

Prepared For:



Atlantic Coast Pipeline, LLC

Atlantic Coast Pipeline Project Class II Administrative Update Permit Application Marts Compressor Station Lewis County, WV

March 2017

Environmental Resources Management 75 Valley Stream Parkway, Suite 200 Malvern, PA 19355

www.erm.com



TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0	INTRODUCTION	1
	1.1 BACKGROUND	1
	1.2 APPLICATION OVERVIEW	1
2.0	FACILITY AND PROJECT DESCRIPTION	2
	2.1 MARTS COMPRESSOR STATION	2
	2.2 AGGREGATION DETERMINATION	4
<i>3.0</i>	PROJECT EMISSIONS INFORMATION	5
	3.1 EMERGENCY GENERATOR	5
	3.2 STORAGE TANKS	5
	3.3 PROJECT EMISSIONS	6
<i>4.0</i>	FEDERAL REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS	8
	4.1 NEW SOURCE PERFORMANCE STANDARDS (NSPS)	8
	<i>4.1.1 40 CFR 60 Subpart Kb - Standards of Performance for Volatile Organic Liqu</i> <i>Storage Vessels</i>	id 8
	<i>4.1.2 40 CFR 60 Subpart JJJJ – Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines</i>	8
	4.2 NATIONAL EMISSION STANDARDS FOR HAZARDOUS AIR POLLUTAN (NESHAP)	VTS 8
	<i>4.2.1 40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ – National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines</i>	9
5.0	STATE REGULATORY APPLICABILITY	10
6.0	PROPOSED COMPLIANCE DEMONSTRATIONS	11

i

LIST OF FIGURES

FIGURE 2.1 MARTS COMPRESSOR STATION LOCATION MAP

LIST OF TABLES

- TABLE 3.1CHANGES IN EMISSIONS FROM ADMINISTRATIVE UPDATE
- TABLE 3.2FACILITY-WIDE POTENTIAL EMISSIONS
- TABLE 5.1STATE REGULATORY APPLICABILITY

LIST OF APPENDICES

APPENDIX A WVDAQ AIR PERMIT APPLICATION FORMS

1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 BACKGROUND

Atlantic Coast Pipeline, LLC (ACP, LLC) proposes to construct and operate the Atlantic Coast Pipeline (ACP), an approximately 600-mile-long interstate natural gas transmission pipeline system designed to meet growing energy needs in Virginia and North Carolina. The proposed project has the capacity to deliver 1.5 billion standard cubic feet of natural gas per day (bscf/d) from Pennsylvania and West Virginia to power generation facilities and other end-users.

In support of the ACP, Dominion Transmission Inc. (DTI), a subsidiary of Dominion, received the authority to construct the Marts Compressor Station (ACP-1) in Lewis County, West Virginia through the issuance of R13-3271 on July 21, 2016. The Marts Compressor Station will provide compression to support the transmission of natural gas. Two adjacent metering and regulation (M&R) stations will also be operated by DTI and have been included in this application. Kincheloe is an M&R station associated with ACP and the CNX M&R Station is part of an additional DTI pipeline which is part of a separate, but related project, the Supply Header Project.

1.2 APPLICATION OVERVIEW

ACP, LLC submits this application for an administrative update to the West Virginia Department of Environmental Protections (WVDEP), Division of Air Quality (DAQ) to update the existing permit, R13-3271. This permit application narrative is provided to add clarification and/or further detail to the permit application forms provided by the DAQ.

This section (Section 1) contains introductory information. Section 2 presents a description of the Marts Compressor Station and its associated equipment. The estimated emissions of regulated pollutants from the equipment and operating scenarios are presented in Section 3. Section 4 provides a review of federal regulatory requirements applicable to project sources and Section 5 addresses an evaluation of the applicability of State regulatory requirements. Section 6 provides ACP, LLC's proposed compliance demonstration methods.

The R13 application also contains WVDAQ Permit Application Forms as Appendix A.

2.0 FACILITY AND PROJECT DESCRIPTION

2.1 MARTS COMPRESSOR STATION

The Marts Compressor Station will operate in Lewis County, West Virginia to provide compression to support the transport of natural gas.

ACP, LLC currently has the authority to construct and operate the following equipment:

- One (1) Solar Titan 130 Combustion Turbine (CT-1) rated at 20,050 horsepower (hp) (ISO);
- One (1) Solar Mars 100 Combustion Turbine (CT-2) rated at 15,900 hp (ISO);
- One (1) Solar Taurus 70 Combustion Turbine (CT-3) rated at 11,107 hp (ISO);
- One (1) Solar Taurus 60 Combustion Turbine (CT-4) rated at 7,684 hp (ISO);
- One (1) Caterpillar Emergency Generator (EG-1) rated at 2,098 hp;
- One (1) Pipeline Liquids Tank (TK-1) with a capacity of 2,500 gallons;
- One (1) Hydrocarbon Waste Tank (TK-2) with a capacity of 2,000 gallons;
- One (1) Aqueous Ammonia Storage Tank (TK-3) with a capacity of 8,000 gallons; and
- Various operational natural gas releases associated with station components (FUG-01), piping fugitive emissions (FUG-02), and loading rack emissions (LR-01) related to the equipment proposed at the Marts Compressor Station.

ACP, LLC requests the following changes with this submittal:

- Removal of One (1) Caterpillar Emergency Generator (EG-1) rated at 2,098 hp;
- Installation of Two (2) Caterpillar Emergency Generators (EG-1 and EG-2) each rated at 1,114 hp;
- Modification of the Pipeline Liquids Tank (TK-1) from 2,500 gallons to 3,000 gallon capacity;
- Modification of the Aqueous Ammonia Tank (TK-3) from 8,000 gallons to 13,000 gallons; and
- An update to piping fugitive emissions (FUG-02) to update a typographical error in emission factors.

A map displaying the location of the Marts Compressor Station is provided in Figure 2.1 of this application.

2



FIGURE 2.1 MARTS COMPRESSOR STATION LOCATION MAP

2.2 AGGREGATION DETERMINATION

The Marts Compressor Station will be operated by DTI. Stationary sources of air pollutants may require aggregation of total emission levels if these sources share the same industrial grouping, are operating under common control, and are classified as contiguous or adjacent properties. DTI will operate the Marts Compressor Station with the same industrial grouping as adjacent M&R stations. This application includes emission sources associated with the compressor station and the Kincheloe and CNX M&R stations. Other than the interstate pipeline, which is specifically exempt from the requirement to aggregate as stated in the preamble to the 1980 PSD regulations, there are no other facilities that would be considered adjacent to the Marts Compressor Station and thus no other sources must be aggregated with the Marts Compressor Station.

4

3.0 PROJECT EMISSIONS INFORMATION

As discussed in Section 2.1 of this application, ACP, LLC seeks the authority to construct and operate new emission sources. This section provides a description of the basis for the estimation of emissions from the sources impacted by this application.

3.1 EMERGENCY GENERATOR

Emissions for the natural gas fired emergency generators assume a maximum 100 hours of non-emergency operation per year and are calculated using vendor specifications and EPA's AP-42 emission factors. A summary of the emissions associated with each of the emergency generators are provided in Attachment N.

3.2 STORAGE TANKS

The Marts Compressor Station will operate three aboveground storage tanks (ASTs). TK-1 (Pipeline Liquids Tank) will have a capacity of 3,000 gallons and will receive and store pipeline liquids captured by the station's separators and filter-separators. The emissions associated with the operation of this accumulator storage tank are estimated using E&P Tanks to ensure capture of any flash emissions (which the EPA TANKS program cannot estimate). ACP, LLC has estimated that this storage tank will complete five turnovers per year. ACP, LLC requests an update to the sizing of TK-1, previously stated as 2,500 gallons, but would note that there were no changes to total fluid throughput.

TK-2 (Hydrocarbon Waste Tank) will have a capacity of 2,000 gallons and will receive and store pipeline liquids captured by the station's separators and filterseparators. The emissions associated with the operation of this hydrocarbon waste tank were calculated using EPA's TANKS program. ACP, LLC has estimated that this storage tank will complete five (5) turnovers per year. TK-2 is not being modified with this submittal.

The potential VOC emissions associated with the TK-1 storage tank is 0.37 tons per year (tpy) and 0.08 pounds per hour (lb/hr).

TK-3 (Aqueous Ammonia Storage Tank) will have a capacity of 13,000 gallons and will be used to supply aqueous ammonia to SCRs. ACP, LLC requests an update to the sizing of TK-3, previously stated as 8,000 gallons, but would note that there were no changes to total fluid throughput.

3.3 **PROJECT EMISSIONS**

The potential emissions associated with the proposed administrative update at the Marts Compressor Station are summarized in Table 3.1 in tons per year. The total potential emissions from the Marts Compressor Station are summarized in Table 3.2 in tons per year. Detailed emission calculations are provided in Appendix A (see Attachment N) of this document.

The proposed changes result in a small increase in emissions resulting from combustion, including NOx and CO. This small increase does not meet the emission threshold identified in the definition of modification, as provided by 45CSR13.2.17.

This permit application also contains an update to the piping fugitives (FUG-02) to account for a typographical error resulting in an overall decrease to the facility-wide PTE for VOCs. It was discovered that in the original application, FUG-02 double-counted emissions related to compressor blowdown operations, which were separately filed for as FUG-01.

TABLE 3.1CHANGES IN EMISSIONS FROM ADMINISTRATIVE UPDATE

				c	riteria Pol	lutants (tpy	/)			GHG Emi	ssions (tpy	Ammonia (tpy)	HAP (tpy)		
Change in Potentials to Emit	ID	NOx	со	VOC	SO2	PMF	PMF-10	PMF-2.5	PMC	CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e	NH3	Total HAP
Total Net Change		0.38	0.08	(25.70)	(0.000)	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.004)	(71.62)	2.11	0.000	(18.84)	0.000	(0.07)

TABLE 3.2FACILITY-WIDE POTENTIAL EMISSIONS (TPY)

		Criteria Pollutants (tpy)								Criteria Pollutants (tpy) GHG Emissions (tpy)						
Proposed Emission Sources	ID	NOx	со	VOC	SO2	PMF	PMF-10	PMF-2.5	PMC	CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e	NH3	Total HAP	
Emergency Generator 1	EG-01	0.25	0.27	0.04	8.33E-05	1.09E-05	1.09E-05	1.09E-05	1.40E-03	15.59	0.18	0.00	20.02	0.00	0.03	
Emergency Generator 2	EG-02	0.25	0.27	0.04	8.33E-05	1.09E-05	1.09E-05	1.09E-05	1.40E-03	15.59	0.18	0.00	20.02	0.00	0.03	
3,000 Gallon Pipeline Liquids Tank	TK-01	-	-	0.37	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Solar Titan 130 Turbine	CT-01	15.01	27.87	1.43	2.53	4.36	4.36	4.36	10.8	90,196	7.40	2.27	91,059	10.2	1.35	
Solar Mars 100 Turbine	CT-02	12.35	20.73	1.14	2.08	3.60	3.60	3.60	8.90	74,385	6.00	1.87	75,094	8.12	1.09	
Solar Taurus 70 Turbine	CT-03	8.40	13.1	0.78	1.41	2.42	2.42	2.42	5.99	50,035	4.00	1.26	50,511	5.77	0.720	
Solar Taurus 60 Turbine	CT-04	6.28	8.45	0.56	1.06	1.83	1.83	1.83	4.53	37,843	2.96	0.954	38,201	4.29	0.530	
Fugitive Leaks - Blowdowns	FUG-01	-	-	24.7	-	-	-	-	-	25.6	844	-	21,124	-	1.40	
Fugitive Leaks - Piping	FUG-02	-	-	1.24	-	-	-	-	-	1.28	42.3	-	1,059	-	0.070	
Hydrocarbon (Waste Oil) Tank	TK-2	-	-	0.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Truck Loading Rack	LR-01	-	-	1.76E-05	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.77E-07	
Total (tons/yr)		42.53	70.66	30.33	7.08	12.21	12.21	12.21	30.21	252,518	906.95	6.36	277,088	28.38	5.22	

4.0 FEDERAL REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

4.1 NEW SOURCE PERFORMANCE STANDARDS (NSPS)

NSPS have been established by the EPA to limit air pollutant emissions from certain categories of new and modified stationary sources. The NSPS regulations are contained in 40 CFR Part 60 and cover many different source categories, and applicable categories are described below.

4.1.1 40 CFR 60 Subpart Kb - Standards of Performance for Volatile Organic Liquid Storage Vessels

This regulation applies to volatile organic liquid storage vessels with storage capacities greater than or equal to 75 cubic meters (19,812 gallons) for which construction, reconstruction, or modification commenced after July 23, 1984. There are no petroleum storage vessels with capacities greater than 19,812 gallons planned at the Marts Compressor Station, and this regulation is therefore not applicable to the facility.

4.1.2 40 CFR 60 Subpart JJJJ – Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines

NSPS Subpart JJJJ was promulgated on Jan 8, 2008 and is applicable to new stationary spark ignition internal combustion engines depending upon model year and size category. The proposed emergency generators are subject to the NO_x, CO and VOC requirements of this subpart and will comply with the emission standards under this subpart. The proposed emergency generators will not change the applicability of this subpart currently reflected in R13-3271.

4.2 NATIONAL EMISSION STANDARDS FOR HAZARDOUS AIR POLLUTANTS (NESHAP)

NESHAP regulations established in 40 CFR Part 61 and Part 63 regulate emission of air toxics. NESHAP standards primarily apply to major sources of Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs), though some Subparts of Part 63 have been revised to include area (non-major) sources. The NESHAP regulations under 40 CFR Part 61 establish emission standards on the pollutant basis whereas 40 CFR Part 63 establishes the standards on a source category basis. The Marts Compressor Station will not emit any single HAP in excess of 10 tpy and will not emit combined HAPS in excess of 25 tpy, and will therefore be designated as an area source of HAPs.

8

4.2.1 40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ – National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines

The emergency generator is subject to the NESHAP requirements under 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart ZZZZ (and applies to both major and area sources of HAPs). However, the NESHAP refers to the NSPS Subpart JJJJ for all applicable requirements. Therefore, compliance with the NSPS Subpart JJJJ requirements ensures compliance with the NESHAP requirements.

5.0 STATE REGULATORY APPLICABILITY

This section outlines the State air quality regulations that could be reasonably expected to apply to the Marts Compressor Station ancillary equipment changes and makes an applicability determination for each regulation based on activities planned at the Station and the emissions of regulated air pollutants associated with this project. This review is presented to supplement and/or add clarification to the information provided in the WVDEP Rule 13 permit application forms.

The regulatory requirements in reference to the Marts Compressor Station ancillary equipment changes are described in detail in Table 5-1.

Regulatory Applicability	Applicable Requirement	Compliance Approach
Objectionable Odors (45 CSR 04)	Prevent the discharge of air pollutants that contribute to objectionable odors	Operations conducted at the compressor station are subject to this requirement. The facility is staffed and will use best practices to minimize odors.
Stationary Source Permitting (45 CSR 13)	A permit application is required to be submitted for the authority to construct and operate emission sources.	This permit application is being submitted to amend to the Marts Compressor Station R13 Permit
New Source Performance Standards (45 CSR 16)	The Station is required to comply with applicable NSPS Standards.	See Section 4.1
NESHAP Rues (45 CSR 34)	The Station is required to comply with applicable NESHAP Rules.	See Section 4.2

TABLE 5.1STATE REGULATORY APPLICABILITY

6.0 PROPOSED COMPLIANCE DEMONSTRATIONS

The following methods are proposed for demonstrating ongoing compliance for the sources included in this administrative update:

Emergency Generators

Records of the monthly emergency and non-emergency usages will be maintained to confirm compliance with the annual limit for non-emergency operation. If a non-certified engine is installed or if a certified engine is installed but operated as non-certified an initial stack test and testing every 8760 operating hours or three years (whichever comes first) will be conducted. **APPENDICES**

APPENDIX A

WVDAQ AIR PERMIT APPLICATION FORMS

WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION DIVISION OF AIR QUALITY 601 57 th Street, SE Charleston, WV 25304 (304) 926-0475 WWW.dep.wv.gov/dag	ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION DIVISION OF AIR QUALITY 601 57 th Street, SE Charleston, WV 25304 (304) 926-0475 www.dep.wv.gov/dag APPLICATION FOR NSR PERMIT AND Charleston, WV 25304 (0PTIONAL)									
PLEASE CHECK ALL THAT APPLY TO NSR (45CSR13) (IF KNOWN) CONSTRUCTION MODIFICATION RELOCATION CLASS I ADMINISTRATIVE UPDATE TEMPORARY CLASS II ADMINISTRATIVE UPDATE AFTER-THE-FACT	PLEASE CHECK TYPE OF 45CSR30 (TITLE V) REVISION (IF ANY): ADMINISTRATIVE AMENDMENT IMINOR MODIFICATION SIGNIFICANT MODIFICATION IF ANY BOX ABOVE IS CHECKED, INCLUDE TITLE V REVISION INFORMATION AS ATTACHMENT S TO THIS APPLICATION									
FOR TITLE V FACILITIES ONLY: Please refer to "Title V Revis (Appendix A, "Title V Permit Revision Flowchart") and ability										
Section	I. General									
 Name of applicant (as registered with the WV Secretary of S Atlantic Coast Pipeline, LLC. 	State's Office):	ffice): 2. Federal Employer ID No. (FEIN): 47 - 1813950								
3. Name of facility <i>(if different from above):</i> Marts Compressor Station		4. The applica	ant is the:	🗌 ВОТН						
5A. Applicant's mailing address: 707 Main St. Richmond, VA 23219	5B. Facility's pres	5B. Facility's present physical address:								
 6. West Virginia Business Registration. Is the applicant a residual of the certificate of Incorporation/ change amendments or other Business Registration Certificate of Authority/Author amendments or other Business Certificate as Attachment 	Organization/Limi cate as Attachmen prity of L.L.C./Reg	ited Partnersh It A.	iip (one page) inclu							
7. If applicant is a subsidiary corporation, please provide the na	me of parent corpo	oration:								
 8. Does the applicant own, lease, have an option to buy or othe If YES, please explain: The applicant is the owner of If NO, you are not eligible for a permit for this source. 		of the propose	ed site? 🛛 YES	□ NO						
 Type of plant or facility (stationary source) to be constructed administratively updated or temporarily permitted (e.g., crusher, etc.): Natural Gas Transmission Facility 		lant, primary	10. North America Classification (NAICS) code 486210							

11A. DAQ Plant ID No. (for existing facilities only): 041-00176	11B. List all current 45CSR13 and 450 associated with this process (for R13-3	existing facilities only):
All of the required forms and additional information can b	e found under the Permitting Section of D	AQ's website or requested by phone
	e round under the remnang decision of D	A s website, of requested by phone.
12A.		
 For Modifications, Administrative Updates or Tepresent location of the facility from the nearest state 	e road;	
 For Construction or Relocation permits, please road. Include a MAP as Attachment B. 	provide directions to the <i>proposed new</i> s	site location from the nearest state
Traveling along US-19 S from West Milford, WV and then after 0.15 miles take a right onto Holli reach Marts Compressor Station.		
12.B. New site address (if applicable):	12C. Nearest city or town:	12D. County:
N/A	West Milford	Lewis
12.E. UTM Northing (KM): 4,332.66	12F. UTM Easting (KM): 545.53	12G. UTM Zone: 17
13. Briefly describe the proposed change(s) at the facili and storage tanks.	ty: Changes to ancillary equipment ir	cluding emergency generators
 14A. Provide the date of anticipated installation or chan If this is an After-The-Fact permit application, providence did happen: N/A 	•	14B. Date of anticipated Start-Up if a permit is granted: 2018
14C. Provide a Schedule of the planned Installation of application as Attachment C (if more than one un		units proposed in this permit
15. Provide maximum projected Operating Schedule of Hours Per Day 24 Days Per Week 7	of activity/activities outlined in this application Weeks Per Year 52	ation:
16. Is demolition or physical renovation at an existing fa	cility involved? 🗌 YES 🛛 🕅 NO	
17. Risk Management Plans. If this facility is subject to	o 112(r) of the 1990 CAAA, or will becom	ne subject due to proposed
changes (for applicability help see www.epa.gov/cep	po), submit your Risk Management Pla	n (RMP) to U.S. EPA Region III.
18. Regulatory Discussion. List all Federal and State	air pollution control regulations that you	believe are applicable to the
proposed process (if known). A list of possible applic	able requirements is also included in Att	achment S of this application
(Title V Permit Revision Information). Discuss application	ability and proposed demonstration(s) of	compliance (if known). Provide this
information as Attachment D.		
Section II. Additional att	achments and supporting d	ocuments.
19. Include a check payable to WVDEP – Division of Air	Quality with the appropriate application	1 fee (per 45CSR22 and
45CSR13).		
20. Include a Table of Contents as the first page of yo	ur application package.	
21. Provide a Plot Plan , e.g. scaled map(s) and/or sket source(s) is or is to be located as Attachment E (R		erty on which the stationary
- Indicate the location of the nearest occupied structure	e (e.g. church, school, business, resider	ice).
22. Provide a Detailed Process Flow Diagram(s) show device as Attachment F.	wing each proposed or modified emissio	ns unit, emission point and control

23. Provide a Process Description as A	ttachment G.	
 Also describe and quantify to the ex 	xtent possible all changes made	to the facility since the last permit review (if applicable).
All of the required forms and additional info	rmation can be found under the Pe	ermitting Section of DAQ's website, or requested by phone.
24. Provide Material Safety Data Sheets	(MSDS) for all materials proces	sed, used or produced as Attachment H.
 For chemical processes, provide a MSI 	DS for each compound emitted to	o the air.
25. Fill out the Emission Units Table and	d provide it as Attachment I.	
26. Fill out the Emission Points Data Su	mmary Sheet (Table 1 and Tab	le 2) and provide it as Attachment J.
27. Fill out the Fugitive Emissions Data	Summary Sheet and provide it a	as Attachment K.
28. Check all applicable Emissions Unit	Data Sheets listed below:	
Bulk Liquid Transfer Operations	Haul Road Emissions	Quarry
Chemical Processes	Hot Mix Asphalt Plant	Solid Materials Sizing, Handling and Storage
Concrete Batch Plant	Incinerator	Facilities
Grey Iron and Steel Foundry	Indirect Heat Exchanger	Storage Tanks
General Emission Unit, specify (Emerg	jency Generators)	
Fill out and provide the Emissions Unit D	ata Sheet(s) as Attachment L.	
29. Check all applicable Air Pollution Co	ontrol Device Sheets listed below	N:
Absorption Systems	Baghouse	Flare
Adsorption Systems	Condenser	Mechanical Collector
Afterburner	Electrostatic Precipitat	or 🗌 Wet Collecting System
Other Collectors, specify		
Fill out and provide the Air Pollution Con	trol Device Sheet(s) as Attachn	nent M.
30. Provide all Supporting Emissions C Items 28 through 31.	alculations as Attachment N, o	r attach the calculations directly to the forms listed in
	compliance with the proposed en	proposed monitoring, recordkeeping, reporting and nissions limits and operating parameters in this permit
	y not be able to accept all measu	ner or not the applicant chooses to propose such res proposed by the applicant. If none of these plans le them in the permit.
32. Public Notice. At the time that the a	pplication is submitted, place a C	Class I Legal Advertisement in a newspaper of general
circulation in the area where the source	ce is or will be located (See 45CS	SR§13-8.3 through 45CSR§13-8.5 and <i>Example Legal</i>
Advertisement for details). Please s	ubmit the Affidavit of Publicatio	n as Attachment P immediately upon receipt.
33. Business Confidentiality Claims. D	oes this application include confi	dential information (per 45CSR31)?
	ng the criteria under 45CSR§31-4	nitted as confidential and provide justification for each I.1, and in accordance with the DAQ's <i>"Precautionary instructions</i> as Attachment Q.
	ction III. Certification o	
34. Authority/Delegation of Authority. Check applicable Authority Form be		ner than the responsible official signs the application.
Authority of Corporation or Other Busin	ness Entity	Authority of Partnership
Authority of Governmental Agency	-	Authority of Limited Partnership
Submit completed and signed Authority F		

All of the required forms and additional information can be found under the Permitting Section of DAQ's website, or requested by phone.

35A. Certification of Information. To certify this permit application, a Responsible Official (per 45CSR§13-2.22 and 45CSR§30-2.28) or Authorized Representative shall check the appropriate box and sign below.

Certification of Truth, Accuracy, and Completeness

I, the undersigned Responsible Official / Authorized Representative, hereby certify that all information contained in this application and any supporting documents appended hereto, is true, accurate, and complete based on information and belief after reasonable inquiry I further agree to assume responsibility for the construction, modification and/or relocation and operation of the stationary source described herein in accordance with this application and any amendments thereto, as well as the Department of Environmental Protection, Division of Air Quality permit issued in accordance with this application, along with all applicable rules and regulations of the West Virginia Division of Air Quality and W.Va. Code § 22-5-1 et seq. (State Air Pollution Control Act). If the business or agency changes its Responsible Official or Authorized Representative, the Director of the Division of Air Quality will be notified in writing within 30 days of the official change.

Compliance Certification

Except for requirements identified in the Title V Application for which compliance is not achieved, I, the undersigned hereby certify that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, all air contaminant sources identified in this application are in compliance with all applicable requirements.

	Dise blue (nk)	ATE: 3/15/17 (Please use blue ink)
35B. Printed name of signee: Leslie Hartz	\smile	35C. Title: Vice President Pipeline Construction
35D. E-mail: leslie.hartz@dom.com	36E. Phone: (804) 771 - 4460	36F. FAX:
36A. Printed name of contact person (if differen	nt from above): Richard B. Gangle	36B. Title: Manager-Environmental Services
36C. E-mail: Richard.b.gangle@dom.com	36D. Phone: (804) 273-2814	36E. FAX:

PLEASE CHECK ALL APPLICABLE ATTACHMENTS INCLUDE	D WITH THIS PERMIT APPLICATION:								
 Attachment A: Business Certificate Attachment B: Map(s) Attachment C: Installation and Start Up Schedule Attachment D: Regulatory Discussion Attachment E: Plot Plan Attachment F: Detailed Process Flow Diagram(s) Attachment G: Process Description Attachment H: Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) Attachment I: Emission Units Table Attachment J: Emission Points Data Summary Sheet 	 Attachment K: Fugitive Emissions Data Summary Sheet Attachment L: Emissions Unit Data Sheet(s) Attachment M: Air Pollution Control Device Sheet(s) Attachment N: Supporting Emissions Calculations Attachment O: Monitoring/Recordkeeping/Reporting/Testing Plans Attachment P: Public Notice Attachment Q: Business Confidential Claims Attachment R: Authority Forms Attachment S: Title V Permit Revision Information Application Fee 								
Please mail an original and three (3) copies of the complete permit application with the signature(s) to the DAQ, Permitting Section, at the address listed on the first page of this application. Please DO NOT fax permit applications.									
FOR AGENCY USE ONLY - IF THIS IS A TITLE V SOURCE:									
Forward 1 copy of the application to the Title V Permitting	g Group and:								
□ For Title V Administrative Amendments:									
NSR permit writer should notify Title V permit write	er of draft permit,								
☐ For Title V Minor Modifications:									
Title V permit writer should send appropriate notified	ication to EPA and affected states within 5 days of receipt,								
□ NSR permit writer should notify Title V permit write	er of draft permit.								
For Title V Significant Modifications processed in parallel									
NSR permit writer should notify a Title V permit wr	iter of draft permit,								
Public notice should reference both 45CSR13 and	Title V permits,								
EPA has 45 day review period of a draft permit.									
All of the required forms and additional information can be for	ound under the Permitting Section of DAQ's website, or requested by phone.								

Table of Contents

ATTACHMENT A	Business Certificate
ATTACHMENT B	Map(s)
ATTACHMENT C	Installation and Start Up Schedule
ATTACHMENT D	Regulatory Discussion
ATTACHMENT E	Plot Plan
ATTACHMENT F	Detailed Process Flow Diagram(s)
ATTACHMENT G	Process Description
ATTACHMENT H	Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS)
ATTACHMENT I	Emission Units Table
ATTACHMENT J	Emission Points Data Summary Sheet
ATTACHMENT K	Fugitive Emissions Data Summary Sheet
ATTACHMENT L	Emissions Unit Data Sheet(s)
ATTACHMENT N	Supporting Emissions Calculations
ATTACHMENT O	Monitoring/Recordkeeping/Reporting/Testing

ATTACHMENT P Plans Public Notice

Attachment A

Business Certificate



I, Natalie E. Tennant, Secretary of State of the State of West Virginia, hereby certify that

ATLANTIC COAST PIPELINE, LLC

Control Number: 9A7TZ

a limited liability company, organized under the laws of the State of Delaware

has filed its "Application for Certificate of Authority" in my office according to the provisions of West Virginia Code §31B-10-1002. I hereby declare the organization to be registered as a foreign limited liability company from its effective date of November 7, 2014, until a certificate of cancellation is filed with our office.

Therefore, I hereby issue this

CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORITY OF A FOREIGN LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

to the limited liability company authorizing it to transact business in West Virginia



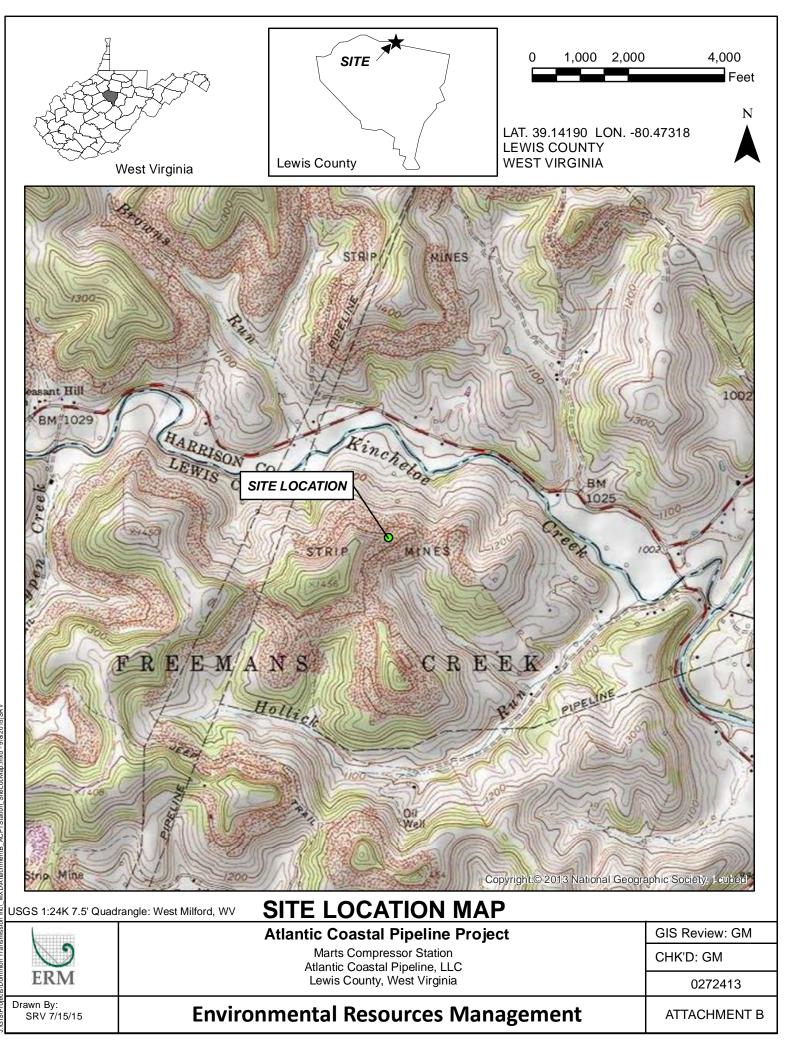
Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State of West Virginia on this day of November 7, 2014

This E. Yann

Secretary of State

Attachment B

Map(s)



Attachment C

Installation and Start Up Schedule

Attachment C Schedule of Installation

The Marts Compressor Station commenced construction in November 2017. The anticipated start-up date is in the fourth quarter of 2019.

Attachment D

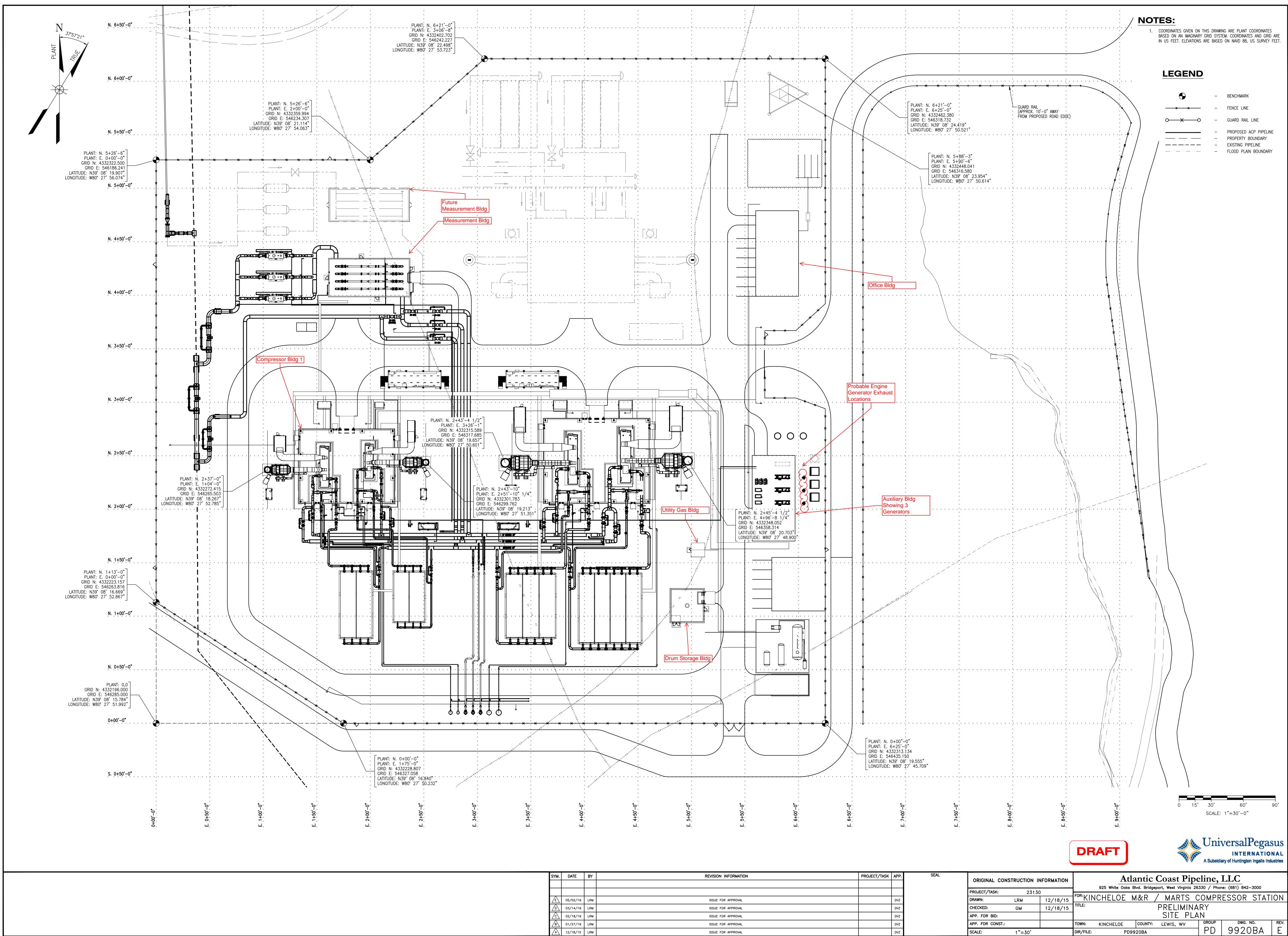
Regulatory Discussion

Attachment D - Regulatory Discussion

A state and federal regulatory discussion has been included in the narrative preceding the WVDAQ Permit Application Forms.

Attachment E

Plot Plan



SYM.	DATE	BY	REVISION INFORMATION	PROJECT/TASK	APP.	SEAL	ORIGINAL CONS				925 White Oaks	t lantic s Blvd. Brid	
							PROJECT/TASK:	23130		FOR: 1/1 N			
E	05/02/16	LRM	ISSUE FOR APPROVAL		DVZ		DRAWN:	LRM	12/18/15	KIN	CHELOE	MXK	
	03/14/16	LRM	ISSUE FOR APPROVAL		DVZ		CHECKED:	GM	12/18/15	IIILE:			PR
\triangle	02/18/16	LRM	ISSUE FOR APPROVAL		DVZ		APP. FOR BID:						S
B	01/27/16	LRM	ISSUE FOR APPROVAL		DVZ		APP. FOR CONST .:			TOWN:	KINCHELOE	COUNT	Y: LEW
\bigcirc	12/18/15	LRM	ISSUE FOR APPROVAL		DVZ		SCALE:	1"=30'		DIR/FILE:	PC)9920BA	

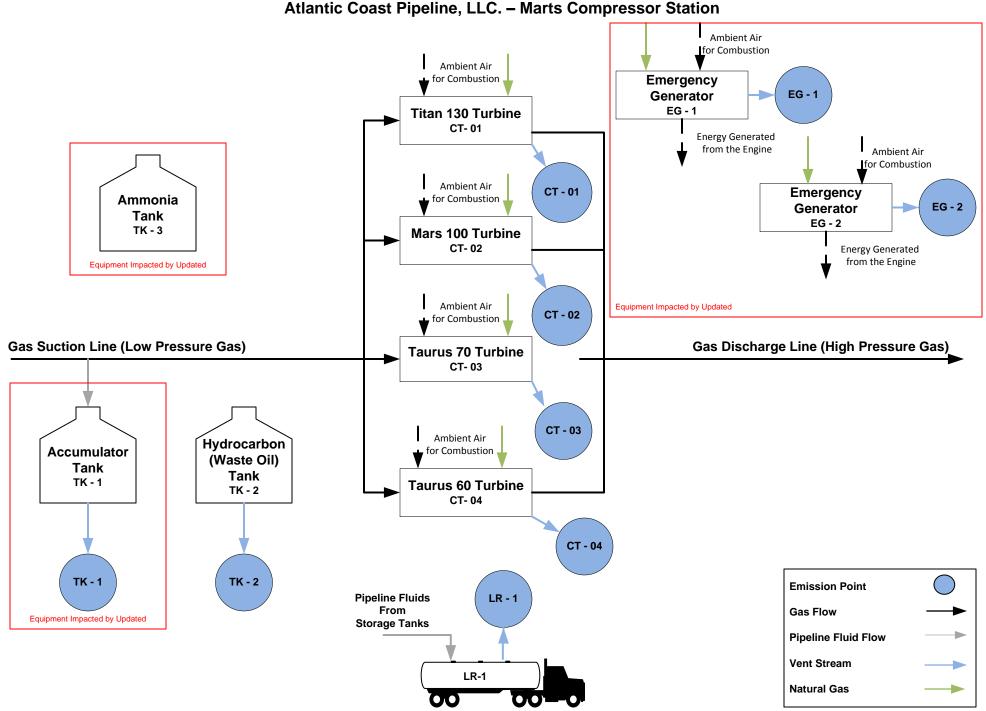
	DRAFT	
--	-------	--

•	-	BENCHMARK
——————————————————————————————————————	-	FENCE LINE
0 ~ X 0	-	GUARD RAIL LINE
	-	PROPOSED ACP PIPELINE
	_	PROPERTY BOUNDARY
	_	EXISTING PIPELINE
· · · · · · ·	-	FLOOD PLAIN BOUNDARY

UPI DWG. NO. 23130-515-SIT-32001

Attachment F

Detailed Process Flow Diagram(s)



Attachment F – Detailed Process Flow Diagram Atlantic Coast Pipeline, LLC. – Marts Compressor Station

Attachment G

Process Description

Attachment G

Process Description

Atlantic Coast Pipeline, LLC is submitting this Rule 13 Permit Application for the Marts Compressor Station to comply with the permitting requirements of the state of West Virginia. Natural gas from the transmission pipeline is routed through this transmission station. The natural gas fueled turbines CT-01, CT-02, CT-03, and CT-4 provide the compression required for the transmission of natural gas along the Atlantic Coast Pipeline. The turbines manufactured by Solar Turbines include a Titan 130-20502S, Mars 100-16000S, Taurus 70-10802S, and Taurus 60-7800S.

The Marts Compressor Station will require two emergency generators (Caterpillar G3512) each with a capacity of 1,114 hp to provide backup power during emergency situations.

Produced liquids are temporarily stored in the pipeline liquids tank (TK - 1) until they can be removed off-site by the tank truck (LR-1). A hydrocarbon (waste oil) tank (TK-2), is also proposed to be at the Marts Compressor Station. Aqueous ammonia is stored in a 13,000 gallon tank (TK-3) for injection into the turbine exhaust for the control of nitrogen oxide (NO_X) emissions.

Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS)



Page 1 of 2 Material Safety Data Sheet # 4003 Last Revision 05/20/09 SECTION 1: CHEMICAL PRODUCT & COMPANY IDENTIFICATION CHEMICAL NAME: Ammonium Hydroxide TRADE NAMES / SYNONYMS: Agua Ammonia, Ammonium Hydroxide MANUFACTURER AND/OR DISTRIBUTOR: **EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS: Airgas Specialty Products** Transportation (CHEMTREC): 1-800-424-9300 2530 Sever Road, 300 Environmental/Health/Safety (24-hr): 1-800-528-4963 Lawrenceville, GA 30043 USA Customer Service (Toll Free): 1-800-295-2225 SECTION 2: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS CHEMICAL FORMULA NIOSH REL / ACGIH TLV % BY WEIGHT CAS **OSHA PEL** IDLH 25 ppm (California only) Ammonia NH_3 5-19.9 7664-41-7 50 ppm (TWA) 25 ppm (TWA) 35 ppm (STEL) 300ppm Water H₂O 80.1-95 7732-18-5 None None None Aqua Ammonia NH₄OH 100 1336-21-6 -----SECTION 3: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: 1. Colorless liquid with a pungent odor. 2. Avoid contact with liquid and vapor. 3. Not flammable. 4. Mixes with water. 5. Harmful to aquatic life in very low concentrations. 6. Stop discharge if possible. POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECT ROUTES OF ENTRY: Inhalation, Skin Contact, Eye Contact, Ingestion TARGET ORGANS: Eyes, skin and respiratory system. EYE CONTACT: May be severely irritating upon liquid exposure, with irritation from fumes. SKIN CONTACT: High concentrations can cause severe irritation and burns. INHALATION: The gas can be suffocating and is irritating to the mucous membranes and lung tissue. INGESTION: Can cause vomiting, nausea and corrosive burns to the esophagus and stomach. The exact nature and intensity of toxic effects following ingestion of varying amounts of strong aqua ammonia solution (ex. 28%) is unpredictable. The most accepted view is that any amount from one teaspoon or greater can be dangerous if ingested. SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES EYE CONTACT: Flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes then immediately seek medical aid. SKIN CONTACT: Immediately flush with large quantities of water for at least 15 minutes while removing clothing. Seek immediate medical aid. **INHALATION:** Remove from exposure. If breathing has stopped or is difficult, administer artificial respiration or oxygen as needed. Seek immediate medical aid. **INGESTION:** Do not induce vomiting. Have victim drink large guantities of water if conscious. Immediately seek medical aid. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. **SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES** FLASH POINT(method used): Not Applicable FLAMMABLE LIMITS: 16-25% NH₃ in air (for labeling purposes, not DOT flammable gas). EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Water fog or spray for escaping ammonia gas. SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: The mixture will not burn but escaping gas can burn in the range of 16-25% NH₃ in air. Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus in the pressure demand mode. NFPA HAZARD CLASSIFICATION (Aqua): Health: 2 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0 (least-0 — 4-highest) SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES In US, federal regulations require that a release of 1,000 lb. or more of ammonium hydroxide must be reported immediately to the National Response Center at (800) 424-8802, the SERC and the LEPC. In California, ALL releases must be reported to CUPA, state and local agencies. Additional state and local regulations may apply. SUGGESTED LOCAL ACTION: Releases will liberate irritating vapors. Spilled liquids should be contained and not washed into sewers or ground water. Prevent large quantities from contact with vegetation or waterways. Ammonium hydroxide is a regulated material and reporting of any release may be required. Any release of this material during the course of loading, transporting, unloading or temporary storage must be reported to the U.S. DOT as required by 49 CFR 171.15 and 171.16. SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE Store in ventilated containers or pressure vessels away from heat. Open containers cautiously in case of pressure build up. Zinc, copper and copper alloys such as brass are rapidly corroded by ammonium hydroxide. SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Respiratory protection approved by NIOSH / MSHA for ammonia must be used when exposure limits are exceeded. Whether chemical canister respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus is sufficient for effective respiratory protection depends on the type and magnitude of exposure. SKIN PROTECTION: Rubber gloves and rubber or other types of approved protective clothing should be used to prevent skin contact. A face shield should be used for increased protection from contact with liquid or vapor. EYE PROTECTION: Chemical splash goggles, approved for use with ammonia, must be worn to prevent eye contact with liquid or vapor. A face shield should be used for increased protection from contact with liquid. VENTILATION: Local positive pressure and/or exhaust ventilation should be used to reduce vapor concentrations in confined

spaces. Ammonia vapor, being lighter than air, can be expected to dissipate to the upper atmosphere. Ammonia concentrations may also be reduced by the use of an appropriate absorbent or reactant material.

MSDS 4003 Revision 05/20/09

	SECTION 9: PHYS	ICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES
BOILING POINT: 160°		SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 0.928 @ 60°F (19.5% Sol'n., water=1)
SOLUBILITY IN WATE	•	VAPOR DENSITY: 0.60 @ 32°F (Air=1)
MELTING POINT: App		pH: Approx. 11.6 for 1 N Sol'n. in water
PERCENT VOLATILE I		APPEARANCE: Colorless, pungent liquid
VAPOR PRESSURE: 1	130 mm Hg @ 80°F(10% Sol'n.)	
	SECTION 10	STABILITY AND REACTIVITY
STABILITY: Material g	enerally considered stable. Hea	ting above ambient temperature causes the vapor pressure of ammonia to
increase rapidly.	-	
		ds. Aqua ammonia reacts with bromine, chlorine, mercury, silver, silve
solder, and hypochlorite	(bleach) to form explosive comp	oounds. Avoid use of metals containing copper or zinc.
HAZARDOUS DECOM	POSITION PRODUCTS: Heat	ing and contact of vapors with very hot surfaces may form hydrogen. The
		contact with certain metals such as nickel.
HAZARDOUS POLYM	ERIZATION: Will not occur	
		TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION
TOXICITY BY INGEST	ION: Grade 3; Oral Rat, LD ₅₀	= 350 mg/kg. Ammonia is a strong alkali and readily damages all body
tissues. Ammonia is no	t a cumulative metabolic poison.	
		ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION
		water; 15ppm 48hr/Sunfish/TLm/Tap Water
WATERFOWL TOXICIT		BIOCHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAND: Data not available
FOOD CHAIN CONCEN	NTRATION POTENTIAL: None	
·	SECTION 13:	DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS
Consult local, state or fe	ederal regulatory agencies for ac	ceptable disposal procedures and disposal locations. Disposal in streams
		I regulations. For Hazardous Waste
	24-9346, the RCRA Hotline.	5
······································		: TRANSPORT INFORMATION
	5-10% Ammonia Solutions	>10-19.9% Ammonia Solutions
Proper shipping name:		Ammonium Hydroxide
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(contains ammonia)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
DOT Hazard Class:	8	8
Identification Number:	UN1760	UN2672
Packing Group:		
	SECTION 15:	REGULATORY INFORMATION
NOTICE: This product i	is subject to the reporting require	ments of SARA (1986, Section 313 of Title III) and 40 CFR Part 370.
		ed releases of 1,000 lb. or more of ammonium hydroxide in any 24-hou
period must be reported		800-424-8802, the SERC, and the LEPC. Written follow-up is required to
SERC & LEPC.		
		10.1200: Aqua ammonia is a hazardous chemical.
	ONTROL ACT: This material is	
		TO-KNOW ACT (SARA, TITLE III): Section 302 Extremely Hazardous
		es: Immediate (Acute) Health Hazards; Section 313 Toxic Chemical: Yes
	: One percent (1%) as ammonia	. CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65: Reproductive: <u>No</u> Carcinogen:
No		
	•	910.119: This product is NOT subject to the Process Safety Management
requirements of 29 CFR		
	SIDENTAL RELEASE PREVEN	ITION, 40 CFR PART 68: This product is NOT subject to the Risk
Management		
Plan requirements of 40		ER: Maximum use dosage in potable water is 10mg/l.
		16: OTHER INFORMATION
		ree Customer Service Number in Section 1. 2. Revision to concentration
		g Name. 4. Revision to EPCRA Section 302 information in Section 15; 6
		Revised LEL and UEL. 9. Company Address Changed.
	: Airgas Specialty Products	
		d to be reliable, however, Airgas Specialty Products makes no warranty as to the absolute
correctness or sumclency of	any or the foregoing of that additional of	other measures may not be required under particular conditions.

Emission Units Table

Emission Units Table

(includes all emission units and air pollution control devices

that will be part of this permit application review, regardless of permitting status)

Emission	Emission		Year	Design	Type ³ and	Control
Unit ID ¹	Point ID ²	Emission Unit Description	Installed/ Modified	Capacity	Date of Change	Device ⁴
CT-01	CT-01	Turbine (Titan 130-20502S)	2018	20,500 bhp	No Change	SCR-01, OxCat-01
CT-02	CT-02	Turbine (Mars 100-16000S)	2018	15,900 bhp	No Change	SCR-02, OxCat-02
CT-03	CT-03	Turbine (Taurus 70-10802S)	2018	11,107 bhp	No Change	SCR-03, OxCat-03
CT-04	CT-04	Turbine (Taurus 60-7800S)	2018	7,684 bhp	No Change	SCR-04, OxCat-04
EG-01	EG-01	Emergency Generator (Caterpillar G3516C)	2018	2,098 bhp	Removed	None
EG-01	EG-01	Emergency Generator (Caterpillar G3512)	2018	1,114 bhp	New	None
EG-02	EG-02	Emergency Generator (Caterpillar G3512)	2018	1,114 bhp	New	None
TK-1	TK-1	Pipeline Liquids Tank	2018	3,000 gallons	Modified	None
TK-2	TK-2	Hydrocarbon (Waste Oil) Tank	2018	2,000 gallons	No Change	None
TK-3	TK-3	Ammonia Tank	2018	13,000 gallons	Modified	None
LR-1	LR-1	Tank Unloading Operations	2018	90 gallons/min	No Change	None
¹ For Emission Units (or <u>S</u> ources) use the following numbering system:1S, 2S, 3S, or other appropriate designation. ² For <u>E</u> mission Points use the following numbering system:1E, 2E, 3E, or other appropriate designation. ³ New, modification, removal ⁴ For <u>C</u> ontrol Devices use the following numbering system: 1C, 2C, 3C, or other appropriate designation.						

Emission Points Data Summary Sheet

Attachment J EMISSION POINTS DATA SUMMARY SHEET

	Table 1: Emissions Data																		
Emission Point ID No. (Must match Emission Units Table-& Plot Plan)	Emission Point Type ¹	Through (Must match	Unit Vented This Point Emission Units Plot Plan)	Air Pollution Control Device (Must match Emission Units Table & Plot Plan)		Device (Must match Emission Units Table &		Vent Time for Emission Unit (chemical processes only)		ch Emis Table & Ui) (che proce		or Pollutants - sion Chemical nit Name/CAS ³ <i>mical</i> esses (<i>Speciate VOCs</i>		Maximum Potential Uncontrolled Emissions ⁴		mum ential rolled sions ⁵	Emission Form or Phase (At exit conditions, Solid, Liquid or	Est. Method Used ⁶	Emission Concentrati on ⁷ (mg/m ³)
		ID No.	Source	ID No.	Device Type	Short Term ²	Max (hr/yr)		lb/hr	ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	Gas/Vapor)						
EG-01	Upward Vertical Stack	EG-01	Emergency Generator	NA	NA	NA	NA	$\begin{array}{c} \text{CO} \\ \text{NO}_{x} \\ \text{Total VOCs} \\ \text{PM}_{\text{Filterable}} \\ \text{PM}_{\text{Condensable}} \\ \text{PM}_{2.5} \\ \text{PM}_{10} \\ \text{Total HAPs} \\ \text{CO}_{2} \\ \text{CH}_{4} \\ \text{CO}_{2}\text{e} \end{array}$	5.35 4.91 0.81 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 0.66 311.78 3.54 400.36	0.27 0.25 0.04 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 0.03 15.59 0.18 20.02	5.35 4.91 0.81 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 0.66 311.78 3.54 400.36	0.18	Gas	AP-42, Vendor Guarantees	NA				
EG-02	Upward Vertical Stack	EG-02	Emergency Generator	NA	NA	NA	NA	CO NO _x Total VOCs PM _{Filterable} PM _{2.5} PM ₁₀ Total HAPs CO ₂ CH ₄ CO ₂ e	5.35 4.91 0.81 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 0.66 311.78 3.54 400.36	0.27 0.25 0.04 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 0.03 15.59 0.18 20.02	5.35 4.91 0.81 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 0.66 311.78 3.54 400.36	0.27 0.25 0.04 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 0.03 15.59 0.18	Gas	AP-42, Vendor Guarantees	NA				

The EMISSION POINTS DATA SUMMARY SHEET provides a summation of emissions by emission unit. Note that uncaptured process emission unit emissions are not typically considered to be fugitive and must be accounted for on the appropriate EMISSIONS UNIT DATA SHEET and on the EMISSION POINTS DATA SUMMARY SHEET. Please note that total emissions from the source are equal to all vented emissions, all fugitive emissions, plus all other emissions (e.g. uncaptured emissions). Please complete the FUGITIVE EMISSIONS DATA SUMMARY SHEET for fugitive emission activities.

Please add descriptors such as upward vertical stack, downward vertical stack, horizontal stack, relief vent, rain cap, etc.

² Indicate by "C" if venting is continuous. Otherwise, specify the average short-term venting rate with units, for intermittent venting (ie., 15 min/hr). Indicate as many rates as needed to clarify frequency of venting (e.g., 5 min/day, 2 days/wk).

List all regulated air pollutants. Speciate VOCs, including all HAPs. Follow chemical name with Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS) number. **LIST** Acids, CO, CS₂, VOCs, H₂S, Inorganics, Lead, Organics, O₃, NO, NO₂, SO₂, SO₃, all applicable Greenhouse Gases (including CO₂ and methane), etc. **DO NOT LIST** H₂, H₂O, N₂, O₂, and Noble Gases.

Give maximum potential emission rate with no control equipment operating. If emissions occur for less than 1 hr, then record emissions per batch in minutes (e.g. 5 lb VOC/20 minute batch).

⁵ Give maximum potential emission rate with proposed control equipment operating. If emissions occur for less than 1 hr, then record emissions per batch in minutes (e.g. 5 lb

VOC/20 minute batch).

⁶ Indicate method used to determine emission rate as follows: MB = material balance; ST = stack test (give date of test); EE = engineering estimate; O = other (specify).

⁷ Provide for all pollutant emissions. Typically, the units of parts per million by volume (ppmv) are used. If the emission is a mineral acid (sulfuric, nitric, hydrochloric or phosphoric) use units of milligram per dry cubic meter (mg/m³) at standard conditions (68 °F and 29.92 inches Hg) (see 45CSR7). If the pollutant is SO₂, use units of ppmv (See 45CSR10).

Attachment J EMISSION POINTS DATA SUMMARY SHEET

	Table 2: Release Parameter Data							
Emission			Emission Poir	nt Elevation (ft)	UTM Coordinates (km)			
Point ID No. (Must match Emission Units Table)	Diameter (ft.)	Temp. (°F)	Volumetric Flow ¹ (acfm) <i>at operating conditions</i>	Velocity (fps)	Ground Level (Height above mean sea level)	Stack Height ² (Release height of emissions above ground level)	Northing	Easting
EG-01	0.5	840	311.74	61.12	1,273	28.00	4,332.66	545.53
EG-02	0.5	840	311.74	61.12	1,273	28.00	4,332.66	545.53

Fugitive Emissions Data Summary Sheet

FUGITIVE EMISSIONS DATA SUMMARY SHEET

The FUGITIVE EMISSIONS SUMMARY SHEET provides a summation of fugitive emissions. Fugitive emissions are those emissions which could not reasonably pass through a stack, chimney, vent or other functionally equivalent opening. Note that uncaptured process emissions are not typically considered to be fugitive, and must be accounted for on the appropriate EMISSIONS UNIT DATA SHEET and on the EMISSION POINTS DATA SUMMARY SHEET.

Please note that total emissions from the source are equal to all vented emissions, all fugitive emissions, plus all other emissions (e.g. uncaptured emissions).

	APPLICATION FORMS CHECKLIST - FUGITIVE EMISSIONS
1.)	Will there be haul road activities?
	□ Yes
	If YES, then complete the HAUL ROAD EMISSIONS UNIT DATA SHEET.
2.)	Will there be Storage Piles?
	□ Yes
	☐ If YES, complete Table 1 of the NONMETALLIC MINERALS PROCESSING EMISSIONS UNIT DATA SHEET.
3.)	Will there be Liquid Loading/Unloading Operations?
	□ Yes
	☐ If YES, complete the BULK LIQUID TRANSFER OPERATIONS EMISSIONS UNIT DATA SHEET.
4.)	Will there be emissions of air pollutants from Wastewater Treatment Evaporation?
	□ Yes
	If YES, complete the GENERAL EMISSIONS UNIT DATA SHEET.
5.)	Will there be Equipment Leaks (e.g. leaks from pumps, compressors, in-line process valves, pressure relief devices, open-ended valves, sampling connections, flanges, agitators, cooling towers, etc.)?
	Yes No
	☐ If YES, complete the LEAK SOURCE DATA SHEET section of the CHEMICAL PROCESSES EMISSIONS UNIT DATA SHEET.
6.)	Will there be General Clean-up VOC Operations?
	□ Yes
	If YES, complete the GENERAL EMISSIONS UNIT DATA SHEET.
7.)	Will there be any other activities that generate fugitive emissions?
	□ Yes
	☐ If YES, complete the GENERAL EMISSIONS UNIT DATA SHEET or the most appropriate form.
	bu answered "NO" to all of the items above, it is not necessary to complete the following table, "Fugitive Emissions nmary."

FUGITIVE EMISSIONS SUMMARY	All Regulated Pollutants ⁻ Chemical Name/CAS ¹	Maximum Uncontrolled	Potential Emissions ²	Maximum P Controlled Em	Est. Method	
	Chemical Name/CAS ¹ lb/hr		ton/yr	lb/hr	ton/yr	Used ⁴
Haul Road/Road Dust Emissions Paved Haul Roads	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Unpaved Haul Roads	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/.A
Storage Pile Emissions	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Loading/Unloading Operations	VOCs	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	AP-42 Section 5.2
Wastewater Treatment Evaporation & Operations	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Equipment Leaks	VOCs	11.76	51.53	11.76	51.53	EPA- 453
General Clean-up VOC Emissions	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Pneumatically Actuated Valves	VOCs	0.02	0.08	0.02	0.08	EPA- 453

¹ List all regulated air pollutants. Speciate VOCs, including all HAPs. Follow chemical name with Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS) number. LIST Acids, CO, CS₂, VOCs, H₂S, Inorganics, Lead, Organics, O₃, NO, NO₂, SO₂, SO₃, all applicable Greenhouse Gases (including CO₂ and methane), etc. DO NOT LIST H₂, H₂O, N₂, O₂, and Noble Gases.

² Give rate with no control equipment operating. If emissions occur for less than 1 hr, then record emissions per batch in minutes (e.g. 5 lb VOC/20 minute batch).
 ³ Give rate with proposed control equipment operating. If emissions occur for less than 1 hr, then record emissions per batch in minutes (e.g. 5 lb VOC/20 minute batch).

⁴ Indicate method used to determine emission rate as follows: MB = material balance; ST = stack test (give date of test); EE = engineering estimate; O = other (specify).

Emissions Unit Data Sheet(s)

Attachment L EMISSIONS UNIT DATA SHEET STORAGE TANKS

Provide the following information for <u>each</u> new or modified bulk liquid storage tank as shown on the *Equipment List Form* and other parts of this application. A tank is considered modified if the material to be stored in the tank is different from the existing stored liquid.

IF USING US EPA'S TANKS EMISSION ESTIMATION PROGRAM (AVAILABLE AT <u>www.epa.gov/tnn/tanks.html</u>), APPLICANT MAY ATTACH THE SUMMARY SHEETS IN LIEU OF COMPLETING SECTIONS III, IV, & V OF THIS FORM. HOWEVER, SECTIONS I, II, AND VI OF THIS FORM MUST BE COMPLETED. US EPA'S AP-42, SECTION 7.1, "ORGANIC LIQUID STORAGE TANKS," MAY ALSO BE USED TO ESTIMATE VOC AND HAP EMISSIONS (<u>http://www.epa.gov/tnn/chief/</u>).

I. GENERAL INFORMATION (required)

 Pipeline Liquids Storage Tank 4. Emission Point Identification No. (as assigned on <i>Equipment List Form</i>) NA 					
Equipment List Form)					
NA					
5. Date of Commencement of Construction (for existing tanks) 2018					
. Type of change 🛛 New Construction 🗌 New Stored Material 🗌 Other Tank Modification					
7. Description of Tank Modification (if applicable)					
☐ Yes ⊠ No ?)					
l by this application (Note: A separate form must be					
emissions, any work practice standards (e.g. production					
ATION (required)					
he internal cross-sectional area multiplied by internal					
9B. Tank Internal Height (or Length) (ft)					
11.90					
10B. Average Liquid Height (ft)					
2.5					
11B. Average Vapor Space Height (ft)					
TID. Average vapor space rieigin (it)					
9.4					
e h					

13A. Maximum annual throughput (gal/yr)	13B. Maximum daily throughput (gal/day)					
12,500 gal	34.25 gal					
14. Number of Turnovers per year (annual net throughput/maximum tank liquid volume)						
	4.17					
15. Maximum tank fill rate (gal/min)0.024						
16. Tank fill method Submerged	Splash Bottom Loading					
17. Complete 17A and 17B for Variable Vapor Space Tan						
17A. Volume Expansion Capacity of System (gal)	17B. Number of transfers into system per year					
NA	NA					
18. Type of tank (check all that apply):						
\square Fixed Roof <u>vertical</u> <u>X</u> horizontal	flat roofcone roofdome roof					
other (describe)						
External Floating Roof pontoon roof	double deck roof					
Domed External (or Covered) Floating Roof						
Internal Floating Roof vertical column sug	pport self-supporting					
Variable Vapor Space lifter roof	_ diaphragm					
Pressurized spherical cylindrical	l					
Underground						
Other (describe)						
III. TANK CONSTRUCTION & OPERATION INFO	DRMATION (optional if providing TANKS Summary					
19. Tank Shell Construction:						
Riveted Gunite lined Epoxy-coated	d rivets 🛛 Other (describe) Welded					
20A. Shell Color Light Grey 20B. Roof Color	r Light Grey 20C. Year Last Painted N/A					
21. Shell Condition (if metal and unlined):						
No Rust 🗌 Light Rust 🗌 Dense Ru	ust 🗌 Not applicable					
22A. Is the tank heated? \Box YES \boxtimes NO						
22B. If YES, provide the operating temperature (°F)						
22C. If YES, please describe how heat is provided to ta	ınk.					
23. Operating Pressure Range (psig):						
24. Complete the following section for Vertical Fixed Ro	of Tanks 🛛 Does Not Apply					
24A. For dome roof, provide roof radius (ft)						
24B. For cone roof, provide slope (ft/ft)						
25. Complete the following section for Floating Roof Tar	nks 🛛 Does Not Apply					
25A. Year Internal Floaters Installed:						
25B. Primary Seal Type:) Shoe Seal Liquid Mounted Resilient Seal					
(check one)	lient Seal Other (describe):					
25C. Is the Floating Roof equipped with a Secondary S	Seal? YES NO					
25D. If YES, how is the secondary seal mounted? (chec						
25E. Is the Floating Roof equipped with a weather shie	eld? YES NO					

25F. Describe deck fittings; indica	te the number of eac	ch type of fitting:		
	ACCESS	5 HATCH		
BOLT COVER, GASKETED:	UNBOLTED COV		UNBOLTED UNGASKETED:	COVER,
	AUTOMATIC GAI	UGE FLOAT WELL		
BOLT COVER, GASKETED:	UNBOLTED COV		UNBOLTED UNGASKETED:	COVER,
	COLUM	IN WELL	<u>_1</u>	
BUILT-UP COLUMN – SLIDING COVER, GASKETED:		JMN - SLIDING	PIPE COLUMN – FABRIC SLEEVE SEAL:	FLEXIBLE
	LADDE	ER WELL	_i	
PIP COLUMN – SLIDING COVER, C		1	SLIDING COVER, UNGA	SKETED:
	GAUGE-HATCH	I/SAMPLE PORT		
SLIDING COVER, GASKETED:		SLIDING COVER,	, UNGASKETED:	
	ROOF LEG OR 1	HANGER WELL		
WEIGHTED MECHANICAL ACTUATION, GASKETED:		MECHANICAL	SAMPLE WELL-SLIT FA (10% OPEN AREA)	.BRIC SEAL
	VACUUM	I BREAKER		
WEIGHTED MECHANICAL GASKETED:	ACTUATION,		MECHANICAL AC	CTUATION,
	RIM	VENT		
WEIGHTED MECHANICAL GASKETED:	ACTUATION		MECHANICAL AC	CTUATION,
	DECK DRAIN (3-J	INCH DIAMETER)		
OPEN:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	90% CLOSED:		
	STUB	DRAIN		
1-INCH DIAMETER:				
OTHER (DESCE	RIBE, ATTACH ADI	DITIONAL PACES	IF NECESSARY)	
		JIIONAL IAGES	II' NECESSART,	

26. Complete the following section for Internal Floating Roof Tanks 🛛 🖾 Does Not Apply							
26A. Deck Type: Bolted Welded							
26B. For Bolted decks, provide deck construction:							
26C. Deck seam:							
Continuous sheet construction 5 feet wide							
	Continuous sheet construction 6 feet wide						
Continuous sheet construction 7 feet wide Continuous sheet construction 5 × 7.5 feet w	vide						
Continuous sheet construction 5 × 12 feet w							
Other (describe)							
26D. Deck seam length (ft)	26E. Are	ea of deck (ft ²)					
For column supported tanks:	26G. Dia	meter of each column:					
26F. Number of columns:							
IV. SITE INFORMANTION (op	tional if providing	TANKS Summary Sheets)					
27. Provide the city and state on which the data in	this section are bas	sed.					
Charleston, WV							
28. Daily Average Ambient Temperature (°F) 70 °	F						
29. Annual Average Maximum Temperature (°F)	65.5 °F						
30. Annual Average Minimum Temperature (°F) 4	4.0 °F						
31. Average Wind Speed (miles/hr) 18 mph							
32. Annual Average Solar Insulation Factor (BTU/	(ft ² ·day)) 1,123						
33. Atmospheric Pressure (psia) 14.70							
V. LIQUID INFORMATION (op	otional if providing	TANKS Summary Sheets)					
34. Average daily temperature range of bulk liquid	l: Ambient						
34A. Minimum (°F)	34B. Ma	ximum (°F)					
35. Average operating pressure range of tank:							
35A. Minimum (psig)	35B. Ma	ximum (psig)					
36A. Minimum Liquid Surface Temperature (°F)	36B. Con	rresponding Vapor Pressure (p	sia)				
37A. Average Liquid Surface Temperature (°F)	37B. Cor	rresponding Vapor Pressure (p	sia)				
38A. Maximum Liquid Surface Temperature (°F) 38B. Con	rresponding Vapor Pressure (ps	sia)				
39. Provide the following for <u>each</u> liquid or gas to 1	be stored in tank.	Add additional pages if necessa	rv.				
39A. Material Name or Composition	Pipeline Fluids						
39B. CAS Number	NA						
39C. Liquid Density (lb/gal)	5.47						
39D. Liquid Molecular Weight (lb/lb-mole)	84.91						
39E. Vapor Molecular Weight (lb/lb-mole)	84.91						

Maximum Vapor Pres 39F. True (psia) 39G. Reid (psia)	sure	NA NA						
Months Storage per Ye 39H. From 39I. To	ear	January December						
VI. EMISSIONS AND CONTROL DEVICE DATA (required)								
40. Emission Control Devices (check as many as apply): 🔀 Does Not Apply								
Carbon Adsorption ¹								
Condenser ¹	Condenser ¹							
Conservation V	Vent (psig)							
Vacuum S	Setting	Pressure Se	etting					
÷ .	lief Valve (psig)							
Inert Gas Blan								
Insulation of T								
	tion (scrubber) ¹							
Refrigeration of								
Rupture Disc (
Vent to Inciner								
Other ¹ (describ	•							
41. Expected Emission Rate (submit Test Data or Calculations here or elsewhere in the application).								
41. Expected Emission	n Rate (submit Test Data		or elsewhere in the appl	ication).				
41. Expected Emission Material Name & CAS No.	n Rate (submit Test Data Breathing Loss (lb/hr)	or Calculations here Working Loss Amount Units	or elsewhere in the appl Annual Loss (lb/yr)	ication). Estimation Method ¹				
Material Name &	Breathing Loss (lb/hr)	Working Loss	Annual Loss (lb/yr)					
Material Name &	Breathing Loss (lb/hr)	Working Loss Amount Units	Annual Loss (lb/yr)					
Material Name &	Breathing Loss (lb/hr)	Working Loss Amount Units	Annual Loss (lb/yr)					
Material Name &	Breathing Loss (lb/hr)	Working Loss Amount Units	Annual Loss (lb/yr)					
Material Name &	Breathing Loss (lb/hr)	Working Loss Amount Units	Annual Loss (lb/yr)					
Material Name &	Breathing Loss (lb/hr)	Working Loss Amount Units	Annual Loss (lb/yr)					
Material Name &	Breathing Loss (lb/hr)	Working Loss Amount Units	Annual Loss (lb/yr)					
Material Name &	Breathing Loss (lb/hr)	Working Loss Amount Units	Annual Loss (lb/yr)					
Material Name &	Breathing Loss (lb/hr)	Working Loss Amount Units	Annual Loss (lb/yr)					

¹ EPA = EPA Emission Factor, MB = Material Balance, SS = Similar Source, ST = Similar Source Test, Throughput Data, O = Other (specify)

Remember to attach emissions calculations, including TANKS Summary Sheets if applicable.

Affected Sources Data

NATURAL GAS COMPRESSOR/GENERATOR ENGINE DATA SHEET

Source Iden	EG-02			
Engine Manu	CATERPILLAR G3512			
Manufacture	1,114 BHP @1800 RPM			
Sou	rce Status ²	New Sou	trce (NS)	
Date Installed	/Modified/Removed ³	20	18	
Engine Manufactu	red/Reconstruction Date ⁴	N	A	
	Stationary Spark Ignition 0 40CFR60 Subpart JJJJ?	N	lo	
	Engine Type ⁶	LB	34S	
	APCD Type ⁷	N	A	
	Fuel Type ⁸	Р	G	
Engine,	H ₂ S (gr/100 scf)	0.	25	
Fuel and Combustion Data	Operating bhp/rpm	1,114 BHP @1800 RPM		
	BSFC (Btu/bhp-hr)	7,075		
	Fuel throughput (ft ³ /hr)	8,7	700	
	Fuel throughput (MMft ³ /yr)	0.	87	
	Operation (hrs/yr)	10	00	
Reference ⁹	Potential Emissions ¹⁰	lbs/hr	tons/yr	
Vendor Guarantee	NO _X	4.91	0.25	
Vendor Guarantee	СО	5.35	0.27	
Vendor Guarantee	VOC	0.81	0.04	
AP-42 Chapter 3.2	SO_2	0.001	< 0.001	
AP-42 Chapter 3.2	PM ₁₀	< 0.001	< 0.001	
AP-42 Chapter 3.2	PM _{2.5}	< 0.001	< 0.001	
AP-42 Chapter 3.2	PMcon	0.03	0.01	
AP-42 Chapter 3.2	Total HAPs	0.66	0.03	

Affected Sources Data

- 1. Enter the appropriate Source Identification Number for each natural gas-fueled reciprocating internal combustion compressor/generator engine located at the compressor station. Multiple compressor engines should be designated CE-1, CE-2, CE-3 etc. Generator engines should be designated GE-1, GE-2, GE-3 etc. If more than three (3) engines exist, please use additional sheets.
- 2. Enter the Source Status using the following codes:

NS	Construction of New Source (installation)	ES	Existing Source
MS	Modification of Existing Source	RS	Removal of Source

- 3. Enter the date (or anticipated date) of the engine's installation (construction of source), modification or removal.
- 4. Enter the date that the engine was manufactured, modified or reconstructed.
- 5. Is the engine a certified stationary spark ignition internal combustion engine according to 40CFR60 Subpart JJJJ. If so, the engine and control device must be operated and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions. You must keep records of conducted maintenance to demonstrate compliance, but no performance testing is required. If the certified engine is not operated and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions, the engine will be considered a non-certified engine and you must demonstrate compliance according to 40CFR§60.4243a(2)(i) through (iii), as appropriate.

Provide a manufacturer's data sheet for all engines being registered.

- 6. Enter the Engine Type designation(s) using the following codes:

 LB2S Lean Burn Two Stroke
 RB4S Rich Burn Four Stroke

 7. Enter the Air Pollution Control Device (APCD) type designation(s) using the following codes:

 Applied and a state of the stat
 - A/FAir/Fuel RatioIRIgnition RetardHEISHigh Energy Ignition SystemSIPCScrew-in Precombustion ChambersPSCPrestratified ChargeLECLow Emission CombustionNSCRRich Burn & Non-Selective Catalytic ReductionSCRLean Burn & Selective Catalytic Reduction
- 8. Enter the Fuel Type using the following codes:
 - PQ Pipeline Quality Natural Gas RG Raw Natural Gas
- 9. Enter the Potential Emissions Data Reference designation using the following codes. Attach all referenced data to this *Compressor/Generator Data Sheet(s)*.

	Manufacturer's Data	AP	AP-42	
GR	GRI-HAPCalc TM	OT	Other	(please list)

10. Enter each engine's Potential to Emit (PTE) for the listed regulated pollutants in pounds per hour and tons per year. PTE shall be calculated at manufacturer's rated brake horsepower and may reflect reduction efficiencies of listed Air Pollution Control Devices. Emergency generator engines may use 500 hours of operation when calculating PTE. PTE data from this data sheet shall be incorporated in the *Emissions Summary Sheet*.

Affected Sources Data

NATURAL GAS COMPRESSOR/GENERATOR ENGINE DATA SHEET

Source Iden	tification Number ¹	EG	i-01				
Engine Manu	facturer and Model	CATERPILLAR G3512					
Manufacture	er's Rated bhp/rpm	1,114 BHP @1800 RPM					
Sou	rce Status ²	New Sou	urce (NS)				
Date Installed	/Modified/Removed ³	20)18				
Engine Manufactu	red/Reconstruction Date ⁴	N	ΙA				
Is this a Certified Engine according to $(Yes \text{ or } No)^5$	Is this a Certified Stationary Spark Ignition Engine according to 40CFR60 Subpart JJJJ? (Yes or No) ⁵						
	Engine Type ⁶	LE	84S				
	APCD Type ⁷	N	ΙA				
	Fuel Type ⁸	Р	G				
Engine,	H ₂ S (gr/100 scf)	0.	25				
Fuel and Combustion Data	Operating bhp/rpm		IP @1800 PM				
	BSFC (Btu/bhp-hr)	7,0)75				
	Fuel throughput (ft ³ /hr)	8,7	700				
	Fuel throughput (MMft ³ /yr)	0.87					
	Operation (hrs/yr)	100					
Reference ⁹	Potential Emissions ¹⁰	lbs/hr	tons/yr				
Vendor Guarantee	NO _X	4.91	0.25				
Vendor Guarantee	CO	5.35	0.27				
Vendor Guarantee	VOC	0.81	0.04				
AP-42 Chapter 3.2	SO_2	0.001	< 0.001				
AP-42 Chapter 3.2	PM ₁₀	< 0.001	< 0.001				
AP-42 Chapter 3.2	PM _{2.5}	< 0.001	< 0.001				
AP-42 Chapter 3.2	PMcon	0.03	0.01				
AP-42 Chapter 3.2	Total HAPs	0.66	0.03				

Affected Sources Data

- 1. Enter the appropriate Source Identification Number for each natural gas-fueled reciprocating internal combustion compressor/generator engine located at the compressor station. Multiple compressor engines should be designated CE-1, CE-2, CE-3 etc. Generator engines should be designated GE-1, GE-2, GE-3 etc. If more than three (3) engines exist, please use additional sheets.
- 2. Enter the Source Status using the following codes:

NS	Construction of New Source (installation)	ES	Existing Source
MS	Modification of Existing Source	RS	Removal of Source

- 3. Enter the date (or anticipated date) of the engine's installation (construction of source), modification or removal.
- 4. Enter the date that the engine was manufactured, modified or reconstructed.
- 5. Is the engine a certified stationary spark ignition internal combustion engine according to 40CFR60 Subpart JJJJ. If so, the engine and control device must be operated and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions. You must keep records of conducted maintenance to demonstrate compliance, but no performance testing is required. If the certified engine is not operated and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions, the engine will be considered a non-certified engine and you must demonstrate compliance according to 40CFR§60.4243a(2)(i) through (iii), as appropriate.

Provide a manufacturer's data sheet for all engines being registered.

- 6. Enter the Engine Type designation(s) using the following codes:

 LB2S Lean Burn Two Stroke
 RB4S Rich Burn Four Stroke

 7. Enter the Air Pollution Control Device (APCD) type designation(s) using the following codes:

 Applied and a state of the stat
 - A/FAir/Fuel RatioIRIgnition RetardHEISHigh Energy Ignition SystemSIPCScrew-in Precombustion ChambersPSCPrestratified ChargeLECLow Emission CombustionNSCRRich Burn & Non-Selective Catalytic ReductionSCRLean Burn & Selective Catalytic Reduction
- 8. Enter the Fuel Type using the following codes:
 - PQ Pipeline Quality Natural Gas RG Raw Natural Gas
- 9. Enter the Potential Emissions Data Reference designation using the following codes. Attach all referenced data to this *Compressor/Generator Data Sheet(s)*.

	Manufacturer's Data	AP	AP-42	
GR	GRI-HAPCalc TM	OT	Other	(please list)

10. Enter each engine's Potential to Emit (PTE) for the listed regulated pollutants in pounds per hour and tons per year. PTE shall be calculated at manufacturer's rated brake horsepower and may reflect reduction efficiencies of listed Air Pollution Control Devices. Emergency generator engines may use 500 hours of operation when calculating PTE. PTE data from this data sheet shall be incorporated in the *Emissions Summary Sheet*.

Air Pollution Control Device Sheet(s)

Attachment M Air Pollution Control Device Sheets

There are no APCD's included within this application for a Class II Administrative Update.

Supporting Emissions Calculations

<u>Updated Table N-1 Permit to Construct Application Project Equipment List</u> ACP Marts Compressor Station - Lewis County, West Virginia

Emission Point ID	Source	Manufacturer	Model/Type	Rated Capacity
CT-01	Compressor Turbine	Solar Turbines	Titan 130-20502S	20,500 hp
CT-02	Compressor Turbine	Solar Turbines	Mars 100-16000S	15,900 hp
CT-03	Compressor Turbine	Solar Turbines	Taurus 70-10802S	11,107 hp
CT-04	Compressor Turbine	Solar Turbines	Taurus 60-7800S	7,684 hp
EG-01	Emergency Generator	Caterpillar	G3512	750 kW
EG-02	Emergency Generator	Caterpillar	G3512	750 kW
FUG-01	Fugitive Leaks - Blowdowns			-
FUG-02	Fugitive Leaks - Piping			-
TK-1	Pipeline Liquids Tanks			3,000 gal
TK-2	Waste Oil Tank			2,000 gal
TK-3	Ammonia Tank			13,000 gal
LR-01	Truck Loading Rack			90 gal/min

*Emission Units in **BOLD** are being changed with this submittal.

Updated Table N-2 Potential Emissions From Combustion Sources

ACP Marts Compressor Station - Lewis County, West Virginia

Generator Operational Parameters:

	1	
Normal Hours of Operation:		100

Pre-Control Potential to Emit

	Power			Criteria Pollutants (tpy)								GHG Emis	sions (tpy)	Ammonia (tpy)	HAP (tpy)		
Combustion Sources	Rating	Units	Fuel	NOx	со	VOC	SO2	PMF	PMF-10	PMF-2.5	PMC	CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e	NH3	Total HAP
Emergency Generator 1	1,114	hp	Natural Gas	0.25	0.27	0.04	8.33E-05	1.09E-05	1.09E-05	1.09E-05	1.40E-03	15.59	0.18	0.000	20.02	0.00	0.03
Emergency Generator 2	1,114	hp	Natural Gas	0.25	0.27	0.04	8.33E-05	1.09E-05	1.09E-05	1.09E-05	1.40E-03	15.59	0.18	0.000	20.02	0.00	0.03
	0.49	0.54	0.08	1.67E-04	2.19E-05	2.19E-05	2.19E-05	2.81E-03	31.18	0.35	0.000	40.04	0.00	0.07			

Control Efficiencies

4.91 5.35 0.81 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.03 311.78 3.54 0.00 400.36 0.00 0.66

Control Technology	NOx	CO	VOC
Emergency Generator 1	N/A	N/A	N/A
Emergency Generator 2	N/A	N/A	N/A

Post-Control Potential to Emit

	Power			Criteria Pollutants (tpy)							GHG Emis	sions (tpy)	Ammonia (tpy)	HAP (tpy)			
Combustion Sources	Rating	Units	Fuel	NOx	со	VOC	SO2	PMF	PMF-10	PMF-2.5	PMC	CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e	NH3	Total HAP
Emergency Generator 1	1,114	hp	Natural Gas	0.25	0.27	0.04	8.33E-05	1.09E-05	1.09E-05	1.09E-05	1.40E-03	15.59	0.18	0.00	20.02	0.00	0.03
Emergency Generator 2	1,114	hp	Natural Gas	0.25	0.27	0.04	8.33E-05	1.09E-05	1.09E-05	1.09E-05	1.40E-03	15.59	0.18	0.00	20.02	0.00	0.03
	Total (ton	s/yr)		0.49	0.54	0.08	1.67E-04	2.19E-05	2.19E-05	2.19E-05	2.81E-03	31.18	0.35	0.000	40.04	0.00	0.07

Updated Table N-4 Combustion Source Criteria Pollutant Emission Factors

ACP Marts Compressor Station - Lewis County, West Virginia

	Engine Emission Factors														
Equipment Type	Fuel	Units	NOx	СО	VOC	SO2	PMF	PMF-10	PMF-2.5	PMC	CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e	NH3
Emergency Generator 1	Natural Gas	g/hp-hr	2.0	2.18	0.33	6.79E-04	8.89803E-05	8.89803E-05	8.89803E-05	0.01144	126.95	1.44261	0	163.015	0
Emergency Generator 2	Natural Gas	g/hp-hr	2.0	2.18	0.33	6.79E-04	8.89803E-05	8.89803E-05	8.89803E-05	0.01144	126.95	1.44261	0	163.015	0

Notes

(1) NOx, CO, and VOC emission factors for Caterpillar Egens taken from Caterpillar Manufacturer data.

(2) SO2, PMF, PMF-10, PMF-2.5, PMC, CO2, CH4, and N2O Emission factors for Caterpillar Egens taken from AP-42 Table 3.2-2 and converted using manufacturer fuel data

(3) Assume PMF=PMF-10=PMF-2.5

(4) CO2 GWP = 1; CH4 GWP = 25; N2O GWP = 298 [40 CFR 98]

<u>Updated Table N-5 Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAP) Emissions From Combustion Sources</u> ACP Marts Compressor Station - Lewis County, West Virginia

Annual H	HAP Emissions	s (lb/vr)	
Annuar			
Pollutant	HAP?	EG-01	EG-02
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	Yes	3.5E-02	3.5E-02
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	Yes	2.8E-02	2.8E-02
1,1-Dichloroethane	Yes	2.1E-02	2.1E-02
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	No	2.0E-02	2.0E-02
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	No	1.3E-02	1.3E-02
1,2-Dichloroethane	Yes	2.1E-02	2.1E-02
1,2-Dichloropropane	Yes	2.4E-02	2.4E-02
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	No	3.0E-02	3.0E-02
1,3-Butadiene	Yes	2.4E-01	2.4E-01
1,3-Dichloropropene	Yes	2.3E-02	2.3E-02
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	Yes	2.2E-01	2.2E-01
2-Methylnaphthalene	No	2.9E-02	2.9E-02
Acenaphthene	No	1.1E-03	1.1E-03
Acenaphthylene	No	4.9E-03	4.9E-03
Acetaldehyde	Yes	7.4E+00	7.4E+00
Acrolein	Yes	4.6E+00	4.6E+00
Benzene	Yes	3.9E-01	3.9E-01
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	No	1.5E-04	1.5E-04
Benzo(e)pyrene	No	3.7E-04	3.7E-04
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	No	3.7E-04	3.7E-04
Biphenyl	Yes	1.9E-01	1.9E-01
Butane	No	4.8E-01	4.8E-01
Butyr/Isobutyraldehyde	No	9.0E-02	9.0E-02
Carbon Tetrachloride	Yes	3.3E-02	3.3E-02
Chlorobenzene	Yes	2.7E-02	2.7E-02
Chloroethane	Yes	1.7E-03	1.7E-03
Chloroform	Yes	2.5E-02	2.5E-02
Chrysene	No	6.1E-04	6.1E-04
Cyclopentane	No	2.0E-01	2.0E-01
Ethane	No	9.3E+00	9.3E+00
Ethylbenzene	Yes	3.5E-02	3.5E-02
Ethylene Dibromide	Yes	3.9E-02	3.9E-02
Fluoranthene	No	9.8E-04	9.8E-04
Fluorene	No	5.0E-03	5.0E-03
Formaldehyde	Yes	4.9E+01	4.9E+01
Hexane (or n-Hexane)	Yes	9.9E-01	9.9E-01
Methanol	Yes	2.2E+00	2.2E+00
Methylcyclohexane	No	1.1E+00	1.1E+00
Methylene Chloride	Yes	1.8E-02	1.8E-02
n-Nonane	No	9.8E-02	9.8E-02
n-Octane	No	3.1E-01	3.1E-01
n-Pentane	No	2.3E+00	2.3E+00
Naphthalene	Yes	6.6E-02	6.6E-02
PAH Dhananthanan	Yes	2.4E-02	2.4E-02
Phenanthrene	No	9.2E-03	9.2E-03
Phenol	Yes	2.1E-02	2.1E-02
Propane	No	3.7E+01	3.7E+01
Pyrene	No	1.2E-03	1.2E-03
Styrene	Yes	2.1E-02	2.1E-02
Tetrachloroethane	No	2.2E-03	2.2E-03
	Yes	3.6E-01	3.6E-01
Vinyl Chloride+A32	Yes	1.3E-02	1.3E-02
Xylene	Yes	1.6E-01	1.6E-01
Total HAP/unit (TPY)	0.033	0.033

Hazardous Air Pollutant

Notes:

(1) Emissions above are on a per unit basis.

(2) Calculations for the emergency generator assume 100 hours of operation.

<u>Update Table N-6 Combustion Source HAP Emission Factors</u> ACP Marts Compressor Station - Lewis County, West Virginia

		Emission	Factors
Pollutant	HAP?	EG-01	EG-02
	-	lb/MMBtu	lb/MMBtu
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	Yes	4.00E-05	4.00E-05
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	Yes	3.18E-05	3.18E-05
1,1-Dichloroethane	Yes	2.36E-05	2.36E-05
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	No	2.30E-05	2.30E-05
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	No	1.43E-05	1.43E-05
1,2-Dichloroethane	Yes	2.36E-05	2.36E-05
1,2-Dichloropropane	Yes	2.69E-05	2.69E-05
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	No	3.38E-05	3.38E-05
1,3-Butadiene	Yes	2.67E-04	2.67E-04
1,3-Dichloropropene	Yes	2.64E-05	2.64E-05
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	Yes	2.50E-04	2.50E-04
2-Methylnaphthalene	No	3.32E-05	3.32E-05
Acenaphthene	No	1.25E-06	1.25E-06
Acenaphthylene	No	5.53E-06	5.53E-06
Acetaldehyde	Yes	8.36E-03	8.36E-03
Acrolein	Yes	5.14E-03	5.14E-03
Benzene	Yes	4.40E-04	4.40E-04
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	No	1.66E-07	1.66E-07
Benzo(e)pyrene	No	4.15E-07	4.15E-07
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	No	4.14E-07	4.14E-07
Biphenyl	Yes	2.12E-04	2.12E-04
Butane	No	5.41E-04	5.41E-04
Butyr/Isobutyraldehyde	No	1.01E-04	1.01E-04
Carbon Tetrachloride	Yes	3.67E-05	3.67E-05
Chlorobenzene	Yes	3.04E-05	3.04E-05
Chloroethane	Yes	1.87E-06	1.87E-06
Chloroform	Yes	2.85E-05	2.85E-05
Chrysene	No	6.93E-07	6.93E-07
Cyclopentane	No	2.27E-04	2.27E-04
Ethane	No	1.05E-02	1.05E-02
Ethylbenzene	Yes	3.97E-05	3.97E-05
Ethylene Dibromide	Yes	4.43E-05	4.43E-05
Fluoranthene	No	1.10E-06	1.10E-06
Fluorene	No	5.67E-06	5.67E-06
Formaldehyde	Yes	2.00E-01	2.00E-01
Hexane (or n-Hexane)	Yes	1.11E-03	1.11E-03
Methanol	Yes	2.50E-03	2.50E-03
Methylcyclohexane	No	1.23E-03	1.23E-03
Methylene Chloride	Yes	2.00E-05	2.00E-05
n-Nonane	No	1.10E-04	1.10E-04
n-Octane	No	3.51E-04	3.51E-04
n-Pentane	No	2.60E-03	2.60E-03
Naphthalene	Yes	7.44E-05	7.44E-05
PAH Department	Yes	2.69E-05	2.69E-05
Phenanthrene Dhanal	No	1.04E-05	1.04E-05
Phenol	Yes	2.40E-05	2.40E-05
Propane	No	4.19E-02	4.19E-02
Pyrene	No	1.36E-06	1.36E-06
Styrene Tetrachlereethane	Yes	2.36E-05	2.36E-05
Tetrachloroethane	No	2.48E-06	2.48E-06
Toluene Vinyl Chloride+A32	Yes Yes	4.08E-04	4.08E-04
		1.49E-05	1.49E-05
Xylene	Yes	1.84E-04	1.84E-04
Total Haps		2.19E-01	2.19E-01

Hazardous Air Pollutant

Notes:

(1) Emission factors for 4 SLB natural gas engines and Caterpillar natural gas emergency generators taken from AP-42 Table 3.2-2

(2) Emission factor for Formaldehyde for Caterpillar natural gas emergency generators is in units of g/bhp-hr, based on vendor specifications

Updated Table N-7 Potential Emissions From Combustion Sources

ACP Marts Compressor Station - Lewis County, West Virginia

Fugitive Emissions (FUG)

Source Designation: FUG-02

Operational Parameters:

Annual Hours of Operation (hr/yr): 8,760

Pipeline Natural Gas Fugitive Emissions

Equipment	Service	Emission Factor ^[1]	Source Count ^[2]	Total HC Poter	ntial Emissions	VOC Weight	VOC Emissions	CO2 Weight	CO ₂ Emissions	CH4 Weight	CH ₄ Emissions	HAP Weight	HAP Emissions
Equipment	Service	kg/hr/source	Source Count ¹	1b/hr	tpy	Fraction	tpy	Fraction	tpy	Fraction	tpy	Fraction	tpy
Valves	Gas	4.50E-03	952	9.44	41.4	0.026	1.08	0.0271	1.12	0.895	37.0	1.48E-03	0.061
Pump Seals	Gas	2.40E-03		0.000	0.000	0.026	0.000	0.0271	0.000	0.895	0.000	1.48E-03	0.000
Others (compressors and others)	Gas	8.80E-03	4	0.078	0.340	0.026	0.009	0.0271	0.009	0.895	0.304	1.48E-03	0.001
Connectors	Gas	2.00E-04	3	0.001	0.006	0.026	1.52E-04	0.0271	1.57E-04	0.895	0.005	1.48E-03	8.57E-06
Flanges	Gas	3.90E-04	658	0.566	2.48	0.026	0.065	0.0271	0.067	0.895	2.22	1.48E-03	0.004
Open-ended lines	Gas	2.00E-03		0.000	0.000	0.026	0.000	0.0271	0.000	0.895	0.000	1.48E-03	0.000
			Total	10.1	44.2	-	1.16	-	1.20	-	39.5	-	0.065

1. EPA Protocol for Equipment Leaks Emissions Estimate (EPA-453/R-95-017) Table 2-4: Oil and Gas Production Operations Emission Factors.

2. Component count based on Basic Systems Engineering Estimate.

3. Source count for fugitive emissions includes equipment from ACP-1, ACP Kincheloe M&R station, and SHP CNX M&R Station.

4. SHP CNX M&R Station source counts based on Long Run M&R Station equipment counts.

Equations:

Potential Emissions (lb/hr) = Emission Factor (kg/hr/source) * Source Count * (2.20462 lb/1 kg)

Potential Emissions (tons/yr) = (lb/hr)_{Potential} × Hours of Operation (hr/yr) × (1 ton/2,000 lb)

Pneumatically Actuated Valve Estimates

Valve Service	Valve Type	Valve Size	Gas Consumed Per Stroke (scf)	Number of Valves	Strokes/Yr Per Valve	VOC Weight Fraction	VOC Emissions (tpy)	CO ₂ Weight Fraction	CO ₂ Emissions (tpy)	CH ₄ Weight Fraction	CH ₄ Emissions (tpy)	HAP Weight Fraction	HAP Emissions (tpy)
Main Line Gates/LR Sites	Ball	42	274.2			0.026	0.000	0.0271	0.000	0.895	0.000	1.48E-03	0.000
Firegates	Ball	36	201	3	2	0.026	0.001	0.0271	0.001	0.895	0.024	1.48E-03	3.97E-05
Station Bypass/Block Valves	Ball	36	201	1	24	0.026	0.003	0.0271	0.003	0.895	0.096	1.48E-03	1.59E-04
Station Firegate/Block Valves	Ball	30	164.4			0.026	0.000	0.0271	0.000	0.895	0.000	1.48E-03	0.000
Filter/Sep Block	Ball	24	127.8	3	2	0.026	4.47E-04	0.0271	4.63E-04	0.895	0.015	1.48E-03	2.52E-05
Station Block Valves	Ball	20	109.5			0.026	0.000	0.0271	0.000	0.895	0.000	1.48E-03	0.000
Station Block Valves	Ball	16	91.2			0.026	0.000	0.0271	0.000	0.895	0.000	1.48E-03	0.000
Run Switching	Ball	16	91.2	4	365	0.026	0.078	0.0271	0.080	0.895	2.65	1.48E-03	0.004
Run Switching/Emergency SD	Ball	12	52.1			0.026	0.000	0.0271	0.000	0.895	0.000	1.48E-03	0.000
Emergency SD	Plug	10	32.6	1	2	0.026	3.80E-05	0.0271	3.93E-05	0.895	0.001	1.48E-03	2.15E-06
Run Switching	Ball	10	32.6			0.026	0.000	0.0271	0.000	0.895	0.000	1.48E-03	0.000
Emergency SD	Ball	8	20.5	1	2	0.026	2.39E-05	0.0271	2.47E-05	0.895	0.001	1.48E-03	1.35E-06
Emergency SD	Plug	6	8.37	2	2	0.026	1.95E-05	0.0271	2.02E-05	0.895	0.001	1.48E-03	1.10E-06
Run Switching	Ball	6	8.37			0.026	0.000	0.0271	0.000	0.895	0.000	1.48E-03	0.000
					Total	-	0.082	-	0.085	-	2.79	-	0.005

Gas	Stream Properties	
Volumetric Flow Rate	385	scf/lb-mol
Methane Molecular Weight	16	lb/lb-mol
Methane Percent Weight	0.934	%

Notes:

1. Valve information, gas consumption, number of valves, and strokes/year per valve based on engineering estimates.

2. Gas stream properties and weight fractions based on a natural gas hydrocarbon composition from Engineering Technology Incorporated Combustion Analysis.

3. Number of valves and strokes/year per valve includes equipment from ACP-1 and ACP Kincheloe M&R station.

Equations:

Pollutant Potential Emissions (tons/yr) = Gas Consumed Per Stroke (scf) x Number of Valves x Strokes Per Year Per Valve / Volumetric Flow Rate (scf/lb-mol) x Methane Molecular Weight (lb/lb-mol) / Methane Percent Weight (%) x Pollutant Weight Fraction x (1 lb / 2,000 ton)

<u>Updated Table N-8a Tank Emissions</u> ACP Marts Compressor Station - Lewis County, West Virginia

Source Designation: TK-1, TK-2, TK-3

Tank Parameters

Source	Type of Tank	Contents	Capacity	Throughput	Tank Diam.	Tank Length	Paint Color	Paint
oodree	Type of Tallk	oomenta	(gal)	gal/yr	ft	ft		Condition
TK-1	Horizontal, fixed	Produced Fluids	3,000	15,000	6.55	11.9	Light Grey	Good
TK-2	Horizontal, fixed	Waste Oil	2,000	10,000	4.12	10	Light Grey	Good

Total Emissions

				VOC Emissi	ions				
Source	Flashing	Flashing Losses	Working	Losses	Breathing	Losses	Total Losses		
	lb/hr	tpy	lb/hr	lb/hr tpy		tpy	lb/hr	tpy	
TK-1 ^[1]	-						0.08	0.37	
TK-2 ^[2]	NA	NA	1.03E-06	4.50E-06	2.98E-06	1.31E-05	4.01E-06	1.76E-05	

1. Losses were calculated for TK-1 using E&P Tanks Software. See attached for output.

2. Losses were calculated for TK-2 using EPA's TANKS 4.09d software with default breather vent settings.

3. Losses (Emissions) from TK-3 13,000-gallon Ammonia tank assumed to be insignifcant.

<u>Updated Table N-9 Project Potential Emissions</u> ACP Marts Compressor Station - Lewis County, West Virginia

		Criteria Pollutants (tpy) GHG Emission									ssions (tpy)	Ammonia (tpy)	HAP (tpy)	
Existing Emission Sources	ID	NOx	СО	VOC	SO2	PMF	PMF-10	PMF-2.5	PMC	CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e	NH3	Total HAP
Emergency Generator	EG-01	0.12	0.45	0.24	4.28E-04	2.79E-02	2.79E-02	2.79E-02	7.21E-03	103	1.03	0.00	129	0.0	0.14
2,500 Gallon Pipeline Liquids Tank	TK-01	-	-	1.76E-05	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Solar Titan 130 Turbine	CT-01	15.01	27.87	1.43	2.53	4.36	4.36	4.36	10.8	90,196	7.40	2.27	91,059	10.2	1.35
Solar Mars 100 Turbine	CT-02	12.35	20.73	1.14	2.08	3.60	3.60	3.60	8.90	74,385	6.00	1.87	75,094	8.12	1.09
Solar Taurus 70 Turbine	CT-03	8.40	13.1	0.78	1.41	2.42	2.42	2.42	5.99	50,035	4.00	1.26	50,511	5.77	0.720
Solar Taurus 60 Turbine	CT-04	6.28	8.45	0.56	1.06	1.83	1.83	1.83	4.53	37,843	2.96	0.954	38,201	4.29	0.530
Fugitive Leaks - Blowdowns	FUG-01	-	-	24.7	-	-	-	-	-	25.6	844	-	21,124	-	1.40
Fugitive Leaks - Piping	FUG-02	-	-	26.80	-	-	-	-	-	1.20	39.5	-	990	-	0.065
Hydrocarbon (Waste Oil) Tank	TK-2	-	-	0.35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Truck Loading Rack	LR-01	-	-	0.006	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.77E-07
Total (tons/yr)		42.16	70.58	56.03	7.08	12.24	12.24	12.24	30.21	252,590	904.84	6.36	277,107	28.38	5.29

					Criteria Pol	lutants (tpy)				GHG Emi	ssions (tpy	')	Ammonia (tpy)	HAP (tpy)
Proposed Emission Sources	ID	NOx	CO	VOC	SO2	PMF	PMF-10	PMF-2.5	PMC	CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e	NH3	Total HAP
Emergency Generator 1	EG-01	0.25	0.27	0.04	8.33E-05	1.09E-05	1.09E-05	1.09E-05	1.40E-03	15.59	0.18	0.00	20.02	0.00	0.03
Emergency Generator 2	EG-02	0.25	0.27	0.04	8.33E-05	1.09E-05	1.09E-05	1.09E-05	1.40E-03	15.59	0.18	0.00	20.02	0.00	0.03
3,000 Gallon Pipeline Liquids Tank	TK-01	-	-	0.37	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Solar Titan 130 Turbine	CT-01	15.01	27.87	1.43	2.53	4.36	4.36	4.36	10.8	90,196	7.40	2.27	91,059	10.2	1.35
Solar Mars 100 Turbine	CT-02	12.35	20.73	1.14	2.08	3.60	3.60	3.60	8.90	74,385	6.00	1.87	75,094	8.12	1.09
Solar Taurus 70 Turbine	CT-03	8.40	13.1	0.78	1.41	2.42	2.42	2.42	5.99	50,035	4.00	1.26	50,511	5.77	0.720
Solar Taurus 60 Turbine	CT-04	6.28	8.45	0.56	1.06	1.83	1.83	1.83	4.53	37,843	2.96	0.954	38,201	4.29	0.530
Fugitive Leaks - Blowdowns	FUG-01	-	-	24.7	-	-	-	-	-	25.6	844	-	21,124	-	1.40
Fugitive Leaks - Piping	FUG-02	-	-	1.24	-	-	-	-	-	1.28	42.3	-	1,059	-	0.070
Hydrocarbon (Waste Oil) Tank	TK-2	-	-	0.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Truck Loading Rack	LR-01	-	-	1.76E-05	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.77E-07
Total (tons/yr)		42.53	70.66	30.33	7.08	12.21	12.21	12.21	30.21	252,518	906.95	6.36	277,088	28.38	5.22

				(Criteria Pol	lutants (tpy	')				GHG Emis	ssions (tpy)	Ammonia (tpy)	HAP (tpy)
Change in Potentials to Emit	ID	NOx	X CO VOC SO2 PMF PMF-10 PMF-2.5 PMC						PMC	CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e	NH3	Total HAP
Total Net Change		0.38	8 0.08 (25.70) (0.000) (0.03) (0.03) (0.03)						(0.004)	(71.62)	2.11	0.000	(18.84)	0.000	(0.07)

G3512

GAS ENGINE TECHNICAL DATA

CATERPILLAR®

ENGINE SPEED (rpm): COMPRESSION RATIO: AFTERCOOLER TYPE: AFTERCOOLER - STAGE 2 INLET (°F): AFTERCOOLER - STAGE 1 INLET (°F): JACKET WATER OUTLET (°F): ASPIRATION: COOLING SYSTEM: CONTROL SYSTEM: EXHAUST MANIFOLD: COMBUSTION: NOX EMISSION LEVEL (g/bhp-hr NOX):	JW+OC+1AC, 2AC FUEL METH ADEM4 W/ IM FUEL LHV (DN: /EL: EM: SURE RANGE(psig IANE NUMBER: Btu/scf): JAPABILITY AT 77 CTOR:	, ,	ИР. (ft):		EMERGENCY GENSET STANDBY NAT GAS LOW PRESSURE RATIO CONTROL 0.5-5.0 85 905 9843 0.8 480-4160
RATING	,	NOTES	LOAD	100%	75%	50%
GENSET POWER	(WITHOUT FAN)	(2)(3)	ekW	785	589	393
GENSET POWER	(WITHOUT FAN)	(2)(3)	kVA	981	736	491
ENGINE POWER	(WITHOUT FAN)	(2)(3)	bhp	1114	841	571
GENERATOR EFFICIENCY	(WITTOOT FAI)	(3)	%	94.5	93.9	92.2
GENSET EFFICIENCY(@ 1.0 Power Factor)	(ISO 3046/1)	(2)	%	35.3	33.7	30.4
THERMAL EFFICIENCY		(4)	%	49.5	50.9	52.8
TOTAL EFFICIENCY (@ 1.0 Power Factor)		(6)	%	84.8	84.6	83.2
	ATA	(0)	,,,	01.0	01.0	00.2
	ATA (ISO 3046/1)	(7)		0040	40000	11/00
GENSET FUEL CONSUMPTION GENSET FUEL CONSUMPTION	(ISO 3046/1) (NOMINAL)	(7)	Btu/ekW-hr Btu/ekW-hr	9849 10041	10338 10539	11490 11713
ENGINE FUEL CONSUMPTION	(NOMINAL)	(7)		7075	7379	8053
	(NOMINAL) (WET)	(7)	Btu/bhp-hr			
AIR FLOW (77°F, 14.7 psia)	(WET) (WET)	(8) (9)	ft3/min	2397	1860	1345
AIR FLOW	(****)	(8) (9)	lb/hr	10628	8246	5966
FUEL FLOW (60°F, 14.7 psia)			scfm	145	114	85
COMPRESSOR OUT PRESSURE			in Hg(abs)	69.3	56.7	44.2
			°F	262	215	163
		(10)		137	138 49.2	138
INLET MAN. PRESSURE	(MEASURED IN PLENUM)	(10)	in Hg(abs) °F	62.0		36.5
INLET MAN. TEMPERATURE	(MEASURED IN PLENUM)	(11)		137	138	138
		(10)	°BTDC	32	32	32
EXHAUST TEMPERATURE - ENGINE OUTLET		(12)	°F	997	1004	1004
EXHAUST GAS FLOW (@engine outlet temp, 14.5	psia) (WET) (WET)	(13) (9)	ft3/min	7013	5473	3965
EXHAUST GAS MASS FLOW	(WET)	(13) (9)	lb/hr	11027	8560	6199
EMISSIONS DATA -	ENGINE OUT					
NOx (as NO2)		(14)(15)	g/bhp-hr	2.00	2.00	2.00
		(14)(16)	g/bhp-hr	1.86	1.95	2.18
THC (mol. wt. of 15.84)		(14)(16)	g/bhp-hr	2.23	2.42	2.73
NMHC (mol. wt. of 15.84)		(14)(16)	g/bhp-hr	0.38	0.41	0.46
NMNEHC (VOCs) (mol. wt. of 15.84)		(14)(16)(17)	g/bhp-hr	0.27	0.29	0.33
HCHO (Formaldehyde)		(14)(16)	g/bhp-hr	0.17	0.18	0.20
		(14)(16)	g/bhp-hr	490	512	557
EXHAUST OXYGEN		(14)(18)	% DRY	9.1	8.9	8.6
LAMBDA		(14)(18)		1.69	1.67	1.63
ENERGY BALAN						
LHV INPUT		(19)	Btu/min	131364	103413	76624
HEAT REJECTION TO JACKET WATER (JW)		(20)(28)	Btu/min	20785	18695	16274
HEAT REJECTION TO ATMOSPHERE		(21)	Btu/min	5713	4931	4715
HEAT REJECTION TO LUBE OIL (OC)		(22)(28)	Btu/min	4297	3833	3271
HEAT REJECTION TO EXHAUST (LHV TO 77°F)		(23)(24)	Btu/min	46579	36542	26543
HEAT REJECTION TO EXHAUST (LHV TO 248°F)		(23)	Btu/min	37211	29201	21168
HEAT REJECTION TO A/C - STAGE 1 (1AC)		(25)(28)	Btu/min	2073	325	-798
HEAT REJECTION TO A/C - STAGE 2 (2AC)		(26)(29)	Btu/min	3705	2459	1439
PUMP POWER		(27)	Btu/min	971	971	971

CONDITIONS AND DEFINITIONS

Engine rating obtained and presented in accordance with ISO 3046/1. (Standard reference conditions of 77°F, 29.60 in Hg barometric pressure.) No overload permitted at rating shown. Consult the altitude deration factor chart for applications that exceed the rated altitude or temperature.

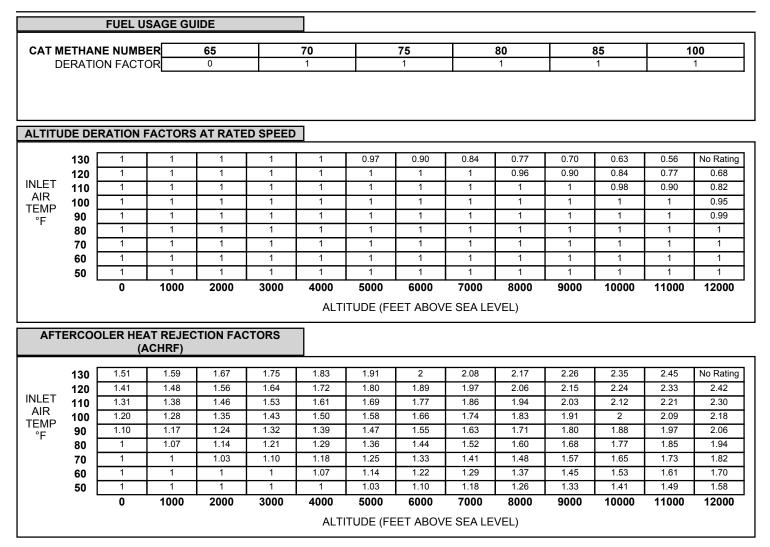
Emission levels are at engine exhaust flange prior to any after treatment. Values are based on engine operating at steady state conditions, adjusted to the specified NOx level at 100% load. Tolerances specified are dependent upon fuel quality. Fuel methane number cannot vary more than ± 3.

For notes information consult page three.

G3512

GAS ENGINE TECHNICAL DATA





FUEL USAGE GUIDE:

This table shows the derate factor required for a given fuel. Note that deration occurs as the methane number decreases. Methane number is a scale to measure detonation characteristics of various fuels. The methane number of a fuel is determined by using the Caterpillar methane number calculation.

ALTITUDE DERATION FACTORS:

This table shows the deration required for various air inlet temperatures and altitudes. Use this information along with the fuel usage guide chart to help determine actual engine power for your site. The derate factors shown do not take into account external cooling system capacity. The derate factors provided assume the external cooling system can maintain the specified cooling water temperatures at site conditions.

ACTUAL ENGINE RATING:

To determine the actual rating of the engine at site conditions, one must consider separately, limitations due to fuel characteristics and air system limitations. The Fuel Usage Guide deration establishes fuel limitations. The Altitude/Temperature deration factors and RPC (reference the Caterpillar Methane Program) establish air system limitations. RPC comes into play when the Altitude/Temperature deration is less than 1.0 (100%). Under this condition, add the two factors together. When the site conditions do not require an Altitude/ Temperature derate (factor is 1.0), it is assumed the turbocharger has sufficient capability to overcome the low fuel relative power, and RPC is ignored. To determine the actual power available, take the lowest rating between 1) and 2).

1) Fuel Usage Guide Deration

2) 1-((1-Altitude/Temperature Deration) + (1-RPC))

AFTERCOOLER HEAT REJECTION FACTORS(ACHRF):

To maintain a constant air inlet manifold temperature, as the inlet air temperature goes up, so must the heat rejection. As altitude increases, the turbocharger must work harder to overcome the lower atmospheric pressure. This increases the amount of heat that must be removed from the inlet air by the aftercooler. Use the aftercooler heat rejection factor (ACHRF) to adjust for inlet air temp and altitude conditions. See notes 28 and 29 for application of this factor in calculating the heat exchanger sizing criteria. Failure to properly account for these factors could result in detonation and cause the engine to shutdown or fail.

NOTES:

1. Fuel pressure range specified is to the engine fuel control valve. Additional fuel train components should be considered in pressure and flow calculations.

2. Generator efficiencies, power factor, and voltage are based on standard generator. [Genset Power (ekW) is calculated as: Engine Power (bkW) x Generator Efficiency], [Genset Power (kVA) is calculated as: Engine Power (bkW) x Generator Efficiency / Power Factor]

. Rating is with two engine driven water pumps. Tolerance is (+)3, (-)0% of full load.

Genset Efficiency published in accordance with ISO 3046/1, based on a 1.0 power factor.

Thermal Efficiency is calculated based on energy recovery from the jacket water, lube oil, 1st stage aftercooler, and exhaust to 248°F with engine operation at ISO 3046/1 Genset Efficiency, and assumes unburned fuel is converted in an oxidation catalyst.

 6. Total efficiency is calculated as: Genset Efficiency + Thermal Efficiency. Tolerance is ±10% of full load data.
 7. ISO 3046/1 Genset fuel consumption tolerance is (+)5, (-)0% at the specified power factor. Nominal genset and engine fuel consumption tolerance is ± 3.0% of full load data at the specified power factor.

8. Air flow value is on a 'wet' basis. Flow is a nominal value with a tolerance of ± 5 %.

9. Inlet and Exhaust Restrictions must not exceed A&I limits based on full load flow rates from the standard technical data sheet.

10. Inlet manifold pressure is a nominal value with a tolerance of ± 5 %

11. Inlet manifold temperature is a nominal value with a tolerance of ± 9°F

12. Exhaust temperature is a nominal value with a tolerance of (+)63°F, (-)54°F. 13. Exhaust flow value is on a 'wet' basis. Flow is a nominal value with a tolerance of \pm 6 %.

14. Emissions data is at engine exhaust flange prior to any after treatment. 15. NOx values are the maximum values expected under steady state conditions.

16. CO, CO2, THC, NMHC, NMNEHC, and HCHO are the maximum values expected under steady state conditions. THC, NMHC, and NMNEHC do not include aldehydes. An oxidation catalyst may be required to meet Federal. State or local CO or HC requirements.

17. VOCs - Volatile organic compounds as defined in US EPA 40 CFR 60, subpart JJJJ

18. Exhaust Oxygen tolerance is ± 0.5. Lambda tolerance is ± 0.05. Lambda and Exhaust Oxygen level are the result of adjusting the engine to operate at the specified NOx level. 19. LHV rate tolerance is ± 3.0%.

20. Heat rejection to jacket water value displayed includes heat to jacket water alone. Value is based on treated water. Tolerance is ± 10% of full load data.

Heat rejection to atmosphere based on treated water. Tolerance is ± 50% of full load data.

22. Lube oil heat rate based on treated water. Tolerance is ± 20% of full load data.

Exhaust heat rate based on treated water. Tolerance is ± 10% of full load data.

24. Heat rejection to exhaust (LHV to 77°F) value shown includes unburned fuel and is not intended to be used for sizing or recovery calculations.

25. Heat rejection to A/C - Stage 1 based on treated water. Tolerance is ±5% of full load data

26. Heat rejection to A/C - Stage 2 based on treated water. Tolerance is ±5% of full load data.

27. Pump power includes engine driven jacket water and aftercooler water pumps. Engine brake power includes effects of pump power.

28. Total Jacket Water Circuit heat rejection is calculated as: (JW x 1.1) + (OC x 1.2) + (1AC x 1.05) + [0.76 x (1AC + 2AC) x (ACHRF - 1) x 1.05]. Heat exchanger sizing criterion is maximum circuit heat rejection at site conditions, with applied tolerances. A cooling system safety factor may be multiplied by the total circuit heat rejection to provide additional margin. 29. Total Second Stage Aftercooler Circuit heat rejection is calculated as: (2AC x 1.05) + [(1AC + 2AC) x 0.24 x (ACHRF - 1) x 1.05]. Heat exchanger sizing criterion is maximum circuit heat rejection at site conditions, with applied tolerances. A cooling system safety factor may be multiplied by the total circuit heat rejection to provide additional margin.

_

FREE FIELD MECHANICAL & EXHAUST NOISE

.

. .

MECHANICA	L: Sound	Power (1	/3 Octave	Frequen	cies)								
Gen Power Without Fan	Percent Load	Engine Power	Overall	100 Hz	125 Hz	160 Hz	200 Hz	250 Hz	315 Hz	400 Hz	500 Hz	630 Hz	800 Hz
ekW	%	bhp	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)
785	100	1114	122.9	107.7	109.4	113.7	110.6	108.2	113.1	111.5	112.0	111.4	109.6
589	75	841	122.2	107.0	108.4	113.9	109.9	108.1	112.9	111.7	111.3	111.1	109.3
393	50	571	121.9	107.0	107.5	113.6	107.7	107.4	113.0	111.7	111.8	110.9	109.1

MECHANICAL: Sound Power (1/3 Octave Frequencies)

Gen Power	Percent	Engine											
Without Fan	Load	Power	1 kHz	1.25 kHz	1.6 kHz	2 kHz	2.5 kHz	3.15 kHz	4 kHz	5 kHz	6.3 kHz	8 kHz	10 kHz
ekW	%	bhp	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)
785	100	1114	109.8	109.0	108.4	106.8	107.5	106.5	105.1	105.8	112.6	103.1	100.6
589	75	841	109.5	108.3	108.0	105.8	106.5	104.9	104.3	108.6	101.3	99.4	98.5
393	50	571	109.1	107.9	107.6	105.7	105.1	104.9	109.3	100.3	99.3	97.2	94.2

EXHAUST: Sound Power (1/3 Octave Frequencies)

	Gen Power Without Fan	Percent Load	Engine Power	Overall	100 Hz	125 Hz	160 Hz	200 Hz	250 Hz	315 Hz	400 Hz	500 Hz	630 Hz	800 Hz
E	ekW	%	bhp	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)
Γ	785	100	1114	128.6	113.8	121.1	115.0	117.9	120.5	122.3	120.2	112.9	113.8	114.3
Ε	589	75	841	127.0	113.5	121.1	113.3	115.3	118.3	119.5	118.6	112.6	112.3	112.2
Г	393	50	571	126.3	112.8	120.7	112.6	114.3	117.3	118.8	118.5	111.7	110.2	110.1

EXHAUST: Sound Power (1/3 Octave Frequencies)

Gen Power	Percent	Engine											
Without Fan	Load	Power	1 kHz	1.25 kHz	1.6 kHz	2 kHz	2.5 kHz	3.15 kHz	4 kHz	5 kHz	6.3 kHz	8 kHz	10 kHz
ekW	%	bhp	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)	dB(A)
785	100	1114	110.6	105.8	104.7	100.1	99.1	99.3	96.3	92.4	97.8	87.6	83.4
589	75	841	108.7	104.8	102.9	97.0	96.6	96.6	94.2	94.2	87.0	85.9	80.7
393	50	571	107.3	103.8	101.8	95.1	94.5	94.9	95.2	88.5	88.8	80.9	75.4

SOUND PARAMETER DEFINITION:

Sound Power Level Data - DM8702-03

Sound power is defined as the total sound energy emanating from a source irrespective of direction or distance. Sound power level data is presented under two index headings:

Sound power level -- Mechanical Sound power level -- Exhaust

Mechanical: Sound power level data is calculated in accordance with ISO 3747. The data is recorded with the exhaust sound source isolated.

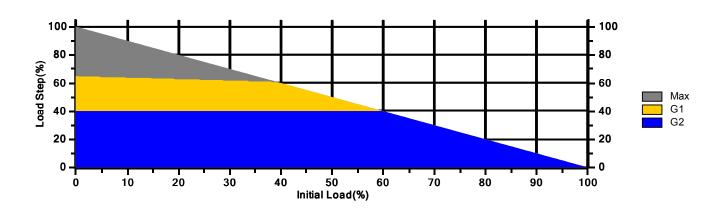
Exhaust: Sound power level data is calculated in accordance with ISO 6798 Annex A. Exhaust data is post-catalyst on gas engine ratings labeled as "Integrated Catalyst".

Measurements made in accordance with ISO 3747 and ISO 6798 for mechanical and exhaust sound level only. Frequency bands outside the displayed ranges are not measured, due to physical test, and environmental conditions that affect the accuracy of the measurement. No cooling system noise is included unless specifically indicated. Sound level data is indicative of noise levels recorded on one engine sample in a survey grade 3 environment.

How an engine is packaged, installed and the site acoustical environment will affect the site specific sound levels. For site specific sound level guarantees, sound data collection needs to be done on-site or under similar conditions.

"Heat Soaked"

Load Acceptance



Transient Loa	d Acceptance				
Load Step	Frequency Deviation +/- (%)	Voltage Deviation +/- (%)	Recovery Time (sec)	Classification as Defined by ISO 8528 - 5	Notes
100	+1/-15	+2/-45	12		
75	+2/-14	+3/-40	6.5		
50	+2/-11	+1/-21	5	G1	2
40	+1/-9	+2/-17	5	G2	3
30	+1/-6	+1/-12	4.5	G2	3
20	+1/-5	+1/-8	4.5	G2	3
10	+2/-4	+1/-6	4.5	G2	3
Breaker Open	+11/-2	+12/-2	3.5		1
Recovery Specification	+3.5/-3.5	+5/-5			
Steady State Specification	+2.5/-2.5	+5/-5			

Transient Information

The transient load steps listed above are stated as a percentage of the engine's full rated load as indicated in the appropriate performance technical data sheet. Site ambient conditions, fuel quality, inlet/exhaust restriction and emissions settings will all affect engine response to load change. Engines that are not operating at the standard conditions stated in the Technical data sheet should be set up according to the guidelines included in the technical data; applying timing changes and/or engine derates as needed. Adherence to the engine settings guidelines will allow the engines to retain the transient performance stated in the tables above as a percentage of the site derated power (where appropriate). Fuel supply pressure and stability is critical to transient performance. Proper installation requires that all fuel train components (including filters, shut off valves, and regulators) be sized to ensure adequate fuel be delivered to the engine. The following are fuel pressure requirements to be measured at the engine mounted fuel control valve.

a. Steady State Fuel Pressure Stability +/- .15 psi/sec

b. Transient fuel Pressure Stability +/- .15 psi/sec

Inlet water temperature to the SCAC must be maintained at specified value for all engines. It is important that the external cooling system design is able to maintain the Inlet water temp to the SCAC to within +/- 1 °C during all engine-operating cycles. The SCAC inlet temperature stability criterion is to maintain stable inlet manifold air temperature. The Air Fuel Ratio control system requires up to 180 seconds to converge after a load step has been performed for NOx to return to nominal setting. If the stabilization time is not met between load steps the transient performance listed in the document may not be met. Differences in generator inertia may change the transient response of engine. Engine Governor gains and Voltage regulator settings may need to be tuned for site conditions. Engines must be maintained in accordance to guidelines specified in the Caterpillar Service Manuals applicable to each engine. Wear of components outside of the specified tolerances will affect the transient capability of the engine. Transient performance data is representative of a "Hot" (previously loaded or fully heat soaked) genset.

NOTES

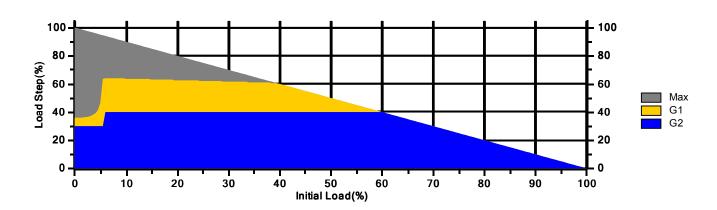
1. For unloading the engine to 0% load from a loaded condition no external input is needed. The engine control algorithm employs a load sensing strategy to determine a load drop. In the event that the local generator breaker opens the strategy provides control to the engine that resets all control inputs to the rated idle condition. This prevents engine over speeding and will allow the engine to remain running unloaded at the rated synchronous speed.

2. The engines specified above have been tested against the voltage deviation, frequency deviation, and recovery time requirements defined in ISO 8528 - 5. At this time the engines stated above will meet class G1 transient performance as defined by ISO 8528 - 5 with exceptions.

3. The engines specified above have been tested against the voltage deviation, frequency deviation, and recovery time requirements defined in ISO 8528 - 5. At this time the engines stated above will meet class G2 transient performance as defined by ISO 8528 - 5 with exceptions.

"Cold Soaked"

Load Acceptance



Transient Loa	d Acceptance				
Load Step	Frequency Deviation +/- (%)	Voltage Deviation +/- (%)	Recovery Time (sec)	Classification as Defined by ISO 8528 - 5	Notes
100	+3/-18	+3/-50	50		
75	+3/-18	+3/-50	50		
50	+3/-13	+1/-24	35		
40	+3/-9	+6/-24	20		
30	+2/-6	+1/-12	5	G2	3
20	+1/-5	+1/-8	4.5	G2	3
10	+2/-4	+1/-6	4.5	G2	3
Breaker Open	+11/-2	+12/-2	3.5		1
Recovery Specification	+3.5/-3.5	+5/-5			
Steady State Specification	+2.5/-2.5	+5/-5			

Transient Information

The transient load steps listed above are stated as a percentage of the engine's full rated load as indicated in the appropriate performance technical data sheet. Site ambient conditions, fuel quality, inlet/exhaust restriction and emissions settings will all affect engine response to load change. Engines that are not operating at the standard conditions stated in the Technical data sheet should be set up according to the guidelines included in the technical data; applying timing changes and/or engine derates as needed. Adherence to the engine settings guidelines will allow the engines to retain the transient performance stated in the tables above as a percentage of the site derated power (where appropriate). Fuel supply pressure and stability is critical to transient performance. Proper installation requires that all fuel train components (including filters, shut off valves, and regulators) be sized to ensure adequate fuel be delivered to the engine. The following are fuel pressure requirements to be measured at the engine mounted fuel control valve.

a. Steady State Fuel Pressure Stability +/- .15 psi/sec

b. Transient fuel Pressure Stability +/- .15 psi/sec

Inlet water temperature to the SCAC must be maintained at specified value for all engines. It is important that the external cooling system design is able to maintain the Inlet water temp to the SCAC to within +/- 1 °C during all engine-operating cycles. The SCAC inlet temperature stability criterion is to maintain stable inlet manifold air temperature. The Air Fuel Ratio control system requires up to 180 seconds to converge after a load step has been performed for NOx to return to nominal setting. If the stabilization time is not met between load steps the transient performance listed in the document may not be met. Differences in generator inertia may change the transient response of engine. Engine Governor gains and Voltage regulator settings may need to be tuned for site conditions. Engines must be maintained in accordance to guidelines specified in the Caterpillar Service Manuals applicable to each engine. Wear of components outside of the specified tolerances will affect the transient capability of the engine. Transient performance data is representative of a "Cold" genset, which is typical for initial loading in standby applications. The data assumes any subsequent load steps are applied to a "Hot" (previously loaded or fully heat soaked) genset. Insufficient warm up time may result in reduced transient performance.

NOTES

1. For unloading the engine to 0% load from a loaded condition no external input is needed. The engine control algorithm employs a load sensing strategy to determine a load drop. In the event that the local generator breaker opens the strategy provides control to the engine that resets all control inputs to the rated idle condition. This prevents engine over speeding and will allow the engine to remain running unloaded at the rated synchronous speed.

and will allow the engine to remain running unloaded at the rated synchronous speed. 2. The engines specified above have been tested against the voltage deviation, frequency deviation, and recovery time requirements defined in ISO 8528 - 5. At this time the engines stated above will meet class G1 transient performance as defined by ISO 8528 - 5 with exceptions.

3. The engines specified above have been tested against the voltage deviation, frequency deviation, and recovery time requirements defined in ISO 8528 - 5. At this time the engines stated above will meet class G2 transient performance as defined by ISO 8528 - 5 with exceptions.

****	*****
* Project Setup Inform	

-	: M:\Projects\D\Dominion\Atlantic Coastal Pipeline and Supply Header Pipeline\Draft Ru
Flowsheet Selection Calculation Method	: Oil Tank with Separator : AP42
	: 100.0%
-	: Low Pressure Gas
Entering Air Composition	
Date	: 2015.07.13
*****	***************************************
* Data Input	*
******************************	***************************************
Separator Pressure	: 552.00[psig]
-	: 77.00[F]
Molar GOR	: 0.0500
Ambient Pressure	: 14.70[psia]
Ambient Temperature	: 70.00[F]
C10+ SG	: 0.8990
C10+ MW	: 166.00
Low Pressure Gas	
No. Component	mol %
1 H2S	0.0000
2 02	0.0000
3 CO2	1.0410
4 N2	0.9940
5 C1	94.2060
6 C2	2.9230
7 C3	0.5460
8 i-C4	0.0790
9 n-C4	0.0840
10 i-C5	0.0240
11 n-C5 12 C6	0.0220
12 C6 13 C7+	0.0320 0.0490
14 Benzene	0.0000
15 Toluene	0.0000
16 E-Benzene	0.0000
17 Xylenes	0.0000
18 n-C6	0.0000
19 224Trimethylp	0.0000
C7+ Molar Ratio: C7 .	C8 : C9 : C10+
	1.0000 1.0000 1.0000
	2.0000 2.0000 2.0000
Production Rate	
Days of Annual Operation	
API Gravity	: 46.0
Reid Vapor Pressure	: 7.70[psia]
Bulk Temperature	: 80.00[F]
Tank and Shell Data	
Diameter	: 6.55[ft]
Shell Height	: 6.55[ft] : 11.90[ft]
Cone Roof Slope	: 0.06
Average Liquid Height	: 2.50[ft]
Vent Pressure Range	
Solar Absorbance	: 0.54
Meteorological Data	
·····	

City : Charleston, WV Ambient Pressure Ambient Pressure: 14.70[psia]Ambient Temperature: 70.00[F] Min Ambient Temperature : 44.00[F] Max Ambient Temperature : 65.50[F] Total Solar Insolation : 1123.00[Btu/ft^2*day] Calculation Results -- Emission Summary -----Uncontrolled Uncontrolled Item [ton/yr] [lb/hr] Total HAPs 0.010 0.002 0.440 0.398 Total HC 0.100 VOCs, C2+ 0.091 0.366 VOCs, C3+ 0.084 Uncontrolled Recovery Info. Vapor 21.3600 x1E-3 [MSCFD] HC Vapor 20.1300 x1E-3 [MSCFD] GOR 26.21 [SCF/bbl] -- Emission Composition ------No Component Uncontrolled Uncontrolled [ton/yr] [lb/hr]1 H2S 0.002 0.000 0.000 0.000 2 02 3 CO2 0.022 0.005 0.001 0.000 4 N2 0.042 0.032 0.074 5 C1 0.010 6 C2 0.007 0.017 C3 7 0.032 8 i-C4 0.007 0.104 0.044 0.055 0.018 9 n-C4 0.024 10 i-C5 0.010 11 n-C5 0.013 12 C6 0.004 0.018 13 C7 0.004 14 C8 0.007 0.002
 0.001

 0.10+
 0.000

 17
 Benzene
 0.001

 18
 Toluene
 0.000

 19
 E-Benzene
 0.000

 20
 Xylenes
 0.000

 21
 n-C6
 0.012

 22
 224Triangle
 0.012
 0.001 15 C9 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.003 22 224Trimethylp 0.000 0.000 Total 0.465 0.106 -- Stream Data -----No. Component MW LP Oil Flash Oil Sale Oil Flash Gas W&S Gas Total Emissions
 mol %
 <th 1 H2S 34.80 0.5300 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 32.00 0.0000 2 02 3 CO2 44.01 0.2437 0.0907 0.0000 6.3467 0.0001 4.8932 4 N2 28.01 0.0102 0.0005 0.0000 0.3990 0.0001 0.3077 C1 0.9543 0.1475 0.0000 33.1362 0.0001 25.5474 5 16.04 0.0000 13.3133 0.0001 0.1650 18.8508 7.7283 6 C2 30.07 0.6701 0.3531 10.2643 7 C3 44.10 2.1827 1.7648 16.3035 1.1269 1.0450 0.4199 4.3934 8 i-C4 58.12 8.4794 5.3292 9 n-C4 4.6091 4.4100 2.4201 12.5490 33.8903 17.4366 58.12 10 i-C5 72.15 3.1066 3.0997 2.5845 3.3810 14.4418 5.9141 18.6415 72.15 5.0823 11 n-C5 5.0558 4.5640 4.0000 7.3532 2.0339 12 C6 86.16 4.1726 1.0044 5.4996 4.2520 4.3903 10.3655 10.6043 11.4043 0.8388 4.9220 13 C7 100.20 1.7740

14	C8	114.23	10.8426	11.1074	12.1183	0.2806	1.7185	0.6099
15	С9	128.28	5.5127	5.6497	6.1918	0.0497	0.3141	0.1103
16	C10+	166.00	45.9695	47.1217	51.7705	0.0099	0.0646	0.0224
17	Benzene	78.11	0.5685	0.5808	0.6160	0.0778	0.4364	0.1599
18	Toluene	92.13	0.2132	0.2183	0.2375	0.0082	0.0484	0.0174
19	E-Benzene	106.17	0.0711	0.0729	0.0798	0.0009	0.0055	0.0020
20	Xylenes	106.17	0.6802	0.6971	0.7636	0.0075	0.0461	0.0163
21	n-C6	86.18	3.5939	3.6672	3.8386	0.6694	3.7494	1.3748
22	224Trimethylp	114.24	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	MW		123.89	126.03	131.01	38.64	67.38	45.22
	Stream Mole Ratio		1.0000	0.9755	0.9683	0.0245	0.0073	0.0317
	Heating Value	[BTU/SCF]				2044.13	3737.28	2431.90
	Gas Gravity	[Gas/Air]				1.33	2.33	1.56
	Bubble Pt. @ 100F	[psia]	56.28	19.66	4.78			
	RVP @ 100F	[psia]	126.75	78.89	30.62			
	Spec. Gravity @ 100F		0.800	0.803	0.813			

Monitoring/Recordkeeping/Reporting/Testing Plans

Monitoring, Recordkeeping, Reporting, Testing Plans.

ACP, LLC. will comply all of the monitoring, recordkeeping, reporting, and testing requirements established in the issued permit for the Marts Compressor Station.

Public Notice

AIR QUALITY PERMIT NOTICE Notice of Application

Notice is given that Atlantic Coast Pipeline, LLC. has applied to the West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection, Division of Air Quality, for a Class II Administrative Update for a compressor station operation located in West Milford, Lewis County, West Virginia. The latitude and longitude coordinates are: 39.14190 and -80.47318.

The applicant estimates the increased potential to discharge the following regulated air pollutants on a facility-wide basis will be:

Carbon Monoxide (CO) = 0.08 tpy Nitrogen Oxides (NO_x) = 0.38 tpy

Written comments will be received by the West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection, Division of Air Quality, 601 57th Street, SE, Charleston, WV 25304, for at least 30 calendar days from the date of publication of this notice.

Any questions regarding this permit application should be directed to the DAQ at (304) 926-0499, extension 1250, during normal business hours.

Dated this the (Day) day of (Month), (Year).

By: Atlantic Coast Pipeline, LLC. Leslie Hartz Vice President Pipeline Construction 5000 Dominion Blvd. Glen Allen, VA 23060