Evaluation of Ethylene Oxide-related Cancers in Kanawha County, West Virginia

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• Are there more cancers associated with ethylene oxide (EtO) in Kanawha County compared to other counties in West Virginia (WV)?

• Are trends in EtO-related cancers different in Kanawha County compared to the rest of WV?

• Are there higher percentages of EtO-related cancers in Institute, Dunbar, or South Charleston compared to the rest of Kanawha County?

• Are EtO-related cancers in Kanawha County clustered around the facilities identified by the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)?
Kanawha County does not have higher rates of EtO-related cancers compared to the rest of WV.
## Cancer Type Ranking in Kanawha County

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Cancer</th>
<th>Kanawha County Rank among WV Counties</th>
<th>Top 3 Counties</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Breast</td>
<td>23rd (22 WV counties have higher rates)</td>
<td>Greenbrier, Marion, Pleasants</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leukemias</td>
<td>12th</td>
<td>Pleasants, Clay, Summers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hodgkin Lymphoma</td>
<td>38th</td>
<td>Pocahontas, Tucker, McDowell</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma</td>
<td>36th</td>
<td>Tucker, Pendleton, Roane</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Kanawha County does not rank in the top ten WV counties for any cancer associated with EtO.
Trends in Kanawha County are similar to trends in the rest of the state.
The percentage of EtO-related cancers is similar across these areas of Kanawha County.
Areas with the highest breast cancer rates do not cluster around the high-risk locations.

Locations of highest EtO risk per HEM model.
Areas with the highest Hodgkin lymphoma rates do not cluster around the high-risk locations.
Kanawha County Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma

Areas with the highest non-Hodgkin lymphoma rates do not cluster around the high-risk locations.
Areas with the highest leukemia rates do not cluster around the high-risk locations.
Summary of Analyses

• The rate of EtO-related cancers in Kanawha County is not significantly higher than the rate in the rest of WV.

• Trends in EtO-related cancers over time in Kanawha County are not significantly different than the trends in the rest of WV.

• The percentage of cases of EtO-related cancers in Institute, Dunbar, and South Charleston are not significantly different than the percentages in the rest of Kanawha County.

• There is no evidence of increased risk of EtO-related cancers surrounding the facilities identified by the EPA.
Cancer risk is the likelihood, or chance, of getting cancer. We say “excess cancer risk” because we have a “background risk” of about one in four chances of getting cancer. In other words, in a million people, it is expected that 250,000 individuals would get cancer from a variety of causes. If we say that there is a “one in a million” excess cancer risk from a given exposure to a contaminant, we mean that if one million people are exposed to a carcinogen at a certain concentration over their lifetime, then one cancer above the background chance, or the 250,000th cancer, may appear in those million persons from that particular exposure. In order to take into account, the uncertainties in the science, the risk numbers used are plausible upper limits of the actual risk based on conservative assumptions. In actuality, the risk is probably somewhat lower than calculated, and in fact may be zero.

Quoted from the source below. Highlighting added for emphasis.
www.atsdr.cdc.gov/HAC/pha/CasmaliaResources/Appendix_A-B.pdf
Examples of Lifetime Risk

- 1 in 2 Risk of being diagnosed with cancer (male)
- 1 in 3 Risk of being diagnosed with cancer (female)
- 1 in 101 Risk of death by car accident
- 1 in 102 Risk of death by falling
- 1 in 1,024 Risk of drowning
- 1 in 2,745 Risk of death by choking on food
- 1 in 15,300 Risk of being struck by lightning
- 1 in 69,016 Risk of death by dog attack

Source for death statistics: National Safety Council estimates based on data from National Center for Health Statistics—Mortality Data for 2020
• Update current analyses with new cases
• Map individual cases to search for evidence of clustering
• Analyze pediatric cases in case they are more sensitive to exposure
• Continue to work with DEP and the facilities involved to reduce EtO emissions and impact
Recommendations

- Talk with your primary care provider if you have concerns
- Get your recommended cancer screenings
- Get your annual physical
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