Suggestions for 2017 Triennial Review

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Christopher Smith
Environmental Resources Analyst
WV DEP DWWM Water Quality Standards Program



Public Comment Period

On August 25, 2015 DEP held a public meeting in which we requested suggestions from the public regarding subjects for consideration for our upcoming 2017 triennial review

DEP received comments until September 30, 2015

A total of 39 comments were received from 18 commenters

This presentation provides a brief summary of the comments received

Public Comments: Category A Designation

- Category A designation of all waterbodies is not appropriate
- DEP should support all of its specific use designations with appropriate evidence
- DEP should maintain Category A use designation for all rivers and streams

Public Comments: Methylmercury and Thallium

- Evaluation of the methylmercury fish criterion for compliance is not defined in the WQS rule.
- Current methylmercury WQS of 0.012 µg/l is too low.
- Water quality-based effluent limits (WQBELs) are expressed as total mercury to protect for a criterion that is based on the most toxic, bioavailable form of mercury (methymercury).
- The drinking water and drinking water/fish consumption human health criteria for thallium should be removed from the WQS rule

Public Comments: Design Flow for Calculation of Wasteload Allocations

- Harmonic mean flow should be used for the calculation of wasteload allocations instead of 7Q10
- WQBELs are set in a manner which can cause NPDES permit effluent limits to be exceeded due to the concentration of pollutants in intake water

Public Comments: Mixing Zones

DEP should consider revising the size limitations for calculating mixing zones that govern human health-based water quality standards.

Public Comments: Narrative Water Quality Criteria

DEP needs to develop a method to assess impairment with respect to the state's narrative water quality criteria.

Public Comments: Antidegradation

- WV's WQS rule does not appropriately implement antidegradation to protect narrative criteria in receiving streams.
- TDS, Conductivity and Sulfate numeric criteria are needed

Public Comments: Copper

 Copper limits are too stringent and very difficult for some dischargers to meet.

▶ DEP should consider adopting the Copper BLM

Public Comments: Bromide

WV should adopt a bromide standard

Public Comments: Algae

WV needs algae standards that are protective of recreational uses as well as drinking water uses.

Public Comments: Bacteria

▶ DEP should consider revising its fecal coliform bacteria criterion to be consistent with EPA recommendations of using *E. coli* or enterococci.

Public Comments: Aquatic Life

- WV should consider whether the following criteria should be adopted into the WQS rule to protect aquatic species in the state: Carbaryl, Acrolein, Diazinon, Nonylphenol and Tributyltin.
- As DEP reviews its aquatic life criteria, it should consider the level of protection the national water quality criteria recommendations offer threatened and endangered species in WV

Public Comments: Ammonia

▶ DEP should review its ammonia criteria taking into account the more recent EPA recommendation.

Various Other Public Comments

- Water quality parameters tend to vary with depth.
- Pollutant concentrations tend to change with flow.
- Spills could be considered violations of water quality standards and treated accordingly.
- DEP should consider the EPA's 2015 Updated Human Health criteria recommendations
- DEP has adopted revisions to the regulations governing coal-related NPDES permits and should do the same for the regulations governing non-coal NPDES permits.