

Campbell Transportation Company, Inc.

Foxpointe Centre, Building One 201 South Johnson Road, Suite 303 Houston, PA 15342-1351

Tel: (724) 746-9553 Fax: (724) 873-9013 www.barges.us

December 20, 2016

Assistant Director for Permitting WVDEP - Division of Air Quality 601 57th Street, SE Charleston, WV 25304 **Overnight Delivery**

Campbell Transportation Company, Inc. Congo Plant - Newell, WV DAQ ID# 029-00033

SUBJECT: Application for Administrative Update to Permit R13-1645A

Dear Assistant Director:

Campbell Transportation Company, Inc. (CTC), a subsidiary of Blue Danube Incorporated, hereby submits to the Division of Air Quality (DAQ) the enclosed application for a Class II administrative update to Permit R13-1645A.

Also enclosed is our Rule 13 permit application fee check for \$300.00. We will submit to you the Affidavit of Publication of the required Rule 13 Public Notice legal advertisement in the near future.

Please note that we have included as Appendix 1 to this application our source-proposed revisions to the Rule 13 permit specific requirements. We look forward to working with DAQ during the review of this application, and we request an opportunity to review a pre-draft version of the Rule 13 permit.

Note that no Confidential Business Information is included within the attached permit application.

Should you have additional questions regarding this submittal please contact me at (724) 746-9525 or rcorigliano@barges.us.

Very truly yours,

Ronald K. Corigliano Director of Governmental Affairs and Property Management

Enclosures Cc: Eric G. Vowcheck, (w/enc.) Christopher S. Grimm, (w/enc.)

Campbell Transportation Company, Inc. Congo Plant - Newell, WV

Application for Rule 13 Administrative Update Permit R13-1645A

NON-CONFIDENTIAL

December 2016

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Application for Class II Administrative Update to Permit R13-1645A

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Appendix 1 – Proposed Draft Revisions to R13-1645A

WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION DIVISION OF AIR QUALITY 601 57 th Street, SE Charleston, WV 25304 (304) 926-0475 WWW.wvdep.org/dag		APPLICATION FOR NSR PERMIT AND TITLE V PERMIT REVISION (OPTIONAL)		
PLEASE CHECK ALL THAT APPLY TO NSR (45CSR13) (IF KNOWN CONSTRUCTION MODIFICATION RELOCATION CLASS I ADMINISTRATIVE UPDATE TEMPORARY CLASS II ADMINISTRATIVE UPDATE AFTER-THE-FACT FOR TITLE V FACILITIES ONLY: Please refer to "Title V Rev.	ADMINISTRAT SIGNIFICANT IF ANY BOX ABO INFORMATION A	ADMINISTRATIVE AMENDMENT SIGNIFICANT MODIFICATION IF ANY BOX ABOVE IS CHECKED, INCLUDE TITLE V REVISION INFORMATION AS ATTACHMENT S TO THIS APPLICATION		
(Appendix A, "Title V Permit Revision Flowchart") and abilit				
 Name of applicant (as registered with the WV Secretary of Campbell Transportation Company, Inc. Name of facility (<i>if different from above</i>): Congo Shipyard 		 2. Federal Employer ID No. <i>(FEIN):</i> 25-1256056 4. The applicant is the: OWNER OPERATOR BOTH 		
5A. Applicant's mailing address: Campbell Transportation Company, Inc. Foxpointe Centre, Building One 201 S. Johnson Road, Suite 303 Houston, PA 15342-1351	5B. Facility's present physical address: Campbell Transportation Company, Inc. 2567 Congo Arroyo Road Newell, WV 26050			
 6. West Virginia Business Registration. Is the applicant a re If YES, provide a copy of the Certificate of Incorporation change amendments or other Business Registration Certi If NO, provide a copy of the Certificate of Authority/Authamendments or other Business Certificate as Attachmen 	n/Organization/Limit ficate as Attachmen nority of L.L.C./Regi	ted Partnership (one page) including any name t A.		
7. If applicant is a subsidiary corporation, please provide the n	ame of parent corpo	ration: Blue Danube Incorporated		
 8. Does the applicant own, lease, have an option to buy or oth If YES, please explain: Existing site. If NO, you are not eligible for a permit for this source. 	erwise have control	of the <i>proposed site</i> ? X YES NO		
 Type of plant or facility (stationary source) to be construc administratively updated or temporarily permitted (e.g crusher, etc.): Barge Cleaning 				
11A. DAQ Plant ID No. (for existing facilities only): 11B. 029-00033	associated with this	SR13 and 45CSR30 (Title V) permit numbers s process (for existing facilities only): ective December 29, 2011)		
All of the required forms and additional information can be found	l under the Permitting	Section of DAQ's website, or requested by phone.		

12A.

For Modifications, Administrative Updates or Temporary permits at an existing facility, please provide directions to the *present location* of the facility from the nearest state road;
 For Construction or Relocation permits, please provide directions to the *proposed new site location* from the nearest state road. Include a MAP as Attachment B.
 The existing plant site is located on the Ohio River shore on State Route 2, approximately two miles south of Newell, WV, just south of the Ergon petroleum refining plant site.

12D. County: 12.B. New site address (if applicable): 12C. Nearest city or town: NA Newell Hancock 12.E. UTM Northing (KM): 4,495.32 12F. UTM Easting (KM): 530.85 12G. UTM Zone: 17 13. Briefly describe the proposed change(s) at the facility: Applicant proposes revisions to existing R13-1645A permit terms in Table 4.1.1. Approved Materials List and the Odor Control Program. Applicant is voluntarily reducing the limit on maximum annual hours of vapor combustion at the flare from 936 hours per year to 500 hours per year. 14A. Provide the date of anticipated installation or change: Upon issuance of permit 14B. Date of anticipated Start-Up If this is an After-The-Fact permit application, provide the date upon which the proposed if a permit is granted: change did happen: Soon after issuance of permit 14C. Provide a Schedule of the planned Installation of/Change to and Start-Up of each of the units proposed in this permit application as Attachment C (if more than one unit is involved). 15. Provide maximum projected **Operating Schedule** of activity/activities outlined in this application: Hours Per Day 24 Days Per Week 7 Weeks Per Year 52 16. Is demolition or physical renovation at an existing facility involved? 17. Risk Management Plans. If this facility is subject to 112(r) of the 1990 CAAA, or will become subject due to proposed changes (for applicability help see www.epa.gov/ceppo), submit your Risk Management Plan (RMP) to U. S. EPA Region III. 18. Regulatory Discussion. List all Federal and State air pollution control regulations that you believe are applicable to the proposed process (if known). A list of possible applicable requirements is also included in Attachment S of this application (Title V Permit Revision Information). Discuss applicability and proposed demonstration(s) of compliance (if known). Provide this information as Attachment D. Section II. Additional attachments and supporting documents. 19. Include a check payable to WVDEP – Division of Air Quality with the appropriate application fee (per 45CSR22 and 45CSR13). 20. Include a Table of Contents as the first page of your application package. 21. Provide a **Plot Plan**, e.g. scaled map(s) and/or sketch(es) showing the location of the property on which the stationary source(s) is or is to be located as Attachment E (Refer to Plot Plan Guidance). Indicate the location of the nearest occupied structure (e.g. church, school, business, residence). 22. Provide a Detailed Process Flow Diagram(s) showing each proposed or modified emissions unit, emission point and control device as Attachment F. 23. Provide a Process Description as Attachment G.

- Also describe and quantify to the extent possible all changes made to the facility since the last permit review (if applicable).

All of the required forms and additional information can be found under the Permitting Section of DAQ's website, or requested by phone.

Campbell Transportation Company, Inc.	Congo Plant R13-1645A Admin	istrative Update Decembe	er 2016
24. Provide Material Safety Data Sheet	s (MSDS) for all materials proces	ssed, used or produced as Attachment H.	
- For chemical processes, provide a MS	SDS for each compound emitted t	o the air.	
25. Fill out the Emission Units Table an	nd provide it as Attachment I.		
26. Fill out the Emission Points Data S	ummary Sheet (Table 1 and Tal	ble 2) and provide it as Attachment J.	
27. Fill out the Fugitive Emissions Data	a Summary Sheet and provide it	as Attachment K.	
28. Check all applicable Emissions Uni	t Data Sheets listed below:		
Bulk Liquid Transfer Operations	Haul Road Emissions	Quarry	
Chemical Processes	Hot Mix Asphalt Plant	Solid Materials Sizing, Handling and Storag	je
Concrete Batch Plant	Incinerator	Facilities	
Grey Iron and Steel Foundry	Indirect Heat Exchanger	Storage Tanks	
General Emission Unit, specify:			
Fill out and provide the Emissions Unit	Data Sheet(s) as Attachment L.		
29. Check all applicable Air Pollution C	ontrol Device Sheets listed belo	W:	
Absorption Systems	Baghouse	Flare	
Adsorption Systems	Condenser	Mechanical Collector	
	Electrostatic Precipita	tor 🗌 Wet Collecting System	
Other Collectors, specify:			
Fill out and provide the Air Pollution Co			
30. Provide all Supporting Emissions (Items 28 through 31.	Calculations as Attachment N, o	or attach the calculations directly to the forms liste	d in
	compliance with the proposed en	proposed monitoring, recordkeeping, reporting ar missions limits and operating parameters in this po	
	ay not be able to accept all measu	her or not the applicant chooses to propose such ares proposed by the applicant. If none of these p de them in the permit.	
32. Public Notice. At the time that the	application is submitted, place a	Class I Legal Advertisement in a newspaper of g	general
circulation in the area where the sou	rce is or will be located (See 45C	SR§13-8.3 through 45CSR§13-8.5 and <i>Example</i>	Legal
Advertisement for details). Please	submit the Affidavit of Publication	on as Attachment P immediately upon receipt.	
33. Business Confidentiality Claims.	Does this application include cont	idential information (per 45CSR31)?	
□ YES	🖂 NO		
segment claimed confidential, includ Notice – Claims of Confidentiality	ing the criteria under 45CSR§31- " guidance found in the General		
Se	ection III. Certification	of Information	
34. Authority/Delegation of Authority. Check applicable Authority Form be		ther than the responsible official signs the applicat	tion.
Authority of Corporation or Other Busi	ness Entity	Authority of Partnership	
Authority of Governmental Agency		Authority of Limited Partnership	
Submit completed and signed Authority	Form as Attachment R.		
		Permitting Section of DAQ's website, or requested by	y phone.

Campbell Transportation Company, Inc. / Congo Plant R13-1645A Administrative Update

December 2016

35A. **Certification of Information.** To certify this permit application, a Responsible Official (per 45CSR§13-2.22 and 45CSR§30-2.28) or Authorized Representative shall check the appropriate box and sign below.

Certification of Truth, Accuracy, and Completeness

I, the undersigned Responsible Official / Authorized Representative, hereby certify that all information contained in this application and any supporting documents appended hereto, is true, accurate, and complete based on information and belief after reasonable inquiry I further agree to assume responsibility for the construction, modification and/or relocation and operation of the stationary source described herein in accordance with this application and any amendments thereto, as well as the Department of Environmental Protection, Division of Air Quality permit issued in accordance with this application, along with all applicable rules and regulations of the West Virginia Division of Air Quality and W.Va. Code § 22-5-1 et seq. (State Air Pollution Control Act). If the business or agency changes its Responsible Official or Authorized Representative, the Director of the Division of Air Quality will be notified in writing within 30 days of the official change.

Compliance Certification

Except for requirements identified in the Title V Application for which compliance is not achieved, I, the undersigned hereby certify that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, all air contaminant sources identified in this application are in compliance with all applicable requirements.

SIGNATURE(Please of the second secon	Luce Duse blue ink)	ATE: <u>12-20-2016</u> (Please use blue ink)
35B. Printed name of signee: Eric G. Vowchee	ck	35C. Title: Controller
35D. E-mail: evowcheck@barges.us	36E. Phone: (724) 746-9525	36F. FAX: (724) 873-9013
36A. Printed name of contact person (if different	nt from above): Ronald K. Corigliano	36B. Title: Director of Governmental Affairs and Property Management
36C. E-mail: rcorigliano@barges.us	36D. Phone: (724) 746-9525	36E. FAX: (724) 873-9013

PLEASE CHECK ALL APPLICABLE ATTACHMENTS INCLUDE	ED WITH THIS PERMIT APPLICATION:
 Attachment A: Business Certificate Attachment B: Map(s) Attachment C: Installation and Start Up Schedule Attachment D: Regulatory Discussion Attachment E: Plot Plan Attachment F: Detailed Process Flow Diagram(s) Attachment G: Process Description Attachment H: Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) Attachment I: Emission Units Table Attachment J: Emission Points Data Summary Sheet 	 Attachment K: Fugitive Emissions Data Summary Sheet Attachment L: Emissions Unit Data Sheet(s) Attachment M: Air Pollution Control Device Sheet(s) Attachment N: Supporting Emissions Calculations Attachment O: Monitoring/Recordkeeping/Reporting/Testing Plans Attachment P: Public Notice Attachment Q: Business Confidential Claims Attachment R: Authority Forms Attachment S: Title V Permit Revision Information X Application Fee
Please mail an original and three (3) copies of the complete p address listed on the first page of this application. Please D FOR AGENCY USE ONLY – IF THIS IS A TITLE V SOURCE:	permit application with the signature(s) to the DAQ, Permitting Section, at the O NOT fax permit applications.
Forward 1 copy of the application to the Title V Permittin	g Group and:
For Title V Administrative Amendments:	
□ NSR permit writer should notify Title V permit writ	ter of draft permit,
For Title V Minor Modifications:	
	fication to EPA and affected states within 5 days of receipt,
NSR permit writer should notify Title V permit writer	
For Title V Significant Modifications processed in parallel	
NSR permit writer should notify a Title V permit w	
Public notice should reference both 45CSR13 and Foldered States a	Title V permits,
EPA has 45 day review period of a draft permit.	

All of the required forms and additional information can be found under the Permitting Section of DAQ's website, or requested by phone.

Attachment A

Business Certificate

WEST VIRGINIA STATE TAX DEPARTMENT BUSINESS REGISTRATION CERTIFICATE

ISSUED TO: CAMPBELL TRANSPORTATION COMPANY INC 2567 CONGO ARROYO RD NEWELL, WV 26050-1317

BUSINESS REGISTRATION ACCOUNT NUMBER:

2275-9459

This certificate is issued on: 11/19/2012

This certificate is issued by the West Virginia State Tax Commissioner in accordance with Chapter 11, Article 12, of the West Virginia Code

The person or organization identified on this certificate is registered to conduct business in the State of West Virginia at the location above.

This certificate is not transferrable and must be displayed at the location for which issued.

This certificate shall be permanent until cessation of the business for which the certificate of registration was granted or until it is suspended, revoked or cancelled by the Tax Commissioner.

Change in name or change of location shall be considered a cessation of the business and a new certificate shall be required.

TRAVELING/STREET VENDORS: Must carry a copy of this certificate in every vehicle operated by them. CONTRACTORS, DRILLING OPERATORS, TIMBER/LOGGING OPERATIONS: Must have a copy of this certificate displayed at every job site within West Virginia.

atL006 v.4 L1231733632



STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA State Tax Department, Revenue Division P. O. Box 2666 Charleston, WV 25330-2666



Earl Ray Tomblin, Governor

CAMPBELL TRANSPORTATION COMPANY INC 2567 CONGO ARROYO RD NEWELL WV 26050-1317 Craig A. Griffith, Tax Commissioner

Letter Id: Issued: Account #:

L1231733632 11/19/2012 2275-9459

RE: Business Registration Certificate

The West Virginia State Tax Department would like to thank you for registering your business. Enclosed is your Business Registration Certificate. This certificate shall be permanent until cessation of business or until suspended, revoked or cancelled. Changes in name, ownership or location are considered a cessation of business; a new Business Registration Certificate and applicable fees are required. Please review the certificate for accuracy.

This certificate must be prominently displayed at the location for which issued. Engaging in business without conspicuously posting a West Virginia Business Registration Certificate in the place of business is a crime and may subject you to fines per W.Va. Code § 11-9.

When contacting the State Tax Department, refer to the appropriate account number listed on the back of this page. The taxes listed may not be all the taxes for which you are responsible. Account numbers for taxes are printed on the tax returns mailed by the State Tax Department. Failure to timely file tax returns may result in penalties for late filing.

Should the nature of your business activity or business ownership change, your liability for these and other taxes will change accordingly.

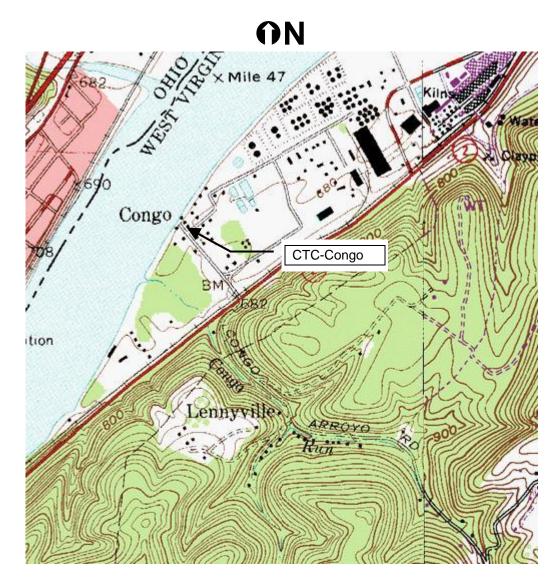
To learn more about these taxes and the services offered by the West Virginia State Tax Department, visit our web site at www.wvtax.gov.

Enclosure

atL006 v.4

ATTACHMENT B – SITE LOCATION MAP Campbell Transportation Company, Inc. Newell/Congo, West Virginia

USGS Map Name: Wellsville, OH Map MRC: 40080E6 UTM Zone: 17N Datum: NAD27 Zoom: 4m/pixel Topo obtained from: www.topoquest.com



ATTACHMENT C - INSTALLATION & START UP SCHEDULE

Proposed Plant Changes	Begin Installation Date	Initial Startup Date
Revisions to Table 4.1.1. Approved Materials List and the Odor Control Program.	At issuance of updated air permit	At issuance of updated air permit

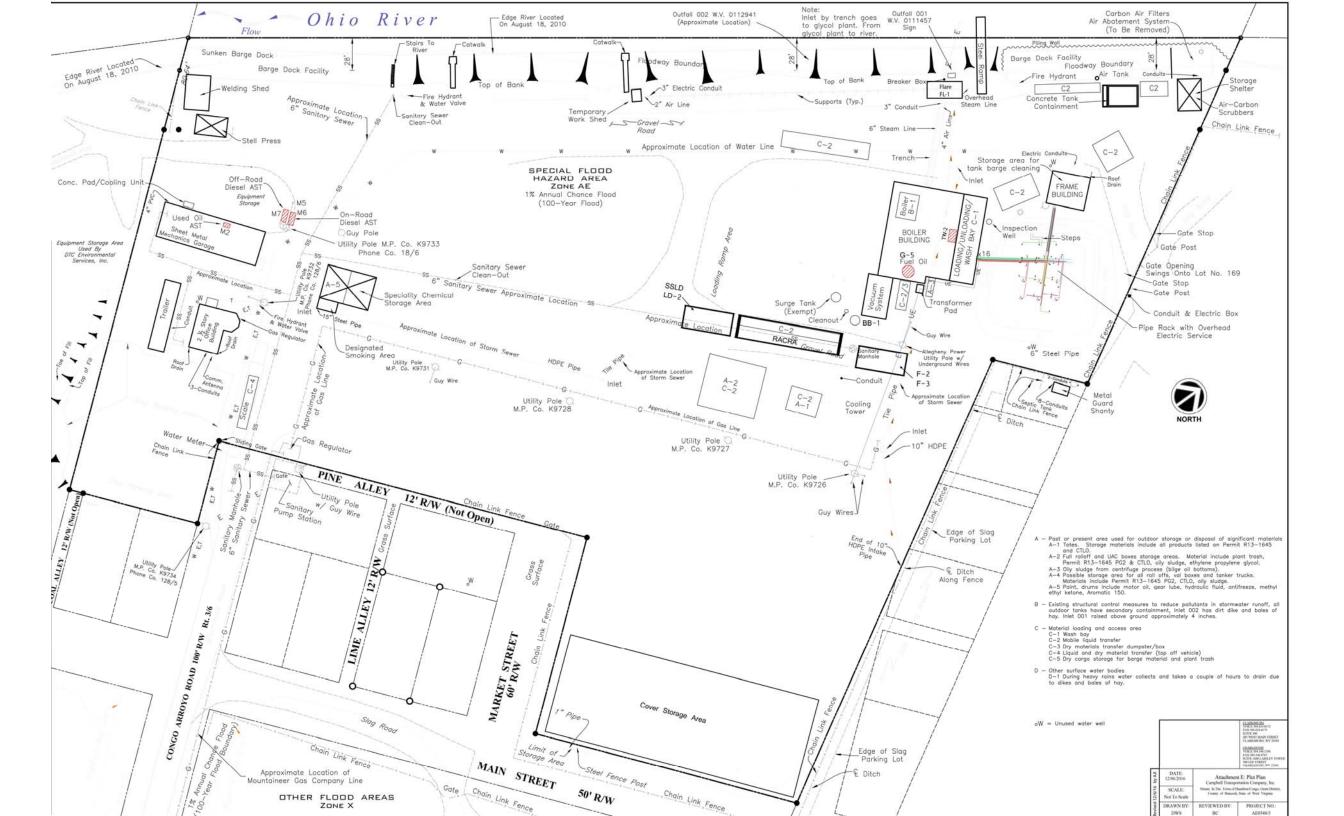
ATTACHMENT D – REGULATORY DISCUSSION

The following table discusses the Clean Air Act <u>new</u> applicable regulatory requirements that CTC believes to apply as a result of this proposed permitting action.

Regulatory Citation	Emission Source Affected	Description of Applicability	Compliance Demonstration
45CSR13-5.4	Flare (Source ID# FL-1)	CTC is requesting revisions to Table 4.1.1. Approved Materials List and the Odor Control Program. CTC is voluntarily reducing the limit on maximum annual hours of vapor combustion at the flare from 936 hours per year to 500 hours per year.	Apply for administrative update to permit R13-1645A; comply with all Rule 13 permit requirements.

Attachment E

Plot Plan



Attachment H

Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS)

Attached are MSDSs for the following proposed additional barge materials to be cleaned at the CTC-Congo facility:

- Base Oil Stocks
- Blend Oils
- Ethylene Glycol
- Exxal 10
- n-Hexane
- Palatinol
- Piperylene
- Slack Wax
- Vegetable Oils



SECTION 1 PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Chevron Neutral Oil 60R

Product Use: Base Oil Product Number(s): 240664 Company Identification Chevron Products Company a division of Chevron U.S.A. Inc. 6001 Bollinger Canyon Rd. San Ramon, CA 94583 United States of America www.chevronlubricants.com

Transportation Emergency Response

CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300 or (703) 527-3887

Health Emergency Chevron Emergency Information Center: Located in the USA. International collect calls accepted. (800) 231-0623 or (510) 231-0623

Product Information

email : lubemsds@chevron.com Product Information: 1 (800) 582-3835, LUBETEK@chevron.com

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

CLASSIFICATION: Aspiration toxicant: Category 1.



Signal Word: Danger

Health Hazards: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:

Response: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician. Do NOT induce

Chevron Neutral Oil 60R SDS: 30963 vomiting.

Storage: Store locked up.

Disposal: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

HAZARDS NOT OTHERWISE CLASSIFIED: Not Applicable

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

COMPONENTS	CAS NUMBER	AMOUNT
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	64742-55-8	100 %weight

This product is not approved for direct food use [CFR 178.3620 (a) & (b)].

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

Eye: No specific first aid measures are required. As a precaution, remove contact lenses, if worn, and flush eyes with water.

Skin: No specific first aid measures are required. As a precaution, remove clothing and shoes if contaminated. To remove the material from skin, use soap and water. Discard contaminated clothing and shoes or thoroughly clean before reuse.

Ingestion: If swallowed, get immediate medical attention. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation: If exposed to excessive amounts of material in air, move the exposed person to fresh air. Get medical attention if coughing or respiratory discomfort occurs.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed IMMEDIATE SYMPTOMS AND HEALTH EFFECTS

Eye: Not expected to cause prolonged or significant eye irritation.

Skin: Contact with the skin is not expected to cause prolonged or significant irritation. Contact with the skin is not expected to cause an allergic skin response. Not expected to be harmful to internal organs if absorbed through the skin.

Ingestion: Because of its low viscosity, this material can directly enter the lungs, if swallowed, or if subsequently vomited. Once in the lungs it is very difficult to remove and can cause severe injury or death. **Inhalation:** Not expected to be harmful if inhaled. Contains a petroleum-based mineral oil. May cause respiratory irritation or other pulmonary effects following prolonged or repeated inhalation of oil mist at airborne levels above the recommended mineral oil mist exposure limit. Symptoms of respiratory irritation may include coughing and difficulty breathing.

DELAYED OR OTHER SYMPTOMS AND HEALTH EFFECTS: Not classified.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to Physicians: Ingestion of this product or subsequent vomiting may result in aspiration of light hydrocarbon liquid, which may cause pneumonitis.

SECTION 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish flames.

PROTECTION OF FIRE FIGHTERS:

Fire Fighting Instructions: This material will burn although it is not easily ignited. See Section 7 for proper handling and storage. For fires involving this material, do not enter any enclosed or confined fire space without proper protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus.

Combustion Products: Highly dependent on combustion conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids, and gases including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and unidentified organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion.

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Protective Measures: Eliminate all sources of ignition in vicinity of spilled material.

Spill Management: Stop the source of the release if you can do it without risk. Contain release to prevent further contamination of soil, surface water or groundwater. Clean up spill as soon as possible, observing precautions in Exposure Controls/Personal Protection. Use appropriate techniques such as applying non-combustible absorbent materials or pumping. Where feasible and appropriate, remove contaminated soil. Place contaminated materials in disposable containers and dispose of in a manner consistent with applicable regulations.

Reporting: Report spills to local authorities as appropriate or required.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautionary Measures: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe oil mist at concentrations above the recommended mineral oil mist exposure limit. Do not taste or swallow. Wash thoroughly after handling.

General Handling Information: Avoid contaminating soil or releasing this material into sewage and drainage systems and bodies of water.

Static Hazard: Electrostatic charge may accumulate and create a hazardous condition when handling this material. To minimize this hazard, bonding and grounding may be necessary but may not, by themselves, be sufficient. Review all operations which have the potential of generating and accumulating an electrostatic charge and/or a flammable atmosphere (including tank and container filling, splash filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, filtering, mixing, agitation, and vacuum truck operations) and use appropriate mitigating procedures. For more information, refer to OSHA Standard 29 CFR 1910.106, 'Flammable and Combustible Liquids', National Fire Protection Association (NFPA 77, 'Recommended Practice on Static Electricity', and/or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, 'Protection Against Ignitions Arising Out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents'.

Container Warnings: Container is not designed to contain pressure. Do not use pressure to empty container or it may rupture with explosive force. Empty containers retain product residue (solid, liquid, and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury or death. Empty containers should be completely drained, properly closed, and promptly returned to a drum reconditioner or disposed of properly.

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS:

Consider the potential hazards of this material (see Section 3), applicable exposure limits, job activities, and other substances in the work place when designing engineering controls and selecting personal protective equipment. If engineering controls or work practices are not adequate to prevent exposure to harmful levels of this material, the personal protective equipment listed below is recommended. The user should

read and understand all instructions and limitations supplied with the equipment since protection is usually provided for a limited time or under certain circumstances.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

Use in a well-ventilated area.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Eye/Face Protection: No special eye protection is normally required. Where splashing is possible, wear safety glasses with side shields as a good safety practice.

Skin Protection: No special protective clothing is normally required. Where splashing is possible, select protective clothing depending on operations conducted, physical requirements and other substances in the workplace. Suggested materials for protective gloves include: 4H (PE/EVAL), Nitrile Rubber, Silver Shield, Viton.

Respiratory Protection: No respiratory protection is normally required.

If user operations generate an oil mist, determine if airborne concentrations are below the occupational exposure limit for mineral oil mist. If not, wear an approved respirator that provides adequate protection from the measured concentrations of this material. For air-purifying respirators use a particulate cartridge. Use a positive pressure air-supplying respirator in circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Occupational Exposure Limits:

Component	Agency	TWA	STEL	Ceiling	Notation
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated	Not				
light paraffinic	Applicable				

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Attention: the data below are typical values and do not constitute a specification.

Color: Colorless to yellow Physical State: No data available **Odor:** Hydrocarbon odor Odor Threshold: No data available **pH:** Not Applicable Vapor Pressure: <0.01 mmHg @ 37.8 °C (100 °F) Vapor Density (Air = 1): >1 Initial Boiling Point: No data available Solubility: Soluble in hydrocarbons; insoluble in water Freezing Point: Not Applicable Melting Point: Not Applicable Density: 0.8525 kg/l @ 15°C (59°F) (Typical) **Viscosity:** 18.7 mm2/s @ 40°C (104°F) **Evaporation Rate:** No data available **Decomposition temperature:** No Data Available Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient: No data available

FLAMMABLE PROPERTIES:

Flammability (solid, gas): No Data Available

Flashpoint: (Cleveland Open Cup) 155 °C (311 °F) Minimum **Autoignition:** No data available

Flammability (Explosive) Limits (% by volume in air): Lower: Not Applicable Upper: Not Applicable

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: May react with strong acids or strong oxidizing agents, such as chlorates, nitrates, peroxides, etc.

Chemical Stability: This material is considered stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

Incompatibility With Other Materials: Not applicable

Hazardous Decomposition Products: None known (None expected)

Hazardous Polymerization: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: The eye irritation hazard is based on evaluation of data for product components.

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: The skin irritation hazard is based on evaluation of data for product components.

Skin Sensitization: The skin sensitization hazard is based on evaluation of data for product components.

Acute Dermal Toxicity: The acute dermal toxicity hazard is based on evaluation of data for product components.

Acute Oral Toxicity: The acute oral toxicity hazard is based on evaluation of data for product components.

Acute Inhalation Toxicity: The acute inhalation toxicity hazard is based on evaluation of data for product components.

Acute Toxicity Estimate: Not Determined

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: The hazard evaluation is based on data for components or a similar material.

Carcinogenicity: The hazard evaluation is based on data for components or a similar material.

Reproductive Toxicity: The hazard evaluation is based on data for components or a similar material.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure: The hazard evaluation is based on data for components or a similar material.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure: The hazard evaluation is based on data for components or a similar material.

ADDITIONAL TOXICOLOGY INFORMATION:

This product contains petroleum base oils which may be refined by various processes including severe solvent extraction, severe hydrocracking, or severe hydrotreating. None of the oils requires a cancer warning under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). These oils have not been

listed in the National Toxicology Program (NTP) Annual Report nor have they been classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as; carcinogenic to humans (Group 1), probably carcinogenic to humans (Group 2A), or possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B). These oils have not been classified by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) as: confirmed human carcinogen (A1), suspected human carcinogen (A2), or confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans (A3).

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICITY

This material is not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms. The ecotoxicity hazard is based on an evaluation of data for the components or a similar material. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

MOBILITY

No data available.

PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY

This material is not expected to be readily biodegradable. The biodegradability of this material is based on an evaluation of data for the components or a similar material. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

POTENTIAL TO BIOACCUMULATE

Bioconcentration Factor: No data available. Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient: No data available

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Use material for its intended purpose or recycle if possible. Oil collection services are available for used oil recycling or disposal. Place contaminated materials in containers and dispose of in a manner consistent with applicable regulations. Contact your sales representative or local environmental or health authorities for approved disposal or recycling methods.

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The description shown may not apply to all shipping situations. Consult 49CFR, or appropriate Dangerous Goods Regulations, for additional description requirements (e.g., technical name) and mode-specific or quantity-specific shipping requirements.

DOT Shipping Description: PETROLEUM LUBRICATING OIL, NOT REGULATED AS A HAZARDOUS MATERIAL FOR TRANSPORTATION UNDER 49 CFR

IMO/IMDG Shipping Description: PETROLEUM LUBRICATING OIL; NOT REGULATED AS DANGEROUS GOODS FOR TRANSPORT UNDER THE IMDG CODE

ICAO/IATA Shipping Description: PETROLEUM LUBRICATING OIL; NOT REGULATED AS DANGEROUS GOODS FOR TRANSPORT UNDER ICAO TI OR IATA DGR

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC code: Not applicable

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA 311/312 CATEGORIES:		Immediate (Acute) Health Effects: Delayed (Chronic) Health Effects:	NO NO
	۷.	Delayeu (Onionic) nealth Enects.	NO
	3.	Fire Hazard:	NO
	Λ	Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard	NO

4. Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard:

NO

5. Reactivity Hazard:

REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED:

01-1=IARC Group 1	03=EPCRA 313
01-2A=IARC Group 2A	04=CA Proposition 65
01-2B=IARC Group 2B	05=MA RTK
02=NTP Carcinogen	06=NJ RTK
	07=PA RTK

No components of this material were found on the regulatory lists above.

CHEMICAL INVENTORIES:

All components comply with the following chemical inventory requirements: AICS (Australia), DSL (Canada), EINECS (European Union), ENCS (Japan), IECSC (China), KECI (Korea), PICCS (Philippines), TSCA (United States).

NEW JERSEY RTK CLASSIFICATION:

Under the New Jersey Right-to-Know Act L. 1983 Chapter 315 N.J.S.A. 34:5A-1 et. seq., the product is to be identified as follows: PETROLEUM OIL

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA RATINGS: Health: 0 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0

HMIS RATINGS: Health: 1 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0 (0-Least, 1-Slight, 2-Moderate, 3-High, 4-Extreme, PPE:- Personal Protection Equipment Index recommendation, *- Chronic Effect Indicator). These values are obtained using the guidelines or published evaluations prepared by the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) or the National Paint and Coating Association (for HMIS ratings).

LABEL RECOMMENDATION:

Label Category : BASE OIL 1 - BAS1

REVISION STATEMENT: This revision updates the following sections of this Safety Data Sheet: 1-16 **Revision Date:** OCTOBER 31, 2014

ABBREVIATIONS THAT MAY HAVE BEEN USED IN THIS DOCUMENT:

TLV - Threshold Limit Value	TWA - Time Weighted Average
STEL - Short-term Exposure Limit	PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit
GHS - Globally Harmonized System	CAS - Chemical Abstract Service Number
ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental	IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods
Industrial Hygienists	Code
API - American Petroleum Institute	SDS - Safety Data Sheet
HMIS - Hazardous Materials Information System	NFPA - National Fire Protection Association (USA)
DOT - Department of Transportation (USA)	NTP - National Toxicology Program (USA)
IARC - International Agency for Research on	OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration
Cancer	
NCEL - New Chemical Exposure Limit	EPA - Environmental Protection Agency
SCBA - Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus	

Prepared according to the 29 CFR 1910.1200 (2012) by Chevron Energy Technology Company, 6001 Bollinger Canyon Road San Ramon, CA 94583.

The above information is based on the data of which we are aware and is believed to be correct as of the date hereof. Since this information may be applied under conditions beyond our control and with which we may be unfamiliar and since data made available subsequent to the date hereof may suggest modifications of the information, we do not assume any responsibility for the results of its use. This information is furnished upon condition that the person receiving it shall make his own determination of the suitability of the material for his particular purpose.



PennGrade Synthetic Blend Motor Oil – All Viscosities

Prepared according to U.S. OSHA, CMA, ANSI, Canadian WHMIS, Australian WorkSafe, Japanese Industrial Standard JIS Z 7250:2000, and European Union REACH Regulations

SECTION 1 - PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: PRODUCT USE: PRODUCT DESCRIPTION: CAS# MANUFACTURER'S NAME: ADDRESS: EMERGENCY PHONE: BUSINESS PHONE: WEB SITE: DATE OF PREPARATION: DATE OF LAST REVISION:

PennGrade Synthetic Blend Motor Oil – All Viscosities Engine Oils Base Oil and Additives Mixture D-A Lubricant Company, Inc. 801 Edwards Drive, Lebanon, IN 46052 USA 1-800-899-9004 TOLL-FREE in USA/Canada 1-317-923-5321 (Product Information) www.dalube.com 09 December 2015 09 December 2015



SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: This product is an amber colored liquid with a petroleum hydrocarbon odor. **HEALTH HAZARDS:** Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause irritation to eyes, respiratory system and skin. Repeated exposure may cause dryness of the skin.

FLAMMABILITY: This product is not classified as a flammable liquid. Flashpoint: >185°C (>365°F) ASTM D-92 **ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS:** The Environmental effects of this product have not been investigated. Floats on water. If it enters soil, it will be absorbed to soil particles and will not be mobile. This product may cause gastrointestinal distress in birds and mammals through ingestion during pelage grooming.

US DOT SYMBOLS

CANADA (WHMIS) SYMBOLS

EUROPEAN and (GHS) Hazard Symbols

Non-Regulated

Not Controlled



EU LABELING AND CLASSIFICATION:

Classification of the substance or mixture according to Regulation (EC) No1272/2008 Annex 1 EC# Various Highly Refined Petroleum Base Stocks – Listed in Annex I All are Severely Hydrotreated with less than 3 % DMSO extract as measured by IP 346 Substances not listed either individually and

Substances not listed either individually or in group entries must be self classified

Components Contributing to Hazard:

Highly refined Mineral Oil

GHS Hazard Classification(s): Skin Irritation Category 2

Eye Irritation Category 2B

Hazard Statement(s):

H320: Causes eye irritation H315: Causes skin irritation

Precautionary Statement(s):

P264: Wash hands thoroughly after handling P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

EU HAZARD CLASSIFICATION PER DIRECTIVE 1999/45/EC: [Xi] Irritant

Risk Phrases:

R36/38: Irritating to eyes and skin

Safety Phrases:

S24/25: Avoid contact with skin and eyes S37/39: Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection

PennGrade Synthetic Blend Motor Oil – All Viscosities

HEALTH HAZARDS OR RISKS FROM EXPOSURE:

ACUTE:

EYE: Expected to cause mild irritation of the eye if exposed to liquid spray or mist. May cause tearing, or burning of the eyes.

SKIN: May cause mild skin irritation from prolonged or repeated skin contact. Symptoms of irritation may include redness, drying, and cracking of the skin.

INHALATION: No significant adverse health effects are expected to occur upon short-term exposure

INGESTION: Ingestion can cause mild irritation of the digestive tract or cause a laxative effect. Because of the low viscosity of this material, this material can enter the lungs directly by aspiration during swallowing or vomiting. If aspirated into lungs, this material can cause severe lung damage.

CHRONIC: Prolonged or repeated skin contact can cause mild irritation and inflammation characterized by drying, cracking, (dermatitis) or oil acne.

TARGET ORGANS: ACUTE: Eye, Skin

CHRONIC: Skin

SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION and INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS:	CAS #	EINECS #	ICSC #	VVT %	HAZARD CLASSIFICATION; RISK PHRASES
Highly Refined Mineral Oil	See Note Below	Various	Not Listed	>70%	HAZARD CLASSIFICATION: Self Classified: [Xi] Irritant
Balance of other ingredients are carcinogens, reproductive toxins, o	non-hazardous or respiratory sens	or less than 1% sitizers).	in concentration	or 0.1% for	RISK PHRASES: R36/38

NOTE: This product can contain any of the following highly refined petroleum base stocks: 64742-01-4, 64742-54-7, 64742-58-1, 64741-88-4, 72623-84-8, 72623-87-1, 64742-46-7, 64742-57-0, 64742-62-7, 64741-89-5, 72623-85-9, 8042-47-5, 64742-52-5, 64742-55-8, 64742-65-0, 72623-83-7, 72623-86-0

ALL WHMIS required information is included in appropriate sections based on the ANSI Z400.1-2010 format. This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR, EU Directives and the Japanese Industrial Standard *JIS Z 7250*: 2000.

SECTION 4 - FIRST-AID MEASURES

Contaminated individuals of chemical exposure must be taken for medical attention if any adverse effect occurs. Rescuers should be taken for medical attention, if necessary. Take copy of label, bill of lading and/or MSDS to health professional with contaminated individual.

EYE CONTACT: If product enters the eyes, open eyes while under gentle running water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if worn. Seek medical attention if irritation persists.

SKIN CONTACT: Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Seek medical attention if irritation develops and persists. Remove contaminated clothing. Launder before re-use.

INHALATION: If breathing becomes difficult, remove victim to fresh air. If necessary, use artificial respiration to support vital functions. Seek medical attention if breathing dificulty continues.

INGESTION: If product is swallowed, call physician or poison control center for most current information. If professional advice is not available, do not induce vomiting. Never induce vomiting or give diluents (milk or water) to someone who is unconscious, having convulsions, or who cannot swallow. Seek medical advice. Take a copy of the label and/or MSDS with the victim to the health professional.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE: Pre-existing skin problems may be aggravated by prolonged contact.

RECOMMENDATIONS TO PHYSICIANS: Treat symptoms and reduce over-exposure.

SECTION 5 - FRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT: AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: FLAMMABLE LIMITS (in air by volume, %): FIRE EXTINGUISHING MATERIALS:

>185°C (>365°F) ASTM D-92 Not Established Lower (LEL): Not Available Upper (UEL): Not Available

Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish flames.

PennGrade Synthetic Blend Motor Oil – All Viscosities

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Do not use straight streams of water. This product is a combustible liquid at temperatures above flash point.

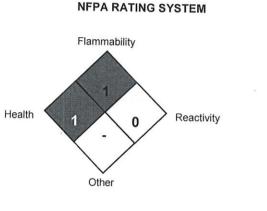
Explosion Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact:

Explosion Sensitivity to Static Discharge:

SPECIAL FIRE-FIGHTING PROCEDURES:

Not Sensitive. Not Sensitive

Incipient fire responders should wear eye protection. Structural firefighters must wear Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus and full protective equipment. Isolate materials not yet involved in the fire and protect personnel. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk; otherwise, cool with carefully applied water spray. If possible, prevent runoff water from entering storm drains, bodies of water, or other environmentally sensitive areas.





Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe * = Chronic hazard

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

SPILL AND LEAK RESPONSE: Personnel should be trained for spill response operations.

SPILLS: Contain spill if safe to do so. Product may create a slip hazard if not cleaned up. Prevent entry into drains, sewers, and other waterways. Soak up with an absorbent material and place in an appropriate container for disposal. Dispose of in accordance with applicable Federal, State, and local procedures (see Section 13, Disposal Considerations).

If spill of any amount is made into or upon navigable waters, the contiguous zone or adjoining shorelines, notify the National Response Center (phone number 800-424-8802).

Dispose of in accordance with applicable Federal, State, and local procedures (see Section 13, Disposal Considerations).

SECTION 7 - HANDLING and STORAGE

WORK PRACTICES AND HYGIENE PRACTICES: As with all chemicals, avoid getting this product ON YOU or IN YOU. Wash thoroughly after handling this product. Do not eat, drink, smoke, or apply cosmetics while handling this product. Avoid breathing vapors/mists generated by this product. Use in a well-ventilated location. Remove contaminated clothing immediately.

STORAGE AND HANDLING PRACTICES: Containers of this product must be properly labeled. Store containers in a cool, dry location. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Protect from physical damage.

Other precautions: For professional industrial use only. Good personal hygiene is important. Empty containers retain residue which can be dangerous. DO NOT pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other ignition sources; they may explode and cause injury or death

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS - PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE LIMITS/GUIDELINES:

Chemical Name	CAS#	ACGIH TWA	OSHA TWA	SWA
Highly Refined Petroleum Base Stocks	Various	5 mg/m³ Oil Mist	5 mg/m³ Oil Mist	5 mg/m ³ Oil Mist

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Currently, International exposure limits are not established for the components of this product. Please check with competent authority in each country for the most recent limits in place.

VENTILATION AND ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Use with adequate ventilation to ensure exposure levels are maintained below the limits provided above. Use local exhaust ventilation to control airborne vapor. Ensure eyewash/safety shower stations are available near areas where this product is used.

The following information on appropriate Personal Protective Equipment is provided to assist employers in complying with OSHA regulations found in 29 CFR Subpart I (beginning at 1910.132) or equivalent standard of Canada, or standards of EU member states (including EN 149 for respiratory PPE, and EN 166 for face/eye protection), and those of Japan. Please reference applicable regulations and standards for relevant details.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Not normally required. Maintain airborne contaminant concentrations below guidelines listed above, if applicable. If necessary, use only respiratory protection authorized in the U.S. Federal OSHA Respiratory Protection Standard (29 CFR 1910.134), equivalent U.S. State standards, Canadian CSA Standard Z94.4-93, the European Standard EN149, or EU member states.

EYE PROTECTION: Safety glasses or chemical goggles as appropriate to prevent eye contact. If necessary, refer to U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133 or appropriate Canadian Standards.

HAND PROTECTION: Use chemical resistant gloves to prevent skin contact. If necessary, refer to U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.138 or appropriate Standards of Canada.

BODY PROTECTION: Use body protection appropriate to prevent contact (e.g. lab coat, overalls). If necessary, refer to appropriate Standards of Canada, or appropriate Standards of the EU, Australian Standards, or relevant Japanese Standards.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL and CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PHYSICAL STATE: APPEARANCE & ODOR: ODOR THRESHOLD (PPM): VAPOR PRESSURE (mmHg): VAPOR DENSITY (AIR=1): EVAPORATION RATE (nBuAc = 1): BOILING POINT (C°): MELTING POINT (C°): pH: SPECIFIC GRAVITY: VISCOSITY: SOLUBILITY IN WATER (%)

Liquid Amber colored liquid with a petroleum hydrocarbon odor. Mild <0.013 hPa (0.1 mm Hg) at 20°C No Data Available No Data Available >°260C (>500°F) No Data Available No Data Available 0.8625 at 60°F No Data Available Negligible

SECTION 10 - STABILITY and REACTIVITY

STABILITY: Product is stable

DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Material does not decompose under normal storage conditions. When heated to decomposition this product produces carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide.

MATERIALS WITH WHICH SUBSTANCE IS INCOMPATIBLE: Strong oxidizers

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Contact with incompatible materials. Excessive heat and high energy sources of ignition.

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

TOXICITY DATA: Toxicity data is not available for mixture: Information given is based on data on the components and toxicology of similar products.

Acute Oral Toxicity LD50 >5,000 mg/kg

Acute Dermal Toxicity LD50 >5,000 mg/kg

SUSPECTED CANCER AGENT: This product does not contain an ingredient(s) that are found on one or more of the following lists: FEDERAL OSHA Z LIST, NTP, CAL/OSHA, IARC and therefore is not considered to be, or suspected to be a cancer-causing agent by these agencies.

IRRITANCY OF PRODUCT: Contact with this product can be irritating to exposed skin and eyes.

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REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY INFORMATION: No information concerning the effects of this product and its components on the human reproductive system.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal. ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible. Continuous contact with used engine oils has caused skin cancer in animal tests

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ALL WORK PRACTICES MUST BE AIMED AT ELIMINATING ENVIRONMENTAL CONTAMINATION.

ENVIRONMENTAL STABILITY: It is not expected to be biodegradable. Liquid under most environmental conditions. Floats on water. If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be mobile.

EFFECT OF MATERIAL ON PLANTS or ANIMALS: If applied to leaves, this product may kill grasses and small plants by interfering with transpiration and respiration. This product is not toxic to fish but may coat gill structures resulting in suffocation if spilled in shallow, running water. Product may be moderately toxic to amphibians by preventing dermal respiration. This product may cause gastrointestinal distress in birds and mammals through ingestion during pelage

EFFECT OF CHEMICAL ON AQUATIC LIFE: No evidence is currently available on this product's effects on aquatic life.

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

PREPARING WASTES FOR DISPOSAL: It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains, or in water courses. Waste disposal must be in accordance with appropriate Federal, State, and local regulations, those of Canada, Australia, EU Member States and Japan.

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

US DOT; IATA; IMO; ADR:

THIS PRODUCT IS NOT HAZARDOUS AS DEFINED BY 49 CFR 172.101 BY THE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION. PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Non-Regulated Material HAZARD CLASS NUMBER and DESCRIPTION: None UN IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: None PACKING GROUP: None

DOT LABEL(S) REQUIRED: None

NORTH AMERICAN EMERGENCY RESPONSE GUIDEBOOK NUMBER (2004): None

MARINE POLLUTANT: None of the ingredients are classified by the DOT as a Marine Pollutant (as defined by 49 CFR 172.101, Appendix B)

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (DOT) SHIPPING REGULATIONS:

This product is not classified as dangerous goods, per U.S. DOT regulations, under 49 CFR 172.101.

TRANSPORT CANADA, TRANSPORTATION OF DANGEROUS GOODS REGULATIONS:

This product is not classified as Dangerous Goods, per regulations of Transport Canada.

INTERNATIONAL AIR TRANSPORT ASSOCIATION (IATA)

This product is not classified as Dangerous Goods, by rules of IATA:

INTERNATIONAL MARITIME ORGANIZATION (IMO) DESIGNATION

This product is not classified as Dangerous Goods by the International Maritime Organization.

EUROPEAN AGREEMENT CONCERNING THE INTERNATIONAL CARRIAGE OF DANGEROUS GOODS BY ROAD (ADR): This product is not classified by the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe to be dangerous goods.

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

UNITED STATES REGULATIONS

SARA REPORTING REQUIREMENTS: This product components are subject to the reporting requirements of Sections 302, 304 and 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act., as follows:

SARA 313 Reporting: Zinc Dialkyl Dithiophosphate CAS#68649-42-3 <0.5%

TSCA: All components in this product are listed on the US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory of chemicals.

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SARA 311/312:

Acute Health: Yes

Chronic Health: No

Fire: No

Reactivity: No

U.S. SARA THRESHOLD PLANNING QUANTITY: There are no specific Threshold Planning Quantities for this product. The default Federal MSDS submission and inventory requirement filing threshold of 10,000 lb (4,540 kg) may apply, per 40 CFR 370.20.

U.S. CERCLA REPORTABLE QUANTITY (RQ): None

CALIFORNIA SAFE DRINKING WATER AND TOXIC ENFORCEMENT ACT (PROPOSITION 65): This product does not contain ingredient(s) which are on the California Proposition 65 lists.

ANADIAN REGULATIONS:

CANADIAN DSL/NDSL INVENTORY STATUS: All of the components of this product are on the DSL Inventory

CANADIAN ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT (CEPA) PRIORITIES SUBSTANCES LISTS: No component of this product is on the CEPA First Priorities Substance Lists.

CANADIAN WHMIS CLASSIFICATION and SYMBOLS: This product is categorized as "Not Controlled", as per the Controlled Product Regulations

EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COMMUNITY INFORMATION:

EU LABELING AND CLASSIFICATION:

Classification of the mixture according to Regulation (EC) No1272/2008. See section 2 for details.

AUSTRALIAN INFORMATION FOR PRODUCT:

AUSTRALIAN INVENTORY OF CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES (AICS) STATUS: All components of this product are listed or exempt on the AICS.

STANDARD FOR THE UNIFORM SCHEDULING OF DRUGS AND POISONS: Not applicable.

JAPANESE INFORMATION FOR PRODUCT:

JAPANESE MINISTER OF INTERNATIONAL TRADE AND INDUSTRY (MITI) STATUS: The components of this product are not listed as Class I Specified Chemical Substances, Class II Specified Chemical Substances, or Designated Chemical Substances by the Japanese MITI.

INTERNATIONAL CHEMICAL INVENTORIES:

Listing of the components on individual country Chemical Inventories is as follows: Asia-Pac:	
	Listed
Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS):	Listed
Korean Existing Chemicals List (ECL):	Listed
Japanese Existing National Inventory of Chemical Substances (ENCS):	Listed
Philippines Inventory if Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS):	Listed
Swiss Giftliste List of Toxic Substances:	Listed
U.S. TSCA:	
	Listed

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

Latest revision: 9 December 2015, SDS created

Disclaimer: The information in this document is believed to be correct as of the date issued. HOWEVER, NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR ANY OTHER WARRANTY IS EXPRESSED OR IS TO BE IMPLIED REGARDING THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF THIS INFORMATION, THE RESULTS TO BE OBTAINED FROM THE USE OF THIS INFORMATION OR THE PRODUCT, THE SAFETY OF THIS PRODUCT, OR THE HAZARDS RELATED TO ITS USE. This information and product are furnished on the condition that the person receiving them shall make his own determination as to the suitability of the product for his particular purpose and on the condition that he assume the risk of his use thereof.



1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PRI	EPARATION AND COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Material Name	:	Ethylene Glycol
Other names / Synonyms Recommended use / Restrictions of use	:	Ethane diol 1,2 MEG Glycol Dihydroxy ethane 1,2 Ethylene Glycol Chemical intermediate. Advice in this document relates only to product as originally supplied. Other derivative chemicals will have different properties and hazards. Advice should be sought on their safe handling and use.
Supplier	:	Shell Eastern Trading (PTE) Ltd
		9 North Buona Vista Drive, #07-01, Tower 1, The Metropolis Singapore 138588 Singapore
Telephone Fax	:	+65-6384 8000
Emergency Telephone Number	:	+44 (0) 151 350 4595
HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION		
GHS Classification	:	Acute toxicity, Category 4 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 2, Kidney.
GHS Label Elements		
Symbol(s)	:	
Signal Words	:	Warning
GHS Hazard statements	:	PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: H302: Harmful if swallowed. H373: May cause damage to organs or organ systems through prolonged or repeated exposure. Kidney. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.
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2.



GHS Precautionary Statements

Prevention	:	P260: Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. P264: Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Response	:	P301+P312: IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. P330: Rinse mouth. P314: Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
Storage	:	No precautionary phrases.
Disposal:	:	P501: Dispose of contents and container to appropriate waste site or reclaimer in accordance with local and national regulations.
Other Hazards which do not result in classification	:	Not classified as flammable but will burn. Ingestion may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Inhalation of vapours or mists may cause irritation to the respiratory system.
Aggravated Medical Condition	:	Pre-existing medical conditions of the following organ(s) or organ system(s) may be aggravated by exposure to this material: Kidney.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Identity Synonyms		1,2-Ethane diol. Ethane diol 1,2 MEG Glycol Dihydroxy ethane 1,2 Ethylene Glycol
CAS No.	:	107-21-1
INDEX No.	:	603-027-00-1
EINECS No.	:	203-473-3

Classification of components according to GHS

Chemical Name	Synonyms	CAS	Hazard Class (category)	Hazard statement	Conc.
Ethylene Glycol		107-21-1	Acute Tox., 4; STOT RE, 2;	H302;H373;	> 95.00 %W

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

General Information

: Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal



The first sides are seen at	conditions.
The first aid measures for di Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. If rapid recovery does not occur, transport
Skin Contact	 to nearest medical facility for additional treatment. Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent
Eye Contact	 irritation occurs, obtain medical attention. Flush eye with copious quantities of water. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
Ingestion	 DO NOT DELAY. Do not induce vomiting. If victim is alert, rinse mouth and drink 1/2 to 1 glass of water to help dilute the material. Do not give liquids to a drowsy, convulsing, or unconscious person. Transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration.
Notes to physician Most important symptoms and effects,	: Kidney toxicity may be recognized by blood in the urine or increased or decreased urine flow. Other signs and symptoms
both acute and delayed	can include nausea, vomiting, abdominal cramps, diarrhoea, lumbar pain shortly after ingestion, and possibly narcosis and death. Eye irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation, redness, swelling, and/or blurred vision. Skin irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation, redness, swelling, and/or blisters. Respiratory irritation signs and symptoms may include a temporary burning sensation of the nose and throat, coughing, and/or difficulty breathing.
Immediate medical attention, special treatment	 IMMEDIATE TREATMENT IS EXTREMELY IMPORTANT! May cause significant renal, respiratory, and CNS toxicity. May cause significant acidosis. Call a doctor or poison control center for guidance.
. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES	
Specific Hazards	: Material will not burn unless preheated. Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Containers exposed to intense heat from fires should be cooled with large quantities of water.
Suitable Extinguishing Media	 Alcohol-resistant foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media	: Do not use water in a jet.
Protective Equipment for Firefighters	: Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.
Other Advice	: Evacuate the area of all non-essential personnel. Keep adjacent containers cool by spraying with water.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions,	:	Avoid contact with spilled or released material. For guidance on
Protective Equipment and		selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this
Emergency Procedures		Material Safety Data Sheet.



Safety	Data	Sheet
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Environmental Precautions	 Prevent from spreading or entering into drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Ventilate contaminated area thoroughly.
Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up	 Contain run-off from residue flush and dispose of properly. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material. For small liquid spills (< 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means to a labelled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely. For large liquid spills (> 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or safe disposal. Do not flush away residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely.
Additional Advice	: See Chapter 13 for information on disposal. Observe all relevant local regulations. Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur. Dike and contain spill water.
7. HANDLING AND STORAGE	
General Precautions	: Avoid breathing vapours or contact with material. Only use in well ventilated areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. On guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
Precautions for Safe Handling	: Use local exhaust extraction over processing area. Handle and open container with care in a well-ventilated area. Do not empty into drains. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Handling Temperature: Ambient. 60 °C maximum
Conditions for Safe Storage	Tanks must be clean, dry and rust-free. Keep container tightly closed. Must be stored in a diked (bunded) well-ventilated area, away from sunlight, ignition sources and other sources of heat. Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of storage tanks is a specialist operation which requires the implementation of strict procedures and precautions. Drums should be stacked to a maximum of 3 high. Storage Temperature: Ambient. 60 °C maximum
Product Transfer	: Keep containers closed when not in use. Do not pressurize drum
Recommended Materials Other Advice	 containers to empty. Stainless steel. Mild steel. Carbon steel Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and storage
	4/10



facilities are followed.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

If the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) value is provided on this document, it is provided for information only.

Occupational Exposure Limits

Material	Source	Туре	ppm	mg/m3	Notation	
Ethylene Glycol	ACGIH	Ceiling		100 mg/m3		
Aerosol.						
	SG OEL	STEL	50 ppm	127 mg/m3		

Additional Information

: Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking and using the toilet. Launder contaminated clothing before re-use.

Biological Exposure Index (BEI)

No biological limit allocated.

Appropriate Engineering Controls	:	No exposure controls are ordinarily required under normal conditions of use. It is good general industrial hygiene practice to minimize exposure to the material.		
Individual Protection	:	Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet		
Measures		recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.		
Respiratory Protection Hand Protection	:	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are unsuitable (e.g., airborne concentrations are high, risk of oxygen deficiency, confined space) use appropriate positive pressure breathing apparatus. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Select a filter suitable for combined particulate/organic gases and vapors [Type A/Type P boiling point > 65°C (149°F)] meeting EN14387 and EN143. Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739, AS/NZS:2161) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: Longer term protection: PVC. Neoprene rubber. Nitrile rubber. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.		
Eye Protection	:	Chemical splash goggles (chemical monogoggles).		
Body protection	:	Skin protection not ordinarily required beyond standard issue		
5/10				



Safety	Data	Sheet
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Thermal hazards : Monitoring Methods :	zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate. Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available. National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/ Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/ Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances, http://www.hse.gov.uk/ Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany. http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France
Environmental Exposure : Controls	http://www.inrs.fr/accueil The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations. Exhaust emission systems should be designed in accordance with local conditions; the air should always be moved away from the source of vapour generation and the person working at this point. Eye washes and showers for emergency use. Firewater monitors and deluge systems are recommended.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance Odour Odour threshold pH Initial Boiling Point and Boiling Range Melting / freezing point Flash point Upper / lower Flammability or Explosion limits Auto-ignition temperature Flammability (solid, gas)	 Colourless Slightly viscous liquid. Mild Data not available. Not applicable 244 - 250 °C / 471 - 482 °F -10 °C / 14 °F 115 - 116 °C / 239 - 241 °F(Pensky-Martens Closed Cup) 3 - 7 %(V) 3.2 - 28 %(V) 225 °C / 437 °F413 °C / 775 °F No, product cannot ignite due to static electricity.
Vapour pressure Relative Density Density Water solubility	 < 1.3 Pa at 20 °C / 68 °F< 10 Pa at 20 °C / 68 °F Data not available. 1,116 kg/m3 at 20 °C / 68 °F at 20 °C / 68 °FCompletely Soluble



Solubility in other solvents n-octanol/water partition coefficient (log Pow)	 Data not available. -1.93at 20 °C / 68 °F
Decomposition temperature	: Note:: Stable under normal conditions of use., Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
Dynamic viscosity Kinematic viscosity Vapour density (air=1) Electrical conductivity	 Data not available. 33 mm2/s at 20 °C / 68 °F 2.14 Electrical conductivity: > 10 000 pS/m, A number of factors, for example liquid temperature, presence of contaminants, and anti-static additives can greatly influence the conductivity of a liquid., This material is not expected to be a static accumulator.
Stability	: Stable.
Evaporation rate (nBuAc=1)	: > 0.01
Molecular weight	: 62.07 g/mol
Hygroscopicity	: Hygroscopic.
10. STABILITY AND REACTIVIT	۲Y
Chemical stability	: Stable under normal conditions of use. Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
Chemical stability Conditions to Avoid	
-	oxidising agents.
Conditions to Avoid	oxidising agents. : High Temperature.
Conditions to Avoid Incompatible Materials Hazardous	 oxidising agents. High Temperature. Strong oxidising agents. Strong acids. Strong bases. Thermal decomposition is highly dependent on conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids and gases, including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion or
Conditions to Avoid Incompatible Materials Hazardous Decomposition Products Possibility of Hazardous	 oxidising agents. High Temperature. Strong oxidising agents. Strong acids. Strong bases. Thermal decomposition is highly dependent on conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids and gases, including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion or thermal or oxidative degradation.
Conditions to Avoid Incompatible Materials Hazardous Decomposition Products Possibility of Hazardous Reactions Sensitivity to Static Discharge	 oxidising agents. High Temperature. Strong oxidising agents. Strong acids. Strong bases. Thermal decomposition is highly dependent on conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids and gases, including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion or thermal or oxidative degradation. Data not available. No, product cannot ignite due to static electricity.
Conditions to Avoid Incompatible Materials Hazardous Decomposition Products Possibility of Hazardous Reactions Sensitivity to Static	 oxidising agents. High Temperature. Strong oxidising agents. Strong acids. Strong bases. Thermal decomposition is highly dependent on conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids and gases, including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion or thermal or oxidative degradation. Data not available. No, product cannot ignite due to static electricity.

Basis for Assessment Likely Routes of Exposure Acute Toxicity	:	Information given is based on product testing. Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur through inhalation or following accidental ingestion.
Acute Oral Toxicity	:	Harmful if swallowed. LD50 >300 - <=2000 mg/kg There is a marked difference in acute oral toxicity between rodents and man, man being more susceptible than rodents. The estimated fatal dose for man is 100 millilitres (1/2 cup). This material has also been shown to be toxic and potentially lethal by ingestion to cats and dogs.
Acute Dermal Toxicity	:	Expected to be of low toxicity: LD50 >5000 mg/kg
Acute Inhalation	:	Low toxicity by inhalation.
		7/10



Toxicity		
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Slightly irritating to skin.	
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	Slightly irritating to the eye.	
Respiratory Irritation	Repeated inhalation of vapours and mists is expected to cause irritation of the respiratory tract.	;
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	Not expected to be a sensitiser.	
Aspiration hazard	Not considered an aspiration hazard.	
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	No evidence of mutagenic activity.	
Carcinogenicity	Not carcinogenic in animal studies.	
Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity	Does not impair fertility. Not a developmental toxicant. Causes foetotoxicity in animals; considered to be secondary to materna toxicity.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Ingestion may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Inhalation of vapours or mists may cause irritation to the respiratory system.	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs or organ systems through prolonged or repeated exposure. Kidney: can cause kidney damage.	
12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATIO		
Basis for Assessment Ecotoxicity:	Information given is based on product testing.	
Acute Toxicity Fish Aquatic crustacea Algae/aquatic plants Microorganisms Chronic Toxicity Fish Aquatic crustacea Mobility Persistence/degradability Bioaccumulative Potential	Practically non toxic: LC/EC/IC50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: LC/EC/IC50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: LC/EC/IC50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: LC/EC/IC50 > 100 mg/l NOEC/NOEL > 100 mg/l NOEC/NOEL > 100 mg/l If product enters soil, one or more constituents will be mobile and may contaminate groundwater. Dissolves in water. Readily biodegradable. Does not have the potential to bioaccumulate significantly.	
13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIO	S	
Material Disposal	Recover or recycle if possible. Waste arising from a spillage or tank cleaning should be disposed of in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should	

be established beforehand. Remove all packaging for recovery



	or waste disposal. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses. Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or water.
Container Disposal	: Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to
	a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.
Local Legislation	 Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land (as per ADR classification): Not regulated

This material is not classified as dangerous under ADR regulations.

IMDG

This material is not classified as dangerous under IMDG regulations.

IATA (Country variations may apply)

This material is either not classified as dangerous under IATA regulations or needs to follow country specific requirements.

Additional Information :	This product may be transported under nitrogen blanketing. Nitrogen is an odourless and invisible gas. Exposure to nitrogen may cause asphyxiation or death. Personnel must observe strict safety precautions when involved with a confined space entry.
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15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

Chemical Inventory Status			
AICS	:	Listed.	
DSL	:	Listed.	
INV (CN)	:	Listed.	
ENCS (JP)	:	Listed.	(2)-230
TSCA	:	Listed.	
EINECS	:	Listed.	203-473-3
KECI (KR)	:	Listed.	KE-13169
PICCS (PH)	:	Listed.	
Local Regulations			
Workplace Safety and	:	This product is s	ubject to the SDS, Labelling, PEL and other
Health Act & Workplace		requirements in t	the Act/ Regulations.
Safety and Health (General			
Provision) Regulations			
Environmental Protection	:	This product is n	ot subject to control under this Act/ Regulation.
and Management Act and			
Local Regulations Workplace Safety and Health Act & Workplace Safety and Health (General Provision) Regulations Environmental Protection		This product is s requirements in t	the Act/ Regulations.



Environmental Protection and Management (Hazardous Substances) Regulations		
Maritime and Port Authority of Singapore (Dangerous Goods, Petroleum and Explosives) Regulations	:	This product is not subject to control under this Act/ Regulation.
Fire Safety Act and Fire Safety (Petroleum & Flammable Materials) Regulations	:	This product is not subject to control under this Act/ Regulation.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

GHS Hazard statements

H302 H373	Harmful if swallowed. May cause damage to organs or organ systems through prolonged or repeated exposure.		
SDS Version N	lumber	:	2.0
SDS Effective	Date	:	25.03.2014
SDS Revisions		:	A vertical bar () in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version. Do not use in the manufacture or preparation of foods or pharmaceuticals. Keep out of reach of children and pets. Do not use in theatrical fogs or other artificial smoke generator applications.
SDS Distributi	on	:	The information in this document should be made available to all who may handle the product
Disclaimer		:	This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.



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SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1

PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT

Product Name:EXXAL™ 13 ALCOHOLProduct Description:AlcoholProduct Code:9666Intended Use:Chemical feedstock

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Supplier:	CIOL - EXXONMOBIL CHEMICAI	L CANADA
	Division of Canada Imperial Oil Li	mited, an Affiliate of Exxon Mobil Corporation
	240 4TH AVENUE S.W.	
	CALGARY, ALBERTA. T2P 3M9	Canada
	24 Hour Health	1-866-232-9563
	Emergency	
Transportation En	nergency Phone	1-866-232-9563
Product Technica	Information	1-800-663-4109

SECTION 2

HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

This material is not hazardous according to regulatory guidelines (see (M)SDS Section 15).

Other hazard information:

HAZARD NOT OTHERWISE CLASSIFIED (HNOC): None as defined under 29 CFR 1910.1200.

PHYSICAL / CHEMICAL HAZARDS

No significant hazards.

HEALTH HAZARDS

Mildly irritating to skin. May be irritating to the eyes, nose, throat, and lungs. If swallowed, may be aspirated and cause lung damage.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Expected to be very toxic to aquatic organisms.

NFPA Hazard ID:	Health:	1	Flammability: 1	Reactivity:	0
HMIS Hazard	Health:	1	Flammability: 1	Reactivity:	0



NOTE: This material should not be used for any other purpose than the intended use in Section 1 without expert advice. Health studies have shown that chemical exposure may cause potential human health risks which may vary from person to person.

SECTION 3

COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

This material is defined as a complex substance.

Hazardous Substance(s) or Complex Substance(s) required for disclosure

Name	CAS#	Concentration*	GHS Hazard Codes
ALCOHOLS	68526-86-3	100 %	H305, H316, H400(M factor 1)
C11-C14-ISO-,			
C13-RICH			

* All concentrations are percent by weight unless material is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

As per paragraph (i) of 29 CFR 1910.1200, formulation is considered a trade secret and specific chemical identity and exact percentage (concentration) of composition may have been withheld. Specific chemical identity and exact percentage composition will be provided to health professionals, employees, or designated representatives in accordance with applicable provisions of paragraph (i).

SECTION 4	FIRST AID MEASURES

INHALATION

Remove from further exposure. For those providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself or others. Use adequate respiratory protection. If respiratory irritation, dizziness, nausea, or unconsciousness occurs, seek immediate medical assistance. If breathing has stopped, assist ventilation with a mechanical device or use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

SKIN CONTACT

Wash contact areas with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse.

EYE CONTACT

Flush thoroughly with water. If irritation occurs, get medical assistance.

INGESTION

Seek immediate medical attention. Do not induce vomiting.

SECTION 5

FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Appropriate Extinguishing Media: Use water fog, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish flames.

Inappropriate Extinguishing Media: Straight Streams of Water or Regular Foam



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FIRE FIGHTING

Fire Fighting Instructions: Evacuate area. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers, or drinking water supply. Firefighters should use standard protective equipment and in enclosed spaces, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces and to protect personnel.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Incomplete combustion products, Oxides of carbon, Smoke, Fume

FLAMMABILITY PROPERTIES

Flash Point [Method]: 122°C (252°F) [ASTM D-93] Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air): LEL: N/D UEL: N/D Autoignition Temperature: 260°C (500°F)

SECTION 6

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES

In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations. US regulations require reporting releases of this material to the environment which exceed the applicable reportable quantity or oil spills which could reach any waterway including intermittent dry creeks. The National Response Center can be reached at (800)424-8802.

PROTECTIVE MEASURES

Avoid contact with spilled material. Warn or evacuate occupants in surrounding and downwind areas if required due to toxicity or flammability of the material. See Section 5 for fire fighting information. See the Hazard Identification Section for Significant Hazards. See Section 4 for First Aid Advice. See Section 8 for advice on the minimum requirements for personal protective equipment. Additional protective measures may be necessary, depending on the specific circumstances and/or the expert judgment of the emergency responders.

SPILL MANAGEMENT

Land Spill: Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Recover by pumping or with suitable absorbent.

Water Spill: Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Confine the spill immediately with booms. Warn other shipping. Remove from the surface by skimming or with suitable absorbents. Seek advice of a specialist

Water spill and land spill recommendations are based on the most likely spill scenario for this material; however, geographic conditions, wind, temperature, (and in the case of a water spill) wave and current direction and speed may greatly influence the appropriate action to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted. Note: Local regulations may prescribe or limit action to be taken.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

Large Spills: Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later recovery and disposal. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

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HANDLING

Avoid contact with skin. Flammable levels of hydrogen may build up in the headspace during shipping. As a precautionary measure, truck, rail and ISO container shipments may have been purged with nitrogen before loading. Nitrogen is a simple asphyxiant and containers should be opened in a well ventilated area. For marine shipments, procedures for closed gauging and sampling should be employed. Use proper bonding and/or ground procedures. However, bonding and grounds may not eliminate the hazard from static accumulation. Prevent small spills and leakage to avoid slip hazard. DO NOT handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight.

Loading/Unloading Temperature: [Ambient]

Transport Temperature: [Ambient] Transport Pressure: [Ambient]

Static Accumulator: This material is not a static accumulator.

STORAGE

Do not store in open or unlabelled containers. Keep container closed. Handle containers with care. Open slowly in order to control possible pressure release. Store in a cool, well-ventilated area. Storage containers should be grounded and bonded.

Storage Temperature: [Ambient] Storage Pressure: [Ambient]

Suitable Containers/Packing: Tank Trucks; Tank Cars; Drums Suitable Materials and Coatings (Chemical Compatibility): Carbon Steel; Stainless Steel; Aluminum; Polypropylene; PTFE; Polyethylene Unsuitable Materials and Coatings: Natural Rubber; Butyl Rubber; Vinyls

EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE LIMIT VALUES

Exposure limits/standards (Note: Exposure limits are not additive)

Substance	Form			Limit /	NOTE	Source
Name				Standard		
ALCOHOLS C11-C14-ISO-, C13-RICH		TWA	50 ppm		N/A	ExxonMobil

NOTE: Limits/standards shown for guidance only. Follow applicable regulations.

No biological limits allocated.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Control measures to consider:



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Adequate ventilation should be provided so that exposure limits are not exceeded.

PERSONAL PROTECTION

Personal protective equipment selections vary based on potential exposure conditions such as applications, handling practices, concentration and ventilation. Information on the selection of protective equipment for use with this material, as provided below, is based upon intended, normal usage.

Respiratory Protection: If engineering controls do not maintain airborne contaminant concentrations at a level which is adequate to protect worker health, an approved respirator may be appropriate. Respirator selection, use, and maintenance must be in accordance with regulatory requirements, if applicable. Types of respirators to be considered for this material include:

Half-face filter respirator

For high airborne concentrations, use an approved supplied-air respirator, operated in positive pressure mode. Supplied air respirators with an escape bottle may be appropriate when oxygen levels are inadequate, gas/vapor warning properties are poor, or if air purifying filter capacity/rating may be exceeded.

Hand Protection: Any specific glove information provided is based on published literature and glove manufacturer data. Glove suitability and breakthrough time will differ depending on the specific use conditions. Contact the glove manufacturer for specific advice on glove selection and breakthrough times for your use conditions. Inspect and replace worn or damaged gloves. The types of gloves to be considered for this material include:

Chemical resistant gloves are recommended.

Eye Protection: If contact is likely, safety glasses with side shields are recommended.

Skin and Body Protection: Any specific clothing information provided is based on published literature or manufacturer data. The types of clothing to be considered for this material include: Chemical/oil resistant clothing is recommended.

Specific Hygiene Measures: Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS

Comply with applicable environmental regulations limiting discharge to air, water and soil. Protect the environment by applying appropriate control measures to prevent or limit emissions.

SECTION 9	PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL
	PROPERTIES

Note: Physical and chemical properties are provided for safety, health and environmental considerations only and may not fully represent product specifications. Contact the Supplier for additional information.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Physical State:LiquidForm:ClearColor:ColorlessOdor:Alcohol



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Odor Threshold: N/D

IMPORTANT HEALTH, SAFETY, AND ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION

Relative Density (at 20 °C): 0.85 Density (at 20 °C): 850 kg/m³ (7.09 lbs/gal, 0.85 kg/dm³) Flammability (Solid, Gas): N/A Flash Point [Method]: 122°C (252°F) [ASTM D-93] Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air): LEL: N/D UEL: N/D Autoignition Temperature: 260°C (500°F) Boiling Point / Range: 250°C (482°F) - 270°C (518°F) **Decomposition Temperature: N/D** Vapor Density (Air = 1): > 1 at 101 kPa Vapor Pressure: < 0.001 kPa (0.01 mm Hg) at 20 °C | 0.003 kPa (0.02 mm Hg) at 50°C | 0.2 kPa (1.5 mm Hg) at 100°C Evaporation Rate (n-butyl acetate = 1): < 0.01 pH: N/A Log Pow (n-Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient): N/D Solubility in Water: Negligible Viscosity: 16.6 cSt (16.6 mm2/sec) at 40 °C | 47 cSt (47 mm2/sec) at 20°C Oxidizing Properties: See Hazards Identification Section.

OTHER INFORMATION

Freezing Point: <-40°C (-40°F) Melting Point: N/A Molecular Weight: 200 Hygroscopic: No Coefficient of Thermal Expansion: 0.0008 V/VDEGC

SECTION 10

STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

REACTIVITY: See sub-sections below.

STABILITY: Material is stable under normal conditions.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Excessive heat. High energy sources of ignition.

MATERIALS TO AVOID: Strong oxidizers

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Material does not decompose at ambient temperatures.

POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

SECTION 11

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

INFORMATION ON TOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS

Hazard Class	Conclusion / Remarks
Inhalation	
Acute Toxicity: (Rat) 6 hour(s) LC50 > 12.2 ppm (Max attainable vapor conc.)	Minimally Toxic. Based on test data for the material. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 403
Irritation: No end point data for material.	Negligible hazard at ambient/normal handling



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	temperatures.
Ingestion	
Acute Toxicity (Rat): LD50 > 2000 mg/kg	Minimally Toxic. Based on test data for the material. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 420
Skin	
Acute Toxicity (Rabbit): LD50 > 2000 mg/kg	Minimally Toxic. Based on test data for the material. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 402
Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Data available.	Mildly irritating to skin with prolonged exposure. Based on test data for the material. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 404
Eye	
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Data available.	May cause mild, short-lasting discomfort to eyes. Based on test data for the material. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 405
Sensitization	
Respiratory Sensitization: No end point data for material.	Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer.
Skin Sensitization: Data available.	Not expected to be a skin sensitizer. Based on test data for structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 406
Aspiration: Data available.	May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways. Based on physico-chemical properties of the material.
Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Data available.	Not expected to be a germ cell mutagen. Based on test data for structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 471 473 476
Carcinogenicity: No end point data for material.	Not expected to cause cancer.
Reproductive Toxicity: Data available.	Not expected to be a reproductive toxicant. Based on test data for structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 414 422
Lactation: No end point data for material.	Not expected to cause harm to breast-fed children.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)	
Single Exposure: No end point data for material.	Not expected to cause organ damage from a single exposure.
Repeated Exposure: Data available.	Not expected to cause organ damage from prolonged or repeated exposure. Based on test data for structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 407 410 422

OTHER INFORMATION For the product itself:

Vapor concentrations above recommended exposure levels are irritating to the eyes and the respiratory tract, may cause headaches and dizziness, are anesthetic and may have other central nervous system effects.



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The following ingredients are cited on the lists below: None.

	REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED	
1 = NTP CARC	3 = IARC 1	5 = IARC 2B
2 = NTP SUS	4 = IARC 2A	6 = OSHA CARC

SECTION 12

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The information given is based on data available for the material, the components of the material, and similar materials.

ECOTOXICITY

Material -- Expected to be very toxic to aquatic organisms.

Material -- Not expected to demonstrate chronic toxicity to aquatic organisms.

MOBILITY

Material -- Expected to partition to sediment and wastewater solids. Minimally volatile.

PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY

Biodegradation:

Material -- Expected to be readily biodegradable.

Hydrolysis:

Material -- Transformation due to hydrolysis not expected to be significant.

Photolysis:

Material -- Transformation due to photolysis not expected to be significant.

Atmospheric Oxidation:

Material -- Expected to degrade rapidly in air

BIOACCUMULATION POTENTIAL

Material -- Potential to bioaccumulate is low.

ECOLOGICAL DATA

Ecotoxicity

Test	Duration	Organism Type	Test Results
Aquatic - Acute Toxicity	96 hour(s)	· · · ·	LC50 0.42 mg/l: data for the material
Aquatic - Acute	48 hour(s)		LC50 0.71 mg/l
Toxicity			

Persistence, Degradability and Bioaccumulation Potential

Media	Test Type	Duration	Test Results
Water	Ready Biodegradability	28 day(s)	Percent Degraded 60.6
Water	Bioaccumulation		BCF >30-<=60

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SECTION 13

DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal recommendations based on material as supplied. Disposal must be in accordance with current applicable laws and regulations, and material characteristics at time of disposal.

DISPOSAL RECOMMENDATIONS

Suitable routes of disposal are supervised incineration, preferentially with energy recovery, or appropriate recycling methods in accordance with applicable regulations and material characteristics at the time of disposal.

REGULATORY DISPOSAL INFORMATION

RCRA Information: The unused product, in our opinion, is not specifically listed by the EPA as a hazardous waste (40 CFR, Part 261D), nor is it formulated to contain materials which are listed as hazardous wastes. It does not exhibit the hazardous characteristics of ignitability, corrositivity or reactivity and is not formulated with contaminants as determined by the Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP). However, used product may be regulated.

Empty Container Warning Empty Container Warning (where applicable): Empty containers may contain residue and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations. DO NOT PRESSURISE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

SECTION 14

TRANSPORT INFORMATION

LAND (DOT)

Proper Shipping Name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Tridecyl alcohol) Hazard Class & Division: 9 ID Number: 3082 Packing Group: III Marine Pollutant: Yes ERG Number: 171 Label(s): 9 Transport Document Name: UN3082, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Tridecyl alcohol), 9, PG III, MARINE POLLUTANT

LAND (TDG): Not Regulated for Land Transport

Footnote: If shipped over water, product TDG classification as shown below for SEA (IMDG).

SEA (IMDG)

Proper Shipping Name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Tridecyl Alcohol) Hazard Class & Division: 9 EMS Number: F-A, S-F UN Number: 3082 Packing Group: III

E**∕**xonMobil

Product Name: EXXAL[™] 13 ALCOHOL Revision Date: 19 Nov 2015 Page 10 of 11

> Marine Pollutant: Yes Label(s): 9 Transport Document Name: UN3082, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Tridecyl Alcohol), 9, PG III, MARINE POLLUTANT

AIR (IATA)

Proper Shipping Name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Tridecyl alcohol) Hazard Class & Division: 9 UN Number: 3082 Packing Group: III Label(s) / Mark(s): 9, EHS Transport Document Name: UN3082, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Tridecyl alcohol), 9, PG III

SECTION 15

REGULATORY INFORMATION

OSHA HAZARD COMMUNICATION STANDARD: This material is not considered hazardous in accordance with OSHA HazCom 2012, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Listed or exempt from listing/notification on the following chemical inventories: AICS, DSL, ENCS, IECSC, KECI, PICCS, TCSI, TSCA

SARA 302: No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302

SARA (311/312) REPORTABLE HAZARD CATEGORIES: None.

SARA (313) TOXIC RELEASE INVENTORY: This material contains no chemicals subject to the supplier notification requirements of the SARA 313 Toxic Release Program.

The following ingredients are cited on the lists below: None.

REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED				
1 = ACGIH ALL	6 = TSCA 5a2	11 = CA P65 REPRO	16 = MN RTK	
2 = ACGIH A1	7 = TSCA 5e	12 = CA RTK	17 = NJ RTK	
3 = ACGIH A2	8 = TSCA 6	13 = IL RTK	18 = PA RTK	
4 = OSHA Z	9 = TSCA 12b	14 = LA RTK	19 = RI RTK	
5 = TSCA 4	10 = CA P65 CARC	15 = MI 293		

Code key: CARC=Carcinogen; REPRO=Reproductive

SECTION 16

OTHER INFORMATION

N/D = Not determined, N/A = Not applicable



Product Name: EXXAL[™] 13 ALCOHOL Revision Date: 19 Nov 2015 Page 11 of 11

KEY TO THE H-CODES CONTAINED IN SECTION 3 OF THIS DOCUMENT (for information only):

H305: May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways; Aspiration, Cat 2 H316: Causes mild skin irritation; Skin Corr/Irritation, Cat 3 H400: Very toxic to aquatic life; Acute Env Tox, Cat 1

THIS SAFETY DATA SHEET CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING REVISIONS:

Revision Changes: Section 15: National Chemical Inventory Listing information was modified. Hazard Not Otherwise Classified information was modified. Section 16: Revision Information - Implementation of GHS requirements phrase. information was deleted. Section 15: Community RTK - Header information was modified.

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Internal Use Only MHC: 0, 0, 0, 0, 2, 0

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

Version 5.6 Revision Date 05/25/2016 Print Date 09/28/2016

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

1.1	Product identifiers Product name	:	n-Hexane
	Product Number Brand Index-No.	: : :	44843 Sigma-Aldrich 601-037-00-0
	CAS-No.	:	110-54-3

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Laboratory chemicals, Synthesis of substances

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company	: Sigma-Aldrich 3050 Spruce Street SAINT LOUIS MO 63103 USA
Telephone Fax	: +1 800-325-5832 : +1 800-325-5052
	SAINT LOUIS MO 6310 USA : +1 800-325-5832

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency Phone # : (314) 776-6555

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)

Flammable liquids (Category 2), H225 Skin irritation (Category 2), H315 Reproductive toxicity (Category 2), H361 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Category 3), Central nervous system, H336 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Oral (Category 2), Nervous system, H373 Aspiration hazard (Category 1), H304 Acute aquatic toxicity (Category 2), H401 Chronic aquatic toxicity (Category 2), H411

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

2.2 GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram



Signal word	Danger
Hazard statement(s)	
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H373	May cause damage to organs (Nervous system) through prolonged or
-Aldrich - 44843	

	repeated exposure if swallowed.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statement(s)	
P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and
	understood.
P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P240	Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
P241	Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.
P242	Use only non-sparking tools.
P243	Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P260	Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
P264	Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face
	protection.
P301 + P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P303 + P361 + P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.
	Rinse skin with water/shower.
P304 + P340 + P312	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for
	breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
P308 + P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting.
P332 + P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P362	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
P370 + P378	In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to
D201	extinguish.
P391	Collect spillage.
P403 + P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P403 + P235 P405	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.
P405 P501	1
FUUI	Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS - none

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances

Molecular weight	:	86.18 g/mol
CAS-No.	:	110-54-3
EC-No.	:	203-777-6
Index-No.	:	601-037-00-0

Hazardous components

Component	Classification Concentrat	ion
n-Hexane		
	Flam. Liq. 2; Skin Irrit. 2; Repr. 2; STOT SE 3; STOT RE 2; Asp. Tox. 1; Aquatic Acute 2; Aquatic Chronic 2; H225, H304, H315, H336, H361, H373, H411	

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move out of dangerous area.

If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

In case of skin contact

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.

In case of eye contact

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician.

If swallowed

Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed No data available

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture No data available

5.3 Advice for firefighters Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

5.4 Further information

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas. For personal protection see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13).

6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist.

Use explosion-proof equipment.Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge.

For precautions see section 2.2.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Components with workplace control parameters

Component	CAS-No.	Value	Control parameters	Basis
n-Hexane	110-54-3	TWA	50.000000 ppm	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
	Remarks	Eye irritation Peripheral n Substances (see BEI® s	europathy for which there is a	a Biological Exposure Index or Indices
		TWA	50.000000 ppm 180.000000 mg/m3	USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits
		TWA	500.000000 ppm 1,800.000000 mg/m3	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants
		The value in	mg/m3 is approxir	nate.
		TWA	50 ppm	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
		Eye irritation Peripheral n Substances (see BEI® s	europathy for which there is a	a Biological Exposure Index or Indices
		TWĂ	50 ppm 180 mg/m3	USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits
		TWA	500 ppm 1,800 mg/m3	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants
		The value in	mg/m3 is approxir	mate.
		TWA	50 ppm 180 mg/m3	USA. OSHA - TABLE Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants - 1910.1000
		PEL	50 ppm 180 mg/m3	California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)
		Skin		(1100, A1000, 107)

Biological occupational exposure limits

Component	CAS-No.	Parameters	Value	Biological specimen	Basis
n-Hexane	110-54-3	2,5- Hexanedione	0.4 mg/l	Urine	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
	Remarks	End of shift at	end of workv	veek	

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Face shield and safety glasses Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

Full contact Material: Nitrile rubber Minimum layer thickness: 0.4 mm Break through time: 480 min Material tested:Camatril® (KCL 730 / Aldrich Z677442, Size M)

Splash contact Material: Nitrile rubber Minimum layer thickness: 0.2 mm Break through time: 30 min Material tested:Dermatril® P (KCL 743 / Aldrich Z677388, Size M)

data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail sales@kcl.de, test method: EN374

If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the CE approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.

Body Protection

Complete suit protecting against chemicals, Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing., The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multipurpose combination (US) or type AXBEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

Control of environmental exposure

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

a)	Appearance	Form: liquid Colour: colourless
b)	Odour	No data available
c)	Odour Threshold	No data available
d)	рН	7.0
e)	Melting point/freezing point	Melting point/range: -95 °C (-139 °F) - lit.
f)	Initial boiling point and	69 °C (156 °F) - lit.

boiling range

g)	Flash point	-26.0 °C (-14.8 °F) - closed cup
h)	Evaporation rate	15.8
i)	Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
j)	Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Upper explosion limit: 7.7 %(V) Lower explosion limit: 1.2 %(V)
k)	Vapour pressure	341.3 hPa (256.0 mmHg) at 37.7 °C (99.9 °F) 176.0 hPa (132.0 mmHg) at 20.0 °C (68.0 °F)
I)	Vapour density	No data available
m)	Relative density	0.659 g/cm3 at 25 °C (77 °F)
n)	Water solubility	insoluble
o)	Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	log Pow: 3.90 - 4.11
p)	Auto-ignition temperature	234.0 °C (453.2 °F)
q)	Decomposition temperature	No data available
r)	Viscosity	No data available
s)	Explosive properties	No data available
t)	Oxidizing properties	No data available
0.1		

9.2 Other safety information No data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity No data available

10.2 Chemical stability Stable under recommended storage conditions.

- **10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.
- **10.4 Conditions to avoid** Heat, flames and sparks. Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
- **10.5** Incompatible materials Oxidizing agents
- Hazardous decomposition products
 Other decomposition products No data available
 Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. Carbon oxides
 In the event of fire: see section 5

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Rat - 25,000 mg/kg

LC50 Inhalation - Rat - 4 h - 48000 ppm

Dermal: No data available

No data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

Irritating to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - Rabbit Result: Mild eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

- IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.
- NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.
- OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

Overexposure may cause reproductive disorder(s) based on tests with laboratory animals. Suspected human reproductive toxicant Suspected of damaging fertility.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Ingestion - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. - Nervous system

Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Additional Information

RTECS: MN9275000

Prolonged or repeated contact with skin may cause:, defatting, Dermatitis, Contact with eyes can cause:, Redness, Blurred vision, Provokes tears., Effects due to ingestion may include:, Gastrointestinal discomfort, Central nervous system depression, Lung irritation, chest pain, pulmonary edema, giddiness, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, Headache, Dizziness, Drowsiness, Unconsciousness

Testes. - Irregularities - Based on Human Evidence

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish	LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 2.5 mg/l - 96.0 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 3,878.00 mg/l - 48 h
Toxicity to algae	EC50 - Chlorella vulgaris (Fresh water algae) - 12,840.00 mg/l - 3 h
	EC50 - SKELETOMA - 0.30 mg/l - 8 h
Benefation of the later	

12.2 Persistence and degradability No data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential No data available

12.4 Mobility in soil No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted

12.6 Other adverse effects

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal. Toxic to aquatic life.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber but exert extra care in igniting as this material is highly flammable. Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material.

Contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT (US) UN number: 1208 Class: 3 Proper shipping name: Hexanes Reportable Quantity (RQ): 5000 lbs	Packing group: II		
Poison Inhalation Hazard: No			
IMDG UN number: 1208 Class: 3 Proper shipping name: HEXANES Marine pollutant:yes	Packing group: II	EMS-No: F-E, S-D	
IATA UN number: 1208 Class: 3 Proper shipping name: Hexanes	Packing group: II		

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA 302 Components

No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

SARA 313 Components

The following components are subject to reporting levels establish	hed by SARA Title III,	Section 313:
	CAS-No.	Revision Date
n-Hexane	110-54-3	2007-07-01
SARA 311/312 Hazards Fire Hazard, Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard		
Massachusetts Right To Know Components		
	CAS-No.	Revision Date
n-Hexane	110-54-3	2007-07-01
Pennsylvania Right To Know Components		
	CAS-No.	Revision Date
n-Hexane	110-54-3	2007-07-01
New Jersey Right To Know Components		
	CAS-No.	Revision Date
n-Hexane	110-54-3	2007-07-01

California Prop. 65 Components

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

Aquatic Acute Aquatic Chronic Asp. Tox.	Acute aquatic toxicity Chronic aquatic toxicity Aspiration hazard
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquids
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
H401	Toxic to aquatic life.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Repr.	Reproductive toxicity

HMIS Rating

Health hazard:	2
Chronic Health Hazard:	*
Flammability:	3
Physical Hazard	0
NFPA Rating	
NFPA Rating Health hazard:	2
0	2 3

Further information

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Preparation Information

Sigma-Aldrich Corporation Product Safety – Americas Region 1-800-521-8956

Version: 5.6

Revision Date: 05/25/2016

Print Date: 09/28/2016



Safety Data Sheet Palatinol®111P- I (TOPANOL)

Version 1.0

Revision Date: 06/01/2015

SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name	: Palatinol®111P- I (TOPANOL)
Product Use Descrip-	: Industrial chemical
tion	

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company	: Nexeo Solutions LLC
Address	3 Waterway Square Place Suite 1000
	Woodlands, Tx. 77380
	United States of America

Emergency telephone number:

Health North America: 1-855-NEXEO4U (1-855-639-3648) Health International: 1-855-NEXEO4U (1-855-639-3648) Transport North America: CHEMTREC 800.424.9300

Additional Infor-	: Responsible Party: Product Safety Group
mation:	E-Mail: msds@nexeosolutions.com
	SDS Requests: 1-855-429-2661
	SDS Requests Fax: 1-281-500-2370
	Website: www.nexeosolutions.com

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

GHS Label element

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

Potential Health Effects

Carcinogenicity:

careinogenicity.	
IARC	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.
ACGIH	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH.
OSHA	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.
ΝΤΡ	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or antici- pated carcinogen by NTP.



Safety Data Sheet Palatinol®111P- I (TOPANOL)

Version 1.0

Revision Date: 06/01/2015

Emergency Overview

Appearance .	liquid	
Colour	clear	
Odour	mild	
Hazard Summary	No information available.	

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Substance

Hazardous components

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Concentration (%)
3648-20-2	1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 1,2- diundecyl ester	90 - 100
1843-03-4	Phenol, 4,4',4"-(1-methyl-1-propanyl-3- ylidene)tris[2-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-5- methyl-	0.1 - 1

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice	: Do not leave the victim unattended.
If inhaled	: If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
In case of skin contact	: If skin irritation persists, call a physician. If on skin, rinse well with water. If on clothes, remove clothes.
In case of eye contact	 Flush eyes with water as a precaution. Remove contact lenses. Protect unharmed eye. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.
If swallowed	: Keep respiratory tract clear. Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious per son. If symptoms persist, call a physician.



Palatinol®111P- I (TOPANOL)

Version 1.0

Revision Date: 06/01/2015

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	: Carbon dioxide (CO2) Dry powder Foam Water spray
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: High volume water jet
Specific hazards during firefighting	: Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.
Hazardous combustion products	: Carbon oxides
Specific extinguishing methods	: Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing wa- ter must be disposed of in accordance with local regu- lations.
Further information	: Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water sepa- rately. This must not be discharged into drains.
Special protective equip- ment for firefighters	: Wear full firefighting turn-out gear (full Bunker gear), and respiratory protection (SCBA).

NFPA Flammable and Combustible Liquids Classification:

Combustible Liquid Class IIIB

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	: Use personal protective equipment.
Environmental precau- tions	: Prevent product from entering drains. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.



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SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on safe handling	: Avoid contact with skih and eyes. For personal protection see section 8. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national regulations.
Conditions for safe stor- age	 Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well- ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully re- sealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Electrical installations / working materials must com- ply with the technological safety standards.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection	: No personal respiratory protective equipment normally required.
Hand protection Remarks	: The suitability for a specific workplace should be dis- cussed with the producers of the protective gloves.
Eye protection	: Eye wash bottle with pure water Tightly fitting safety goggles
Skin and body protection	: impervious clothing Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.
Hygiene measures	: When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance

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: liquid

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Colour	: clear
Odour	: mild
Odour Threshold	: No data available
рН	: No data available
Freezing Point (Freezing Point)	: -9 °C (16 °F) (1,013 hPa)
Boiling Point (Boiling point/boiling range)	: 523 °C (973 °F) (1,013 hPa)
Flash point	: 252 °C (486 °F)
Evaporation rate	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Burning rate	: No data available
Upper explosion limit	: No data available
Lower explosion limit	: No data available
Vapour pressure	: 0.8 mbar
Relative vapour density	: No data available
Relative density	: No data available
Density	: 0.955 g/cm3 @ 20 °C (68 °F)
Bulk density	: No data available
Solubility(ies) Water solubility	: < 0.0001 mg/l @ 20 °C (68 °F)
Solubility in other sol- vents	: No data available
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: log Pow: 11.49 @ 25 °C (77 °F)
Auto-ignition temperature	: > 300 °C
Thermal decomposition	: No data available



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Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : 70 mPa.s @ 20 °C (68 °F)

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	: No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Chemical stability	: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: No hazards to be specially mentioned.
Conditions to avoid	: Keep away from heat, flame, sparks and other ignition sources. Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	: Strong acids and strong bases Strong oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products	: Carbon oxides

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Components:

3648-20-2: Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 (rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity	: Remarks: No data available
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD50 (rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
1843-03-4: Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 (rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity	: Remarks: No data available
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD50 (rat, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 402 GLP: yes



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Skin corrosion/irritation

Product: Result: No skin irritation

Components:

3648-20-2: Species: rabbit Result: Mild skin irritation

1843-03-4:

Species: human skin Method: OECD Test Guideline 439 Result: No skin irritation GLP: yes

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Result: No eye irritation

Components:

3648-20-2: Species: rabbit Result: Mild eye irritation

1843-03-4:

Species: Bovine cornea Result: No eye irritation Method: OECD Test Guideline 437 GLP: yes

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Result: Did not cause sensitisation on laboratory animals.

Components:

1843-03-4: Test Type: lymph node assay Species: mouse Method: OECD Test Guideline 429 Result: May cause sensitisation by skin contact. GLP: yes



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Germ cell mutagenicity

Components:

3648-20-2:	
Genotoxicity in vitro	: Test Type: Ames test Test species: Salmonella typhimurium Result: negative
Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment	: Tests on bacterial or mammalian cell cultures did not show mutagenic effects.
1843-03-4: Genotoxicity in vitro	: Test Type: Mammalian cell gene mutation assay Test species: mouse lymphoma cells Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic acti- vation Method: OECD Test Guideline 476 Result: positive GLP: yes
	: Test Type: Ames test Test species: Salmonella typhimurium Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic acti- vation Method: OECD Test Guideline 471 Result: negative GLP: yes
	: Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Test species: Human lymphocytes Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic acti- vation Method: OECD Test Guideline 473 Result: negative GLP: yes
Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment	: Tests on bacterial or mammalian cell cultures did not show mutagenic effects.
Carcinogenicity	
Components:	
3648-20-2: Carcinogenicity - As- sessment	: Carcinogenicity classification not possible from current data.
1843-03-4: Remarks: This information	n is not available.
Carcinogenicity - As-	: Carcinogenicity classification not possible from current

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sessment	data.	
Reproductive toxicity		
Components:		
3648-20-2: Reproductive toxicity - Assessment	: Fertility classification not possible from current dat Embryotoxicity classification not possible from curr data.	
1843-03-4:		
Effects on fertility	 Test Type: Screening test Species: rat, male and female Application Route: oral Dose: 0, 100, 300, 1000 mg/kg bw/da General Toxicity - Parent: NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg bw Fertility: NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg body weight Early Embryonic Development: NOAEL: 1,000 mg/ body weight Method: OECD Test Guideline 421 GLP: yes Remarks: Information given is based on data obta from similar substances. 	'kg
Effects on foetal devel- opment	: Remarks: No data available	
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment	: No evidence of adverse effects on sexual function fertility, and on development, based on animal eximents.	
STOT - single exposure		
Product: No data available	e	
Components:		
3648-20-2:No data availa	idie	

STOT - repeated exposure

Product: No data available

Components:

3648-20-2:No data available

1843-03-4:No data available



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Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

1843-03-4:

Species: rat, male and female NOAEL: 500 Application Route: Oral Exposure time: 13 wk Number of exposures: daily Dose: 0, 100, 500, 5000 ppm in diet GLP: yes

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

No aspiration toxicity classification

Further information

Product:

Remarks: No data available

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

: Remarks: No data available
: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 15 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
: Remarks: No data available
: Harmful to aquatic life.
: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
: LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test



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	Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 GLP: yes	
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic inverte- brates	: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 GLP: yes	
Toxicity to algae	: EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus): > 100 mg/l End point: Biomass Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 GLP: yes	

Persistence and degradability

Components:

1843-03-4:

Biodegradability

: aerobic Inoculum: activated sludge Concentration: 15 mg/l Result: Not readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: 12 % Exposure time: 28 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B GLP: yes

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

1843-03-4: Partition coefficient: octanol/water

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: > 6.5 (25 °C)

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

Product:

Regulation	40 CFR Protection of Environment; Part 82 Protection of Stratospheric Ozone - CAA Section 602 Class I Sub-
Remarks	stances This product neither contains, nor was manufactured with a Class L or Class IL ODS as defined by the U.S.
	with a Class I or Class II ODS as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 602 (40 CFR 82, Subpt. A, App.A



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+ B).

Additional ecological in-	: An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the
formation	event of unprofessional handling or disposal., Harmful
	to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal	methods
----------	---------

Waste from residues	:	Dispose of in accordance with all applicable local, state and federal regulations. For assistance with your waste management needs - including disposal, recycling and waste stream reduc- tion, contact NEXEO's Environmental Services Group at 800-637-7922.
Contaminated packaging	:	Empty remaining contents. Dispose of as unused product. Do not re-use empty containers.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IATA (International Air Transport Association): Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code: Not regulated as a dangerous good

DOT (Department of Transportation): Not regulated as a dangerous good

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

OSHA Hazards	: No OSHA Hazards

WHMIS Classification : D2B: Toxic Material Causing Other Toxic Effects

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.



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SARA 311/312 Hazards	: No SARA Hazards
SARA 302	: SARA 302: No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.
SARA 313	: SARA 313: This material does not contain any chemi- cal components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels estab- lished by SARA Title III, Section 313.

Clean Air Act

This product does not contain any hazardous air pollutants (HAP), as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 12 (40 CFR 61).

This product does not contain any chemicals listed under the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 112(r) for Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130, Subpart F). This product does not contain any chemicals listed under the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 111 SOCMI Intermediate or Final VOC's (40 CFR 60.489).

Clean Water Act

This product does not contain any Hazardous Substances listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 116.4A.

This product does not contain any Hazardous Chemicals listed under the U.S. Clean-Water Act, Section 311, Table 117.3.

This product does not contain any toxic pollutants listed under the U.S. Clean Water Act Section 307

US State Regulations

Massachusetts Right To Know

No components are subject to the Massachusetts Right to Know Act.

Pennsylvania Right To Know

3648-20-2	1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 1,2- diundecyl ester	90 - 100 %		
New Jersey Right To Know				

diundecyl ester	3648-20-2	1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 1,2- diundecyl ester	90 - 100 %
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California Prop 65This product does not contain any chemicals known to
State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or
any other reproductive harm.

	United States TSCA Inventory		y (positive listing) (On TSCA Invento-
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Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL)	•	u (undetermined listing) (All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL.)
Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	•	u (undetermined listing) (On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory)
New Zealand. Inventory of Chemical Substances	:	u (undetermined listing) (Not in compliance with the inventory)
Japan. ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory	•	u (undetermined listing) (On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory)
Japan. ISHL - Inventory of Chemical Substances (METI)		u (undetermined listing) (On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory)
Korea. Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory (KECI)	•	u (undetermined listing) (On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory)
Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	:	u (undetermined listing) (On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory)
China. Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)		u (undetermined listing) (On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory)
Switzerland. New notified substances and declared preparations	:	u (undetermined listing) (On the



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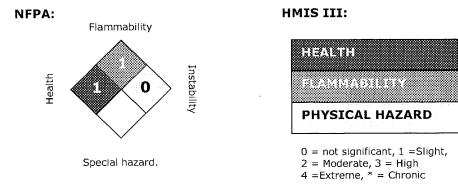
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	inventory, or in compliance with the inventory)
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SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATIONFurther information



The information accumulated is based on the data of which we are aware and is believed to be correct as of the date hereof. Since this information may be applied under conditions beyond our control and with which we may be unfamiliar and since data made become available subsequently to the date hereof, we do not assume any responsibility for the results of its use. Recipients are advised to confirm in advance of need that the information is current, applicable, and suitable to their circumstances. This MSDS has been prepared by NEXEO[™] Solutions EHS Product Safety Department (1-855-429-2661) MSDS@nexeosolutions.com.

Legecy MSDS: 000000153919

Material number:

16033072, 720943, 720942, 716448, 716447, 716446, 716445, 716442, 715786

Key or le	gend to abbreviations and ac	onyms use	ed in the safety data sheet
ACGIH	American Conference of Gov- ernment Industrial Hygienists	LD50	Lethal Dose 50%
AICS	Australia, Inventory of Chem- ical Substances	LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
DSL	Canada, Domestic Substanc- es List	NFPA	National Fire Protection Agency
NDSL	Canada, Non-Domestic Sub- stances List	NIOSH	National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health
CNS	Central Nervous System	NTP	National Toxicology Program
CAS	Chemical Abstract Service	NZIOC	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

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EC50	Effective Concentration	NOAEL	No Observable Adverse Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50%	NOEC	No Observed Effect Concentration
EGEST	EOSCA Generic Exposure Scenario Tool	OSHA	Occupational Safety & Health Admin- istration
EOSCA	European Oilfield Specialty Chemicals Association	PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit
EINECS	European Inventory of Exist- ing Chemical Substances	PICCS	Philipines Inventory of Commercial Chemical Substances
MAK	Germany Maximum Concen- tration Values	PRNT	Presumed Not Toxic
GHS	Globally Harmonized System	RCRA	Resource Conservation Recovery Act
>=	Greater Than or Equal To	STEL	Short-term Exposure Limit
IC50	Inhibition Concentration 50%	SARA	Superfund Amendments and Reau- thorization Act.
IARC	International Agency for Re- search on Cancer	TLV	Threshold Limit Value
IECSC	Inventory of Existing Chemi- cal Substances in China	TWA	Time Weighted Average
ENCS	Japan, Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substanc- es	TSCA	Toxic Substance Control Act
KECI	Korea, Existing Chemical In- ventory	UVCB	Unknown or Variable Compositon, Complex Reaction Products, and Biological Materials
<=	Less Than or Equal To	WHMIS	Workplace Hazardous Materials In- formation System
LC50		Lethal Cond	centration 50%



11/12/2015

GAF MATERIALS CORPORATION MSDS CONTACT 2400 EMOGENE STREET MOBILE AL 36606 US

ATTN: MSDS COORDINATOR Enclosed is the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) related to your recent product purchase. NEXEO provides its customers with a SDS the first time a product is purchased or sampled for testing. In some cases, an SDS is distributed on an annual basis to comply with specific regulatory requirements even if there has been no revision. If the SDS is significantly changed, a copy of the revised sheet is sent to customers who purchased the product in the previous twelve months. The Material Safety Data Sheet is addressed to the attention of the MSDS COORDINATOR and is sent according to the contact information that Nexeo has on file for your organization. You should direct the SDS to those responsible for managing or designing operations involving the use of the product and those who use or handle the product and may potentially be exposed to it. NEXEO is committed to providing accurate health and safety information on the products that we manufacture or distribute. If you have any further questions or concerns, please feel free to contact us.

Nexeo Solutions LLC EHS – Product Safety Group - SDS 1400 Woodloch Forest Suite 200 The Woodlands, TX 77388 msds@nexeosolutions.com US and Canada: 1-855-429-2661 Europe, Africa, and Middle East: +31 10 497 5000 Asia: 86-21-24024852

Ship To: 0000713970

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Version 11.0 Revision Date: 05/12/2015 Print Date: 05/13/2015 **SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION** Product name : Piperylene 75% Product code : X2163 Manufacturer or supplier's details : Shell Chemical LP Company PO Box 2463 HOUSTON TX 77252-2463 USA SDS Request : 1-800-240-6737 **Customer Service** : 1-855-697-4355 **Emergency telephone number** : 1-800-424-9300 Chemtrec Domestic (24 hr) Chemtrec International (24 : 1-703-527-3887 hr) Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use Recommended use : Base chemical., Raw material for use in the chemical industry.

Restrictions on use	:	This product must not be used in applications other than the
		above without first seeking the advice of the supplier.

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification Flammable liquids	: Category 2
Acute toxicity (Oral)	: Category 4
Acute toxicity (Dermal)	: Category 4
Skin irritation	: Category 2
Eye irritation	: Category 2
Aspiration hazard	: Category 1
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Category 2
Carcinogenicity	: Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	: Category 3 (Respiratory system., Narcotic effects.)
Chronic aquatic toxicity	: Category 2

GHS Label element

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

	Revision Date: 05/12/2015	Print Date: 05/13/201
Hazard pictograms		
Signal word	: Danger	
Hazard statements	 PHYSICAL HAZARDS: H225 Highly flammable liquid a HEALTH HAZARDS: H302 Harmful if swallowed. H312 Harmful in contact with sl H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irrita H304 May be fatal if swallowed H341 Suspected of causing gen H350 May cause cancer. H335 May cause respiratory irr H336 May cause drowsiness of ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS H411 Toxic to aquatic life with I 	kin. I and enters airways. netic defects. itation. r dizziness. S:
Precautionary statements	 Prevention: P210 Keep away from open fla P233 Keep container tightly clo P240 Ground/bond container a P241 Use explosion-proof elect ment. P242 Use only non-sparking to P243 Take precautionary meas P280 Wear protective gloves/ p face protection. P264 Wash hands thoroughly a P270 Do not eat, drink or smok P201 Obtain special instruction P202 Do not handle until all sat and understood. P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fur P271 Use only outdoors or in a P273 Avoid release to the envit Response: P370+P378 In case of fire: Use P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SK immediately all contaminated c shower. P312 Call a POISON CENTER unwell. P332 + P313 If skin irritation oc tion. P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED CENTER or doctor/ physician. P331 Do NOT induce vomiting. P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYE for several minutes. Remove co to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 If eye irritation pe 	 ased. nd receiving equipment. trical/ ventilating/ lighting/ equi ols. sures against static discharge. protective clothing/ eye protecti after handling. a when using this product. as before use. fety precautions have been reative (gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. well-ventilated area. ronment. appropriate media for extincti (IN (or hair): Remove/ Take off lothing. Rinse skin with water/ or doctor/ physician if you fee ccurs: Get medical advice/ atte the mediately call a POISON ES: Rinse cautiously with wate portact lenses, if present and eaternal

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Version 11.0 Revision Date: 05/12/2015 Print Date: 05/13/2015 tion. P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. P391 Collect spillage. Storage: P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tiahtly closed. P235 Keep cool. P405 Store locked up. Disposal: P501 Dispose of contents and container to appropriate waste site or reclaimer in accordance with local and national regulations. Other hazards which do not result in classification Highly flammable. This material is a static accumulator. Even with proper grounding and bonding, this material can still accumulate an electrostatic charge. If sufficient charge is allowed to accumulate, electrostatic discharge and ignition of flammable airvapour mixtures can occur. Highly reactive. May form explosive peroxides. Will float and can be reignited on surface water. Vapours are heavier than air. Vapours may travel across the ground and reach remote ignition sources causing a flashback fire danger. May form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

The classification of this material is based on OSHA HCS 2012 criteria.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Substance

Hazardous components

Chemical Name	Synonyms	CAS-No.	Concentration (%)
Distillates (petroleum), C3- 6, piperylene-rich	Distillates (petro- leum), C3-6, pipery- lene-rich	68477-35-0	100

Further information

Contains:		
Chemical Name	Identification number	Concentration [%]
penta-1,3-diene	504-60-9, 207-995-2	50 - 70
cyclopentene	142-29-0, 205-532-9	20 - 30
2-Methyl-2-butene	513-35-9, 208-156-3	5 - 15
cyclopentadiene	542-92-7, 208-835-4	0.1 - < 1.5
Dicyclopentadiene	77-73-6, 201-052-9	0.1 - < 1.5
Isoprene	78-79-5, 201-143-3	0.1 - < 1
Other C5 Hydrocar-		1 - 5
bons		
benzene	71-43-2, 200-753-7	0 - <= 0.1

SAFETY DATA SHEET According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Version 11.0 Revision Date: 05/12/2015 Print Date: 05/13/2015 TBP (tert.butyl phe-- <= 0.01 nols) - inhibitor SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES General advice : DO NOT DELAY. Keep victim calm. Obtain medical treatment immediately. If inhaled : Remove to fresh air. If rapid recovery does not occur, transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment. In case of skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing. Immediately flush skin with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes, and follow by washing with soap and water if available. If redness, swelling, pain and/or blisters occur, transport to the nearest medical facility for additional treatment. : DO NOT DELAY. In case of eye contact Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Obtain medical treatment immediately. If swallowed If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration. If any of the following delayed signs and symptoms appear within the next 6 hours, transport to the nearest medical facility: fever greater than 101° F (38.3°C), shortness of breath, chest congestion or continued coughing or wheezing. Give nothing by mouth. Most important symptoms : Eye irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning senand effects, both acute and sation, redness, swelling, and/or blurred vision. Skin irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sendelayed sation, redness, swelling, and/or blisters. Breathing of high vapour concentrations may cause central nervous system (CNS) depression resulting in dizziness, lightheadedness, headache, nausea and loss of coordination. Continued inhalation may result in unconsciousness and death. If material enters lungs, signs and symptoms may include coughing, choking, wheezing, difficulty in breathing, chest congestion, shortness of breath, and/or fever. The onset of respiratory symptoms may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Protection of first-aiders : When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings. Immediate medical attention, : Potential for chemical pneumonitis. special treatment Call a doctor or poison control center for guidance.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

4 /

Suitable extinguishing media	: Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dio-
/ 19	800001007264

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

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	xide, sand or earth may be use	d for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water in a jet.	
Specific hazards during fire- fighting	 Carbon monoxide may be evolve occurs. Will float and can be reignited of The vapour is heavier than air, distant ignition is possible. Flammable vapours may be predelow the flash point. 	on surface water. spreads along the ground and
Specific extinguishing me- thods	: Standard procedure for chemic	al fires.
Further information	: Clear fire area of all non-emerg Keep adjacent containers cool	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	gloves are to be worn; chemica large contact with spilled produ	al resistant suit is indicated if ct is expected. Self-Contained vorn when approaching a fire in ghter's clothing approved to

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- tive equipment and emer- gency procedures	:	Observe all relevant local and international regulations. Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
	:	Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Isolate hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary or unpro- tected personnel. Do not breathe fumes, vapour. Do not operate electrical equipment.
Environmental precautions	:	Shut off leaks, if possible without personal risks. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Attempt to disperse the vapour or to direct its flow to a safe location for example by using fog sprays. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	For small liquid spills (< 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means to a labeled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely.

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Version 11.0 Revision Date: 05/12/2015 Print Date: 05/13/2015 For large liquid spills (> 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or safe disposal. Do not flush away residues with water. Retain as contaminated waste. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely Observe all relevant local and international regulations. Additional advice : For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. Risk of explosion. Inform the emergency services if liquid enters surface water drains. For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of this Safety Data Sheet. Vapour may form an explosive mixture with air. Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur. U.S. regulations may require reporting releases of this material to the environment which exceed the reportable quantity (refer to Chapter 15) to the National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures	 Avoid breathing of or direct contact with material. Only use in well ventilated areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk as- sessment of local circumstances to help determine appropri- ate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material. Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and sto- rage facilities are followed.
Precautions for safe handling	 Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Extinguish any naked flames. Do not smoke. Remove ignition sources. Avoid sparks. The vapour is heavier than air. Beware of accumulation in pits and confined spaces. Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Bulk storage tanks should be diked (bunded). Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires. Even with proper grounding and bonding, this material can still accumulate an electrostatic charge. If sufficient charge is allowed to accumulate, electrostatic discharge and ignition of flammable air-vapour mixtures can occur.

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

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	lent flow), mixing, filtering, spla tanks and containers, sampling cuum truck operations, and me These activities may lead to sta tion. Restrict line velocity during pun	the accumulation of static ed to pumping (especially turbu- sh filling, cleaning and filling of g, switch loading, gauging, va- echanical movements. atic discharge e.g. spark forma- nping in order to avoid genera- ≤ 1 m/s until fill pipe submerged n/s). Avoid splash filling. or filling, discharging, or han-
Avoidance of contact	: Strong oxidising agents. Strong acids. Strong bases. Copper alloys	
Product Transfer	: If positive displacement pumps with a non-integral pressure rel under Handling section.	
Storage		
Other data	from sunlight, ignition sources a Must be kept inhibited during st al can polymerise. Vapours form tanks should not Breathing losses during storage suitable vapour treatment syste Nitrogen blanket recommended Electrostatic charges will be ge Electrostatic discharge may can tinuity by bonding and groundir reduce the risk. The vapours in the head space in the flammable/explosive range ble. Reacts with atmospheric oxyge er to inhibit oxidative colour cha Prolonged storage of the produc lose its effectiveness. The product is normally supplied permissible storage period and	ble products which are not e environment. ded) well- ventilated area, away and other sources of heat. torage and shipment as materi- be released to atmosphere. e should be controlled by a em. d. enerated during pumping. use fire. Ensure electrical con- ng (earthing) all equipment to e of the storage vessel may lie ge and hence may be flamma- en. Material contains a stabiliz- ange. lict can cause the stabiliser to

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Packaging material	: Suitable material: For containers, steel, stainless steel. Unsuitable material: Copper., Co	-
Specific use(s)	: Not applicable	
	See additional references that pro for liquids that are determined to American Petroleum Institute 200 tions Arising out of Static, Lightnin National Fire Protection Agency 7 on Static Electricity). CENELEC CLC/TR 50404 (Electri for the avoidance of hazards due	be static accumulators: 03 (Protection Against Igni- ng and Stray Currents) or 77 (Recommended Practices rostatics – Code of practice

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

components with workp				
Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters / Permissible concentration	Basis
cyclopentadiene	542-92-7	TWA	75 ppm	ACGIH
		TWA	75 ppm 200 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
Dicyclopentadiene	77-73-6	TWA	5 ppm	ACGIH
benzene	71-43-2	TWA	0.5 ppm 1.6 mg/m3	Shell Internal Standard (SIS) for 8-12 hour TWA.
		STEL	2.5 ppm 8 mg/m3	Shell Internal Standard (SIS) for 15 min (STEL)
		TWA	0.5 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	2.5 ppm	ACGIH
		PEL	1 ppm	OSHA CARC
		STEL	5 ppm	OSHA CARC
		TWA	10 ppm	OSHA Z-2
		CEIL	25 ppm	OSHA Z-2
		Peak	50 ppm	OSHA Z-2

Components with workplace control parameters

Biological occupational exposure limits

Component	CAS-No.	Control pa- rameters	Biological specimen	Sampling time	Permissible concentra- tion	Basis
benzene	71-43-2	S- Phenylmer- capturic acid	Urine	End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)	25 .μg/g creatinine	ACGIH BEI
benzene		t,t-Muconic	Urine	End of	500 .µg/g	ACGIH

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	acid	shift (As creatinine BEI soon as possible after exposure ceases)

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures

 The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Use sealed systems as far as possible. Adequate explosion-proof ventilation to control airborne concentrations below the exposure guidelines/limits. Local exhaust ventilation is recommended. Eye washes and showers for emergency use. Firewater monitors and deluge systems are recommended. Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

General Information:

Consider technical advances and process upgrades (including automation) for the elimination of releases. Minimise exposure using measures such as closed systems, dedicated facilities and suitable general/local exhaust ventilation.Drain down systems and clear transfer lines prior to breaking containment. Clean/flush equipment, where possible, prior to maintenance.Where there is potential for exposure: restrict access to authorised persons; provide specific activity training to operators to minimise exposures; wear suitable gloves and coveralls to prevent skin contamination; wear respiratory protection when there is potential for inhalation; clear up spills immediately and dispose of wastes safely. Ensure safe systems of work or equivalent arrangements are in place to manage risks.Regularly inspect, test and maintain all control measures.Consider the need for risk based health surveillance.

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Personal protective equipn	nent
Respiratory protection	 If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are unsuitable (e.g. airborne concentrations are high, risk of oxygen deficiency, confined space) use appropriate positive pressure breathing apparatus. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. If air-filtering respirators are suitable for conditions of use: Select a filter suitable for organic gases and vapours [Type AX boiling point ≤65°C (149°F)].
	cordance with the requirements of the OSHA Respiratory Protection Standard, 29 CFR 1910.134.
Hand protection Remarks	: Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. Longer term protection: Viton. Incidental contact/Splash protection: Nitrile rubber gloves. For continuous contact we recommend gloves with break-through time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same, but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm depending on the glove make and model. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.
Eye protection	: Wear goggles for use against liquids and gas. Wear full face shield if splashes are likely to occur.
Skin and body protection	: Wear chemical and cold resistant gloves/gauntlets, and boots, and apron.
Protective measures	: Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recom-
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	mended national standards. Chec	k with PPE suppliers.
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands before eating, drinkin toilet.	
	Launder contaminated clothing be	iore re-use.
Environmental exposure co	ontrols	
General advice	 Local guidelines on emission limits must be observed for the discharg vapour. 	
	Minimise release to the environme sessment must be made to ensure ronmental legislation.	
	Information on accidental release section 6.	measures are to be found in

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	: Liquid.
Colour	: Colourless to light coloured
Odour	: strong
Odour Threshold	: not determined
рН	: Not applicable
Boiling point/boiling range	: 42 °C / 108 °F
Flash point	: -29 °C / -20 °F
Evaporation rate	: not determined
Upper explosion limit	: 8.3 %(V)
Lower explosion limit	: 1 %(V)
Vapour pressure	: 45 kPa (20 °C / 68 °F)
Relative vapour density	: 2.35
Relative density	: 0.7 (15.6 °C / 60.0 °F)
Density	: Typical 725 kg/m3 (20 °C / 68 °F)
Solubility(ies) Water solubility	: insoluble
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: log Pow: ca. 2.3
Auto-ignition temperature	: not determined
/ 10	200

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Version 11.0 Revision Date: 05/12/2015 Print Date: 05/13/2015 Viscosity Viscosity, kinematic : no data available Conductivity : Low conductivity: < 100 pS/m, The conductivity of this material makes it a static accumulator., A liquid is typically considered nonconductive if its conductivity is below 100 pS/m and is considered semi-conductive if its conductivity is below 10 000 pS/m., Whether a liquid is nonconductive or semiconductive, the precautions are the same., A number of factors, for example liquid temperature, presence of contaminants, and antistatic additives can greatly influence the conductivity of a liquid

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	Prolonged exposure to air may lead to peroxide formation Reacts with strong oxidising agents.	1.
Chemical stability	The product is normally supplied in a stabilized form. If the permissible storage period and/or storage temperature is ceably exceeded, the product may polymerise with heat e tion. Reacts violently with: Nitric, sulphuric and chlorosulphuric acids. Oxidises on contact with air to form unstable peroxides. Polymerisation may occur at elevated temperatures. Normally stable under ambient conditions and if properly is bited.	noti- volu-
Possibility of hazardous reac- tions	Normally stable under ambient conditions and if properly i bited.	inhi-
Conditions to avoid	Heat, flames, and sparks. Exposure to air. Exposure to sunlight. In certain circumstances product can ignite due to static e tricity.	lec-
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidising agents. Strong acids. Strong bases. Copper alloys	
Hazardous decomposition products	Thermal decomposition is highly dependent on conditions complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids and gases inclu- ing carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, sulphur oxides and unidentified organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion or thermal or oxidative de dation.	ud-

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment

: Information given is based on data on the components and

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the toxicology of similar products.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity	LD50 : > 300 - 2,000 mg/kg Remarks: Harmful if swallowed.	
Acute inhalation toxicity	: Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity if inhaled.	
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD50 (Rabbit): > 1,000 - 2,000 mg/kg Remarks: Harmful in contact with skin.	

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Suspected of causing genetic defects., Contains Isoprene, CAS # 78-79-5., Mutagenic; positive in in-vivo and in-vitro assays.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Contains Isoprene, CAS # 78-79-5., Causes cancer in laboratory animals.

IARC	Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans	
	benzene	71-43-2
	Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans	
	Isoprene	78-79-5
ACGIH	Confirmed human carcinogen	

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	benzene	71-43-2
OSHA	OSHA specifically regulated carcinogen	
	benzene	71-43-2
NTP	Known to be human carcinogen	
	benzene	71-43-2
	Reasonably anticipated to be a human ca	arcinogen
	Isoprene	78-79-5

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to impair fertility., Not expected to be a developmental toxicant.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Inhalation of vapours or mists may cause irritation to the respiratory system., High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression resulting in headaches, dizziness and nausea.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Aspiration into the lungs when swallowed or vomited may cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish (Acute toxic-	: LL50: 10 - 100 mg/l
ity)	Remarks: Harmful:

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Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Acute toxicity)	:	EL50: 1 - 10 mg/l Remarks: Toxic:	
Toxicity to algae (Acute toxic- ity)	:	EL50: 10 - 100 mg/l Remarks: Harmful:	
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxic- ity)	:	Remarks: Data not available	
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron- ic toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available	
Toxicity to bacteria (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available	
Persistence and degradabilit	y		
Product:			
Biodegradability	:	Remarks: Not readily biodegrada	ble.
Bioaccumulative potential			
Product:			
Bioaccumulation	:	Remarks: Does not bioaccumula	te significantly.
Mobility in soil			
Product:			
Mobility	:	Remarks: Floats on water.	
Other adverse effects			

Waste from residues	 Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or water.
Local legislation Remarks	: Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.
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	Local regulations may be more tional requirements and must b	
ECTION 14. TRANSPORT IN	FORMATION	
lational Regulations		
	oortation Classification (49 CFR Parts	s 171-180)
UN/ID/NA number	: UN 1268	
Proper shipping name Class	: Petroleum distillates, n.o.s.	
	: 3 : II	
Packing group Labels	: 3	
ERG Code	: 128	
Marine pollutant	: 120 : no	
nternational Regulation	. 10	
-		
IATA-DGR UN/ID No.	: UN 1268	
Proper shipping name	: Petroleum distillates, n.o.s.	
Class	: 3	
Packing group	: 11	
Labels	: 3	
IMDG-Code		
UN number	: UN 1268	
Proper shipping name	: PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N (distillates (petroleum), C3-6, p	
Class	: 3	
Packing group	: 11	
Labels	: 3	
Marine pollutant	: yes	
ransport in bulk according to	o Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the	IBC Code
Pollution category	: Y	
Ship type Broduct name	: 2 . 1.2 Deptediane (greater than 5)	20() avalanantana and ica
Product name	: 1-3 Pentadiene (greater than 50 mers, mixtures	
Special precautions	: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & tions which a user needs to be with in connection with transpor	aware of or needs to comply
pecial precautions for user		
Remarks	 Special Precautions: Refer to 0 for special precautions which a needs to comply with in connect 	user needs to be aware of or

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

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OSHA Hazards

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

Components	CAS-No.	Component RQ	Calculated product RQ
		(lbs)	(lbs)
1,3-Pentadiene	504-60-9	100	143
Benzene	71-43-2	10	*
Isoprene	78-79-5	100	*

*: Calculated RQ exceeds reasonably attainable upper limit.

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

Calculated RQ exceeds reasonably attainable upper limit.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards :	Immediate (Acute) Health Hazard Delayed (Chronic) Health Hazard Fire Hazard Reactive Hazard		
SARA 302 :	No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.		
SARA 313 :	The following components are subject to reporting levels es- tablished by SARA Title III, Section 313:		
	Dicyclopentadiene	77-73-6	1.4999 %
	Isoprene	78-79-5	0.9999 %
	benzene	71-43-2	0.1 %

Clean Water Act

The following Hazardous Chemicals are listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 117.3:

Isoprene	78-79-5	0.9999 %
benzene	71-43-2	0.1 %

Pennsylvania Right To Know

Distillates (petroleum), C3-6, piperylene-rich	68477-35-0
penta-1,3-diene	504-60-9
cyclopentene	142-29-0
2-Methyl-2-butene	513-35-9
cyclopentadiene	542-92-7
Dicyclopentadiene	77-73-6
Isoprene	78-79-5
benzene	71-43-2

New Jersey Right To Know

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	penta-1,3-diene		504-60-9
	•		142-29-0
	cyclopentene		
	2-Methyl-2-buter	ne	513-35-9
	cyclopentadiene		542-92-7
	Dicyclopentadiene		77-73-6
	Isoprene		78-79-5
	benzene		71-43-2
California Pro	p 65	State of California to cause WARNING: This product of	ontains a chemical known to the e cancer. ontains a chemical known to the e birth defects or other reproductive
3		harm. The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.	

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA Rating (Health, Fire, Reac- 2, 4, 2 tivity)

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version. Due to the conversion of this product to GHS classification and labelling, there has been a significant change to the nature of the information presented in chapter 2. Abbreviations and Acronyms : The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this docu-

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ADR = European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials BEL = Biological exposure limits BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelling COC = Cleveland Open-Cup DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normung DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List EC = European Commission EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty ECETOC = European Chemicals Agency EINECS = The European Inventory of Existing Commercial	obreviations and Acronyms	ment can be	looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific and/or websites.
		Hygienists ADR = Euro Carriage of I AICS = Aust ASTM = Am BEL = Biolog BTEX = Bei $CAS = CherCEFIC = EuCLP = ClassCOC = ClevDIN = DeutsDMEL = DerDNEL = DerDSL = CanaEC = EuropeEC50 = EffeECETOC = Igy Of ChemECHA = Europe$	pean Agreement concerning the International Dangerous Goods by Road ralian Inventory of Chemical Substances erican Society for Testing and Materials gical exposure limits nzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes nical Abstracts Service ropean Chemical Industry Council ification Packaging and Labelling eland Open-Cup ches Institut fur Normung ived Minimal Effect Level ived No Effect Level da Domestic Substance List ean Commission ctive Concentration fifty European Chemicals Agency

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

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	Chemical Substances	
	EL50 = Effective Loading fifty	
	ENCS = Japanese Existing and	New Chemical Substances
	Inventory	
	EWC = European Waste Code	
	GHS = Globally Harmonised Sy	stem of Classification and
	Labelling of Chemicals	
	IARC = International Agency for	r Research on Cancer
	IATA = International Air Transpo	
	IC50 = Inhibitory Concentration	
	IL50 = Inhibitory Level fifty	inty .
	IMDG = International Maritime I	Dangerous Goods
	INV = Chinese Chemicals Inver	
	IP346 = Institute of Petroleum	
	determination of polycyclic aron	
	KECI = Korea Existing Chemica	
	LC50 = Lethal Concentration fif	
	LD50 = Lethal Dose fifty per ce	
	LL/EL/IL = Lethal Loading/Effect	
	LL50 = Lethal Loading fifty	з , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	MARPOL = International Conve	ention for the Prevention of
	Pollution From Ships	
	NOEC/NOEL = No Observed E	ffect Concentration / No Ob-
	served Effect Level	
	OE_HPV = Occupational Expos	sure - High Production Volum
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumula	
	PICCS = Philippine Inventory of	f Chemicals and Chemical
	Substances	
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Co	oncentration
	REACH = Registration Evaluation	on And Authorisation Of
	Chemicals	
	RID = Regulations Relating to I	nternational Carriage of Dan-
	gerous Goods by Rail	
	SKIN_DES = Skin Designation	
	STEL = Short term exposure lin	
	TRA = Targeted Risk Assessme	
	TSCA = US Toxic Substances (
	TWA = Time-Weighted Average	
	vPvB = very Persistent and very	y Bioaccumulative
Sources of key data used to	: The quoted data are from, but r	not limited to, one or more
compile the Safety Data	sources of information (e.g. toxi	cological data from Shell
Sheet	Health Services, material suppl	
	IUCLID date base, EC 1272 reg	gulation, etc).

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This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

SBZ CORPORATION

The major alternative

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SBZ Slack Wax S

This SDS is not mandated under REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 and is provided for information only.

SECTION 1: Identification of t	he substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking		
1.1. Product identifier			
Product name	SBZ Slack Wax S		
REACH registration number	01-2119489284-28-XXXX		
CAS number	64742-61-6		
1.2. Relevant identified uses of	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Identified uses	The products are mainly used to produce high quality candles in paper, textile, and varnish coatings industry, as well as in the chemical and other industries.		
1.3. Details of the supplier of t	the safety data sheet		
Supplier	SBZ CORPORATION Kendal Court, Hurricane Way, Wickford Essex SS11 8YB +44 (0) 1268 761 504 +44 (0) 1268 761 508 productstewardship@sbzcorporation.com		
1.4. Emergency telephone nu	mber		
Emergency telephone	+44 (0) 870 190 6777 /+44 (0) 1865 407 333 (24 hours / 7 days)		
SECTION 2: Hazards identific	ation		
2.1. Classification of the subst	tance or mixture		
Classification			
Physical hazards	Not Classified		
Health hazards	Not Classified		
Environmental hazards	Not Classified		
2.2. Label elements			
Hazard statements	NC Not Classified		
2.3. Other hazards			
SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients			
3.1. Substances			
Product name	SBZ Slack Wax S		
REACH registration number	01-2119489284-28-XXXX		
CAS number	64742-61-6		
SECTION 4: First aid measures			
4.1. Description of first aid measures			

SBZ Slack Wax S

Inhalation	Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist.	
Ingestion	Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.	
Skin contact	Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water.	
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation persists after washing.	

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Extinguish with foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog.

Unsuitable extinguishing Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. **media**

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

5.3. Advice for firefighters

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Contain spillage with sand, earth or other suitable non-combustible material.

6.4. Reference to other sections

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Store in tightly-closed, original container.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

8.2. Exposure controls

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Coloured liquid. Waxy solid.
Colour	Light brown.
Odour	Characteristic.
рH	neutral

SBZ Slack Wax S

Melting point	10-50°C	
Flash point	> 200°C COC (Cleveland open cup).	
Relative density	825-840	
Solubility(ies)	Hydrocarbons. Insoluble in water.	
Viscosity	3-8 cSt @ 100°C	
9.2. Other information		
SECTION 10: Stability and re	activity	
10.1. Reactivity		
10.2. Chemical stability		
Stability	No particular stability concerns.	
10.3. Possibility of hazardous	reactions	
10.4. Conditions to avoid		
Conditions to avoid	Avoid excessive heat for prolonged periods of time.	
10.5. Incompatible materials		
Materials to avoid	Strong oxidising agents.	
10.6. Hazardous decompositi	on products	
Hazardous decomposition products	None at ambient temperatures.	
SECTION 11: Toxicological information		
SECTION 11: Toxicological ir	formation	
SECTION 11: Toxicological ir 11.1. Information on toxicolog		
-	ical effects	
11.1. Information on toxicolog SECTION 12: Ecological Info	ical effects	
11.1. Information on toxicolog	rmation	
11.1. Information on toxicolog SECTION 12: Ecological Info 12.1. Toxicity 12.2. Persistence and degrad	rmation	
11.1. Information on toxicolog SECTION 12: Ecological Info 12.1. Toxicity 12.2. Persistence and degrad	rmation ability The product is readily biodegradable.	
11.1. Information on toxicolog SECTION 12: Ecological Info 12.1. Toxicity 12.2. Persistence and degrad Persistence and degradability	rmation ability The product is readily biodegradable.	
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11.1. Information on toxicolog SECTION 12: Ecological Info 12.1. Toxicity 12.2. Persistence and degrad Persistence and degradability 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	rmation ability r The product is readily biodegradable. al No data available on bioaccumulation.	
11.1. Information on toxicolog SECTION 12: Ecological Info 12.1. Toxicity 12.2. Persistence and degrad Persistence and degradability 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulative potential 12.4. Mobility in soil	rmation ability r The product is readily biodegradable. al No data available on bioaccumulation.	
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11.1. Information on toxicolog SECTION 12: Ecological Info 12.1. Toxicity 12.2. Persistence and degrad Persistence and degradability 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulative potential 12.5. Results of PBT and vPv 12.6. Other adverse effects SECTION 13: Disposal conside 13.1. Waste treatment method	ical effects rmation ability The product is readily biodegradable. al No data available on bioaccumulation. B assessment derations ds	
11.1. Information on toxicolog SECTION 12: Ecological Info 12.1. Toxicity 12.2. Persistence and degrad Persistence and degradability 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulative potential 12.5. Results of PBT and vPv 12.6. Other adverse effects SECTION 13: Disposal conside 13.1. Waste treatment methor SECTION 14: Transport infor General 14.1. UN number	ical effects mation ability The product is readily biodegradable. al No data available on bioaccumulation. B assessment derations ds mation Not regulated.	
11.1. Information on toxicolog SECTION 12: Ecological Info 12.1. Toxicity 12.2. Persistence and degrad Persistence and degradability 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential 12.4. Mobility in soil 12.5. Results of PBT and vPv 12.6. Other adverse effects SECTION 13: Disposal consid 13.1. Waste treatment method SECTION 14: Transport infor General 14.1. UN number 14.2. UN proper shipping name	ical effects mation ability The product is readily biodegradable. al No data available on bioaccumulation. B assessment derations ds mation Not regulated. Te	
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14.4. Packing group

14.5. Environmental hazards

SBZ Slack Wax S

14.6. Special precautions for user

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

 Revision date
 23/02/2016

 SDS number
 4647

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.

AVATAR CORPOR	ATION	Date:	05/31/15
		Revision:	01
Document #: SDS-3	333333	Supersedes:	NEW
		Page	Page 1 of 5
Title:	Vegetable Oils Series - Safety Data Sheet		
Document Owner:	J.D.H.	Approved by:	J.P. Roush, M.S.

This document is prepared pursuant to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). In addition, other substances not 'Hazardous' per this OSHA Standard may be listed. Where proprietary ingredient shows, the identity may be made available as provided in this standard.

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

1.1.	Product Identifier	
	Tradename:	Vegetable Oils Series - Refined, Bleached, and
		Deodorized (*see list at end)
	Code:	3333333
	REACH preregistration No.:	N/A
1.2.	Identified uses / uses advised against	
	Identified uses:	Food Ingredient, conditioning agent
1.3.	Supplier details:	
	Company/Address:	Avatar Corporation, 500 Central Avenue, University Park, IL 60484 USA
	Website:	www.avatarcorp.com
	Email:	jproush@avatarcorp.com
	Telephone/Fax:	708.534.5511 / 708.534.0123
	Responsible Dept:	Regulatory

1.4 Transportation emergency contact: Chem Tel 800.255.3924

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION:

 2.1. Classification of substance or mixture *Classification according to Regulation (EC) No.1272/2008 [CLP]:* Not classified *Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC:* Not classified *Adverse effects:* At high temperatures, vapors may be generated which may be considered hazardous at concentrations exceeding 10 mg/m³.

2.2. Label elements:

NFPA Code:	Health-0, Flammability-1, Reactivity-0
HMIS Code:	Health-0, Flammability-1, Reactivity-0

2.3. Other hazards:

No significant health hazards identified unless aspirated as an oil mist. Oil mist is classified as a nuisance particulate by the ACGIH and may affect the respiratory system.

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substance

<u>Component</u>	CAS No.	<u>EC No.</u>	<u>% by Wt.</u>	HS Tariff Classification No.
Canola Oil, RBD	8002-13-9	232-299-0	100	1514.10.00.00
Coconut Oil, RBD	8001-31-8	232-282-8	100	1513.11.00.00
Corn Oil, RBD	8001-30-7	232-281-2	100	1515.29.00.40
Olive Oil, RBD	8001-25-0	TBD	100	1509.10.40.00
Safflower Oil, RBD	8001-23-8	TBD	100	1512.11.40.00
Soybean Oil, RBD	8001-22-7	TBD	100	1507.90.40.00
Sunflower Oil	8001-21-6	232-273-9	100	1514.10.00.00

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. General information:

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Eye:	Flush immediately with large amounts of water. If irritation occurs, call a physician
Skin:	Wash exposed area of skin with water. If burned by contact with hot material, cool material as quickly as possible with water. See a physician for burn treatment, irritation or allergic reaction.
Ingestion:	None required. If uncomfortable or symptomatic, seek medical assistance promptly.
Inhalation:	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Get medical attention if symptoms persist.

- 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, acute and delayed *Symptoms/injuries:* None.
- 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed: See 4.1 and 4.2.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1.	Extinguishing media: Unsuitable extinguishing media:	Agents approved for Class B hazards. Dry chemical, carbon dioxide foam, steam or water fog Water streams will scatter liquid and spread fire, but may be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surroundings cool.
5.2.	Special hazards:	May create dense smoke during combustion. Incomplete burning can produce carbon monoxide and/or carbon dioxide and other toxic gases.
	Fire hazard:	Mild fire hazard when heated above its flash point; material must be preheated before ignition will occur (OSHA Class IIIB).
5.3.	Advise for firefighters: Firefighting instruction:	Cool unaffected containers and remove to safety.
	Firefighting protection:	Firefighters should wear full bunker gear, including a positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personnel: Emergency procedures:	General safety equipment such as lab glasses. Remove all sources of ignition. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces.
6.2. Environmental precautions	Prevent spills from entering sewers and public waters.
6.3. Containment / Cleanup <i>Containment:</i> <i>Cleanup:</i>	Dike around spill; have oil-absorbent materials readily available. Remove mechanically or contain on an absorbent material such as dry sand or earth and dispose of in accordance with current applicable regulations
7. HANDLING AND STORAGE	

- 7.1. Handling
- 7.2. Storage

No special requirements; observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Store in a cool, well-ventilated area in sealed containers. Store away from strong oxidizing agents or combustible material. Avoid excess heat to maintain product quality.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters Under normal use and conditions, edible oils and fats pose no health hazard.

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	Limits:	ACGIH TLV-STEL:	10 mg/m ³ (oil mist)
8.2.	. Exposure controls		Control airborne concentrations below the exposure guidelines. Provide local exhaust or general room ventilation to minimize vapor concentrations. Provide emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers.
	Eye:		None required; however, use of eye protection is good industrial practice.
	Skin:		None required; however, use of protective gloves/clothing is good industrial practice.
	Inhalation:		No special requirements under ordinary conditions of use and with adequate ventilation.
	Environment	al controls:	Avoid release to the environment. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.

9. CHEMICAL AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Basic physical and chemical properties

	Canola	Coconut	Corn	Olive	Safflower	Soybean	Sunflower
Appearance / Odor:	Yellow, oily liquid / Faint odor	White liquid / Mild nut odor	Pale yellow, oily liquid / Faint odor	Light- yellow/green fluid. Mild odor.	Light-yellow fluid. Bland odor.	Light-yellow fluid. Bland odor.	Yellow, oily liquid / Faint odor
pH:	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Vapor Pressure:	< 1.0 mmHg @ 20°C (68°F)	N/A	< 1.0 mmHg @ 20°C (68°F)	< 1.0 mmHg @ 20°C (68°F)	< 1.0 mmHg @ 20°C (68°F)	< 1.0 mmHg @ 20°C (68°F)	ND
Vapor Density (Air=1):	>1	N/A	>1	>1	>1	>1	ND
Boiling Point:	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Melting Point:	25 – 50°F / -3°C – 20 °C	25°C (77°F)	ND	17 - 26°C	ND	ND	ND
Solubility:	Negligible in water (below 0.1%); soluble in hydrocarbons 0.91 - 0.93 @ 25°C/25°C	Insoluble in water	Negligible in water, soluble in hydrocarbons	Negligible in water (below 0.1%); soluble in hydrocarbons 0.916 - 0.922 @ 25°C/25°C	Negligible in water (below 0.1%); soluble in hydrocarbons	Negligible in water (below 0.1%); soluble in hydrocarbons 0.919 - 0.925 @ 25°C/25°C	ND
(Water=1):	(77°F)	25°C (77°F)	25°C (77°F)	(77°F)	ND	(77°F)	ND
Pour Point:	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	ND
Flash Point / Method	620 - 630°F / Tag closed cup	347°F / Pensky- Martens	> 550°F / Tag Closed Cup	ND	ND	610°F (321°C) minimum Cleveland Open Cup	ND
FLAMMABLE LIMITS:LEL (% vol. in air)	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
FLAMMABLE LIMITS:UEL (% vol. in air)	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

10.2. Chemical Stability

Unknown Generally stable

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10.3. Hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization will not occur
10.4. Conditions to avoid	Extreme heat and open flames. Exposure to heat, light, and pro- oxidants will accelerate oxidation leading to rancidity of flavors. Contact with chlorine, fluorine, and other strong oxidizers and acids
10.5. Incompatible materials	Chlorine, fluorine, and other strong oxidizers and acids
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products	Incomplete burning can produce carbon monoxide and/or carbon dioxide.
11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION 11.1. Toxicity:	Specific toxicity tests have not been conducted on this product. Our hazard evaluation is based on information from similar products, the ingredients, technical literature, and/or professional

Our hazard evaluation is based on information from similar products, the ingredients, technical literature, and/or professional experience. No component of this product present at levels greater than 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen by the U.S. National Toxicology Program, the U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Act, or the International Agency on Research on Cancer (IARC).

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Ecological testing has not been conducted on this product.

13. DISPOSAL INFORMATION

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal must be in accordance with applicable federal, state, or local regulations. We recommend that containers be either professionally reconditioned for reuse by certified firms or properly disposed of by firms to help reduce the possibility of an accident. "Empty" drums should not be given to individuals.

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

14.1. General Information

Not regulated by U.S. DOT, Canadian TODG, IMO/IMDG, ICAO/IATA, ADR/RID

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture CERCLA Sections 102A/103 Hazardous Substances:
 Not reportable

 SARA Title III Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances:
 Not regulated

 SARA Title III Sections 311/312 Hazardous Categorization:
 None

 SARA Title III Section 313:
 Not regulated

 U.S. Inventory (TSCA):
 Listed on inventory

 Kosher Certification:
 Compliant

16. OTHER INFORMATION

This material safety data sheet and the information it contains is offered to you in good faith as accurate. We have reviewed any information contained in this data sheet which we received from sources outside our company. We believe that information to be correct but cannot guarantee its accuracy or completeness. Health and safety precautions in this data sheet may not be adequate for all individuals and/or situations. It is the user's obligation to evaluate and use this product safely and to comply with all applicable laws and regulations. No statement made in this data sheet shall be construed as a

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permission or recommendation for the use of any product in a manner that might infringe existing patents. No warranty is made, either expressed or implied.

*Vegetable Oils Series SDS covers the products below including, but not limited to:

Canola	Coconut	Corn	Olive
Safflower	Soybean	Sunflower	Oil Blend RP
Veg Oil Purge	Veg Oil EXP		

Revision History

Date	Revision No.	Purpose	Authorized By
05/31/15	-01	Initial	J.P. Roush, M.S.

Attachment I Emission Units Table (includes all emission units and air pollution control devices that will be part of this permit application review, regardless of permitting status)										
Emission Unit ID1Emission Unit DescriptionYear Installed/ ModifiedDesign CapacityType3 and Date Of ChangeCon Devi										
FL-1	F-1	Flare	2011	53,000,000 MMBtu/hr	Existing (reduction in annual operating hours)	FL-1				
	Points use the fo	s) use the following numbering system:1S, 2S, 3S Illowing numbering system:1E, 2E, 3E, or other								

⁴ For <u>Control Devices use the following numbering system: 1C, 2C, 3C,... or other appropriate designation.</u>

Attachment J EMISSION POINTS DATA SUMMARY SHEET

							Table 1:	Emissions Da	ata						
Emission Point ID No. (Must match Emission Units Table & Plot Plan)	Emission Point Type ¹	Ve Throu P <i>(Mus</i> <i>Emiss</i>	sion Unit ented ugh This oint t match ion Units Plot Plan)	Control (Must Emissio	llution Device match on Units Plot Plan)	Emissi <i>(che</i>	ime for on Unit mical ses only)	All Regulated Pollutants - Chemical Name/CAS ³ (Speciate VOCs & HAPS)	Maximum Potential Uncontrolled Emissions ⁴		Potential Potential Uncontrolled Controlled		Emission Form or Phase (At exit conditions, Solid, Liquid or	Est. Method Used ⁶	Emission Concentration ⁷ (ppmv or mg/m ³)
		ID No.	Source	ID No.	Device Type	Short Term ²	Max (hr/yr)		lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	Gas/Vapor)		
F-1	Vent	FL-1	Flare	NA	NA	NA	NA	CO	19.61	4.90	19.61	4.90	Gas/Vapor	EE	
F-1	Vent	FL-1	Flare	NA	NA	NA	NA	NOx	3.61	0.90	3.61	0.90	Gas/Vapor	EE	
F-1	Vent	FL-1	Flare	NA	NA	NA	NA	PM-10	0.40	0.10	0.40	0.10	Solid	EE	125.7 mg/m ³
F-1	Vent	FL-1	Flare	NA	NA	NA	NA	SO2	0.03	0.01	0.03	0.01	Gas/Vapor	EE	
F-1	Vent	FL-1	Flare	NA	NA	NA	NA	VOC	166.95	41.74	3.34	0.83	Gas/Vapor	EE	

The EMISSION POINTS DATA SUMMARY SHEET provides a summation of emissions by emission unit. Note that uncaptured process emission unit emissions are not typically considered to be fugitive and must be accounted for on the appropriate EMISSIONS UNIT DATA SHEET and on the EMISSION POINTS DATA SUMMARY SHEET. Please note that total emissions from the source are equal to all vented emissions, all fugitive emissions, plus all other emissions (e.g. uncaptured emissions). Please complete the FUGITIVE EMISSIONS DATA SUMMARY SHEET for fugitive emission activities.

¹ Please add descriptors such as upward vertical stack, downward vertical stack, horizontal stack, relief vent, rain cap, etc.

² Indicate by "C" if venting is continuous. Otherwise, specify the average short-term venting rate with units, for intermittent venting (ie., 15 min/hr). Indicate as many rates as needed to clarify frequency of venting (e.g., 5 min/day, 2 days/wk).

³ List all regulated air pollutants. Speciate VOCs, including all HAPs. Follow chemical name with Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS) number. **LIST** Acids, CO, CS₂, VOCs, H₂S, Inorganics, Lead, Organics, O₃, NO, NO₂, SO₂, SO₃, all applicable Greenhouse Gases (including CO₂ and methane), etc. **DO NOT LIST** H₂, H₂O, N₂, O₂, and Noble Gases.

⁴ Give maximum potential emission rate with no control equipment operating. If emissions occur for less than 1 hr, then record emissions per batch in minutes (e.g. 5 lb VOC/20 minute batch).

⁵ Give maximum potential emission rate with proposed control equipment operating. If emissions occur for less than 1 hr, then record emissions per batch in minutes (e.g. 5 lb VOC/20 minute batch).

⁶ Indicate method used to determine emission rate as follows: MB = material balance; ST = stack test (give date of test); EE = engineering estimate; O = other (specify).

⁷ Provide for all pollutant emissions. Typically, the units of parts per million by volume (ppmv) are used. If the emission is a mineral acid (sulfuric, nitric, hydrochloric or phosphoric) use units of milligram per dry cubic meter (mg/m³) at standard conditions (68 °F and 29.92 inches Hg) (see 45CSR7). If the pollutant is SO₂, use units of ppmv (See 45CSR10).

Attachment J **EMISSION POINTS DATA SUMMARY SHEET**

Table 2: Release Parameter Data											
Emission Point ID No. (Must match Emission Units Table)	Inner		Exit Gas		Emission Poin	t Elevation (ft)	UTM Coordinates (km)				
	Diameter (ft.)	Temp. (°F)	Volumetric Flow ¹ (acfm) <i>at operating conditions</i>	Velocity (fps)	Ground Level (Height above mean sea level)	Stack Height ² (Release height of emissions above ground level)	Northing	Easting			
F-1	0.5	1,500	850	72.2	678	25	4,495.32	530.85			

¹ Give at operating conditions. Include inerts. ² Release height of emissions above ground level.

Attachment N

Supporting Emissions Calculations

RULE 13 PERMIT APPLICATION CALCULATIONS WORKSHEET

Campbell Transportation Company, Inc. / Congo Plant - Newell, WV R13-1645A Administrative Update November 2016

Attachment N -- Supporting Emissions Calculations

Revised: 11/17/16

F-1		ity and PM Limit for Rule 6: Flare for Barge Cleaning Incinerator Capacity = Incinerator Capacity (lb/hr) = Incinerator Capacity (lb/hr) = Incinerator Capacity (ton/hr) = Rule 6 PM Limit (lb/hr) =	((0.073 * 92.4%) + 4,571.8			FL-1							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	FL-1	Incinerator Capacity = Incinerator Capacity (Ib/hr) = Incinerator Capacity (Ib/hr) = Incinerator Capacity (ton/hr) =	max. flow cf/hr (Density of Air + E ((0.073 * 92.4%) + 4,571.8	Density of Fu	el) x Max Hourly Flo				1						
lare Comb		Incinerator Capacity = Incinerator Capacity (Ib/hr) = Incinerator Capacity (Ib/hr) = Incinerator Capacity (ton/hr) =	max. flow cf/hr (Density of Air + E ((0.073 * 92.4%) + 4,571.8		el) x Max Hourly Flo				1						
lare Comb		Incinerator Capacity (lb/hr) = Incinerator Capacity (lb/hr) = Incinerator Capacity (ton/hr) =	(Density of Air + E ((0.073 * 92.4%) + 4,571.8												
lare Comb		Incinerator Capacity (lb/hr) = Incinerator Capacity (lb/hr) = Incinerator Capacity (ton/hr) =	((0.073 * 92.4%) + 4,571.8										1		
lare Comb		Incinerator Capacity (lb/hr) = Incinerator Capacity (lb/hr) = Incinerator Capacity (ton/hr) =	((0.073 * 92.4%) + 4,571.8			ow Rate to	Flare						(†		-
lare Comb		Incinerator Capacity (lb/hr) = Incinerator Capacity (ton/hr) =	4,571.8	(0.075 4 7											
lare Comb		Incinerator Capacity (ton/hr) =			.07000 31000										
lare Comb			2.23												
lare Comb		Rule 6 PM Limit (lb/br) =											i		
lare Comb			Factor Factoria		. (1 /l)								}		
lare Comb				ator Capacit	y (tons/nr)								}		
lare Comb		Rule 6 PM Limit (lb/hr) =					ł		+	l			├──── ┤		
lare Comb		Rule 6 PM Limit (lb/hr) =	12.43				l		-				┢─────┥		
lare Comb						I	L	I					<u> </u>		
		Hourly & Annual Emissions:													
F-1	FL-1	Flare for Barge Cleaning	53.0	Р	Flare	FL-1		NOx	N	EF	0.068	lb/MMBtu	3.60	500	0.9
			max. MMBtu/hr					CO	N	EF	0.37	lb/MMBtu	19.61		4.9
							98%	Hydrocarbons	N	EF	0.14	lb/MMBtu	7.42		1.8
							98%	VOC (TNMOC)	N	EF	45	% HC	3.34		0.8
								Total PM	N	EF	7.6	lb/mmcf	0.40		0.1
								PM-10	N	EF	7.6	lb/mmcf	0.40		0.1
								SO2	N	EF	0.6	lb/mmcf	0.03		0.0
								002			0.0	10/1111101	0.00		
F-1	FL-1	Flare - Pilot Light	20.000	Р	Flare	FL-1		NOx	N	EF	100	lb/mmcf	0.002	500	0.0
F-1	FL-I	Flare - Fliot Light	max. Btu/hr	г	Fidre	FL-I	-	CO	N	EF	84	lb/mmcf	0.002	500	0.0
			IIIdX. Dlu/III							EF			0.002		0.0
								VOC (TNMOC)	N		5.5	lb/mmcf			
								Total PM	N	EF	7.6		0.000		0.0
								PM-10	Ν	EF	7.6		0.000		0.0
								SO2	N	EF	0.6	lb/mmcf	0.000		0.0
													i		
F-1	FL-1	Flare - Total Annual Emissions						NOx					3.61		0.
								со					19.61		4.
								VOC (TNMOC)					3.34		0.
								Total PM					0.40		0.
								PM-10					0.40		0.
								SO2					0.03		0.
							1						1		
ASIS FOR	EMISSION ES	TIMATES:					1						1		
Flare Inci	nerator Capa	city and PM Limit for Rule 6													
		ty based upon saturated vapor mixture	e of 7.6% gasoline a	and 92.4% air	at max, hourly blow	er flow rate	of 51.000 cf/h	to flare. Note that the Upr	er Flamma	ble Limit for a	asoline is 7.6	5% gasoline in	air.		
		rd density of air = 0.073 lb/cf, and density				1	1				,	ere geeenne n			
		s calculation because it is a common v				t this facility							(
Ocicoled (volatile liquid materi	artranoportee	an barges sicaned a	t this facility									
	OMBUSTION	EMISSIONS				1	<u> </u>		+	<u> </u>			·		
		D/MMBtu) are based upon AP-42 Indu	atrial Elarga Table (2 E 1 (Do:)									┢─────┤		
		pased upon average 45% non-methan						Jaron Toblo 12 E 2 (Dev. 0	(01)				·		
		p/mmcf) are based upon AP-42 Natura													
		ural gas combustion emission factors (1 able 1.4-	I [Small Boiler	s (<100)-Uncontrolled] (Rev	. 2/98) for	NUX and CO	and Table 1	.4-2 for PM(To	tai), SO2, and VC	JU.	
Assumes	natural gas to	al PM emissions = PM10 emissions, a	and natural gas hea	ting value of	1,000 Btu/cf.		ļ						I		
	URS OF OPE														
Based up	on anticipated	maximum annual operating time for the	e flare and pilot ligh	t									1		
													i l		

NOTES:

P=Point, F=Fugitive
 EF=Emission Factor, MB=Material Balance, EN=Engineering Calculation, MO=Monitoring/Measurement

ATTACHMENT P – Public Notice Class I Legal Advertisement

Campbell Transportation Company, Inc. will submit the required Class I legal advertisement to a local newspaper and will forward the original affidavit of publication to DAQ. The notice will be published no earlier than five (5) working days of receipt by DAQ of this application. The original affidavit of publication will be received by DAQ no later than the last day of the public comment period. The anticipated text of the legal ad to be published in *Weirton Daily Times* is as follows:

AIR QUALITY PERMIT NOTICE Notice of Application

Notice is given that Campbell Transportation Company, Inc. has applied to the West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection, Division of Air Quality, for a Class II Administrative Update to Permit R13-1645A for its existing Congo Shipyard located at 2567 Congo Arroyo Road, near Newell, in Hancock County, West Virginia at latitude 40.60812 and longitude -80.63533.

The applicant estimates, as a result of the proposed Class II Administrative Update, the facility's potential to discharge Regulated Air Pollutants will be decreased as follows:

Regulated Pollutant	Decreased Potential Annual Emissions in tons per year (tpy)			
Nitrogen Oxides	0.80			
Carbon Monoxide	4.28			
Particulate Matter/ PM10/PM2.5	0.09			
Total Volatile Organic Compounds	0.73			

Startup of proposed operational changes is planned to begin on or about the 1st day of March, 2017. Written comments will be received by the West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection, Division of Air Quality, 601 57th Street, SE, Charleston, WV 25304, for at least 30 calendar days from the date of publication of this notice.

Any questions regarding this permit application should be directed to the DAQ at (304) 926-0499, extension 1250, during normal business hours.

Dated this the 20th day of December, 2016.

By: Eric G. Vowcheck, Controller Campbell Transportation Company, Inc. 2567 Congo Arroyo Road Newell, WV 26050

Permit to Modify



R13-1645AB

This permit is issued in accordance with the West Virginia Air Pollution Control Act (West Virginia Code §§22-5-1 et seq.) and 45 C.S.R. 13 – Permits for Construction, Modification, Relocation and Operation of Stationary Sources of Air Pollutants, Notification Requirements, Temporary Permits, General Permits and Procedures for Evaluation. The permittee identified at the above-referenced facility is authorized to construct the stationary sources of air pollutants identified herein in accordance with all terms and conditions of this permit.

Issued to:

C & C Marine Maintenance Company Campbell Transportation Company, Inc. Congo Plant/Newell 029-00033

John A. Benedict

John A. Benedict Director

Issued: December 29, 2011

This permit will supersed	le and replace Permit R13-1645 <u>A</u> .
Facility Location:	Newell, Hancock County, West Virginia
Mailing Address:	Foxpointe Centre, Building One
	201 S. Johnson Road, Suite 303
	Houston, PA 15342-1351
Facility Description:	Marine Maintenance to include cleaning of tanker barges.
NAICS Codes:	4 88310, 488330, 4 83211, 4 88390, 4 88320, 336611 <u>, 562998</u>
UTM Coordinates:	530.9 km Easting • 4,495.3 km Northing • Zone 17
Permit Type:	ModificationClass II Administrative Update
Description of Change:	Construction of vapor collection system which includes a flare as the control-
	device Revisions to Table 4.1.1. Approved Materials List and the Odor Control Program.

Any person whose interest may be affected, including, but not necessarily limited to, the applicant and any person who participated in the public comment process, by a permit issued, modified or denied by the Secretary may appeal such action of the Secretary to the Air Quality Board pursuant to article one [§§22B-1-1 et seq.], Chapter 22B of the Code of West Virginia. West Virginia Code §§22-5-14.

As a result of the granting of this permit, the source is a nonmajor source subject to 45CSR30. The facility is not subject to the permitting requirements of 45CSR30 and is classified as deferred source.

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1.0. Emission Units

Emission	Emission	Emission Unit	Year	Design	Control
Unit ID	Point ID	Description	Installed	Capacity	Device
F-1	FL-1	Flare (air-assisted elevated flare)	2011	850 cfm	N/A

2.0. General Conditions

2.1. Definitions

- 2.1.1. All references to the -West Virginia Air Pollution Control Act or the -Air Pollution Control Act mean those provisions contained in W.Va. Code §§ 22-5-1 to 22-5-18.
- 2.1.2. The -Clean Air Actl means those provisions contained in 42 U.S.C. §§ 7401 to 7671q, and regulations promulgated thereunder.
- 2.1.3. -Secretary I means the Secretary of the Department of Environmental Protection or such other person to whom the Secretary has delegated authority or duties pursuant to W.Va. Code §§ 22-1-6 or 22-1-8 (45CSR§30-2.12.). The Director of the Division of Air Quality is the Secretary's designated representative for the purposes of this permit.

2.2. Acronyms

CAAA CBI	Clean Air Act Amendments Confidential Business Information	NO _X NSPS	Nitrogen Oxides New Source Performance Standards
СО	Continuous Emission Monitor Certified Emission Statement Code of Federal Regulations Carbon Monoxide Codes of State Rules Division of Air Quality Department of Environmental Protection	PM PM _{2.5} PM ₁₀ Ppb Pph	Particulate Matter Particulate Matter less than 2.5 µm in diameter Particulate Matter less than 10µm in diameter Pounds per Batch Pounds per Hour
dscm FOIA HAP HON HP Ibs/hr LDAR M	Dry Standard Cubic Meter Freedom of Information Act Hazardous Air Pollutant Hazardous Organic NESHAP Horsepower Pounds per Hour Leak Detection and Repair Thousand Maximum Achievable	Ppm Ppm _V or ppmv PSD Psi SIC SIP	Parts per Million Parts per Million by Volume Prevention of Significant Deterioration Pounds per Square Inch Standard Industrial Classification State Implementation Plan Sulfur Dioxide
MACT MDHI MM MMBtu/hr or mmbtu/hr MMCF/hr or mmcf/hr NA NAAQS NESHAPS	Control Technology Maximum Design Heat Input Million Million British Thermal Units per Hour Million Cubic Feet per Hour Not Applicable National Ambient Air Quality Standards National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants	SO2 TAP TPY TRS TSP USEPA UTM VEE VOC VOL	Toxic Air Pollutant Tons per Year Total Reduced Sulfur Total Suspended Particulate United States Environmental Protection Agency Universal Transverse Mercator Visual Emissions Evaluation Volatile Organic Compounds Volatile Organic Liquids

2.3. Authority

This permit is issued in accordance with West Virginia air pollution control law W.Va. Code §§ 22-5-1. et seq. and the following Legislative Rules promulgated thereunder:

2.3.1. 45CSR13 – Permits for Construction, Modification, Relocation and Operation of Stationary Sources of Air Pollutants, Notification Requirements, Temporary Permits, General Permits and Procedures for Evaluation;

2.4. Term and Renewal

2.4.1. This permit supersedes and replaces previously issued Permit R13-1645<u>A</u>. This Permit shall remain valid, continuous and in effect unless it is revised, suspended, revoked or otherwise changed under an applicable provision of 45CSR13 or any other applicable legislative rule;

2.5. Duty to Comply

2.5.1. The permitted facility shall be constructed and operated in accordance with the plans and specifications filed in Permit Application R13-1645, R13-1645A, <u>R13-1645B</u>, and any modifications, administrative updates, or amendments thereto. The Secretary may suspend or revoke a permit if the plans and specifications upon which the approval was based are not adhered to;

[45CSR§§13-5.11 and -10.3.]

- 2.5.2. The permittee must comply with all conditions of this permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the West Virginia Code and the Clean Air Act and is grounds for enforcement action by the Secretary or USEPA;
- 2.5.3. Violations of any of the conditions contained in this permit, or incorporated herein by reference, may subject the permittee to civil and/or criminal penalties for each violation and further action or remedies as provided by West Virginia Code 22-5-6 and 22-5-7;
- 2.5.4. Approval of this permit does not relieve the permittee herein of the responsibility to apply for and obtain all other permits, licenses, and/or approvals from other agencies; i.e., local, state, and federal, which may have jurisdiction over the construction and/or operation of the source(s) and/or facility herein permitted.

2.6. Duty to Provide Information

The permittee shall furnish to the Secretary within a reasonable time any information the Secretary may request in writing to determine whether cause exists for administratively updating, modifying, revoking, or terminating the permit or to determine compliance with the permit. Upon request, the permittee shall also furnish to the Secretary copies of records to be kept by the permittee. For information claimed to be confidential, the permittee shall furnish such records to the Secretary along with a claim of confidentiality in accordance with 45CSR31. If confidential information is to be sent to USEPA, the permittee shall directly provide such information to USEPA along with a claim of confidentiality in accordance with 40 C.F.R. Part 2.

2.7. Duty to Supplement and Correct Information

Upon becoming aware of a failure to submit any relevant facts or a submittal of incorrect information in any permit application, the permittee shall promptly submit to the Secretary such supplemental facts or corrected information.

2.8. Administrative Update

The permittee may request an administrative update to this permit as defined in and according to the procedures specified in 45CSR13. **[45CSR§13-4.]**

2.9. Permit Modification

The permittee may request a minor modification to this permit as defined in and according to the procedures specified in 45CSR13. [45CSR\$13-5.4.]

2.10 Major Permit Modification

The permittee may request a major modification as defined in and according to the procedures specified in 45CSR14 or 45CSR19, as appropriate. **[45CSR§13-5.1]**

2.11. Inspection and Entry

The permittee shall allow any authorized representative of the Secretary, upon the presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, to perform the following:

- a. At all reasonable times (including all times in which the facility is in operation) enter upon the permittee's premises where a source is located or emissions related activity is conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
- b. Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
- c. Inspect at reasonable times (including all times in which the facility is in operation) any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and air pollution control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under the permit;
- d. Sample or monitor at reasonable times substances or parameters to determine compliance with the permit or applicable requirements or ascertain the amounts and types of air pollutants discharged.

2.12. Emergency

2.12.1. An -emergency∥ means any situation arising from sudden and reasonable unforeseeable events beyond the control of the source, including acts of God, which situation requires immediate corrective action to restore normal operation, and that causes the source to exceed a technology-based emission limitation under the permit, due to unavoidable increases in emissions attributable to the emergency. An emergency shall not include noncompliance to the extent caused by improperly designed equipment, lack of preventative maintenance, careless or improper operation, or operator error.

- 2.12.2. Effect of any emergency. An emergency constitutes an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with such technology-based emission limitations if the conditions of Section 2.12.3 are met.
- 2.12.3. The affirmative defense of emergency shall be demonstrated through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence that:
 - a. An emergency occurred and that the permittee can identify the cause(s) of the emergency;
 - b. The permitted facility was at the time being properly operated;
 - c. During the period of the emergency the permittee took all reasonable steps to minimize levels of emissions that exceeded the emission standards, or other requirements in the permit; and
 - d. The permittee submitted notice of the emergency to the Secretary within one (1) working day of the time when emission limitations were exceeded due to the emergency and made a request for variance, and as applicable rules provide. This notice must contain a detailed description of the emergency, any steps taken to mitigate emissions, and corrective actions taken.
- 2.12.4. In any enforcement proceeding, the permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an emergency has the burden of proof.
- 2.12.5 The provisions of this section are in addition to any emergency or upset provision contained in any applicable requirement.

2.13. Need to Halt or Reduce Activity Not a Defense

It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it should have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit. However, nothing in this paragraph shall be construed as precluding consideration of a need to halt or reduce activity as a mitigating factor in determining penalties for noncompliance if the health, safety, or environmental impacts of halting or reducing operations would be more serious than the impacts of continued operations.

2.14. Suspension of Activities

In the event the permittee should deem it necessary to suspend, for a period in excess of sixty (60) consecutive calendar days, the operations authorized by this permit, the permittee shall notify the Secretary, in writing, within two (2) calendar weeks of the passing of the sixtieth (60) day of the suspension period.

2.15. Property Rights

This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort or any exclusive privilege.

2.16. Severability

The provisions of this permit are severable and should any provision(s) be declared by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid or unenforceable, all other provisions shall remain in full force and effect.

2.17. Transferability

This permit is transferable in accordance with the requirements outlined in Section 10.1 of 45CSR13. **[45CSR\$13-10.1.]**

2.18. Notification Requirements

The permittee shall notify the Secretary, in writing, no later than thirty (30) calendar days after the actual startup of the operations authorized under this permit.

2.19. Credible Evidence

Nothing in this permit shall alter or affect the ability of any person to establish compliance with, or a violation of, any applicable requirement through the use of credible evidence to the extent authorized by law. Nothing in this permit shall be construed to waive any defense otherwise available to the permittee including, but not limited to, any challenge to the credible evidence rule in the context of any future proceeding.

3.0. Facility-Wide Requirements

3.1. Limitations and Standards

- 3.1.1. Open burning. The open burning of refuse by any person, firm, corporation, association or public agency is prohibited except as noted in 45CSR§6-3.1.
 [45CSR§6-3.1.]
- 3.1.2. Open burning exemptions. The exemptions listed in 45CSR§6-3.1 are subject to the following stipulation: Upon notification by the Secretary, no person shall cause, suffer, allow or permit any form of open burning during existing or predicted periods of atmospheric stagnation. Notification shall be made by such means as the Secretary may deem necessary and feasible. [45CSR§6-3.2.]
- 3.1.3. Asbestos. The permittee is responsible for thoroughly inspecting the facility, or part of the facility, prior to commencement of demolition or renovation for the presence of asbestos and complying with 40 C.F.R. § 61.145, 40 C.F.R. § 61.148, and 40 C.F.R. § 61.150. The permittee, owner, or operator must notify the Secretary at least ten (10) working days prior to the commencement of any asbestos removal on the forms prescribed by the Secretary if the permittee is subject to the notification requirements of 40 C.F.R. § 61.145(b)(3)(i). The USEPA, the Division of Waste Management, and the Bureau for Public Health Environmental Health require a copy of this notice to be sent to them.
 [40CFR§61.145(b) and 45CSR§34]
- 3.1.4. Odor. No person shall cause, suffer, allow or permit the discharge of air pollutants which cause or contribute to an objectionable odor at any location occupied by the public.
 [45CSR\$4-3.1][State Enforceable Only]
- 3.1.5. Permanent shutdown. A source which has not operated at least 500 hours in one 12-month period within the previous five (5) year time period may be considered permanently shutdown, unless such source can provide to the Secretary, with reasonable specificity, information to the contrary. All permits may be modified or revoked and/or reapplication or application for new permits may be required for any source determined to be permanently shutdown. [45CSR\$13-10.5.]
- 3.1.6. Standby plan for reducing emissions. When requested by the Secretary, the permittee shall prepare standby plans for reducing the emissions of air pollutants in accordance with the objectives set forth in Tables I, II, and III of 45CSR11.
 [45CSR\$11-5.2.]
- 3.1.7. The permittee shall prevent or minimize the generation of fugitive particulate matter from the grounds of the facility and from any barge(s) containing solid materials. Measures include but not limited to water sprays, chemical dust suppressants, paving, sweeping, or other suitable measures.

3.2. Monitoring Requirements

[Reserved]

3.3. Testing Requirements

- 3.3.1. **Stack testing.** As per provisions set forth in this permit or as otherwise required by the Secretary, in accordance with the West Virginia Code, underlying regulations, permits and orders, the permittee shall conduct test(s) to determine compliance with the emission limitations set forth in this permit and/or established or set forth in underlying documents. The Secretary, or his duly authorized representative, may at his option witness or conduct such test(s). Should the Secretary exercise his option to conduct such test(s), the operator shall provide all necessary sampling connections and sampling ports to be located in such manner as the Secretary may require, power for test equipment and the required safety equipment, such as scaffolding, railings and ladders, to comply with generally accepted good safety practices. Such tests shall be conducted in accordance with the methods and procedures set forth in this permit or as otherwise approved or specified by the Secretary in accordance with the following:
 - a. The Secretary may on a source-specific basis approve or specify additional testing or alternative testing to the test methods specified in the permit for demonstrating compliance with 40 C.F.R. Parts 60, 61, and 63 in accordance with the Secretary's delegated authority and any established equivalency determination methods which are applicable. If a testing method is specified or approved which effectively replaces a test method specified in the permit, the permit may be revised in accordance with 45CSR§13-4. or 45CSR§13-5.4 as applicable.
 - b. The Secretary may on a source-specific basis approve or specify additional testing or alternative testing to the test methods specified in the permit for demonstrating compliance with applicable requirements which do not involve federal delegation. In specifying or approving such alternative testing to the test methods, the Secretary, to the extent possible, shall utilize the same equivalency criteria as would be used in approving such changes under Section 3.3.1.a. of this permit. If a testing method is specified or approved which effectively replaces a test method specified in the permit, the permit may be revised in accordance with 45CSR§13-4. or 45CSR§13-5.4 as applicable.
 - c. All periodic tests to determine mass emission limits from or air pollutant concentrations in discharge stacks and such other tests as specified in this permit shall be conducted in accordance with an approved test protocol. Unless previously approved, such protocols shall be submitted to the Secretary in writing at least thirty (30) days prior to any testing and shall contain the information set forth by the Secretary. In addition, the permittee shall notify the Secretary at least fifteen (15) days prior to any testing so the Secretary may have the opportunity to observe such tests. This notification shall include the actual date and time during which the test will be conducted and, if appropriate, verification that the tests will fully conform to a referenced protocol previously approved by the Secretary.
 - d. The permittee shall submit a report of the results of the stack test within sixty (60) days of completion of the test. The test report shall provide the information necessary to document the objectives of the test and to determine whether proper procedures were used to accomplish these objectives. The report shall include the following: the certification described in paragraph 3.5.1.; a statement of compliance status, also signed by a responsible official; and, a summary of conditions which form the basis for the compliance status evaluation. The summary of conditions shall include the following:

- 1. The permit or rule evaluated, with the citation number and language;
- 2. The result of the test for each permit or rule condition; and,
- 3. A statement of compliance or noncompliance with each permit or rule condition.

[WV Code § 22-5-4(a)(14-15) and 45CSR13]

3.4. Recordkeeping Requirements

- 3.4.1. **Retention of records.** The permittee shall maintain records of all information (including monitoring data, support information, reports, and notifications) required by this permit recorded in a form suitable and readily available for expeditious inspection and review. Support information includes all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation. The files shall be maintained for at least five (5) years following the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record. At a minimum, the most recent two (2) years of data shall be maintained on site. The remaining three (3) years of data may be maintained off site, but must remain accessible within a reasonable time. Where appropriate, the permittee may maintain records electronically (on a computer, on computer floppy disks, CDs, DVDs, or magnetic tape disks), on microfilm, or on microfiche.
- 3.4.2. Odors. For the purposes of 45CSR4, the permittee shall maintain a record of all odor complaints received, any investigation performed in response to such a complaint, and any responsive action(s) taken.
 145CSP84 State Enforceable Only 1

[45CSR§4. State Enforceable Only.]

3.5. Reporting Requirements

- 3.5.1. **Responsible official.** Any application form, report, or compliance certification required by this permit to be submitted to the DAQ and/or USEPA shall contain a certification by the responsible official that states that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate, and complete.
- 3.5.2. **Confidential information.** A permittee may request confidential treatment for the submission of reporting required by this permit pursuant to the limitations and procedures of W.Va. Code § 22-5-10 and 45CSR31.
- 3.5.3. **Correspondence.** All notices, requests, demands, submissions and other communications required or permitted to be made to the Secretary of DEP and/or USEPA shall be made in writing and shall be deemed to have been duly given when delivered by hand, or mailed first class with postage prepaid to the address(es) set forth below or to such other person or address as the Secretary of the Department of Environmental Protection may designate:

If to the DAQ:	If to the US EPA
Director	Associate Directo
WVDEP	Office of Enforce
Division of Air Quality	(3AP12)
601 57 th Street	U.S. Environmen
Charleston, WV 25304-2345	Region III

A:

or ement and Permits Review ntal Protection Agency 1650 Arch Street Philadelphia, PA 19103-2029

3.5.4. **Operating Fee**

- 3.5.4.1. In accordance with 45CSR30 Operating Permit Program, the permittee shall submit a certified emissions statement and pay fees on an annual basis in accordance with the submittal requirements of the Division of Air Quality. A receipt for the appropriate fee shall be maintained on the premises for which the receipt has been issued, and shall be made immediately available for inspection by the Secretary or his/her duly authorized representative.
- 3.5.5. **Emission inventory.** At such time(s) as the Secretary may designate, the permittee herein shall prepare and submit an emission inventory for the previous year, addressing the emissions from the facility and/or process(es) authorized herein, in accordance with the emission inventory submittal requirements of the Division of Air Quality. After the initial submittal, the Secretary may, based upon the type and quantity of the pollutants emitted, establish a frequency other than on an annual basis.

4.0. Source-Specific Requirements

4.1. **Limitations and Standards**

4.1.1. The odor control program shall be used when cleaning barges containing the materials listed in Table 4.1.1., which are denoted as being subject to the Odor Control Program. Barges that are unloaded, but not cleaned, are not subject to the Odor Control Program.

Materials Cleaned	Odor Control Program	Flared	Neither
2-Ethyl Hexanol	X	X	
Acetone	Х	X	
Aromatics (100, 150 and 200)	X	X	
Aromatics - Heavy	<u>X</u>		
Aromatics - Light	X		
Base Oil Stocks		~~~	<u>X</u>
Benzene <u>& Benzene Mixes</u>	Х	Х	
Blend Oils			X
Butyl Acrylate	Х		
Caustic Soda			X
Chlorine Liquid			X
Coal Tar Distillates	Х		
Coal Tar Light Oil	Х	X	
Cresols (creosote and other <u>cresols</u>)	Х		
Crude Coal Tar	Х		
Crude Oil	Х	X	
Cumene	Х	Х	
Diesel	Х		
Ethyl Alcohol	Х		

Permit R13-1645AB C & C Marine Maintenance Company Campbell Transportation Company, Inc. •

Marine Maintenance Company <u>Ca</u>	inpoen mansportation	<u>Company, me.</u>	
Gasoline	Х	¥	
Glycols (ethylene glycol, propylene glycol, polyethylene glycol, triethylene glycol, and other glycols)	Х		
Heavy Oils	X		X
<u>Hexanes (n-hexane, other</u> <u>hexanes)</u>	X		
Inorganic Acids			Х
Isodecyl Alcohol	Х		
Isononyl Alcohol	Х		
Isopropyl Alcohol	Х		
Kerosene	Х		
Ketones	Х	X	
Lube Oils, Base Stocks, Slack Wax	Х		
Methanol	Х	X	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Х	¥	
Mineral Spirits	Х		
Naphtha	Х		
Naphthalene	Х		
Natural Gas	<u>X</u>		
Oil Distillates	Х		
Palatinol	<u>X</u>		
<u>Paraffin Wax</u>			<u>X</u>
Petroleum Distillates	Х		
<u>Piperylene</u>	<u>X</u>		
Raffinate	Х	X	
Refined Chemical Oil <u>s</u>	Х		
Resin Oil	Х	X	
Slack Wax			X

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Styrene <u>s</u>	Х	X	
Toluene	Х	Х	
Vegetable Oils	X		X
Xylene	Х	Х	

- 4.1.2. When cleaning barges containing the material subject to the Odor Control Program as denoted in Table 4.1.1, <u>a vac truck will be used as a knock out to sustain the flare, a safety barrier and the only hatch that will be opened is on the compartment from which free product is being removed, or which is being actively cleaned, in order to minimize the amount of material vented to the atmosphere. For cargoes not requiring the use of the flare, but needing odor control, the following process will be used:</u>
 - a. Compartments containing cargos will be stripped with tank hatches closed through a vac truck. Depending on the characteristics of the cargo and as needed; cold or hot water wash will be used to back flush out cargo residues (i.e. pipelines, deep wells and sumps) that may create vapors and stripped using a vac truck.
 - b. Once the barge has been "washed" the barge will rest for 10-12 hours with pipe valves and vent stack(s) partially opened to allow for low air flow. After the resting period, continuous monitoring for cargo vapor will be done and slow rate blowers will be used to begin the drying process. Any excess cargo wash water found will be removed using the vac truck with hatches open.
 - c. If cargo vapors causing odor are detected then the process of closing the barge, washing and resting will be conducted again to minimize vapor/odor release.
- 4.1.3. In addition to the requirement of 4.1.2., the following work practices must be followed when cleaning barges that contain materials whose vapor will be flared as denoted in Table 4.1.1.:
 - a. Once,<u>After</u> the first compartment has been determined to be empty of free liquids and the sump has been stripped, the remaining vapors in that compartment shall be controlled by use of a flare.
 - b. <u>A vac truck will be connected to the barges cargo line. The flare stack blower will be connected</u> <u>to the vac truck. The flare stack blower shall be hooked up to a barge compartment</u> <u>through one of the compartment's openings.</u>
 - c. All flammable vapors shall be flared until the flare can no longer maintain combustion as evidenced by visual observation for the presence of a flame at the flare stack opening. Once vapors within a compartment's opening are purged to a level that will no longer support combustion, the flaring process will cease for that compartment.
 - d. This process will be repeated for each compartment within each barge that contains materials whose vapors will be flared as denoted in Table 4.1.1.
 - e. Once the flaring is complete for a barge compartment, the hatches for that compartment will be opened and mechanical ventilation will be used for the purpose of employee safety prior to commencing barge compartment cleaning operations.
- 4.1.4. The permittee shall install, maintain, and operate a vapor collection system (VCS) with vapor destruction unit (air-assisted flare FL-1) to control emissions from barges undergoing gas-freeing activities (degassed) for cleaning activities, when cleaning barges containing the materials subject to flaring as denoted in Table 4.1.1.

Table 4.1.4.a Emission Limits from the Flare					
Pollutant	Emission Rate				
	lb/hr	TPY			
PM/PM ₁₀ /PM _{2.5}	0.40	<u>0.19</u> 0.10			
NO _x	3.6	<u>1.700.90</u>			
СО	19.6	9.18<u>4.90</u>			
VOCs	3.34	1.56<u>0.83</u>			

a. Emissions from the flare (FL-1) shall not exceed any of the limits in Table 4.1.4.a.

- b. The maximum hourly flow rate of effluent to be flared by FL-1 shall not exceed 850 cfm at standard conditions;
- c. The maximum annual hours of vapor combustion at the flare shall be limited to $\frac{936500}{9361}$ hours per year. This annual limit corresponds to the annual emission limits in Table 4.1.4.a.
- d. The flare shall not exhibit visible emissions of 20 % opacity or greater to the atmosphere. **[45CSR§6-4.3]**
- e. The flare (FL-1) is permitted to smoke which is less than forty percent (40%) opacity, for a period or periods aggregating no more than eight (8) minutes per start-up. [45CSR\$6-4.34]
- 4.1.5. The permittee shall not clean more than six (6) barges per year containing cumene.
- 4.1.6. **Operation and Maintenance of Air Pollution Control Equipment.** The permittee shall, to the extent practicable, install, maintain, and operate all pollution control equipment listed in Section

1.0 and associated monitoring equipment in a manner consistent with safety and good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions, or comply with any more stringent limits set forth in this permit or as set forth by any State rule, Federal regulation, or alternative control plan approved by the Secretary.

[45CSR§13-5.11.]

4.2. Monitoring Requirements

- 4.2.1. The permittee shall monitor the hours of vapor combustion on a continuous basis at all times when there is effluent routed to the flare. Records of such monitoring shall include the monthly total of hours of vapor combustion and 12 month rolling total of hours of combustion.
- 4.2.2. For the purpose of determining compliance with the opacity limits of Condition 4.1.4.d., the permittee shall conduct visible emission checks and/or opacity monitoring and recordkeeping for the flare.

Visible emission checks shall be conducted at least once per calendar quarter using Method 22. These checks shall be performed at each source (stack, transfer point, fugitive emission source, etc.) for a sufficient time interval, but no less than one (1) minute, to determine if any visible emissions are present. Visible emission checks shall be performed during periods of normal facility operation and appropriate weather conditions.

If visible emissions are present at a source(s) for three (3) consecutive checks, the permittee shall conduct an opacity reading at that source(s) using the procedures and requirements of METHOD 9 as soon a practicable, but within seventy-two (72) hours of the final visual emission check. A METHOD 9 observation at a source(s) restarts the count of the number of consecutive readings with the presence of visible emissions.

4.3. Testing Requirements

[Reserved]

4.4. Recordkeeping Requirements

- 4.4.1. **Record of Monitoring.** The permittee shall keep records of monitoring information that include the following:
 - a. The date, place as defined in this permit, and time of sampling or measurements;
 - b. The date(s) analyses were performed;
 - c. The company or entity that performed the analyses;
 - d. The analytical techniques or methods used;
 - e. The results of the analyses; and
 - f. The operating conditions existing at the time of sampling or measurement.
- 4.4.2. **Record of Maintenance of Air Pollution Control Equipment.** For all pollution control equipment listed in Section 1.0, the permittee shall maintain accurate records of all required pollution control equipment inspection and/or preventative maintenance procedures.

- 4.4.3. **Record of Malfunctions of Air Pollution Control Equipment.** For all air pollution control equipment listed in Section 1.0, the permittee shall maintain records of the occurrence and duration of any malfunction or operational shutdown of the air pollution control equipment during which excess emissions occur. For each such case, the following information shall be recorded:
 - a. The equipment involved.
 - b. Steps taken to minimize emissions during the event.
 - c. The duration of the event.
 - d. The estimated increase in emissions during the event.

For each such case associated with an equipment malfunction, the additional information shall also be recorded:

- e. The cause of the malfunction.
- f. Steps taken to correct the malfunction.
- g. Any changes or modifications to equipment or procedures that would help prevent future recurrences of the malfunction.
- 4.4.4. The permittee shall keep the following records for each barge that <u>dock is cleaned</u> at the facility <u>and</u> is subject to an odor control program in accordance with Condition 4.1.1:
 - a. Identification number of the barge;
 - b. Record of the contents;
 - c. Date and time that the barge cleaning began and finished;
 - d. Name of the crew leader during the cleaning;

Such records shall be maintained in accordance with Condition 3.4.1.

4.5. **Reporting Requirements**

- 4.5.1. The permittee shall notify the Director or his/her duly authorized representative within 72 hours of receiving an air quality related complaint from the public. Such notification can be made by verbal, electronic, or written means and contain the following information:
 - a. Date and time the complaint was received;
 - b. Date and time the air quality event occurred; and
 - c. Nature of the complaint.

Record of such notifications shall be maintained in accordance with Condition 3.4.1.

4.5.2. Any exceedance(s) of the allowable visible emission requirement for any emission source discovered during observations using 40CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 must be reported in writing to the Director of the Division of Air Quality as soon as practicable, but within ten (10) calendar days, of the occurrence and shall include, at a minimum, the following information: the

results of the visible determination of opacity of emissions, the cause or suspected cause of the violation(s), and any corrective measures taken or planned.

APPENDIX A-Example Opacity Record

DateofObservation:DataEnteredby:

Reviewed by: ______
Date Reviewed: ______

Describe the General Weather Conditions:

Emission Point ID	Emission Point Description	Observation Time	Visible Emissions Yes/No	Consecutive Months of Visual Emissions	Comments

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CERTIFICATION OF DATA ACCURACY

	I, the undersigned, hereby certi	fy that, based	on information a	and belief form	ed after reasonable
inquiry, all information contained in the attached					_, representing the
period beginning	<u> </u>	and ending		, 2	and any supporting
documents appended hereto, is true, accurate, and complete.					
Signature ¹ (please use blue ink)	Responsible Official or Authorized Representative			Date	
Name & Title (please print or type)	Name		Title		
Telephone No.			Fax No		

- ¹ This form shall be signed by a –Responsible Official. $\|$ –Responsible Official means one of the following:
 - a. For a corporation: The president, secretary, treasurer, or vice-president of the corporation in charge of a principal business function, or any other person who performs similar policy or decision-making functions for the corporation, or a duly authorized representative of such person if the representative is responsible for the overall operation of one or more manufacturing, production, or operating facilities applying for or subject to a permit and either:
 - (i) the facilities employ more than 250 persons or have a gross annual sales or expenditures exceeding \$25 million (in second quarter 1980 dollars), or
 - (ii) the delegation of authority to such representative is approved in advance by the Director;
 - b. For a partnership or sole proprietorship: a general partner or the proprietor, respectively;
 - c. For a municipality, State, Federal, or other public entity: either a principal executive officer or ranking elected official. For the purposes of this part, a principal executive officer of a Federal agency includes the chief executive officer having responsibility for the overall operations of a principal geographic unit of the agency (e.g., a Regional Administrator of U.S. EPA); or
 - d. The designated representative delegated with such authority and approved in advance by the Director.