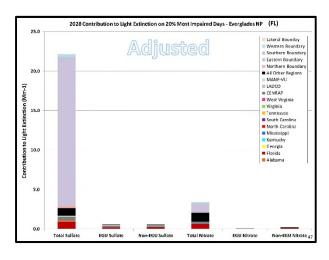
= Original NEGU Sulfate PSAT Results * SO, NEGU Ratio

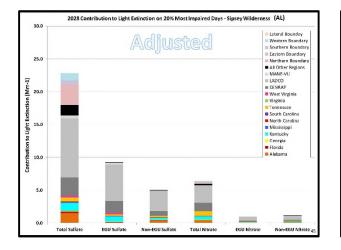
where, SO_2 NEGU Ratio = $\frac{(Revised\ NEGU\ SO_2\ emissions)}{(Original\ NEGU\ SO_2\ emissions)}$

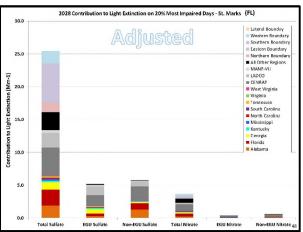
Revised State/RPO PSAT Results • Revised EGU Nitrate PSAT Results = Original EGU Nitrate PSAT Results * NOx EGU Ratio where, NOx EGU Ratio = (Revised EGU NOx emissions) (Original EGU NOx emissions) • Revised NEGU Nitrate PSAT Results = Original NEGU Nitrate PSAT Results * NOx NEGU Ratio where, NOx NEGU Ratio = (Revised NEGU NOx emissions) (Original NEGU NOx emissions)

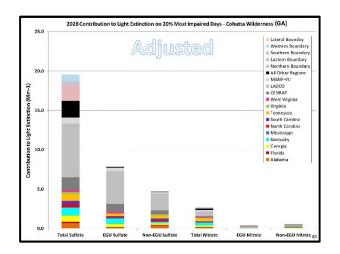


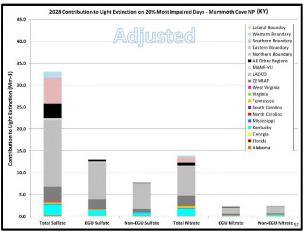
State/RPO	SO ₂ EGU Ratio	SO ₂ NEGU Ratio	NOx EGU Ratio	NOx NEGU Ratio
AL	0.540	0.708	0.744	0.950
FL	0.841	0.829	0.954	1.077
GA	0.951	1.000	0.949	1.000
KY	0.881	0.850	0.889	0.999
MS	0.463	0.363	0.668	1.023
NC	0.485	0.953	0.753	0.998
SC	1.000	1.000	1.018	0.997
TN	0.828	0.973	0.775	0.982
VA	0.605	1.000	0.872	1.000
wv	0.826	1.071	1.057	1.000
CENSARA	0.494	1.000	0.706	1,000
LADCO	0.636	1.000	0.764	1.000
MANE-VU	0.467	0.810	0.794	1.000

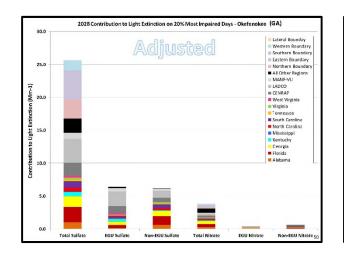


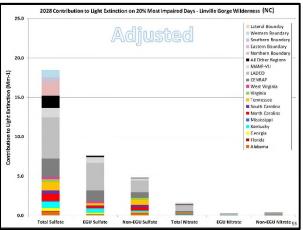


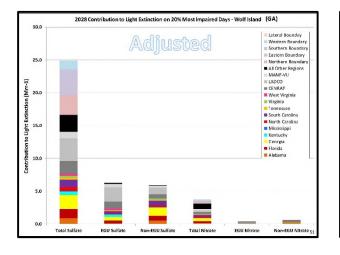


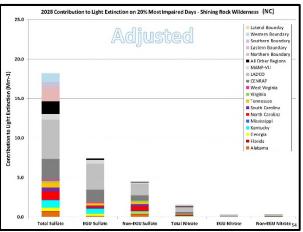


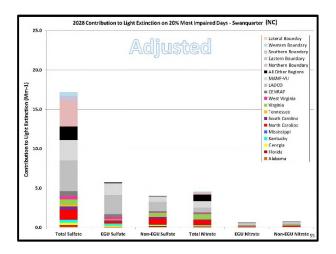


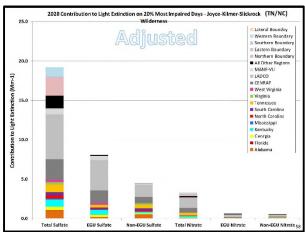


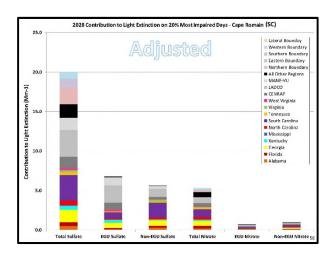


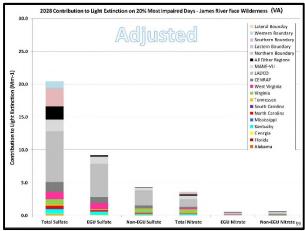


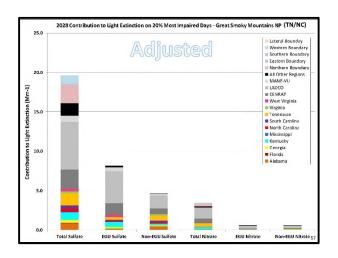


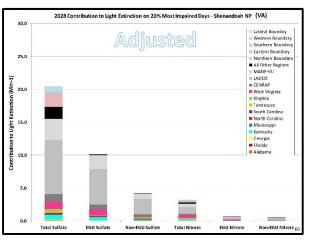


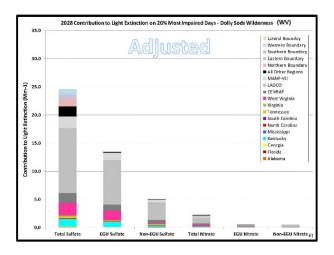


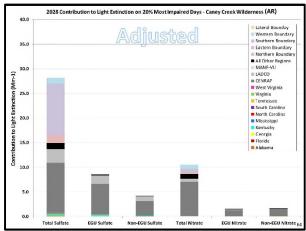


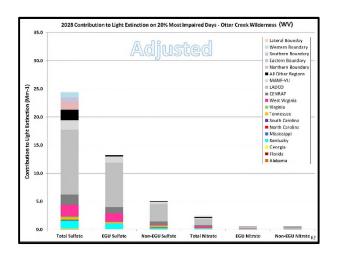


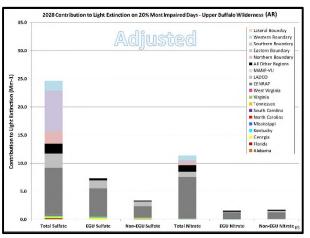


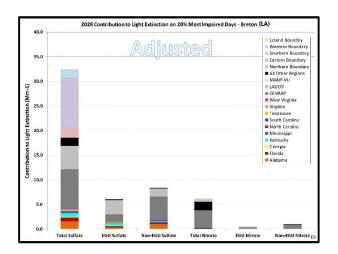


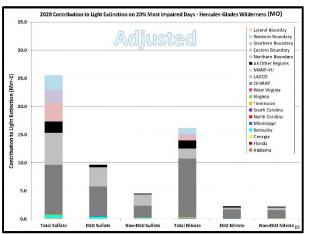


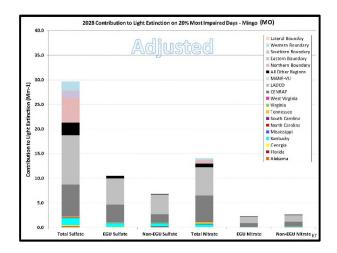












2028 Contribution to Light Extinction on 20% Most Impaired Days - Brigantine (NJ)

Reasonable Progress Screening Approach

- 1. The VISTAS reasonable progress work started with AOI screening (Q/d * EWRT) to rank facilities based on their sulfate and nitrate contributions at each Class I area.
- These rankings were used to identify 87 individual facilities for PSAT tagging. PSAT tagging was used to determine the sulfate and nitrate contributions from each facility at each Class I area in the VISTAS 12 domain.
- 3. Each individual VISTAS state will apply a PSAT contribution threshold based on the facility sulfate and facility nitrate impacts (separately, not combined) divided by the total impact of sulfate + nitrate from all point sources to determine which sources may need to be considered for a four-factor analysis.
 - If sulfate contribution ≥ 1.00% → SO₃ Four-Factor Analysis
 - If nitrate contribution ≥ 1.00% → NOx Four-Factor Analysis

, -

Lateral Bounday Western Boundar Southern Boundar

Southern Boundar
Eastern Boundary
Northern Boundary
All Other Regions
MANE-VU
LADDO
CENRAP
West Virginia
Virginia
Tennessee

North Carolina
 Mississippi

Why 1% Threshold?

- In the Round 1 Regional Haze SIPs, many VISTAS states used the AOI approach and a 1% threshold on a Unit basis.
 - Round 2 uses the AOI/PSAT approach and a
 ≥ 1.00% PSAT threshold based on a <u>Facility</u> basis.
 - This will pull in more facilities compared to a Unit basis.
 - Round 2 uses 2028 emissions (lower than 2018)
 - This will pull in facilities with smaller visibility impacts (in Mm⁻¹) compared to Round 1.
- This approach results in a reasonable number of sources that can be evaluated with limited state resources and focuses on the sources with the largest impacts.

Reasonable Progress Screening Analysis

Area of Influence (AOI) Analysis

- Evaluates emissions (Q), distance to Class I area (d), and extinction weighted residence time (EWRT) in model grid cells (point) or counties (source categories)
- Formula: (Q/d)*EWRT
- Establishes each county's and each facility's contribution to light extinction at each Class I area on the 20% most impaired days
- Can use contributions to rank and screen facilities for the four-factor analysis

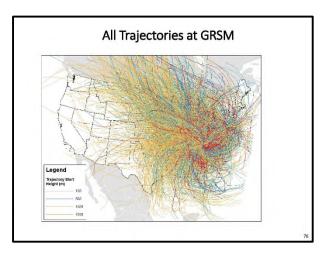
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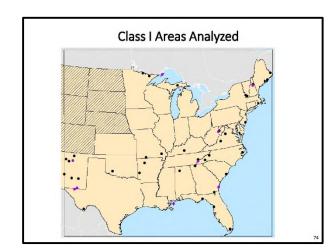
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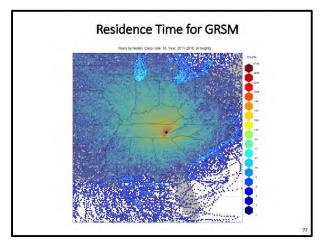
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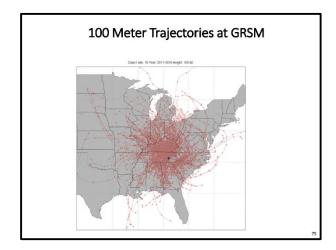
HYSPLIT Trajectories

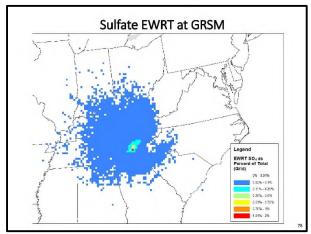
- Trajectories were run using NAM-12 meteorology for the 20% most impaired days in 2011-2016 at 44 Class I areas.
 - Trajectories were run with starting heights of 100, 500, 1,000, and 1,500 meters.
 - Trajectories were run 72 hours backwards in time for each height at each location.
 - Trajectories were run with start times of 12AM (midnight of the start of the day), 6AM, 12PM, 6PM, and 12AM (midnight at the end of the day) local time.
- 44 Class I areas x 6 years x 24 days/year x 4 heights x 5 start times = 126,720 trajectories

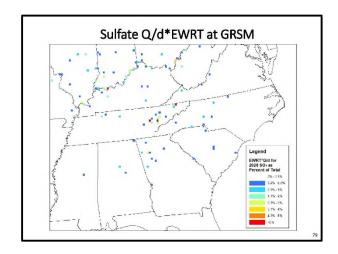


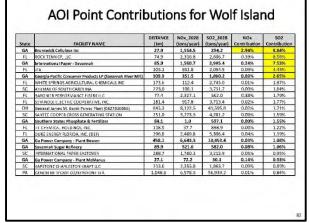












AOI Point Contributions for Cohutta

State	FACILITY NAME	DISTANCE (km)	NOv_2028 (tons/year)	SO2_2028 (tons/year)	NO _* Contribution	SO2 Contribution
GA	Ga Power Company - Plant Bowen	78.0	6,643.3	10,453,4	1.15%	19,58%
IN	INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER DBA AEF ROCKPORT	410.1	8,806.8	30,536.3	0.13%	4.68%
GA	International Paper - Rome	87.4	1,773.4	1,791.0	0.18%	4.66%
IN	Giltono	487.1	12,280.3	23,117.2	0.10%	2.31%
IN	INDIANAPOL 5 POWER 8, LIGHT PETERSBURG	477.0	10,665.3	18,141,9	0.16%	2.18%
KY	Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) - Shawnee Fossil Plant	457.2	7,007.3	19,504,7	0.07%	2.18%
TN	TVA K NGSTON EGSS L PLANT	174.0	1,687.4	1,886.1	0.13%	2.17%
DH	General James M. Govin Power Plant (0527010055)	512.0	8,122.5	41,595.8	0.02%	1.71%
IN	TVA CUMBERLAND TOSSIL PLANT	327.0	4,916.5	8,427.3	0.09%	1.38%
Kv	Big Rivers Electric Corp - Wilson Station	369.0	1.157.9	6,934.2	0.01%	1.07%
DH	Duke Energy Ohio, Wm. U. Zimmer Station (1412090154)	454.6	7,150.0	22,133.9	0.06%	1.05%
GA	Ga Power Company - Plant Wansley	156.8	2,052.5	4,856.0	0.04%	1.05%
Κv	CV Utilities Co - Ghent Station	441.5	7,939.9	10,169,3	0.08%	1.05%
II.	Joppa Steam	486.9	4,706.3	20,509,3	0.02%	1,04%
GA	Mehawk Industries Inc	32,0	66.5	77.1	0.07%	1.02%
1N	EASTMAN CHEMICAL COMPANY	269.8	6,900.3	6,420.2	0.09%	0.99%
VO	AMEREN MISSOURI-LABADIE PLANT	695.4	9,685.5	41,740.3	0.01%	0.96%
IL	Newton	564.0	1,934.9	10,631.6	0.01%	0.91%
GA	Chemical Products Corporation	71.9	19.5	513.8	0.00%	0.89%
IN	INDIANA KENTUCKY ELECTRIC CO (PORATICIN	444.4	6.188.5	9.038.1	0.04%	0.76%

Georgia Tagging for PSAT

- Sources in Georgia (≥ 2% threshold)
 - Ga Power Company Plant Bowen
 - International Paper Rome (aka TEMPLE INLAND)
 - International Paper Savannah
 - · Brunswick Cellulose Inc
 - Georgia-Pacific Consumer Products LP (Savannah River Mill)
- Sources outside Georgia (≥ 4% threshold)
 - INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER DBA AEP ROCKPORT (IN)
 - ROCK TENN CP, LLC (FL)
 - JEA (FL)

AOI Point Contributions for Okefenokee

State	FACILITY NAME	(km)	NOv_2028 (tons/year)	SO2_2028 (tons/year)	NO _n Contribution	SO2 Contribution
FL	WHITE 5º RINGS AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS INC	71.5	112.4	2,745.0	0.03%	14.63%
FL	ROCK TENN CP, LC	64.8	2,316.8	2,606.7	0.88%	12.82%
FI	IEA .	65.6	851.8	2,094.5	0.18%	6.60%
FL	SEVENDER FECTRIC COOPERATIVE, INC.	121.4	917.8	3,713.4	0.07%	3.25%
FL	IFF CHEMICAL HOLDINGS, INC.	56.8	37.7	898.9	0.01%	3.25%
FL	RAYO VIER PERFORMANCE FIBERS LLC	63.4	2,327.1	562.0	0.90%	2.82%
GA	International Paper - Savannah	178.9	1,560.7	3,945.4	0.09%	2.81%
FL	BUCKEYE FLORIDA, LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	153.5	1,830,7	1,520.4	0.1/1%	2.18%
FL	REMESSENZ LLC	59.8	66.3	569.5	0.02%	1.96%
FL	DUKE ENERGY FLORIDA, INC. (DEF)	205.0	2,489.8	5,306.4	0.06%	1.40%
AL	Sanders Lead Co.	384.6	121.7	7,951.1	0.00%	1.11%
GA	Georgia-Pacific Consumer Products LP (Savannah River Mill)	197.2	351,5	1,860.2	0.01%	1.05%
GA	Go Power Company - Plant Bowen	458.1	6,643.3	10,453.4	0.05%	1.02%
GA	Brunswick Cellulose Inc	75.3	1,554,5	294.2	0.34%	1,01%
SE	ALUMAX OF SOUTH CAROLINA	322.7	108.1	3,751.7	0.00%	0.97%
GA	PCA Valdesta MIII	112.7	1,032.6	485.7	0.09%	0.85%
SC	SANTEE COOPER CROSS GENERATING STATION	348.1	3,273.5	4,281.2	0.05%	0.85%
FL	CITY OF GAINESVILLE, GRU	111.7	410.0	881.4	0.03%	0.79%
SC	KAPSTONE CHARLESTON KRAFT LLC	314.9	2,355.8	1,863.7	0,06%	0.65%
GA	Ga Power Company - Plant Wansley	403.7	2,052.5	4,856.0	0.02%	0.65%

AOI Screening Summary

State	Threshold	Notes
AL	2%	Sulfate only
FL	5%	Sulfate or nitrate, plus Gulf Crist, Mosaic Bartow, Mosaic New Wales, and Mosaic Riverview
GA	2% - 4%	Sulfate or nitrate, 2% threshold for GA facilities, 4% threshold for facilities outside GA
KY	2%	Sulfate or nitrate
MS	2%	Sulfate or nitrate
NC	3%	Sulfate + nitrate
sc	2% - 5%	2% for sulfate, 5% for nitrate, plus Santee Cooper Winyah, International Paper Georgetown, and SCE&G Williams
TN	3%	Sulfate + nitrate, plus CEMEX
VA	2%	Sulfate + nitrate
wv	0.2%	Sulfate or nitrate

PSAT Source Apportionment Modeling

- · Quantifies visibility impacts from individual point sources, source sectors, and geographic regions
- NOx and SO₂ tagging
- Used for further evaluation of AOI results
- · Refines information on contributions to visibility impairment
- · Can be used to adjust future year visibility projections to account for additional emission
- VISTAS contract with ERG allows for up to 250 tags

	Facility RPU		FACILITY_NAME_STD	SO2 (TPY)	NOx (TPY)
KY	VISTAS	21183-5561511	Big Rivers Electric Corp - Wilson Station	6,934.15	1,151.95
KY	VISTAS	21091-7352411	Century Aluminum of KY LLC	5,044.18	197.66
KY	VISTAS	21177-5195711	Tennessee Volley Authority - Paradise Fossil Plant	3,011.01	3,114.52
KY	VISTAS	21145-5037011	Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) - Shawnee Fossil Plant	19,564.75	7,007.34
MS	VISTAS	28059-8384311	Chevron Products Company, Pascagoula Refinery	741.50	1,534.12
MS	VISTAS	28059-5251011	Mississippi Power Company, Plant Victor J Daniel	231.92	3,829.72
AC.	VISTAS	37087-7920511	Blue Ridge Paper Products - Canton Mill	1,127.07	2,992.37
NC	VISTAS	37117-8049311	Domtar Paper Company, LLC	587.45	1,795.49
NC	VISTAS	37035-8370411	Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC - Marshall Steam Station	4,139.21	7,511.31
AC.	VISTAS	37013-8479311	PCS Phosphate Company, Inc Aurora	4,845.90	495.58
NC	VISTAS	37023-8513011	SGL Carbon LLC	261.64	21.69
SC	VISTAS	45015-4834911	ALUMAX CI SOUTH CAROLINA	3,751.69	108.08
5C	VISTAS	45043-5698611	INTERNATIONAL PAPER GEORGETOWN MILL	2,767.52	2,031.26
50	VISTAS	45019-4973511	KAPSTONE CHARLESTON KRAFT LLC	1,863.65	2,355.82
5C	VISTAS	45015 4120411	SANTEE COOPER CROSS GENERATING STATION	4,281.17	3,273.47
5C	VISTAS	45043 5552811	SANTEE COOPER WINYAH GENERATING STATION	2,246.85	1,772.53
SC	VISTAS	45015-8305711	SCERG WILLIAMS	392.48	992.73
TN	VISTAS	47093-4979911	Cemex - Knoxville Plant	121.47	711.50
TN	VISTAS	47153-3982311	EASTIVAN CHEMICAL COMPANY	6.420.15	6,900.33
TN	VISTAS	47105-4129211	TATE & LYLE, Loudon	472.75	883.25
TN	VISTAS	47001-6196011	TVA BULL RUN FOSSIL PLANT	622.54	964.16
TN	VISTAS	47151-4979311	TVA CUMBER_AND FOSS L PLANT	8,427.33	4,915.52
IN	VISTAS	47145-4979111	TVA KINGSTON FOSSIL PLANT	1,886.09	1,687.38
VA.	VISTAS	51027-4034811	Jewell Coke Company LLP	5,090.95	520.17
VA	VISTAS	51580-5/98/11	Meadwestvaco Packaging Resource Group	2,115.31	1,985.59
VA	VISTAS	51023-5039811	Roanoke Cement Company	2,290.17	1,972.97

PSAT SO₂ and NOx Tags (209)

- Total SO_2 tags for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 RPOs = 13 tags
- Total NOx tags for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 RPOs = 13 tags
 EGU point SO₂ tags for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 RPOs = 13 tags
 EGU point NOx tags for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 RPOs = 13 tags
 SO₂ tags for individual VISTAS facilities = 50 tags

- · NOx tags for individual VISTAS facilities = 20 tags

Round 2 (87 tags)

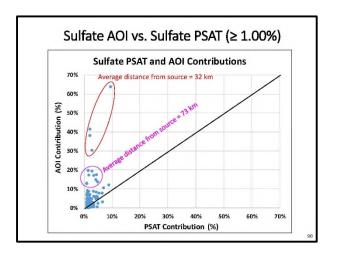
- Non-EGU point SO₂ for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 RPOs = 13 tags
- Non-EGU point NOx for 10 individual VISTAS states + 3 RPOs = 13 tags
 SO₂ and NOx for N/S/W/E boundaries = 8 tags
 SO₂ tags for individual VISTAS facilities = 10 tags

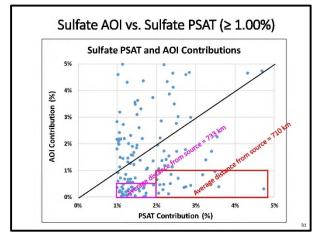
- . NOx tags for individual VISTAS facilities = 16 tags
- SO₂ tags for individual non-VISTAS facilities = 17 tags
- NOx tags for individual non-VISTAS facilities = 10 tags
- → 87 Total Facility Tags (both SO₂ and NOx)

Faci	Facility Tags (WV, AR, MO, MD, PA, IL, IN, OH)							
Facility State	Facility RPO	FACILITY_ID_STD	FACILITY_NAME_STD	SO2 (TPY)	NOx (TPY)			
WV	VISTAS	54033-52/1/11	ALLEGHENY ENERGY SUPPLY CO, LLC-HARRISON	10,082.94	11,830.88			
WV	VISTAS	54049-4864511	AMERICAN BITUMINOUS POWER-GRANT TOWN PLT	2,210.25	1,245.10			

wv	VISTAS	54033-5271711	ALLEGHENY ENERGY SUPPLY CO, LLC-HARRISON	10,082.94	11,830.8
WV	VISTAS	54049-4864511	AMERICAN BITUMINOUS POWER-GRANT TOWN PLT	2,210.25	1,245.1
WV	VISTAS	54079 5789111	APPALACHIAN POWER COMPANY - JOHN E AMOS PLANT	10,984.24	4,878.1
WV	VISTAS	54023-5257011	Dominion Resources, Inc MGUNT STORM POWER STATION	2,123.54	1,984.1
WV	VISTAS	54041-5900311	EQUITRANS - COPIEY RUN CS 70	0.10	511.0
WV	VISTAS	54033-5790711	FILES CREEK 6C4340	0.15	643.3
WV	VISTAS	54083-5790511	GLADY 6C4350	0.11	343.2
WV	VISTAS	54093-5327811	KINGSFORD IV ANUFACTURING COVIPANY	16.95	140.8
WV	VISTAS	54061-16320111	LONGVIEW POWER	2,313.73	1,555.5
WV	VISTAS	54051-5902311	MITCHELLPLANT	5,372.40	2,719.6
WV	VISTAS	54061-6773611	MONONGAHELA POWER CO FORT MARTIN POWER	4,881.87	13,743.5
WV	VISTAS	540/3-4/82811	MONONGAHELA POWER CO-PLEASANTS POWERS TA	16,817.43	5,497.3
WV	VISTAS	54051-5773811	MORGANTOWN ENERGY ASSOCIATES	828.64	655.5
AR	CENRA?	05053-1083411	ENTERGY ARKANSAS INC-INDEPENDENCE PLANT	32,050.48	14,133.1
MO	CENRAP	29143-5363811	NEW MADRID POWER PLANT-MARSTON	16,783.71	4,394.1
MD	MANE VU	24001 7763811	Luke Paper Company	22,559.84	3,607.0
PA	MANE-VU	42005-3865111	GENON NE MGMT CO/KEYSTONE STA	56,939,25	6,578/
PA	MANE-VU	42053-3005211	HOMER CITY GEN LP/ CENTER TWP	11,865.70	5,215.5
PA.	MANE-VU	42053-3005111	NRG WHOLESALE GEN/SEWARD GEN STA	8.880.25	2,254.6
IL.	Midwest RPO	17127-7808911	Joppa Steam	20,509.28	4,705.3
IN	Midwest RPO	18173-8183111	Alcoa Warrick Power Plt Ago Div of AL	5,071.28	11,158.9
IN	Midwest RPO	18051-7363111	Gibson	23,117.23	12,280.5
IN	Midwest RPO	18147-8017211	INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER DBA AEP ROCKPORT	30,536.33	8,805.7
IN	Midwest RPO	18125-7362411	INDIANAPOLIS POWER & LIGHT PETERSBURG	18,141.88	10,665.2
IN	Midwest RPO	18129-8165111	Sigeco AB Brown South Indiana Gas & Ele	7,544.70	1,578.5
OH	Midwest RPO	39081-8115711	Cardinal Power Plant (Cardinal Operating Company) (0541050002)	7,460.79	2,467.
OH	Midwest RPO	39031-5010811	Concsville Power Plant (0615000000)	6,356.23	9,957.8
OН	Midwest RPO	39025 8294311	Duke Energy Ohio, Wm. H. Zimmer Station (1413090154)	22,133.90	7,149.9
OН	Midwest RPO	39053-3143511	General James M. Gavin Power Plant (8627018056)	41,595,81	8,122.5
ЭΗ	Midwest RPO	39053-7983011	Ohio Valley Electric Corp., Kyger Creek Station (0627000003)	3.400.14	9.143.8

Facility State	Facility RPO	FACILITY ID STD	FACILITY NAME STD	SO2 [TPY]	NOx (TPY)
AL	VISTAS		Akzo Nobel Chemicals Inc	3,335,72	20.7
AL	VISTAS	01097-1055111	Ala Power - Barry	6,033.17	2,275.7
AL	VISTAS	01129 1028711	American Midstream Chatom, LLC	3,106.38	425.8
AL.	VISTAS	01073-1018711	DRUMMOND COMPANY, INC.	2,562.17	1,228.5
AL.	VISTAS	01053-7440211	Escambia Operating Company L.C.	18,974.39	349.3
AL	VISTAS	01053-985111	Escambia Operating Company LLC	8,589.60	149.6
AL	VISTAS	01103-1000011	Nucor Steel Decatur LLC	170.23	331.2
AL	VISTAS	01109-985711	Sanders Lead Co	7,951.05	121.7
AL	VISTAS	01097-1061611	Union Oil of California - Chunchula Gas Plant	2,573.15	349.2
FL	VISTAS	12123-752411	BUCKEYE FLORIDA, LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	1.520.42	1.830.7
FL	VISTAS	12086-900111	CEMEX CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS FL. LLC.	29.51	910.3
FL	VISTAS	12017-640511	DUKE ENERGY FLORIDA, INC. (DEF)	5,306.41	2,489.8
FL	VISTAS	12085-900011	FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT (PTF)	13.05	170.6
FL	VISTAS	12033-752711	GU_I POWER - Crist	2,515.65	2,998.3
FL	VISTAS	12086-3532711	HOMESTEAD CITY UTILITIES	0.00	97.0
EI,	VISTAS	12031 640211	JITA	2,094.48	651.7
FL	VISTAS	12105-717711	MOSAIC FERTILIZER LLC	7,900.67	310./
FL	VISTAS	12057-716411	MOSAIC FERTILIZER, LLC	3.034.08	159.7
FL	VISTAS	12105-919811	MOSAIC FERTILIZER, LLC	4,425,55	141.0
FL	VISTAS	12089-845811	RAYONIER PERFORMANCE FIBERS LLC	561.97	2,327.1
FL	VISTAS	12089-753711	ROCK TENN CP, LLC	2,606.72	2,316.7
FL	VISTAS	12005-535411	ROCKTENN CP LLC	2,590.88	1,404.8
FL	VISTAS	12129-2731711	TALIAHASSEE CITY PURDOM GENERATING STA.	2.85	121.4
FL	VISTAS	12057-538611	TAMPA ELECTRIC COMPANY (TEC)	6,084.90	2,665.0
FL	VISTAS	12085-899911	TARMAC AMERICA LIC	9.38	879.7
FL	VISTAS	12847-769711	WHITE SPRINGS AGR CULTURAL CHEMICALS, INC	3,197.77	112.4
GA	VISTAS	13127-3721011	Brunswick Cellulase Inc	294.20	1,554.5
GA	VISTAS	13015-2813011	Ga Power Company Plant Bowen	10,453.41	6,643.3
GA	VISTAS	13103-536311	Georgia-Pacific Consumer Products LP (Savannah River Will)	1,860.13	351.5
GA	VISTAS	13051-3679811	International Paper - Savannah	3,945.33	1,560.7
GA	VISTAS	13115-539311	TEMPLE INLAND	1.791.00	1,773.3





PSAT Reasonable Progress Screening

- · Due to the amount of resources already invested in the AOI and PSAT analysis, VISTAS does not plan to redo the original AOI or PSAT analyses.
- · In cases where emissions decreased or increased at individual facilities being considered for a fourfactor analysis, the facility contributions will be adjusted to be consistent with the lower/higher facility emissions before comparing to the PSAT contribution threshold.
- EPA verbally stated this should be okay 2/6/2020.

AOI vs. PSAT Summary

- · AOI tends to overestimate impacts for facilities near the Class I area.
- AOI tends to underestimate impacts for facilities far away from the Class I area.
 - · AOI uses 72-hour back trajectories, sulfate can last for weeks and travel hundreds to thousands of km.
- PSAT is the most reliable modeling tool for tracking facility contributions to visibility impairment at Class I areas.

Original Facility PSAT Contributions

Original Facility Sulfate PSAT Contributions (%)

Facility Sulfate PSAT Contributions (Mm⁻¹)

Total Sulfate + Nitrate Point Contribution (Mm⁻¹)

• Original Facility Nitrate PSAT Contributions (%)

Facility Nitrate PSAT Contributions (Mm⁻¹)

Total Sulfate + Nitrate Point Contribution (Mm-1)

PSAT Reasonable Progress Screening

- · The facility sulfate and nitrate contributions (Mm-1) from the individual 87 tagged facilities should not change unless a facility has reduced or increased SO₂ and/or NOx emissions.
- The updated 2028 CAMx modeling will impact the total sulfate and total nitrate contribution from point sources at each Class I area since the SO₂ and NOx emissions have decreased.
 - The facility percent contribution will increase even if the facility emissions do not change since the denominator will decrease

Facility Sulfate Contribution (%) =

Facility Sulfate Impact (Mm-1)

Total Impact of All Point Sources of Sulfate + Nitrate (Mm-1)

Revised Facility Sulfate PSAT Results

· Revised Facility Sulfate PSAT Results = Original Facility Sulfate PSAT Results * SO, Ratio_Facility * Ratio_Class_I_Area

(Revised facility SO2 emissions)

where, SO₂ Ratio_Facility = (Original facility SO₂ emissions)

(Original sulfate + nitrate point contribution)

where, Ratio_Class_I_Area =

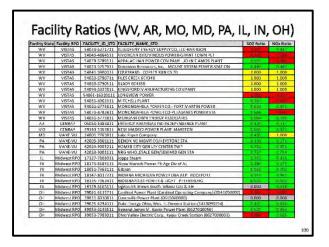
(Revised sulfate + nitrate point contribution)

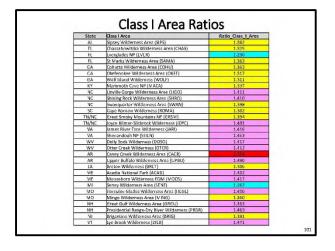
Revised Facility Nitrate PSAT Results

Revised Facility Nitrate PSAT Results
 Original Facility Nitrate PSAT Results
 * NOx Ratio_Facility * Ratio_Class_I_Area

(Revised facility NOx emissions)
where, NOx Ratio_Facility = --------(Original facility NOx emissions)

(Revised sulfate + nitrate point contribution)

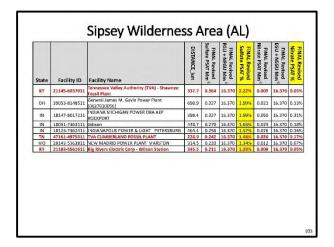


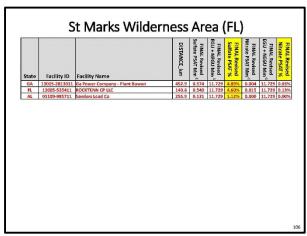


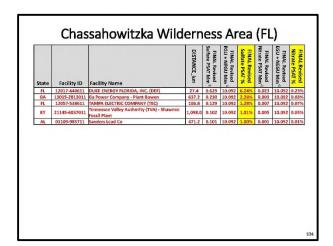
EXAMPLE: New Madrid Power at SIPS

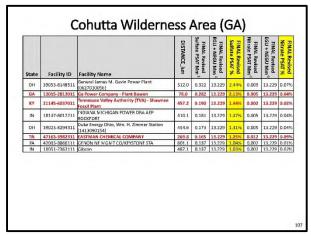
- Revised Facility Sulfate PSAT Results
 Original Facility Sulfate PSAT Results
 * SO₂ Ratio_Facility * Ratio_Class_I_Area
- Original Facility Sulfate PSAT Results = 1.46%
- Revised Facility Sulfate PSAT Results
 - = 1.46% * 0.665 (Slide 100) * 1.382 (Slide 101)
 - = 1.34% (Slide 103)

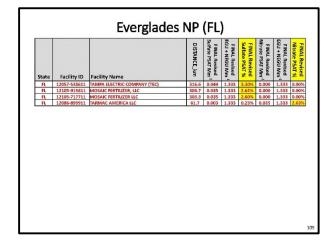
For detailed calculations, see <u>Handout - Roadmap</u> located at: https://www.metro4-sesarm.org/content/vistas-regional-haze-program 10;

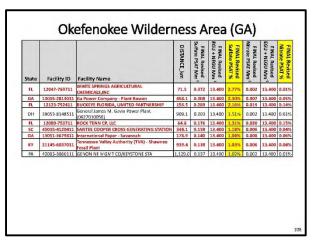


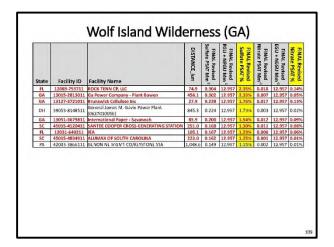


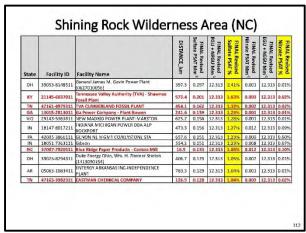


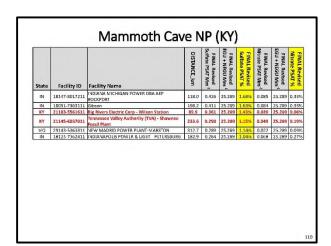


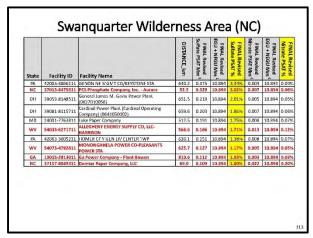


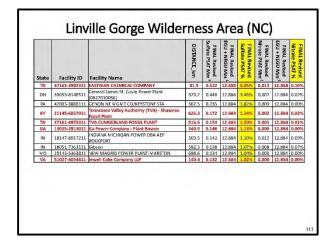


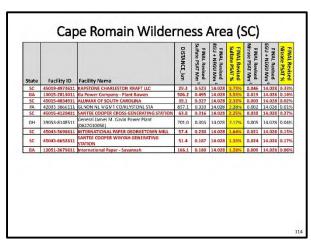








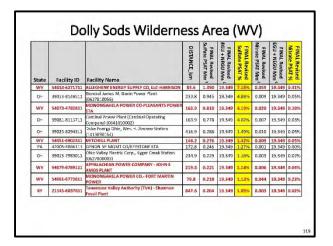


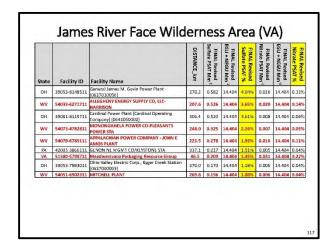


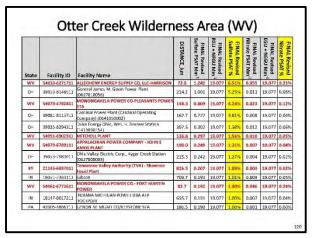
DH 39053-8149511 General James M. Gavin Power Plant 400.5 0.50 13.916 3.73% 0.008 IV 21145-6037011 Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) - Shawnee 465.3 0.183 13.916 13.72% 0.011		FINAL Revised Vitrate PSAI Mm	FINAL Revised Sulfate PSAT %	FINAL Revised GU + NEGU Mm ⁻¹	FINAL Revised Sulfate PSAT Mm ⁻¹	DISTANCE_km	Facility Name	Facility ID	State
KY 21145-6037011 Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) - Shawnee 465.3 0.183 13.916 1.32% 0.011	13.916 0.0	0.003	3.73%	13.916	0.520	400.5		39053-8148511	ΩН
	13.916 0.0	0.011	1.32%	13,916	0.183	465.3	Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) - Shawnee	21145-6037011	KV
TN 47163-3982311 EASTMAN CHEMICAL COMPANY 160.1 0.170 13.916 1.22% 0.007	13.916 0.0	0.007	1.22%	13,916	0.170	160.1	EASTMAN CHEMICAL COMPANY	47163-3982311	TN
PA 42005-3866111 GENON NEW GWT CO/KEYSTONE STA 688.2 0.166 13.916 1.19% 0.001	13.916 0.0	0.001	1.19%	13.916	0.166	688.2	GENON NE N'GN'T CO/KEYSTONE STA	42005-3866111	PA
IN 18147-8017211 ROCKPORT 375.5 0.166 13.916 1.19% 0.035	13.916 0.2	0.035	1,19%	13,916	0.166	375.5		18147-8017211	IN
IN 18051-7363111 Gibson 456.3 0.146 13.916 1.05% 0.037	13.916 0.2	0.037	1.05%	13.916	0.146	456.3	Gibson	18051-7363111	IN

State	Facility ID	Facility Name	DISTANCE_km	FINAL Revised Sulfate PSAT Mm ⁻¹	FINAL Revised EGU + NEGU Mm ¹	FINAL Revised Sulfate PSAT %	FINAL Revised Nitrate PSAT Mm ⁻¹	FINAL Revised EGU + NEGU Mm ⁻¹	Nitrate PSAT %
PA	12005-3866111	GENON NE N'GN'T CO/KEYSTONE STA	249.8	0.740	15,375	4.81%	0.009		0.06%
ОН	39081-9115711	Cardinal Power Plant (Cardinal Operating Company) (0641050002)	269.6	0.692	15.375	4.50%	0.018	15.375	0.12%
wv	54033-6271711	ALLEGHENY ENERGY SUPPLY CO, LLC- HARRISON	189.7	0.636	15.375	4.14%	0.070	15.375	0.46%
ОН	39053-8148511	General James M. Gavin Power Plant (0627010056)	323.4	0.576	15.375	3,75%	0.022	15.375	0.149
WV	54073-4782811	MONONGAHELA POWER CO-PLEASANTS POWER STA	265.0	0.339	15,375	2.20%	0.043	15.375	0.28%
PA	42063-3005211	HOMER CITY GEN LP/ CENTER TWP	230.4	0.274	15,375	1.78%	0.010	15.375	0.06%
MD	24001-7763811	Luke Paper Company	118.4	0.216	15.375	1,41%	0.021		0.14%
PA	42063-3005111	VRC WHOLESALE GEN/SEWARD GEN STA	215.5	0.172	15,375	1.12%	0.003	15.375	
WV	54051-6902311	MITCHELL PLANT	251.8	0.155	15,375	1.01%	0.025	15.375	0,16%
DH	39053-7983011	Ohio Valley Electric Corp., Kyger Creek Station (0627000003)	324.1	0.155	15,375	1.01%	0.009	15.375	0.06%

State	Facility ID	Facility Name	DISTANCE_km	FINAL Revised Sulfate PSAT Mm	FINAL Revised EGU + NEGU Mm	FINAL Revised Sulfate PSAT %	FINAL Revised Nitrate PSAT Mm	FINAL Revised EGU + NEGU Mm	Nitrate PSAT %
ΩН	39053-8148511	General James M. Gavin Power Plant (0627010056)	425.1	0.473	13,694	3.45%	0.007	13.594	0.019
KY	21145-6037011	Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) - Shawnee Fossil Plant	472.8	0.189	13.694	1.38%	0.014	13.694	0.109
TN	47163-3982311	EASTMAN CHEMICAL COMPANY	179.2	0.178	13.694	1.30%	0.003	13.694	0.029
PA.	42005-3866111	GENON NE MIGNIT CO/KEYSTONE STA	711.0	0.154	13.694	1.12%	0.000	13.694	0.009
IN	18147-8017211	INDIANA N ICHIGAN POWER DBA ALP ROCKPORT	391.2	0.154	13,694	1.12%	0.030	13.694	0.225
GA	13015-2913011	Ga Power Company - Plant Bowen	166.2	0.152	13.694	1.11%	0.001	13,694	0.015
IN	18051 7363111	Gibson	471.7	0.139	13,694	1.02%	0.029	13.694	0.21
DH	39025-8294311	Duke Energy Ohio, Wm. H. Zimmer Station (1413090154)	385.1	0.137	13.694	1.00%	0.002	13.694	0.01







Non-VISTAS Class I Areas

- Only two VISTAS facilities have a contribution
 ≥ 1.00% at any non-VISTAS Class I Area
- ALLEGHENY ENERGY SUPPLY CO, LLC-HARRISON (WV)
 - Moosehorn Wilderness EDM (1.06% sulfate)
- Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) Shawnee Fossil Plant (KY)
 - · Caney Creek Wilderness Area (1.09% sulfate)
 - · Hercules-Glades Wilderness Area (1.95% sulfate)
 - · Mingo Wilderness Area (1.47% sulfate)
 - · Great Gulf Wilderness Area (1.03% sulfate)
 - Presidential Range-Dry River Wilderness (1.03% sulfate)

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EPA Guidance (August 20, 2019)

- Many facilities already have effective emission control technologies in place. States will consider control options for these facilities on a case-by-case basis.
 - "For the purpose of SO₂ control measures, an EGU that has add-on flue
 gas desulfurization (FGD) and that meets the applicable alternative SO₂
 emission limit of the 2012 Mercury Air Toxics Standards (MATS) rule
 for power plants. The two limits in the rule (0.2 lb/MMBtu for coalfired EGUs or 0.3 lb/MMBtu for EGUs fired with oil-derived solid fuel)
 are low enough that it is unlikely that an analysis of control measures
 for a source already equipped with a scrubber and meeting one of
 these limits would conclude that even more stringent control of SO₂ is
 necessary to make reasonable progress."
 - necessary to make reasonable progress."

 "For the purposes of SO₂ and NOx control measures, a combustion source (e.g., an EGU or industrial boiler or process heater) that, during the first implementation period, installed a FGD system that operates year-round with an effectiveness of at least 90 percent to by the installation of a selective catalytic reduction system that operates year-round with an overall effectiveness of at least 90 percent (in both cases calculating the effectiveness as the total for the system, including any bypassed flue gas), on a pollutant-specific basis."

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State	FACILITY ID STO	FACILITY NAME STD	IMPACTED CLASS I AREAS
AL	01109-985711	Sanders Leac Co	CHAS, SAMA
FL	17123-752411	BLCKEYE FLORIDA, LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	CKEF
FI	170/7 620811	DUKE ENFRGY ELORIDA, INC. (DEF)	CHAS
TL	12031-640211	JEA .	WOLF
FL	12105-717711	MOSAIC FERTILIZER LLC	EVER
LL	12105-919811	MOSAIC FERTILIZER, LLC	EVER
FL	12009-753711	ROCK TENN CP, LLC	OKEF, WOLF
FI	12005-535411	ROCKTENN CP LLC	SAMA
FL	12057-538611	TAMPA ELECTRIC COMPANY (TEC)	CHAS, EVER
FI	17086-899911	TARMAC AMERICA LLC	EVER
HL .	12047-769711-	WHITE SPRINGS AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS, INC.	OREH
GA	13127-3721011	Brunswick Cellulose Inc	WOLF
GA	13015-2313011	Ga Power Company - Plant Bowen	CHAS, COHU, JOYC, LIGO, OKEF, ROMA, SAMA, SHRO, SWAN, WOL
GA.	13051 3579811	International Paper Savaceati	OKEF, ROMA, WOLF
KY	21183-9591611	Pig Rivers Electric Corp - Wilson Station	MACA, SIPS
IN	21145 6097011	Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) Shawnee Fordi Plant	CACR, CHAS, COHL, DOSD, GRGE, GRSM, HE'GL, IDYC, HGO, MACA MIA.G, OKEF, CITCR, PROR, SHRO, SIPS
NC	37087-7920511	Elue Ridge Paper Products - Canton Mill	SHRO
NC	37117-8049311	Domiar Paper Company, LLC	SWAN
NC	3/013-34/9311	PCS Phosphate Company, Inc Aurora	SWAN
SC.	45015 4834911	ALUMAX OF SOUTH CAROLINA	ROMA, WOLF
50	450/3-5598611	INTERNATIONAL PAPER GEORGETOWN MILL	ROMA
30	45019 4973611	RAPSTONE CHARLESTON KRAFT LLC	ROMA .
SC	45015-4120411	SANTEE COOPER CRUSS GENERATING STATION	GREF, ROMA, WOLF
SC	45043-6837811	SANTEL COOPER WINVAH GENERATING STATION	ROMA
TN	4/163-3982311	EASTMAN CHEMICAL COMPANY	COHU, CRSM, JOYC, LIGO, SHRO
TN	47161-4979311	TVA CUMBERLAND FOSSIL PLANT	LIGO, SHRO, SIPS
VA	51027-4034811	Jewell Coke Company LU ²	HGO
VA.	51580 5798711	Meanwestvaco Parkaging Resource Group	JARI
WY	54033-5271711	ALLEGHENY ENERGY SUPPLY CO. LLC-HARRISON	DOSO, JARI, MOOS, OTCR, SHEN, SWAN
WV	54079 6789111	APPALACHIAN POWER COMPANY - ICHN F AMOS FLANT	COSO, JARI, DTCR
WY	54051-6902311	MITCHELL PLANT	DOSO, JARL OTCR, SHEN
WV	54061-6773611	MONONGAHELA POWER CO FORT MARTIN POWER	DOSO, OTCR
WY	54073-4787811	MONOR GAHELA POWER CO PLEASANTS POWER STA	DOSO, IARI, OTCR, SHEN, SWAN

Additional Considerations

- The final list of four-factor analysis sources will be determined in consultation with the FLMs, EPA, other states, and stakeholders.
- Some VISTAS states may perform additional fourfactor analyses for sources not listed on Slide 122.
- States will verify projected SO₂ and NOx emissions with facilities. PSAT results can be adjusted to match.
- Some states may allow their facilities to take a permit limit that will result in adjusted PSAT impacts below the 1.00% threshold in lieu of performing a four-factor analysis
- The large number of coal-fired EGU retirements and fuel switching from coal to natural gas need to be considered along with the sources selected for the four-factor analysis. States should not be penalized for early action.

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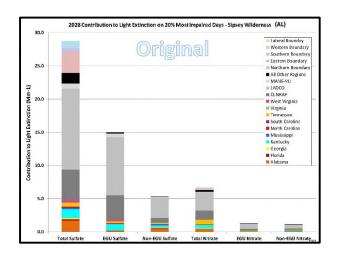
Non-VISTAS Facilities ≥ 1.00%

State	FACILITY_ID_STD	FACILITY_NAME_STD	IMPACTED CLASS I AREAS
AR	05053-1083411	ENTERGY ARKANSAS INC-INDEPENDENCE PLANT	SHRO
IN	18051-7363111	Gibson	COHU, GRSM, JOYC, LIGO, MACA, OTCR, SHRO SIPS
IN	18147-8017211	ND ANA MICHIGAN FOWER DBA AEP ROCKPORT	COHU, GRSM, JOYC, LIGO, MACA, OTCR, SHRO SIPS
IN	18125-7362411	ND ANAPOLIS POWER & LIGHT PETERSBURG	MACA, SIPS
MD.	24001-7763811	Luke Paper Company	SHEN, SWAN
MO	29143-5363811	NEW MADRID POWER PLANT-MARSTON	LIGO, MACA, SHRO, SIPS
ОН	39081-8115711	Cardinal Power Plant (Cardinal Operating Company) (0541050002)	DOSO, JARI, OTCR, SHEN, SWAN
он	39025-8294311	Duke Energy Ohio, Wm. H. Zimmer Station (1413090154)	COHU, DOSO, JOYC, OTCR, SHRD
ОН	39053-8148511	General larses M. Gavin Power Plant (0527010056)	COHU, DOSO, GRSVI, JAR., JOYC, LIGO, OKEF, OTCR, ROMA, SHEN, SHRO, SIPS, SWAN, WOLI
OH	39053-7983011	Ohio Valley Electric Corp., Kyger Greek Station (8527000003)	DOSO, JARI, OTCR, SHEN
PA	42005-3865111	GENON NE MGMT CO/KEYSTONE STA	COFU, DOSO, GRSW, JARI, JOYC, LIGO, OKEF, OTCR, ROMA, SHEN, SHRO, SWAN, WOLF
PA		HOMER CITY GEN LP/ CENTER TWP	SHEN, SWAN

Next Steps and Schedule

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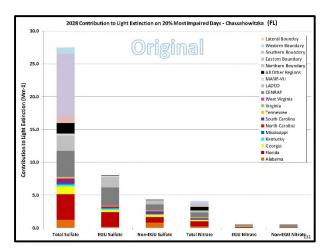
Task	Schedule
2028 Point Emissions Updates	Completed *
2028 Emissions Processing	Completed *
2028 CAMx Modeling	Completed *
2028 Visibility Projections	Completed *
2028 Deposition Projections	Late May/Early June 2020 *
Final Reports and Documentation	Late July 2020
Website Updates and Postings	Late July 2020
End of Contract	September 30, 2020
Regional Haze SIPs Due to EPA	July 31, 2021



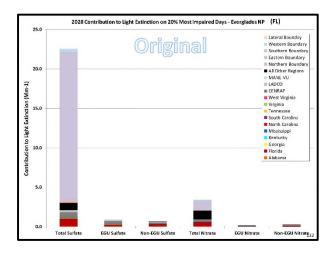
Contacts for Further Information

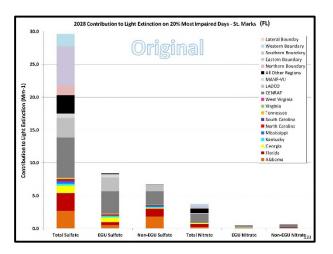
- For general, technical, and SIP-related questions, contact the TAWG and CC Chairs:
 - TAWG Randy Strait (randy.strait@ncdenr.gov)
 - CC Jim Boylan (james.boylan@dnr.ga.gov)
- For project and contract management questions, contact the Project Manager:
 - John Hornback (hornback@metro4-sesarm.org)

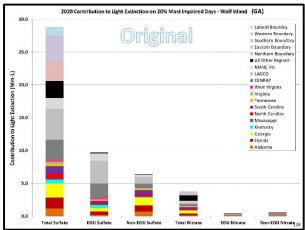


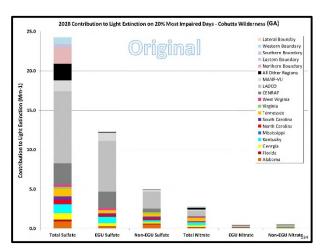


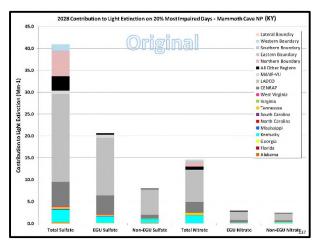
Appendix:
Original Analysis
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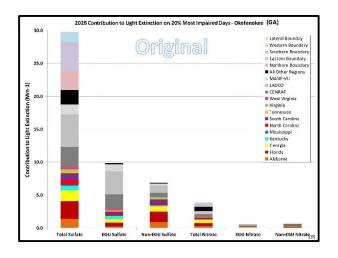


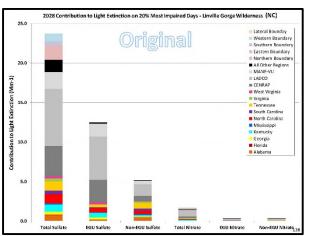


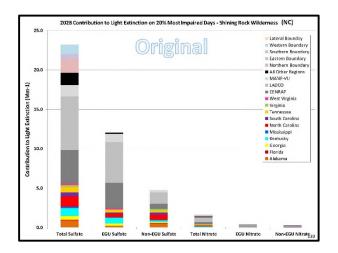


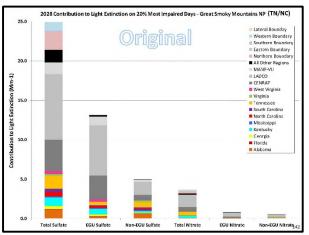


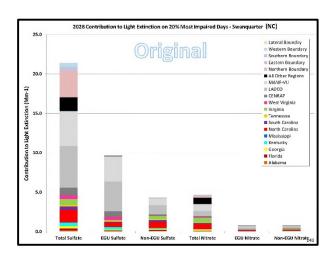


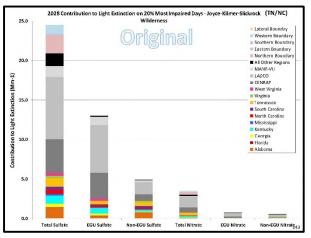


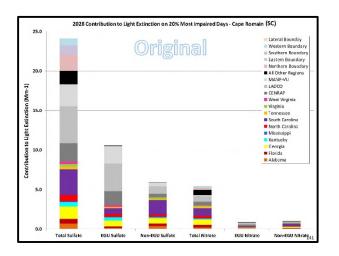


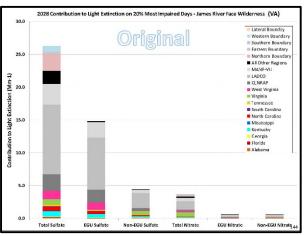


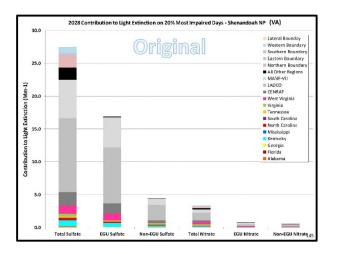


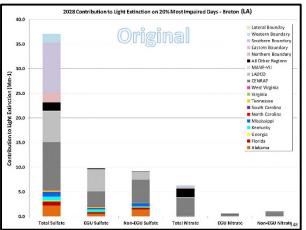


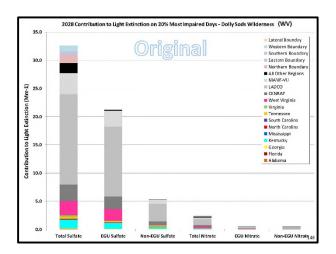


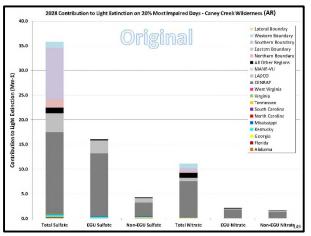


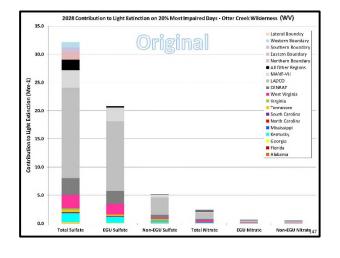


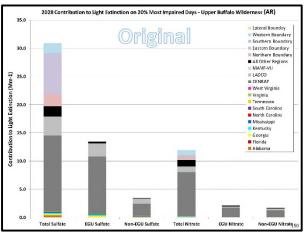


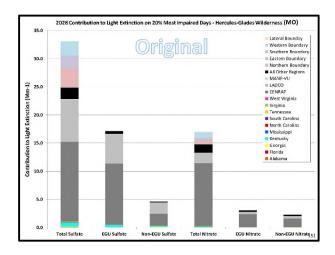


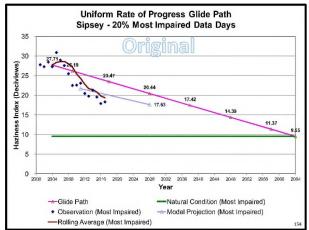


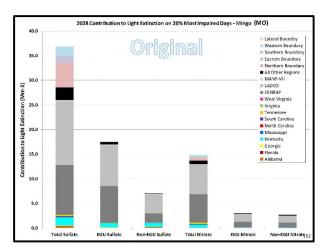


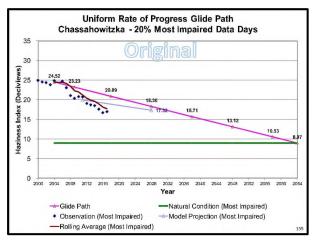


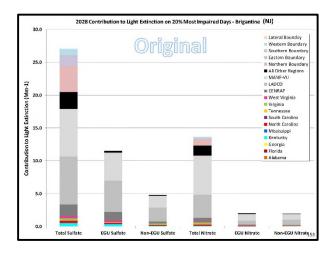


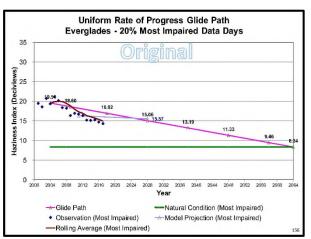


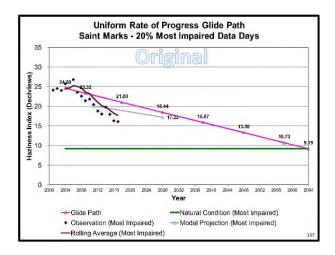


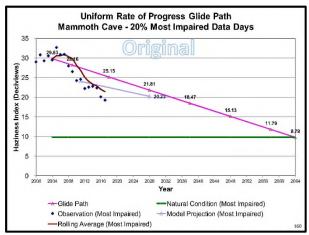


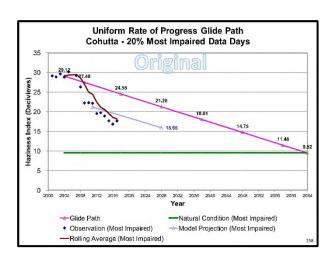


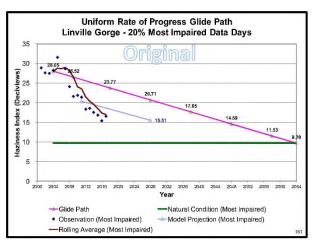


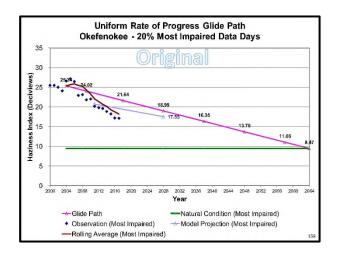


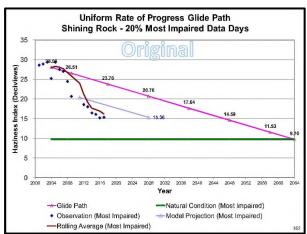


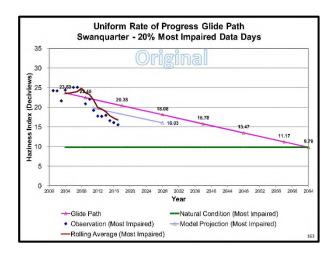


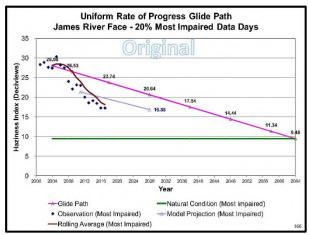


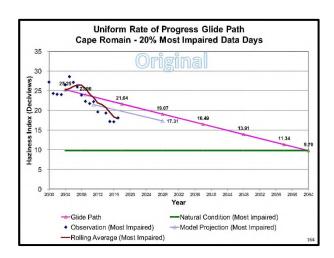


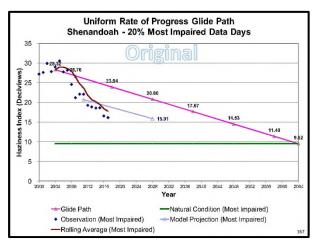


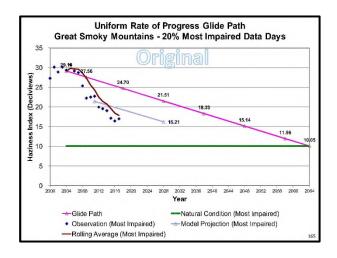


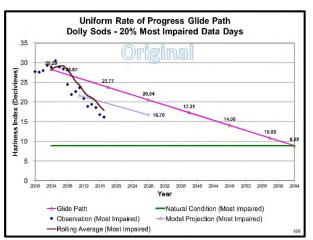


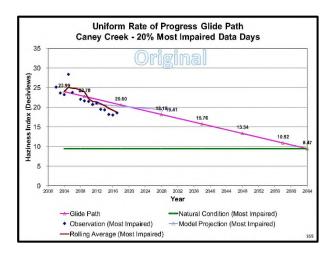


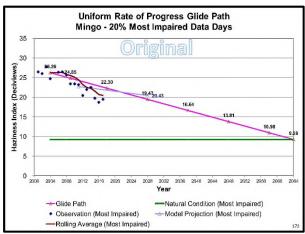


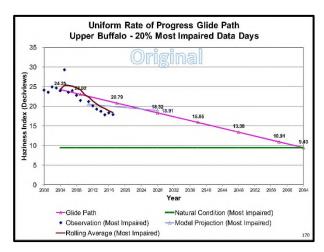


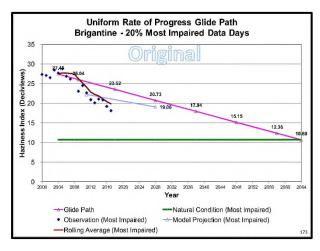


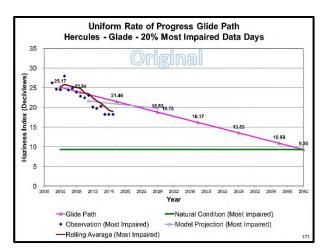


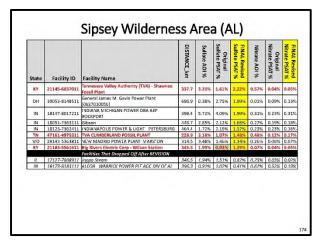


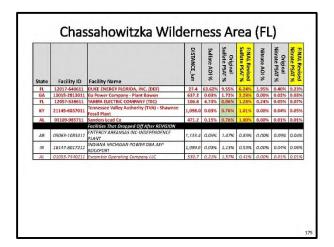


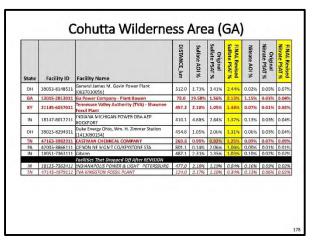


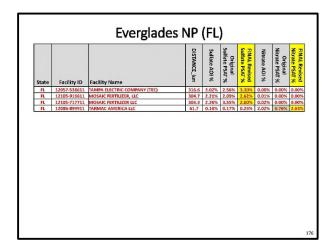


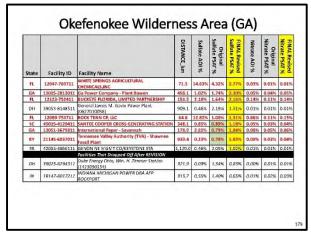


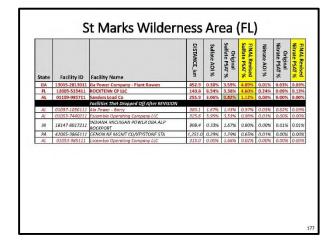


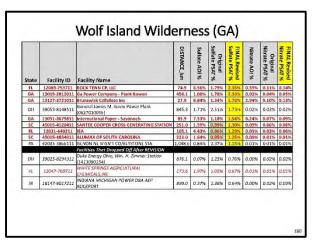




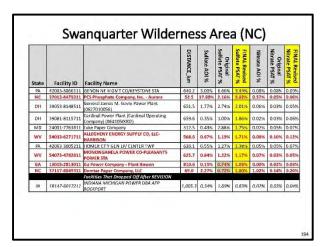


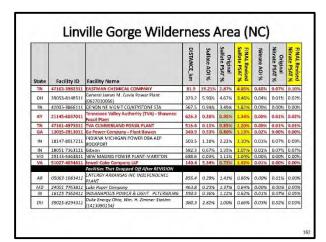


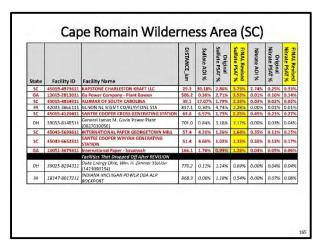


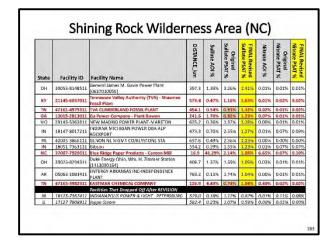


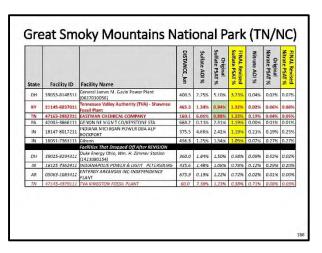
State	Facility ID	Facility Name	DISTANCE_km	Sulfate AOI %	Original Sulfate PSAT %	FINAL Revised Sulfate PSAT %	Nitrate AOI %	Original Nitrate PSAT %	Nitrate PSAT %
IN	18147-8017211	INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER DBA AEP ROCKPORT	118.0	16.88%	3.57%	1,68%	2.60%	0.26%	0.335
IN	18051-7363111	Gibson	198.2	5.21%	2.15%	1.63%	1.20%	0.35%	0.335
KY	21183-5561611	Big Rivers Electric Corp - Wilson Station	89.9	6.72%	1.07%	1.43%	0.37%	0.06%	0.08
KY	21145-6037011	Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) - Shawnee Fossil Plant	233.6	1.60%	0.86%	1.15%	0.15%	0.14%	0.19
Vo	29143-5363811	VEW MADRID POWER PLANT-WARSTON	312.7	0.66%	1.29%	1.14%	0.04%	0.07%	0.095
IN	18125 7362411	INDIANAPOLIS POWER & LIGHT PLTERSBURG	182.9	3,09%	1,50%	1,04%	0.96%	0.40%	0.275
		Facilities That Dropped Off After REVISION							
ОН	39025-8294322	Duke Energy Ohio, Wm. H. Zimmer Station (1413090154)	256.1	1.22%	L43%	0.89%	0.14%	0.12%	0.12
DH	39053-8148511	General James M. Govin Power Plant (0627010056)	406.5	1.45%	1.15%	0.81%	0.04%	0.02%	0.021
AR	05063-1083411	ENTERGY ARKANSAS INC-INDEPENDENCE PLAN1	498.6	0.30%	1.15%	0.65%	0.04%	0.05%	0.021
δN	18173 8183111	ALCOA WARRICK POWER PLT AGC DIV OF AL	136.1	2.00%	1.03%	0.40%	1.74%	0.82%	0.301
IN.	18129-8166111	Sigeco AB Brown South Indiana Gas & Ele	162.9	2.73%	1.26%	0.00%	0.27%	0.06%	0.00







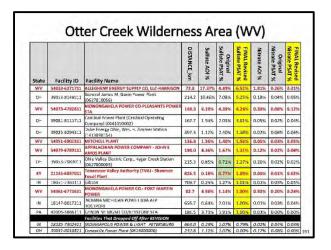




State	Facility ID	Facility Name	DISTANCE_km	Sulfate AOI %	Original Sulfate PSAT %	FINAL Revised Sulfate PSAT %	Nitrate AOI %	Original Nitrate PSAT %	Nitrate PSAT %
ΩН	39053-8148511	General James M. Gavin Power Plant (0627010056)	425.1	4.73%	4,69%	3.45%	0.05%	0.01%	0.015
RA	21145-6037011	Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) - Shawnee Fossii Plant	472.8	0.84%	0.99%	1,38%	0.05%	0.07%	0.109
TN	47163-3982311	EASTMAN CHEMICAL COMPANY	179.2	5.88%	0.93%	1.30%	0.16%	0.02%	0.029
PA	42005-3866111	GENON NE MIGNIT COJKEYSTONE STA	711.0	0.27%	2.17%	1.12%	0.00%	0.00%	0.009
IN	18147-8017211	INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER DBA ALP ROCKPORT	391.2	4.33%	2.27%	1,12%	0.14%	0.16%	0.225
GA	13015-2813011	Ga Power Company - Plant Sowen	166.2	3.61%	0.79%	1.11%	0.10%	0.01%	0.01
IN	18051 7363111	Gibson	471.7	2.00%	1.29%	1.02%	0.11%	0.21%	0.215
ОН	39025-8294311	Duke Energy Ohio, Wm, H, Zimmer Station (1413090154)	385.1	3,63%	1,53%	1,00%	0.06%	0.01%	0.015
		Facilities That Dropped Off After REVISION							
AR	05063-1083411	ENTERGY ARRANSAS INC-INDEPENDENCE PLANT	674.4	1.58%	T.36%	0.81%	0.05%	0.02%	0.011
/N	18125-7362411	INDIANAPOLIS POWER & UGHT PETERSBURG	453.0	2.16%	1.00%	0.72%	0.11%	0.23%	0.16
TN	47145-4979111	TVA KINGSTON FOSSIL PLANT	73.7	7.86%	2.24%	0.39%	0.57%	0.10%	0.03

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State	Facility JD	Facility Name	DISTANCE_km	Sulfate ADI %	Original Sulfate PSAT %	FINAL Revised Sulfate PSAT %	Nitrate AOI %	Original Nitrate PSAT %	Nitrate PSAT %
wv	54033-6271711	ALLEGHENY ENERGY SUPPLY CO, LLC-HARRISON	83.6	13.58%	4,34%	7.28%	1.35%	0.26%	0.319
0=	39053-8148511	General James M. Gavin Power Plant (0627010056)	233.8	7.62%	6.56%	4,88%	0.10%	0.03%	0.059
wv	54073-4782811	MONONGAHELA POWER CO-PLEASANTS POWER STA	161.9	4.64%	4.32%	4.19%	0.16%	0.07%	0.105
0-	39081-8115711	Cardinal Power Plant (Cardinal Operating Company) (0641050002)	163.9	1.36%	7 14%	4.02%	0.03%	0.01%	0 039
0-	39025-5294311	Duke Energy Ohio, Wm. H. Zimmer Station (1413090154)	416.9	1.40%	7.25%	1.49%	0.02%	0.04%	0.059
WV	54051-6902311	MITCHELL PLANT	144.2	1.45%	1.28%	L42%	0.07%	0.02%	0.059
PA	42005-386611.1	GENON NE MIGMT CO/KEYSTONE STA	172.8	4.12%	2.43%	1.27%	0.01%	0.00%	0.009
0-	39073 7983011	Ohio Valley Electric Corp., Cyger Creek Station (062/000003)	23/1.9	0.62%	0.66%	1.18%	0.11%	0.02%	0.029
wv	54079-6789111	APPALACHIAN POWER COMPANY - JOHN E AMOS PLANT	219.0	3.56%	1.45%	1.2#N	0.11%	0.01%	0.039
wy	54061-6773611	MONONGAHELA POWER CO FORT MARTIN POWER	79.8	6.53%	1.27%	1,23%	1.07%	0.18%	0.239
KV	21145-6037011	Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) - Shawnon Fossil Plant	847,5	0.12%	0.74%	1,05%	0.00%	0.01%	0.029
		Facilities That Dropped Off After REVISION							
IN	18051 7363121	Gibson	729.5	0.04%	1.24%	0.99%	0.02%	0.04%	0.049
IN	18147-8017211	INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER DBA AEP ROCKPORT	676.3	0.44%	1.93%	0.97%	0.01%	0.02%	0.039
IN.	18125 7302411	INDIANAPOLIS POWER & LIGHT PETERSBURG	682.6	0.18%	1.05%	D.77%	0.02%	0.04%	0.039
OH	39031-8010811	Conesville Power Plant (0615000000)	242.3	0.71%	1.09%	0.00%	0.12%	0.085	0.009

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State	Facility ID	Facility Name	DISTANCE_km	Sulfate AOI %	Original Sulfate PSAT %	FINAL Revised Sulfate PSAT %	Nitrate AOI %	Original Nitrate PSAT %	Nitrate PSAT %
ΩН	39053-8148511	General James M. Gavin Power Plant (0627010056)	270.2	7.66%	5.44%	4.04%	0.14%	0,08%	0.111
wv	54033-6271711	ALLEGHENY ENERGY SUPPLY CO, LLC- MARRISON	207.6	2.76%	2.51%	3,65%	0.36%	0.12%	0.14
ОН	39081-8115711	Cardinal Power Plant (Cardinal Operating Company) (0641050002)	306.4	1.35%	1,92%	3.61%	0.04%	0.02%	0.061
wv	54073-4782811	MONONGAHELA POWER CO-PLEASANTS POWER STA	245.0	3.87%	2,33%	2.25%	0.15%	0.03%	0.05
WY	54079-6789111	APPALACHIAN POWER COMPANY - JOHN E AMOS PLANT	223.5	3.50%	2.46%	1.93%	0.13%	0.05%	0.11
PA		GENON NE N'GN'T CO/KEYSTONE STA	337.1	2,98%	2,88%	1.51%	0.06%	0.03%	0.049
VA.	51580-5798711	Meadwestvaco Packaging Resource Group	46.5	12.64%	1.02%	1,45%	1.14%	0.15%	0.225
ОН	39053-7983011	Ohio Valley Electric Corp., Kyger Creek Station (0627000003)	270,0	0.63%	0.66%	1.18%	0.16%	0.04%	0.045
WV	54051-6902311	MITCHELL PLANT	269.6	0.68%	0.97%	1.08%	0.03%	0.02%	0.045
		Facilities That Dropped Off After REVISION							
ан	39025-8294311	Duke Energy Ohio, Wm. H. Zimmer Station (1413090154)	435.2	1.89%	1.39%	0.92%	0.05%	0.05%	0.069
8V	18051-7363111	Gibson	729,4	0.59%	7.02%	0.87%	0.02%	0.01%	0.015
IN	18147-8017211	NDIANA MICHIGAN POWER DBA ALP ROCKPORT	863.5	0.56%	L33%	0.66%	0.03%	0.01%	0.02



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State	Facility ID	Facility Name	DISTANCE_km	Sulfate AOI %	Original Sulfate PSAT %	FINAL Revised Sulfate PSAT %	Nitrate AOI %	Original Nitrate PSAT %	Nitrate PSAT %
PA	42005-3866111	GENON NE N'GN'T CO/KEYSTONE STA	249.8	11.83%	8.89%	4.81%	0.10%	0.05%	0.069
ОН	39081-8115711	Cardinal Power Plant (Cardinal Operating Company) (0641050002)	269.6	1.53%	2.32%	4.50%	0.06%	0.05%	0.125
WV	54033-6271711	ALLEGHENY ENERGY SUPPLY CO, LLC- MARRISON	189.7	4.60%	2.75%	4.1.0%	0.99%	0.37%	0.465
ОН	39053-8148511	General James M. Gavin Power Plant (0627010056)	323.4	5.25%	4.88%	3,75%	0.14%	0.10%	0.145
WV	54073-4782811	MONONGAHELA POWER CO-PLEASANTS POWER STA	265.0	4.97%	2.20%	2,20%	0.24%	0.18%	0.281
PA	42063-3005211	HOMER CITY GEN LP/ CENTER TWP	230.4	2.60%	1.56%	1.78%	0.13%	0.04%	0.065
MD	24001-7763811	Luke Paper Company	118.4	6.90%	2.20%	1.41%	0.23%	0.09%	0.14
PA	42063-3005111	VRC WHOLESALE GEN/SEWARD GEN STA	215,5	1.80%	1.00%	1.12%	0.04%	0.02%	0.02
WV	54051-6902311	MITCHELL PLANT	251.8	1.46%	0.88N	1.01%	0.11%	0.08%	0.16
DH	39053 7983011	Ohio Valley Electric Corp., Nyger Creek Station (0627000003)	324.1	0,43%	0.55%	1.01%	0.16%	0.06%	0.06
		Facilities That Dropped Off After REVISION							
wv	54062-6773622	MONONGAHELA POWER CO FORT MARTIN POWER	184.4	2.02%	1.06N	0.97%	1.27%	0.47%	0.69
ОН	39025 8294322	Duke Energy Ohio, Wm. H. Zimmer Station (1413090154)	505.4	131%	1.28%	0.87%	0.11%	0.05%	0.00
wv	54079-6789111	APPALACISAN POWER COMPANY - JOHN E AMOS PLANT	295.6	2.09%	1.04%	0.84%	0.09%	0.49%	0.19
IN.	18147-8017211	NDIANA MICHIGAN POWER DBA ALP ROCKPORT	755.8	0.71%	1.46%	0.76%	0.03%	0.02%	0.03



west virginia department of environmental protection

Appendix F-31

VISTAS Regional Haze Project Update to EPA Region 3, Region 4, and OAQPS July 30, 2020

West Virginia Division of Air Quality 601 57th Street, SE Charleston, WV 25304

Promoting a healthy environment

VISTAS Regional Haze Project Update



EPA Region 4, Region 3, and OAQPS Briefing Jim Boylan July 30, 2020

Why 1% Threshold?

- In the Round 1 Regional Haze SIPs, many VISTAS states used the AOI approach and a 1% threshold on a <u>Unit</u> basis.
 - Round 2 uses the AOI/PSAT approach and a ≥ 1.00% PSAT threshold based on a Facility basis.
 - This pulled in more facilities compared to a Unit basis.
 - Round 2 uses 2028 emissions (lower than 2018)
 - This pulled in more facilities with smaller visibility impacts (in Mm⁻¹) compared to Round 1.
- This approach results in a reasonable number of sources that can be evaluated with limited state resources and focuses on the sources and pollutants with the largest impacts.

Outline

- Reasonable Progress
 Screening Approach
- Area of Influence
- PSAT Results
- Initial List of Sources
- EPA Discussion



Area of Influence (AOI) Analysis

- Evaluates emissions (Q), distance to Class I area (d), and extinction weighted residence time (EWRT) in model grid cells (point) or counties (source categories)
- Formula: (Q/d)*EWRT
- Establishes each county's and each facility's contribution to light extinction at each Class I area on the 20% most impaired days
- Can use contributions to rank and screen facilities for the four-factor analysis

Reasonable Progress Screening Approach

- The VISTAS reasonable progress work started with AOI screening (Q/d * EWRT) to rank sectors and facilities based on their sulfate and nitrate contributions at each Class I area.
- These rankings were used to identify 87 individual facilities for PSAT tagging. PSAT tagging was used to determine the sulfate and nitrate contributions from each facility at each Class I area in the VISTAS 12 domain.
- 3. Each individual VISTAS state will apply a PSAT contribution threshold based on the facility sulfate and facility nitrate impacts (separately, not combined) divided by the total impact of sulfate + nitrate from all point sources to determine which sources may need to be considered for a four-factor analysis.
 - If sulfate contribution ≥ 1.00% → SO₂ Four-Factor Analysis
 - If nitrate contribution ≥ 1.00% → NOx Four-Factor Analysis

AOI Source Categories for WOLF

SOURCE CATEGORY	NOx	SO ₂	TOTAL
NONPOINT	1.7%	2.8%	4.4%
NONROAD_MAR	2.9%	1.5%	4.4%
NONROAD_OTHER	3.3%	0.3%	3.6%
ONROAD	5.7%	0.7%	6.4%
POINT	7.3%	67.9%	75.2%
PT_FIRES_PRESCRIBED	0.9%	5.1%	6.0%
TOTAL	21.8%	78.2%	100.0%

AOI Screening Summary

State	Threshold	Notes
AL	2%	Sulfate only
FL	5%	Sulfate or nitrate, plus Gulf Crist, Mosaic Bartow, Mosaic Nev Wales, and Mosaic Riverview
GA	2% - 4%	Sulfate or nitrate, 2% threshold for GA facilities, 4% threshold for facilities outside GA
KY	2%	Sulfate or nitrate
MS	2%	Sulfate or nitrate
NC	3%	Sulfate + nitrate
sc	2% - 5%	2% for sulfate, 5% for nitrate, plus Santee Cooper Winyah, International Paper Georgetown, and SCE&G Williams
TN	3%	Sulfate + nitrate, plus CEMEX
VA	2%	Sulfate + nitrate
wv	0.2% - 2%	Sulfate or nitrate

Facility Tags (KY, MS, NC, SC, TN, VA)

Facility State	Facility RPO	FACILITY ID STD	FACILITY_NAME_STD	SO2 (TPY)	NOx (TPY)
KY	VISTAS	21183-5561611	Big Rivers Electric Corp - Wilson Station	6,934.16	1,151.9
KY	VISTAS	21091-7352411	Century Aluminum of KY LLC	5,044.16	197.6
KY	VISTAS	21177-5196711	Tennessee Valley Authority - Paradise Fossil Plant	3,011.01	3,114.5
KY	VISTAS	21145-6037011	Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) - Shawnee Fossil Plant	19,504.75	7,007.3
MS	VISTAS	28059-8384311	Chevron Products Company, Pascagoula Refinery	741.60	1,534.1
MS	VISTAS	28059-6251011	Mississippi Power Company, Plant Victor J Daniel	231.92	3,829.7
NC	VISTAS	37087-7920511	Blue Ridge Paper Products - Canton Mill	1,127.07	2,992.3
NC	VISTAS	37117-8049311	Domtar Paper Company, LLC	687.45	1,796.4
NC	VISTAS	37035-8370411	Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC - Marshall Steam Station	4,139.21	7,511.3
NC	VISTAS	37013-8479311	PCS Phosphate Company, Inc Aurora	4,845.90	495.5
NC	VISTAS	37023-8513011	SGL Carbon LLC	261.64	21.6
SC	VISTAS	45015-4834911	ALUMAX OF SOUTH CAROLINA	3,751.69	108.0
SC	VISTAS	45043-5698611	INTERNATIONAL PAPER GEORGETOWN MILL	2,767.52	2,031.2
SC	VISTAS	45019-4973611	KAPSTONE CHARLESTON KRAFT LLC	1,863.65	2,355.8
SC	VISTAS	45015-4120411	SANTEE COOPER CROSS GENERATING STATION	4,281.17	3,273.4
sc	VISTAS	45043-6652811	SANTEE COOPER WINYAH GENERATING STATION	2,246.86	1,772.5
SC	VISTAS	45015-8306711	SCE&G WILLIAMS	392.48	992.7
TN	VISTAS	47093-4979911	Cemex - Knoxville Plant	121.47	711.5
TN	VISTAS	47163-3982311	EASTMAN CHEMICAL COMPANY	6,420.16	6,900.3
TN	VISTAS	47105-4129211	TATE & LYLE, Loudon	472.76	883.2
TN	VISTAS	47001-6196011	TVA BULL RUN FOSSIL PLANT	622.54	964.1
TN	VISTAS	47161-4979311	TVA CUMBERLAND FOSSIL PLANT	8,427.33	4,916.5
TN	VISTAS	47145-4979111	TVA KINGSTON FOSSIL PLANT	1,886.09	1,687.3
VA	VISTAS	51027-4034811	Jewell Coke Company LLP	5,090.95	520.1
VA	VISTAS	51580-5798711	Meadwestvaco Packaging Resource Group	2,115.31	1,985.6
VA	VISTAS	51023-5039811	Roanoke Cement Company	2,290.17	1.972.9

AOI Point Contributions for Wolf Island

State	FACILITY NAME	DISTANCE (km)	NOx_2028 (tons/year)	SO2_2028 (tons/year)	NOx Contribution	SO2 Contribution	
GA	Brunswick Cellulose Inc	27.9	1,554.5	294.2	2,94%	8.84%	
FL	ROCKTENN CP, LLC	74.9	2,316.8	2,606.7	0.39%	8.56%	
GA	International Paper - Savannah	85.9	1,560.7	3,945.4	0.24%	7.53%	
FL	JEA	105.1	651.8	2,094.5	0.09%	4.43%	
GA	Georgia-Pacific Consumer Products LP (Savannah River Mill)	109.9	351.5	1,860.2	0.03%	2.65%	
FL	WHITE SPRINGS AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS, INC	173.6	112.4	2,745.0	0.01%	1.97%	
5C	ALUMAX OF SOUTH CAROLINA	223.0	108.1	3,751,7	0.00%	1,84%	
FL	RAYONIER PERFORMANCE FIBERS LLC	77.4	2,327.1	562.0	0.38%	1.79%	
FL	SEMINOLE ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE, INC.	181.4	917.8	3,713.4	0.02%	1.77%	
OH	General James M. Gavin Power Plant (0627010056)	845,3	8,122.5	41,595.8	0.02%	1.71%	
SC	SANTEE COOPER CROSS GENERATING STATION	251.0	3,273.5	4,281.2	0.09%	1.59%	
GA	Southern States Phosphate & Fertilizer	84.1	1.0	597.1	0.00%	1.55%	
FL	IFF CHEMICAL HOLDINGS, INC.	118,5	37.7	898.9	0.00%	1.22%	
FL	DUKE ENERGY FLORIDA, INC. (DEF)	296.6	2,489.8	5,306.4	0.04%	1.19%	
GA	Ga Power Company - Plant Bowen	458.1	6,643.3	10,453.4	0.03%	1.08%	
GA	Savannah Sugar Refinery	89.9	521.6	582.0	0.08%	1.06%	
SC	INTERNATIONAL PAPER EASTOVER	288.7	1,780.3	3.212.9	0.05%	0.95%	
GA	Ga Power Company - Plant McManus	27.1	72.2	30.1	0.14%	0.93%	
5C	KAPSTONE CHARLESTON KRAFT LLC	213,6	2,355.8	1,863.7	0.09%	0.89%	
PA	GENON NE MGMT CO/KEYSTONE STA	1,048.6	6,578.5	56.939.2	0.01%	0.84%	

By setting the AOI threshold at GA's levels, a reasonable number of tags and facilities were identified and 35.0% of the total sulfate \pm nitrate point contribution was captured.

Facility Tags (WV, AR, MO, MD, PA, IL, IN, OH)

Facility State	Facility RPO		FACILITY_NAME_STD	SO2 (TPY)	NOx (TPY)
WV	VISTAS	54033-6271711	ALLEGHENY ENERGY SUPPLY CO, LLC-HARRISON	10,082.94	11,830.8
WV	VISTAS	54049-4864511	AMERICAN BITUMINOUS POWER-GRANT TOWN PLT	2,210.25	1,245.1
WV	VISTAS	54079-6789111	APPALACHIAN POWER COMPANY - JOHN E AMOS PLANT	10,984.24	4,878.1
wv	VISTAS	54023-6257011	Dominion Resources, Inc MOUNT STORM POWER STATION	2,123.64	1,984.1
WV	VISTAS	54041-6900311	EQUITRANS - COPLEY RUN CS 70	0.10	511.0
WV	VISTAS	54083-6790711	FILES CREEK 6C4340	0.15	643.3
wv	VISTAS	54083-6790511	GLADY 6C4350	0.11	343.2
WV	VISTAS	54093-6327811	KINGSFORD MANUFACTURING COMPANY	16.96	140.8
wv	VISTAS	54061-16320111	LONGVIEW POWER	2,313.73	1,556.5
WV	VISTAS	54051-6902311	MITCHELL PLANT	5,372.40	2,719.6
WV	VISTAS	54061-6773611	MONONGAHELA POWER CO FORT MARTIN POWER	4,881.87	13,743.3
WV	VISTAS	54073-4782811	MONONGAHELA POWER CO-PLEASANTS POWER STA	16,817.43	5,497.3
wv	VISTAS	54061-6773811	MORGANTOWN ENERGY ASSOCIATES	828.64	655.5
AR	CENRAP	05063-1083411	ENTERGY ARKANSAS INC-INDEPENDENCE PLANT	32,050.48	14,133.1
MO	CENRAP	29143-5363811	NEW MADRID POWER PLANT-MARSTON	16,783.71	4,394.1
MD	MANE-VU	24001-7763811	Luke Paper Company	22,659.84	3,607.0
PA	MANE-VU	42005-3866111	GENON NE MGMT CO/KEYSTONE STA	56,939.25	6,578.4
PA	MANE-VU	42063-3005211	HOMER CITY GEN LP/ CENTER TWP	11,865.70	5,215.9
PA	MANE-VU	42063-3005111	NRG WHOLESALE GEN/SEWARD GEN STA	8,880.26	2,254.6
IL	MidwestRPO	17127-7808911	Joppa Steam	20,509.28	4,706.3
IN	Midwest RPO	18173-8183111	Alcoa Warrick Power Plt Agc Div of AL	5,071.28	11,158.5
IN	Midwest RPO	18051-7363111	Gibson	23,117.23	12,280.3
IN	Midwest RPO	18147-8017211	INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER DBA AEP ROCKPORT	30,536.33	8,806.7
IN	Midwest RPO	18125-7362411	INDIANAPOLIS POWER & LIGHT PETERSBURG	18,141.88	10,665.2
IN	Midwest RPO	18129-8166111	Sigeco AB Brown South Indiana Gas & Ele	7,644.70	1,578.5
ОН	Midwest RPO	39081-8115711	Cardinal Power Plant (Cardinal Operating Company) (0641050002)	7,460.79	2,467.3
OH	Midwest RPO	39031-8010811	Conesville Power Plant (0616000000)	6,356.23	9,957.8
ОН	Midwest RPO	39025-8294311	Duke Energy Ohio, Wm. H. Zimmer Station (1413090154)	22,133.90	7,149.9
ОН	Midwest RPO	39053-8148511	General James M. Gavin Power Plant (0627010056)	41,595.81	8,122.5
OH	Midwest RPO	39053-7983011	Ohio Valley Electric Corp., Kyger Creek Station (0627000003)	3,400.14	9,143.8

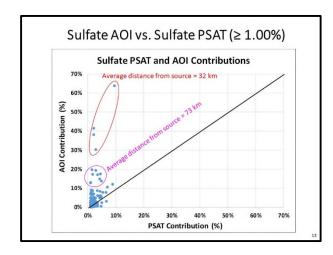
Facility Tags (AL, FL, GA)

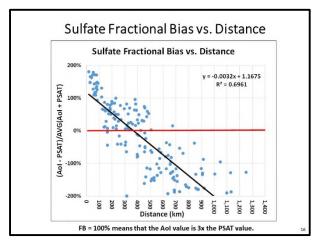
Facility State	Facility RPO	FACILITY ID STD	FACILITY_NAME_STD	SO2 (TPY)	NOx (TPY)
AL	VISTAS	01097-949811	Akzo Nobel Chemicals Inc	3,335.72	20.7
AL	VISTAS	01097-1056111	Ala Power - Barry	6,033.17	2,275.7
AL	VISTAS	01129-1028711	American Midstream Chatom, LLC	3,106.38	425.87
AL	VISTAS	01073-1018711	DRUMMOND COMPANY, INC.	2,562.17	1,228.55
AL	VISTAS	01053-7440211	Escambia Operating Company LLC	18,974.39	349.32
AL	VISTAS	01053-985111	Escambia Operating Company LLC	8,589.60	149.6
AL	VISTAS	01103-1000011	Nucor Steel Decatur LLC	170.23	331.24
AL	VISTAS	01109-985711	Sanders Lead Co	7,951.06	121.71
AL	VISTAS	01097-1061611	Union Oil of California - Chunchula Gas Plant	2,573.15	349.23
FL	VISTAS	12123-752411	BUCKEYE FLORIDA, LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	1,520.42	1,830.71
FL	VISTAS	12086-900111	CEMEX CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS FL. LLC.	29.51	910.36
FL	VISTAS	12017-640611	DUKE ENERGY FLORIDA, INC. (DEF)	5,306.41	2,489.85
FL	VISTAS	12086-900011	FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT (PTF)	13.05	170.6
FL	VISTAS	12033-752711	GULF POWER - Crist	2,615.65	2,998.3
FL	VISTAS	12086-3532711	HOMESTEAD CITY UTILITIES	0.00	97.09
FL	VISTAS	12031-640211	JEA	2,094.48	651.75
FL	VISTAS	12105-717711	MOSAIC FERTILIZER LLC	7,900.67	310.4
FL	VISTAS	12057-716411	MOSAIC FERTILIZER, LLC	3,034.06	159.7
FL	VISTAS	12105-919811	MOSAIC FERTILIZER, LLC	4,425.56	141.0
FL	VISTAS	12089-845811	RAYONIER PERFORMANCE FIBERS LLC	561.97	2,327.10
FL	VISTAS	12089-753711	ROCK TENN CP, LLC	2,606.72	2,316.77
FL	VISTAS	12005-535411	ROCKTENNCPILC	2,590.88	1,404.8
FL	VISTAS	12129-2731711	TALLAHASSEE CITY PURDOM GENERATING STA.	2.86	121.4
FL	VISTAS	12057-538611	TAMPA ELECTRIC COMPANY (TEC)	6,084.90	2,665.0
FL	VISTAS	12086-899911	TARMAC AMERICA LLC	9.38	879.7
FL	VISTAS	12047-769711	WHITE SPRINGS AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS, INC	3,197.77	112.4
GA	VISTAS	13127-3721011	Brunswick Cellulose Inc	294.20	1,554.51
GA	VISTAS	13015-2813011	Ga Power Company - Plant Bowen	10,453.41	6,643.32
GA	VISTAS	13103-536311	Georgia-Pacific Consumer Products LP (Savannah River Mill)	1,860.18	351.5
GA	VISTAS	13051-3679811	International Paper – Savannah	3,945.38	1,560.7
GA	VISTAS	13115-539311	TEMPLE INLAND	1,791.00	1,773.35

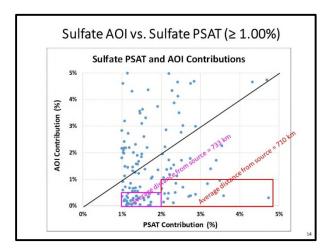
PSAT Source Apportionment Modeling

- Quantifies visibility impacts from individual point sources, source sectors, and geographic regions
- NOx and SO₂ tagging
- · Used for further evaluation of AOI results
- Refines information on contributions to visibility impairment
- Can be used to adjust future year visibility projections to account for additional emission controls
- VISTAS contract with ERG allows for up to 250 tags

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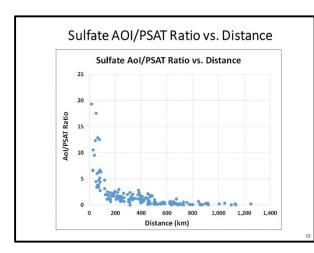






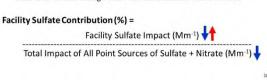
AOI vs. PSAT Summary

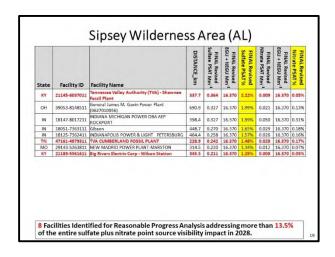
- AOI tends to overestimate impacts for facilities near the Class I area. This brought in more nearby sources.
- AOI tends to underestimate impacts for facilities far away from the Class I area. This may miss some far away sources, but they are likely being captured by other Class I areas that are closer to those sources.
- PSAT is the most reliable modeling tool for tracking facility contributions to visibility impairment at Class I areas.

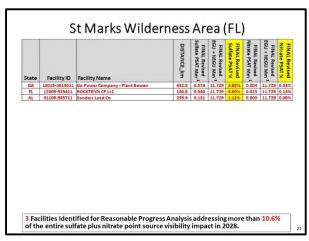


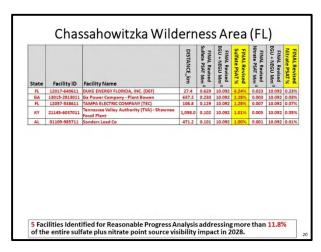
PSAT Reasonable Progress Screening

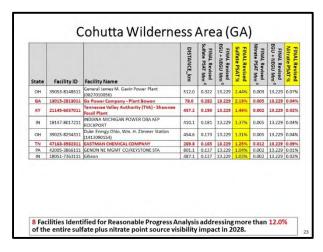
- The <u>facility</u> sulfate and nitrate contributions (Mm⁻¹) from the individual 87 tagged facilities should not change unless a facility has reduced or increased SO₂ and/or NOx emissions.
- The updated 2028 CAMx modeling will impact the <u>total</u> sulfate and total nitrate contribution from point sources at each Class I area since the SO₂ and NOx emissions have decreased.
 - The facility percent contribution will increase even if the facility emissions do not change since the denominator will decrease

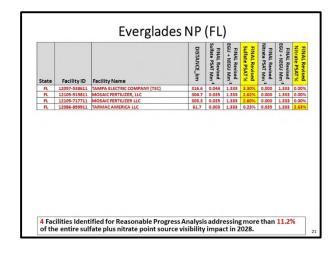


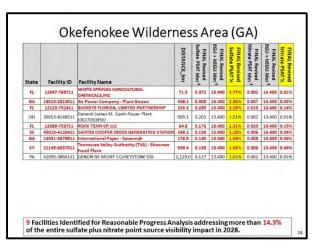


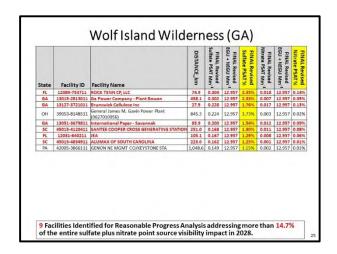




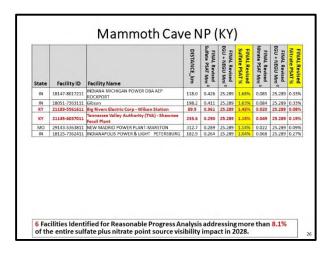


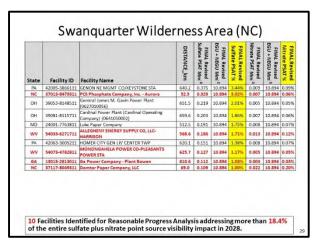


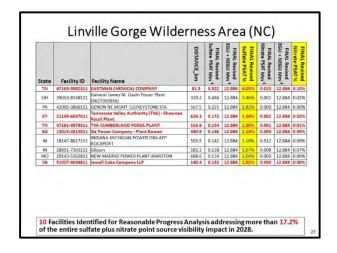


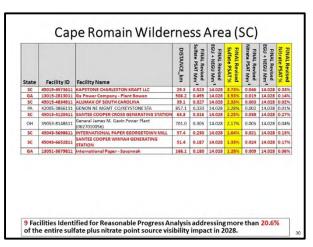


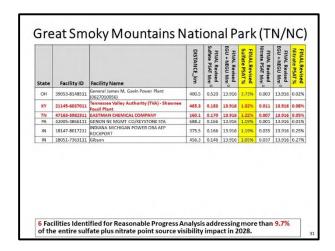


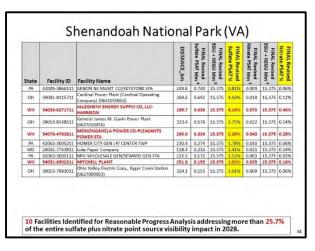


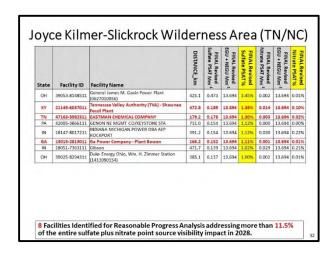


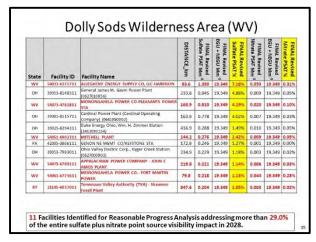


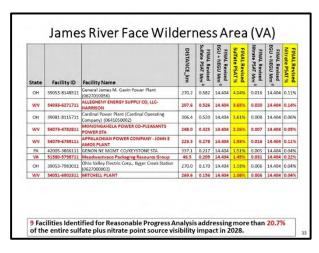


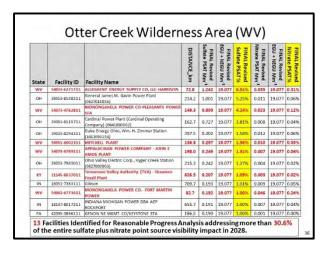












Non-VISTAS Class I Areas

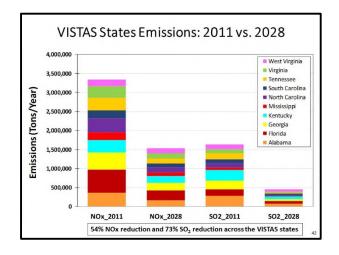
- Only two VISTAS facilities have a contribution
 ≥ 1.00% at any non-VISTAS Class I Area
- ALLEGHENY ENERGY SUPPLY CO, LLC-HARRISON (WV)
 - Moosehorn Wilderness EDM (1.06% sulfate)
- Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) Shawnee Fossil Plant (KY)
 - Caney Creek Wilderness Area (1.09% sulfate)
 - Hercules-Glades Wilderness Area (1.95% sulfate)
 - Mingo Wilderness Area (1.47% sulfate)
 - · Great Gulf Wilderness Area (1.03% sulfate)
 - Presidential Range-Dry River Wilderness (1.03% sulfate)

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State		FACILITY_NAME_STD	IMPACTED CLASS I AREAS
AR	05063-1083411	ENTERGY ARKANSAS INC-INDEPENDENCE PLANT	SHRO
IN	18051-7363111	Gibson	COHU, GRSM, JOYC, LIGO, MACA, OTCR, SHRO SIPS
IN	18147-8017211	INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER DBA AEP ROCKPORT	COHU, GRSM, JOYC, LIGO, MACA, OTCR, SHRO SIPS
IN	18125-7362411	INDIANAPOLIS POWER & LIGHT PETERSBURG	MACA, SIPS
MD	24001-7763811	Luke Paper Company	SHEN, SWAN
MO	29143-5363811	NEW MADRID POWER PLANT-MARSTON	LIGO, MACA, SHRO, SIPS
OH	39081-8115711	Cardinal Power Plant (Cardinal Operating Company) (0641050002)	DOSO, JARI, OTCR, SHEN, SWAN
OH	39025-8294311	Duke Energy Ohio, Wm. H. Zimmer Station (1413090154)	COHU, DOSO, JOYC, OTCR, SHRO
ОН	39053-8148511	General James M. Gavin Power Plant (0627010056)	COHU, DOSO, GRSM, JARI, JOYC, LIGO, OKEF, OTCR, ROMA, SHEN, SHRO, SIPS, SWAN, WOL
ОН	39053-7983011	Ohio Valley Electric Corp., Kyger Creek Station (0627000003)	DOSO, JARI, OTCR, SHEN
PA	42005-3866111	GENON NE MGMT CO/KEYSTONE STA	COHU, DOSO, GRSM, JARI, JOYC, LIGO, OKEF, OTCR, ROMA, SHEN, SHRO, SWAN, WOLF
PA	42063-3005211	HOMER CITY GEN LP/ CENTER TWP	SHEN, SWAN
PA	42063-3005111	NRG WHOLESALE GEN/SEWARD GEN STA	SHEN

Thoughts for Discussion

- VISTAS used a screening approach with AoI (various thresholds) and PSAT (1.00% threshold). This resulted in an average of 8* facilities per Class I area and accounts for an average of 16.4% of the point source sulfate + nitrate contributions. This should be more than adequate especially accounting for all the other recent emission controls that are already built into our 2028 emission projections (next slide).
- The VISTAS focus is on significant emission impacts on Class I areas, not on the number of facilities evaluated in each state.
- Some facilities may be interested in taking permit limits resulting in adjusted PSAT impacts below the 1.00% threshold, thus avoiding the four-factor analysis.
- We are uncertain of the documentation required to apply the four factor analysis off-ramps (e.g., MATS) discussed in the August 2019 guidance.
- We are not aware of the triggers that might require incorporation of permit conditions into the Regional Haze SIPs.



Contacts for Further Information

- For general, technical, and SIP-related questions, contact the TAWG and CC Co-chairs:

 - TAWG Randy Strait (<u>randy.strait@ncdenr.gov</u>)
 TAWG Doris McLeod (<u>doris.mcleod@deq.virginia.gov</u>)
 - CC Jim Boylan (james.boylan@dnr.ga.gov)
 - CC Jimmy Johnston (<u>james.johnston@tn.gov</u>)
- For project and contract management questions, contact the Project Manager:
 - John Hornback (hornback (hornback@metro4-sesarm.org)





west virginia department of environmental protection

Appendix F-3m

VISTAS Regional Haze Project Update August 4, 2020

West Virginia Division of Air Quality 601 57th Street, SE Charleston, WV 25304

Promoting a healthy environment

VISTAS Regional Haze Project Update



EPA, FLM, RPO Briefing Jim Boylan August 4, 2020

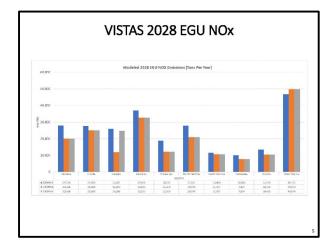
Overview

- During the QA process, an issue was identified with the emissions used in the CAMx modeling that was previously presented on May 20, 2020
- The emissions inventory was correct, but some SO₂ and NOx emissions from EGUs were dropped during the SMOKE processing
- This issues does not impact any of the PSAT modeling or adjustments to the PSAT modeling
- This issue does impact the projected visibility in 2028 for comparison to the URP glide slope

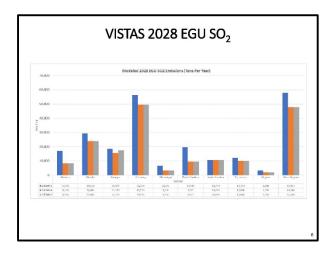
Outline

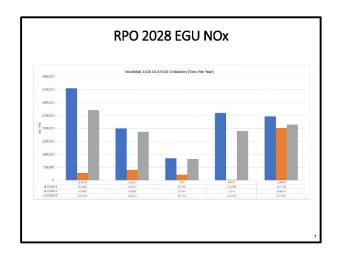
- Recent Issue with 2028 Modeling
- Updated 2028 Model Projections
- Next Steps & Schedule



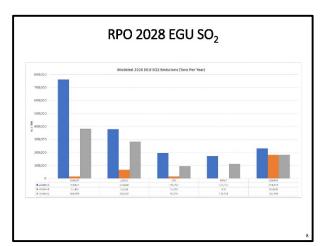


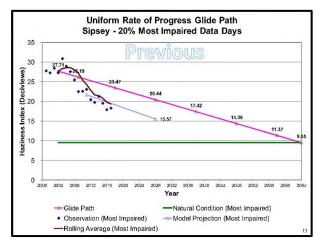
Recent Issue with 2028 Modeling

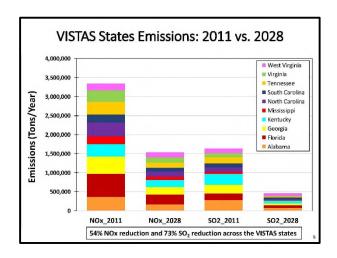


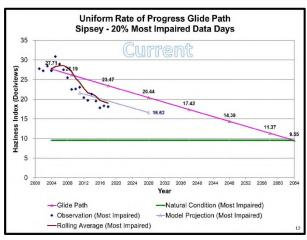


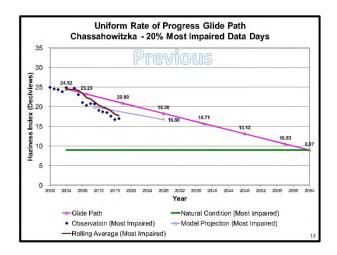
Updated 2028 Model Projections

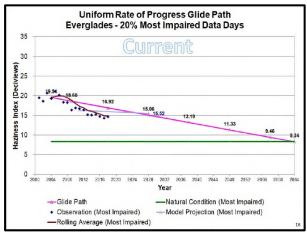


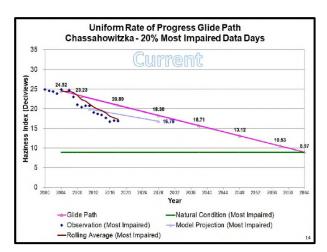


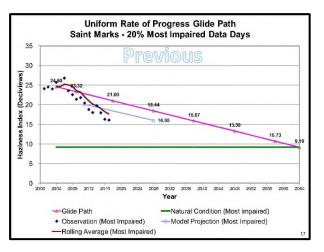


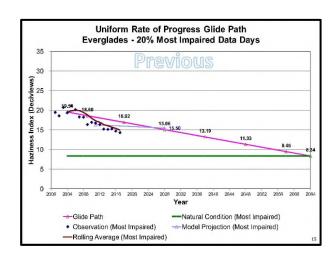


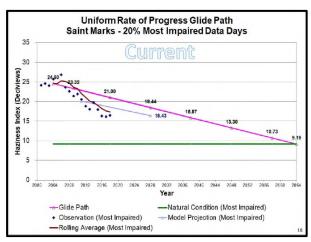


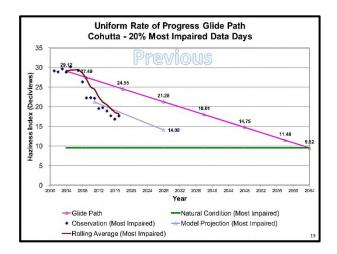


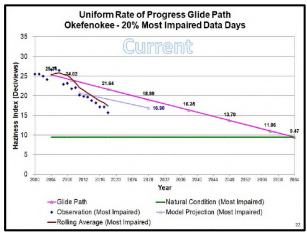


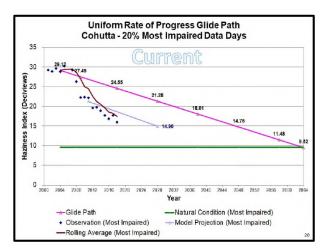


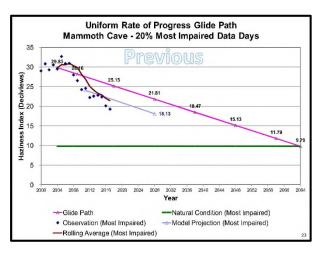


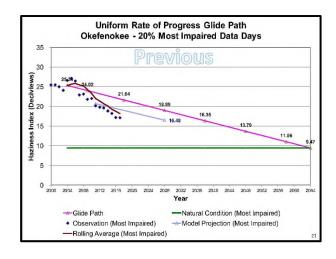


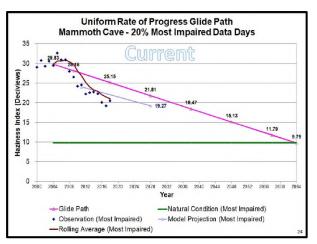


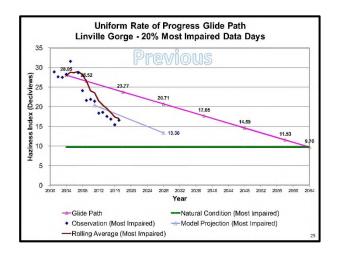


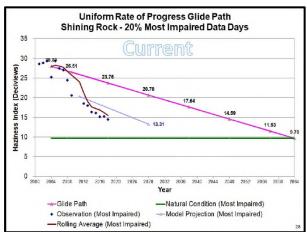


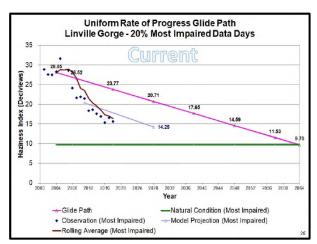


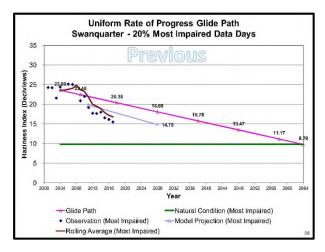


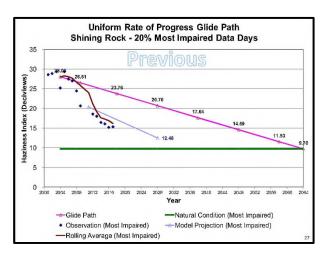


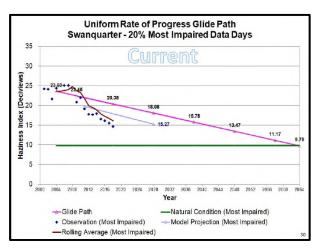


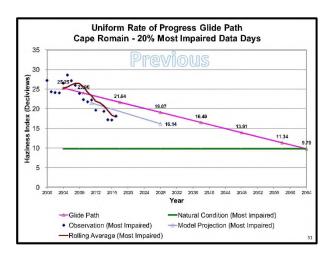


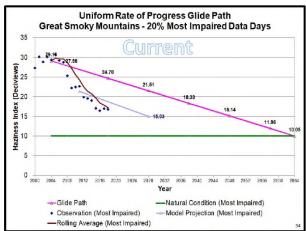


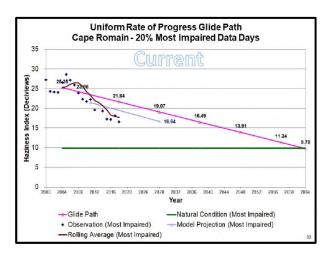


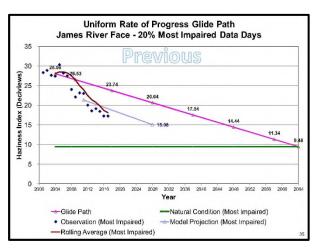


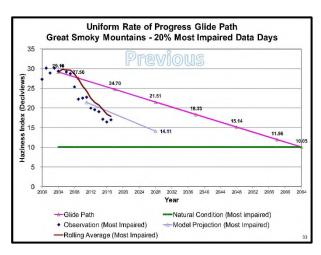


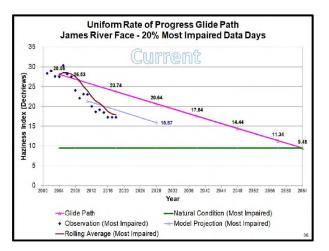


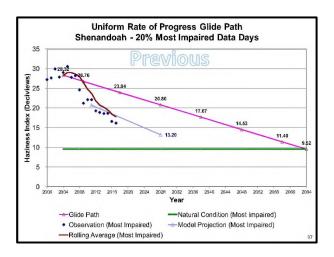


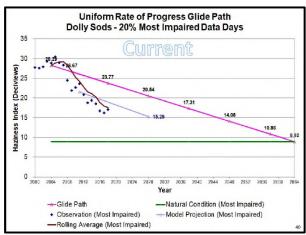


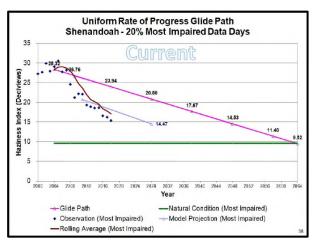


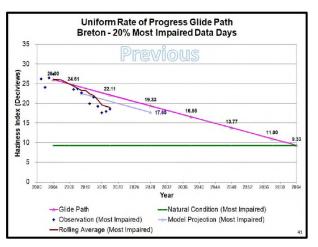


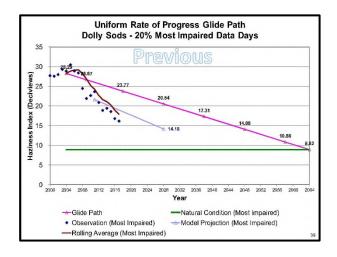


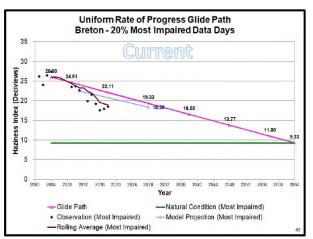


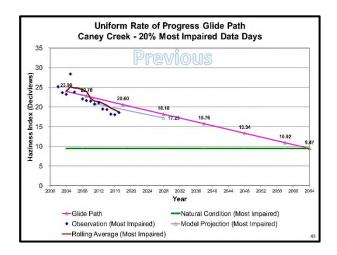


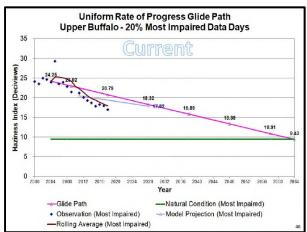


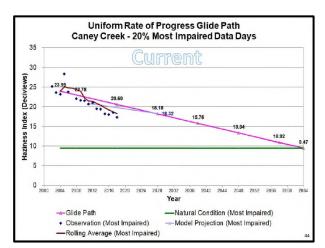


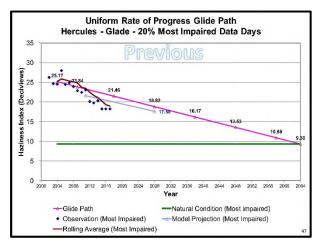


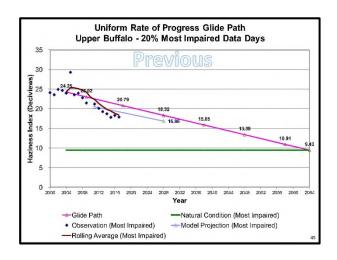


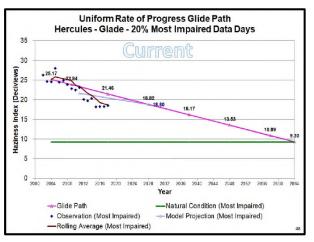


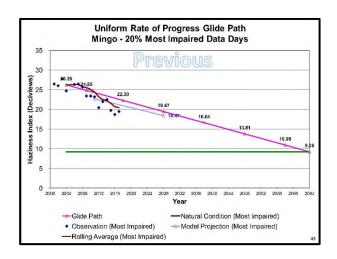


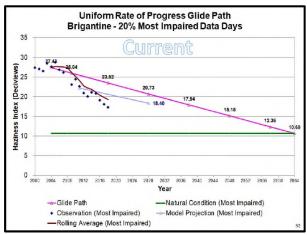


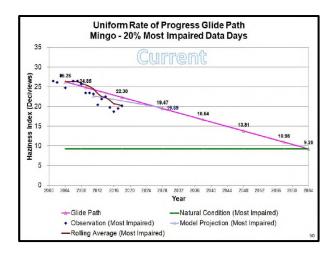




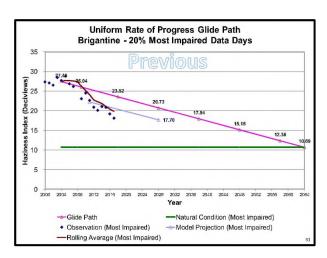












Task	Schedule
2028 Point Emissions Updates	Completed*
2028 Emissions Processing	Completed*
2028 CAMx Modeling	Completed*
2028 Visibility Projections	Completed*
2028 Deposition Projections	Early August 2020
Final Reports and Documentation	Late August 2020
Website Updates and Postings	Late August 2020
End of Contract	September 30, 2020
Regional Haze SIPs Due to EPA	July 31, 2021

Contacts for Further Information

- For general, technical, and SIP-related questions, contact the TAWG and CC Co-chairs:
 - TAWG Randy Strait (randy.strait@ncdenr.gov)
 - TAWG Doris McLeod (doris.mcleod@deq.virginia.gov)
 - CC Jim Boylan (james.boylan@dnr.ga.gov)
 - CC Jimmy Johnston (james.johnston@tn.gov)
- For project and contract management questions, contact the Project Manager:
 - John Hornback (hornback@metro4-sesarm.org)



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west virginia department of environmental protection

Appendix F-3n

EPA Region 4 Fall 2020 Air Director's Meeting Regional Haze Update October 26, 2020

West Virginia Division of Air Quality 601 57th Street, SE Charleston, WV 25304

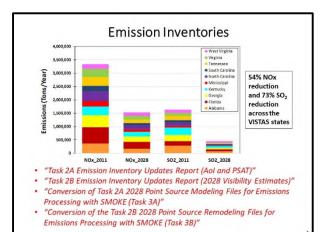
Promoting a healthy environment

VISTAS II Regional Haze Project Update



Jim Boylan (GA DNR), Randy Strait (NC DAQ), Doris McLeoad (VA DEQ), Jimmy Johnston (TN DEC), Chad LaFontaine (Metro 4/SESARM), and John Hornback (Metro 4/SESARM)

EPA Region 4 Fall 2020 Air Director's Meeting October 26, 2020



Project Background

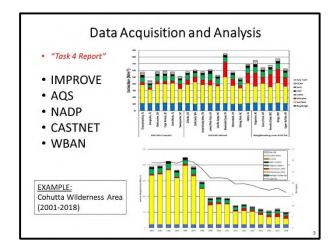
- Goal was to provide states with technical information needed to draft their regional haze SIPs
- Project started in December 2017
- · Expenses are less than 80% of budget
- Initial tasks: RFP, bids, contractor selection, contract development, work plan, QAPP, and modeling protocol
- · Contractor support provided by:





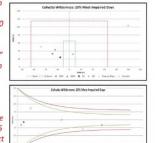
Air Quality Modeling

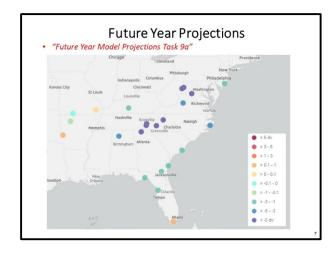
- "2011el and 2028el CAMx Benchmarking Report Task 6 Benchmark Report #1 Covering Benchmark Runs #1 and #2"
- "2011el CAMx Version 6.32 and 6.40 Comparison Report Task 6 Benchmark Report Number #2 Covering Benchmark Run #3"
- 200 CONUS_12 2240 (1352)
- "2028 CAMx Version 6.32 and 6.40 Comparison Report Task 6 Benchmark Report #4 Covering Benchmark Run #4"
- "2011el CAMx Version 6.40 12km VISTAS and EPA 12km Continental Grid Comparison Report Benchmark Report Task 6 Benchmark Report #3 Covering Benchmark Run #5"
- "2028elv3 CAMx Version 6.40 12km VISTAS and EPA 12km Continental Grid Comparison Report Benchmark Report Number #6 for Task 6"
- "2028 Emissions Version V3 and V5 Comparison Report Benchmark Report Task 6 Benchmark Report #6 Covering Benchmark Run #7"

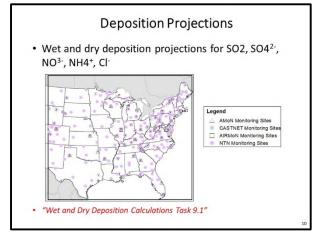


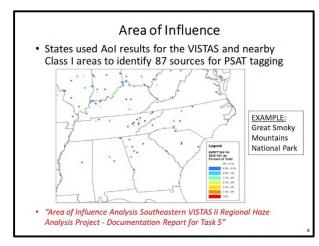
Model Performance Evaluation

- "Model Performance Evaluation for Particulate Matter and Regional Haze of the CAMx 6.40 Modeling System and the VISTAS II 2011 Updated Modeling Platform for Task 8.0"
- "Model Performance Evaluation for Ozone of the CAMx 6.40 Modeling System and the VISTAS II 2011 Updated Modeling Platform (Task 8.0)"
- "Deposition Model Performance Evaluation Southeastern VISTAS II Regional Haze Analysis Project (Task 8.1)"

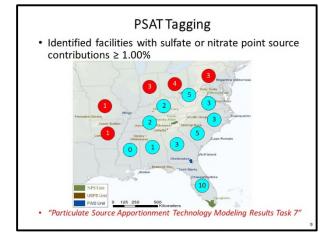








Final Project Report Covers everything in previous slides: Task 2 – Emissions Inventories Task 3 – Emissions Processing Task 4 – Data Acquisition and Analysis Task 5 – Area of Influence Task 6 – 2011 and 2028 Photochemical Modeling Task 7 – PSAT Tagging Task 8 – Model Performance Evaluation Task 9 – Visibility and Deposition Projections Task 10 – Data Handling Sharing Task 11 – Extraction of State-Specific modeling, IC/BC, and meteorology



4-Factor Analysis

- States will evaluate certain sources and emissions to determine if reasonable controls are in place or available
- Considers four important factors:
 - Potential costs of compliance (\$/ton, \$/Mm⁻¹)
 - Time necessary for compliance
 - · Energy and non-air quality environmental impacts of compliance
 - · Remaining useful life of sources subject to this analysis

FLM Consultation Requirements

40 CFR 51.308(i)(2) (in pertinent part):

...The State must provide the Federal Land Manager with an opportunity for consultation, in person at a point early enough in the State's policy analyses of its long-term strategy emission reduction obligation so that information and recommendations provided by the Federal Land Manager can meaningfully inform the State's decisions on the long-term strategy. The opportunity for consultation will be deemed to have been early enough if the consultation has taken place at least 120 days prior to holding any public hearing or other public comment opportunity on an implementation plan (or plan revision) for regional haze required by this subpart. The opportunity for consultation on an implementation plan (or plan revision) or on a progress report must be provided no less than 60 days prior to said public hearing or public comment opportunity....

SIP Template Outline

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Natural Background Conditions and Assessment of Baseline, Modeling Base Period, and Current Conditions
- 3. Glidepaths to Natural Conditions in 2064
- Types of Emissions Impacting Visibility Impairment
- Regional Haze Modeling Methods and Inputs
- Model Performance **Evaluations**

- 7. 2028 Model Projections
- 8. Long-Term Strategy
- Reasonable Progress Goals
- 10. Monitoring Strategy
- 11. Consultation Process
- 12. Comprehensive Periodic Implementation Plan Revisions
- 13. Determination of the Adequacy of the Existing Plan
- 14. Progress Report

APPENDICES

Dates	Milestone		
Week of 11/2/2020	Send redacted template to EPA R4 and R3. Redacted sections to include those dealing with reasonable progress facility selection and four-factor analysis results. Would like to receive feedback on missing analyses or "show stoppers."		
11/5/2020 - 12/4/2020	EPA review period		
12/7/2020 - 12/15/2020	SIP template workgroup to address EPA's comments		
12/15/2020 - 1/15/2021	Develop state-specific draft		
1/15/2021 - 1/30/2021	States to address EPA's comments		
1/30/2020 - 4/30/2020	Consultation period for FLMs (may vary by state)		
4/30/2021 - 5/30/2021	Address FLM comments		
5/30/2021 - 6/30/2021	Public comment period		
6/30/2021 - 7/31/2021	Address public comment and finalize package for submission		
7/31/2021	Regional Haze SIP due to EPA		

Current Work Topics

- · Cost thresholds for four-factor analyses: workgroup in place to evaluate available information
- Use of off-ramps for four-factor analyses
- Inclusion of various requirements in the SIP as opposed to federally enforceable permits such as construction permits or state operating permits
- NPS and NPCA source listings: some states are in an ongoing dialogue with these groups
- EPA Region 4 source list analysis
- Communications with other states outside of VISTAS for information on facilities impacting VISTAS Class I areas
- How to address face-to-face consultation requirement with FLMs in light of the pandemic? (next slide)

Contacts for Further Information

- · For general, technical, and SIP-related questions, contact the TAWG and CC Co-chairs:
 - TAWG Randy Strait (randy.strait@ncdenr.gov)
 - TAWG Doris McLeod (doris.mcleod@deq.virginia.gov)
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 - CC Jimmy Johnston (<u>james.johnston@tn.gov</u>)
- For project and contract management questions, contact the Project Manager:
 - Chad LaFontaine (clafontaine@metro4-sesarm.org)





west virginia department of environmental protection

Appendix F-3o

National Park Service Consultation: Presentation on Pre-Draft West Virginia Regional Haze SIP October 19, 2021

West Virginia Division of Air Quality 601 57th Street, SE Charleston, WV 25304

Promoting a healthy environment



10/19/2021 - NPS Formal Consultation Call with West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection (WV DEP) Division of Air Quality on Regional Haze SIP Development.

Attendees:

- National Park Service
 - Holly Salazer, Interior Region 1 State College, PA
 - Debbie Miller, ARD Denver, CO
 - Melanie Peters, ARD Denver, CO
 - Don Shepherd, ARD Denver, CO
 - Andrea Stacy, ARD Denver, CO
- West Virginia DEP
 - Todd Shrewsbury
 - Dave Fewell
- Fish & Wildlife Service
 - Tim Allen
- U. S. Forest Service
 - Jeremy Ash
 - Alexia Prosperi
- Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Region 3
 - Keila Pagain-Incle
 - Adam Yarina
 - Todd Ellsworth
 - Megan Goold
 - Michael Gordon

NPS photos from left to right: Acadia NP, Denali NP, Yellowstone NP, Grand Canyon NP

Agenda

- Welcome & Introductions
- NPS Regional Haze Background
- NPS Class I Areas affected by West Virginia
 - Shenandoah NP
- NPS SIP Feedback for West Virginia
 - o Source Selection
 - o Four Factor Analysis Feedback
 - Long Term Strategy
- Next Steps



We welcome discussion at any time during this presentation. Please feel free to ask questions or add information along the way.

NPS Photo from Bluestone National Scenic River in West Virginia.

By the Numbers

- 48 Class I areas
- In **24** states
- 90% of visitors surveyed say that scenic views are extremely to very important
- 100% of visitors surveyed rate clean air in the top 5 attributes to protect in national parks



List of Class I areas: https://www.nps.gov/subjects/air/npsclass1.htm

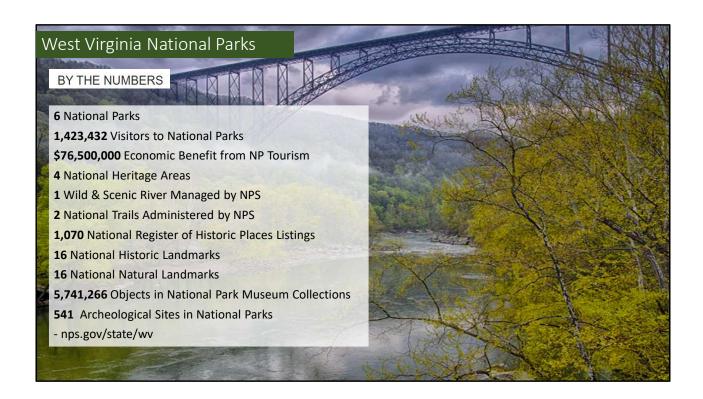
States with at least one Class I area:

AK, AZ, CA, CO, FL, HI, ID, KY, ME, MI, MN, MT, NC, ND, NM, OR, SD, TN, TX, UT, VA, VI, WA, WY

Statistics citation:

Kulesza C and Others. 2013. National Park Service visitor values & perceptions of clean air, scenic views, & dark night skies; 1988–2011. Natural Resource Report. NPS/NRSS/ARD/NRR—2013/622. National Park Service. Fort Collins, Colorado

NPS photo of Great Smoky Mountains NP, NC & TN



National Park Units in West Virginia

- Appalachian National Scenic Trail; Maine to Georgia, CT,GA,MA,MD,ME,NC,NH,NJ,NY,PA,TN,VA,VT,WV
- 2. <u>Bluestone</u> National Scenic River; Athens, Pipestem, and Hinton, WV
- 3. <u>Chesapeake & Ohio Canal</u> National Historical Park; Potomac River, DC,MD,WV
- 4. Gauley River National Recreation Area; Summersville, WV
- 5. Harpers Ferry National Historical Park; Harpers Ferry, WV,VA,MD
- 6. <u>New River Gorge</u> National Park and Preserve; Hinton, Beckley, Glen Jean, and Fayetteville, WV

Affiliated Areas:

- <u>Chesapeake Bay</u>; Chesapeake Bay Watershed, DC,DE,MD,NY,PA,VA,WV
- <u>Lewis & Clark</u> National Historical Trail; Sixteen States: IA,ID,IL,IN,KS,KY,MO,MT,NE,ND,OH,OR,PA,SD,WA,WV

https://www.nps.gov/state/wv/index.htm

NPS Photo from New River Gorge National Park and Preserve



The NPS has an affirmative legal responsibility to protect clean air in national parks.

- 1916 NPS Organic Act: created the agency with the mandate to conserve the scenery, natural and cultural resources, and other values of parks in a way that will leave them unimpaired for the enjoyment of future generations. This statutory responsibility to leave National Park Service units "unimpaired," requires us to protect all National Park Service units from the harmful effects of air pollution.
- In the 1970 Clean Air Act: authorized the development of comprehensive federal and state regulations to limit emissions from both stationary (industrial) sources and mobile sources. The Act also requires the Environmental Protection Agency to set air quality standards.
- 1977 Clean Air Act Amendments: these amendments to the Clean Air Act provide a
 framework for federal land managers such as the National Park Service to have a special
 role in decisions related to new sources of air pollution, and other pollution control
 programs to protect visibility, or how well you can see distant views. The Act established a
 national goal to prevent future and remedy existing visibility impairment in national parks
 larger than 6,000 acres and national wilderness areas larger than 5,000 acres that were in
 existence when the amendments were enacted.
- 1990 Clean Air Act Amendments: created regulatory programs to address acid rain and expanded the visibility protection and toxic air pollution programs. The acid rain regulations began a series of regional emissions reductions from electric generating facilities and industrial sources that have substantially reduced air pollutant emissions.

NPS photo of Washington DC from our air quality webcam: https://npgallery.nps.gov/AirWebCams/wash

Visibility goal:

Restore natural conditions by 2064











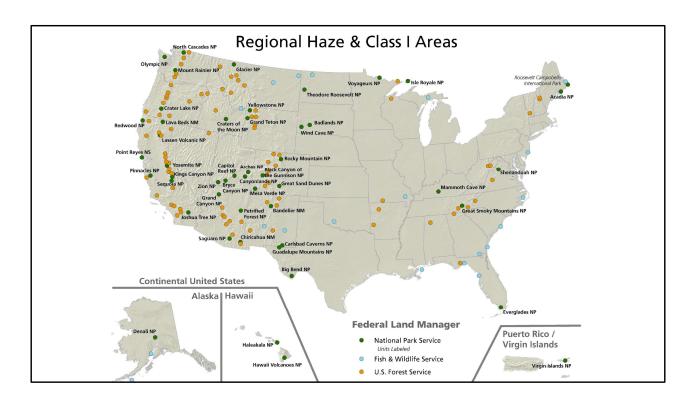


Yosemite NP, California and Great Smoky Mountains NP, Tennessee and North Carolina

Left to right images illustrate hazy to clear conditions.

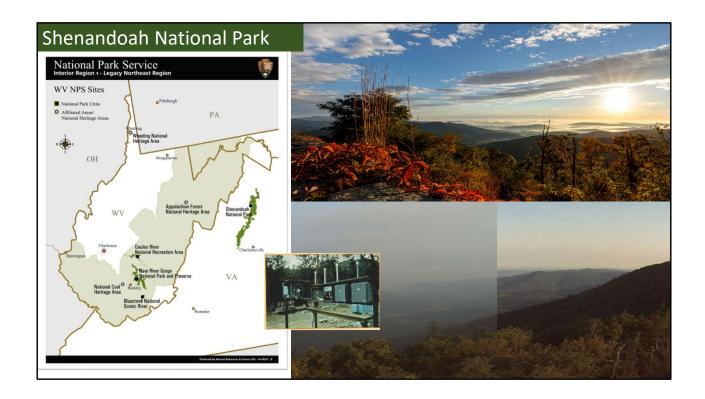
Haze obscures the color and detail in distant features.

NPS photos



As you know, the NPS is one of three Federal Land Managers (FLMs) with responsibility for the 156 Class I areas nationwide. The NPS manages 48 Class I areas.

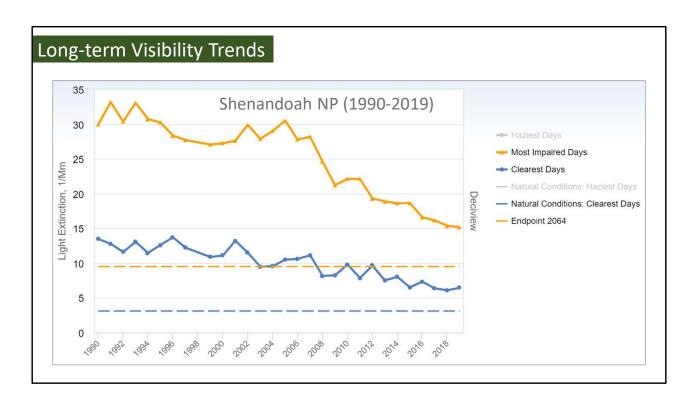
The closest NPS Class I area to WV is Shenandoah NP.



Shenandoah NP is located just 75 miles from Washington, D.C. and is one of the most visited NPs in the east. Many different activities bring visitors to Shenandoah NP, whether it's Skyline Drive or hiking to the rocky peaks of Hawksbill or Old Rag or camping. Visitors can enjoy waterfalls, wildlife, beautiful landscapes and the attraction of fall colors. With over 200,000 acres of protected lands of the Blue Ridge Mountains and beautiful views of the Shenandoah Valley to the west and the Virginia Piedmont to the east, most visitors expect clean air and clear views when visiting the park. Unfortunately, Shenandoah NP experiences some of the highest measured air pollution of any national park in the U.S. As we are all familiar with, the park is downwind of many sources of air pollution from the Mid-Atlantic region and Ohio River Valley. Haze-causing emissions can significantly impact the scenic resources of the park.

NPS photos: Interagency Monitoring of Protected Visual Environments (IMPROVE) monitoring at Shenandoah NP and scenic views from Skyline Drive. The spit image shows hazy and clear conditions captured by our webcam: https://www.nps.gov/subjects/air/webcams.htm?site=shen.

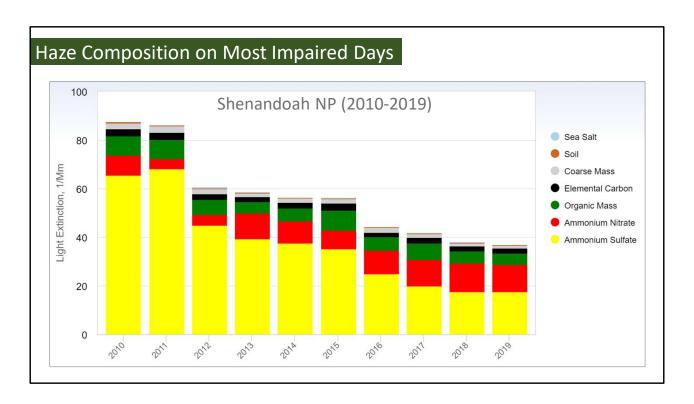
NPS map



Long history of monitoring at Shenandoah NP, 30+ years!

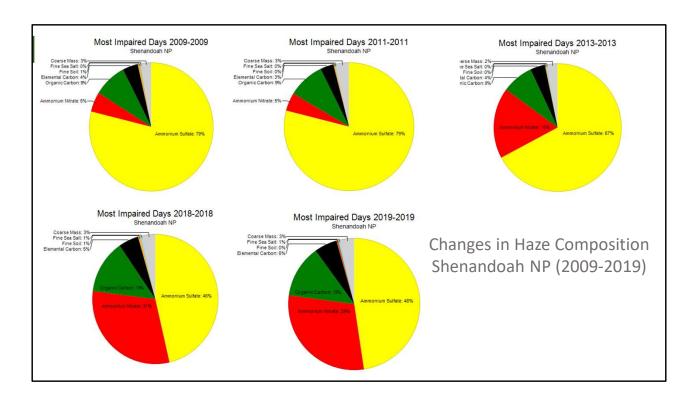
We are seeing steady progress on both Most Impaired and Clearest days at Shenandoah NP but still not at natural conditions for either.

Progress has been made since first RH planning phase, and we want to continue to make progress over this second planning phase as well!

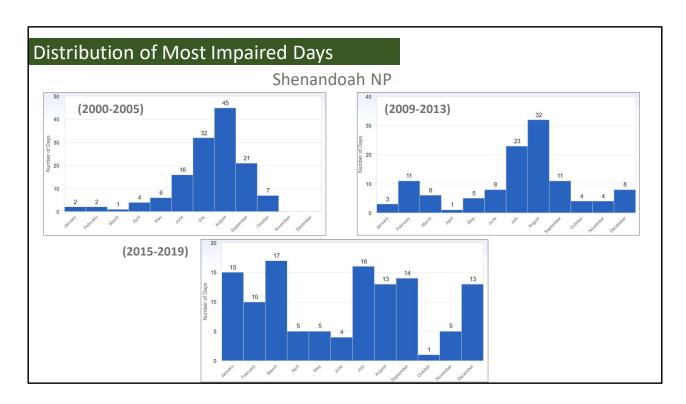


This annual extinction bar graph shows total haze composition over the past 10 years on most impaired days at Shenandoah NP.

As views improve, haze composition is changing. This bar graph highlights the increasing importance of ammonium nitrate to visibility impacts at Shenandoah NP.



In Shenandoah NP, which is most impacted by West Virginia facilities according to VISTAS modeling, nitrate composition has been increasing, and for the period 2015-2019 nitrate comprises 23% of visibility impairment on the 20% MID. In 2018, data show nitrate hit the greatest fraction in recent years, i.e. up to 31% of total light extinction in 2018 was from nitrate. This is followed by 2019 where nitrate comprised 29% of the total light extinction on the 20% MID in Shenandoah NP.



The distribution of Most Impaired Days (MID) is changing – between 2000-2005 monitoring data show that summer is the prominent season for MID. For the period 2009-2013, data show an increase in the number of MID during winter months. Finally, during the most recent five-year period of data, we are just as likely to see MID during the winter as the summer.

National Park Service RHR-R2

- Participating in Regional Planning Organizations (MANEVU, VISTAS)
 - NY, NJ, DC, CT, MA, NH, MD
 - FL, NC, TN, WV
- Evaluating facilities for visibility impacts on our NPS Class I areas
- Provided lists of facilities to VISTAS for 4-factor analysis consideration in 2019
- NPS facility-specific requests and recommendations for WV DEP





SO₂ & NO_x







During the Second Round of RH Planning, the NPS has participated in all five RPO's. For us in the east, NPS participates in MANE-VU and VISTAS.

During this time, the NPS has evaluated facilities for visibility impacts on our Class I areas.

- We used a NPS Class I centric approach
- For each NPS Class I area, we identified those facilities associated with contributing 80% of visibility impacts, based on EPA's 2016/2018 guidance
- Calculated Q/d for sources within 1,000km of NPS Class I boundaries using SO₂ and NO_x emissions.
- We excluded PM b/c it's well controlled on stationary sources and difficult to control for remaining area sources (including mines)
- We removed rail yards and airports
- Adjusted our results to reflect those facilities that had been controlled, shut down, changed fuels, or that we knew would be controlled before 2028

The NPS provided lists of facilities to states and RPOs in 2018 and 2019.

And during our formal NPS-to-state consultations, we provide our specific facility requests and overall recommendations to individual states.

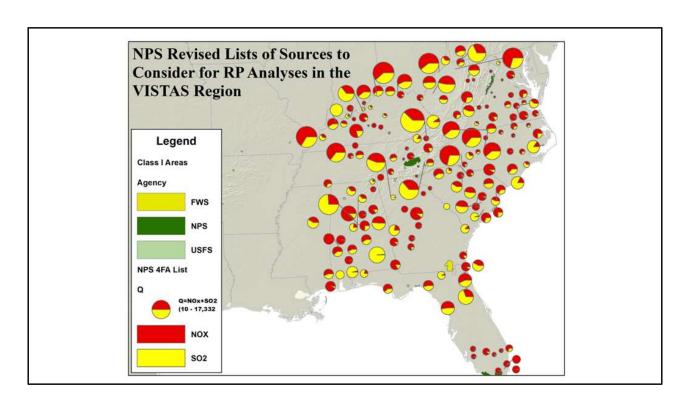
VISTAS Approach Concerns

Exclusion of NO_x/Nitrate from 4FA

- The VISTAS rationale for excluding NO_x emissions from reasonable progress is based on an outdated modeling base year and inaccurate assumptions about the current and future distribution of most-impaired days.
 - The VISTAS analyses justifying exclusion of NO_x do not aDEPuately account for current conditions on the 20% most-impaired days.
 - As SO₂ emissions decline and the seasonality of most-impaired days shifts, Nitrate is increasingly important in many VISTAS Class I areas. These shifts are not captured in the VISTAS modeling analysis.
- NO_x emissions from stationary point sources are not trivial (based on both current and 2028 inventories).
- States should evaluate NO_x and SO₂ control opportunities in this planning period.

As discussed during the consultation call, the NPS is not suggesting that West Virginia needs to re-model using an alternate base year. Instead, we are recommending that the model results be evaluated and considered in light of recent monitoring data.

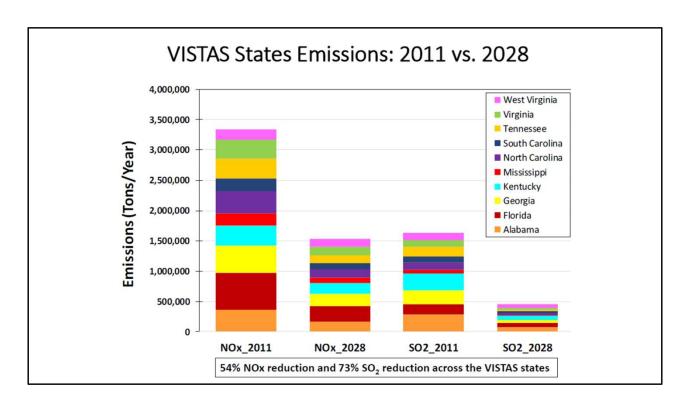
Monitoring information from the past ten years should be used to ground truth modeling results and inform RP analyses and decisions. In doing so, we note that the VISTAS 2011 base-year modeling is dramatically under predicting nitrate. We recommend that West Virginia and other VISTAS states use a weight of evidence approach that incorporates recent monitoring information in their RP decisions. We recommend that West Virginia evaluate NO_x emission reduction opportunities in this round of Regional Haze SIP development.



This map shows the most recent emissions inventory data (2020-CAMD/2017-NEI) for VISTAS sources identified by the earlier (2020) NPS Q/d methodology. Although we are now recommending VISTAS states consider alternate approaches to source selection using the VISTAS EWRT*Q/d results, this map illustrates the current distribution and scale of and SO_2 stationary sources in the region.

For West Virginia, we observe that the point source emissions are relatively high and for many facilities they are predominantly NO_x .

NPS map, April 2021



VISTAS emissions projections for 2028 show that there will be 1.5 million tons of NO_x (3 times the amount of SO_2) at the end of this planning period. Increasing trends in nitrate haze on most-impaired days will likely continue. We encourage West Virginia to expand focus from SO_2 in reasonable progress determinations and explore opportunities to further reduce NO_x emissions in this planning period.

VISTAS Graphic (Slide 9 from 8/4/2020 EPA, FLM, RPO Briefing presentation: VISTAS_Pres_FLMs_EPA_200804.pdf)

Exclusion of NO_x/Nitrate from 4FA (1)

- EPA acknowledges the importance of nitrate as an anthropogenic source of haze in their recent clarification memorandum, noting that:
 - In "nearly all Class I areas, the largest particulate matter (PM) components of anthropogenic visibility impairment are sulfate and nitrate, caused primarily by PM precursors SO₂ and NO_x, respectively."
 - Given this, the EPA "generally expects" states to analyze both SO₂ and NO_x when determining control measures.

Ammonium nitrate from NO_x emissions is a significant anthropogenic haze causing pollutant. Over the past 10-years the importance of ammonium nitrate on the 20% most-impaired days has increased for Shenandoah NP. As SO_2 emissions continue to decline and the seasonality of most-impaired days shifts, NO_x emissions are increasingly important for many VISTAS Class I areas.

Again, we agree the modelling methods used the VISTAS states follow EPA guidance and are technically correct. However, the time period selected for the analysis is no longer reflective of current information and this was not factored into the decision-making process. The importance of ammonium nitrate and the distribution of the most-impaired days has changed significantly since the 2011 base year. As a result, 2028 projections based on the 2011 most-impaired days (which were ammonium sulfate dominated and occurred during the summer) miss the importance of nitrogen oxide emissions and ammonium nitrate extinction during the cooler months of the year that are now among the most-impaired days.

Exclusion of NO_x/Nitrate from 4FA (2)

 West Virginia compared the VISTAS modeling (2011 base year) to EPA modeling (2016 base year) to confirm their original conclusions from the VISTAS Model.

Model Predictions vs. Monitoring Data:

- Modeling is useful in determining the relative effectiveness of overall control strategies (i.e., using RRFs to calculate RPGs) in a future year.
- West Virginia & VISTAS used model results alone to determine that nitrate, a major component of anthropogenic impairment, does not warrant consideration in this round. Current visibility data and emission information contradicts this conclusion.

Exclusion of NO_x/Nitrate from 4FA (3)

- NPS recommends that West Virginia address the current and future importance of nitrate for visibility impairment and consider NO_x emission reduction opportunities in this round of RH SIP development.
- Reducing NO_x emissions would have additional regional co-benefits for ozone and nitrogen deposition in downwind Shenandoah National Park.

VISTAS Approach Concerns

Source Selection

- The *individual facility percent-of-total-impact* metrics are arbitrarily high and inherently less protective of the more-impacted Class I areas in the VISTAS region.
- The threshold for selecting an individual facility is 80 times higher in the most-impacted Class I area than in the least-impacted Class I area in the VISTAS region.
- PSAT Modeling: We do not agree with using the absolute model values to exclude individual facilities from consideration for which reasonable reduction measures may be achieved, particularly when an arbitrarily high impact threshold is used to make this determination.

VISTAS Approach Concerns

Source Selection

Underlying methodology EWRT*Q/d analysis



- Updated NPS lists of facilities
 - 80% of total AOI Impact

We acknowledge that an EWRT*Q/d approach is more robust than a simple Q/d approach because it also considers extinction and meteorology on the 20% MID. Accordingly, we updated our approach using the VISTAS EWRT*Q/d results and evaluated two alternative threshold metrics that could be used in lieu of the VISTAS individual facility percent-of-total-impact thresholds.

• Clarification Note: While we agree with using AOI approaches as opposed to a simple Q/d, this is not a wholesale endorsement of the VISTAS methods. We still have technical objections to the reliance on an outdated base year that underpins the AOI & CAMx analyses. Because of this, the outdated MIDs used in the analysis likely underestimate the role of $\mathrm{NO}_3/\mathrm{NO}_x$ into the future, which contradicts current IMPROVE data. This affects the facility selection process by failing to account for the role of ammonium nitrate on the recent MID and biases the analysis against selecting NO_x sources. Adjusting the selection thresholds does not address this issue. Regardless, we agree that it is more sophisticated than a simple Q/d approach and we used the VISTAS EWRT*Q/d in our revised source screening analyses.

Our first approach, and the one applied to West Virginia used a threshold that captures 80% of the total Class I Area impact (e.g., 80% of the TCI) for sulfate & nitrate, as was recommended in the 2016 draft regional haze guidance. This produced a list of all the facilities that contribute up to 80% of the cumulative AOI impact in NPS VISTAS Class I areas. We are calling these results the "80% cut-off results."

The second alternative approach applied an absolute value threshold—we are not recommending this approach for West Virginia. For more information see our May 2021 comments on the VISTAS analyses.

Source Selection

- West Virginia selected six sources using the 1% PSAT threshold
 - Pleasants Power Station, Harrison Plant, Fort Martin, John E Amos, Mitchell & Grant Town Plants. (Note: West Virginia did not include results for SHEN in the SIP.)
- Only one of these sources, Pleasant's Power Station, completed a four-factor analysis. All six sources determined that additional SO₂ controls are neither necessary nor feasible, citing the following:
 - · Class I areas are well below the URP.
 - Existing controls that meet MATs limits for SO₂ along with other CAA regulations.
- NPS recommends that West Virginia consider the additional emissions sources contributing to 80% of the AOI impact at NPS Class I areas, as recommended in the next slide.

Reminder, our analysis and recommendations only considered NPS Class I areas.

Source Selection—New NPS List of Sources for West Virginia

- 12 sources identified using the VISTAS AOI data (80% of total AOI impact at NPS Class I areas).
- These 12 facilities were on our original Q/d list sent to West Virginia for consideration. After further review, this list was reduced to the ten sources highlighted in green—the NPS requests additional analysis of these sources.

	Facility	NPS Class I Areas Affected	Pollutants	Selected By WV
1	Monongahela Power Co. Pleasants Power Station	SHEN, GRSM, MACA	SO2, NOx	✓
2	Allegheny Energy Co. Harrison Plant	SHEN	SO2	✓
3	Monongahela Power Co. Fort Martin Power Plant	SHEN, GRSM	SO2, NOx	✓
4	Appalachian Power Co. John E Amos Plant	SHEN, GRSM	SO2, NOx	✓
5	Dominion Resources Mount Storm Power Station	SHEN	SO2, NOx	
6	Mitchell Plant	SHEN	SO2, NOx	✓
7	American Bituminous Power Grant Town Plant	SHEN	SO2, NOx	✓
8	Longview Power	SHEN	SO2, NOx	
9	Appalachian Power Co. Mountaineer Plant	SHEN, GRSM	SO2, NOx	
10	Dupont Washington Works	SHEN	NA	
11	Morgantown Energy Associates	SHEN	NA	
12	Capitol Cement - Essroc Martinsburg Plant	SHEN	SO2, NOx	

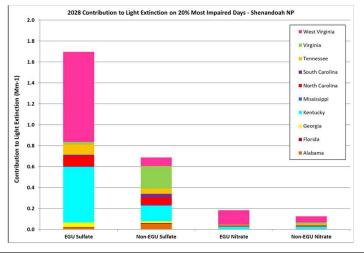
Using the 80% of total AOI impact to NPS Class I areas identifies 12 West Virginia sources affecting visibility at Shenandoah NP. This final list of 10 removes sources that have converted to natural gas. Note that all of these sources were included on the original list we shared with West Virginia for consideration in 2019.

Acronyms:

- GRSM, Great Smoky Mountains NP (North Carolina & Tennessee)
- SHEN, Shenandoah NP (Virginia)
- MACA, Mammoth Cave NP (Kentucky)

A closer look at West Virginia EGUs

• Among the Vistas Region States, West Virginia EGUs are the most significant contributors to visibility impairment in Shenandoah NP based on the VISTAS 2028 PSAT modeling.



*Many West Virginia EGUs operate existing controls, but based on historic emissions, limits could be tightened to ensure continued progress.

This graph shows the 2028 modeled contribution to light extinction on 20% most impaired days at Shenandoah NP. The pink color represents emissions from West Virginia which dominate extinction attributed to EGUs for Sulfate and Nitrate. Also, recognize that extinction from nitrate is very likely under predicted since the most impaired set of days was held constant by the modeling and focuses on summertime days.

VISTAS Graphic (from "VISTAS PSAT Source Apport Results April 2020.xlsm")

A closer look at West Virginia EGUs

EPA 2021 clarification memo Section 2.3 on Effectively Controlled:

"[States] should further consider information specific to the source, including recent actual and projected emission rates, to determine if the source could reasonably attain a lower rate."

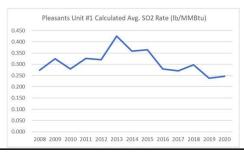
"It may be difficult for a state to demonstrate that a four-factor analysis is futile for a source just because it has an "effective control" if it has recently operated at a significantly lower emission rate."

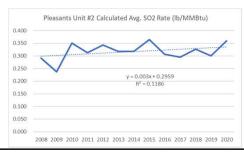
"In that case, a four-factor analysis may identify a lower emission rate (e.g., associated with more efficient use of the "effective existing controls") that may be reasonable and thus necessary for reasonable progress. If a source can achieve, or is achieving, a lower emission rate using its existing measures than the rate assumed for the "effective control," a state should further analyze the lower emission rate(s) as a potential control option."

A closer look at West Virginia EGUs

Monongahela Power Co. Pleasants Power Station

- Pollution control equipment on the Pleasants units are not among the top tier performers for SO₂ or NOx. Out of 494 coal-fired units in the CAMD database in 2020, when ranked best to worst performing:
 - Unit 1 Ranked #356 for its SO₂ emission rate and #370 for its NO_x emission rate.
 - Unit 2 Ranked #394 for its SO₂ emission rate and #379 for its NO_x emission rate.
- Existing Scrubbers were installed in 1979 and upgraded in 2008.





NPS Charts, 2021

A closer look at West Virginia EGUs

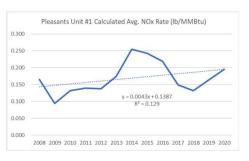
Monongahela Power Co. Pleasants Power Station

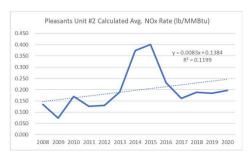
- Monongahela Power completed cost analyses for replacement equipment (but not for scrubber upgrades). They estimated replacement scrubber costs at approx. \$9k-11k/ton.
- The information in the Pleasant's 4FA was incomplete, however, we noted several errors.
- NPS estimated the incremental cost effectiveness of scrubber replacement:
 - Unit 1: \$7,534/ton for an additional 2,525 TPY additional SO₂ reduction
 - Unit 2: \$5,336/ton for an additional 3,579 TPY additional SO₂ reduction
- We recommend that cost-effective scrubber replacements are implemented in this round of RH planning.

A closer look at West Virginia EGUs

Monongahela Power Co. Pleasants Power Station

- The last 13 years of emissions information demonstrate that lower NO_x emission rates are achievable with the existing LNB + SCR system.
- Evaluate and implement options to ensure consistent low NO_x emissions are achieved with the existing controls (e.g., permit limits, optimization of control efficiency).





NPS Charts, 2021

A closer look at West Virginia EGUs

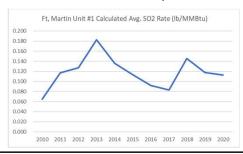
Monongahela Power Co. Fort Martin Power Plant

- NO_x emissions are controlled with SNCR. Out of 494 coal-fired units in the CAMD database in 2020, when ranked best to worst performing:
 - Unit 1 Ranked #438 for its NO_x emission rate.
 - Unit 2 Ranked #437 for its NO_x emission rate.
- WV DEP should complete a four-factor analysis to evaluate additional NO_x control options for the Fort Martin units.
- The NPS estimated the incremental cost of replacing the existing SNCRs with SCRs and found:
 - Unit 1: \$3,181/ton for an additional 3,399 TPY additional NO_x reduction
 - Unit 2: \$3,611/ton for an additional 3,003 TPY additional NO, reduction
- The NPS recommends that the existing SNCR systems be replaced with SCR.

A closer look at West Virginia EGUs

Monongahela Power Co. Fort Martin Power Plant

- The wet scrubbers were upgraded in 2016. Based on CAMD emission data:
 - Unit #1 is capable of better than 97% control and may have been achieving better than 98% control @ 0.065 lb/mmBtu.
 - Unit #2 is capable of better than 97% control and may have been achieving better than 99.5% control @ 0.027 lb/mmBtu.
 - Both units should be capable of meeting 0.08 lb/mmBtu on an annual average. Permit limits should be established to ensure best operation and maintenance of the SO₂ scrubbers.





NPS Charts, 2021

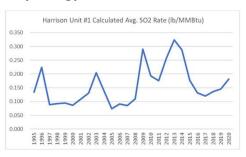
A closer look at West Virginia EGUs

American Bituminous Power Grant Town Plant

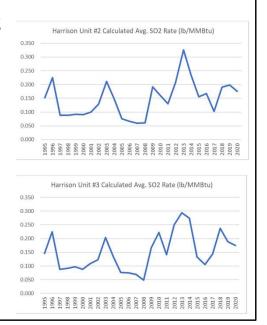
- West Virginia determined that a four-factor analysis was not necessary for this facility because:
 - The facility T5 permit limits SO₂ emissions to less than the quantity projected to exceed the 1.00% visibility threshold—Can WV DEP please clarify this?
 - 2036 Retirement Date—We note that this date is near the end of the third planning period and should not be relied on to avoid analysis. If this shutdown date is federally enforceable it may be used to shorten the remaining useful life in a four-factor analysis.
- CAMD Data:
 - From 2015-2019 SO₂ Ranged from 0.311 0.57 lb/MMBtu.
 - From 2015-2019 NO_x Ranged from 0.30 0.34 lb/MMBtu
 - The Grant Town emission rates are high relative to other well-controlled coal-fired facilities.
 - Please complete a four-factor analysis to evaluate the costs of additional SO₂ and NO_x controls.

A closer look at WV EGUs

Allegheny Energy Co. Harrison Plant -Example



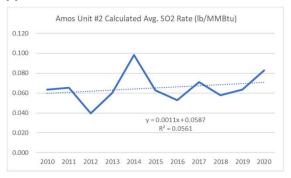
- SO₂ emission rates range from 0.048 to 0.326 lb/MMBtu.
- Evaluate and implement options to ensure consistent low SO₂ emissions are achieved with the existing controls (e.g., permit limits, optimization of efficiency/scrubber upgrades).

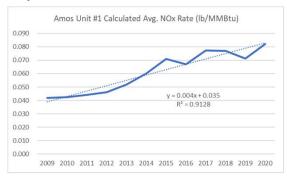


NPS Charts, 2021

A closer look at West Virginia EGUs

Appalachian Power Co. John E Amos Plant—Examples



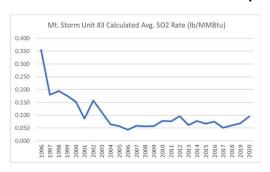


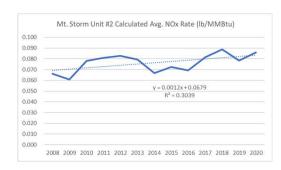
- Annual SO_2 emission rates range from 0.040 to 0.103 lb/MMBtu. Annual NO_x emission rates range from 0.042 to 0.113 lb/MMBtu
- Evaluate and implement options to ensure consistent low SO₂ emissions are achieved with the existing controls (e.g., permit limits, optimization of efficiency/scrubber upgrades).

NPS Charts, 2021

A closer look at West Virginia EGUs

Mount Storm Power Station—Example

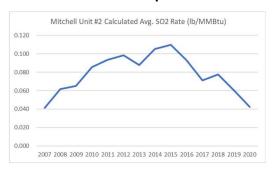


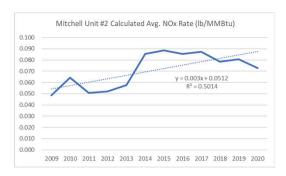


- Annual SO_2 emission rates range from 0.048 to 0.158 lb/MMBtu. Annual NO_x emission rates range from 0.061 to 0.437 lb/MMBtu
- Evaluate and implement options to ensure consistent low SO₂ emissions are achieved with the existing controls (e.g., permit limits, optimization of efficiency/scrubber upgrades).

A closer look at West Virginia EGUs

Mitchell Plant—Example



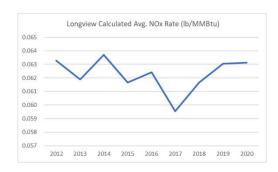


- Annual SO_2 emission rates range from 0.042 to 0.112 lb/MMBtu. Annual NO_x emission rates range from 0.050 to 0.097 lb/MMBtu
- Evaluate and implement options to ensure consistent low SO₂ emissions are achieved with the existing controls (e.g., permit limits, optimization of efficiency/scrubber upgrades).

A closer look at West Virginia EGUs

Longview Power—Example

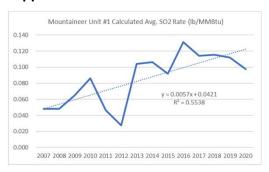


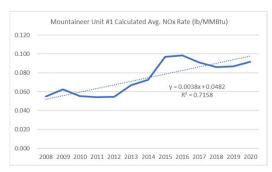


- Annual SO_2 emission rates range from 0.051 to 0.089 lb/MMBtu. Annual NO_x emission rates range from 0.063 to 0.070 lb/MMBtu
- Evaluate and implement options to ensure consistent low SO₂ emissions are achieved with the existing controls (e.g., permit limits, optimization of efficiency/scrubber upgrades).

A closer look at West Virginia EGUs

Appalachian Power Co. Mountaineer Plant





- Annual SO_2 emission rates range from 0.048 to 0.131 lb/MMBtu. Annual NO_x emission rates range from 0.055 to 0.098 lb/MMBtu
- Evaluate and implement options to ensure consistent low SO₂ emissions are achieved with the existing controls (e.g., permit limits, optimization of efficiency/scrubber upgrades).

Summary of NPS Requests/Recommendations

Pleasants Energy:

- SO₂: Consider NPS evaluation of scrubber replacement costs and implement cost-effective options to replace the aging SO₂ controls on the Pleasants units.
- NO_x: Evaluate and implement options to ensure consistent low NO_x emissions are achieved with the
 existing LNB + SCR system (e.g., permit limits, optimization of efficiency).

Fort Martin:

- SO₂: Evaluate and implement options to ensure consistent low SO₂ emissions are achieved with the existing scrubbers (e.g., permit limits, optimization of efficiency).
- NO_x: Complete a four-factor analysis for NO_x control option and consider NPS cost estimates for replacement of the existing SNCR with SCR.

• Grant Town Power Plant:

- SO₂: Completed a four-factor analysis to evaluate the costs of post-combustion SO₂ controls.
- NO_x: Completed a four-factor analysis to evaluate NO_x control options.

Remaining EGUs:

Evaluate and implement options to ensure consistent low SO₂ and NO_x emissions are achieved with the
existing controls (e.g., permit limits, optimization of efficiency).

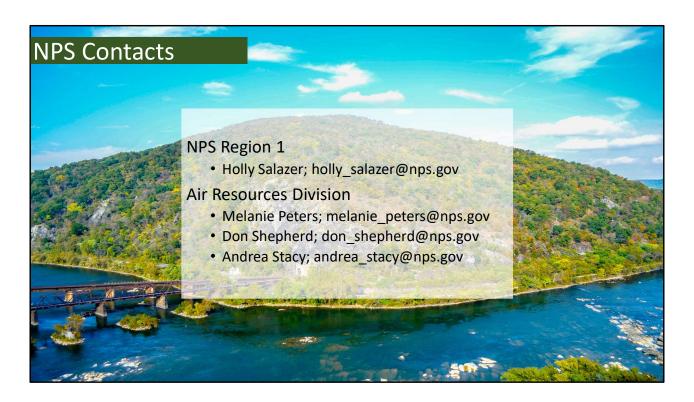
• Capitol Cement - Essroc Martinsburg Plant:

• Conduct a four-factor analysis to evaluate SO₂ and NO_x emission reduction opportunities.



The NPS will submit an email summary of our October 19, 2021 consultation call along with any final review comments by October 26, 2021.

NPS photo New River Gorge National Park and Preserve



For any formal notifications of public documents, please include the above list of NPS staff.



west virginia department of environmental protection

Appendix F-3p

National Park Service Consultation: Written Comments on Pre-Draft West Virginia Regional Haze SIP October 26, 2021

West Virginia Division of Air Quality 601 57th Street, SE Charleston, WV 25304

Promoting a healthy environment

ATTACHMENT 1 NATIONAL PARK SERVICE DETAILED COMMENTS ON WEST VIRGINIA'S DRAFT REGIONAL HAZE SIP

October 26, 2021

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1 Introduction and General Comments

We commend West Virginia for developing a well-organized, detailed Regional Haze State Implementation plan (SIP), and for engaging with the National Park Service (NPS) during the FLM consultation period. We also recognize and appreciate the significant SO_2 and NO_x emission reductions and visibility improvements that West Virginia has achieved in the last decade. Still, significant additional progress is necessary before the ultimate visibility goal of no human caused visibility impairment is realized for NPS Class I areas affected by West Virginia emissions. These Class I areas include Shenandoah National Park (NP) in Virginia, Great Smoky Mountains NP in Tennessee and North Carolina, and Mammoth Cave NP in Kentucky.

Under the Clean Air Act (§169A and B) and Federal Regional Haze Rule (40 CFR §51.308), states are required to develop a State Implementation Plan (SIP) and substantively engage with agencies that manage national parks and wildernesses designated as Class I areas. States are also required to update SIPs every 10 years to address haze-causing air pollution and ensure progress is made toward achieving the overall program goal which is "the prevention of any future, and the remedying of any existing, impairment of visibility in mandatory class I Federal areas which impairment results from manmade air pollution."

It is with this in mind that we provide the following feedback and recommendations, as presented during our consultation call with West Virginia on October 19, 2021. This attachment to our emailed comments documents the topics discussed during that call and provides additional detail to support NPS conclusions and recommendations presented during our consultation call. It is our intention for these recommendations to strengthen West Virginia's proposed long-term strategy addressing regional haze in NPS Class I areas.

1.1 Facilities recommended for analysis by the NPS

Specifically, we request that WV conduct (or expand and revise) four-factor analyses to evaluate cost-effective SO_2 and NO_x emission reduction opportunities in this planning period for the following facilities:

- 1. Monongahela Power Co. Pleasants Power Station
- 2. Allegheny Energy Co. Harrison Plant
- 3. Monongahela Power Co. Fort Martin Power Plant
- 4. Appalachian Power Co. John E Amos Plant
- 5. Dominion Resources Mount Storm Power Station
- 6. American Electric Power Mitchell Plant
- 7. American Bituminous Power Grant Town Plant
- 8. Longview Power
- 9. Appalachian Power Co. Mountaineer Plant
- 10. Capitol Cement Essroc Martinsburg Plant

Our process for identifying facilities for review was described during our consultation call and in our May 14, 2021 comments to the VISTAS region states. We developed our revised list of

facilities using the VISTAS AOI results in response to our concerns regarding the arbitrarily high source selection thresholds used by the VISTAS states. We ranked the facilities according to their AOI impact for each NPS Class I area. We then compiled a list of facilities for each state that comprises 80% of the combined AOI visibility impact from sulfur and nitrogen compounds for NPS Class I areas in the VISTAS region. Only facilities that comprise the top 80% of the AOI impact for any NPS Class I area were included. This resulted in a list of 12 West Virginia facilities affecting visibility at Shenandoah, Great Smoky Mountains, and Mammoth Cave NPs. We narrowed this list to ten by removing two facilities that have converted to natural gas. (See slide 23 of our October 19, 2021 PowerPoint presentation, NPS-WV_RH-ConsultationSlides_10.19.2021.pdf). Each of the ten sources that we are now recommending for four-factor analysis were also included on the original list we shared with West Virginia for consideration in 2019.

The NPS list includes one non-EGU facility, the Capitol Cement-Essroc Martinsburg Plant, as potentially impacting Shenandoah NP. The remaining sources are electric generating units (EGUs). As discussed on slide 24 from our consultation meeting, among the VISTAS Region States, West Virginia EGUs are the most significant contributors to visibility impairment in Shenandoah NP based on the VISTAS 2028 PSAT modeling.

We encourage West Virginia to evaluate and implement any cost-effective emission reduction opportunities. This includes an assessment of existing pollution control equipment at the EGUs to ensure controls are operated efficiently and achieve consistently low SO₂ and NO_x emissions using permit limits, optimization of equipment efficiency, or equipment upgrades. For the Pleasant's Energy and Fort Martin facilities specifically, we request that West Virginia require cost-effective equipment replacement options. We are providing cost analyses that support our recommendation to replace the aging SO₂ scrubbers at the Pleasants Energy facility and replace the SNCR systems with SCR at the Fort Martin facility. Such action would demonstrate WV's commitment to substantively address regional haze requirements and make reasonable progress towards clean air and clear views in this planning period.

1.2 NPS feedback on West Virginia reasonable progress determinations

The RP analyses provided for the EGUs in the WV draft SIP are likely not sufficient to fulfill the regional haze analytical requirements. Under §7491 of the Clean Air Act (CAA), SIPs are required to contain:

"emission limits, schedules of compliance and other measures as may be necessary to make reasonable progress toward meeting the national goal."

These measures are to be identified using the four statutory factors, which are also listed in §7491:

"the costs of compliance, the time necessary for compliance, and the energy and nonair quality environmental impacts of compliance, and the remaining useful life of any existing source."

A full four-factor analysis was conducted for only one WV source and as described in the source-specific feedback below, there are issues with this cost analysis. However, six WV EGUs exceeded the VISTAS 1% of the total EGU + non-EGU impact at the West Virginia Class I areas and were "selected" for four-factor analysis in the draft WV SIP: (1) Monongahela Power Co. Pleasants Power Station; (2) Allegheny Energy Co. Harrison Plant; (3) Monongahela Power Co. Fort Martin Power Plant; (4) Appalachian Power Co. John E Amos Plant; (5) American Electric Power Mitchell Plant; (6) American Bituminous Power Grant Town Plant.

Based on the information presented in the SIP, West Virginia did not tag WV facilities for impacts to Shenandoah NP. Regardless, each of the six EGUs "selected" by WV is also on the NPS list of sources recommended for four-factor analysis and emissions reductions. As discussed in our presentation and in our May 2021 comments to the VISTAS region states, the percent-of-total-impact thresholds selected by the VISTAS region states were inherently less protective of the most impacted Class I areas. For example, the absolute value of the VISTAS thresholds to identify a source affecting Shenandoah NP is 32 times higher than was needed to identify a source affecting Everglades NP in Florida (the least-visibility-impaired VISTAS Class I area). While the threshold selected by WV to "tag" sources in the first screening step, which was 0.2% of the AOI impact for sulfate or nitrate, was lower than the percent-based threshold selected by any other VISTAS state, it did not result in conducting a greater number of four-factor analyses, nor did it make an appreciable difference in the outcome, as no additional emission reductions were included in the long-term strategy.

Of the six facilities selected, WV DEP pre-determined that a four-factor analysis was not necessary for the American Bituminous Power Grant Town. Four-factor analyses were requested from the remaining five EGUs, but only one, Monongahela Power Co. Pleasants Power Station, provided the requested information. Ultimately, WV determined that additional controls are not necessary for any of the WV EGUs (with or without cost analyses), citing the following justifications for each of the facilities:

- The "rate of progress at the mandatory federal Class I areas identified are well ahead of the uniform rate of progress goals to natural background visibility" and therefore, additional emissions reductions are not necessary.
- These are facilities are already meeting other CAA requirements, including the limits for the Mercury Air Toxics Standards (MATS) rule and the Cross State Air Pollution Rule (CSAPR) and therefore, no additional controls are necessary.

1.3 Below the Uniform Rate of Progress (URP) and reasonable progress determinations

Technically feasible, cost-effective controls identified through four-factor analysis should be implemented in this planning period, regardless of where the state will be relative to the uniform rate of progress (URP) in 2028. EPA addressed this issue at length in the preamble to the 2017 revisions to the Regional Haze Rule. For example, when addressing RP analysis requirements and how this relates to the URP, EPA states:

"Some commenters stated a desire for corresponding rule text dealing with situations where RPGs are equal to ("on") or better than ("below") the URP or glidepath.

Several commenters stated that the URP or glidepath should be a "safe harbor," opining that states should be permitted to analyze whether projected visibility conditions for the end of the implementation period will be on or below the glidepath based on on-the-books or on-the-way control measures, and that in such cases a four-factor analysis should not be required.

The CAA requires that each SIP revision contain long-term strategies for making reasonable progress, and that in determining reasonable progress states must consider the four statutory factors. Treating the URP as a safe harbor would be inconsistent with the statutory requirement that states assess the potential to make further reasonable progress towards natural visibility goal in every implementation period. Even if a state is currently on or below the URP, there may be sources contributing to visibility impairment for which it would be reasonable to apply additional control measures in light of the four factors. Although it may conversely be the case that no such sources or control measures exist in a particular state with respect to a particular Class I area and implementation period, this should be determined based on a four-factor analysis for a reasonable set of in-state sources that are contributing the most to the visibility impairment that is still occurring at the Class I area. It would bypass the four statutory factors and undermine the fundamental structure and purpose of the reasonable progress analysis to treat the URP as a safe harbor, or as a rigid requirement. [Emphasis added.]

This point was reiterated at length in Section 5.4 of EPA's July 2021 Clarification Memorandum:

"The URP is a planning metric used to gauge the amount of progress made thus far and the amount left to make. It is not based on consideration of the four statutory factors and, therefore, cannot answer the question of whether the amount of progress made in any particular implementation period is "reasonable progress." This concept was explained in the RHR preamble. Therefore, states must select a reasonable number sources and evaluate and determine emission reduction measures that are necessary to make reasonable progress by considering the four statutory factors."

EPA further emphasized the need to achieve "meaningful reductions" in this round of haze planning in the introduction section of the Clarification Memorandum, again noting that such reductions should be identified through analysis of the four statutory factors listed in the CAA:

"EPA intends the second planning period of the regional haze program to secure meaningful reductions in visibility impairing pollutants that build on the significant progress states have already achieved. There exist many opportunities for states to leverage both ongoing and upcoming emission reductions under other CAA programs;

-

¹ Protection of Visibility: Amendments to Requirements for State Plans, Final Rule, Vol. 82 Fed. Reg. 3078 (January 10, 2017).

however, we also expect states to undertake rigorous reasonable progress analyses that identify further opportunities to advance the national visibility goal consistent with the statutory and regulatory requirements." [Emphasis added.]

While we appreciate and recognize the substantial emission reductions that have occurred in West Virginia over the last decade, this does not remove the obligation to consider Reasonable Progress measures based on the four statutory factors. Section 5.2 of the EPA Clarification Memo:

"However, a state should generally not reject cost-effective and otherwise reasonable controls merely because there have been emission reductions since the first planning period owing to other ongoing air pollution control programs or merely because visibility is otherwise projected to improve at Class I areas. More broadly, we do not think a state should rely on these two additional factors to summarily assert that the state has already made sufficient progress and, therefore, no sources need to be selected or no new controls are needed regardless of the outcome of four-factor analyses. Doing so would be similar in principle as relying on URP as a safe harbor, which we have consistently stated does not comport with the RHR, as noted in Section 5.4. We do think states can consider these factors in a more tailored manner, for instance in choosing between multiple control options when all are reasonable based on the four statutory factors."

Given the lack of four-factor analyses to support the WV SIP conclusions and RP determinations, we do not believe the analytical obligations of the CAA have been met. WV should rectify this issue and revise the draft SIP by conducting or expanding and revising the four-factor analyses to evaluate and implement cost-effective SO_2 and NO_x emission reduction opportunities in this planning period.

1.4 General NPS feedback on criteria for determining "effectively controlled"

As described above, WV determined that each of their EGUs is already "effectively controlled" however, an analysis was not performed to verify these determinations. The July 2021 EPA Clarification Memorandum addressed the analytical expectations for these determinations:

"The underlying rationale for the "effective controls" flexibility is that if a source's emissions are already well controlled, it is unlikely that further cost-effective reductions are available. A state relying on an "effective control" to avoid performing a four-factor analysis for a source should demonstrate why, for that source specifically, a four-factor analysis would not result in new controls and would, therefore, be a futile exercise. States should first assess whether the source in question already operates an "effective control" as described in the August 2019 Guidance. They should further consider information specific to the source, including recent actual and projected emission rates, to determine if the source could reasonably attain a lower rate. It may be difficult for a state to demonstrate that a four-factor analysis is futile for a source just because it has an "effective control" if it has recently operated at a significantly

lower emission rate. In that case, a four-factor analysis may identify a lower emission rate (e.g., associated with more efficient use of the "effective existing controls") that may be reasonable and thus necessary for reasonable progress. If a source can achieve, or is achieving, a lower emission rate using its existing measures than the rate assumed for the "effective control," a state should further analyze the lower emission rate(s) as a potential control option." [Emphasis added.]

In the following sections, we have summarized and documented annual averages of historic operating and emissions data for each of the nine EGUs on the NPS list of sources recommended for analysis. This information suggests that most of these facilities have achieved lower SO₂ or NO_x (or both) emission rates in the past, presenting opportunities to analyze potential upgrades and/or fine-tuning of existing emissions control equipment.

For several of the sources, we note that replacing equipment with newer, higher control efficiency options may be cost-effective. This recommendation is also in line with guidance in the EPA July 2021 Clarification Memorandum, which states:

"Similarly, in some cases, states may be able to achieve greater control efficiencies, and, therefore, lower emission rates, using their existing measures. Considering efficiency improvements for an existing control (e.g., using additional reagent to increase the efficiency of an existing scrubber) as a potential measure is generally reasonable since in many cases such improvements may only involve additional operation and maintenance costs. States should generally include efficiency improvements for sources' existing measures as control options in their four-factor analyses in addition to other types of emission reduction measures." [Emphasis added.]

As discussed during our October 19, 2021 consultation call and presentation, we have seen several examples of cost analyses for scrubber upgrades, where improvements were found to be very cost-effective.

1.5 West Virginia contributions to visibility impairment in Shenandoah National Park

Among the VISTAS region states, West Virginia point sources have the greatest contribution to both sulfate and nitrate impairment in Shenandoah NP, a point which is not addressed in the WV SIP. (Note, VISTAS did not analyze individual state contributions for states outside of the VISTAS region.) WV emphasizes that "these areas will experience visibility improvements that are significantly better than those on the uniform rate of progress" and that contributions from other regions "are larger than home state contributions."

In their July 2021 clarification, EPA states that when selecting sources, states should focus primarily on their in-state contributions to haze. Section 2.1 of the EPA Clarification Memo, states:

"In a source-selection process that relies on multi-state rankings of sources, impacts from large out-of-state sources can exceed the contributions from relatively smaller, but still important in-state sources. States should not use that fact to ignore selecting the

largest in-state sources. In applying a source selection methodology, states should focus on the in-state contribution to visibility impairment and not decline to select sources based on the fact that there are larger out-of-state contributors."

We recommend that the WV SIP address the significance of WV emissions to impairment in Shenandoah NP by including information specific to Shenandoah NP in the SIP and considering emission reduction opportunities for the sources identified by the NPS.

2 Importance of NO_x emissions

During our October 19, 2021 consultation call with West Virginia, the NPS expressed concerns that the West Virginia draft SIP failed to address the increasing importance of ammonium nitrate on the 20% Most-impaired Days (MID) in NPS Class I areas by excluding NO_x emissions from the reasonable progress analyses. The impacted Class I areas in the VISTAS region include Shenandoah, Great Smoky Mountains and Mammoth Cave National Parks. Emission sources in West Virginia primarily impact Shenandoah NP, which is in northern Virginia and downwind from West Virginia.

To address this issue, the NPS recommends that the West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection (WVDEP) complete additional four-factor analyses that evaluates nitrogen oxide (NO_x) reduction opportunities for West Virginia point sources and include any cost-effective measures in their Reasonable Progress determinations. This request was documented in our May 14, 2021 technical feedback to the VISTAS region states.

The WVDEP did not accept these recommendations in their draft SIP for FLM review. Instead, the WV SIP concludes that "ammonium sulfate is the largest contributor to visibility impairment at the West Virginia Class I areas, and reduction of SO₂ emissions would be the most effective means of reducing ammonium sulfate." With regard to this issue, the WV SIP:

- Recognized that ammonium nitrate contributions have increased for some Class I areas but determined that ammonium sulfate remains the dominant visibility impairment species through 2019. Based on this, it appears WV determined that it is appropriate to defer review of NO_x emissions until the next Regional Haze planning period.
- Concluded that WV EGUs are already "effectively controlled for NO_x" and therefore, it
 is not reasonable to request four-factor analyses for facilities that are already wellcontrolled.

We agree that sulfate is the dominant anthropogenic visibility impairing pollutant in Shenandoah and other VISTAS region Class I areas. We also appreciate West Virginia's acknowledgement that the nitrate contribution to visibility impairment on the 20% most-impaired days has been increasing over the last decade at Shenandoah, Great Smoky Mountains and Mammoth Cave National Parks. However, we reaffirm our position that the nitrate contribution to visibility impairment is significant and should not be ignored. West Virginia should evaluate opportunities to reduce NO_x emissions from stationary sources in this Regional Haze planning period.

In Shenandoah NP, nitrate comprises up to 23% of total light extinction on the 20% Mostimpaired (MID) during the most recent five-year period (2015-2019) and up to 31% of total light extinction in 2018, the annual period with the greatest nitrate fraction in recent years. On some days in 2018, nitrate pollution accounted for up to 50%-60% of the haze.

At Great Smoky Mountain NP, which is also impacted by WV facilities, nitrate comprises 17% of total light extinction on the 20% MID during the most recent five-year period (2015-2019) and up to 26% of total light extinction in 2018, the annual period with the greatest nitrate fraction in recent years. On some days in 2018, nitrate pollution accounted for up to 60% of the haze.

At Mammoth Cave NP, this trend is even more apparent, where nitrate comprises 32% of total light extinction on the 20% MID during the most recent five-year period (2015-2019) and up to 45% of total light extinction in 2018, the annual period with the greatest nitrate fraction in recent years. On some days in 2018, nitrate pollution accounted for up to 60% of the haze.

Our analysis of the Interagency Monitoring of Protected Visual Environments (IMPROVE) data and associated recommendation is supported by information in the Environmental Protection Agency's July 8, 2021 Memorandum, *Clarifications Regarding Regional Haze State Implementation Plans for the Second Implementation Period* (EPA Clarification Memo). In Section 2.2, the memo states:

"Consistent with the first planning period, EPA generally expects that each state will analyze sulfur dioxide (SO_2) and nitrogen oxide (NO_x) in selecting sources and determining control measures. In nearly all Class I areas, the largest particulate matter (PM) components of anthropogenic visibility impairment are sulfate and nitrate, caused primarily by PM precursors SO_2 and NO_x , respectively. A state that chooses not to consider at least these two pollutants in the second planning period should show why such consideration would be unreasonable, especially if the state considered both these pollutants in the first planning period. Regional offices are encouraged to work closely with states to ensure the bases for their decisions are sufficiently developed to demonstrate a reasonable analysis."

WVDEP contends that, based on the monitoring data, as well as the VISTAS PSAT and EPA base year 2016 modeling results, "sulfate continues to be the primary driver of visibility impairment in most mandatory federal VISTAS Class I areas." As documented in our May 14, 2021 response to VISTAS's states, the VISTAS PSAT modeling does not accurately reflect the recent nitrate contribution to extinction given the recent shift in the seasonal distribution of the 20% MID.² Regardless of this issue, we note that, based on the VISTAS PSAT results, point sources account for roughly one-third of modeled nitrate impact in Shenandoah and Great Smoky Mountains National Parks.³

² ...the 2011 modeling base year is significantly outdated and is no longer representative of current visibility impairment on the 20% MID. Because the subset of days that comprise the 20% MID are held constant between the modeled base year and future year (2028) in the VISTAS analysis, it is critically important to analyze whether the base year appropriately represents the current most impaired days. By selecting 2011, VISTAS states are biasing results toward summer months when sulfate concentrations are generally highest and nitrate concentrations are generally low. For this reason, it not surprising that they have concluded that nitrate will not be a concern in 2028. In fact, using the dates based on MID in 2011 and considering measurements from 2018 would suggest that nitrate was not important in 2018. Monitoring data at Mammoth Cave NP in 2018 show that Ammonium Nitratewas the single biggest contributor to light extinction on the worst visibility days sampled in that year.

³ Data pulled from the information provided in the "Stacked Bar S and N by Area_ADJ" tab of the excel spreadsheet "VISTAS PSAT Source Apport Results April 2020.xlsm," available at: https://www.metro4-sesarm.org/content/task-7-source-apportionment-modelingtagging. We are interpreting the non-EGU "tag" to include only point sources based on Table 3-3: Round 2 SESARM Defined Regional-Category Combination Tags provided in the VISTAS Task 7 Particulate Source Apportionment Technology Modeling Results Report.

The magnitude of NO_x emissions from stationary sources in West Virginia is significant (based on both current inventory information and 2028 projections). Stationary source NO_x is clearly within the state's purview to control. Reductions in NO_x emissions also result in co-benefits beyond visibility protection/improvement; NO_x emissions are precursors to ozone formation and contribute to deposition.

Again, we want to clarify that we are not recommending that the modeling analysis needs to be redone. Instead, WVDEP should supplement their approach with the current IMPROVE monitoring information described in the updated draft SIP and complete four-factor analyses of sources for potential NO_x controls at the facilities identified by the NPS during our October 19, 2021consultation meeting. These facilities are listed in the introduction section above and addressed in detail below.

3 Detailed NPS feedback for specific sources

As addressed in Section 1.3 of this document, we recommend that WV conduct a review to determine whether the WV EGUs are "effectively controlled" for both SO₂ and NO_x and evaluate whether existing controls could be optimized based on demonstrated achievable rates or potential cost-effective upgrades. We also recommend that control equipment replacements are considered for the Pleasants Energy and Fort Martin facilities and that a four-factor analysis be completed for the Capitol Cement - Essroc Martinsburg Plant. Our recommendations are consistent with guidance in the July 2021 EPA Clarification Memorandum⁴, as well as our feedback to other VISTAS states, including Tennessee and North Carolina.

The NPS has conducted a preliminary analysis to determine whether the WV EGU facilities are already "effectively controlled" using publicly available information in Clean Air Markets

⁴ "Similarly, in some cases, states may be able to achieve greater control efficiencies, and, therefore, lower emission rates, using their existing measures. Considering efficiency improvements for an existing control (e.g., using additional reagent to increase the efficiency of an existing scrubber) as a potential measure is generally reasonable since in many cases such improvements may only involve additional operation and maintenance costs. States should generally include efficiency improvements for sources' existing measures as control options in their four-factor analyses in addition to other types of emission reduction measures." (Section 3.2)

"The underlying rationale for the "effective controls" flexibility is that if a source's emissions are already well controlled, it is unlikely that further cost-effective reductions are available. A state relying on an "effective control" to avoid performing a four-factor analysis for a source should demonstrate why, for that source specifically, a four-factor analysis would not result in new controls and would, therefore, be a futile exercise. States should first assess whether the source in question already operates an "effective control" as described in the August 2019 Guidance. They should further consider information specific to the source, including recent actual and projected emission rates, to determine if the source could reasonably attain a lower rate. It may be difficult for a state to demonstrate that a four-factor analysis is futile for a source just because it has an "effective control" if it has recently operated at a significantly lower emission rate. In that case, a four-factor analysis may identify a lower emission rate (e.g., associated with more efficient use of the "effective existing controls") that may be reasonable and thus necessary for reasonable progress. If a source can achieve, or is achieving, a lower emission rate using its existing measures than the rate assumed for the "effective control," a state should further analyze the lower emission rate(s) as a potential control option." (Section 2.3)

Division (CAMD) database. This analysis is addressed in the subsequent sections for individual facilities.

3.1 Monongahela Power Co. Pleasants Power Station

3.1.1 Pleasants Power station facility background

The Pleasants Power Station is a 1,368 megawatt (MW) bituminous coal-fired power station, formerly owned by Monongahela Power Company and now an asset of Energy Harbor, that consists of two coal-fired EGUs. The Pleasants Power Station is located at Willow Island, West Virginia. Both units at the facility are 657 MW opposed wall-fired boilers; Unit 1 went into service in 1978 and Unit 2 went into service in 1980.

Wet lime FGDs were installed when the facility was constructed and came online in 1979. They were upgraded in 2008 to route 100% of the effluent stream through the scrubbers. According to the company's analysis, the current scrubbing system at the facility achieves an SO₂ control efficiency of 92.5% and that the FGD systems are at maximum capacity. Low NO_x Burners (LNB) were installed in the 1990's and Selective Catalytic Reduction (SCR) was installed on both units in 2003.

Out of 494 coal-fired units in the CAMD database, when 2020 NO_x emission rates are ranked from best to worst performing (#1 = best), Unit 1 ranked #370 and Unit 2 ranked #379. When 2020 SO_2 emission rates are ranked from best to worst performing (#1 = best), Unit 1 ranked #356 and Unit 2 ranked #394. This indicates that the Pleasants units are not among the top ranking well-controlled coal fired EGUs.

Table 1. Plea	asants Power	Station	Emissions	Summary	& Ranking
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Facility Name	Unit ID	SO ₂ (tons)	Avg. SO ₂ Rate (lb/MMBtu)	Avg. SO ₂ Rate (lb/MMBtu) Rank	Avg. NO _x Rate (lb/MMBtu)	Avg. NO _x Rate (lb/MMBtu) Rank	NO _x (tons)
Pleasants Power Station	1	3,390	0.247	#356	0.194	#370	2,676
Pleasants Power Station	2	4,256	0.359	#394	0.1996	#379	2,328

3.1.2 SO₂ Controls at the Pleasants Power Station

As noted previously, Pleasants Power Station is the only WV source for which a four-factor analysis was completed to evaluate SO₂ controls. The analysis completed by Energy Harbor Generation only calculated costs to install new wet limestone scrubbers, similar to the systems currently installed (all options that eliminate gypsum production were not considered in a cost analysis). Energy Harbor estimated that the incremental cost effectiveness of a new wet limestone scrubber is \$11,293/ton for two scrubbers and \$9,932/ton for one scrubber. Based on their analysis, Energy Harbor determined, and WV agreed, that Limestone Scrubbing Forced Oxidation (LFSO) is not economically feasible to install. The company further argued that the

Class I areas that the Pleasants Power station impacts are all well below their respective "URP glide paths, demonstrating already implemented past emissions reductions measures have been and continue to be successful."

We do not agree that the units at the Pleasants station are effectively controlled for SO₂ based on the current SO₂ emissions rates, the fact that they are only achieving 92.5% control efficiency (modern wet scrubbers can achieve control efficiencies of 98% or better) and the unit's low performance rankings relative to other coal-fired EGUs. Furthermore, we found numerous errors in Energy Harbor's cost analysis. These include (but are not limited to):

The analysis did not rely on the most recent version of the acid gas chapter of the Control Cost Manual.

- A 1.3 retrofit factor was assumed without additional justification. Additional supporting documentation should be provided for retrofit factors greater than 1.0.
- The assumed interest rate was not disclosed.
- The assumed equipment life was not disclosed, but based on Table 4.4.1, it appears a 20-year equipment life was assumed. Unless the facility intends to take a federally enforceable shutdown, a 30-year equipment life should be assumed in the cost analysis for the scrubbers. In practice, these systems often operate for 30+ years, as evidenced by the existing scrubbers on the Pleasants units, which have been in operation since 1979.
- The analysis assumed a 95% control efficiency, which is low for a new wet limestone scrubber.
- The analysis assumed a 3% sales tax. Most states do not leverage sales tax on pollution control equipment—is this the case in WV?

Given these issues, we revised cost analyses for the wet scrubbers and estimated the incremental cost effectiveness of scrubber replacement to be:

- Unit 1: \$7,534/ton for an additional 2,525 TPY additional SO₂ reduction
- Unit 2: \$5,336/ton for an additional 3,579 TPY additional SO₂ reduction

The summary results are presented in the Tables below. Detailed analyses are provided in the attached spreadsheets.

Table 2. Scrubber Replacement Cost Analysis for Pleasants Unit 1

Pleasar	nts Power Station Unit #1 Scrubber	Repl	acement
New	Total Capital Investment (TCI) =	\$	347,173,500
New	Indirect Annual Cost (IDAC) =	\$	18,403,463
New	Direct Annual Cost =	\$	23,908,205
Existing	Direct Annual Cost =	\$	23,288,153
Incremental	Total Annual Cost (TAC) =	\$	19,023,515
New	SO2 Removed =		85,347
Existing	SO2 Removed =		82,822
Incremental	SO2 Removed =		2,525
Incremental	Cost Effectiveness =	\$	7,534

Table 3. Scrubber Replacement Cost Analysis for Pleasants Unit 2

Pleasar	nts Power Station Unit #2 Scrubber	Repl	acement
New	Total Capital Investment (TCI) =	\$	343,680,704
New	Indirect Annual Cost (IDAC) =	\$	18,218,764
New	Direct Annual Cost =	\$	25,844,191
Existing	Direct Annual Cost =	\$	24,968,165
Incremental	Total Annual Cost (TAC) =	\$	19,094,790
New	SO2 Removed =		95,187
Existing	SO2 Removed =		91,609
Incremental	SO2 Removed =		3,579
Incremental	Cost Effectiveness =	\$	5,336

As noted during our presentation, the estimated incremental costs of scrubber upgrades at the Pleasants Power Station are within the average cost-effectiveness thresholds selected by other states in this round of RH planning⁵. We are seeing proposed average cost-effectiveness thresholds of up to \$10,000/ton (CO and OR), and expect to see most in the \$5,000 - \$7,000/ton range, with a number of states selecting a threshold between \$7,000 and \$10,000/ton. We recommend that West Virginia implement the cost-effective scrubber replacements at the Pleasant's facility in this round of RH planning.

3.1.3 NO_x Controls at the Pleasants Power Station

We conducted a preliminary analysis to determine whether the Pleasants units are already "effectively controlled" for NO_x using publicly available information in Clean Air Markets Division (CAMD) database. The last 13 years of emissions information for the Pleasants units demonstrate that lower NO_x emission rates are achievable with the existing LNB + SCR system. As shown in the graphs below, NO_x emission rates show a significant amount of variability, ranging from 0.094 lb/MMBtu to 0.245 on Unit 1 and from 0.073 lb/MMBtu to 0.401 lb/MMBtu on Unit 2. (The underlying data and analysis are provided in the attached spreadsheet, WV CAMD_updated_10-19-21.xlsx.) We recommend that West Virginia evaluate and implement

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⁵ Incremental cost-effectiveness thresholds are typically higher than average cost-effectiveness thresholds.

options to ensure consistent low NO_x emissions are achieved with the existing controls (e.g., permit limits, optimization of control efficiency).

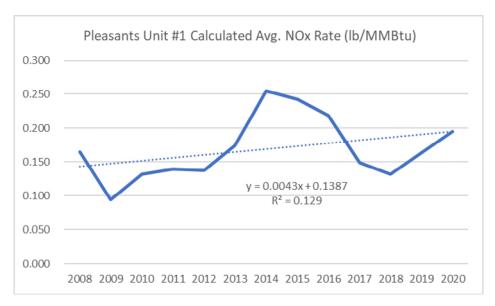


Figure 1. Calculated Average NOx Rate for Pleasants Unit 1

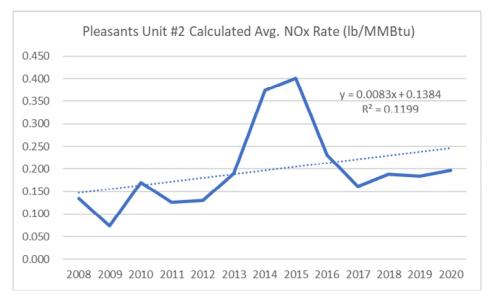


Figure 2. Calculated Average NO_x Rate for Pleasants Unit 2

3.1.4 NPS conclusions and recommendations for the Pleasants Power Plant

- Implement cost effective option to replace the existing aging SO₂ scrubbers with new, more efficient scrubbers.
- Evaluate and implement options to ensure consistent low NO_x emissions are achieved with the existing controls.

3.2 Monongahela Power Co. Fort Martin Power Plant

3.2.1 Fort Martin facility background

The Fort Martin Power Station is a 1,152 megawatt (MW) bituminous coal-fired power station owned and operated by Monongahela Power Company (MonPower), a subsidiary of First Energy through its subsidiary Allegheny Energy. The supercritical boilers are each rated at 576 MW. Unit 1 is a tangentially-fired boiler that went into service in 1967 and Unit 2 is a cell-burner boiler that went into service in 1968.

Selective Non-catalytic Reduction (SNCR) was added in 2000 to control NO_x and wet lime scrubbers came online in 2009. The wet scrubbers were upgraded prior to 2016 to comply with the MATS requirements. Out of 494 coal-fired units in the CAMD database, when 2020 NO_x emission rates are ranked from best to worst performing (#1 = best), Unit 1 at Fort Martin ranked #438 and Unit 2 ranked #437. When SO_2 emission rates are ranked from best to worst performing (#1 = best), Unit 1 ranked #244 and Unit 2 ranked #289.

Facility Name	Unit ID	SO ₂ (tons)	Avg. SO ₂ Rate (lb/MMBtu)	Avg. SO ₂ Rate (lb/MMBtu) Rank	Avg. NO _x Rate (lb/MMBtu)	Avg. NO _x Rate (lb/MMBtu) Rank	NO _x (tons)
Fort Martin Power Station	1	1,309	0.112	#244	0.2601	#438	3,116

#289

0.2590

#437

3,670

0.141

Table 4. Fort Martin Power Station Emissions Summary & Ranking

2

1,909

3.2.2 SO₂ analysis for Fort Martin

Fort Martin Power

Station

Monongahela Power concluded, and West Virginia agreed, that neither a SO₂ four-factor analysis nor an SO₂ permit limit were necessary or appropriate for Fort Martin for regional haze purposes for the following reasons:

- VISTAS PSAT modeling predicted 2028 visibility is well below the URP glide paths for VISTAS Class I areas.
- ERTAC model emission predictions overestimate anticipated 2028 emissions from Fort Martin and thus the modeled visibility impacts from the facility are overstated.
- Fort Martin FGD systems demonstrated a 97.5% average removal efficiency for 2017 through 2019, which exceeds the 95% control deemed as BART by EPA.
- Fort Martin averaged 0.11 lb/MMBtu SO₂ emissions from 2015 through 2020. This is in compliance with the 0.2 lb/MMBtu SO₂ emission limit to comply with the MATS rule for coal-fired EGUs.
- Fort Martin is subject to and meets the limits of the CSAPR FIP, and EPA and the courts have previously determined CSAPR is better than BART. As such, additional SO₂ controls would be neither necessary nor economically feasible at Fort Martin.

We agree that the scrubber on unit 1 is capable of better than 97% control. In fact, based upon the chart below, unit 1 may have been achieving better than 98% control at 0.065 lb/mmBtu. We note that this unit should be capable of meeting 0.08 lb/mmBtu on an annual average basis.

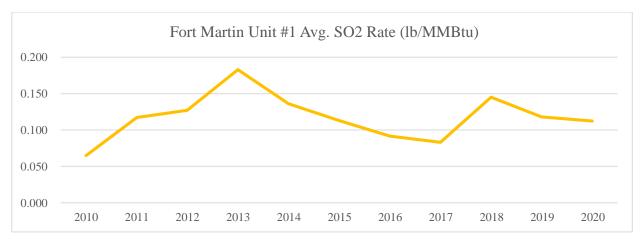


Figure 3. Calculated Average SO₂ Rate for Fort Martin Unit 1

We agree that the scrubber on unit 2 is capable of better than 97% control. In fact, based upon the chart below, unit 2 may have been achieving better than 99.5% control at 0.027 lb/mmBtu. We note that this unit should be capable of meeting 0.08 lb/mBmtu on an annual average basis.

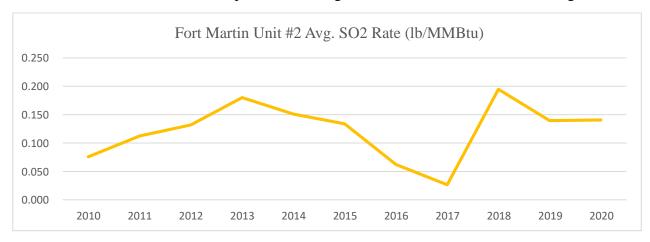


Figure 4. Calculated Average SO₂ Rate for Fort Martin Unit 2

3.2.3 NO_x analysis for Fort Martin

As noted above, West Virginia did not consider NO_x emission controls in their draft SIP, and therefore, there are no conclusions regarding potential NO_x controls or limits. We evaluated the replacement of the 12-year-old SNCR systems with modern Selective Catalytic Reduction (SCR) systems. We applied the CCM SNCR workbook to estimate the Direct Operating Costs that would cease with discontinuation and used the CCM SCR workbook to estimate those costs.

Table 5. NOx Control Cost Analysis for Fort Martin Unit 1

SCR Indirect Annual Cost	\$ 9,324,882	/yr
SCR Direct Annual Cost	\$ 3,089,819	/yr
SNCR Direct Annual Cost	\$ 1,602,747	/yr
SCR Net Total Annual Cost	\$ 10,811,954	/yr
SCR Tons Removed	8,469	ton/yr
SNCR Tons Removed	5,070	ton/yr
SCR Net Tons Removed	3,399	ton/yr
SCR Cost Effectiveness	\$ 3,181	/ton

Table 6. NOx Control Cost Analysis for Fort Martin Unit 2

SCR Indirect Annual Cost	\$ 9,462,878	/yr
SCR Direct Annual Cost	\$ 3,673,332	/yr
SNCR Direct Annual Cost	\$ 2,290,149	/yr
SCR Net Total Annual Cost	\$ 10,846,060	/yr
SCR Tons Removed	13,222	ton/yr
SNCR Tons Removed	10,218	ton/yr
SCR Net Tons Removed	3,003	ton/yr
SCR Cost Effectiveness	\$ 3,611	/ton

As shown in the tables above, replacement of the old SNCR systems with modern SCR could reduce NO_x emissions by 6400 tpy for well less than \$4000/ton each.

3.2.4 NPS conclusions and recommendations for Fort Martin

- SO₂ Controls: Permit limits should be established to ensure best operation and maintenance of the SO₂ scrubbers at 0.08 lb/MMBtu.
- NO_x Controls: The existing SNCR systems should be replaced with SCR. The NPS estimated these incremental costs are well within the range of average cost-effectiveness thresholds selected by other states and would reduce NO_x emissions from the Fort Martin facility by an additional 6,400 TPY.

3.3 Allegheny Energy Co. Harrison Plant

We conducted a preliminary analysis to determine whether the three units at the Harrison Plant are already "effectively controlled" for SO₂ and NO_x using publicly available information in Clean Air Markets Division (CAMD) database. Although NO_x emissions are fairly consistent, the last 25 years of emissions information for the Harrison units demonstrate that lower SO₂ emission rates are achievable with the existing wet lime scrubbers. As shown in the graphs below, SO₂ emission rates show a significant amount of variability, ranging from 0.074 lb/MMBtu to 0.324 on Unit 1 and from 0.059 lb/MMBtu to 0.326 lb/MMBtu on Unit 2 and from

0.048 lb/MMBtu to 0.294 lb/MMBtu on Unit 3. (The underlying data and analysis are provided in the attached spreadsheet, WV CAMD_updated_10-19-21.xlsx.)

We recommend that West Virginia evaluate and implement options to ensure consistent low SO₂ emissions are achieved with the existing controls (e.g., permit limits, upgrades or other optimization options).

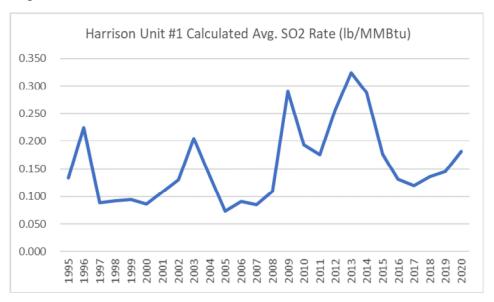


Figure 5. Calculated Average SO₂ Rate for Harrison Unit 1

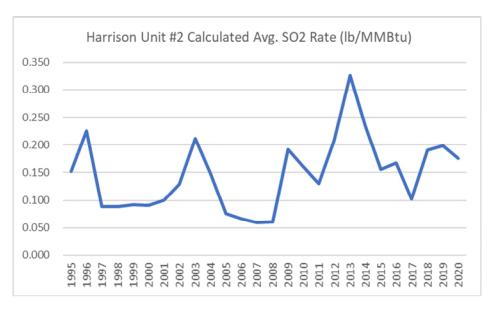


Figure 6. Calculated Average SO₂ Rate for Harrison Unit 2

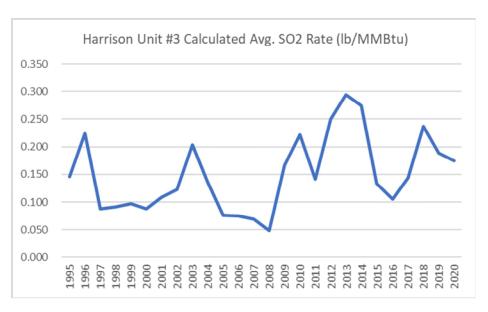


Figure 7. Calculated Average SO₂ Rate for Harrison Unit 3

3.4 Appalachian Power Co. John E Amos Plant

We conducted a preliminary analysis to determine whether the three units at the John E Amos Plant are already "effectively controlled" for SO₂ and NO_x using publicly available information in Clean Air Markets Division (CAMD) database. The last 10 to 12 years of emissions information for the John E Amos units demonstrate that lower SO₂ and NO_x emission rates are achievable with the existing wet limestone scrubbers and LNB+SCR controls, respectively. In fact, this information indicates an upward trend in SO₂ and NO_x emission rates over this time for the John E Amos units.

As shown in the graphs below, SO₂ emission rates show a significant amount of variability, ranging from 0.041 lb/MMBtu to 0.088 on Unit 1 and from 0.040 lb/MMBtu to 0.098 lb/MMBtu on Unit 2 and from 0.058 lb/MMBtu to 0.103 lb/MMBtu on Unit 3. Similar variability is seen in the NO_x emissions, ranging from 0.042 lb/MMBtu to 0.082 on Unit 1 and from 0.046 lb/MMBtu to 0.079 lb/MMBtu on Unit 2 and from 0.055 lb/MMBtu to 0.117 lb/MMBtu on Unit 3. (The underlying data and analysis are provided in the attached spreadsheet, WV CAMD_updated_10-19-21.xlsx.)

We recommend that West Virginia evaluate and implement options to ensure consistently low SO_2 and NO_x emissions are achieved with the existing controls at the John E Amos facility (e.g., permit limits, upgrades or other optimization options).

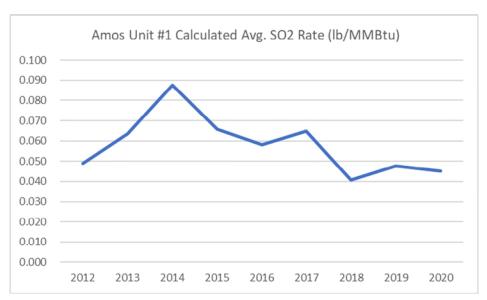


Figure 8. Calculated Average SO₂ Rate for Amos Unit 1

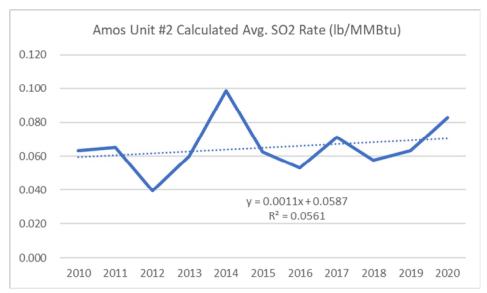


Figure 9. Calculated Average SO₂ Rate for Amos Unit 2

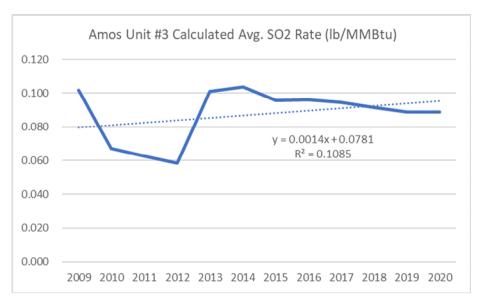


Figure 10. Calculated Average SO₂ Rate for Amos Unit 3

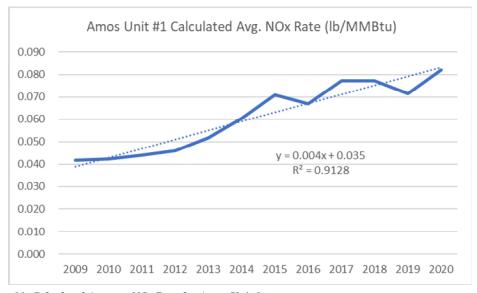


Figure 11. Calculated Average NOx Rate for Amos Unit 1

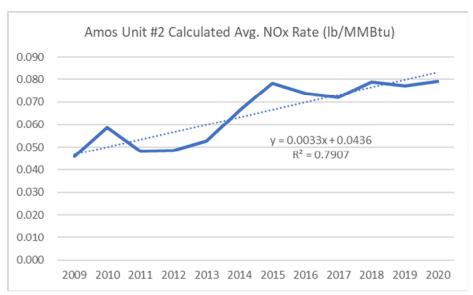


Figure 12. Calculated Average NO_x Rate for Amos Unit 2

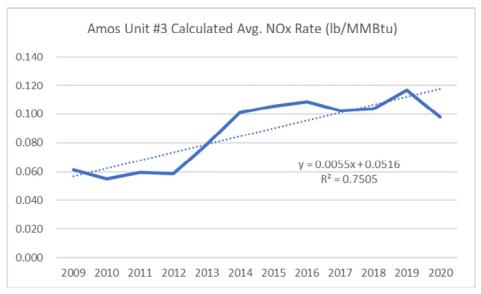


Figure 13. Calculated Average NO_x Rate for Amos Unit 3

3.5 Dominion Resources Mount Storm Power Station

We conducted a preliminary analysis to determine whether the three units at the Mount Storm Power Station are already "effectively controlled" for SO₂ and NO_x using publicly available information in Clean Air Markets Division (CAMD) database. Emissions information for the Mount Storm units demonstrate that lower SO₂ and NO_x emission rates are achievable with the existing wet limestone scrubbers and LNB+SCR controls, respectively. This information indicates there has been significant variability in SO₂ emissions since the scrubbers were installed on the units. There is an upward trend in NO_x emission rates over this time for Unit 2 and similar variability since NO_x controls were installed.

As shown in the graphs below, SO₂ emission rates show a significant amount of variability, ranging from 0.05 lb/MMBtu to 0.14 on Unit 1 and from 0.049 lb/MMBtu to 0.50 lb/MMBtu on Unit 2 and from 0.043 lb/MMBtu to 0.355 lb/MMBtu on Unit 3. Similar variability is seen in the NO_x emissions, ranging from 0.07 lb/MMBtu to 0.36 on Unit 1 and from 0.061 lb/MMBtu to 0.088 lb/MMBtu on Unit 2 and from 0.063 lb/MMBtu to 0.450 lb/MMBtu on Unit 3. (The underlying data and analysis are provided in the attached spreadsheet, WV CAMD_updated_10-19-21.xlsx.)

We recommend that West Virginia evaluate and implement options to ensure consistently low SO₂ and NO_x emissions are achieved with the existing controls at the Mount Storm facility (e.g., permit limits, upgrades or other optimization options).

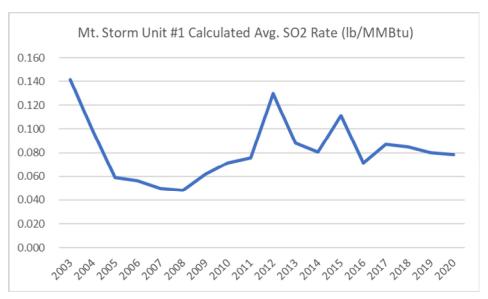


Figure 14. Calculated Average SO₂ Rate for Mt. Storm Unit 1

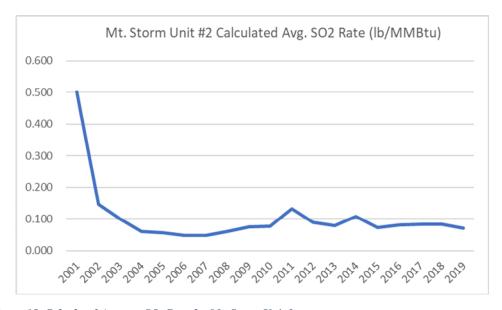


Figure 15. Calculated Average SO₂ Rate for Mt. Storm Unit 2

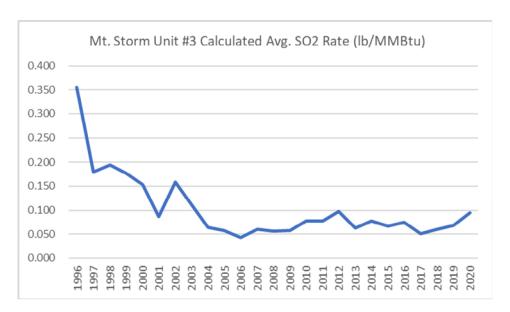


Figure 16. Calculated Average SO₂ Rate for Mt. Storm Unit 3

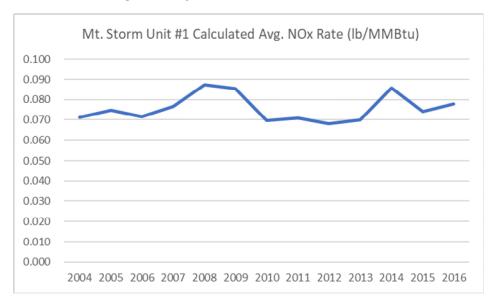


Figure 17. Calculated Average NO_x Rate for Mt. Storm Unit 1

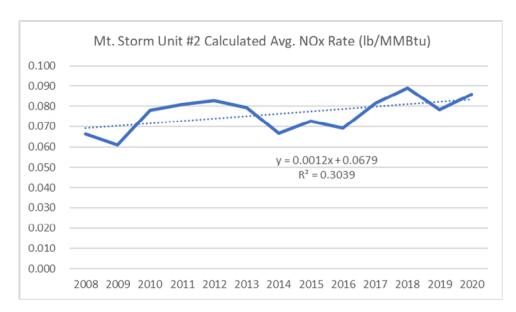


Figure 18. Calculated Average NOx Rate for Mt. Storm Unit 2

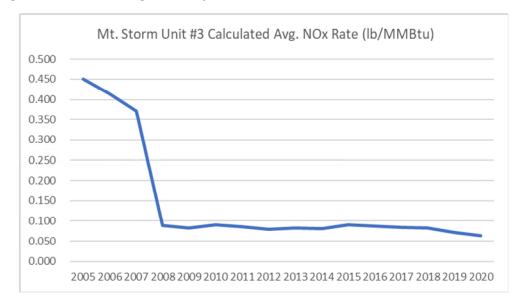


Figure 19. Calculated Average NOx Rate for Mt. Storm Unit 3

3.6 American Electric Power Mitchell Plant

We conducted a preliminary analysis to determine whether the three units at the AEP Mitchell Plant are already "effectively controlled" for SO₂ and NO_x using publicly available information in Clean Air Markets Division (CAMD) database. Emissions trend information for the two wall-fired Mitchell coal-fired boilers demonstrates that lower SO₂ and NO_x emission rates are achievable with the existing wet limestone scrubbers and LNB+SCR controls, respectively. This information indicates there has been significant variability in SO₂ emissions since the scrubbers were installed on the Units in 2007. SCR was installed during the same time frame. There is an

upward trend in NO_x emission rates over this time for both Units since NO_x controls were installed.

As shown in the graphs below, SO₂ emission rates show a significant amount of variability, ranging from 0.041 lb/MMBtu to 0.118 on Unit 1 and from 0.041 lb/MMBtu to 0.110 lb/MMBtu on Unit 2. Similar variability is seen in the NO_x emissions, ranging from 0.049 lb/MMBtu to 0.088 on Unit 1 and from 0.048 lb/MMBtu to 0.089 lb/MMBtu on Unit 2. (The underlying data and analysis are provided in the attached spreadsheet, WV CAMD_updated_10-19-21.xlsx.)

We recommend that West Virginia evaluate and implement options to ensure consistently low SO_2 and NO_x emissions are achieved with the existing controls at the Mitchell facility (e.g., permit limits, upgrades or other optimization options).

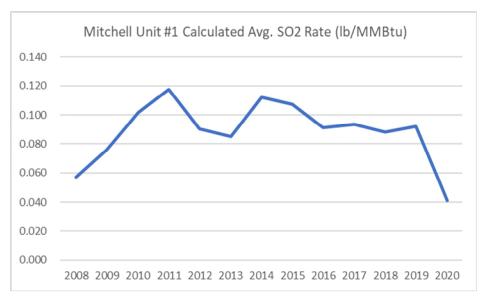


Figure 20. Calculated Average SO₂ Rate for Mitchell Unit 1

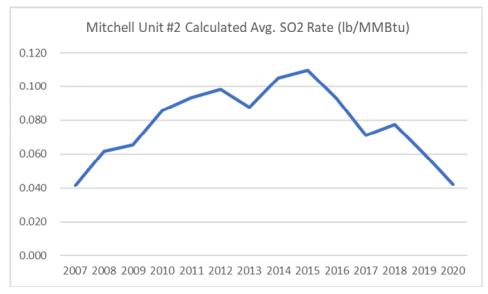


Figure 21. Calculated Average SO₂ Rate for Mitchell Unit 2

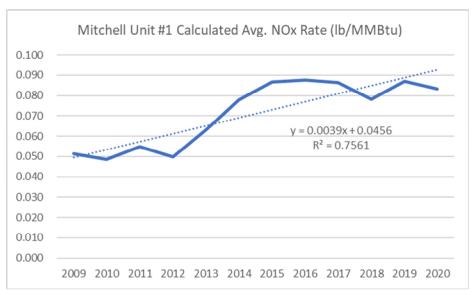


Figure 22. Calculated Average NOx Rate for Mitchell Unit 1

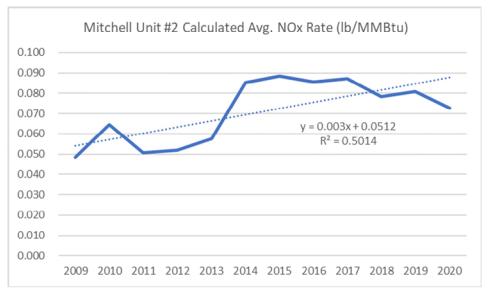


Figure 23. Calculated Average NOx Rate for Mitchell Unit 2

3.7 American Bituminous Power Grant Town Plant

American Bituminous Power Partners L.P.'s Grant Town Power Plant consists of two (2) 551.9 MMBTU/hr coal refuse-fired circulating fluidized bed (CFB) boilers with a total output of 80 MWe. The boilers are designed to accommodate a variety of fuels, but the primary fuel is eastern bituminous coal refuse (gob) supplemented with pond fines. SO_2 control is achieved by injecting limestone directly into the CFB boilers to capture and remove SO_2 . According to CAMD data, NO_x is controlled with a Selective Non-catalytic Reduction (SNCR) system. In the last five years average SO_2 emission rates have ranged from 0.346 lb/MMBtu to 0.481 lb/MMBtu on boiler 1A and 0.352 lb/MMBtu to 0.481 lb/MMBtu on boiler 1B. Average NO_x emission rates have ranged

from 0.303 lb/MMBtu to 0.327 lb/MMBtu on boiler 1A and 0.300 lb/MMBtu to 0.327 lb/MMBtu on boiler 1B. West Virginia did not request a four-factor analysis for this facility for several reasons:

- 1. The Grant Town Plant is meeting the SO₂ MATS limit (which is higher for refuse coal boilers) of 0.60 lb/MMBtu.
- 2. To comply with MATs, Grant Town accepted an annual SO₂ emission rate limit of 0.46 lbs/mmBtu or a potential-to-emit of 2,206.5 tons per year in its Title V permit (R30-04900026-2020(SM01)).
- 3. West Virginia noted that future emissions are likely to be lower. They scaled the PSAT results according to a reduced/scaled AOI and then a calculated AOI to PSAT scaling factor (which is a factor of three) to reduce the PSAT result below the 1% threshold.

We note several issues in WVDEP's analysis for Grant Town. First it is unclear why WVDEP would scale the PSAT results using the AoI to PSAT ratios rather than simply applying a ratio of the emissions reduction to the facility PSAT contribution (in Mm⁻¹).

Second, based on CAMD data, we note that in the last five years, the maximum average SO₂ emission rate was 0.481 lb/MMBtu for both boilers and occurred in 2016. This emission rate is just above the recent 2020 permit limitation accepted by Grant Town of 0.46 lb/MMBtu. Annual facility wide SO₂ emissions in 2016 were 2,370 TPY. If you reduce the 2016 annual emissions by the ratio of the permit limit to the maximum emission rate for 2016 (0.46/0.48), the annual emissions at the facility would be 2,271 TPY SO₂. This is similar to the revised annual limit of 2,207 TPY, indicating that Grant Town may operate up to their newly permitted limits if they continue operate as they have in the recent past. Therefore, it is reasonable to assume that the facility would operate at or just below their revised annual allowable SO₂ limit.

We note that both the revised annual limit (and the approximate ratioed limit) are similar to what was modeled for 2028 in the VISTAS PSAT runs (2,210 TPY). Therefore, notwithstanding our concerns regarding the VISTAS 1% threshold (see Sections 1 and 2 above), we do not think WVDEP's rational for "screening" the Grant Town Plant is appropriate.

Based on information available in CAMD, emission rates from the Grant Town waste coal-fired combustion facility are high relative to other waste coal-fired boilers. (We note that not all the information necessary to run rough/approximate cost analyses was available in CAMD.)

Table 7. Grant Town Power Station Emissions Summary & Ranking	Table 7.	Grant Town	Power Station	Emissions	Summary	& Ranking
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State	Facility Name	Facility ID (ORISPL)	Unit ID	Year	SO2 (tons)	Avg. SO2 Rate (lb/MMBtu)	Avg. NOx Rate (lb/MMBtu)	NOx (tons)
PA	Scrubgrass Generating Plant	50974	2	2018	463	0.283	0.152	244
PA	Scrubgrass Generating Plant	50974	1	2018	412	0.253	0.146	229
PA	Mt. Carmel Cogeneration	10343	SG-101	2018	456	0.203	0.065	144
PA	St. Nicholas Cogeneration Project	54634	1	2018	1,064	0.191	0.057	305
PA	Gilberton Power Company	10113	31	2018	348	0.174	0.089	180
PA	Gilberton Power Company	10113	32	2018	341	0.174	0.089	177
PA	Northampton Generating Plant	50888	NGC01	2018	125	0.100	0.083	112

We request that WV DEP provide a four-factor analysis of SO₂ and NO_x emission reduction measures for the Grant Town Plant. In addition, we have the following questions we would like WVDEP to address:

- Based on an April 6, 2021 Fact Sheet, Final Significant Modification Permitting Action Under 45CSR30 and Title V of the Clean Air Act, permit number R30-04900026-2020 for the Grant Town Plant, it appears that the company was approved to increase potential SO₂ emissions (PTE) by 211.88 tons/year from 1,994.6 TPY to 2,206.5 TPY. Was a PSD permit required for this significant modification?
- Although the annual limit (in TPY) in the referenced fact sheet matches the annual limit (in TPY) reported in the draft SIP, we cannot find the 0.46 lb/MMBtu limit referenced in the draft SIP in the most recent Title 5 permits available online. Can you please clarify how this limit will be applied and over what averaging period?

3.8 Longview Power

We conducted a preliminary analysis to determine whether the single wall-fired boiler at the Longview Power Plant is already "effectively controlled" for SO₂ and NO_x using publicly available information in Clean Air Markets Division (CAMD) database. SO₂ is controlled with a wet limestone scrubber and NO_x emissions are controlled with LNB+SCR. Emissions trend information for the single wall-fired Longview coal-fired boiler demonstrates that lower SO₂ emission rates are achievable with the existing wet limestone scrubber. This information indicates there has been significant variability in SO₂ emissions since the scrubbers came online with the facility with a general upward trend in SO₂ emissions. NO_x emission rates over this time have remained fairly consistent, between 0.060 and 0.064 lb/MMBtu.

As shown in the graphs below, SO₂ emission rates show a general upward trend, ranging from 0.051 lb/MMBtu to 0.094 lb/MMBtu on the single unit at the Longview facility. NO_x emissions are fairly consistent. (The underlying data and analysis are provided in the attached spreadsheet, WV CAMD_updated_10-19-21.xlsx.)

We recommend that West Virginia evaluate and implement options to ensure consistently low SO₂ are achieved with the existing controls at the Longview facility (e.g., permit limits, upgrades or other optimization options).

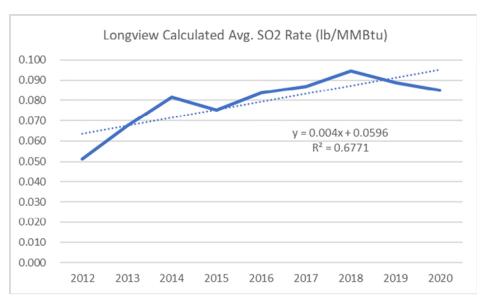


Figure 24. Calculated Average SO₂ Rate for Longview

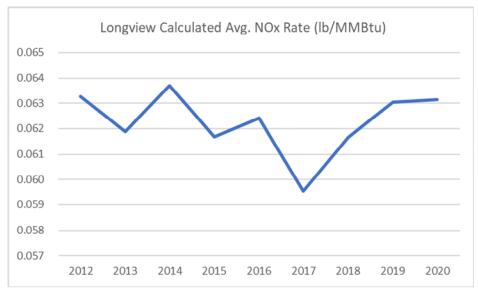


Figure 25. Calculated Average NOx Rate for Longview

3.9 Appalachian Power Co. Mountaineer Plant

We conducted a preliminary analysis to determine whether the single wall-fired coal boiler at the Mountaineer Power Plant is already "effectively controlled" for SO_2 and NO_x using publicly available information in Clean Air Markets Division (CAMD) database. SO_2 is controlled with a wet limestone scrubber and NO_x emissions are controlled with LNB+SCR. Emissions trend information for the single wall-fired Longview coal-fired boiler demonstrates that lower SO_2 emission rates are achievable with the existing wet limestone scrubber. This information indicates there has been significant variability in SO_2 emissions since the scrubbers came online

with the facility with a general upward trend in SO₂ emissions. NO_x emission rates over this time have remained fairly consistent, between 0.060 and 0.064 lb/MMBtu.

As shown in the graphs below, SO₂ emission rates show a general upward trend, ranging from 0.028 lb/MMBtu to 0.131 lb/MMBtu on the single unit at the Longview facility. NO_x emissions also show a general upward trend, ranging from 0.054 lb/MMBtu to 0.098 lb/MMBtu on the single unit at the Mountaineer facility. (The underlying data and analysis are provided in the attached spreadsheet, WV CAMD_updated_10-19-21.xlsx.)

We recommend that West Virginia evaluate and implement options to ensure consistently low SO₂ and NO_x emissions are achieved with the existing controls at the Mountaineer facility (e.g., permit limits, upgrades or other optimization options).

3.10 Capitol Cement - Essroc Martinsburg Plant

The Argos/Essroc cement manufacturing facility is located approximately 60 km north of Shenandoah NP. The plant is a significant source of NO_x and SO_2 emissions and as such, it has the potential to impact visibility in the Shenandoah. This facility was not tagged in the VISTAS PSAT modeling because WVDEP did not tag facilities for Class I areas outside of West Virginia. The VISTAS AOI inventory assumed future year 2028 emissions of 1,007 TPY NO_x and 537 TPY SO_2 , which is significantly lower than the permitted potential to emit (PTE) for this facility. Based on a 2018 minor modification to the Title five permit, PTE limits are as follows:

- 4,042 tpy of NO_x
- 4,518 tpy of SO₂
- 585 tpy of PM10

The primary source of emissions at the facility preheater/precalciner (PH/PC) kiln system, which combusts primarily coal and petcoke, but is also permitted to combust some petroleum contaminated soil. The nominal capacity of the plant is 2,212,890 short tons (tons) per year of clinker. Argos uses approximately 292,110 tons of coal annually and fly ash from electric power plants.

Given both the proximity of this facility to Shenandoah NP, coupled with the current actual emissions and the significant allowable emissions for SO₂ and NO_x, we recommend that a four-factor analysis be completed for this facility for Shenandoah NP. We would like to better understand what emission control units are currently in place and what operating limits/control efficiencies are associated with those controls.



west virginia department of environmental protection

Appendix F-3q

United States Forest Service Consultation: Written Comments on West Virginia Pre-Draft Regional Haze SIP October 26, 2021

West Virginia Division of Air Quality 601 57th Street, SE Charleston, WV 25304 **File Code:** 2580

> October 26, 2021 Date:

Laura Crowder Director, Division of Air Quality West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection 601 57th Street, SE Charleston, WV 25304

Forest

Service

Dear Laura Crowder:

On August 27, 2021, the State of West Virginia submitted a draft Regional Haze State Implementation Plan describing your proposal to continue improving air quality by reducing regional haze impacts at mandatory Class I areas across the region. We appreciate the opportunity to work closely with your State through the initial evaluation, development, and subsequent review of this plan. Cooperative efforts such as these ensure that, together, we will continue to make progress toward the Clean Air Act's goal of natural visibility conditions at our Class I areas.

This letter acknowledges that the U.S. Department of Agriculture, U.S. Forest Service, has received and conducted a substantive review of your proposed Regional Haze State Implementation Plan. This review satisfies your requirements under the federal regulations 40 C.F.R. § 51.308(i)(2). Please note, however, that only the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) can make a final determination about the document's completeness, and therefore, only the EPA has the authority to approve the document.

We have attached comments to this letter based on our review. We look forward to your response required by 40 C.F.R. § 51.308(i)(3). For further information, please contact Jeremy Ash (jeremy.ash@usda.gov) at 828-244-4751.

Again, we appreciate the opportunity to work closely with the State of West Virginia. The Forest Service compliments you on your hard work and dedication to significant improvement in our nation's air quality values and visibility.

Sincerely,

SHAWN COCHRAN Forest Supervisor

cc: Joby Timm; Shawn Olson; James Gries; Jeremy Ash





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West Virginia Draft Regional Haze State Implementation Plan (RH SIP) - Specific Comments

The USDA Forest Service recognizes the significant emission reductions of nitrogen oxides (NOx) and sulfur dioxide (SO₂) made in West Virginia in the last 15 years due to economic and regulatory drivers. These reductions directly led to measured visibility improvement and numerous other air quality related benefits at Dolly Sods and Otter Creek Wilderness Areas, as well as other nearby USDA Forest Service Class I areas over that time.

Overall, the USDA Forest Service finds that the draft RH SIP is well organized. The Long-Term Strategies for this planning period appear to indicate that Forest Service Class I Areas will continue to show visibility improvements better than the Uniform Rate of Progress (URP) through 2028, and we appreciate the commitment by West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection, Division of Air Quality (WV DAQ) to evaluate progress in meeting the visibility goals during the 5-year progress reports. However, we offer these specific comments on the draft RH SIP for WV DAQ review and consideration.

Source Selection

Section 7.6 of WV's draft RH SIP discusses the methodology that WV DAQ used to determine which sources to consider for reasonable progress analysis. A source was selected for reasonable progress evaluation and potential four-factor analysis if the facility was estimated to have a $\geq 1.00\%$ sulfate or nitrate contribution to visibility impairment in 2028 at Dolly Sods or Otter Creek Wilderness Areas. This process resulted in fifteen facilities for the Dolly Sods Wilderness Area and fourteen facilities for the Otter Creek Wilderness Areas being selected for further evaluation. Of these, six facilities were put forward for reasonable progress evaluation. Forest Service understands and recognizes that EPA has afforded states the flexibility to screen facilities for additional analysis if that screening is based on reasonable methods. For the facilities not brought forward for additional reasonable progress evaluation, we ask that WV DAQ ensures that any emission values used to justify this decision are indeed federally enforceable and reflected in their current permits.

Evaluation of Nitrogen Oxide Emission Sources for Additional Controls

The draft RH SIP only evaluates SO₂ emission sources for four-factor analyses. USDA Forest Service appreciates the discussion within the draft RH SIP regarding nitrate formation in the VISTAS region. We understand that nitrate formation in the VISTAS region is limited by the availability of ammonia (which preferentially reacts with SO₂ and sulfates before reacting with NOx) and by temperature, with particulate nitrate concentrations highest in the winter months. We also recognize that sulfates have been the main contributor to visibility impairment at Class I Areas within the southern US. However, Table 7-10 and 7-11 in the draft SIP show that the largest percentage of NOx impacts on visibility at Dolly Sods and Otter Creek Wilderness Areas are from the point sector. Additionally, nitrate contribution to visibility impairment is increasing as sulfur dioxide emissions decrease, and there are still significant NOx sources within the point sector in WV. IMPROVE monitoring data from Dolly Sods Wilderness Area (also used as a surrogate for nearby Otter Creek Wilderness Area) show that some of the highest rates of light extinction from ammonium nitrate have occurred within the last several years (Figure 1).

Incremental progress towards achieving 2064 goals will be increasingly challenging as the regional haze program progresses and requires a comprehensive evaluation of emission control strategies for both NOx and SO₂ (see below for comments on lack of four-factor analyses and emissions controls for SO₂). We feel that not including NOx in the reasonable progress analysis is a missed opportunity to pursue real

progress towards the 2064 goal. We request that WV DAQ consider evaluating NOx sources, along with SO₂ sources, for reasonable progress during this planning period.

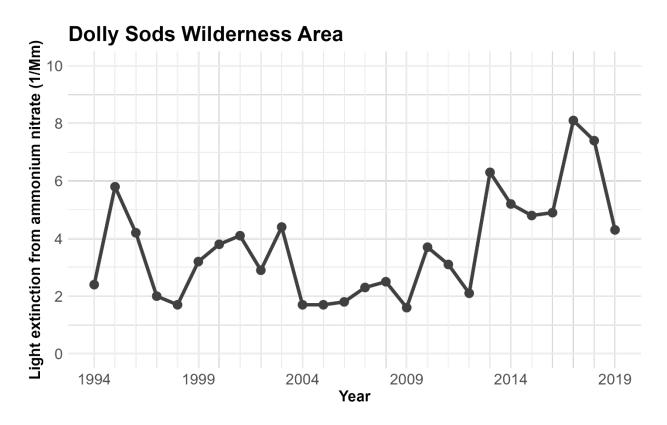


Figure 1. IMPROVE monitoring data from Dolly Sods Wilderness Area showing light extinction from ammonium nitrate (data retrieved from: https://views.cira.colostate.edu/fed/).

The Relevance of the Four Factors Versus Other Required Elements of Regional Haze Plans

As discussed above in the *Source Selection* section, six facilities were brought forward in the reasonable progress evaluation, but only one facility submitted a four-factor analysis for possible SO₂ control technology. A variety of reasons were presented for facilities not submitting four-factor analyses, but two consistent rationales used in the draft SIP were WV Class I areas being below the Uniform Rate of Progress (URP) glide path and that SO₂ emissions were already in compliance with other rules (e.g., MATS).

On using the URP as justification to avoid doing a four-factor analysis, we believe this is a misunderstanding of the rule. Potential visibility improvements should not be included as a "fifth factor" in the analyses, as there is no basis for doing so in the Clean Air Act. Reasonable progress goals (RPGs) and the long-term strategy (LTS) are separate plan elements (see 40 CFR Section 51.308 (d)). RPGs are established through the application of the four factors at 40 CFR Section 51.308 (d)(1):

• costs of compliance,

- the time necessary for compliance,
- the energy and non-air quality environmental impacts of compliance, and
- the remaining useful life

The regulation states "The long-term strategy must include enforceable emissions limitations, compliance schedules, and other measures as necessary to achieve the reasonable progress goals established by States having mandatory Class I Federal areas.¹" In a sense, the LTS is a container for the result of the four-factor analyses that makes them enforceable. It also contains other measures taken by the state to achieve the RPGs. The rule does not allow states to dismiss controls that are otherwise reasonable simply because Class I area visibility is below the uniform rate of progress.

In the preamble to the final EPA Regional Haze Rule², EPA discusses these concepts (emphasis added).

Under 40 CFR 51.308(f)(ii), states must develop their long-term strategies by identifying reasonable progress measures using the four factors and engaging in interstate consultation. Once their strategies have been developed, states with Class I areas must establish RPGs that reflect existing federal and state measures and the reasonable progress measures in the long-term strategy.

The long-term strategy is the compilation of "enforceable emissions limitations, compliance schedules, and other measures as necessary to achieve the [RPGs]," and is the means through which the State ensures that its RPG will be met.

Also, starting on page 3093:

This commenter states that a state should be able to reject "costly" control measures if (1) the RPG for the most impaired days is on or below the [uniform rate of progress] URP line or (2) the RPGs are not "meaningfully" different than current visibility conditions.

We disagree. The CAA requires states to determine what emission limitations, compliance schedules and other measures are necessary to make reasonable progress by considering the four factors. The CAA does not provide that states may then reject some control measures already determined to be reasonable if, in the aggregate, the controls are projected to result in too much or too little progress. Rather, the rate of progress that will be achieved by the emission reductions resulting from all reasonable control measures is, by definition, a reasonable rate of progress.

What to do if the resulting RPG for the most impaired days is below the URP line? **The URP is** not a safe harbor, however, and states may not subsequently reject control measures that they have already determined are reasonable.

The commenter's second suggestion, that states should be able to reject control measures if

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¹ 40 CFR Section 51.308(d)(2)

² Federal Register, Vol. 82, No. 6, Tuesday, January 10, 2017, pg. 3078-3129

the RPG for the most impaired days is not "meaningfully" different than current visibility conditions, is counterintuitive and at odds with the purpose of the visibility program. In this situation, the state should take a second look to see whether more effective controls or additional measures are available and reasonable. Whether the state takes this second look or not, it may not abandon the controls it has already determined are reasonable based on the four factors. Regional haze is visibility impairment that is caused by the emission of air pollutants from numerous sources located over a wide geographic area. At any given Class I area, hundreds or even thousands of individual sources may contribute to regional haze. Thus, it would not be appropriate for a state to reject a control measure (or measures) because its effect on the RPG is subjectively assessed as not "meaningful."

If the State determines that additional progress [beyond the URP] is reasonable based on the statutory factors, the State should adopt that amount of progress as its goal for the first long term strategy." This approach is consistent with and advances the ultimate goal of section 169A: Remedying existing and preventing future visibility impairment. Congress required the EPA to promulgate regulations requiring reasonable progress toward that goal, and it would be antithetical to allow states to avoid implementing reasonable measures until and unless that goal is achieved.

On using emission limits from other rules as a means of showing reasonable progress, we ask that permits issued for these facilities reflect the low emissions presented in the draft SIP. For instance, several facilities noted that they are in compliance with the MATS SO₂ limit and often are well below this value (for instance, see the description of Mitchell Power Plan and John E. Amos Power Plant in section 7.6.4). If this is indeed the case and the low emissions are being used as rationale for not exploring additional control technologies, we would like to see these limits be made federally enforceable. We also extend this concern to assumptions regarding:

- operating scenarios for emission units that represent a reduced capacity, for example a reduced number of operating hours per year, and
- pollution control equipment efficiency used to designate a unit as "effectively controlled".

Relevance of the Visibility Impact of Individual Sources

EPA's 2019 Regional Haze Guidance states that "because regional haze results from a multitude of sources over a broad geographic area, a measure may be necessary for reasonable progress even if that measure in isolation does not result in perceptible visibility improvement." Widespread emissions controls, particularly for SO₂ and NOx, are essential for making reasonable progress at Class I areas both near to, and more distant from, emissions sources. Further, small visibility improvements, even those that may be imperceptible by themselves, are essential as we continue to make progress towards the national goal of restoring natural conditions at Class I areas by 2064.