# Low Temperature Thermal Desorption (LTTD)

Facility or Tank ID:   Leak ID:			
Do not proceed unless a site characterization has been completed that fully delineate	es the extent of	contamination.	
I. Applicability of LTTD	Practical	Not Practical	7
1. Is the contaminated soil free from high concentration of heavy metals?	_	_	
There may be limitations on disposal of soils with heavy metals and an air pollution permit may be necessary due to emissions of toxic heavy metals.	YES	NO	
2. Is the contaminated soil free of chlorinated compounds?	_	_	
Use of LTTD on chlorinated compounds can lead to the formation of dioxins; therefore, LTTD is not recommended for soils with chlorinated compounds.	YES	NO	
II. Evaluation of LTTD Effectiveness	Pretreatment	No Pretreatment	/
1. Do the contaminated soils have high plasticity?	YES	□ NO	
2. Do contaminated soils contain large (>2") rocks or debris?	YES	NO	
3. Is the contaminated soil moisture content > 35% and/or in contact with the groundwater?	YES	NO	
4. Is the volatile concentration of the contaminated soil > 2% by weight (i.e. 2000 Btu/lb)?	YES	NO	
5. Are chemicals being treated highly volatile?	YES	NO	

If the answer to any of the above questions is yes, then the soils require pretreatment or this remedy may not be used. If answers to all questions are no, you may proceed to the next section.

II.a Evaluation of LTTD Effectiveness	Test Burn	No Test Burn	/
1. Do the contaminated soils have a high concentration of humic material?	YES	NO	
2. Are contaminant octanol/water partition coefficients relatively high?	U YES	NO	

If the answer to any of the above questions is yes, then a pilot test or "test burn" must be conducted to demonstrate that LTTD is an applicable remedial technology.

If the test shows it is not applicable, the remedy cannot be used.

If the results of the pilot test indicate that LTTD is applicable, you may proceed to determine if LTTD is practical to use.

If the answer to all questions are no, you may proceed to determine if LTTD is practical to use.

III. Evaluation of the Practicality of Using LTTD	Not Prac	ctical Somew Practi	vhat cal
1. Is the depth of contaminated soil at 25 feet or greater below land surface?			
	YES	NO	
2. Does contaminated soil extend off site?			
	YES	NO	
3. Does any contamination extend beneath the building, near building foundations, or in areas where excavation cannot be performed?			
	YES	NO	

If the answer to any of the above questions is yes, then excavation of the soil is not practical; therefore, LTTD is not practical. Consider an in situ remedial technology instead.

If the answer to any question above was no, proceed

III.a Evaluation of the Practicality of Using LTTD	Practical	Not Practical	/
<ol> <li>Is sufficient land area available for operation of equipment and temporary storage (staging) of contaminated soil and treated soil?</li> </ol>	YES	NO	l
2. Will surrounding land use permit operation of an onsite system in the neighborhood?	U YES	NO	l

If the answer to any of the above questions is no, then excavated soils must be transported to an off-site facility for treatment.

IV.b Evaluation of the Practicality of Using LTTD	Effective	/	Somewhat effective	/
1. Has the proposed desorption unit successfully treated similar solid materials with similar				
contamination levels?				
	YES		NO	
2. Is the proposed ultimate disposal of the soil (e.g., return to excavation, disposal at landfill)				
acceptable?				
	YES		NO	

If the answer to any of the above questions is no, then additional information may be requested by WVDEP to evaluate whether LTTD is likely to be an effective remedial technology.

If the answers to the above questions are yes, the remedy should be effective.

# Low Temperature Thermal Desorption (LTTD)

Design		
1. What type of therr	nal desorption device will	be utilized?
Direct fired	fired	
Other (desci	ribe):	
2. What is the volum	e that the desorption devi	ice will handle?
3. What is the anticip	pated operating temperatu	ure of the system? (°F )
4. Has WVDEP Solid \	Naste approved the soil to	o be placed back into the excavation area?
Yes	🗌 No (If no, so	pil must be disposed of at a WVDEP approved facility)
5. Were permits for t	he soil treatment and/or c	disposal required and obtained?
Yes	🗌 No	Not Applicable
lf ves. please descr	ibe below.	
5. Were permits for a	air emissions required and	obtained?
Yes	□ No	Not Applicable
If ves nlease descr	ihe helow	
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## **VI. Evaluation**

1. Provide a brief summary of the number of confirmation samples and proposed analytical parameters that the samples will be analyzed against to show the site has been remediated.

# VI. Evaluation (continued) 2. Provide information how you will evaluate the effectiveness of the system?

### **VI. Sitemap**

Attach a site map to this document

Site map(s) drawn to scale illustrating the following:

- a. Location of all present and former tanks, piping and dispensers;
- b. Footprint of surface and/or subsurface soil contamination;
- c. Footprint of other structures (buildings, canopies, roads, utilities, etc.);
- d. Layout and dimensions (length, width, and depth) of the final excavation. (if multiple pits were excavated, reference each separately);
- e. Location of stockpiled overburden soil and stockpiled contaminated soil, if any;
- f. Proposed location of confirmation samples;
- g. North arrow, bar scale, and map legend