West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection

Austin Caperton
Cabinet Secretary

Title V Operating Permit Revision

For Minor Modification Permitting Action Under 45CSR30 and Title V of the Clean Air Act

Permit Action Number: MM01 and MM02
Name of Permittee: Union Carbide Corporation
Facility Name/Location: South Charleston
County: Kanawha
Facility Address: PO Box 8361
South Charleston, WV 25303

SIC: 2869

Description of Permit Revision: These modifications involve allowing the Annual Emissions Inventory to satisfy the requirement to certify benzene and formaldehyde emissions and adding an alternative operating scenario that allows for use of a granular activated carbon bed as a control device. 40 CFR 63, Subpart GGGGG requirements for this activated carbon bed have been added to this Permit.

Title V Permit Information:
Permit Number: R30-03900003-2018
Issued Date: January 9, 2018
Effective Date: January 23, 2018
Expiration Date: January 9, 2023

Directions To Facility: I-64 West and take the Montrose Exit. Come down the road towards the river and proceed straight through the traffic light across MacCorkle Avenue directly into the South Charleston Facility.

THIS PERMIT REVISION IS ISSUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE WEST VIRGINIA AIR POLLUTION CONTROL ACT (W.V.A. CODE §§ 22-5-1 ET SEQ.) AND 45CSR30 - "REQUIREMENTS FOR OPERATING PERMITS." THE PERMITTEE IDENTIFIED AT THE FACILITY ABOVE IS AUTHORIZED TO OPERATE THE STATIONARY SOURCES OF AIR POLLUTANTS IDENTIFIED HEREIN IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THIS PERMIT.

William F. Durham
Director, Division of Air Quality

October 22, 2018
Date Issued
Permit Number: R30-03900003-2018
Permittee: Union Carbide Corporation
(A Subsidiary of The Dow Chemical Company)
Facility Name: South Charleston
Mailing Address: PO Box 8361
South Charleston, WV 25303

This permit is issued in accordance with the West Virginia Air Pollution Control Act (West Virginia Code §§ 22-5-1 et seq.) and 45CSR30 — Requirements for Operating Permits. The permittee identified at the above-referenced facility is authorized to operate the stationary sources of air pollutants identified herein in accordance with all terms and conditions of this permit.

Facility Location: South Charleston, Kanawha County, West Virginia
Telephone Number: (304) 747-7000
Type of Business Entity: Corporation
Facility Description: Industrial Organic Chemical Manufacturing
SIC Codes: 2869
UTM Coordinates: 440.026 km Easting • 4,246.927 km Northing • Zone 17

Permit Writer: Rebecca H. Johnson

Any person whose interest may be affected, including, but not necessarily limited to, the applicant and any person who participated in the public comment process, by a permit issued, modified or denied by the Secretary may appeal such action of the Secretary to the Air Quality Board pursuant to article one [§§ 22B-1-1 et seq.], Chapter 22B of the Code of West Virginia. West Virginia Code §22-5-14.

Issuance of this Title V Operating Permit does not supersede or invalidate any existing permits under 45CSR13, 14 or 19, although all applicable requirements from such permits governing the facility’s operation and compliance have been incorporated into the Title V Operating Permit.
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### 1.0 Emission Units and Active R13, R14, and R19 Permits

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West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection • Division of Air Quality
Approved: January 9, 2018 • Revised: N/A October 22, 2018
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**Environmental Operations**

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<td>Tank 891050 No regulated pollutants (Water Treatment Additive)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Nap</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nap</td>
<td></td>
<td>Salt Brine Tank – No regulated pollutant</td>
<td></td>
<td>Nap</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nap</td>
<td></td>
<td>Salt Brine Dissolver – No regulated pollutants</td>
<td></td>
<td>Nap</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nap</td>
<td></td>
<td>Demineralizer Beds – No regulated pollutants</td>
<td></td>
<td>Nap</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nap</td>
<td></td>
<td>Softeners – No regulated pollutants</td>
<td></td>
<td>Nap</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emission Unit ID</td>
<td>Emission Point ID</td>
<td>Emission Unit Description</td>
<td>Year Installed</td>
<td>Design Capacity</td>
<td>Control Device</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------</td>
<td>-------------------</td>
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<td>----------------</td>
<td>----------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nap</td>
<td>Nap</td>
<td>Accelerators/Clarifiers – No regulated pollutants</td>
<td>Nap</td>
<td>Nap</td>
<td>Nap</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maintenance / Paint Shop &amp; North Charleston Distribution (NCDT)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9000</td>
<td>T9000 or 9000E</td>
<td>Tank 9000 ************ (out of service)</td>
<td>1956</td>
<td>************</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T-1490</td>
<td>E012</td>
<td>Gasoline Storage Tank (out of service)</td>
<td>1974</td>
<td>************</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T-2206</td>
<td>E014</td>
<td>Diesel Storage Tank (out of service)</td>
<td>1974</td>
<td>************</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B-307 Paint Booths</td>
<td>Nap</td>
<td>Building 307 Paint Booths for Small Parts</td>
<td>Nap</td>
<td>Nap</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B-307 Weld Shop</td>
<td>Nap</td>
<td>Building 307 Welding Shop</td>
<td>Nap</td>
<td>Nap</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Metal Solvent Cleaning Baths</td>
<td>Nap</td>
<td>Building 307 and miscellaneous locations</td>
<td>Nap</td>
<td>Nap</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remediation Operations</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CLBVE</td>
<td>SVE1</td>
<td>Vapor Extraction System - Chlorobenzene Area</td>
<td>2014</td>
<td>600 scfm</td>
<td>A42INC &amp; A42PBS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A42VE</td>
<td>SVE1</td>
<td>Vapor Extractive System-Chlorohydrin Area (Area 42)</td>
<td>2011</td>
<td>1,050 scfm</td>
<td>A42INC &amp; A42PBS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A42INC</td>
<td>SVE1</td>
<td>Regenerative Thermal Oxidizer (Incinerator)</td>
<td>2011</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>A42PBS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A42PBS</td>
<td>SVE1</td>
<td>Packed Bed Caustic Scrubber</td>
<td>2011</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>APCD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MI2VE</td>
<td>MI2VE2</td>
<td>Vapor Extraction System</td>
<td>2014</td>
<td>1,000 scfm</td>
<td>Catalytic Oxidizer M12CO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MIGCS</td>
<td>MIGCS1 / MIGCS2</td>
<td>MI Groundwater Containment System</td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>100 gpm</td>
<td>MIGCS CO / MIGCS GAC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MIGCS GAC</td>
<td>MIGCS2</td>
<td>Granular Activated Carbon (GAC)</td>
<td>2018</td>
<td>500 scfm</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MIGCS CO</td>
<td>MIGCS1</td>
<td>Anguil Model OA10 (Electric Catalytic Oxidizer)(CATOX)</td>
<td>2017</td>
<td>1,000 scfm</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1.2  **Active R13, R14, and R19 Permits**

The underlying authority for any conditions from R13, R14, and/or R19 permits contained in this operating permit is cited using the original permit number (e.g. R13-1234). The current applicable version of such permit(s) is listed below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Number</th>
<th>Date of Issuance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>R13-1517D (TRITON® Plant)</td>
<td>05/18/2015</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R13-2033D (Boiler 26)</td>
<td>04/03/2013</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R13-2141C (Boiler 27)</td>
<td>04/19/2004</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R13-2414C</td>
<td>08/08/2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R13-2840B</td>
<td>05/20/2016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R13-3025B</td>
<td>05/26/2015</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R13-3308A</td>
<td>06/07/2017 05/17/2018</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2.0 General Conditions

2.1 Definitions

2.1.1. All references to the "West Virginia Air Pollution Control Act" or the "Air Pollution Control Act" mean those provisions contained in W.Va. Code §§ 22-5-1 to 22-5-18.

2.1.2. The "Clean Air Act" means those provisions contained in 42 U.S.C. §§ 7401 to 7671q, and regulations promulgated thereunder.

2.1.3. "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Department of Environmental Protection or such other person to whom the Secretary has delegated authority or duties pursuant to W.Va. Code §§ 22-1-6 or 22-1-8 (45CSR§30-2.12.). The Director of the Division of Air Quality is the Secretary's designated representative for the purposes of this permit.

2.1.4. Unless otherwise specified in a permit condition or underlying rule or regulation, all references to a “rolling yearly total” shall mean the sum of the monthly data, values or parameters being measured, monitored, or recorded, at any given time for the previous twelve (12) consecutive calendar months.

2.2 Acronyms

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acronym</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CAAA</td>
<td>Clean Air Act Amendments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CBI</td>
<td>Confidential Business Information</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CEM</td>
<td>Continuous Emission Monitor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CES</td>
<td>Certified Emission Statement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C.F.R. or CFR</td>
<td>Code of Federal Regulations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CO</td>
<td>Carbon Monoxide</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C.S.R. or CSR</td>
<td>Codes of State Rules</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DAQ</td>
<td>Division of Air Quality</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEP</td>
<td>Department of Environmental Protection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FOIA</td>
<td>Freedom of Information Act</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HAP</td>
<td>Hazardous Air Pollutant</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HON</td>
<td>Hazardous Organic NESHAP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HP</td>
<td>Horsepower</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lbs/hr or lb/hr</td>
<td>Pounds per Hour</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LDAR</td>
<td>Leak Detection and Repair</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>m</td>
<td>Thousand</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MACT</td>
<td>Maximum Achievable Control Technology</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mm</td>
<td>Million</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mmBtu/hr</td>
<td>Million British Thermal Units per Hour</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mmmcf/hr</td>
<td>Million Cubic Feet Burned per Hour</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NA or N/A</td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NAAQS</td>
<td>National Ambient Air Quality Standards</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NESHAPS</td>
<td>National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NOx</td>
<td>Nitrogen Oxides</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NSPS</td>
<td>New Source Performance Standards</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PM</td>
<td>Particulate Matter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PM10</td>
<td>Particulate Matter less than 10µm in diameter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pph</td>
<td>Pounds per Hour</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ppm</td>
<td>Parts per Million</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PSD</td>
<td>Prevention of Significant Deterioration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>psi</td>
<td>Pounds per Square Inch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SIC</td>
<td>Standard Industrial Classification</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SIP</td>
<td>State Implementation Plan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SO2</td>
<td>Sulfur Dioxide</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TAP</td>
<td>Toxic Air Pollutant</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TPY</td>
<td>Tons per Year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TRS</td>
<td>Total Reduced Sulfur</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TSP</td>
<td>Total Suspended Particulate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Abbreviation</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USEPA</td>
<td>United States Environmental Protection Agency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UTM</td>
<td>Universal Transverse Mercator</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VEE</td>
<td>Visual Emissions Evaluation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VOC</td>
<td>Volatile Organic Compounds</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2.3. Permit Expiration and Renewal

2.3.1. Permit duration. This permit is issued for a fixed term of five (5) years and shall expire on the date specified on the cover of this permit, except as provided in 45CSR§30-6.3.b. and 45CSR§30-6.3.c.

[45CSR§30-5.1.b.]

2.3.2. A permit renewal application is timely if it is submitted at least six (6) months prior to the date of permit expiration.

[45CSR§30-4.1.a.3.]

2.3.3. Permit expiration terminates the source's right to operate unless a timely and complete renewal application has been submitted consistent with 45CSR§30-6.2. and 45CSR§30-4.1.a.3.

[45CSR§30-6.3.b.]

2.3.4. If the Secretary fails to take final action to deny or approve a timely and complete permit application before the end of the term of the previous permit, the permit shall not expire until the renewal permit has been issued or denied, and any permit shield granted for the permit shall continue in effect during that time.

[45CSR§30-6.3.c.]

2.4. Permit Actions

2.4.1. This permit may be modified, revoked, reopened and reissued, or terminated for cause. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or of a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition.

[45CSR§30-5.1.f.3.]

2.5. Reopening for Cause

2.5.1. This permit shall be reopened and revised under any of the following circumstances:

a. Additional applicable requirements under the Clean Air Act or the Secretary's legislative rules become applicable to a major source with a remaining permit term of three (3) or more years. Such a reopening shall be completed no later than eighteen (18) months after promulgation of the applicable requirement. No such reopening is required if the effective date of the requirement is later than the date on which the permit is due to expire, unless the original permit or any of its terms and conditions has been extended pursuant to 45CSR§§30-6.6.a.1.A. or B.

b. Additional requirements (including excess emissions requirements) become applicable to an affected source under Title IV of the Clean Air Act (Acid Deposition Control) or other legislative rules of the Secretary. Upon approval by U.S. EPA, excess emissions offset plans shall be incorporated into the permit.

c. The Secretary or U.S. EPA determines that the permit contains a material mistake or that inaccurate statements were made in establishing the emissions standards or other terms or conditions of the permit.

d. The Secretary or U.S. EPA determines that the permit must be revised or revoked and reissued to assure compliance with the applicable requirements.

[45CSR§30-6.6.a.]
2.6. **Administrative Permit Amendments**

2.6.1. The permittee may request an administrative permit amendment as defined in and according to the procedures specified in 45CSR§30-6.4.

[45CSR§30-6.4.]

2.7. **Minor Permit Modifications**

2.7.1. The permittee may request a minor permit modification as defined in and according to the procedures specified in 45CSR§30-6.5.a.

[45CSR§30-6.5.a.]

2.8. **Significant Permit Modification**

2.8.1. The permittee may request a significant permit modification, in accordance with 45CSR§30-6.5.b., for permit modifications that do not qualify for minor permit modifications or as administrative amendments.

[45CSR§30-6.5.b.]

2.9. **Emissions Trading**

2.9.1. No permit revision shall be required, under any approved economic incentives, marketable permits, emissions trading, and other similar programs or processes for changes that are provided for in the permit and that are in accordance with all applicable requirements.

[45CSR§30-5.1.h.]

2.10. **Off-Permit Changes**

2.10.1. Except as provided below, a facility may make any change in its operations or emissions that is not addressed nor prohibited in its permit and which is not considered to be construction nor modification under any rule promulgated by the Secretary without obtaining an amendment or modification of its permit. Such changes shall be subject to the following requirements and restrictions:

a. The change must meet all applicable requirements and may not violate any existing permit term or condition.

b. The permittee must provide a written notice of the change to the Secretary and to U.S. EPA within two (2) business days following the date of the change. Such written notice shall describe each such change, including the date, any change in emissions, pollutants emitted, and any applicable requirement that would apply as a result of the change.

c. The change shall not qualify for the permit shield.

d. The permittee shall keep records describing all changes made at the source that result in emissions of regulated air pollutants, but not otherwise regulated under the permit, and the emissions resulting from those changes.

e. No permittee may make any change subject to any requirement under Title IV of the Clean Air Act (Acid Deposition Control) pursuant to the provisions of 45CSR§30-5.9.
2.11. Operational Flexibility

2.11.1. The permittee may make changes within the facility as provided by § 502(b)(10) of the Clean Air Act. Such operational flexibility shall be provided in the permit in conformance with the permit application and applicable requirements. No such changes shall be a modification under any rule or any provision of Title I of the Clean Air Act (including 45CSR14 and 45CSR19) promulgated by the Secretary in accordance with Title I of the Clean Air Act and the change shall not result in a level of emissions exceeding the emissions allowable under the permit.

2.11.2. Before making a change under 45CSR§30-5.8., the permittee shall provide advance written notice to the Secretary and to U.S. EPA, describing the change to be made, the date on which the change will occur, any changes in emissions, and any permit terms and conditions that are affected. The permittee shall thereafter maintain a copy of the notice with the permit, and the Secretary shall place a copy with the permit in the public file. The written notice shall be provided to the Secretary and U.S. EPA at least seven (7) days prior to the date that the change is to be made, except that this period may be shortened or eliminated as necessary for a change that must be implemented more quickly to address unanticipated conditions posing a significant health, safety, or environmental hazard. If less than seven (7) days' notice is provided because of a need to respond more quickly to such unanticipated conditions, the permittee shall provide notice to the Secretary and U.S. EPA as soon as possible after learning of the need to make the change.

2.11.3. The permit shield shall not apply to changes made under 45CSR§30-5.8., except those provided for in 45CSR§30-5.8.d. However, the protection of the permit shield will continue to apply to operations and emissions that are not affected by the change, provided that the permittee complies with the terms and conditions of the permit applicable to such operations and emissions. The permit shield may be reinstated for emissions and operations affected by the change:

   a. If subsequent changes cause the facility's operations and emissions to revert to those authorized in the permit and the permittee resumes compliance with the terms and conditions of the permit, or

   b. If the permittee obtains final approval of a significant modification to the permit to incorporate the change in the permit.

2.11.4. "Section 502(b)(10) changes" are changes that contravene an express permit term. Such changes do not include changes that would violate applicable requirements or contravene enforceable permit terms and conditions that are monitoring (including test methods), recordkeeping, reporting, or compliance certification requirements.
2.12. **Reasonably Anticipated Operating Scenarios**

2.12.1. The following are terms and conditions for reasonably anticipated operating scenarios identified in this permit.

   a. Contemporaneously with making a change from one operating scenario to another, the permittee shall record in a log at the permitted facility a record of the scenario under which it is operating and to document the change in reports submitted pursuant to the terms of this permit and 45CSR30.

   b. The permit shield shall extend to all terms and conditions under each such operating scenario; and

   c. The terms and conditions of each such alternative scenario shall meet all applicable requirements and the requirements of 45CSR30.

[45CSR§30-5.1.i.]

2.13. **Duty to Comply**

2.13.1. The permittee must comply with all conditions of this permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the West Virginia Code and the Clean Air Act and is grounds for enforcement action by the Secretary or USEPA; for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or for denial of a permit renewal application.

[45CSR§30-5.1.f.1.]

2.14. **Inspection and Entry**

2.14.1. The permittee shall allow any authorized representative of the Secretary, upon the presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, to perform the following:

   a. At all reasonable times (including all times in which the facility is in operation) enter upon the permittee's premises where a source is located or emissions related activity is conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit;

   b. Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;

   c. Inspect at reasonable times (including all times in which the facility is in operation) any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and air pollution Control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under the permit;

   d. Sample or monitor at reasonable times substances or parameters to determine compliance with the permit or applicable requirements or ascertain the amounts and types of air pollutants discharged.

[45CSR§30-5.3.b.]
2.15. **Schedule of Compliance**

2.15.1. For sources subject to a compliance schedule, certified progress reports shall be submitted consistent with the applicable schedule of compliance set forth in this permit and 45CSR§30-4.3.h., but at least every six (6) months, and no greater than once a month, and shall include the following:

a. Dates for achieving the activities, milestones, or compliance required in the schedule of compliance, and dates when such activities, milestones or compliance were achieved; and

b. An explanation of why any dates in the schedule of compliance were not or will not be met, and any preventative or corrective measure adopted.

[45CSR§30-5.3.d.]

2.16. **Need to Halt or Reduce Activity not a Defense**

2.16.1. It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit. However, nothing in this paragraph shall be construed as precluding consideration of a need to halt or reduce activity as a mitigating factor in determining penalties for noncompliance if the health, safety, or environmental impacts of halting or reducing operations would be more serious than the impacts of continued operations.

[45CSR§30-5.1.f.2.]

2.17. **Emergency**

2.17.1. An "emergency" means any situation arising from sudden and reasonably unforeseeable events beyond the control of the source, including acts of God, which situation requires immediate corrective action to restore normal operation, and that causes the source to exceed a technology-based emission limitation under the permit, due to unavoidable increases in emissions attributable to the emergency. An emergency shall not include noncompliance to the extent caused by improperly designed equipment, lack of preventative maintenance, careless or improper operation, or operator error.

[45CSR§30-5.7.a.]

2.17.2. Effect of any emergency. An emergency constitutes an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with such technology-based emission limitations if the conditions of 45CSR§30-5.7.c. are met.

[45CSR§30-5.7.b.]

2.17.3. The affirmative defense of emergency shall be demonstrated through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence that:

a. An emergency occurred and that the permittee can identify the cause(s) of the emergency;

b. The permitted facility was at the time being properly operated;

c. During the period of the emergency the permittee took all reasonable steps to minimize levels of emissions that exceeded the emission standards, or other requirements in the permit; and
d. Subject to the requirements of 45CSR§30-5.1.c.3.C.1, the permittee submitted notice of the emergency to the Secretary within one (1) working day of the time when emission limitations were exceeded due to the emergency and made a request for variance, and as applicable rules provide. This notice, report, and variance request fulfills the requirement of 45CSR§30-5.1.c.3.B. This notice must contain a detailed description of the emergency, any steps taken to mitigate emissions, and corrective actions taken.

[45CSR§30-5.7.c.]

2.17.4. In any enforcement proceeding, the permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an emergency has the burden of proof.

[45CSR§30-5.7.d.]

2.17.5. This provision is in addition to any emergency or upset provision contained in any applicable requirement.

[45CSR§30-5.7.e.]

2.18. Federally-Enforceable Requirements

2.18.1. All terms and conditions in this permit, including any provisions designed to limit a source’s potential to emit and excepting those provisions that are specifically designated in the permit as “State-enforceable only”, are enforceable by the Secretary, USEPA, and citizens under the Clean Air Act.

[45CSR§30-5.2.a.]

2.18.2. Those provisions specifically designated in the permit as “State-enforceable only” shall become “Federally-enforceable” requirements upon SIP approval by the USEPA.

2.19. Duty to Provide Information

2.19.1. The permittee shall furnish to the Secretary within a reasonable time any information the Secretary may request in writing to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating the permit or to determine compliance with the permit. Upon request, the permittee shall also furnish to the Secretary copies of records required to be kept by the permittee. For information claimed to be confidential, the permittee shall furnish such records to the Secretary along with a claim of confidentiality in accordance with 45CSR31. If confidential information is to be sent to USEPA, the permittee shall directly provide such information to USEPA along with a claim of confidentiality in accordance with 40 C.F.R. Part 2.

[45CSR§30-5.1.f.5.]

2.20. Duty to Supplement and Correct Information

2.20.1. Upon becoming aware of a failure to submit any relevant facts or a submission of incorrect information in any permit application, the permittee shall promptly submit to the Secretary such supplemental facts or corrected information.

[45CSR§30-4.2.]

2.21. Permit Shield

2.21.1. Compliance with the conditions of this permit shall be deemed compliance with any applicable requirements as of the date of permit issuance provided that such applicable requirements are included and are specifically
identified in this permit or the Secretary has determined that other requirements specifically identified are not applicable to the source and this permit includes such a determination or a concise summary thereof.

[45CSR§30-5.6.a.]

2.21.2. Nothing in this permit shall alter or affect the following:

a. The liability of an owner or operator of a source for any violation of applicable requirements prior to or at the time of permit issuance; or

b. The applicable requirements of the Code of West Virginia and Title IV of the Clean Air Act (Acid Deposition Control), consistent with § 408 (a) of the Clean Air Act.

c. The authority of the Administrator of U.S. EPA to require information under § 114 of the Clean Air Act or to issue emergency orders under § 303 of the Clean Air Act.

[45CSR§30-5.6.c.]

2.22. Credible Evidence

2.22.1. Nothing in this permit shall alter or affect the ability of any person to establish compliance with, or a violation of, any applicable requirement through the use of credible evidence to the extent authorized by law. Nothing in this permit shall be construed to waive any defenses otherwise available to the permittee including but not limited to any challenge to the credible evidence rule in the context of any future proceeding.

[45CSR§30-5.3.e.3.B. and 45CSR38]

2.23. Severability

2.23.1. The provisions of this permit are severable. If any provision of this permit, or the application of any provision of this permit to any circumstance is held invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, the remaining permit terms and conditions or their application to other circumstances shall remain in full force and effect.

[45CSR§30-5.1.e.]

2.24. Property Rights

2.24.1. This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort or any exclusive privilege.

[45CSR§30-5.1.f.4]

2.25. Acid Deposition Control

2.25.1. Emissions shall not exceed any allowances that the source lawfully holds under Title IV of the Clean Air Act (Acid Deposition Control) or rules of the Secretary promulgated thereunder.

a. No permit revision shall be required for increases in emissions that are authorized by allowances acquired pursuant to the acid deposition control program, provided that such increases do not require a permit revision under any other applicable requirement.

b. No limit shall be placed on the number of allowances held by the source. The source may not, however, use allowances as a defense to noncompliance with any other applicable requirement.
c. Any such allowance shall be accounted for according to the procedures established in rules promulgated under Title IV of the Clean Air Act.

[45CSR§30-5.1.d.]

2.25.2. Where applicable requirements of the Clean Air Act are more stringent than any applicable requirement of regulations promulgated under Title IV of the Clean Air Act (Acid Deposition Control), both provisions shall be incorporated into the permit and shall be enforceable by the Secretary and U. S. EPA.

[45CSR§30-5.1.a.2.]
3.0 Facility-Wide Requirements

3.1. Limitations and Standards

3.1.1. Open burning. The open burning of refuse by any person is prohibited except as noted in 45CSR§6-3.1.[45CSR§6-3.1.]

3.1.2. Open burning exemptions. The exemptions listed in 45CSR§6-3.1 are subject to the following stipulation: Upon notification by the Secretary, no person shall cause or allow any form of open burning during existing or predicted periods of atmospheric stagnation. Notification shall be made by such means as the Secretary may deem necessary and feasible.[45CSR§6-3.2.]

3.1.3. Asbestos. The permittee is responsible for thoroughly inspecting the facility, or part of the facility, prior to commencement of demolition or renovation for the presence of asbestos and complying with 40 C.F.R. § 61.145, 40 C.F.R. § 61.148, and 40 C.F.R. § 61.150. The permittee, owner, or operator must notify the Secretary at least ten (10) working days prior to the commencement of any asbestos removal on the forms prescribed by the Secretary if the permittee is subject to the notification requirements of 40 C.F.R. § 61.145(b)(3)(i). The USEPA, the Division of Waste Management and the Bureau for Public Health - Environmental Health require a copy of this notice to be sent to them.[40 C.F.R. §61.145(b) and 45CSR34]

3.1.4. Odor. No person shall cause, suffer, allow or permit the discharge of air pollutants which cause or contribute to an objectionable odor at any location occupied by the public.[45CSR§4-3.1 State-Enforceable only.]

3.1.5. Standby plan for reducing emissions. When requested by the Secretary, the permittee shall prepare standby plans for reducing the emissions of air pollutants in accordance with the objectives set forth in Tables I, II, and III of 45CSR11.[45CSR§11-5.2]

3.1.6. Emission inventory. The permittee is responsible for submitting, on an annual basis, an emission inventory in accordance with the submittal requirements of the Division of Air Quality.[W.Va. Code § 22-5-4(a)(14)]

3.1.7. Ozone-depleting substances. For those facilities performing maintenance, service, repair or disposal of appliances, the permittee shall comply with the standards for recycling and emissions reduction pursuant to 40 C.F.R. Part 82, Subpart F, except as provided for Motor Vehicle Air Conditioners (MVACs) in Subpart B:

a. Persons opening appliances for maintenance, service, repair, or disposal must comply with the prohibitions and required practices pursuant to 40 C.F.R. §§ 82.154 and 82.156.

b. Equipment used during the maintenance, service, repair, or disposal of appliances must comply with the standards for recycling and recovery equipment pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 82.158.

c. Persons performing maintenance, service, repair, or disposal of appliances must be certified by an approved technician certification program pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 82.161.[40 C.F.R. 82, Subpart F]
3.1.8. **Risk Management Plan.** This stationary source, as defined in 40 C.F.R. § 68.3, is subject to Part 68. The owner or operator shall submit a risk management plan (RMP) by the date specified in 40 C.F.R. § 68.10 and shall certify compliance with the requirements of Part 68 as part of the annual compliance certification as required by 40 C.F.R. Part 70 or 71. [40 C.F.R. 68]

3.1.9. **Reserved.**

3.1.10. **Ozone Season NOx Emission Limitation.** The owner or operator of a unit that has a maximum design heat input greater than 250 mmBtu/hr, except for any unit subject to the federal Cross-State Air Pollution Rule NOx Ozone Season Trading Program established under 40 CFR Part 97, Subpart BBBBB, or an equivalent trading program established under regulations approved as a state implementation plan revision pursuant to 40 CFR §52.38(b)(5), shall comply with the ozone season NOx emission limit, and monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting requirements for ozone season emissions of NOx set forth in 45CSR§40-5.1 and 45CSR§40-6.1. [45CSR§40-4.1]

a. Beginning May 1, 2016, the owner or operator of a unit that meets the applicability requirements set forth in 45CSR§40-4.1 shall limit emissions of NOx during an ozone season pursuant to a NOx emission rate for each unit contained in a permit issued under 45CSR13, 45CSR14, 45CSR19 or via consent order issued by the Secretary in accordance with W.Va. Code §22-5-4(a)(5). Such ozone season NOx limitation may also include a limitation on operating time for a unit during the ozone season. [45CSR§40-5.1.]

b. The owner or operator of an applicable unit under 45CSR§40-4.1 shall operate certified continuous emission monitor systems necessary to attribute ozone season NOx mass emissions to each unit, in accordance with 40 CFR Part 75, Subpart H. NOx mass emission measurements recorded and reported in accordance with 40 CFR Part 75, Subpart H shall be used to determine a unit’s compliance with the ozone season NOx emission limitation set forth in 3.1.10.a. [45CSR§40-6.1.]

3.2. **Monitoring Requirements**

3.2.1. N/A

3.3. **Testing Requirements**

3.3.1. **Stack testing.** As per provisions set forth in this permit or as otherwise required by the Secretary, in accordance with the West Virginia Code, underlying regulations, permits and orders, the permittee shall conduct test(s) to determine compliance with the emission limitations set forth in this permit and/or established or set forth in underlying documents. The Secretary, or his duly authorized representative, may at his option witness or conduct such test(s). Should the Secretary exercise his option to conduct such test(s), the operator shall provide all necessary sampling connections and sampling ports to be located in such manner as the Secretary may require, power for test equipment and the required safety equipment, such as scaffolding, railings and ladders, to comply with generally accepted good safety practices. Such tests shall be conducted in accordance with the methods and procedures set forth in this permit or as otherwise approved or specified by the Secretary in accordance with the following:

a. The Secretary may on a source-specific basis approve or specify additional testing or alternative testing to the test methods specified in the permit for demonstrating compliance with 40 C.F.R. Parts 60, 61, and 63, if applicable, in accordance with the Secretary’s delegated authority and any established equivalency determination methods which are applicable.
b. The Secretary may on a source-specific basis approve or specify additional testing or alternative testing to the test methods specified in the permit for demonstrating compliance with applicable requirements which do not involve federal delegation. In specifying or approving such alternative testing to the test methods, the Secretary, to the extent possible, shall utilize the same equivalency criteria as would be used in approving such changes under Section 3.3.1.a. of this permit.

c. All periodic tests to determine mass emission limits from or air pollutant concentrations in discharge stacks and such other tests as specified in this permit shall be conducted in accordance with an approved test protocol. Unless previously approved, such protocols shall be submitted to the Secretary in writing at least thirty (30) days prior to any testing and shall contain the information set forth by the Secretary. In addition, the permittee shall notify the Secretary at least fifteen (15) days prior to any testing so the Secretary may have the opportunity to observe such tests. This notification shall include the actual date and time during which the test will be conducted and, if appropriate, verification that the tests will fully conform to a referenced protocol previously approved by the Secretary.

d. The permittee shall submit a report of the results of the stack test within 60 days of completion of the test. The test report shall provide the information necessary to document the objectives of the test and to determine whether proper procedures were used to accomplish these objectives. The report shall include the following: the certification described in paragraph 3.5.1; a statement of compliance status, also signed by a responsible official; and, a summary of conditions which form the basis for the compliance status evaluation. The summary of conditions shall include the following:

1. The permit or rule evaluated, with the citation number and language.

2. The result of the test for each permit or rule condition.

3. A statement of compliance or non-compliance with each permit or rule condition.

[WV Code §§ 22-5-4(a)(14-15) and 45CSR13]

3.4. Recordkeeping Requirements

3.4.1. Monitoring information. The permittee shall keep records of monitoring information that include the following:

a. The date, place as defined in this permit and time of sampling or measurements;

b. The date(s) analyses were performed;

c. The company or entity that performed the analyses;

d. The analytical techniques or methods used;

e. The results of the analyses; and

f. The operating conditions existing at the time of sampling or measurement.

[45CSR§30-5.1.c.2.A., 45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2033, Condition 4.2.1; R13-2840, Condition 4.3.1; R13-2414, Condition 4.4.1, 45CSR13, Permit Number R13-3308, Condition 4.4.1]

3.4.2. Retention of records. The permittee shall retain records of all required monitoring data and support information for a period of at least five (5) years from the date of monitoring sample, measurement, report, application, or record creation date. Support information includes all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of all reports required
by the permit. Where appropriate, records may be maintained in computerized form in lieu of the above records.

[45CSR§30-5.1.c.2.B.]

3.4.3. **Odors.** For the purposes of 45CSR4, the permittee shall maintain a record of all odor complaints received, any investigation performed in response to such a complaint, and any responsive action(s) taken.

[45CSR§30-5.1.c. State-Enforceable only.]

### 3.5. Reporting Requirements

3.5.1. **Responsible official.** Any application form, report, or compliance certification required by this permit to be submitted to the DAQ and/or USEPA shall contain a certification by the responsible official that states that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate and complete.

[45CSR§§30-4.4. and 5.1.c.3.D.]

3.5.2. A permittee may request confidential treatment for the submission of reporting required under 45CSR§30-5.1.c.3. pursuant to the limitations and procedures of W.Va. Code § 22-5-10 and 45CSR31.

[45CSR§30-5.1.c.3.E.]

3.5.3. Except for the electronic submittal of the annual compliance certification and semi-annual monitoring reports to the DAQ and USEPA as required in 3.5.5 and 3.5.6. below, all notices, requests, demands, submissions and other communications required or permitted to be made to the Secretary of DEP and/or USEPA shall be made in writing and shall be deemed to have been duly given when delivered by hand, mailed first class or by private carrier with postage prepaid to the address(es), or submitted in electronic format by e-mail as set forth below or to such other person or address as the Secretary of the Department of Environmental Protection may designate:

**DAQ:**

- Director
- WVDEP
- Division of Air Quality
- 601 57th Street SE
- Charleston, WV 25304

**US EPA:**

- Associate Director
- Office of Air Enforcement and Compliance Assistance (3AP20)
- U. S. Environmental Protection Agency
- Region III
- 1650 Arch Street
- Philadelphia, PA 19103-2029

**DAQ Compliance and Enforcement¹:**

DEPAirQualityReports@wv.gov

¹For all self-monitoring reports (MACT, GACT, NSPS, etc.), stack tests and protocols, Notice of Compliance Status reports, Initial Notifications, etc.

3.5.4. **Certified emissions statement.** The permittee shall submit a certified emissions statement and pay fees on an annual basis in accordance with the submittal requirements of the Division of Air Quality.

[45CSR§30-8.]
3.5.5. **Compliance certification.** The permittee shall certify compliance with the conditions of this permit on the forms provided by the DAQ. In addition to the annual compliance certification, the permittee may be required to submit certifications more frequently under an applicable requirement of this permit. The annual certification shall be submitted to the DAQ and USEPA on or before March 15 of each year, and shall certify compliance for the period ending December 31. The permittee shall maintain a copy of the certification on site for (5) years from submittal of the certification. The annual certification shall be submitted in electronic format by e-mail to the following addresses:

**DAQ:** DEPAirQualityReports@wv.gov  
**US EPA:** R3_APD_Permits@epa.gov

[45CSR§30-5.3.e.]

3.5.6. **Semi-annual monitoring reports.** The permittee shall submit reports of any required monitoring on or before September 15 for the reporting period January 1 to June 30 and on or before March 15 for the reporting period July 1 to December 31. All instances of deviation from permit requirements must be clearly identified in such reports. All required reports must be certified by a responsible official consistent with 45CSR§30-4.4. The semi-annual monitoring reports shall be submitted in electronic format by e-mail to the following address:

**DAQ:** DEPAirQualityReports@wv.gov

[45CSR§30-5.1.c.3.A.]

3.5.7. **Emergencies.** For reporting emergency situations, refer to Section 2.17 of this permit.

3.5.8. **Deviations.**

a. In addition to monitoring reports required by this permit, the permittee shall promptly submit supplemental reports and notices in accordance with the following:

1. Any deviation resulting from an emergency or upset condition, as defined in 45CSR§30-5.7., shall be reported by telephone or telefax within one (1) working day of the date on which the permittee becomes aware of the deviation, if the permittee desires to assert the affirmative defense in accordance with 45CSR§30-5.7. A written report of such deviation, which shall include the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventative measures taken, shall be submitted and certified by a responsible official within ten (10) days of the deviation.

2. Any deviation that poses an imminent and substantial danger to public health, safety, or the environment shall be reported to the Secretary immediately by telephone or telefax. A written report of such deviation, which shall include the probable cause of such deviation, and any corrective actions or preventative measures taken, shall be submitted by the responsible official within ten (10) days of the deviation.

3. Deviations for which more frequent reporting is required under this permit shall be reported on the more frequent basis.
4. All reports of deviations shall identify the probable cause of the deviation and any corrective actions or preventative measures taken.

[45CSR§30-5.1.c.3.C.]

b. The permittee shall, in the reporting of deviations from permit requirements, including those attributable to upset conditions as defined in this permit, report the probable cause of such deviations and any corrective actions or preventative measures taken in accordance with any rules of the Secretary.

[45CSR§30-5.1.c.3.B.]

3.5.9. **New applicable requirements.** If any applicable requirement is promulgated during the term of this permit, the permittee will meet such requirements on a timely basis, or in accordance with a more detailed schedule if required by the applicable requirement.

[45CSR§30-4.3.h.1.B.]

### 3.6. Compliance Plan

3.6.1. N/A

### 3.7. Permit Shield

3.7.1. The permittee is hereby granted a permit shield in accordance with 45CSR§30-5.6. The permit shield applies provided the permittee operates in accordance with the information contained within this permit.

3.7.2. The following requirements specifically identified are not applicable to the source based on the determinations set forth below. The permit shield shall apply to the following requirements provided the conditions of the determinations are met.

| 45CSR7 | Sulfuric acid mist/vapours and Phosphoric Acid vapours
Tanks used to store sulfuric acid or phosphoric acid from concentration limits. Per Section 10.6 of Regulation 7, sources with potential to emit less than 0.1 lbs/hr, 100 lbs/yr are exempt from the concentration limits of Section 4.2. The following tanks have been found to meet this criteria:
Tank 9750 is used to store sulphuric acid at the Oxide Adducts Plant.
Tank 8372 is used to store sulfuric acid at the Specialty Surfactants Plant.
Tank 8433 is used to store phosphoric acid at the Specialty Surfactants Plant.
Tank T01 is used to store sulfuric acid at the Water Treatment Plant. |
| 45CSR7 | The carpentry shops (B463) and welding shops (B307) are used for fabrication of materials to support site operations. These activities are incidental (support) operations to the South Charleston Facility and are not manufacturing processes. Carpentry and welding shop activities are not covered by 45CSR7. |
### Testing, Monitoring, Record Keeping, and Reporting Requirements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>45CSR10A</th>
<th>45CSR10</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Testing, Monitoring, Record Keeping, and Reporting Requirements under 45CSR10 are not applicable to Boilers 26 and 27 since they only combusts natural gas. 45CSR§10-10.3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Boilers 26 and 27 are also exempt from the 2000 ppm SO₂ requirements of 45CSR§10-4 due to 45CSR§10-4.1.e having a potential of less than 500 lbs/yr SO₂ from any manufacturing processes venting to these boilers. Additionally, 45CSR§10-5 for combustion of refinery or process gases containing hydrogen sulfide in excess of 50 grains/100 ft³ due to process gas streams having no known potential for sulfur contamination.

### 40CFR60, Subpart Kb

The following tanks associated with the Oxide Adducts Plant are greater than or equal to 19,813 gallons but less than 39,890 gallons and were constructed or modified after July 23, 1984 and have a maximum true vapor pressure less than 2.2 psia: 9513.

The following tanks associated with the Oxide Adducts Plant are greater than or equal to 39,890 gallons and were constructed or modified after July 23, 1984 and have a maximum true vapor pressure less than 0.51 psia: 9510, 9511, and 9512.

All tanks over 19,813 gallon capacity located at the Specialty Surfactants Plant store materials with < 2.2 psia vapor pressure at storage conditions.

### 40CFR63, Subpart Y

NESHAP for Marine Vessel Loading Operations. The North Charleston Distribution Terminal is exempt from Subpart Y requirements because they no longer load barges at this location or any other location covered by this permit.

### 40CFR63, Subpart JJ

Wood Furniture Surface Coating. The South Charleston Facility is an incidental manufacturer and exempt from Subpart JJ. Less than 100 gallons per month surface coating and adhesive is used for wood furniture.
| 40CFR63, Subpart EEEE | The North Charleston Distribution Terminal (NCDT) and the Chemical Mixing Unit are exempt from the OLD MACT for one or more of the following reasons: Storage vessels located at NCDT are part of processing units covered by other MACTs, or streams (materials transferred) have annual average true vapor pressure of Subpart EEEE Table 1 OHAPs at 77°F less than 0.1 psia, or streams contain less than 5% by weight of Subpart EEEE Table 1 OHAPS and are not organic liquids subject to the OLD MACT. The EO distribution header system does not meet the definition of an OLD MACT affected source as defined in 40 C.F.R.§63.2338(b) and is therefore not covered by 40 C.F.R. 63, Subpart EEEE. The Specialty Surfactants Plant is not subject to the OLD MACT. The Specialty Surfactants Plant is covered by the Polyether Polyol and Miscellaneous Organic Chemical Manufacturing MACT. Annual average vapor pressure of Table 1 OHAP at 77°F used as heat transfer liquid is less than 0.1 psia, or no streams containing greater than or equal to 5% by weight Table 1 OHAPS. |
| 40CFR63, Subpart MMMM | Coating of Metal Parts. The South Charleston Facility is an incidental manufacturer and exempt from Subpart MMMM due to 40CFR§63.3881(b). This provision establishes a lower cut-off at less than 250 gallons per month of paints/solvents used. |
| 40CFR63, Subpart FFFF | The Triton unit has one reactor, which is subject to 40CFR63, Subpart PPP for polyethylene polyols production. As a result, reactor 8400 (Alkox Reactor) is exempt from the requirements of Subpart FFFF in accordance with §63.2435(b)(3). |
4.0 Source-Specific Requirements [Energy Systems - Boiler Power House and Auxiliary Air Compressors, Emission Point ID(s) (26E, 27E, A-001, A-002, A-003, A-004)]

4.1. Limitations and Standards

4.1.1. The maximum allowable emissions from Boiler B26 through emission point 26E to the atmosphere are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pollutant</th>
<th>Potential Emissions (pounds/hour)</th>
<th>Potential Emissions (tons/year)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carbon Monoxide (CO)</td>
<td>22.5</td>
<td>98.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxides of Nitrogen (NOX)</td>
<td>70.4</td>
<td>308.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PM/PM10/PM2.5*</td>
<td>2.22</td>
<td>9.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sulfur Dioxide (SO2)</td>
<td>20.1</td>
<td>88.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total VOCs</td>
<td>24.2</td>
<td>13.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vinyl Acetate</td>
<td>0.82</td>
<td>1.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propylene Oxide</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>0.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hexane</td>
<td>1.4</td>
<td>2.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total HAPs</td>
<td>22.3</td>
<td>4.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CO2e</td>
<td>43,370</td>
<td>186,301</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Includes condensables

The SO2 limitations established by this requirement streamlines and assures compliance with the 45CSR§10-3.2.c SO2 limit of 563.2 lb/hr. Additionally, this is also true with respect to PM emissions, as limited by 45CSR§2-4.1.b to 31.68 lb/hr PM.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2033, Condition 4.1.1., Emission Point ID (26E)]

4.1.2. Boiler 26 shall only combust the following materials:

4.1.2.1 Natural gas.

4.1.2.2 Natural gas liquid condensate from boiler fuel feed piping.

4.1.2.3 Process vent gas from Covestro LLC’s propylene oxide filtering system containing water vapor, nitrogen and propylene oxide.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2033, Condition 4.1.2., Emission Point ID (26E)]

4.1.3. Total heat input from all process vent gas combustion shall not exceed 10% of the total annual heat input to the boiler based on a 12-month rolling average.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2033, Condition 4.1.3., Emission Point ID (26E)]

4.1.4. Reserved.

4.1.5. Boiler B26 shall not combust more than 352,000 cubic feet of natural gas per hour nor more than 3,086 MMcf per year based on a rolling 12-month total.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2033, Condition 4.1.5., Emission Unit ID (B26)]

4.1.6. Boiler 26 shall not combust more than 100 gallons per hour of natural gas liquid condensate nor more than 24,700 gallons per year based on a rolling 12-month total.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2033, Condition 4.1.6., Emission Unit ID (B26)]
4.1.7 Boiler 26 shall comply with all applicable emission standards of 40 CFR 60 Subpart Db including but not limited to the following:

4.1.7.1 NOx emissions from Boiler 26 shall not exceed 0.2 pounds per MMBtu following commencement of burning process vent gas or natural gas condensate.

[40 CFR §60.44b(1)(ii), 45CSR16]

NOx emissions data shall be calculated and maintained using the 30-day rolling average method.
[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2033, Condition 4.1.7., Emission Unit ID (B26)]

4.1.8 Anytime Boiler 26 or 27 is combusting process vent gas from Covestro LLC, the permittee shall comply with all applicable emission standards of 40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP including but not limited to the following:

4.1.8.1 Emissions of propylene oxide shall be reduced by at least 98%.

[40 CFR §63.1425(b)(2), 45CSR34]

4.1.8.2 Process vent gas shall be introduced into the boiler combustion chamber.

[40 CFR §63.1430(b)(2)(iii), 45CSR34]

[40CFR63, Subpart PPP, 45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2033, Condition 4.1.8., Emission Unit ID (B26, B27)]

4.1.9 Reserved.

4.1.10 Visible emissions from Boiler 26 shall not exceed 10% opacity based on a six-minute block average.

[45CSR§2-3.1., 45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2033, Condition 4.1.10., Emission Unit ID (B26)]

4.1.11 The permittee shall comply with all applicable requirements of 45CSR40 – “Control of Ozone Season Nitrogen Oxides Emissions”.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2033, Condition 4.1.11., Emission Unit ID (B26)]

4.1.12. Boiler 27 shall be constructed and operated in accordance with information filed in Permit Application R13-2141A, B, and C and any amendments thereto. The Director may suspend or revoke a permit if the plans and specifications upon which the approval was based are not adhered to.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2141, Condition C.3., Emission Unit ID (B27)]

4.1.13. Boiler B27 shall utilize natural gas as its fuel source, and shall be operated in a manner not to exceed the maximum design heat input of 353 million Btu per hour.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2141 Condition A.1., Emission Unit ID (B27)]

4.1.14. Boiler B27 shall not consume more than 353,000 cubic feet of natural gas per hour, or approximately 3,092 million cubic feet per year. Annual fuel consumption shall be based on a 12-month rolling yearly total. A rolling yearly total shall mean the total natural gas usage at any given time for the previous twelve (12) consecutive calendar months.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2141 Condition A.2., Emission Unit ID (B27)]

4.1.15. The process vent gases from the following plants may be drafted to B27 for the purpose of VOC reduction at a minimum control efficiency of 99 percent:

a. Covestro LLC - Propylene Oxide Filtering

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2141, Condition A.3., Emission Unit ID (B27)]
4.1.16. The emission of NO\textsubscript{X} to the atmosphere from Boiler B27 (No. 27 Boiler) shall be limited to 0.2 lbs NO\textsubscript{X} per million Btu heat input, “high heat release,” as set forth in 40 CFR 60 Subpart Db, Section 60.44(b). Compliance with the hourly emission limits shall be based on a 30-day rolling average in accordance to 40CFR60.46(b).

\[45CSR13, \text{Permit Number R13-2141, Condition A.5., Emission Point ID (27E)}\]

4.1.17. The maximum allowable emissions to the atmosphere from the operation of the natural gas fired Boiler B27 (No. 27 Boiler, ID: 27E) shall be limited to those pollutants and associated rates shown in Table 4.1.17.

\begin{table}[h]
\centering
\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|}
\hline
\textbf{Pollutant} & \multicolumn{2}{c|}{\textbf{Emission Point ID - 27E}} \\
\hline & \textbf{Hourly Limits} & \textbf{Annual Limits} \\
& (lbs/hr) & (tons/yr) \\
\hline
CO & 33.00 & 95.00 \\
\hline
NO\textsubscript{X} & 70.60 & 309.00 \\
\hline
SO\textsubscript{2} & 0.26 & 1.15 \\
\hline
PM\textsubscript{10} & 5.00 & 14.50 \\
\hline
VOC & 30.00 & 29.50 \\
\hline
Propylene Oxide & 20.00 & 0.58 \\
\hline
Hexane & 1.25 & 2.75 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\caption{Table 4.1.17.}
\end{table}

The SO\textsubscript{2} limitations established by this requirement streamlines and assures compliance with the §10-3.2.c SO\textsubscript{2} limit of 564.8 lb/hr. Additionally, this is also true with respect to PM emissions, as limited by 45CSR§2-4.1.b to 31.77 lb/hr PM.

\[45CSR13, \text{Permit Number R13-2141, Condition A.6., Emission Point ID (27E)}\]

4.1.18. The pertinent sections of 45CSR2 applicable to this facility include, but are not limited to, the following:

\section*{§2-3.1.}
No person shall cause, suffer, allow or permit emission of smoke and/or particulate matter into the open air from any fuel burning unit which is greater than ten (10) percent opacity based on a six-minute block average.

\section*{§2-4.1.}
No person shall cause, suffer, allow or permit the discharge of particulate matter into the open air from all fuel burning units located at one plant, measured in terms of pounds per hour in excess of the amount determined as follows:

b. For Type 'b' fuel burning units, the product of 0.09 and the total design heat inputs for such units in million B.T.U.'s per hour, provided however that no more than six hundred (600) pounds per hour of particulate matter shall be discharged into the open air from all such units;

\section*{§2-4.4.}
The addition of sulfur oxides to a combustion unit exit gas stream for the purpose of improving emissions control equipment efficiency shall be reviewed by the Director. No person shall cause, suffer, allow or permit the addition of sulfur oxides as described above unless written approval for such addition is provided by the Director.

\section*{§2-8.1. Testing.}
a. Upon request of the Director, the owner or operator of a fuel burning unit(s) shall demonstrate compliance with 45CSR§2-3 by periodic testing in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9, or a certified continuous opacity monitoring system, as approved by the Director, and of 45CSR§2-4 by periodic particulate matter stack testing, conducted in accordance with the appropriate test method set forth in the Appendix to 45CSR2 or other equivalent EPA approved method approved by the Director.

b. At such reasonable times as the Director may designate, the owner or operator of any fuel burning unit(s) may be required to conduct or have conducted tests to determine the compliance of such unit(s) with the emission limitations of 45CSR§2-4. Such tests shall be conducted in accordance with the appropriate method set forth in the Appendix to 45CSR2 or other equivalent EPA approved method approved by the Director. The Director, or his duly authorized representative, may at his option witness or conduct such tests. Should the Director exercise his option to conduct such tests, the operator will provide all necessary sampling connections and sampling ports located in such manner as the Director may require, power for test equipment, and the required safety equipment such as scaffolding, railings and ladders to comply with generally accepted good safety practices.

1. Sufficient information on temperatures, velocities, pressures, weights, and dimensional values shall be reported to the Director, with such necessary commentary as he may require, to allow an accurate evaluation of the reported test results and the conditions under which they were obtained.

c. The Director, or his duly authorized representative, may conduct such other tests as he may deem necessary to evaluate air pollution emissions other than those noted in 45CSR§2-4.1.

§2-8.2. Monitoring.

a. To demonstrate compliance with 45CSR§2-3 the owner or operator of a fuel burning unit(s) shall conduct monitoring as set forth in an approved monitoring plan as provided in Section 4.2 of this permit for each emission unit. Such monitoring plan(s) shall include, but not be limited to, one or more of the following: continuous measurement of emissions, monitoring of emission control equipment, periodic parametric monitoring, or such other monitoring as specified in this permit.

§2-8.3. Recordkeeping and Reporting.

a. The owner or operator of a fuel burning unit(s) shall maintain on-site all records of monitored data established in the monitoring plan pursuant to of 45CSR§2-8.2.a. as provided by Section 4.3 of this permit.

b. The permittee shall submit a periodic exception report to the Director, as specified in Section 4.5 of this permit. Such exception report shall provide details of all excursions outside the range of measured emissions or monitored parameters established in an approved monitoring plan, and shall include, but not be limited to, the time of the excursion, the magnitude of the excursion, the duration of the excursion, the cause of the excursion and the corrective action taken.

c. The permittee shall maintain records of the operating schedule and the quantity and quality of fuel consumed in each fuel burning unit as specified in Section 4.4 of this permit. Such records are to be maintained on-site and made available to the Director or his duly authorized representative upon request.

d. Where appropriate the owner or operator of a fuel burning unit(s) may maintain such records in electronic form.

§2-9.2. At all times, including periods of start-ups, shutdowns and malfunctions, owners and operators shall, to the extent practicable, maintain and operate any fuel burning unit(s) including associated air pollution control...
equipment in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice for minimizing emissions. Determination of whether acceptable operating and maintenance procedures are being used will be based on information available to the Director which may include, but is not limited to, monitoring results, visible emission observations, review of operating and maintenance procedures and inspection of the source. Compliance with this provision shall be demonstrated by compliance with the testing, recordkeeping and reporting as specified by Section 4.2, 4.3, 4.4, and 4.5 of this permit.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2141, Condition B.1., Emission Point ID (27E)]

4.1.19. The permitted facility shall comply with all applicable requirements of 45CSR10, with the exception of any more stringent limitations set forth in 4.1.17. The principle provisions of 45CSR10, applicable to the permitted facility, are:

§10-3.2.
No person shall cause, suffer, allow, or permit the discharge of sulfur dioxide into the open air from all stacks located at one plant, measured in terms of pounds per hour, in excess of the amount determined as follows:

§10-3.2.c.
For Type 'b' and Type 'c' fuel burning units, the product of 1.6 and the total design heat inputs for such units discharging through those stacks in million BTU's per hour, provided however, that no more than 5,500 pounds per hour of sulfur dioxide shall be discharged into the open air from all such stacks.

§10-8.1.a.
At such reasonable times as the Director may designate, the owner or operator of any fuel burning unit(s), manufacturing process source(s) or combustion source(s) may be required to conduct or have conducted tests to determine the compliance of such source(s) with the emission limitations of sections 3, 4, or 5 of 45CSR10. Such tests shall be conducted in accordance with the appropriate test method set forth in 40CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 6, Method 15, or equivalent EPA testing method approved by the Director.

§10.8.3.a.
The owner or operator of fuel burning unit(s), manufacturing process source(s) or combustion source(s) subject to sections 3, 4, or 5 of 45CSR10 shall maintain on-site a record of all required monitoring data as established in a monitoring plan pursuant to 45CSR10-8.2.c as specified in Section 4.2, 4.3, and 4.4 of this permit

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2141, Condition B.2, Emission Point ID (27E)]

4.1.20. Maximum aggregate emissions to the atmosphere from Emission Point ID No. A-001, A-002, A-003, and A-004 shall not exceed the following hourly and annual limits:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pollutant</th>
<th>Emissions (lb/hr)</th>
<th>Emissions (tpy)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nitrogen Oxides</td>
<td>43.4</td>
<td>15.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carbon Monoxide</td>
<td>9.4</td>
<td>0.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PM-10</td>
<td>3.1</td>
<td>0.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydrocarbons</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>0.6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2414, Condition 4.1.1., Emission Point ID (A-001, A-002, A-003, A-004)]
4.1.21. The permittee is limited to four (4) portable diesel auxiliary air compressors (designated as 001 through 004) on site for the purposes of maintaining adequate pressure and delivery volume in the plant air header in the event that the normal electric driven compressors fail, require maintenance, or lose power supply.
[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2414, Condition 4.1.2., Emission Unit ID (001, 002, 003, 004)]

4.1.22. Reserved.

4.1.23. Boiler 26 shall operate at a minimum of 25% of its design heat input, utilizing natural gas, immediately prior to and during combustion of process vent gas from the Covestro LLC plant.
[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2033, Condition 4.1.12., Emission Unit ID (B26)]

4.1.24. The permittee must operate and maintain the boilers, B26 and B27, including associated air pollution control equipment and monitoring equipment, in a manner consistent with safety and good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions. Determination of whether such operation and maintenance procedures are being used will be based on information available to the Administrator that may include, but is not limited to, monitoring results, review of operation and maintenance procedures, review of operation and maintenance records, and inspection of the source.
[45CSR34, 40CFR§63.7500(a)(3)]

4.1.25. The permittee shall conduct a tune-up of the boilers, B26 and B27, every 5 years in accordance with the provision of 40 CFR 63, Subpart DDDDD. Each 5-year tune-up specified in §63.7540(a)(12) must be conducted no more than 61 months after the previous tune-up. The Permittee may delay the burner inspection specified in Condition 4.1.25.1 until the next scheduled or unscheduled unit shutdown, but the Permittee must inspect each burner at least once every 72 months. If an oxygen trim system is utilized on a unit without emission standards to reduce the tune-up frequency to once every 5 years, set the oxygen level no lower than the oxygen concentration measured during the most recent tune-up. If the boiler is not operating on the required date for a tune-up, the tune-up must be conducted within 30 calendar days of startup. The tune-up shall include the following:

4.1.25.1. As applicable, inspect the burner, and clean or replace any components of the burner as necessary (the burner inspection may be performed at any time prior to the tune-up or delay the burner inspection until the next scheduled unit shutdown). At units where entry into a piece of process equipment or into a storage vessel is required to complete the tune-up inspections, inspections are required only during planned entries into the storage vessel or process equipment;

4.1.25.2. Inspect the flame pattern, as applicable, and adjust the burner as necessary to optimize the flame pattern. The adjustment should be consistent with the manufacturer’s specifications, if available;

4.1.25.3. Inspect the system controlling the air-to-fuel ratio, as applicable, and ensure that it is correctly calibrated and functioning properly (the inspection may be delayed until the next scheduled unit shutdown);

4.1.25.4. Optimize total emissions of CO. This optimization should be consistent with the manufacturer’s specifications, if available, and with any NOx requirement to which the unit is subject;

4.1.25.5. Measure the concentrations in the effluent stream of CO in parts per million, by volume, and oxygen in volume percent, before and after the adjustments are made (measurements may be either on a dry or wet basis, as long as it is the same basis before and after the adjustments are made). Measurements may be taken using a portable CO analyzer.
4.1.25.6. Maintain on-site and submit, if requested by the Director, a tune-up report containing the information in paragraphs 4.1.25.6.1. through 4.1.25.6.3.

4.1.25.6.1. The concentrations of CO in the effluent stream in parts per million by volume, and oxygen in volume percent, measured at high fire of typical operating load, before and after the tune-up of the boiler;

4.1.25.6.2. A description of any corrective actions taken as a part of the tune-up; and

4.1.25.6.3. The type and amount of fuel used over the 12 months prior to the tune-up, but only if the unit was physically and legally capable of using more than one type of fuel during that period. Units sharing a fuel meter may estimate the fuel used by each unit.

[45CSR34, 40CFR§63.7500(a)(1) and Table 3, 40CFR§63.7500(e), 40CFR§63.7515(d), 40CFR§§63.7540(a), (a)(10)(i) through (vi), (12), and (13)]

4.2. Monitoring Requirements

4.2.1. For Boilers B26, and B27 the permittee shall maintain and operate a NOx continuous emission monitoring system during ozone season. In accordance with 45CSR40 NOx emissions during Ozone Season shall be monitored in accordance with 40CFR75, Subpart H.

[45CSR40, Emission Point ID (26E, 27E)]

4.2.2. Boilers B26 and B27 are subject to 40 CFR 60, Subpart Db. The permittee shall comply with all applicable provisions contained in 40 CFR 60, specifically Subpart Db. As provided by 40CFR§60.48b(2) installation of a nitrogen oxides continuous emission monitoring system (CEMS), which meets the requirements of 40 CFR 75, Subpart H, also meets the requirements of Subpart Db, except that the permittee shall also meet the requirements of §60.49b. (Data reported to meet the requirements of §60.49b shall not include data substituted using the missing data procedures in subpart D of part 75 of chapter 40, nor shall the data have been bias adjusted according to the procedures of part 75.) All reports, requests, or notifications under Subpart Db shall be submitted as provided by Condition 3.5.3 of this permit.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2141, Condition B.6., 40CFR§60.48(b)(2), 45CSR16, Emission Point ID (26E, 27E)]

4.2.3. In order to determine compliance with the annual combustion limit of section 4.1.5 of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the amount of natural gas combusted by Boiler 26. Additionally, in order to determine compliance with the hourly combustion limit of section 4.1.5 of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the hours of operation of Boiler 26. Compliance with the hourly limit shall be determined by dividing the amount of natural gas consumed during the month by the monthly hours of operation.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2033, Condition 4.2.4., Emission Point ID (26E)]

4.2.4. In order to determine compliance with annual combustion limit of section 4.1.6 of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the amount of natural gas condensate combusted by Boiler 26. Additionally, in order to determine compliance with the hourly combustion limit of section 4.1.6 of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the hours of operation of Boiler 26. Compliance with the hourly limit shall be determined by dividing the amount of natural gas condensate consumed during the month by the monthly hours of operation.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2033, Condition 4.2.5., Emission Point ID (26E)]
4.2.5.  In order to determine compliance with annual combustion limit of section 4.1.3 of this permit, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the amount of process vent gas from Covestro LLC combusted by Boiler 26. [45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2033, Condition 4.2.6., Emission Point ID (26E)]

4.2.6.  Reserved.

4.2.7.  The permittee shall comply with all applicable monitoring and recordkeeping requirements of 40 CFR 60 Subpart Db including but not limited to the following:

4.2.7.1  The permittee shall install, calibrate, maintain, and operate CEMS for measuring NOX and O2(or CO2) emissions discharged to the atmosphere, and shall record the output of the system. As provided by 40 CFR §60.48b(b)(2), installation of a CEMS meeting the requirements of 40 CFR 75, Subpart H, meets the requirements of Subpart Db, except as otherwise provided by 40 CFR §60.48b. [40 CFR §60.48b(b), 45CSR16] [45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2033, Condition 4.2.8., Emission Point ID (26E)]

4.2.8.  The permittee shall comply with all applicable monitoring and recordkeeping requirements of 40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP. [45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2033, Condition 4.2.9., Emission Point ID (26E)]

4.2.9.  Reserved.

4.2.10. The permittee shall conduct visible emission (VE) checks and/or opacity monitoring and recordkeeping for the emission points corresponding to Boilers B26 and B27.

The visible emission check shall determine the presence or absence of visible emissions. At a minimum, the observer must be trained and knowledgeable regarding the effects of background contrast, ambient lighting, observer position relative to lighting, wind, and the presence of uncombined water (condensing water vapor) on the visibility of emissions. This training may be obtained from written materials found in the References 1 and 2 from 40CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 22 or from the lecture portion of the 40CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 certification course.

For Boiler B26 visible emission checks shall be conducted at least once per calendar month when natural gas condensate is burned. Additionally, visible emission checks shall be conducted on Boilers B26 and B27 at least once annually when process vent gas streams (Covestro LLC’s Propylene Oxide Regeneration System) are controlled by the boilers. When Covestro LLC propylene oxide vent gas is burned, the permittee shall conduct the VE check during the de-activation step of the process which represents the condition of highest propylene oxide loading. The permittee shall document the specific process vent gas stream(s) venting to the boiler during the check(s). These checks shall be performed for a sufficient time interval, but no less than one (1) minute, to determine if any visible emissions are present. Visible emission checks shall be performed during periods of operation as specified above and appropriate weather conditions.

If visible emissions are present for three (3) consecutive monthly checks, or any one of the annual checks the permittee shall conduct an opacity reading at that source(s) using the procedures and requirements of Method 9 as soon as practicable, but within seventy-two (72) hours of the final visual emission check. Method 9 checks shall be performed on the source for at least six (6) minutes. A Method 9 observation at a source(s) restarts the count of the number of consecutive readings with the presence of visible emissions. [45CSR§30-5.1.c., 45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2033, Condition 4.2.11., Emission Point ID (26E, 27E)]

4.2.11. The permittee shall monitor the hours of operation for each auxiliary compressor (001-004). [45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2414, Condition 4.2.1., Emission Unit ID (001, 002, 003, 004)]
4.2.12. At the end of each month, the permittee shall perform calculations using the monthly hours of operations, the
horse power rating of any compressors used that month and appropriate emission factors (either AP-42 or
factors developed by the engine manufacturer) to show compliance with section 4.1.20 of this permit.
Additionally, the permittee may (at the permittee’s discretion) use fuel usage based emission factors (either AP-
42 or factors developed by the engine manufacturer) if fuel usage was monitored and recorded for that entire
month. Once the monthly emissions are calculated, a rolling twelve-month total of emissions shall be
calculated.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2414, Condition 4.2.2., Emission Unit ID (001, 002, 003, 004)]

4.2.13. In order to determine compliance with the propylene oxide emission limits in section 4.1.1 of this permit, the
permittee shall monitor and record actual propylene oxide loading (on at least an hourly basis) to the boiler
during combustion of process vent gas from the Covestro LLC facility. The permittee shall use this data to
calculate actual hourly and annual propylene oxide emissions. When calculating emissions, a 98% control
efficiency may be used provided all applicable conditions of 40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP have been met.
Compliance with the annual limit of 4.1.1 shall be based on a rolling 12-month total.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2033, Condition 4.2.12., Emission Point ID (26E)]

4.3. Testing Requirements

4.3.1. In order to determine compliance with the hexane emission limits in section 4.1.1 of this permit, within 180
days of commencement of process vent gas and/or liquid natural gas condensate combustion in Boiler 26
(whichever comes first) the permittee shall complete the following performance testing:

4.3.1.1 The permittee shall perform or have performed EPA approved stack tests to determine emissions
of hexane from Boiler 26. Said testing shall be performed while the boiler is combusting natural
gas condensate as close to practical a feed rate of approximately 100 gallons per hour.

[45CSR §13-5.11.]

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2033, Condition 4.3.1., Emission Point ID (26E)]

4.3.2. The permittee shall comply with all applicable testing requirements of 40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2033, Condition 4.3.2., Emission Point ID (26E)]

4.3.3. Reserved.

4.3.4. The permittee shall comply with all applicable testing requirements of 40 CFR 60 Subpart Db.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2033, Condition 4.3.4., Emission Point ID (26E)]
4.3.5. After the testing required by 4.3.1 of this permit is completed, ongoing compliance shall be demonstrated by repeating the testing required by 4.3.1 according to the following schedule:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test</th>
<th>Test Results</th>
<th>Testing Frequency</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Initial</td>
<td>&lt; 50% of limits</td>
<td>Upon Director’s Request</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial</td>
<td>Between 50% and 90% limits</td>
<td>Once/5 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial</td>
<td>≥90% of limits</td>
<td>Once/3 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Once/3 years</td>
<td>After two successive tests indicate emission rates ≤50% of limits</td>
<td>Upon Director’s Request</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Once/3 years</td>
<td>After two successive tests indicate emission rates &lt;90% of limits</td>
<td>Once/5 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Once/5 years</td>
<td>≥90% of limits</td>
<td>Once/3 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Once/5 years</td>
<td>After two successive tests indicate emission rates &lt;50% of limits</td>
<td>Upon Director’s Request</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Once/5 years</td>
<td>After two successive tests indicate emission rates &lt; 90% of limits</td>
<td>Once/5 years</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2033, Condition 4.3.5., Emission Point ID (26E)]

4.3.6. Reserved.

4.4. Recordkeeping Requirements

4.4.1. The permittee shall maintain accurate records of the amount of natural gas consumed in Boiler B27 on a monthly and yearly basis using the sample record keeping format, or equivalent, as supplied within Attachment A of permit number R13-2141C, also included herein as Attachment A

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2141, Condition B.5., Emission Unit ID (B27)]

4.4.2. Manufacturer’s specification sheets shall be kept on file for the portable diesel auxiliary air compressors (designated as equipment IDs. 001 through 004 of this permit) on site.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2414, Condition 4.4.5., Emission Unit ID (001, 002, 003, 004)]
4.4.3. The permittee shall maintain accurate records of the hours of operation for each portable auxiliary air compressor (designated as equipment ID(s) 001 through 004 of this permit). All applicable records shall be maintained in such a form suitable and readily available for expeditious inspection and review. The files shall be maintained for at least five (5) years following the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record. At a minimum, the most recent two (2) years of data may be maintained off site, but must remain accessible within a reasonable time. Where appropriate, the permittee may maintain records electronically (on a computer, on computer floppy disks, CDs, DVDs, or magnetic tape disks), on microfilm, or on microfiche.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2414, Condition 4.4.4., Emission Unit ID (001, 002, 003, 004)]

4.4.4. The permittee must keep a record of each notification and report submitted, including all documentation supporting any Initial Notification or Notification of Compliance Status or semiannual compliance report submitted, according to the requirements in 40 C.F.R. §63.10(b)(2)(xiv).

[45CSR34, 40 C.F.R. §63.7555(a)(1)]

4.4.5. The permittee must keep records specified in Condition 4.4.4. as follows:

a. The records must be in a form suitable and readily available for expeditious review, according to 40 C.F.R. §63.10(b)(1).

b. As specified in 40 C.F.R. §63.10(b)(1), the Permittee must keep each record for 5 years following the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record.

c. The Permittee must keep each record on site, or they must be accessible from on site (for example, through a computer network), for at least 2 years after the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record, according to 40 C.F.R. §63.10(b)(1). The Permittee can keep the records off site for the remaining 3 years.

[45CSR34, 40 C.F.R. §63.7560]

4.5. Reporting Requirements

4.5.1. Reserved.

4.5.2. The permittee shall submit semi-annual reports of nitrogen oxide emissions for Boilers B26 and B27 as required by 40 CFR 60, Subpart Db.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2033, Condition 4.4.3., 40CFR60, Subpart Db., Emission Point ID (26E, 27E)]

4.5.3. Any violations of the allowable visible emission requirement for any emission source discovered during testing must be reported in writing to the Director of the Division of Air Quality as soon as practicable, but within ten calendar days, of the occurrence and shall include, at a minimum, the following information: the results of the visible determination of opacity of emissions, the cause or suspected cause of the violation(s), and any corrective measures taken or planned.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2033, Condition 4.4.1., Emission Point ID (26E)]

4.5.4. The permittee must submit a 40 C.F.R. 63 Subpart DDDDD compliance report for Boiler 26 and 27 every five years. The first report will cover the reporting period of January 31, 2016 to December 31, 2021. Each subsequent 5-year report will cover the period from January 1 to December 31st. The compliance report shall be submitted by March 15th following the reporting period.

[45CSR34, 40 C.F.R. §§63.7550(a) and (b)]
4.5.5. A compliance report must contain the following information:

(i) Company and Facility name and address.
(ii) Process unit information, emissions limitations, and operating parameter limitations.
(iii) Date of report and beginning and ending dates of the reporting period.
(iv) Include the date of the most recent tune-up for each unit subject to only the requirement to conduct an annual, biennial, or 5-year tune-up according to §63.7540(a)(10), (11), or (12) respectively. Include the date of the most recent burner inspection if it was not done annually, biennially, or on a 5-year period and was delayed until the next scheduled or unscheduled unit shutdown.
(v) Statement by a responsible official with that official’s name, title, and signature, certifying the truth, accuracy, and completeness of the content of the report.

Compliance reports required by Condition 4.5.4. shall be submitted electronically to the EPA via the CEDRI. The permittee must use the appropriate electronic report in CEDRI for this subpart. Instead of using the electronic report in CEDRI for this subpart, the permittee may submit an alternate electronic file consistent with the XML schema listed on the CEDRI Web site (http://www.epa.gov/ttn/chief/cedri/index.html), once the XML schema is available. If the reporting form specific to this subpart is not available in CEDRI at the time that a report is due, submit the report to the Director.

[45CSR34, 40 C.F.R. §§63.7550(c)(5)(i) through (iii), (xiv), (xvii) and (h)(3)]

4.6. Compliance Plan

4.6.1. N/A
5.0 Source-Specific Requirements [Specialty Surfactants (Triton™), Unit ID(s) (listed under Specialty Surfactants within Section 1.0)]

5.1. Limitations and Standards

5.1.1. Emissions to the atmosphere from the Specialty Surfactants Plant shall be limited to the hourly and annual emission limits established in Table 5.1.1.

Table 5.1.1. Emission Limits for Specialty Surfactants Process

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Emission Point ID No.</th>
<th>Pollutant</th>
<th>Emission Limits pph</th>
<th>Emission Limits tpy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>E-1081-3, E-1081-2,</td>
<td>SO₂</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>0.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E-1084-1, E-1084-2,</td>
<td>VOC</td>
<td>88.0</td>
<td>9.88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E-1085-1, E-1085-2,</td>
<td>Ethylene Oxide</td>
<td>0.65</td>
<td>0.0445</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E-1086-1, E-1086-3,</td>
<td>Propylene Oxide</td>
<td>10.8</td>
<td>0.62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E-1086-4, E-1088-1</td>
<td>Formaldehyde</td>
<td>0.17</td>
<td>0.0200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E-1086-7</td>
<td>Ethylene Dichloride THAP¹</td>
<td>0.088</td>
<td>0.009</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E-1086-7</td>
<td>Ethylene Glycol</td>
<td>0.01</td>
<td>0.001</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T-8330</td>
<td>No Regulated Air Pollutant</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T-8729</td>
<td>No Regulated Air Pollutant</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T-8738</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>E-1087-1</td>
<td>PM₁₀</td>
<td>3.22</td>
<td>0.06</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

¹THAP includes: ethylene oxide, propylene oxide, formaldehyde, ethylene dichloride, acetaldehyde, benzyl chloride, cresylic acid, 1,4-dioxane, ethylene glycol, glycol ethers, methanol, toluene, and other HAPs that could be present as trace constituents in raw materials.

This requirement streamlines compliance with 45CSR§7-4.1 for emission point E-1087-1 [45CSR13, Permit Number R13-1517, Condition 4.1.1., Emission Point ID (Above in Table 5.1.1)]

5.1.2. All emissions from the operation of the 8500 Reactor, with the exception of emissions from the production of X-200 Starter, Product CF-10, Product DF-12, or Product DF-18, shall be directed first through the Caustic Scrubber (C-8110) and then through the Water Scrubber (C-8130). Emissions from the production of X-200 Starter, Product CF-10, Product DF-12, and Product DF-18, may be directed from the 8500 Reactor directly to the Water Scrubber (C-8130).

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-1517, Condition 4.1.2., Emission Unit ID (8500 Reactor)]
5.1.3. The permittee shall ensure complete reaction by redundant measurement and interlock of starter charge, Ethylene Oxide and Propylene Oxide feed, temperature, and pressure. The process interlock shall prevent venting until the preset criteria for complete reaction are met. These criteria must include positive isolation of Ethylene Oxide and Propylene Oxide feed.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-1517, Condition 4.1.3., Emission Unit ID (8400)]

5.1.4. Operation and Maintenance of Air Pollution Control Equipment. The permittee shall, to the extent practicable, install, maintain, and operate all pollution control equipment listed in Section 1.0 and associated monitoring equipment in a manner consistent with safety and good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions, or comply with any more stringent limits set forth in this permit or as set forth by any State rule, Federal regulation, or alternative control plan approved by the Secretary.

[45CSR§13-5.11.]

5.1.5. Emissions from the equipment identified in 5.1.1 above shall be routed to and controlled by those control devices identified in Section 1.0 under Specialty Surfactants prior to venting emissions to the atmosphere, excepting only periods of emergency repairs of control equipment and unanticipated control equipment failure for reasons beyond the reasonable control of the permittee, or as otherwise allowed by this permit or applicable regulation.

In the event that both the Caustic Scrubber (C-8110) and the Water Scrubber (C-8130) are off-line (e.g. due to plant turnaround), storage tank emissions that normally vent to the scrubber system are authorized to be discharged directly to the air. During such outages, there shall be no materials transferred into tanks that normally vent to the scrubber system.

Due to unavoidable malfunction of equipment or other conditions resulting in emissions exceeding the levels established in this permit, the Director may grant the permittee a variance to operate the related production equipment for periods not to exceed ten (10) days upon specific application to the Director. Such application shall be made within twenty-four (24) hours of the malfunction. In cases of major equipment failure, additional time periods may be granted by the Director provided a corrective program has been submitted by the permittee and approved by the Director. During such times, the permittee shall take all reasonable and practicable steps to minimize emissions.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-1517, Condition 4.1.5., Equipment ID(s) (C-1087-1, C-8110, C-8130)]

5.1.6. The permittee shall implement a Leak Detection and Repair Program (“LDAR”) compliant with the HON equipment leak requirements in 40 CFR 63, Subpart H for all equipment covered by 40 CFR 63, Subpart PPP (as well as equipment in TAP service). For the remainder of the Specialty Surfactants Plant, the permittee shall implement a LDAR Program compliant with 45CSR§21-37, excluding the fugitive emission components associated with the equipment listed below that have been determined as insignificant fugitive emission sources provided that the total organic liquid vapor pressure is maintained at or below 0.01 mm Hg at 20°C.

Tanks 8323, 8324, 8332, 8333, 8343, 8344, 8353, 8354, 8363, 8364, 8373, 8381, 8382, 8383, 8706, 8709, 8721, 8723, and 8725.
For equipment components in the Specialty Surfactants Plant that are in light liquid service less than 300 hours per year, the permittee shall implement a LDAR Program compliant with the heavy liquid provisions of 45CSR§21-37. Periodic reports required by the LDAR program may be submitted as part of the semi-annual periodic reports required by Section 5.5.3.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-1517, Condition 4.1.6., 40CFR§63.1434, CO-R27-97-17-A(94-21), CO-R21-98-22, Equipment (VOC/HAP/TAP service)]

5.1.7. The permittee shall comply with all applicable standards and requirements of 40CFR Part 63 Subpart PPP – “National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Polyether Polyols Production”. The subpart includes requirements to limit HAP emissions from polyether polyols manufacturing units – which includes purification systems, reactors and their associated product separator and recovery devices, other associated unit operations, storage vessels, surge control vessels, bottoms receivers, product transfer racks, connected ducts and piping, combustion, recovery, or recapture devices or systems, and equipment leaks. This subpart also includes specific notification, testing, monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements. The pertinent sections of 40CFR§63.1420 applicable to this facility include, but are not limited to, the following:

[40CFR§63.1420, 45CSR34]

5.1.7.1 The permittee shall reduce the total epoxide emissions from the applicable 40CFR63 Subpart PPP process vents of the Specialty Surfactants Plant by an aggregated 98 percent.

[40CFR§63.1425(b)(2)(ii), 45CSR34]

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-1517, Condition 4.1.7., Equipment ID (8400)]

5.1.8. The permittee shall comply with all applicable requirements of 45CSR7 “To Prevent and Control Particulate Matter Air Pollution from Manufacturing Processes and Associated Operations”, with the exception of any more stringent limitations set forth in this permit.

5.1.8.1. The permittee shall not cause, suffer, allow or permit emission of smoke and/or particulate matter into the open air from any process source operation which is greater than twenty (20) percent opacity, except as noted in Sections 5.1.8.2 and 5.1.8.3.

[45CSR§7-3.1.] {E-1087-I}

5.1.8.2. The provisions of Section 5.1.8.1 shall not apply to smoke and/or particulate matter emitted from any process source operation which is less than forty (40) percent opacity for any period or periods aggregating no more than five (5) minutes in any sixty (60) minute period.

[45CSR§7-3.2.] {E-1087-I}

5.1.8.3. The permittee shall not cause, suffer, allow or permit visible emissions from any storage structure(s) associated with any manufacturing process(es) that pursuant to Section 5.1.8.4 is required to have a full enclosure and be equipped with a particulate matter control device.

[45CSR§7-3.7.]

5.1.8.4. The permittee shall not cause, suffer, allow or permit any manufacturing process or storage structure generating fugitive particulate matter to operate that is not equipped with a system, which may include, but not be limited to, process equipment design, control equipment design or operation and maintenance procedures, to minimize the emissions of fugitive particulate matter. To minimize means such system shall be installed, maintained and operated to ensure the lowest fugitive particulate matter emissions reasonably achievable.

[45CSR§7-5.1][T-8706, and T-8709]

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-1517, Condition 4.1.8]
5.1.9. The permittee shall comply with all applicable requirements of 45CSR21 “Regulation to Prevent and Control Air Pollution from the Emission of Volatile Organic Compounds”, with the exception of any more stringent limitations set forth in this permit. Specific emission limits under 45CSR21, which pertain to the Specialty Surfactants Area can be found in Section 9.0 of this Title V Permit.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-1517, Condition 4.1.9., Emission Point ID (E-1081-3, T-8352, T-8362, and L-1004)]

5.1.10. The permittee shall comply with all applicable requirements of 45CSR27 “To Prevent and Control the Emissions of Toxic Air Pollutants”, with the exception of any more stringent limitations set forth in this permit. Specific emission limits under 45CSR27, which pertain to the Specialty Surfactants Area can be found in Section 8.0 of this Title V Permit.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-1517, Condition 4.1.10., Emission Unit ID (8400)]

5.1.11. The heat exchanger systems used in the Specialty Surfactants Plant to cool process equipment or materials that are covered by 40CFR63, Subpart PPP shall operate with a cooling pressure fluid at least 5 psig greater than the maximum pressure on the process fluid side or are operated as once through cooling water subject to an NPDES permit that meets the requirements of 40CFR§63.104(a)(3) and therefore meet the exemption from the heat exchanger monitoring requirements of 40CFR§63.104(a).

[40CFR §63.104(a), 45CSR34]

5.1.12. MON MACT. The permittee shall comply with the following provisions for wastewater as specified by 40 C.F.R. §63.2485(i).

Process wastewater stream ID TR020/GR-7M Decant is classified as Group 1 wastewater. As provided by the NOCS, TR020/GR-7M Decant must be managed as hazardous waste and shipped to an off-site facility authorized to manage hazardous waste.

The permittee shall develop and maintain a maintenance wastewater plan that is implemented per §63.2485(a) and §63.105, except as specified in §63.2485.

[40 C.F.R. §63.2485, 45CSR34; Wastewater Stream ID (TR020/GR-7M Decant)]

5.1.13. MON MACT. The permittee shall comply with the following general requirements for emission limits, work practice standards and compliance requirements as specified by §63.2450.

- The Solvent Recovery Column (Eq. Id. 8101), Group 2 Continuous Process Vent, must be operated with a total resource effectiveness (TRE) index greater than 5.0.

- Rail car and tank truck loading racks used to load organic liquids containing hazardous air pollutants shall be operated as Group 2 transfer operations as defined by the MON Rule. (Rack IDs: L-1001, L-1003, L-1004 and L-1005).

- The following storage vessels shall be operated as Group 2 as defined by the MON Rule. (Storage Vessel IDs: T8310, T8320, T8321, T8322, T8323, T8324, T8331, T8334, T8343, T8345, T8346, T8351, T8353, T8355, T8356, T8360, T8361, T8362, T8363, T8364, T8365, T8366, T8373, T8375, T8376, T8380, T8381, T8382, T8383, T8390, T8391, T8392, T8393, T8420, and T8817.

[45CSR34, 40 C.F.R. §63.2450]
5.1.14. **MON MACT.** The permittee shall comply with the applicable equipment leak standards of the MON MACT as specified by 40 C.F.R. §63.2480(b), Subpart H of 40 C.F.R. 63. As a result, the permittee has defined the following schedule within their NOC report.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Phase</th>
<th>Planned Schedule for Implementation On or Before</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Phase I – Beginning on the compliance date</td>
<td>May 10, 2008</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phase II – Beginning no later than 1 year after the compliance date</td>
<td>May 10, 2009</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phase III – Beginning no later than 2 ½ years after the compliance data</td>
<td>November 8, 2010</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

[45CSR34, 40 C.F.R. §63.2480]

5.1.15. **MON MACT.** The permittee shall comply with the applicable general provisions of 40 C.F.R.63 Subpart A as specified by 40 C.F.R. §63.2540 and Table 12 of Subpart FFFF.

[45CSR34, 40 C.F.R. §63.2540; 40 C.F.R. 63 Table 12 to Subpart FFFF]

5.1.16. **Requirements for pressure relief devices covered by 40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP.** The permittee must comply with the operating and pressure release requirements specified in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this condition for pressure relief devices in organic HAP gas or vapor service. The permittee must also comply with the pressure release management requirements specified in paragraph (c) of this condition for all pressure relief devices in organic HAP service.

a. Operating requirements. Except during a pressure release event, operate each pressure relief device in organic HAP gas or vapor service with an instrument reading of less than 500 ppm above background as detected by Method 21 of 40 CFR part 60, appendix A.

b. Pressure release requirements. For pressure relief devices in organic HAP gas or vapor service, comply with the following requirements, as applicable.

1. If the pressure relief device does not consist of or include a rupture disk, conduct instrument monitoring, as detected by Method 21 of 40 CFR part 60, appendix A, no later than 5 calendar days after the pressure release to verify that the pressure relief device is operating with an instrument reading of less than 500 ppm above background, except as provided in 40CFR§63.171.

2. If the pressure relief device consists of or includes a rupture disk, install a replacement disk as soon as practicable after a pressure release, but no later than 5 calendar days after the pressure release, except as provided in 40CFR§63.171.
Pressure release management. Pressure releases to the atmosphere from pressure relief devices in organic HAP service are prohibited.

c. Effective March 27, 2017, the permittee must comply with the following requirements for all pressure relief devices in organic HAP service:

1. For each pressure relief device in organic HAP service, the owner or operator must equip each pressure relief device with a device(s) or use a monitoring system that is capable of:

   i. Identifying the pressure release;

   ii. Recording the time and duration of each pressure release; and

   iii. Notifying operators immediately that a pressure release is occurring. The device or monitoring system may be either specific to the pressure relief device itself or may be associated with the process system or piping, sufficient to indicate a pressure release to the atmosphere. Examples of these types of devices and systems include, but are not limited to, a rupture disk indicator, magnetic sensor, motion detector on the pressure relief valve stem, flow monitor, or pressure monitor.

2. If any pressure relief device in organic HAP service releases to atmosphere as a result of a pressure release event, the owner or operator must calculate the quantity of organic HAP released during each pressure release event and report this quantity as required in §63.1439(e)(6)(ix). Calculations may be based on data from the pressure relief device monitoring alone or in combination with process parameter monitoring data and process knowledge.

   [45CSR34 and 40CFR§§63.1434(c), (2), and (3)]

5.2. Monitoring Requirements

5.2.1. The permittee shall install, calibrate, and maintain in good working condition the following equipment and record and maintain data from these devices:

a. Caustic Scrubber (C-8110) – Ethylene Oxide and Propylene Oxide Venting

   i. Continuous monitoring and recording instrumentation with automatic alarm to ensure that scrubber liquid level is sufficient and add solution to maintain at least 100 gallons in the base section with the circulation pump on.

   ii. Scrubber circulation flow monitor, alarm, and interlock to prevent venting at less than 6 gpm (3,000 pph) of water flow.

   iii. Scrubber liquid temperature monitor, alarm, and interlock to prevent venting at less than 75°C, (167°F) base liquid temperature.

   iv. 8400 Reactor pressure monitor to automatically control vapor flow to the packed bed scrubber at 120 scfm or less.

   v. Scrubber differential pressure monitor, alarm, and interlock to override reactor pressure control to maintain scrubber differential pressure at 25 inches of water or lower.

   vi. The permittee shall sample, titrate, and record scrubber caustic concentration once per shift during operation and add NaOH as required to maintain at least 2% NaOH concentration.
vii. The permittee shall blow down half of the scrubber liquid and replace with fresh solution at least weekly. This activity must be performed during periods when the 8400 Reactor is not venting.

b. Water Scrubber (C-8130)

i. Continuous monitoring and recording instrumentation with automatic alarm to ensure that scrubber liquid level is sufficient and add solution to maintain at least 100 gallons in the base section with the circulation pump on.

ii. Scrubber make-up water flow monitor, alarm, and interlock to prevent venting at less than 6 gpm (3,000 pph) make-up flow.

iii. Scrubber liquid temperature monitor, alarm, and interlock to prevent venting at greater than 35°C (95°F) base liquid temperature.

iv. Scrubber differential pressure monitor, alarm, and interlock to override reactor pressure control to maintain scrubber differential pressure at 25 inches of water or lower.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-1517, Condition 4.2.1., Equipment ID (C-8110, C-8130)]

5.2.2. The permittee shall monitor time from the end of the epoxide feed to the end of the Extended Cook-Out (“ECO”);

[40CFR§63.1427(i), 45CSR34, 45CSR13, Permit Number R13-1517, Condition 4.2.2., Equipment ID 8400)]

5.2.3. For the purpose of determining compliance with the opacity limits of 45CSR7, the permittee shall conduct visible emission checks and/or opacity monitoring and recordkeeping for all emission sources subject to an opacity limit.

The visible emission check shall determine the presence or absence of visible emissions. At a minimum, the observer must be trained and knowledgeable regarding the effects of background contrast, ambient lighting, observer position relative to lighting, wind, and the presence of uncombined water (condensing water vapor) on the visibility of emissions. This training may be obtained from written materials found in the References 1 and 2 from 40CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 22 or from the lecture portion of the 40CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 certification course.

Visible emission checks shall be conducted each time that solid material is unloaded to Vessel 8701. These checks shall be performed at each source (stack, transfer point, fugitive emission source, etc.) for a sufficient time interval, but no less than one (1) minute, to determine if any visible emissions are present. Visible emission checks shall be performed during periods of facility operation and appropriate weather conditions.

If visible emissions are present, the permittee shall conduct an opacity reading at that source(s) using the procedures and requirements of 45CSR§7A as soon as practicable, but within seventy-two (72) hours of the visual emission check unless corrective action is taken to eliminate the visible emissions.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-1517, Condition 4.2.3., 45CSR§30-5.1.c.1.B., Emission Point ID (E-1087-1)]

5.3. Testing Requirements

5.3.1. At the request of the Secretary a performance test shall be conducted to confirm compliance with emission limitations set forth in Section 5.1.1., and to confirm correlation between on-line computer simulation determinations and actual measurements during subject performance tests. Results of such performance tests shall be submitted to the Director of the Division of Air Quality within ninety (90) days following the
completion of the aforementioned tests. Tests shall be conducted under those production conditions in which peak emission rates will occur. Thirty (30) days prior to conducting such performance tests, a test protocol shall be submitted to the Director for his approval. The Director must be notified at least fifteen (15) days in advance of the actual dates and times during which the tests will be conducted.

[45CSR§13-6.1; 45CSR13, Permit Number R13-1517, Condition 4.3.1]

5.3.2. **Stack testing.** At such reasonable times as the Secretary may designate, the permittee may be required to conduct or have conducted stack tests to determine the particulate matter loading in exhaust gases when the Secretary has reason to believe that an emission limitation is being violated. For cause, the Secretary may request the permittee to install such stack gas monitoring devices as the Secretary deems necessary to determine continuing compliance. The data from such devices shall be readily available for review on-site or at such other reasonable location that the Secretary may specify. At the request of the Secretary, such data shall be made available for inspection or copying and the Secretary may require periodic submission of excess emission reports.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-1517, Condition 4.3.2., Emission Point ID (E-1087-1)]

5.3.3. **Compliance testing.** Any such test to determine compliance with particulate matter limitations set forth in Section 5.1.1 shall be conducted in accordance with Method 5 of 40CFR60 Appendix A or Method 201 or 201A of 40CFR§51. All such compliance tests must consist of not less than three (3) test runs; any test run duration shall not be less than sixty (60) minutes and no less than thirty (30) standard cubic feet of exhaust gas must be sampled during each test run. Such tests shall be conducted under such reasonable operating conditions as the Secretary may specify. The Secretary, or a duly authorized representative, may option to witness or conduct such stack tests. Should the Secretary exercise this option to conduct such tests, the registrant shall provide all necessary sampling connections and sampling ports located in a manner as the Secretary may require, power for test equipment and required safety equipment in place such as scaffolding, railings and ladders in order to comply with generally accepted good safety practices.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-1517, Condition 4.3.3.]

5.3.4. Any stack serving any process source operation or air pollution control device on any process source operation shall contain flow straightening devices or a vertical run of sufficient length to establish flow patterns consistent with acceptable stack sampling procedures.

[45CSR§7-4.12.] [E-1087-1]

5.3.5. **Opacity testing.** Any test to determine compliance with the visible emission (opacity) limitations set forth in Sections 5.1.8, except as provided by Condition 5.2.3., shall be conducted by a qualified visible emission observer in accordance with 45CSR7A – “Compliance Test Procedures for 45CSR7 – To Prevent and Control Particulate Air Pollution from Manufacturing Process Operations” and Method 22 of 40CFR60 Appendix A. Nothing in this section, however, shall preclude any permittee or the Secretary from using opacity data from a properly installed, calibrated, maintained and operated continuous opacity monitor as evidence to demonstrate compliance or a violation of visible emission requirements. If continuous opacity monitor data results are submitted when determining compliance with visible emission limitations for a period of time during which 45CSR7A or Method 22 data indicates noncompliance, the 45CSR7A or Method 22 data shall be used to determine compliance with the visible emission limitations.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-1517, Condition 4.3.5]
5.3.6. **Notification of compliance testing.** For any stack emission compliance test to be conducted by the permittee as set forth in Section 5.3, a test protocol shall be submitted to the Secretary at least thirty (30) calendar days prior to the scheduled date of the test. Such compliance test protocol shall be subject to approval by the Secretary. The permittee shall notify the Secretary at least fifteen (15) days in advance of actual test dates and times during which the test (or tests) will be conducted.

\[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-1517, Condition 4.3.6\]

5.3.7. **Alternative test methods.** The Director, or his duly authorized representative, may conduct such other tests as he or she may deem necessary to evaluate air pollution emissions.

\[45CSR\$7-8.2., 45CSR13, Permit Number R13-1517, Condition 4.3.7\]

5.4. **Recordkeeping Requirements**

5.4.1. **Record of Maintenance of Air Pollution Control Equipment.** For all pollution control equipment listed in Section 1.0 of permit Number R13-1517B and any amendments thereto, the permittee shall maintain accurate records of all required pollution control equipment inspection and/or preventative maintenance procedures. This provision applies to Baghouse C-1087-1, Caustic Scrubber C-8110, and Water Scrubber C-8130.

\[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-1517, Condition 4.4.2., Equipment ID(s) (C-1087-1, C-8110, C-8130)\]

5.4.2. **Record of Malfunctions of Air Pollution Control Equipment.** For all air pollution control equipment listed in Section 1.0 of permit Number R13-1517B and any amendments thereto, the permittee shall maintain records of the occurrence and duration of any malfunction or operational shutdown of the air pollution control equipment during which excess emissions occur. This provision applies to Baghouse C-1087-1, Caustic Scrubber C-8110, and Water Scrubber C-8130. For each such case, the following information shall be recorded:

a. The equipment involved.

b. Steps taken to minimize emissions during the event.

c. The duration of the event.

d. The estimated increase in emissions during the event.

For each such case associated with an equipment malfunction, the additional information shall also be recorded:

e. The cause of the malfunction.

f. Steps taken to correct the malfunction.

g. Any changes or modifications to equipment or procedures that would help prevent future recurrences of the malfunction.

\[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-1517, Condition 4.4.3 Equipment ID(s) (C-1087-1, C-8110, C-8130)\]

5.4.3. Compliance with Sections 5.4.1 and 5.4.2 may be shown by keeping similar records required by the requirements of the Startup, Shutdown, and Malfunction Plan as contained in 40 CFR 63 Subpart A and as may be amended by specific MACT subpart requirements.

\[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-1517, Condition 4.4.4., Equipment ID(s) (C-1087-1, C-8110, C-8130, E-1085)\]
5.4.4. To ensure proper operation of Reactor 8400 the permittee shall verify and record that the correct amount of active catalyst has been charged for each batch, except for those reactions which are self-initiating.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-1517, Condition 4.4.5., Equipment ID (8400 Reactor)]

5.4.5. Unless otherwise specified in this permit, the permittee shall keep copies of all applicable records and reports required by section 5 of this permit and by 40CFR63 Subpart PPP for at least five (5) years. All applicable records shall be maintained in such a manner that they can be readily accessed. The most recent six months of records shall be retained on site or shall be accessible from a central location by computer or other means that provide access within a reasonable time. Access to the most recent six months of records required by 40CFR63 Subpart PPP must be provided within two hours after a request. The remaining four and one-half years of records may be retained offsite. If the permittee submits copies of reports to the WV DAQ and US EPA Regional Office, the permittee is not required to maintain copies of reports. Records may be maintained in hard copy or computer-readable form including, but not limited to, on microfilm, computer, floppy disk, magnetic tape, or microfiche.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-1517, Condition 4.4.6]

5.4.6. The permittee shall maintain the records specified in paragraphs a. and b. below, for each product class. The permittee shall also maintain the records related to the initial determination of the percent epoxide emission reduction specified in paragraphs c. through j. below, as applicable, for each product class.

a. Operating conditions of the product class, including:
   i. Pressure decay curve;
   ii. Minimum reaction temperature;
   iii. Number of hydrogen atoms in the raw material;
   iv. Minimum catalyst concentration;
   v. Ratio of Ethylene Oxide/Propylene Oxide at the end of the epoxide feed; and
   vi. Reaction conditions, including the size of the reactor or batch.

b. A listing of all products in the product class, along with the information specified in paragraphs a.i. through a.vi. of this section, for each product.

c. The concentration of epoxide at the end of the epoxide feed, determined in accordance with 40CFR§63.1427(b)(1).

d. The concentration of epoxide at the onset of the ECO, determined in accordance with 40CFR§63.1427(c).

e. The uncontrolled epoxide emissions at the onset of the ECO, determined in accordance with 40CFR§63.1427(c)(1). The records shall also include all the background data, measurements, and assumptions used to calculate the uncontrolled epoxide emissions.

f. The epoxide emissions at the end of the ECO, determined in accordance with 40CFR§63.1427(d)(1). The records shall also include all the background data, measurements, and assumptions used to calculate the epoxide emissions.
g. The percent epoxide reduction for the batch cycle, determined in accordance with 40CFR$63.1427(e)(1). The records shall also include all the background data, measurements, and assumptions used to calculate the epoxide emissions.

h. The parameter level, established in accordance with 40CFR$63.1427(i)(2).

i. If epoxide emissions occur before the end of the ECO, the permittee shall maintain records of the time and duration of all such emission episodes that occur during the initial demonstration of batch cycle efficiency.

5.4.7. The permittee shall maintain the following records for each batch cycle: the product being produced and the product class to which it belongs, and a record of the value of the parameter monitored in accordance with Section 5.2.2. In addition, if epoxide emissions occur before the end of the ECO, the permittee shall maintain records of the time and duration of all such emission episodes.

5.4.8. The permittee shall maintain records of all monitoring data required by Section 5.2.3 documenting the date and time of each visible emission check, the emission point or equipment/source identification number, the name or means of identification of the observer, the results of the check(s), whether the visible emissions are normal for the process, and, if applicable, all corrective measures taken or planned. An example form is supplied as Appendix A of R13-1517. Should a visible emission observation be required to be performed per the requirements specified in 45CSR7A, the data records of each observation shall be maintained per the requirements of 45CSR7A. For an emission unit out of service during the normal monthly evaluation, the record of observation may note “out of service” (O/S) or equivalent.

5.4.9. MON MACT. The permittee shall keep record of tank truck inspections used to ship TR020/GR-7M Decant (Group 1 Wastewater) to off-site disposal.

5.4.10. MON MACT. The permittee shall maintain the applicable records for compliance with the MON as specified by 40 C.F.R. §63.2525. Therefore, the permittee shall maintain the following records to demonstrate compliance with the MON requirements and this permit.

- Maintain supporting information used to determine MON initial applicability to process vents, storage vessels, equipment leaks, transfer operations, heat exchangers, process wastewater and in-process aqueous liquid streams.

- Maintain operating scenarios and calculations of uncontrolled hazardous air pollutant emissions for process vents used to prepare the NOCS.

- Maintain documentation of total source effectiveness (TRE) index determination for the Surfactant Recovery Column (Eq. Id. 8101).

- Maintain records of monitoring and inspections results required by 40 CFR 63, Subpart H for equipment component leak detection and repair.
• Maintain records of visual inspections conducted for tank trucks that are used to ship TR-020/GR-7M Decant to off-site locations.

• Maintain a record of each off-site shipment of wastewater stream TR020/GR-7M Decant.

• Maintain a record each time a safety device is opened to the air that contains hazardous air pollutants to avoid unsafe conditions.

• Maintain a copy of the following reports and notifications:
  - Notice of initial notification
  - Notification of compliance status report
  - Semiannual compliance reports including information regarding process changes as specified by §63.2520(e)(10).

[45CSR34, 40C.F.R.§63.2525]

5.4.11. For pressure relief devices in organic HAP service subject to condition 5.1.16 keep records of each pressure release to the atmosphere, including the following information:

a. The source, nature, and cause of the pressure release.

b. The date, time, and duration of the pressure release.

c. The quantity of total HAP emitted during the pressure release and the calculations used for determining this quantity.

d. The actions taken to prevent this pressure release.

e. The measures adopted to prevent future such pressure releases.

[45CSR34 and 40CFR§63.1439(d)(10)(v)]

5.5. Reporting Requirements

5.5.1. On a semi-annual basis, the permittee shall report the emission rates of ethylene oxide and propylene oxide, from process vents, as calculated by computer simulation (adjusted if necessary to reflect any changes required by more recent or accurate stack test data) based on actual production data.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-1517, Condition 4.5.1., Emission Point ID (E-1081-3)]
5.5.2. The permittee, on a semi-annual basis, shall file reports which identify all periods of time during which compliance was not achieved with the operating parameters shown in Section 5.2.1 above. Such reports shall be certified to be accurate and true by a corporate official or his or her designee and filed within sixty (60) days of the end of each semi-annual reporting period. In any such aforementioned period of time, the permittee shall provide information detailing reasons for such excursions and corrective action taken. If there are periods of non-compliance, the report shall so certify. The report(s) may be submitted as part of the Title V semi-annual periodic report.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-1517, Condition 4.5.2., Equipment ID (C-8110, C-8130)]

5.5.3. The permittee shall submit semi-annual Periodic Reports as specified in paragraphs a. through f. of this section. Each report shall be submitted no later than sixty (60) days after the end of each six-month period. The semi-annual Periodic Report shall cover the preceding six-month period. This report may be submitted as part of the Title V semi-annual periodic report.

a. For equipment leaks, the permittee shall submit the information specified in 40CFR§63.1434(f).

b. Reports of each batch cycle for which an ECO excursion occurred, as defined in 40CFR§63.1427(i)(3).

c. Notification of each batch cycle when the time and duration of epoxide emissions before the end of the ECO, recorded in accordance with Section 5.4.7., exceed the time and duration of the emission episodes during the initial epoxide emission percentage reduction determination, as recorded in Section 5.4.6.h.

d. If any performance tests are reported in a Periodic Report, the following information shall be included:

i. One complete test report shall be submitted for each test method used for a particular kind of emission point tested. A complete test report shall contain the information specified in 40CFR§63.1439(e)(5)(i)(B).

ii. For additional tests performed for the same kind of emission point using the same method, results and any other information required by the test method to be in the test report shall be submitted, but a complete test report is not required.

e. The results for each change made to a primary product determination for a PMPU made under 40CFR§63.1420(e)(3) or (10).

f. The results for each reevaluation of the applicability of 40CFR63 Subpart PPP to a storage vessel that begins receiving material from (or sending material to) a process unit that was not included in the initial determination, or a storage vessel that ceases to receive material from (or send material to) a process unit that was included in the initial determination, in accordance with 40CFR§63.1420(f)(8).

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-1517, Condition 4.5.3., Equipment ID (8400)]

5.5.4. The permittee shall comply with the reporting requirements of 40CFR§63.1427(l) – “New polyether polyol products” and 40CFR§63.1427(m) – “Polyether polyol product changes”.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-1517, Condition 4.5.4., Equipment ID (8400)]
5.5. The permittee shall submit semi-annual monitoring reports for equipment components subject to the LDAR requirements of 45CSR§21-37 covered under Section 5.1.6. These reports may be submitted on the same schedule as the reports provided per Section 5.5.3. Semi-annual monitoring reports provided per Section 5.5.3, and required by 40CFR Part 63, Subpart PPP, will satisfy the equipment leak monitoring reports required by 45CSR27.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-1517, Condition 4.5.5., Equipment (all in VOC service)]

5.5.6. Any violation(s) of the allowable visible emission requirement for any emission source discovered during observations using 45CSR7A must be reported in writing to the Director of the Division of Air Quality as soon as practicable, but within ten (10) calendar days, of the occurrence and shall include, at a minimum, the following information: the results of the visible determination of opacity of emissions, the cause or suspected cause of the violation(s), and any corrective measures taken or planned.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-1517, Condition 4.5.6.]

5.5.7. The permittee shall comply with the reporting requirements for polymer polyol product manufacturing units as provided by §63.1439(e)(6)(i) through (vii).

[45CSR34 and 40 CFR§63.1439(e)(6), Emission Unit ID (8400)]

5.5.8. MON MACT. The permittee shall comply with the applicable reporting requirements of the MON (40 C.F.R. §63, Subpart FFFF) in accordance with 40 C.F.R. §63.2520. As a result, the permittee shall submit a semiannual compliance report that includes the information specified by 63.2525(e) and the results of equipment leak monitoring and repair conducted per 40 C.F.R. 63, Subpart H.

[45CSR34, 40 C.F.R. §63.2520(e)]

5.5.9. For existing and new affected sources covered by 40 C.F.R. 63, Subpart PPP, a Notification of Compliance Status shall be submitted no later than August 24, 2017. For equipment leaks subject to 40CFR§63.1434, the permittee shall submit the information specified in the HON equipment leak Notification of Compliance Status requirements in 40CFR§63.182(c), in the Notification of Compliance Status required by this condition. For pressure relief devices subject to the requirements condition 5.1.16, the permittee shall submit the information required in Condition 5.5.10 in the Notification of Compliance Status no later than August 24, 2017.

[45CSR34 and 40CFR§63.1439(e)(5)]

5.5.10. For pressure relief devices in organic HAP service covered by 40 CFR 63, Subpart PPP, a description of the device or monitoring system to be implemented, including the pressure relief devices and process parameters to be monitored (if applicable), a description of the alarms or other methods by which operators will be notified of a pressure release, and a description of how the owner or operator will determine the information to be recorded under condition 5.4.11 (i.e., the duration of the pressure release and the methodology and calculations for determining of the quantity of total HAP emitted during the pressure release).

[45CSR34 and 40CFR§63.1439(e)(5)(viii)]
6.0. **Source-Specific Requirements for [Middle Island Groundwater Containment System (MIGCS1 and MIGCS2)]**

6.1. **Limitations and Standards**

6.1.1. The permittee shall comply with the following requirements for the Middle Island Groundwater Containment System (MIGCS):

a. The average total volatile organic hazardous air pollutant (VOHAP) concentration of the contaminated groundwater entering the system shall not exceed 500 ppmw on a 12-month basis. The frequency of sampling and analysis used to determine compliance with this limitation shall be conducted in accordance with Condition 6.2.1.

   [40 CFR §§63.7886(b)(2) and 63.7943(b)(1)(ii), 45CSR34]

b. The total VOHAP material contained in the contaminated groundwater entering the MIGCS shall not exceed a 12-month rate of 65.82 tons with no individual hourly average flowrate of water greater than 100 gpm. Should the total average VOHAP concentration be less than 300 ppmw and the stated maximum volumetric flowrate is not exceeded, this condition is satisfied.

c. The oil/water separator, sump pump, cascade aerator, flocculation & flash mixing tanks, clarifier, siphon tank, and vertical flow vegetated contact beds of the MIGCS shall each be covered and equipped with a vent that routes all vapors and gases from these pieces of equipment through a closed-vent system to the CATOX or GAC through a closed-vent system. This closed-vent system shall be continuously operated and maintained whenever gases or vapor containing HAPs are emitted from the identified sources in accordance with the following standards:

   i. The closed-vent system for the CATOX shall be designed to operate at a pressure below atmospheric pressure. The system shall be equipped with at least one pressure gauge or other pressure measurement device that can be read from a readily accessible location to verify that negative pressure is being maintained in the closed-vent system when the control device is operating. Location of the instrument shall take into consideration of the combustion air intake for the CATOX to ensure that measurement is representative of the whole closed vent system.

   [40 CFR §63.7882, §63.7890, §63.7928(b)(1), 45CSR34]

d. The horizontal contact beds of the MIGCS shall not receive any contaminated groundwater with a VOHAP concentration of 500 ppmw or greater. Compliance with this limit is satisfied by complying with Condition 6.1.1.a.

   [40 CFR §63.7886(b)(2), 45CSR34]

e. The Cascade Aerator shall be optimized to minimize the amount of VOHAP being stripped out of the groundwater with a flow rate of no greater than 475 standard cubic feet per minute.

   [40 CFR §63.7882, §63.7886(b)(2), 45CSR34]
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6.1.2. The permittee shall operate and maintain the control devices (CATOX and GAC), for the MIGCS unit in accordance with the following emission limitations and operating parameters.

g. The container(s) used to hold the oil from oil/water separator shall satisfy the general requirements of Subpart GGGGG to Part 63 by complying with the VOHAP concentration of Condition 6.1.1.a.

\[40 \text{ CFR §63.7882, §63.7886(b)(2), 45CSR34}\]

h. If the concentration of VOHAP in the outlet of the horizontal contact beds of the MIGCS is equal to or greater than 10 ppmw, then the permittee shall meet the requirements of 40 CFR §63.7936(b) and record the name, street address, and telephone number of the facility that the outflow was transferred to.

\[40 \text{ CFR §63.7936(a), 45CSR34}\]

i. If the concentration of VOHAP in the collected liquid (oil) from the oil/water separator is equal to or greater than 10 ppmw and is transferred to another facility, then the permittee shall meet the requirements of 40 CFR §63.7936(b) and record the name, street address, and telephone number of the facility that the VOHAP material was transferred to.

\[40 \text{ CFR §63.7936(a), 45CSR34}\]

j. The permittee must develop and make available for inspection, upon request, a site-specific monitoring plan for the system used to measure and record the temperature difference across the catalyst bed of the CATOX and to monitor the concentration of organic compounds in the exhaust vent stream of the GAC and any other monitoring system required by Subpart GGGGG to Part 63 that must address the following:

i. Installation of the continuous monitoring system at a measurement location relative to each affected process unit such that the measurement is representative of control of the exhaust emissions (e.g., on or downstream of the last control device).

ii. Performance and equipment specifications for the sample interface, the pollutant concentration or parametric signal analyzer, and the data collection and reduction system.

iii. Performance evaluation procedures and acceptance criteria (e.g., calibrations).

iv. Ongoing operation and maintenance procedures according to the general requirements of 40 CFR §§63.8(c)(1), (3), (4)(ii), (7), and (8).

v. Ongoing data quality assurance procedures according to the general requirements of §63.8(d).

vi. Ongoing recordkeeping and reporting procedures according to the general requirements of 40 CFR §63.10(c), (e)(1), and (e)(2)(i).

\[40 \text{ CFR §63.7935(g) and (h), 45CSR34}\]

k. The permittee must be in compliance with the emissions limits, including the average daily temperature difference limits of Condition 6.1.2.i.ii., and the work practice standards in Subpart GGGGG of Part 63 at all times, except during periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction.

\[40 \text{ CFR §63.7935(a), 45CSR34}\]

l. The permittee must develop a written startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan (SSMP) according to the provisions in 40 CFR §63.6(e)(3).

\[40 \text{ CFR §63.7935(c), 45CSR34}\]

\[45 \text{ CSR 13, R13-3308, 4.1.1.}\]
a. Emissions of VOC from MIGCS shall not exceed 0.65 pounds per hour. Combined Annual VOC emissions from the CATOX and GAC shall not exceed 1.85 tons per year.

b. Total hazardous air pollutants (HAPs) from both the CATOX and the GAC shall not exceed 0.69 pounds per hour. Combined Annual HAP emissions from the CATOX and GAC shall not exceed 1.92 tons per year.

c. Emissions of NO\textsubscript{x} from MIGCS shall not exceed 0.01 pounds per hour. Annual NO\textsubscript{x} emissions from the CATOX shall not exceed 0.04 tons per year.

d. Emissions of CO from MIGCS shall not exceed 0.01 pounds per hour. Annual CO emissions from the CATOX shall not exceed 0.04 tons per year.

e. Particulate matter emissions from the CATOX shall not exceed 0.01 pounds per hour. Compliance with this limit is satisfied by complying with requirements of Condition 6.1.2.i.i. [45 CSR §6-4.1.]

f. The effluent routed to either the CATOX or GAC shall not contain hydrogen sulfide greater than 50 grains per 100 cubic feet of gas. Compliance with this limit shall be satisfied by demonstrating that the concentration of hydrogen sulfide in the contaminated groundwater entering the MIGCS is less than 20 ppm by weight of hydrogen sulfide. [45 CSR §10-5.1.]

g. Emission of Visible Particulate Matter. No person shall cause or allow emission of smoke into the atmosphere from any incinerator which is twenty percent (20%) opacity or greater. [45 CSR §6-4.3]

h. The provisions of item g of this condition (45 CSR §6-4.3.) shall not apply to smoke which is less than forty percent (40%) opacity, for a period or periods aggregating no more than eight (8) minutes per start-up, or six (6) minutes in any sixty (60)-minute period for stoking operations. [45 CSR §6-4.4.]

i. The permittee shall operate and maintain both the CATOX and GAC in a manner to achieve a minimum, 95% destruction efficiency for VOCs and volatile HAPs or an outlet concentration of TOC (minus methane and ethane) to 20 ppm by weight or less. Such proper operation of the control device shall constitute the following:

   i. CATOX shall not exhibit any visible emissions for any duration greater than 5 minutes within a two (2) hour period.

   ii. During periods of CATOX operation, The permittee shall operate the CATOX (when VOCs/HAPs are present in the process vent gas) with the daily average temperature difference across the catalyst bed at or above the minimum temperature difference established during the most recent performance testing or design evaluation. [40 CFR §63.7925(g)(5), 45CSR34]

   iii. The permittee shall replace the existing catalyst bed with a bed that meets replacement specifications before the age of the bed exceeds the maximum allowable age established in the design evaluation or during performance test. [40 CFR §63.7925(i)]

   iv. The actual flowrate of effluent to CATOX shall not exceed 1,000 standard cubic feet per minute, which is the maximum flowrate rated by the manufacturer.
v. The permittee shall immediately replace the carbon in the GAC control device when the monitoring device indicates breakthrough has occurred according to the requirements of 40 C.F.R. §63.693(d)(4)(i)(A), which are based on organic compound concentrations in the exhaust gas and must follow the disposal requirements for spent carbon in 40 C.F.R. §63.693(d)(4)(ii).

\[45\text{CSR34, 40 CFR §§63.7925(h)(3)(i) and (ii)}\]

j. Periods of The period for which control devices (CATOX and GAC) may be bypassed for planned routine maintenance of the CATOX and GAC, during which the CATOX does not meet the daily average temperature difference across the catalyst bed of Condition 6.1.2.i.ii. and during which the GAC is being replaced per Condition 6.1.2.i.v shall not exceed 240 hours per year.

\[45\text{CSR13, R13-3308, 4.1.2., 45CSR34, 40 CFR §§63.7925(a), and (b)(1)}\]

6.1.3. Operation and Maintenance of Air Pollution Control Equipment. The permittee shall, to the extent practicable, install, maintain, and operate all pollution control equipment listed in Section 1.0 (MIGCS CO) and associated monitoring equipment in a manner consistent with safety and good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions, or comply with any more stringent limits set forth in this permit or as set forth by any State rule, Federal regulation, or alternative control plan approved by the Secretary.

\[45\text{CSR13, R13-3308, 4.1.3. and 45CSR§13-5.11.}\]

6.2. Monitoring Requirements

6.2.1. For the purposes of demonstrating compliance with Condition 6.1.1.a., the permittee shall determine the average total VOHAP concentration of a remediation material using direct measurement in accordance with the following.

- The 1st average period after initial startup of the MIGCS, average total VOHAP concentration shall be conducted and determined in accordance with Schedule No. 1 outlined in Table 6.2.1.
- Thereafter, the following schedule is determined based on previous average total VOHAP concentration as outlined in Table 6.2.1:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Schedule No.</th>
<th>Criteria of Schedule* (ppmw)</th>
<th>Minimum No. Samples Required for the 12-month average</th>
<th>Timing of sampling</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Above 400</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>Monthly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>At 400 and above 240</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>Bi-monthly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Less than 240</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Quarterly</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Criteria of Schedule is the average VOHAP concentration of the previous averaging period.

The permittee shall use the following procedures:

a. Sampling. Samples of each material stream must be collected from the container, pipeline, or other device used to deliver each material stream prior to entering the remediation material management unit or treatment process in a manner such that volatilization of organics contained in the sample is minimized and an adequately representative sample is collected and maintained for analysis by the selected method.

i. The monthly averaging period to be used for determining the average total VOHAP concentration for the material stream on a mass-weighted average basis must be designated and recorded.
ii. No less than four samples must be collected to represent the complete range of HAP compositions and HAP quantities that occur in each material stream during the entire averaging period due to normal variations in the material stream(s). Examples of such normal variations are variation of the HAP concentration within a contamination area.

iii. All samples must be collected and handled according to written procedures you prepare and documented in a site sampling plan. This plan must describe the procedure by which representative samples of the material stream(s) are collected such that a minimum loss of organics occurs throughout the sample collection and handling process and by which sample integrity is maintained. A copy of the written sampling plan must be maintained on site in the facility operating records. An example of an acceptable sampling plan includes a plan incorporating sample collection and handling procedures according to the guidance found in “Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods,” EPA Publication No. SW-846 or Method 25D in 40 CFR part 60, Appendix A.

b. Analysis. Each collected sample must be prepared and analyzed according to either one of the methods listed in 40 CFR §63.694(b)(2)(ii), or any current EPA Contracts Lab Program method (or future revisions) capable of identifying all the HAP in Table 1 of Subpart GGGGG of Part 63.

c. Calculations. The average total VOHAP concentration ($\bar{C}$) on a mass-weighted basis must be calculated by using the results for all samples analyzed according to item b of this condition and Equation 6.2.1.c. as follows:

$$\bar{C} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (Q_i \times C_i) \quad \text{(Equation 6.2.1.c.)}$$

Where:

$\bar{C}$ = Average VOHAP concentration of the material on a mass-weighted basis, ppmw.

$i$ = Individual sample “i” of the material.

$n$ = Total number of samples of the material collected (at least 4 per stream) for the averaging period (not to exceed 1 year).

$Q_i$ = Mass quantity of material stream represented by $C_i$, kilograms per hour (kg/hr).

$Q_T$ = Total mass quantity of all material during the averaging period, kg/hr.

$C_i$ = Measured VOHAP concentration of sample “i” as determined according to the requirements of paragraph (b)(2) of this section, ppmw.

Records of such sampling and analysis shall be maintained in accordance with Condition 3.4.2.

[45CSR13, R13-3308, 4.2.1., 45CSR34, 40 CFR §63.7943(b)]

6.2.2. For the purpose of demonstrating compliance with the maximum average limit in Condition 6.1.1.b., the permittee shall install and maintain a volumetric flow measuring device that measures flow rate entering the MIGCS and shall record the instance that the hourly flow rate is greater than 100 gpm. The permittee shall maintain records of date, time, duration, cause, and corresponding corrective action taken or implemented as result of each exceedance in accordance with Condition 3.4.2.

[45CSR13, R13-3308, 4.2.2.]
CATOX. The CPMS shall complete a minimum of one cycle of operation for each successive 15-minute period. To calculate a valid hourly value, the permittee must have at least three of four equally spaced data values (or at least two, if that condition is included to allow for periodic calibration checks) for that hour from a CPMS that is not out of control according to the monitoring plan referenced in 40 CFR §63.7935. CPMS must determine the hourly average of all recorded readings and daily average except for monitor malfunctions, associated repairs, and required quality assurance or control activities (including, as applicable, calibration checks and required zero and span adjustments). These hourly temperature readings shall be used to determine the hourly and daily average temperature difference across the catalyst bed. Records of such every reading, calculations used to determine the hourly average, daily average temperature differences, inspection, calibration, and validation check shall be maintained in accordance with Condition 3.4.2.

The permittee shall conduct a performance evaluation on the CPMS according to the requirements in 40 CFR §63.8(e) and site-specific monitoring plan as required in Condition 6.1.1.j.

[45CSR13, R13-3308, 4.2.3., 40 CFR §63.7927(f), §§63.7935(i) and (j), §63.7945, §63.7946, §63.7952(b), §63.7952(c), 45CSR34]

6.2.4. For the purpose of demonstrating proper operation of the CATOX as set forth in Condition 6.1.2.i.i., the permittee shall:

a. Conduct Method 22 visible emission observations for a minimum of ten (10) minutes per observation in accordance with the following schedule with the initial observations after startup of the CATOX using Schedule 1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Schedule No.</th>
<th>Frequency of Observations</th>
<th>Minimum No of days between Observations (days)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Monthly</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Quarterly</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Annually</td>
<td>270</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

b. After three (3) consecutive observations with no visible emissions observed, the permittee may change the frequency of the observations to the next Schedule No. as listed in Table 6.2.4.a.

c. In the event visible emissions are observed, the permittee shall take immediate corrective action to resolve the issue with the CATOX or ensure the device is operating in accordance with the manufacturer’s written procedures. After observing visible emissions, the schedule of conducting observation shall reset back to Schedule No. 1. Records of such monitoring and repair activities shall be maintained in accordance with Condition 3.4.2.

[45CSR13, R13-3308, 4.2.4.]

6.2.5. For the purposes of demonstrating compliance with the requirements of the closed vent system in Condition 6.1.1.c.i., the permittee shall conduct the following activities:
a. The permittee shall visually inspect the closed-vent system to check for defects that could result in air emissions. Defects include, but are not limited to, visible cracks, holes, or gaps in ductwork or piping; loose connections; or broken or missing caps or other closure devices.

b. The permittee must perform an initial inspection following installation of the closed-vent system. Thereafter, the permittee must perform the inspection at least once every calendar year.

c. In the event that a defect is detected, the permittee shall repair the defect in accordance with the requirements of Conditions 6.2.5.d.

d. The permittee shall make first efforts at repair of the defect no later than 5 calendar days after detection and repair shall be completed as soon as possible but no later than 45 calendar days after detection.

e. Repair of a defect may be delayed beyond 45 calendar days if either of the conditions specified in the following sub-item (e.i. or e.ii.) occurs. In this case, the permittee must repair the defect the next time the process or unit that vents to the closed-vent system is shutdown. Repair of the defect must be completed before the process or unit resumes operation.

i. Completion of the repair is technically infeasible without the shutdown of the process or unit that vents to the closed-vent system.

ii. The permittee determines that the air emissions resulting from the repair of the defect within the specified period would be greater than the fugitive emissions likely to result by delaying the repair until the next time the process or unit that vents to the closed-vent system is shutdown.

f. The permittee shall maintain a record of the inspection and repairs in accordance with Condition 3.4.2.

6.2.6. For the purposes of demonstrating compliance with Condition 6.1.1.h., the permittee shall sample and analyze to determine the average total VOHAP concentration of the outlet stream from the MIGCS in accordance with 40 CFR §63.7943. Such sampling and analysis shall be conducted in accordance with the appropriate procedures outlined in Condition 6.2.1. Records of such sampling and analysis shall be maintained in accordance with Condition 3.4.2.

6.2.7. For the purposes of demonstrating compliance with Condition 6.1.2.f., the permittee shall sample and analyze the inlet of the MIGCS within 12 months after startup of the MIGCS to determine the concentration of hydrogen sulfide. Should concentration of hydrogen sulfide be detected above 1.0 ppm, the permittee shall repeat such demonstration on an annual basis thereafter. Such sampling and analysis shall be conducted in accordance with the appropriate procedures outlined in Condition 6.2.1. Records of such sampling and analysis shall be maintained in accordance with Condition 3.4.2.

6.2.8. For the purposes of demonstrating compliance with the requirements of the closed vent system in Condition 6.1.1.c.ii, the Permittee shall conduct the following:

a. Conduct an initial inspection for initial compliance of 6.1.1.c.ii within 180 days of start-up of the MIGCS. This inspection shall be conducted using procedures outlined in 40 C.F.R. §63.694(k) and Method 21 of 40 C.F.R. Part 60, Appendix A.

b. After conducting the initial inspection:
i. Closed-vent system joints, seams, or other connections that are permanently or semi-permanently sealed (e.g. a welded joint between two sections of hard piping or a bolted and gasketed ducting flange) shall be visually inspected at least once per year to check for defects that could result in air emissions. The permittee shall monitor a component or connection using the procedures specified in 40 C.F.R. §63.694(k) to demonstrate that it operates with no detectable organic emissions following any time the component is repaired or replaced (e.g. a section of damaged hard piping is replaced with new hard piping) or the connection is unsealed (e.g. a flange is unbolted).

ii. Closed-vent system components or connections other than those specified in 6.2.8.b.i, shall be monitored at least once per year using the procedures specified in 40 C.F.R. §63.694(k) to demonstrate that components or connections operate with no detectable organic emissions.

c. In the event that a defect is detected, the permittee shall repair the defect in accordance with the requirements of 6.2.8.d.

d. The permittee shall make first efforts at repair of the defect no later than 5 calendar days after detection, and repair shall be completed as soon as possible but no later than 45 calendar days after detection.

e. Repair of a defect may be delayed beyond 45 calendar days if either of the conditions specified in the following sub-item (e.i or e.ii) occurs. In this case, the permittee must repair the defect the next time the process or unit that vents to the closed-vent system is shutdown. Repair of the defect must be completed before the process or unit resumes operation.

   i. Completion of the repair is technically infeasible without the shutdown of the process or unit that vents to the closed-vent system.

   ii. The permittee determines that the air emissions resulting from the repair of the defect within the specified period would be greater than the fugitive emissions likely to result by delaying the repair until the next time the process or unit that vents to the closed-vent system is shutdown.

f. The permittee shall maintain a record of the inspection and repairs in accordance with Condition 3.4.2.

[45CSR34, 45CSR13, R13-3308, 4.2.8, 40 C.F.R. §§63.7928(b)(1) and (b)(4), §63.694(k), §63.695(c)(1)(ii) and (c)(3)]

6.2.9. For GAC, you must monitor the concentration of organic compounds in the exhaust vent system according to the requirements in 40 C.F.R. §63.693(d)(4)(iii)(A).

[45CSR34, 45CSR13, R13-3308, 4.2.9, 40 C.F.R. §63.7927(c)]

6.2.10. For GAC, the Permittee must demonstrate continuous compliance with the spent carbon replacement and disposal work practice standards for nonregenerable carbon adsorption systems in 40 C.F.R. §63.7925(h)(3) by meeting the requirements in Conditions 6.2.10.a through c.

   a. Monitoring the concentration level of the organic compounds in the exhaust vent for the carbon adsorption system as required in 40 C.F.R. §63.7927(c), immediately replacing the carbon in the control device when breakthrough is indicated by the monitoring device, and recording the date of breakthrough and carbon replacement. Or, the Permittee must replace the carbon in the control device at regular intervals and record the date of carbon replacement.

   b. Follow the disposal requirements for spent carbon in 40 C.F.R. §63.693(d)(4)(ii).

   c. Keep records to document compliance with the requirements of the work practice standards.

[45CSR34, 40 C.F.R. §63.7928(g)]
6.3. Testing Requirements

6.3.1. For the purposes of demonstrating compliance with the VOC and total HAP emission limits of Condition 6.1.2., the permittee shall demonstrate compliance with the destruction efficiency requirement of the CATOX in Condition 6.1.2.i. and to establish the daily average temperature difference across the catalyst bed in Condition 6.1.2.i.ii., the permittee shall conduct an initial performance test within 180 days after initial startup of the MIGCS. The permittee shall conduct a Method 18 of Appendix A to Part 60, which shall include all other reference methods needed to complete testing to determine if the CATOX is operating within compliance of Condition 6.1.2. During such testing, the MIGCS and CATOX must be operating in accordance with 40 CFR §63.7(e)(1) and 40 CFR §§63.7941(b)(1) through (b)(5). All operating parameters of the MIGCS and CATOX for each test run shall be recorded and included in the test report. Such demonstration shall be conducted in accordance with the applicable portions of Condition 3.3.1. Records of such demonstration shall be maintained in accordance with Condition 3.4.2.

[45CSR13, R13-3308, 4.3.1, 40 CFR §63.7(a)(2) and (e)(1), 40 CFR §63.7940(c), §63.7941, 45CSR34]

6.3.2. The permittee shall repeat the testing in Condition 6.3.1. within 90 days after determining the total average VOHAP concentration of is at or above a total VOHAP concentration of 400 ppmw or at any other time when the action is authorized by Section 114 of the Clean Air Act.

[45CSR13, R13-3308, 4.3.2, 40 CFR §63.7942, and 40 CFR §63.7(a)(3), 45CSR34]

6.3.3. For the purposes of demonstrating compliance with the VOC and total HAP emission limits of 6.1.2 during periods of GAC operation, the permittee shall conduct a design evaluation according to the general requirements in 40 C.F.R. §63.693(b)(8) and the specific requirements in 40 C.F.R. §63.693(d)(2)(ii).

The design analysis shall address the vent stream composition, constituent concentrations, flow rate, relative humidity, and temperature and shall establish the design exhaust vent stream organic compound concentration, carbon bed capacity, activated carbon type and working capacity, and design carbon replacement interval based on the total carbon working capacity of the control device and emission point operating schedule.

[45CSR34, 45CSR13, R13-3308, 4.3.3, 40 C.F.R. §63.7941(c) and §63.693(d)(2)(ii)(B)]

6.4. Recordkeeping Requirements

6.4.1. Record of Maintenance of Air Pollution Control Equipment. For all pollution control equipment listed in Section 1.0 (MIGCS CO), the permittee shall maintain accurate records of all required pollution control equipment inspection and/or preventative maintenance procedures.

[45CSR13, R13-3308, 4.4.2]

6.4.2. Record of Malfunctions of Air Pollution Control Equipment. For all air pollution control equipment listed in Section 1.0 (MIGCS CO), the permittee shall maintain records of the occurrence and duration of any malfunction or operational shutdown of the air pollution control equipment during which excess emissions occur. For each such case, the following information shall be recorded:

a. The equipment involved.

b. Steps taken to minimize emissions during the event.

c. The duration of the event.

d. The estimated increase in emissions during the event.
For each such case associated with an equipment malfunction, the additional information shall also be recorded:

e. The cause of the malfunction.

f. Steps taken to correct the malfunction.

g. Any changes or modifications to equipment or procedures that would help prevent future recurrences of the malfunction.

[45CSR13, R13-3308, 4.4.3]

6.4.3. The permittee shall keep the following records specified in 40 CFR §63.7952(a)(1) through (4):

a. All documentation supporting Initial Notification or Notification of Compliance Status for the MIGCS with the requirements of Subpart GGGGG;

b. Records in 40 CFR 63.6(e)(3)(iii) through (v) related to startups, shutdowns, and malfunctions;

c. Results of performance tests and performance evaluations as required to be conducted either under Condition 6.3.1., or 6.3.2., or 6.3.3., and

d. Records of initial and ongoing determinations for affected sources that are exempt from control requirements under Subpart GGGGG.

[45CSR13, R13-3308, 4.4.4, 40 CFR §63.7952(a), 45CSR34]

6.4.4. The permittee shall record, on a semiannual basis, the information specified in the following paragraphs for planned routine maintenance operations that would prevent the CATOX or GAC from not being capable of meeting the requirements of Condition 6.1.2.i.

a. A description of the planned routine maintenance that is anticipated to be performed for the CATOX and GAC during the next 6 months. This description shall include the type of maintenance necessary, planned frequency of maintenance, and lengths of maintenance periods.

b. A description of the planned routine maintenance that was performed for the CATOX and GAC during the previous 6 months. This description shall include the type of maintenance performed and the total number of hours during these 6 months that the CATOX or GAC did not meet the requirement of Condition 6.1.2.i., due to planned routine maintenance.

c. The permittee shall maintain such information in accordance with Condition 3.4.2.

[45CSR13, R13-3308, 4.4.5, 40 CFR §63.7952(d), 40 CFR§63.696(g), 45CSR34]

6.5. Reporting Requirements

6.5.1. Any exceedance(s) of the allowable visible emission requirement for the CATOX discovered during observations using 40CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 9 shall be reported in writing to the Director of the Division of Air Quality as soon as practicable, but within ten (10) calendar days of the occurrence and shall include, at a minimum, the following information: the results of the visible determination of opacity of emissions, the cause or suspected cause of the violation(s), and any corrective measures taken or planned.

[45CSR13, R13-3308, 4.5.1]
6.5.2. Before the close of business on the 60th calendar day following the completion of the initial testing as required in Condition 6.3.1., the permittee shall submit a Notification of Compliance Status (NOCS) of Subpart GGGGG to Part 63 according to 40 CFR §63.9(h)(2)(ii).

[45CSR13, R13-3308, 4.5.2, 40 CFR §63.7950(e)(1), 40 CFR §63.9(h)(2)(ii), and §63.10(d)(2), 45CSR34]

6.5.3. The permittee shall submit semiannual compliance report of Subpart GGGGG to the Director. The first compliance report must cover the period beginning on the compliance date that is specified for your affected source in 40 CFR §63.7883 and ending on June 30 or December 31, whichever date comes first after the compliance date that is specified for your affected source.

[40 CFR §63.7951(a), 45CSR34]

The first compliance report must be postmarked or delivered no later than the date established in permit condition 3.5.6. Each subsequent compliance report must cover the semiannual reporting period from January 1 through June 30 or the semiannual reporting period from July 1 through December 31. Each subsequent compliance report must be postmarked or delivered in accordance with the timing established in the facility’s Title V Operating Permit.

[40 CFR §63.7951(a)(5), 45CSR34]

Each compliance report must include the information specified in 40 CFR §§63.7951(b)(1) through (3) and, as applicable, 40 CFR §§63.7951(b)(4) through (9).

[40CFR§63.7951(b), 45CSR34]

[45 CSR 13, R13-3308, 4.5.3]
7.0. **Source-Specific Requirements [40CFR63, Subpart PPP “Polyether Polyols” MACT requirements for Oxide Adducts production units, Emission Point ID(s) (See Section 1.0 for Oxide Adducts Equipment List)]**

7.1. **Limitations and Standards**

7.1.1. The permittee shall comply with all applicable requirements of 40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP “National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutants from Polyether Polyols Production”. The enumerated requirements that follow, address specific obligations taken from applicable sections of this regulation. However, the permittee shall comply with the Polyether Polyols Production MACT as referenced above in its entirety, which includes, but is not limited to the specific requirements listed within this section of the Title V permit.

7.1.2. The permittee shall comply with the standards established within 40 CFR §63.1424, as follows:

(a) Except as provided under paragraph (b) of this section, the owner or operator of an existing or new affected source shall comply with the provisions in:

1. Sections 63.1425 through 63.1430 for process vents;
2. Section 63.1432 for storage vessels;
3. Section 63.1433 for wastewater;
4. Section 63.1434 for equipment leaks;
5. Section 63.1435 for heat exchangers;
6. Section 63.1437 for additional test methods and procedures;
7. Section 63.1438 for monitoring levels and excursions; and
8. Section 63.1439 for general reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

(b) When emissions of different kinds (i.e., emissions from process vents subject to §§63.1425 through 63.1430, storage vessels subject to §63.1432, process wastewater, and/or in-process equipment subject to §63.149) are combined, and at least one of the emission streams would require control according to the applicable provision in the absence of combination with other emission streams, the permittee shall comply with the requirements of either paragraph (b)(1) or (2) of this section.

2. Comply with the applicable requirements of this subpart for each kind of emission in the stream as specified in paragraphs (a)(1) through (5) of this section; or
3. Comply with the most stringent set of requirements that applies to any individual emission stream that is included in the combined stream, where either that emission stream would be classified as requiring control in the absence of combination with other emission streams, or the owner chooses to consider that emission stream to require control for the purposes of this paragraph.

[45CSR34 and 40CFR§63.1424]
7.1.3. Since the permittee uses epoxides in the production of polyether polyols the affected source is subject to 63.1425(b), process vent control requirements as follows:

(b) Requirements for epoxide emissions. The owner or operator of an existing affected source may comply with the requirement to reduce epoxide emissions by 98% from process vents by using extended cook-out.

[45CSR34 and 40CFR§63.1425(b)(2)(ii), Emission Unit IDs (R703, R704, R705, R706, R707, R708)]

7.1.4. It is important to note the exemption given to processes which employ extended cookout (ECO) from having to determine the uncontrolled organic HAP emissions, which is stated as follows:

(d) Determination of uncontrolled organic HAP emissions. For each process vent at a PMPU that is complying with the process vent control requirements in §63.1425(b)(1)(i), (b)(1)(iii), (b)(2)(ii), (b)(2)(iv), (c)(1)(ii), or (d)(2) using a combustion, recovery, or recapture device, the permittee shall determine the uncontrolled organic HAP emissions in accordance with the provisions of this paragraph, with the exceptions noted in paragraph (d)(1) of this section. The provisions of §63.1427(c)(1) shall be used to calculate uncontrolled epoxide emissions prior to the onset of an extended cook out.

(1) Exemptions. The permittee is not required to determine uncontrolled organic HAP emissions for process vents as provided by 40CFR63.1426(d) because all process vents subject to the epoxide emission reduction requirements of §63.1425(b) are controlled at all times using extended cookout.

[45CSR34 and 40CFR§63.1426(d)(1)(i), Emission Unit IDs (R703, R704, R705, R706, R707, R708)]

7.1.5. The permittee shall determine the epoxide emission control efficiency for process vents subject to the epoxide emission reduction requirements of §63.1425(b) in accordance with §63.1427(e)

[45CSR34 and 40CFR§63.1426(2)(iii), Emission Unit IDs (R703, R704, R705, R706, R707, R708)]

7.1.6. The permittee must conduct a design evaluation for the extended cookout control technique as presented in §63.1427(f)(2). The permittee is not required to conduct performance tests provided uncontrolled epoxide emissions prior to the end of ECO are less than 10 tons per year (9.1 mega grams per year). Per §63.1427(a)(2)(ii) uncontrolled epoxide emissions prior to ECO shall be determined by the procedures in §63.1427(d)(1). The design evaluation shall establish the minimum duration (time) of extended cookout.

[45CSR34 and 40CFR§63.1426(f)(1) & (2), (b)(6), (d)(1)(i), Emission Unit IDs (R703, R704, R705, R706, R707, R708)]
7.1.7. The remainder of the process vent requirements specific to ECO are listed within 63.1427 as follows:

(a) Applicability of extended cookout requirements. Owners or operators of affected sources that produce polyether polyols using epoxides, and that are using ECO as a control technique to reduce epoxide emissions in order to comply with percent emission reduction requirements in §63.1425(b)(1)(i) or (b)(2)(ii) shall comply with the provisions of this section.

(1) For each product class, the permittee shall determine the batch cycle percent epoxide emission reduction for the most difficult to control product in the product class, where the most difficult to control product is the polyether polyol that is manufactured with the slowest pressure decay curve.

(2) The permittee shall determine the batch cycle percent epoxide emission reduction by using process knowledge, reaction kinetics, and engineering knowledge, in accordance with §63.1427 (a)(2)(ii) and §63.1427(e).

(ii) The permittee must maintain uncontrolled epoxide emissions prior to the end of the ECO less than 10 tons per year (9.1 mega grams per year) as determined by the procedures in §63.1427(d)(1).

(d) Determine emissions at the end of the ECO. The permittee shall calculate the epoxide emissions at the end of the ECO, where the end of the ECO is defined as the point immediately before the time when the reactor contents are emptied and/or the reactor vapor space purged to the atmosphere or to a combustion, recovery, or recapture device.

(d)(1) The epoxide emissions at the end of the ECO shall be determined using Equation 9

$$E_e,E = (C_{liq,f})(V_{liq,f})(D_{liq,f}) + (C_{vap,f})(V_{vap,f})(D_{vap,f})$$  \[Equation 9\]

Where:

- $E_e,E$ = Epoxide emissions at the end of the ECO, kg.
- $C_{liq,f}$ = Concentration of epoxide in the reactor liquid at the end of the ECO, determined in accordance with §63.1427 (f)(1) of this section, weight percent.
- $V_{liq,f}$ = Volume of reactor liquid at the end of the ECO, liters.
- $D_{liq,f}$ = Density of reactor liquid, kg/liter.
- $C_{vap,f}$ = Concentration of epoxide in the reactor vapor space as it exits the reactor at the end of the ECO, determined in accordance with §63.1427 (f)(2), weight percent.
- $V_{vap,f}$ = Volume of the reactor vapor space as it exits the reactor at the end of the ECO, liters.
- $D_{vap,f}$ = Vapor density of reactor vapor space at the end of the ECO, kg/liter.

[45CSR34 and 40CFR§63.1427(a)(1), (a)(2)(i), (a)(2)(ii), (d)(1), Emission Unit IDs (R703, R704, R705, R706, R707, R708)]

7.1.8. (b) Define the end of epoxide feed. The permittee shall determine the concentration of epoxide in the reactor liquid at the point in time when all epoxide has been added to the reactor and prior to any venting. This concentration shall be determined in accordance with the procedures in §63.1427(f)(1)(i).

[45CSR34 and 40CFR§63.1427(b)(1), Emission Unit IDs (R703, R704, R705, R706, R707, R708)]

7.1.9. c) Define the onset of the ECO. The permittee shall calculate the uncontrolled emissions for the batch cycle by calculating the epoxide emissions, if any, prior to the onset of the ECO, plus the epoxide emissions at the onset of the ECO. The onset of the ECO is defined as the point in time when the combined unreacted epoxide
concentration in the reactor liquid is equal to 25 percent of the concentration of epoxides at the end of the epoxide feed, which was determined in accordance with §63.1427(b)- Equation 8 as follows.

(1) The uncontrolled epoxide emissions for the batch cycle shall be determined using Equation 8.

\[ E_{e,u} = (C_{\text{liq},i})(V_{\text{liq},i})(D_{\text{liq},i}) + (C_{\text{vap},i})(V_{\text{vap},i})(D_{\text{vap},i}) + (E_{\text{epox,bef}}) \]  

[Equation 8]

Where:
\( E_{e,u} \) = Uncontrolled epoxide emissions at the onset of the ECO, kilograms per (kg/)batch.
\( C_{\text{liq},i} \) = Concentration of epoxide in the reactor liquid at the onset of the ECO, which is equal to 25 percent of the concentration of epoxide at the end of the epoxide feed, determined in accordance with paragraph (b)(1) of this section, weight percent. Note: (f)(1) of this section is referenced by (b)(1) for determining epoxide concentration in the reactor liquid.
\( V_{\text{liq},i} \) = Volume of reactor liquid at the onset of the ECO, liters.
\( D_{\text{liq},i} \) = Density of reactor liquid, kg/liter.
\( C_{\text{vap},i} \) = Concentration of epoxide in the reactor vapor space at the onset of the ECO, determined in accordance with paragraph (f)(2) of this section, weight percent.
\( V_{\text{vap},i} \) = Volume of the reactor vapor space at the onset of the ECO, liters.
\( D_{\text{vap},i} \) = Vapor density of reactor vapor space at the onset of the ECO, kg/liter.
\( E_{\text{epox,bef}} \) = Epoxide emissions that occur prior to the onset of the ECO, determined in accordance with the provisions of §63.1426(d), kilograms.

[45CSR34 and 40CFR§63.1427(c)(1), Emission Unit IDs (R703, R704, R705, R706, R707, R708)]

7.1.10. (d) Determine emissions at the end of the ECO. The permittee shall calculate the epoxide emissions at the end of the ECO, where the end of the ECO is defined as the point immediately before the time when the reactor contents are emptied and/or the reactor vapor space purged to the atmosphere or to a combustion, recovery, or recapture device.

(d)(1) The epoxide emissions at the end of the ECO shall be determined using Equation 9

\[ E_{e,E} = (C_{\text{liq},f})(V_{\text{liq},f})(D_{\text{liq},f}) + (C_{\text{vap},f})(V_{\text{vap},f})(D_{\text{vap},f}) \]  

[Equation 9]

Where:
\( E_{e,E} \) = Epoxide emissions at the end of the ECO, kg.
\( C_{\text{liq},f} \) = Concentration of epoxide in the reactor liquid at the end of the ECO, determined in accordance with §63.1427 (f)(1) of this section, weight percent.
\( V_{\text{liq},f} \) = Volume of reactor liquid at the end of the ECO, liters.
\( D_{\text{liq},f} \) = Density of reactor liquid, kg/liter.
\( C_{\text{vap},f} \) = Concentration of epoxide in the reactor vapor space as it exits the reactor at the end of the ECO, determined in accordance with §63.1427 (f)(2), weight percent.
\( V_{\text{vap},f} \) = Volume of the reactor vapor space as it exits the reactor at the end of the ECO, liters.
\( D_{\text{vap},f} \) = Vapor density of reactor vapor space at the end of the ECO, kg/liter.

[45CSR34 and 40CFR§63.1427(d)(1), Emission Unit IDs (R703, R704, R705, R706, R707, R708)]
7.1.11. (e) **Determine percent epoxide emission reduction.** (1) The permittee shall determine the percent epoxide emission reduction for the batch cycle using Equation 10.

\[
R_{\text{batchcycle}} = \left[ \frac{\left( E_{c,a} - \left( E_{c,E} \cdot \left( 1 - \frac{R_{\text{addon,i}}}{100} \right) \right) - \left( E_{c,o} \cdot \left( 1 - \frac{R_{\text{addon,j}}}{100} \right) \right) \right)}{E_{c,u}} \right] \times 100 \quad [\text{Equation 10}]
\]

Where:
- \( R_{\text{batchcycle}} \) = Epoxide emission reduction for the batch cycle, percent.
- \( E_{c,E} \) = Epoxide emissions at the end of the ECO determined in accordance with paragraph (d)(1) of this section, kilograms.
- \( R_{\text{addon,i}} \) = Control efficiency of combustion, recovery, or recapture device that is used to control epoxide emissions after the ECO, determined in accordance with the provisions of §63.1426(c), percent.
- \( E_{c,o} \) = Epoxide emissions that occur before the end of the ECO, determined in accordance with the provisions of §63.1426(d), kilograms.
- \( R_{\text{addon,j}} \) = Control efficiency of combustion, recovery, or recapture device that is used to control epoxide emissions that occur before the end of the ECO, determined in accordance with the provisions of §63.1426(c), percent.
- \( E_{c,u} \) = Uncontrolled epoxide emissions determined in accordance with paragraph (c)(1) of this section, kilograms.

[45CSR34 and 40CFR§63.1427(e)(1), Emission Point IDs (E-703, E-704, E-705, E-706, E-707, E-708)]

7.1.12. (f) **Determination of epoxide concentrations.** The permittee shall determine the epoxide concentrations in accordance with the procedures in this paragraph.

(1) The permittee shall determine the concentration of epoxide in the reactor liquid using reaction kinetics in accordance with paragraph (f)(1)(ii) of §63.1427 as listed by Equation 12 below. The permittee may also request to use an alternative methodology in accordance with paragraph (f)(1)(iii) of §63.1427.

(ii) Determine the epoxide concentration in the reactor liquid using Equation 12. [Equation 12]

\[
C_{\text{liq,f}} = C_{\text{liq,i}} \cdot e^{kt} \quad [\text{Equation 12}]
\]

- \( C_{\text{liq,f}} \) = Concentration of epoxide in the reactor liquid at the end of the time period, weight percent.
- \( C_{\text{liq,i}} \) = Concentration of epoxide in the reactor liquid at the beginning of the time period, weight percent.
- \( k \) = Reaction rate constant, 1/hr.
- \( t \) = Time, hours.

Note: This equation assumes a first order reaction with respect to epoxide concentration. where:

[45CSR34 and 40CFR§63.1427(f)(1)(ii), Emission Unit IDs (R703, R704, R705, R706, R707, R708)]
7.1.13.  (f)(2) The permittee shall determine the concentration of epoxide in the reactor vapor space by engineering estimation in accordance with paragraph §63.1427(f)(2)(ii) as follows.

ii) Determine the epoxide concentration in the vapor space using Raoult's Law or another appropriate phase equilibrium equation and the liquid epoxide concentration, determined in accordance with §63.1427 (f)(1) of this section.

[45CSR34 and 40CFR§63.1427(f)(2)(ii), Emission Unit IDs (R703, R704, R705, R706, R707, R708)]

7.1.14.  (g) Determination of pressure. The permittee shall determine the total pressure of the system using standard pressure measurement devices calibrated according to the manufacturer's specifications or other written procedures that provide adequate assurance that the equipment would reasonably be expected to monitor accurately.

[45CSR34 and 40CFR§63.1427(g) Emission Unit IDs (R703, R704, R705, R706, R707, R708)]

7.1.15.  (h) Determination if pressure decay curves are similar. The permittee shall determine the pressure decay curve as defined in §63.1423. Products with similar pressure decay curves constitute a product class. To determine if two pressure decay curves are similar when the pressure decay curves for products have different starting and finishing pressures, the permittee shall determine the time when the pressure has fallen to half its total pressure by using Equation 13:

\[
\frac{\text{Time} \left( P_{\text{half}1} \right)}{\text{Time} \left( P_{\text{half}2} \right)} < 20\% \quad T_{\text{AVG}}
\]

Where:

- \( P_{\text{half}1} \) = Half the total pressure of the epoxide for product 1.
- \( \text{Time} \left( P_{\text{half}1} \right) \) = Time when the pressure has fallen to half its total pressure for product 1.
- \( P_{\text{half}2} \) = Half the total pressure of the epoxide for product 2.
- \( \text{Time} \left( P_{\text{half}2} \right) \) = Time when the pressure has fallen to half its total pressure for product 2.
- \( T_{\text{AVG}} \) = The average time to cookout to the point where the epoxide pressure is 25 percent of the epoxide pressure at the end of the feed step for products 1 and 2.

[45CSR34 and 40CFR§63.1427(h), Emission Unit IDs (R703, R704, R705, R706, R707, R708)]

7.1.16.  The heat exchanger systems used in the Oxide Adducts Plant to cool process equipment or materials are exempt from the heat exchanger monitoring requirements of 40CFR§63.104(a) as long as the following conditions are maintained:

(i). Uses intervening fluid with less than 5% HAPs between process and cooling water sides (reactors), or

(ii). Process side HAP concentration less than 5% (product treatment systems).

[45CSR34 and 40CFR§63.1435]

7.1.17.  Requirements for pressure relief devices covered by 40 CFR 63 Subpart PPP. The permittee must comply with the operating and pressure release requirements specified in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this condition for pressure relief devices in organic HAP gas or vapor service. The permittee must also comply with the pressure release management requirements specified in paragraph (c) of this condition for all pressure relief devices in organic HAP service.

a. Operating requirements. Except during a pressure release event, operate each pressure relief device in organic HAP gas or vapor service with an instrument reading of less than 500 ppm above background as detected by Method 21 of 40 CFR part 60, appendix A.
b. Pressure release requirements. For pressure relief devices in organic HAP gas or vapor service, comply with the following requirements, as applicable.

1. If the pressure relief device does not consist of or include a rupture disk, conduct instrument monitoring, as detected by Method 21 of 40 CFR part 60, appendix A, no later than 5 calendar days after the pressure release to verify that the pressure relief device is operating with an instrument reading of less than 500 ppm above background, except as provided in 40CFR§63.171.

2. If the pressure relief device consists of or includes a rupture disk, install a replacement disk as soon as practicable after a pressure release, but no later than 5 calendar days after the pressure release, except as provided in 40CFR§63.171.

c. Pressure release management. Pressure releases to the atmosphere from pressure relief devices in organic HAP service are prohibited.

d. Effective March 27, 2017, the permittee must comply with the following requirements for all pressure relief devices in organic HAP service:

1. For each pressure relief device in organic HAP service, the owner or operator must equip each pressure relief device with a device(s) or use a monitoring system that is capable of:

   i. Identifying the pressure release;

   ii. Recording the time and duration of each pressure release; and

   iii. Notifying operators immediately that a pressure release is occurring. The device or monitoring system may be either specific to the pressure relief device itself or may be associated with the process system or piping, sufficient to indicate a pressure release to the atmosphere. Examples of these types of devices and systems include, but are not limited to, a rupture disk indicator, magnetic sensor, motion detector on the pressure relief valve stem, flow monitor, or pressure monitor.

2. If any pressure relief device in organic HAP service releases to atmosphere as a result of a pressure release event, the owner or operator must calculate the quantity of organic HAP released during each pressure release event and report this quantity as required in §63.1439(e)(6)(ix). Calculations may be based on data from the pressure relief device monitoring alone or in combination with process parameter monitoring data and process knowledge.

\[45CSR34 \text{ and } 40CFR§§63.1434(\text{c})(1), (2), \text{ and } (3)]\]

7.2. Monitoring Requirements

7.2.1. (i) ECO monitoring requirements. The permittee using ECO shall comply with the monitoring requirements of this paragraph to demonstrate continuous compliance with this subpart. Paragraphs (i)(1) through (3) of §63.1427 address monitoring of the extended cookout.
(1) To comply with the provisions of §63.1427 (process vent provisions), the permittee shall monitor the time from the end of the epoxide feed to the end of ECO.

(2) During the determination of the percent epoxide emission reduction in paragraphs (b) through (e) of §63.1427, the permittee shall establish, as a level that shall be maintained during periods of operation the following:

(i) The time from the end of the epoxide feed to the end of the ECO;

(3) For each batch cycle where ECO is used to reduce epoxide emissions, the permittee shall record the value of the monitored parameter at the end of the ECO. This parameter is then compared with the level established in accordance with number (2) above, which corresponds with paragraph (i)(2)(i) of §63.1427 to determine if an excursion has occurred. An ECO excursion is defined as one of the following:

(i) When the time from the end of the epoxide feed to the end of the ECO is less than the time established in paragraph (i)(2)(i) of §63.1427; or

(ii) When the parameter is not measured and recorded at the end of the ECO; or

[45CSR34 and 40CFR§63.1427(i), Emission Unit IDs (R703, R704, R705, R706, R707, R708)]

7.2.2. Storage tanks T-9510, 11, 12, and 13 shall comply with the monitoring and reporting provisions of 40CFR60, Subpart K for tanks by keeping records of the material stored and associated vapor pressures.

[45CSR16, 40CFR§60.116b(b), Emission Unit ID (T-9510, T-9511, T-9512, T-9513)]

7.3. Testing Requirements

7.3.1. N/A

7.4. Recordkeeping Requirements

7.4.1. (j) Recordkeeping requirements.

(1) The permittee shall maintain the records specified in paragraphs (j)(1)(i) and (ii) of §63.1427, for each product class. The permittee shall also maintain the records related to the initial determination of the percent epoxide emission reduction specified in paragraphs (j)(1)(iii) through (ix) of §63.1427, as applicable, for each product class.

(i) Operating conditions of the product class, including:

(A) Pressure decay curve;
(B) Minimum reaction temperature;
(C) Number of reactive hydrogens in the raw material;
(D) Minimum catalyst concentration;
(E) Ratio of EO/PO at the end of the epoxide feed; and
(F) Reaction conditions, including the size of the reactor or batch.

(ii) A listing of all products in the product class, along with the information specified in paragraphs (j)(1)(i)(A) through (F) of §63.1427, for each product, incorporated herein as 7.4.1.(j)(1)(i)(A)-(F).

(iii) The concentration of epoxide at the end of the epoxide feed, determined in accordance with paragraph (b)(1) of §63.1427, incorporated herein as 7.1.8.
(iv) The concentration of epoxide at the onset of the ECO, determined in accordance with paragraph (c) of §63.1427, incorporated herein as 7.1.9.

(v) The uncontrolled epoxide emissions at the onset of the ECO, determined in accordance with paragraph (c)(1) of §63.1427, incorporated herein as 7.1.9. The records shall also include all the background data, measurements, and assumptions used to calculate the uncontrolled epoxide emissions.

(vi) The epoxide emissions at the end of the ECO, determined in accordance with paragraph (d)(1) of §63.1427, incorporated herein as 7.1.10. The records shall also include all the background data, measurements, and assumptions used to calculate the epoxide emissions.

(vii) The percent epoxide reduction for the batch cycle, determined in accordance with paragraph (e)(1) of §63.1427, incorporated herein as 7.1.11. The records shall also include all the background data, measurements, and assumptions used to calculate the percent reduction.

(viii) The parameter level, established in accordance with paragraph (i)(3) of §63.1427, incorporated herein as 7.2.1.

(ix) If epoxide emissions occur before the end of the ECO, the permittee shall maintain records of the time and duration of all such emission episodes that occur during the initial demonstration of batch cycle efficiency.

(2) The permittee shall maintain the following records as applicable from paragraphs (j)(2)(i) through (iv) of §63.1427.

(i) For each batch cycle, the product being produced and the product class to which it belongs.

(ii) For each batch cycle, the permittee shall record the time from the end of epoxide feed to the end of extended cook-out.

(iii) If epoxide emissions occur before the end of the ECO, the permittee shall maintain records of the time and duration of all such emission episodes.

7.4.2. For pressure relief devices in organic HAP service subject condition 7.1.17 keep records of each pressure release to the atmosphere, including the following information:

a. The source, nature, and cause of the pressure release.

b. The date, time, and duration of the pressure release.

c. The quantity of total HAP emitted during the pressure release and the calculations used for determining this quantity.

d. The actions taken to prevent this pressure release.

e. The measures adopted to prevent future such pressure releases.
7.5. Reporting Requirements

7.5.1. The permittee shall submit a semi-annual report containing the following information:

(k) Reporting requirements. The permittee shall comply with the reporting requirements in this paragraph.

(3) The following information shall be provided in the semi-annual Periodic Report, as specified in §63.1439(e)(6).

(i) Reports of each batch cycle for which an ECO excursion occurred, as defined in §63.1427(i)(3)

(ii) Notification of each batch cycle when the time and duration of epoxide emissions before the end of the ECO, recorded in accordance with paragraph (j)(2)(v) of §63.1427 (Condition 7.4.2.(ii) of this permit), exceed the time and duration of the emission episodes during the initial epoxide emission percentage reduction determination, as recorded in paragraph (j)(1)(viii) of §63.1427 (Condition 7.4.1.(viii) of this permit)

[45CSR34 and 40CFR§63.1427(k)(3)(i) &(ii), 40CFR§63.1427(e)(6), Emission Unit IDs (R703, R704, R705, R706, R707, R708)]

7.5.2. The permittee shall comply with the reporting requirements for new polyether poly products as provided by §63.1427(l).

[45CSR34 and 40 CFR§63.1427(l). , Emission Unit ID (R703, R704, R705, R706, R707, R708)]

7.5.3. The permittee shall comply with the reporting requirements for polyether polyol product changes as provided by §63.1427(m).

[45CSR34 and 40 CFR§63.1427(m). , Emission Unit ID (R703, R704, R705, R706, R707, R708)]

7.5.4. The permittee shall comply with the reporting requirements for polyether polyol product manufacturing units as provided by §63.1439(e)(6)(i) through (viii) of this section

[45CSR34 and 40 CFR§63.1439(e)(6). , Emission Unit ID (R703, R704, R705, R706, R707, R708)]

7.5.5. The permittee shall comply with the reporting requirements for equipment leak provisions as provided by §63.1434(f).

[45CSR34 and 40 C.F.R. §63.1439(e)(6)(vii). , Emission Unit IDs (R703, R704, R705, R706, R707, R708]

7.5.6. For existing and new affected sources covered by 40 C.F.R. 63, Subpart PPP, a Notification of Compliance Status shall be submitted no later than August 24, 2017. For equipment leaks subject to 40CFR§63.1434, the permittee shall submit the information specified in the HON equipment leak Notification of Compliance Status requirements in 40CFR§63.182(c), in the Notification of Compliance Status required by this condition. For pressure relief devices subject to the requirements condition 7.1.17, the permittee shall submit the information required in Condition 7.5.7 in the Notification of Compliance Status no later than August 24, 2017.

[45CSR34 and 40CFR§63.1439(e)(5)]

7.5.7. For pressure relief devices in organic HAP service covered by 40 CFR 63, Subpart PPP, a description of the device or monitoring system to be implemented, including the pressure relief devices and process parameters to be monitored (if applicable), a description of the alarms or other methods by which operators will be notified of a pressure release, and a description of how the owner or operator will determine the information to be recorded under condition 7.4.2 (i.e., the duration of the pressure release and the methodology and calculations for determining of the quantity of total HAP emitted during the pressure release).

[45CSR34 and 40CFR§63.1439(e)(5)(viii)]
7.6. Compliance Plan

7.6.1. Not Applicable
8.0 Source-Specific Requirements [Toxic Air Pollutant Sources, Incorporation of 45CSR27 Standards and Consent Order # CO-R27-97-17-A(94-21), Emission Point ID(s)(Listed Below 8.1.5 Tables)]

8.1. Limitations and Standards

8.1.1. Except as provided in Sections 3.2 and 3.3 of 45CSR27, the owner or operator of a plant that discharges or may discharge a toxic air pollutant into the open air in excess of the amount shown in Table A of 45CSR27 shall employ BAT at all chemical processing units emitting the toxic air pollutant: Provided, that any source or equipment specifically subject to a federal regulation or standard shall not be required to comply with provisions more stringent than such regulation or standard.

[45CSR§27-3.1., State-Enforceable Only]

8.1.2. All chemical processing units shall be properly instrumented to alert the operator of process upsets, leaks, and other abnormal discharges of toxic air pollutants into the air and the operator shall record all such incidents and the associated emissions estimated from direct measurements of toxic air pollutant concentration and/or calculations using other process measurements.

[45CSR§27-3.4., State-Enforceable Only, Process Unit IDs (N. Chas. Distribution, Chemical Mixing, Specialty Surfactants, Oxide Adducts)]

8.1.3. Owners and operators of chemical processing units and/or wastewater treatment systems subject to 45CSR27 shall employ BAT to remove and control or destroy toxic air pollutants from wastewater at the source and/or apply BAT at the wastewater treatment plant to prevent or control the discharge to toxic air pollutants resulting from air stripping or evaporation: Provided, that this provision shall not be more stringent than any specifically applicable federal regulation or standard.

[45CSR§27-6.1., State-Enforceable Only]

8.1.4. Owners and operators of chemical processing units or facilities subject to the requirements of 45CSR27 shall employ BAT to prevent or control toxic air pollutant discharges in the loading and unloading of railcars and tank trucks with toxic air pollutants or material mixtures containing toxic air pollutants.

[45CSR§27-7.1., State-Enforceable Only]

8.1.5. The permittee shall implement “BAT” in accordance with the compliance plan agreed upon within consent order number, CO-R27-97-17-A(94-21), for the control of ethylene oxide and propylene oxide emissions. As a result, the following emission limits and LDAR program shall apply:

**Table 8.1.5.a. Propylene Oxide Emissions**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Source ID</th>
<th>Control Description</th>
<th>Emission Point ID</th>
<th>Pre-Control Emissions</th>
<th>Allowable Emissions</th>
<th>Allowable Emissions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oxide Adducts</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(lb/yr)</td>
<td>(lb/hr)</td>
<td>(lb/yr)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#1 Reactor</td>
<td>Extended Cookout</td>
<td>E-703</td>
<td>17,600</td>
<td>0.6</td>
<td>200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#2 Reactor</td>
<td>Extended Cookout</td>
<td>E-704</td>
<td>7,100</td>
<td>25.8</td>
<td>263</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#4 Reactor</td>
<td>Extended Cookout</td>
<td>E-705</td>
<td>13,800</td>
<td>32.6</td>
<td>1,094</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#5 Reactor</td>
<td>Extended Cookout</td>
<td>E-706</td>
<td>7,100</td>
<td>18.2</td>
<td>263</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#6 Reactor</td>
<td>Extended Cookout</td>
<td>E-708</td>
<td>9,100</td>
<td>15.0</td>
<td>979</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#7 Reactor</td>
<td>Extended Cookout</td>
<td>E-707</td>
<td>12,800</td>
<td>16.4</td>
<td>1,011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>67,500</td>
<td></td>
<td>3,810</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Component</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Emissions</td>
<td>Unit</td>
<td>Location</td>
<td>Date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------</td>
<td>-------------------</td>
<td>-----------</td>
<td>------</td>
<td>----------</td>
<td>------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#1 Drop Tank</td>
<td>Extended Cookout</td>
<td>9,400</td>
<td>lb/yr</td>
<td>E-703A</td>
<td>2018</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#2 Drop Tank</td>
<td>Extended Cookout</td>
<td>6,800</td>
<td>lb/yr</td>
<td>E-704A</td>
<td>2018</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#4 Drop Tank</td>
<td>Extended Cookout</td>
<td>1,100</td>
<td>lb/yr</td>
<td>E-705A</td>
<td>2018</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#5 Drop Tank</td>
<td>Extended Cookout</td>
<td>6,800</td>
<td>lb/yr</td>
<td>E-706A</td>
<td>2018</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#6 Drop Tank</td>
<td>Extended Cookout</td>
<td>1,700</td>
<td>lb/yr</td>
<td>E-708A</td>
<td>2018</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#7 Drop Tank</td>
<td>Extended Cookout</td>
<td>2,500</td>
<td>lb/yr</td>
<td>E-707A</td>
<td>2018</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#1 Treatment</td>
<td>Extended Cookout</td>
<td>20,000</td>
<td>lb/yr</td>
<td>E-703B</td>
<td>2018</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#2 Treatment</td>
<td>Extended Cookout</td>
<td>17,600</td>
<td>lb/yr</td>
<td>E-704B</td>
<td>2018</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#4 Treatment</td>
<td>Extended Cookout</td>
<td>800</td>
<td>lb/yr</td>
<td>E-705B</td>
<td>2018</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#5 Treatment</td>
<td>Extended Cookout</td>
<td>17,600</td>
<td>lb/yr</td>
<td>E-706B</td>
<td>2018</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#6 Treatment</td>
<td>Extended Cookout</td>
<td>400</td>
<td>lb/yr</td>
<td>E-708B</td>
<td>2018</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#7 Treatment</td>
<td>Extended Cookout</td>
<td>900</td>
<td>lb/yr</td>
<td>E-707B</td>
<td>2018</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#1 Double Valve and Vent</td>
<td>Double Valve and Buffer</td>
<td>98</td>
<td>lb/yr</td>
<td>E-720</td>
<td>2018</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#2 Double Valve and Vent</td>
<td>Double Valve and Buffer</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>lb/yr</td>
<td>E-721</td>
<td>2018</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#4 Double Valve and Vent</td>
<td>Double Valve and Buffer</td>
<td>52</td>
<td>lb/yr</td>
<td>E-722</td>
<td>2018</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#5 Double Valve and Vent</td>
<td>Double Valve and Buffer</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>lb/yr</td>
<td>E-723</td>
<td>2018</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#6 Double Valve and Vent</td>
<td>Double Valve and Buffer</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>lb/yr</td>
<td>E-724</td>
<td>2018</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#7 Double Valve and Vent</td>
<td>Double Valve and Buffer</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>lb/yr</td>
<td>E-725</td>
<td>2018</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wastewater Secondary Emissions</td>
<td></td>
<td>700</td>
<td>lb/yr</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fugitive Emissions</td>
<td>LDAR, Subpart H Part 63</td>
<td>4,295</td>
<td>lb/yr</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propylene Oxide R27 “BAT” Threshold = 5000 lb/yr</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>157,783</td>
<td>10,322</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Treatment represents the handling of material after it leaves the drop tanks, it does not refer to a single source.

* Fugitive emissions controlled by work practices and estimated empirically. The fugitive emission numbers are provided for informational purpose.
Table 8.1.5.b. Ethylene Oxide Emissions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Source ID</th>
<th>Control Description</th>
<th>Emission Point ID</th>
<th>Pre-Control Emissions (lb/yr)</th>
<th>Allowable Emissions (lb/hr)</th>
<th>Allowable Emissions (lb/yr)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Oxide Adducts</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#2 Reactor</td>
<td>Extended Cookout</td>
<td>E-704</td>
<td>5,300</td>
<td>0.18</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#4 Reactor</td>
<td>Extended Cookout</td>
<td>E-705</td>
<td>140</td>
<td>0.18</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#5 Reactor</td>
<td>Extended Cookout</td>
<td>E-706</td>
<td>5,300</td>
<td>0.18</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#6 Reactor</td>
<td>Extended Cookout</td>
<td>E-708</td>
<td>310</td>
<td>0.01</td>
<td>&lt;1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#7 Reactor</td>
<td>Extended Cookout</td>
<td>E-707</td>
<td>470</td>
<td>0.02</td>
<td>&lt;1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#2 Drop Tank</td>
<td>Extended Cookout</td>
<td>E-704A</td>
<td>120</td>
<td>0.03</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#4 Drop Tank</td>
<td>Extended Cookout</td>
<td>E-705A</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>0.03</td>
<td>&lt;1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#5 Drop Tank</td>
<td>Extended Cookout</td>
<td>E-706A</td>
<td>120</td>
<td>0.03</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#6 Drop Tank</td>
<td>Extended Cookout</td>
<td>E-708A</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>&lt;0.01</td>
<td>&lt;1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#7 Drop Tank</td>
<td>Extended Cookout</td>
<td>E-707A</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>&lt;0.01</td>
<td>&lt;1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#2 Treatment</td>
<td>Extended Cookout</td>
<td>E-704B</td>
<td>320</td>
<td>&lt;0.01</td>
<td>&lt;1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#4 Treatment</td>
<td>Extended Cookout</td>
<td>E-705B</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>&lt;0.01</td>
<td>&lt;1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#5 Treatment</td>
<td>Extended Cookout</td>
<td>E-706B</td>
<td>320</td>
<td>&lt;0.01</td>
<td>&lt;1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#6 Treatment</td>
<td>Extended Cookout</td>
<td>E-708B</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>&lt;0.01</td>
<td>&lt;1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#7 Treatment</td>
<td>Extended Cookout</td>
<td>E-707B</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>&lt;0.01</td>
<td>&lt;1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#2 Double Valve and Vent</td>
<td>Double Valve and Buffer</td>
<td>E-721</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#4 Double Valve and Vent</td>
<td>Double Valve and Buffer</td>
<td>E-722</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#5 Double Valve and Vent</td>
<td>Double Valve and Buffer</td>
<td>E-723</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#6 Double Valve and Vent</td>
<td>Double Valve and Buffer</td>
<td>E-724</td>
<td>54</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#7 Double Valve and Vent</td>
<td>Double Valve and Buffer</td>
<td>E-725</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Source ID</strong></td>
<td><strong>Control Description</strong></td>
<td><strong>Emission Point ID</strong></td>
<td><strong>Pre-Control Emissions (lb/yr)</strong></td>
<td><strong>Allowable Emissions (lb/hr)</strong></td>
<td><strong>Allowable Emissions (lb/yr)</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wastewater</td>
<td>Secondary Emissions</td>
<td>700</td>
<td>30*</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fugitive Emissions</td>
<td>LDAR, Subpart H Part 63</td>
<td>700 Fug.</td>
<td>3271*</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1500*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>EO Distribution Header</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fugitive Emissions</td>
<td>LDAR, Subpart H Part 63</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethylene Oxide R27 “BAT” Threshold = 500 lb/yr</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>17,867</td>
<td>2,348</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Treatment represents the handling of material after it leaves the drop tanks, it does not refer to a single source.

* Fugitive emissions controlled by work practices and estimated empirically. The fugitive emission numbers are provided for informational purpose.
c. Fugitive Emission Requirements
All owners and operators subject to the requirements of 45CSR27 shall, by application of BAT, prevent and control fugitive emissions to the air of toxic air pollutants as a result of leakage from equipment in toxic air pollutant service including but not limited to, pump seals, compressor seals, valves, sampling connections, open-ended lines, safety relief valves, and flanges. In no event shall any equipment standard, program, or work practice less stringent than required under 40CFR61, Subpart V be deemed to represent BAT for control of toxic air pollutant emissions: Provided, that any source or equipment specifically subject to a federal regulation or standard shall not be required to comply with provisions more stringent than such federal regulation and standard. Equipment to be used in toxic air pollutant service installed after the effective date of 45CSR27 shall, to the maximum extent possible, be designed and operated so as to prevent leaks of toxic air pollutants.

The Company shall implement a Leak Detection and Repair Program (“LDAR”) for equipment in TAP service. The LDAR program shall meet the requirements of 40CFR63, subpart H (“subpart H”). The Company agrees to comply with the provisions of subpart H [except as excluded by 45 CSR 27 – 2.11 "Toxic Air Pollutant Service" means for the purpose of 45CSR27, that a piece of equipment such as a pump, valve or flange contains or contacts a process fluid containing 10% or more by weight of a toxic air pollutant]. For the purposes of Consent Order CO-R27-97-17-A(94-21), all manufacturing processes subject to LDAR requirement for 45 CSR 27 have previously been deemed to be Group 1 sources under the above referenced subpart H. The Company was required to commence implementation and comply with LDAR equipment standards required under Phase I of subpart H on or before December 1992. The Company shall implement Phase II and Phase III as prescribed in subpart H. The Director hereby determines compliance with subpart H to constitute BAT. All notices and reports to be submitted to the United States Environmental Protection Agency (“USEPA”) under subpart H shall be submitted to the Director (and the USEPA Administrator, if appropriate) in accordance with the requirements of subpart H and CO-R27-97-17-A(94-21). Because the emissions from PA ID 050 and PA ID 103 are low, and because benzene and formaldehyde emissions are required by this consent order to be maintained below the 45CSR27 applicability level, LDAR is not required for these sources. [45CSR§27-4.1., CO-R27-97-17-A(94-21), III.2, III.3, State-Enforceable Only]

8.1.6 The Company shall operate all emission control equipment at all times when the production unit is in operation, excepting only periods of emergency repairs for the control equipment and unanticipated control equipment failure for reasons beyond the reasonable control of the Company. In the event that the control equipment is inoperable, the production unit shall be shut down as expeditiously as possible. Recognizing the potentially reactive nature of the production unit(s) products, however, in-process material may continue to be processed. The Company shall not begin operation of the production unit when the control equipment is not in operation without being granted a variance by the Director. [CO-R27-97-17-A(94-21), IV.11, State-Enforceable Only]

8.2. Monitoring Requirements

8.2.1. To demonstrate compliance with Condition 8.1.5.c. of this permit, written records shall be maintained that identify all pumps, compressors, pressure relief valves, valves, sampling connections, open-ended lines, and flanges of a chemical processing unit that are in toxic air pollutant service. These records shall record the results of all monitoring and inspections, emissions control measures applied and the nature, timing, and results of repair efforts in accordance with 40CFR63, Subpart H. [45CSR§27-10.3., State-Enforceable Only, 45CSR§30-12.7]
8.2.2. Except as provided below, compliance with the requirements of Condition 8.1.5 for the Oxide Adducts Manufacturing Plant shall be demonstrated by adhering to the monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting provisions in accordance with Section 7.0 of this permit.

(i). Ethylene oxide (EO) and propylene oxide (PO) emissions from the double valve and vent system shall continue to be eliminated through the use of a work practice defined as the double valve and buffer system, which utilizes nitrogen pressure placed between the valves sufficient enough to then push any remaining EO or PO into the process.

[45CSR27, 45CSR34, 40CFR63, Subpart PPP]

8.2.3. Reserved.

8.2.4. Reserved.

8.2.5. To demonstrate compliance with 45CSR27 “BAT” requirements for emissions of toxic air pollutants from the Specialty Surfactants Plant, the permittee shall adhere to the limitations, monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting provisions in accordance with Section 5.0 of this permit.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-1517, CO-R27-97-17-A(94-21), L5, State-Enforceable Only]

8.2.6. Reserved.

8.2.7. To demonstrate compliance with the Regulation 27 Consent Order provisions for benzene and formaldehyde, the permittee must calculate emissions for each calendar year and submit a certification to the WVDAQ by July 1 or each year whether the Regulation 27 BAT threshold amount were met. Submittal of the Annual Emissions Inventory will satisfy this requirement and if necessary, notify WVDAQ if the Regulation 27 threshold amounts were not met.

[CO-R27-97-17-A(94-21), L1 and L4, State-Enforceable Only]

8.2.8. To demonstrate compliance with the Regulation 27 Consent Order provisions for wastewater, the permittee shall comply with the process wastewater provisions of applicable standards from 40 CFR 63, Subparts G and PPP or 40 CFR 63, Subpart FFFF, as applicable under Section 63.2485.

[CO-R27-97-17-A(94-21), State-Enforceable Only]

8.3. Testing Requirements

8.3.1. At such reasonable times as the Director may designate, the owner or operator of any chemical processing unit may be required to conduct or have conducted tests to determine the compliance with 45CSR27. Such tests shall be conducted in such manner as the Director may specify or approve and be filed on forms and in a manner specified by the Director. The Director, or his duly authorized representative, may at his option witness or conduct such tests. Should the Director exercise his option to conduct such tests, the operator will provide all the necessary sampling connections and sampling ports to be located in such manner as the Director may require, power for test equipment, and the required safety equipment such as scaffolding, railing, and ladders to comply with generally accepted good safety practices.

[45CSR§27-10.1., State-Enforceable Only]
8.4. **Recordkeeping Requirements**

8.4.1. N/A

8.5. **Reporting Requirements**

8.5.1. Upon the discovery of any TAP not addressed in CO-R27-97-17-A(94-21) and the emissions of which is not known as of the consent order date, the Company shall notify the Director in writing within fifteen (15) days of such discovery. Unless the Director determines these emissions to be insignificant, the Company shall submit a compliance program for control of such emissions within sixty (60) days of the date of notification. Upon a determination by the Director that the proposed compliance program represents BAT, the Director shall, in his or her discretion, consider such program for inclusion as an amendment to the above referenced order or entry as a separate consent order and shall determine the conditions to be met for approval and entry of such consent order or amended consent order. This provision shall not be construed to limit the Director’s ability to initiate any enforcement action prescribed by the Code as a result of deficiencies, errors, or omissions in the prior compliance plan submitted by the Company.

[CO-R27-97-17-A(94-21), III.4, State-Enforceable Only]

8.5.2. The emission to the air of any toxic air pollutant resulting from an abnormal release or spill in excess of the following amounts shall be reported to the Director or his authorized representative not later than 24-hours after the chemical processing unit owner/operator has knowledge of such emission:

10.4.a. For ethylene oxide, and vinyl chloride, one (1) pound

10.4.b. For acrylonitrile and butadiene, ten (10) pounds

10.4.c. For all other toxic air pollutants, fifty (50) pounds.

The permittee shall file a written report with the Director stating the details of all such incidents resulting in the emission of more than fifty (50) pounds of any toxic air pollutant within seven (7) days of the occurrence. The owner/operator shall submit to the Director, at his request, records of all abnormal toxic air pollutant discharges to the air.

[45CSR§27-10.4., State-Enforceable Only]

8.5.3. Any period of failure or inoperability of air pollution control equipment required by 45CSR27 shall be reported to the Director not later than 24-hours after the owner/operator has knowledge of such failure. Such reports shall be made in conjunction with necessary requests for variances as provided under 45CSR§27-12.

[45CSR§27-10.5., State-Enforceable Only]

8.6. **Compliance Plan**

N/A
9.0 Source-Specific Requirements [Volatile Organic Compound Sources and Incorporation of 45CSR21 Standards and Consent Order # CO-R21-98-22, ID(s)(Listed in Attachment B)]

9.1. Limitations and Standards

The permittee shall implement an Alternate Emissions Reduction Plan (AERP) in accordance with the compliance plan agreed upon within consent order number, CO-R21-98-22, and any amendments thereof for the control of VOCs. As a result, the following emission limits and LDAR program shall apply:

9.1.1. The permittee shall, on and after June 6, 1998, reduce VOC emissions from the sources listed in Attachment A of CO-R21-98-22 as amended by UCC letter dated October 10, 2006 from J. L. Blatt, UCC Responsible Care Leader to John A Benedict, Director of WVDAQ, and incorporated herein as Attachment B; and shall continue to comply with such emissions reduction requirements and the emission limits set forth in Attachment A of CO-R21-98-22, as revised, as expressly provided by the referenced consent order. Compliance with the emission limits set forth in CO-R21-98-22, as revised, and included herein as Attachment B shall be demonstrated by test or monitoring data, approved emission factors, material balances, and/or representative calculations in accordance with 45CSR21.


9.1.2. Unless otherwise expressly exempted from Leak Detection and Repair (“LDAR”) requirements in CO-R21-98-22, the COMPANY hereby agrees to implement and maintain LDAR programs for the reduction of fugitive VOC emissions in all FACILITY manufacturing process units subject to 45CSR21 Section 40 producing a product or intermediate or final, in excess of 1000 mega grams (1100 tons) per year in accordance with the applicable methods and criteria of 45CSR21 Section 37 or alternative procedures approved by the DIRECTOR. This requirement shall apply to all units irrespective of whether or not such units produce as intermediates or final products, substances on the list contained within 40CFR60, 40CFR61, or 40CFR63.

The permittee will follow the applicable requirements of 45CSR§21-37 for LDAR requirements for all equipment except for the North Charleston Distribution Terminal, the Chemical Mixing Area, and the fugitive emission components associated with the equipment listed below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Process Unit</th>
<th>Process ID</th>
<th>Equipment for which LDAR monitoring is not required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Specialty Surfactants</td>
<td>1000</td>
<td>Raw material tanks 8332, 8354, 8333, 8353, 8363, Intermediate tanks 8323, 8343, 8344, 8324, 8382 Neat products tanks 8373, aqueous product tanks 8364 and 8383, and the X-200 process system including the 8700 reactor and tank 8381</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxide Adducts</td>
<td>700</td>
<td>Product tanks and Drop tanks 9614, 9616, 9617, 9624, And 9627</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In addition, those components in Specialty Surfactants Process area 1000 that are in light liquid service less than 300 hours per year will be subject only to the heavy liquid LDAR.

Although the above listed units are exempted from the frequency of testing as described in 45CSR§21-37, LDAR testing of these units will be required every three years, upon request by the Director or his or her duly authorized representative. Waiver or rescheduling of LDAR testing every three years may be granted by the Director if a written request and justification are submitted by the permittee. Units exempted from LDAR monitoring as required by 45CSR§21-37, are not exempted from testing which may be required under any other
applicable State or Federal regulations, orders or permits. The Director may periodically require verification by
the Permittee that maintenance and repair procedures associated with approved exemptions are continued and
practiced.


9.1.3. At all times, including periods of start-up, shutdown, and malfunction, the permittee shall maintain and operate
the VOC emitting sources and associated air pollution control devices subject to the provisions of CO-R21-98-
22 in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions. Compliance with
the emission limits set forth in Attachment B of this Title V Permit shall be demonstrated at all times unless
exception periods are provided for in accordance with this paragraph. The permittee shall comply with
45CSR §21-5.2 and 45CSR §21-9.3 with respect to all periods of non-compliance with the emission limitations
and emission reduction request set forth in Attachment B resulting from unavoidable malfunctions of
equipment. In the event that the emission limitation and/or emission reduction requirements for a source listed
in Attachment B cannot be met during route start-up, shutdowns, or routine maintenance activities, the permittee
shall, within 180 days of June 6, 1998, submit an operation and VOC emissions mitigation plan for such
periods. This plan is included within the Title V Permit as Attachment C. The Director may require reasonable
revisions to the permittee's plan if he or she finds that routine start-up, shutdown, or maintenance resulting in
excess VOC emissions not addressed by the plan occur or that the plan fails to provide for operation in a
manner consistent with good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions. VOC emissions and
associated control procedures conforming to the permittee's plan submitted under this provision shall not be
subject to the variance approval process of 45CSR §21-9.3 provided that the permittee maintains test,
monitoring, operating, and maintenance records containing sufficient information and detail to enable the
permittee and the Director to verify compliance with the plan and associated VOC emission control
requirements. These records shall be maintained on-site for not less than three (3) years and be made available
to the Director or his or her authorized representative upon request.


9.1.4. The permittee agrees that construction or modification of any emission source having maximum theoretical
emissions of VOC equaling or exceeding six pounds per hour after May 1, 1996 shall require the prior approval
by the Director of an emission control plan that meets the definition of Reasonably Available Control
Technology (RACT) on a case-by-case basis for both fugitive and non-fugitive VOC emissions from such
source. All RACT control plans for sources constructed or modified (as defined herein) after May 1, 1996 shall
be embodied in a permit in accordance with 45CSR §13 or 45CSR §30. Physical changes to or changes in the
method of operation of an existing emission source listed or required to be listed in Attachment B which do not
result in an increase in its potential to emit VOCs in a cumulative amount of two pounds per hour or five tons
per year or more (with cumulative accounting commencing on June 6, 1998) shall not require submittal of a
RACT plan, provided that, the permittee continues to comply with its facility wide VOC emission reduction
requirement (RACM or AERP). For existing sources or emission units with current maximum theoretical
emissions below the threshold of six pounds per hour, the permittee shall not be required to submit a RACT
plan for that particular source, if a modification causes an increase in the maximum emissions that results in the
source exceeding the six pounds per hour level for the first time, as long as the increase is less than the two
pounds per hour or five tons per year.

[CO-R21-98-22, III.7. State-Enforceable Only]

9.1.5. Reports of excess emissions. -- Except as provided in 45CSR §21-9.3, the owner or operator of any facility
containing sources subject to 45CSR §21-5, shall, for each occurrence of excess emissions expected to last more
than 7 days, within 1 business day of becoming aware of such occurrence, supply the Director by letter with the
following information:
a. The name and location of the facility;

b. The subject sources that caused the excess emissions;

c. The time and date of first observation of the excess emissions; and

d. The cause and expected duration of the excess emissions.

e. For sources subject to numerical emission limitations, the estimated rate of emissions (expressed in the units of the applicable emission limitation) and the operating data and calculations used in determining the magnitude of the excess emissions; and

f. The proposed corrective actions and schedule to correct the conditions causing the excess emissions.

[45CSR§21-5.2]

9.1.6. Variance. -- If the provisions of this regulation cannot be satisfied due to repairs made as the result of routine maintenance or in response to the unavoidable malfunction of equipment, the Director may permit the owner or operator of a source subject to this regulation to continue to operate said source for periods not to exceed 10 days upon specific application to the Director. Such application shall be made prior to the making of repairs and, in the case of equipment malfunction, within 24 hours of the equipment malfunction. Where repairs will take in excess of 10 days to complete, additional time periods may be granted by the Director. In cases of major equipment failure, additional time periods may be granted by the Director provided a corrective program has been submitted by the permittee and approved by the Director. During such time periods, the permittee shall take all reasonable and practicable steps to minimize VOC emissions.

[45CSR§21-9.3]

9.1.7. In the event that the DAQ finds that a violation of the National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) for ozone (that were in effect on or before May 1, 1996) has occurred after the effective date of Consent Order CO-R21-98-22, the permittee agrees to submit to the DAQ a plan within one hundred eighty (180) days of notification of such a finding for complete, FACILITY-wide implementation of RACT requirements and shall fully implement such plan within two (2) years of its approval by the DAQ. [CO-R21-98-22, III.9. State-Enforceable Only.]

9.1.8. Unless granted a variance pursuant to 45CSR§21-9.3, the permittee shall operate all emission control equipment for those emission sources listed in Attachment B, at all times when the production unit is in operation or when any VOC emitting activity is occurring. In the event that the control equipment is inoperable, the production unit shall be shut down or the activity shall be discontinued as expeditiously as possible. [CO-R21-98-22, IV.7. State-Enforceable Only.]

9.1.9 The permittee shall operate all solvent metal cleaners in accordance with the provisions of 45CSR§21-30.3.a.4 through 30.3.a.9 as follows:

4. Provide a permanent, legible, conspicuous label, summarizing the operating requirements;

5. Store waste solvent in covered containers;

6. Close the cover whenever parts are not being handled in the cleaner;
7. Drain the cleaned parts until dripping ceases;

8. If used, supply a solvent spray that is a solid fluid stream (not a fine, atomized, or shower-type spray) at a pressure that does not exceed 10 pounds per square inch gauge (psig); and

9. Degrease only materials that are neither porous nor absorbent.

[State Enforceable Only; 45CSR§21-30.3.a.4 through §30.3.a.9, Equipment ID (Building 307 Shop)]

9.1.10 State Rule 45CSR21, stage I vapor recovery requirements apply to the permittee’s underground gasoline storage tank as follows:

45CSR§21-23.1.c. Any gasoline dispensing facility with a throughput of less than 38,000 L (10,000 gal) per month is subject only to the provisions of sections 45CSR§21-23.2.a.1. and 45CSR§21-23.3.

45CSR§21-23.2. Standards.

   45CSR§21-23.2.a. The owner or operator of each gasoline dispensing facility subject to this section 23 shall comply with the following requirements:

   1. All gasoline storage vessels at gasoline dispensing facilities shall be loaded by submerged fill;

[45CSR§21-23.2.a.1,. Equipment ID (T-1490)]

9.2. Monitoring, Testing, Recordkeeping, and Reporting Requirements

9.2.1. The monitoring requirements specified within section 5.0 for Specialty Surfactants and 7.0 for Oxide Adducts of this permit shall also demonstrate compliance with the requirements of section 9.1 above.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-1517, 40CFR63, Subpart PPP, Subpart H,F,G]

9.2.2. In accordance with 45CSR21 the permittee shall keep the following records pertaining to its underground gasoline tank:

   45CSR§21-23.3. Recordkeeping. -- The owner or operator of each gasoline dispensing facility subject to this section 23 shall maintain daily records showing the quantity of all gasoline delivered to the site. These records shall be retained for at least 3 years in a readily accessible location and shall be made available to the Director upon verbal or written request.

[45CSR§21-23.3., Emission Unit ID (T-1490)]

9.3. Compliance Plan

9.3.1. N/A
10.0. Source-Specific Requirement [Groundwater/Soil Remediation-- Chlorohydrin/Chlorobenzene (SVE1), Middle Island Source 2 (MI2VE2), and MIGCS (MIGCS1 and MIGCS2) Under 40 C.F.R. 63, Subpart GGGGG]

10.1 Limitations and Standards

10.1.1 For each site remediation with an affected source designated under §63.7882 (process vents, remediation units, and equipment leaks), you must meet the standards specified in §§63.7885 (10.1.2) through 63.7955, as applicable to your affected source, unless your site remediation meets the requirements for an exemption under the following paragraph.

A site remediation that is completed within 30 consecutive calendar days according to the conditions in paragraphs §63.7884(b)(1) through (3) is not subject to the standards in the paragraph above.

[45CSR34, 40 C.F.R. §63.7884]

10.1.2. For the process vents that comprise the affected source designated under 40 CFR §63.7882(a)(1), you must control HAP emissions from the affected process vents according to the standards specified in 40 CFR §63.7890 (facility wide limit for total organic compounds), §63.7891 (design evaluation and closed vent system), §63.7892 (inspection and monitoring for process vents), and §63.7893 (emission limits and work practice standards for process vents).

[45 CSR 34, 40CFR§§63.7885(a), (b) and (b)(1)]

10.1.3. For each remediation material management unit that is part of an affected source designated by 40 CFR §63.7882, you must select and meet the requirements under one of the options specified in §63.7886(b).

You determine that the average total VOHAP concentration, as defined in 40 CFR §63.7957, of the remediation material managed in the remediation material management unit material is less than 500 ppmw. You must follow the requirements in 40 CFR §63.7943 to demonstrate that the VOHAP concentration of the remediation material is less than 500 ppmw. Once the VOHAP concentration for a remediation material has been determined to be less than 500 ppmw, all remediation material management units downstream from the point of determination managing this material meet the requirements of this paragraph unless a remediation process is used that concentrates all, or part of, the remediation material being managed in the unit such that the VOHAP concentration of the material could increase. Any free product returned to the manufacturing process is no longer subject to this subpart.

[45 CSR 34, 40CFR§§63.7886(a) and (b)(2)]

10.1.4. For your affected process vents, you must reduce the emissions of total organic compounds (TOC) (minus methane and ethane) to a level below 1.4 kg/hr and 2.8 Mg/yr (3.0 lb/hr and 3.1 tpy) from all affected process vents. If you have multiple affected process vent streams, you may comply using a combination of controlled and uncontrolled process vent streams that achieve this facility-wide emission limit.

[45 CSR 34, 40CFR§§63.7890(a), (b) and (b)(2)]

10.1.5. For each closed vent system and control device you use to comply with 10.1.4., you must meet the operating limit requirements and work practice standards in 40 CFR §63.7925(c) through (j) that apply to your closed vent system and control device.

[45 CSR 34, 40CFR§63.7890(c)]

10.1.6. You must demonstrate initial compliance with the emissions limitations and work practice standards in 10.1.4. applicable to your affected process vents by meeting the requirements in 10.1.6.1 through 10.1.6.3.
10.1.6.1. You have measured or determined using the procedures for performance tests and design evaluations in 40CFR§63.7941 that emission levels from all of your affected process vents meet the facility-wide emission limits in 10.1.4. by demonstrating that emissions of TOC (minus methane and ethane) from all affected process vents at your facility are less than 1.4 kg/hr and 2.8 Mg/yr (3.0 lb/hr and 3.1 tpy).

10.1.6.2. For each closed vent system and control device you use to comply with 10.1.4., you have met each requirement for demonstrating initial compliance with the emission limitations and work practice standards for a closed vent system and control device in 10.1.9.

10.1.6.3. You have submitted a notification of compliance status according to the requirements in 40CFR§63.7950.

10.1.7. You must demonstrate continuous compliance with the emission limitations and work practice standard in 10.1.4. applicable to your affected process vents by meeting the requirements 10.1.7.1. through 10.1.7.3. of this section.

10.1.7.1. You must maintain emission levels from all of your affected process vents to meet the facility-wide emission limits in 10.1.4.

10.1.7.2. For each closed vent system and control device you use to comply with 10.1.4., you have met each requirement for demonstrating continuous compliance with the emission limitations and work practice standards for a closed vent system and control device in 40CFR§63.7928 (see conditions 10.1.10-13).

10.1.7.3. Keeping records to document continuous compliance with the requirements of 40 CFR 63, Subpart GGGGG according to the requirements in 40CFR§63.7952 (see conditions 10.4.1 – 4).

10.1.8. For each closed-vent system and control device you use to comply with requirements in 40CFR§63.7890 through §63.7922, as applicable to your affected sources, you must meet the following emissions and limitations and work practice standards:

10.1.8.1. Whenever gases or vapors containing HAP are vented through the closed-vent system to the control device, the control device must be operating except at those times listed in either paragraph 10.1.8.1(a) or (b) of this section.

a. The control device may be bypassed for the purpose of performing planned routine maintenance of the closed-vent system or control device in situations when the routine maintenance cannot be performed during periods that the emission point vented to the control device is shutdown. On an annual basis, the total time that the closed-vent system or control device is bypassed to perform routine maintenance must not exceed 240 hours per each calendar year.

b. The control device may be bypassed for the purpose of correcting a malfunction of the closed-vent system or control device. You must perform the adjustments or repairs necessary to correct the malfunction as soon as practicable after the malfunction is detected.
10.1.8.2. For each closed vent system, you must meet the following work practice standard in 40CFR§63.693(c).

a. A closed-vent system that is designed to operate at a pressure below atmospheric pressure shall be equipped with at least one pressure gauge or other pressure measurement device that can be read from a readily accessible location to verify that negative pressure is being maintained in the closed-vent system when the control device is operating.

10.1.8.3. For each control device other than a flare or a control device used to comply with the facility-wide process vent emission limit in 10.1.4 you must control HAP emissions to meet either of the emission limits in paragraph 10.1.8.3.a. or b.

a. Reduce emissions of total HAP listed in Table 1 of 40CFR63, Subpart GGGGG or TOC (minus methane and ethane) from each control device by 95 percent weight; or

b. Limit the concentration of total HAP listed in Table 1 of 40CFR63, Subpart GGGGG or TOC (minus methane and ethane) from each combustion control device (a thermal incinerator, catalytic incinerator, boiler, or process heater) to 20 ppmv or less on a dry basis corrected to 3 percent oxygen.

10.1.8.4. For control devices MI2CO and CATOX, you must meet the following operating limits.

a. You must maintain the daily average temperature difference across the catalyst bed greater than or equal to the minimum temperature difference established during the performance test or design evaluation.

b. You must replace the existing catalyst bed with a bed that meets the replacement specifications before the age of the bed exceeds the maximum allowable age established in the design evaluation or during the performance test.

10.1.8.5. For control device A42INC, you must meet the following operating limit.

a. You must maintain the daily average firebox temperature greater than or equal to the temperature established in the design evaluation or during the performance test.

10.1.9. You must demonstrate initial compliance with the emission limitations and work practice standards of 40 CFR 63, Subpart GGGGG applicable to your closed vent system and control device by meeting the requirements of 40CFR§63.7926(b)-(h) that apply to your closed vent system and control device.

10.1.10. You must demonstrate continuous compliance with the emission limitations and work practice standards of 40 CFR 63, Subpart GGGGG applicable to your closed vent system and control device by meeting the following requirements.

10.1.10.1. For a closed vent system designed to operate below atmospheric pressure, visually inspecting the closed vent system at least annually according to the requirements in 40CFR§63.695(c)(2)(ii).
10.1.10.2. Repairing defects according to the requirements in 40 CFR §63.695(c)(3).

10.1.10.3. Keeping records of each inspection that include the following information:

a. A closed vent system identification number (or other unique identification description you select.)

b. Date of each inspection.

c. If a defect is detected during an inspection, the location of the defect, a description of the defect, the date of detection, the corrective action taken to repair the defect, and if repair is delayed, the reason for any delay and the date completion of the repair is expected.

10.1.10.4. If you elect to monitor the closed vent system according to the requirements of 40 CFR §63.172(f) through (j), recording the information in 40 CFR §63.181.

[45 CSR 34, 40 CFR §§63.7928(a) and (b)(2, 3, 4, 5)]

10.1.11. You must demonstrate continuous compliance of each control device subject to the emissions limits in 10.1.8.3 with the applicable emission limit in 10.1.8.3 by meeting 10.1.11.1 or 10.1.11.2 of this section.

10.1.11.1. For the emission limit in 10.1.8.3.a, maintaining the reduction in emissions of total HAP listed in Table 1 of 40 CFR 63, Subpart GG GGG or TOC (minus methane and ethane) from the control device at 95 percent by weight or greater.

10.1.11.2. For the emission limit in 10.1.8.3.b, maintaining the concentration of total HAP listed in Table 1 of 40 CFR 63, Subpart GG GGG or TOC (minus methane and ethane) from the control device at 20 ppmv or less.

[45 CSR 34, 40 CFR §§63.7928(c)]

10.1.12. You must demonstrate continuous compliance of each control device subject to operating limits in 10.1.8.4 and 10.1.8.5 with the applicable limit by meeting the following requirements.

10.1.12.1. Maintaining each operating limit according to the requirements in 10.1.8.4 and 10.1.8.5 as applicable to the control device.

10.1.12.2. Monitoring and inspecting each control device according to the requirements in 10.2.2 and 10.2.3.

10.1.12.3. Operating and maintaining each continuous monitoring system according to the requirement 40 CFR §63.7945, and collecting and reducing data according to the requirements in 40 CFR §63.7946.

10.1.12.4. Keeping records to document compliance with the requirements of 40 CFR §63.7952.

[45 CSR 34, 40 CFR §§63.7928(d)]

10.1.13. You must demonstrate continuous compliance with the catalyst replacement work practice standards for catalytic incinerators in 10.1.8.4.b by meeting the following requirements.
10.1.13.1. Replacing the existing catalyst bed as required in 10.1.8.4.b.

10.1.13.2. Keeping records to document compliance with the requirements of the work practice standards.

[45 CSR 34, 40 CFR §63.7928(h)]

10.1.14. For each closed vent system and control device you use to comply with 10.1.4 (40 C.F.R. §63.7890(b)), you must monitor and inspect the closed vent system and control device according to the requirements in section 10.2.

[45 CSR 34, 40 CFR §63.7892]

10.1.15. You must be in compliance with the emission limitations (including operating limits) and the work practice standards if 40 CFR 63, Subpart GGGGG at all times, except during periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction.

[45 CSR 34, 40 CFR §63.7935(a)]

10.1.16. You must always operate and maintain your affected source, including air pollution control and monitoring equipment, according to the provision in 40 CFR §63.6(e)(1)(i).

[45 CSR 34, 40 CFR §63.7935(b)]

10.1.17. You must develop a written startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan (SSMP) according to the provisions in 40 CFR §63.6(e)(3).

[45 CSR 34, 40 CFR §63.7935(c)]

10.1.18. You must report each instance in which you did not meet each emissions limitation and each operating limit that applies to you. This includes periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction. You must also report each instance in which you did not meet the requirements for work practice standards that apply to you. These instances are deviations from the emissions limitations and work practice standards in 40 CFR 63, Subpart GGGGG. These deviations must be reported according to the requirements in 40 CFR §63.7951.

[45 CSR 34, 40 CFR §63.7935(e)]

10.1.19. Consistent with 40 CFR §§63.6(e) and 63.7(e)(1), deviations that occur during a period of startup, shutdown, or malfunction are not violations if you demonstrate to the Administrator’s satisfaction that you were operating in accordance with 40 CFR §63.6(e).

[45 CSR 34, 40 CFR §63.7935(f)]

10.1.20. For each monitoring system required in 40 CFR §63.7935, you must develop and make available for inspection by the permitting authority, upon request, a site-specific monitoring plan that addresses the following:

10.1.20.1. Installation of the continuous monitoring system probe or other interface at a measurement location relative to each affected process unit such that the measurement is representative of control of the exhaust emissions (e.g., on or downstream of the last control device).

10.1.20.2. Performance and equipment specifications for the sample interface, the pollutant concentration or parametric signal analyzer, and the data collection and reduction system.

10.1.20.3. Performance evaluation procedures and acceptance criteria (e.g., calibrations).

[45 CSR 34, 40 CFR §63.7935(g)(1-3)]
10.1.21. In your site-specific monitoring plan, you must also address the following:

10.1.21.1. Ongoing operation and maintenance procedures according to the general requirements of 40 CFR §§63.8(c)(1), (3), (4)(i), (7) and (8).

10.1.21.2. Ongoing data quality assurance procedures according to the general requirements of 40 CFR §63.8(d).

10.1.21.3. Ongoing recordkeeping and reporting procedures according to the general requirements of 40 CFR §§63.10(c), (e)(1), and (e)(2)(i).

[45 CSR 34, 40 CFR §§63.7935(h)(1-3)]

10.1.22. You must operate and maintain the continuous monitoring system according to the site-specific monitoring plan.

[45 CSR 34, 40 CFR §63.7935(i)]

10.1.23. You must conduct a performance evaluation of each continuous monitoring according to your site-specific monitoring plan.

[45 CSR 34, 40 CFR §63.7935(j)]

10.1.24. If you have a new affected source that manages remediation material other than a radioactive mixed waste as defined in 40 C.F.R. §63.7957, then the Permittee must meet the compliance date specified in Condition 10.1.24.1.

10.1.24.1. If the affected source’s initial startup date is after October 8, 2003, the Permittee must comply with each emission limitation, work practice standard, and operation and maintenance requirement of 40 C.F.R. 63, Subpart GGGGG that applies upon initial startup.

[45 CSR 34, 40 CFR §§63.7883(b) and (b)(2)]

10.2 Monitoring Requirements

10.2.1. You must monitor, inspect, and repair defects of each closed vent system according to the requirements in 40 CFR §§63.695(c)(1)(ii) through (c)(3).

[45 CSR 34, 40 CFR §63.7927(a)(1)(i)]

10.2.2. If you use a thermal incinerator, you must use a CPMS to measure and record the hourly average firebox temperature and determine and record the daily average firebox temperature.

[45 CSR 34, 40 CFR §63.7927(e)]

10.2.3. If you use a catalytic incinerator, you must use a CPMS with two temperature sensors to measure and record the hourly average temperature at the inlet of the catalyst bed, the hourly average temperature at the outlet of the catalyst bed, the hourly average temperature difference across the catalyst bed, and to determine and record the daily average temperature difference across the catalyst bed.

[45 CSR 34, 40 CFR §63.7927(f)]

10.2.4. Each CPMS must meet the requirements in paragraphs 10.2.4.1 through 10.2.4.4.

10.2.4.1. Complete a minimum of one cycle of operation for each successive 15-minute period.
10.2.4.2. To calculate a valid hourly value, you must have at least three of four equally spaced data values (or at least two, if that condition is included to allow for periodic calibration checks) for that hour from a CPMS that is not out of control according to the monitoring plan referenced in 40CFR§63.7935.

10.2.4.3. To calculate the average emissions from each averaging period, you must have at least 75 percent of the hourly averages for that period using only block hourly average values that are based on valid data (i.e., not from out-of-control periods).

10.2.4.4. Unless otherwise specified, each CPMS must determine the hourly average of all recorded readings and daily average, if required.

[45 CSR 34, 40 CFR§§63.7945(a)(1-4)]

10.2.5. You must record the results of each inspection, calibration, and validation check.

[45 CSR 34, 40CFR§63.7945(b)]

10.2.6. You must conduct a performance evaluation for each CPMS according to the requirements in 40CFR§63.8(e) and your site-specific monitoring plan.

[45 CSR 34, 40CFR§63.7945(c)]

10.2.7. You must monitor and collect data according 10.2.8 and 10.2.9. and your site-specific monitoring plan required in 40CFR§63.7935.

[45 CSR 34, 40CFR§63.7946(a)]

10.2.8. Except for monitor malfunctions, associated repairs, and required quality assurance or control activities (including, as applicable, calibration checks and required zero and span adjustments), you must monitor continuously (or collect data at all required intervals) at all times that the affected source is operating.

[45 CSR 34, 40CFR§63.7946(b)]

10.2.9. You may not use data recorded during monitoring malfunctions, associated repairs, out of control periods and required quality assurance or control activities in data averages and calculations used to report emissions or operating levels, nor may such data be used in fulfilling a minimum data availability requirement, if applicable. You must use all the data collected during all other periods in assessing the operation of the control device and associated control system.

[45 CSR 34, 40CFR§63.7946(c)]

10.3 Testing Requirements

10.3.1. You must conduct a performance test or design evaluation for each existing affected source within 180 calendar days after the compliance date that is specified in 40 CFR §63.7883 and any time the EPA requires you according to 40 CFR §63.7(3).

[45 CSR 34, 40CFR§63.7940(a), §63.7942]

10.3.2. For each work practice standard that applies to you where initial compliance is not demonstrated using a performance test or design evaluation, you must demonstrate initial compliance within 30 calendar days after the compliance date that is specified in 40 CFR §63.7883 for your affected source.

[45 CSR 34, 40CFR§63.7940(b)]
10.3.3. For new sources, you must conduct initial performance tests and other initial compliance demonstrations according to the provisions in 40 CFR§63.7(a)(2).

[45 CSR 34, 40CFR§63.7940(c)]

10.3.4. You must conduct a performance test or design evaluation to demonstrate initial compliance for each new or existing affected source that is subject to an emission limit in 40 CFR 63, Subpart GGGGG. You must report the results of the performance test or design evaluation according to the requirements in 40 CFR §63.7950(e)(1).

[45 CSR 34, 40CFR§63.7941(a)]

10.3.5. If you choose to conduct a performance test to demonstrate initial compliance, you must conduct the test according to the requirements in 40 CFR §63.7(e)(1) and §63.7941(b)(1) through (5).

[45 CSR 34, 40CFR§63.7941(b)]

10.3.6. If you use a vapor incinerator to meet an emission limit in 40 CFR 63, Subpart GGGGG, you may choose to perform a design evaluation to demonstrate initial compliance instead of a performance test. You must perform a design evaluation according to the general requirement in 40 CFR §63.693(b)(8) and the specific requirements in 40 CFR §63.693(f)(2)(ii) for a vapor incinerator.

[45 CSR 34, 40CFR§63.7941(c)]

10.3.7. During the performance test or design evaluation, you must collect the appropriate operating parameter monitoring system data, average the operating parameter data over each test run, and set operating limits, whether a minimum or maximum value, based on the average of values for each of the three test runs. If you use a control device design analysis to demonstrate control device performance, then the minimum or maximum operating parameter value must be established based on the control device design analysis and supplemented, as necessary, by the control device manufacturer recommendation or other applicable information.

[45 CSR 34, 40 CFR§63.7941(d)]

10.3.8. For each initial compliance demonstration that requires a performance test of design evaluation, you must report the results in your notification of compliance status according to the requirements in 40 CFR §63.7950(e)(1). For each initial compliance demonstration that does not require a performance test or design evaluation, you must submit a notification of compliance status according to the requirements of 40 CFR §63.7950(e)(2).

[45 CSR 34, 40CFR§63.7941(m)]

10.4 Recordkeeping Requirements

10.4.1. The permittee must keep the following records:

10.4.1.1. A copy of each notification and report that you submitted to comply with 40 CFR 63, Subpart GGGGG, including all documentation supporting any Initial Notification or Notification of Compliance Status that you submitted, according to the requirements in 40 CFR §63.10(b)(1) and (b)(2)(xiv).

10.4.1.2. The records in 40 CFR §63.6(c)(3)(iii) through (v) related to startups, shutdowns and malfunctions.

10.4.1.3. Results of performance test and performance evaluations as required by 40 CFR §63.10(b)(2)(viii).

10.4.1.4. The records of initial and ongoing determinations for affected sources that are exempt from
control requirements under 40 CFR 63, Subpart GGGGG.

[45 CSR 34, 40 CFR§63.7952(a)]

10.4.2. For each continuous monitoring system, the permittee must keep the following records:

10.4.2.1. Records described in 40 CFR §63.10(b)(2)(vi) through (xi) that apply to your continuous monitoring system.

10.4.2.2. Performance evaluation plans, including previous (i.e., superseded) versions of the plan as required in 40 CFR §63.8(d)(3).

[45 CSR 34, 40 CFR§63.7952(b)]

10.4.3. The permittee must keep the records required by 40 CFR 63, Subpart GGGGG to show continuous compliance with each emissions limitation, work practice standard, and operation and maintenance requirement that applies.

[45 CSR 34, 40 CFR§63.7952(c)]

10.4.4. You must record, on a semiannual basis, the information in 40 CFR §63.696(g) for planned routine maintenance of a control device for emissions from process vents.

[45 CSR 34, 40 CFR§63.7952(d)]

10.4.5. The permittee must maintain files of all information (including all reports and notifications) required by 40 CFR 63, Subpart GGGGG recorded in a form suitable and readily available for expeditious inspection and review. The files must be retained for at least 5 years following the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or records. At a minimum, the most recent 2 years of data must be retained on site. The remaining 3 years of data may be retained off site. Such files may be maintained on microfilm, on a computer, on computer floppy disks, on magnetic take disks, or on microfiche.

[45 CSR 34, 40 CFR§§63.7953(a-c)]

10.4.6. If, after the remediation activity is completed, there is no other remediation activity at the facility, and the permittee is no longer the owner of the facility, you may keep all records for the completed remediation activity at on off-site location provided you notify the Administrator in writing of the name, address, and contact person for the off-site location.

[45 CSR 34, 40 CFR§63.7953(d)]

10.5 Reporting Requirements

10.5.1. The permittee must submit all of the notifications in 40 CFR §63.7 (b) and (c), 63.8(e), 63.8(f)(4) and (6), and 63.9(b) through (h) that apply to you.

[45 CSR 34, 40 CFR§63.7950(a)]

10.5.2. As specified in 40 CFR §63.9(b)(3), if you start up your new or reconstructed affected source on or after the effective date, you must submit an Initial Notification not later than 120 calendar days after initial startup.

[45 CSR 34, 40 CFR§63.7950(c)]

10.5.3. If the permittee is required to conduct a performance test, you must submit a notification of intent to conduct a performance test at least 60 calendar days before the performance test is scheduled to begin as required in 40 CFR §63.7(b)(1).

[45 CSR 34, 40 CFR§63.7950(d)]
10.5.4. For each initial compliance demonstration that includes a performance test or design evaluation, the permittee must submit the Notification of Compliance Status, including the performance test results, before the close of business on the 60th calendar day following the completion of the performance test according to 40 CFR §63.10(d)(2). You must submit the complete design evaluation and supporting documentation.

[45 CSR 34, 40 CFR§63.7950(e)(1)]

10.5.5. For each initial compliance demonstration that does not include a performance test, you must submit the Notification of Compliance Status before the close of business on the 30th calendar day following the completion of the initial compliance demonstration.

[45 CSR 34, 40 CFR§63.7950(e)(2)]

10.5.6. The permittee must submit a semiannual compliance report according to the following requirements:

10.5.6.1. The first compliance report must cover the period beginning on the compliance date that is specified for your affected source in 40 CFR §63.7883 and ending on June 30 or December 31, whichever date comes first after the compliance date that is specified for your affected source.

10.5.6.2. The first compliance report must be postmarked or delivered no later than July 31 or January 31 whichever date comes first after your first compliance report is due.

10.5.6.3. Each subsequent compliance report must cover the semiannual reporting period from January 1 through June 30 or the semiannual reporting period from July 1 through December 31.

10.5.6.4. Each subsequent compliance report must be postmarked or delivered no later than July 31 or January 31, whichever date comes first after the end of the semiannual reporting period.

10.5.6.5. For each affected source that is subject to permitting regulations pursuant to 40 CFR part 70 or 40 CFR part 71, and if the permitting authority has established dates for submitting semiannual reports pursuant to 40 CFR §70.6(a)(3)(iii)(A), you may submit the first and subsequent compliance reports according to the dates the permitting authority has established instead of the dates specified in paragraphs 10.5.6.1 through 10.5.6.4 of this section.

[45 CSR 34, 40 CFR§63.7951(a)]

10.5.7. Each compliance report must include the following information:

10.5.7.1. Company name and address.

10.5.7.2. Statement by a responsible official with that official’s name, title, and signature, certifying the truth, accuracy, and completeness of the content of the report.

10.5.7.3. Date of report and beginning and ending dates of the reporting period.

10.5.7.4. If you had a startup, shutdown, or malfunction during the reporting period and you took action consistent with your startup, shutdown or malfunction plan, the compliance report must include the information in 40 CFR §63.10(d)(5)(i).
10.5.7.5. If there were no deviations from any emissions limitations (including operating limit), work practice standards, or operation and maintenance requirements, a statement that there were no deviations from the emissions limitations, work practice standards, or operation and maintenance during the reporting period.

10.5.7.6. If there were no periods during which a continuous monitoring system (including a CPMS or CEMS) was out-of-control as specified by 40 CFR §63.8(c)(7), a statement that there were no periods during which the CPMS was out-of-control during the reporting period.

10.5.7.7. For each deviation from an emissions limitation (including an operating limit) that occurs at an affected source for which you are not using a continuous monitoring system (including a CPMS or CEMS) to comply with an emissions limitation or work practice standard required in 40 CFR 63, Subpart GGGGG, the compliance report must contain the information specified above as well as the total operating time of each affected source during the reporting period and information on the number, duration, and cause of deviations (including unknown cause) as applicable and corrective action taken. This requirement includes periods of startup, shutdown and malfunction.

10.5.7.8. For each deviation from an emissions limitation (including an operating limit) or work practice standard occurring at an affected source where you are using a continuous monitoring system (including a CPMS or CEMS) to comply with the emissions limitations or work practice standard in this subpart, you must include the information specified in 10.5.7.1 through 10.5.7.4 and (a) through (k) of this section. This requirement includes periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction.

a. The date and time that each malfunction started and stopped.

b. The date and time that each continuous monitoring system was inoperative, except for zero (low-level) and high-level checks.

c. The date, time, and duration that each continuous monitoring system was out-of-control including the information in 40 CFR §63.8(c)(8).

d. The date and time that each deviation started and stopped, and whether each deviation occurred during a period of startup, shutdown, or malfunction or during another period.

e. A summary of the total duration of the deviations during the reporting period and the total duration as a percent of the total source operating time during that reporting period.

f. A breakdown of the total duration of the deviations during the reporting period into those that are due to startup, shutdown, and control equipment problems, process problems, other known causes, and unknown causes.

g. A summary of the total duration of continuous monitoring system downtime during the reporting period and the total duration of continuous monitoring system downtime as a percent of the total source operating time during the reporting period.

h. A brief description of the process units.

i. A brief description of the continuous monitoring system.
j. The date of the latest continuous monitoring system certification or audit.

k. A description of any changes in continuous monitoring systems, processes, or controls since the last reporting period.

[45 CSR 34, 40 CFR §63.7951(b)]

10.5.8. If you had a startup, shutdown, or malfunction during the semiannual reporting period that was not consistent with your startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan, you must submit an immediate startup, shutdown, and malfunction report according to the requirements of 40 CFR §63.10(d)(5)(ii).

[45 CSR 34, 40 CFR §63.7951(c)]

10.5.9. The permittee must report all deviations defined in 40 CFR 63, Subpart GGGGG in the semiannual monitoring report required by 40 CFR§70.6(a)(3)(iii)(A). If you submit a compliance report for an affected source along with, or as part of, the semiannual monitoring report required by 40 CFR§70.6(a)(3)(iii)(A) and the compliance report includes all the required information concerning deviations from any emissions limitation or operation and maintenance requirement in this subpart, submission of the compliance report satisfies any obligation to report the same deviations in the semiannual monitoring report. However, submission of a compliance report does not otherwise affect any obligation you may have to report deviations from permit requirements for an affected source to your permitting authority.

[45 CSR 34, 40 CFR §63.7951(d)]

10.5.10. The Permittee must meet the notification requirements, according to the schedule applicable as specified in 40 C.F.R. §63.7950 and in 40 C.F.R. part 63, subpart A. Some of the notifications must be submitted before the Permittee is required to comply with the emission limitations and work practice standards in 40 C.F.R. 63, Subpart GGGGG.

[45 CSR 34, 40 CFR §63.7883(e)]
11.0. Source-Specific Requirements for [Groundwater/Soil Remediation Process, Emission Point ID (SVE1 and MI2VE2)]

11.1. Limitations and Standards

11.1.1. All emissions of regulated pollutants from the Chlorohydrin (Area 42) Vapor Extractive System (A42VE) and Chlorobenzene Area Vapor Extractive System (CLBVE) shall be routed to the Thermal Oxidizer (A42INC).

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2840, Condition 4.1.1, Emission Point ID (SVE1)]

11.1.2 All emissions of regulated pollutants from the Thermal Oxidizer shall be routed to the Packed Bed Scrubber (A42PBS).

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2840, Condition 4.1.2, Emission Point ID (SVE1)]

11.1.3 Criteria pollutant emissions vented from the Packed Bed Scrubber A42PBS shall not exceed the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Criteria Pollutant</th>
<th>lb/hr</th>
<th>tpy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NO\textsubscript{x}</td>
<td>0.10</td>
<td>0.44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CO</td>
<td>0.44</td>
<td>1.92</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SO\textsubscript{2}</td>
<td>0.01</td>
<td>0.02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PM</td>
<td>0.01</td>
<td>0.01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VOC</td>
<td>3.46</td>
<td>15.07</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2840, Condition 4.1.3, Emission Point ID (SVE1)]

11.1.4 Hazardous Air Pollutant emissions vented from the Packed Bed Scrubber A42PBS shall not exceed the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hazardous Air Pollutant</th>
<th>lb/hr</th>
<th>Tpy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1,1,2-Trichloroethane</td>
<td>0.20</td>
<td>0.84</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vinylidene Chloride</td>
<td>0.15</td>
<td>0.65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethylene Dichloride</td>
<td>1.53</td>
<td>6.67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trichloroethene</td>
<td>0.40</td>
<td>1.70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HCl</td>
<td>0.71\textsuperscript{(1)}</td>
<td>3.33\textsuperscript{(2)}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Organic HAPs</td>
<td>0.46</td>
<td>1.61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total HAPs</strong></td>
<td><strong>3.44</strong></td>
<td><strong>14.79</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\textsuperscript{(1)} Except when scrubber maintenance (acid-washing) is being performed (see 11.1.15 and 11.1.16).

\textsuperscript{(2)} 3.10 tpy of HCl emissions emitted during normal scrubber operation plus 0.23 tpy of HCl emissions emitted during scrubber maintenance (acid-washing) (see 11.1.15 and 11.1.16.)
11.1.5 The regenerative thermal oxidizer shall be designed, operated and maintained so as to reduce emissions of VOCs by at least 98% or to less than 3.46 pounds per hour.

11.1.5.1 The thermal oxidizer shall be operated with a firebox temperature of at least 140°F at all times when the contaminated vent gas is being combusted. Compliance with this requirement shall be based on a daily average.

11.1.6 The packed bed scrubber shall be designed, operated and maintained so as to reduce emissions of HCl by at least 99.5% or to no more than 0.71 pounds per hour except when scrubber maintenance (acid-washing) is being performed.

11.1.6.1 The packed bed scrubber shall be operated with a daily average pH of the inlet liquid of at least 7.0 when the contaminated vent gas is being combusted except that during periods of scrubber maintenance (acid-washing), the pH of the inlet liquid shall not be included in this daily average.

11.1.7 Visible emissions from the thermal oxidizer (TO-1) shall not exceed twenty percent (20%) opacity except that an opacity level of up to forty percent (40%) is permitted during startup periods during the first eight (8) minutes of operation of the unit.

11.1.8. Operation and Maintenance of Air Pollution Control Equipment. The permittee shall, to the extent practicable, install, maintain, and operate all pollution control equipment listed in Section 1.0 and associated monitoring equipment in a manner consistent with safety and good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions, or comply with any more stringent limits set forth in this permit or as set forth by any State rule, Federal regulation, or alternative control plan approved by the Secretary.

11.1.9. All emissions of regulated pollutants from the Vapor Extractive System (MI2VE) shall be routed to the Catalytic Oxidizer (MI2CO).

11.1.10. Criteria pollutant emissions vented from the Catalytic Oxidizer MI2CO shall not exceed the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>lb/hr</th>
<th>Tpy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOₓ</td>
<td>0.01</td>
<td>0.01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CO</td>
<td>0.01</td>
<td>0.01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SO₂</td>
<td>0.01</td>
<td>0.02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PM</td>
<td>0.01₁</td>
<td>0.01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VOC</td>
<td>0.46</td>
<td>1.24</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

₁Compliance with this limit will ensure compliance with the less stringent limit in 45CSR§6-4.1
[45CSR§6-4.1]
[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-3025, Condition 4.1.2. Emission Point ID (MI2VE2)]
11.1.11. Hazardous Air Pollutant emissions vented from the Catalytic Oxidizer MI2CO shall not exceed the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>lb/hr</th>
<th>tpy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hexane</td>
<td>0.07</td>
<td>0.23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benzene</td>
<td>0.13</td>
<td>0.42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total HAPs</td>
<td>0.30</td>
<td>0.87</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-3025, Condition 4.1.3. Emission Point ID (MI2VE2)]

11.1.12. The catalytic oxidizer shall be designed, operated and maintained so as to reduce emissions in accordance with the emission limits specified in conditions 11.1.10 and 11.1.11.

11.1.12.1. The catalytic oxidizer shall be operated with a combustion chamber temperature of at least 650°F at all times when the contaminated vent gas is being combusted. Compliance with this requirement shall be based on a daily average.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-3025, Condition 4.1.4. Emission Point ID (MI2VE2)]

11.1.13. Visible emissions from the catalytic oxidizer MI2CO shall not exceed twenty percent (20%) opacity except that an opacity level of up to forty percent (40%) is permitted during startup periods during the first eight (8) minutes of operation of the unit.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-3025, Condition 4.1.5. Emission Point ID (MI2VE2)]

[45CSR§6-4.3.] & [45CSR§6-4.4.]

11.1.14. Catalyst shall be replaced in accordance with manufacturer specifications.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-3025, Condition 4.1.6. Emission Point ID (MI2VE2)]

11.1.15. Scrubber maintenance (acid-washing) shall be conducted no more than 12 times per year and shall be limited to no more than six (6) hours per each cleaning activity/event.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2840, Condition 4.1.9, Emission Point ID (SVE1)]

11.1.16. HCl emissions resulting from scrubber maintenance (acid-washing) shall not exceed 37.65 pounds per event and 0.23 tons per year.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2840, Condition 4.1.10, Emission Point ID (SVE1)]

11.2. **Testing Requirements**

11.2.1. The permittee shall conduct, or have conducted, testing to determine VOC emission rates to the atmosphere according to the schedule in the following table. The initial test shall be conducted within 6 months of commencement of authorized activity. Said testing may be done using a photo ionization detector or other suitable detector or a sample may be collected and sent to a laboratory for analysis. At the time of the aforementioned testing exhaust flow rates shall also be determined in order to calculate hourly VOC emissions.
Table 11.2.1 - Test Requirements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Results</th>
<th>Testing Frequency</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&lt; 50% of permit limit</td>
<td>Once per 12 months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>≥ 50% of permit limit</td>
<td>Once per 6 months</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2840, Condition 4.2.1, Emission Point ID (SVE1)]

11.2.2 At least monthly visual particulate emissions checks of the packed bed scrubber exhaust stack will be conducted. These checks shall be conducted during periods of operation and for a sufficient time interval to determine if the unit has visible emissions using the procedures outlined in 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, Method 22. If no visible emissions are noted during four consecutive monthly observation periods, visual emissions checks will be conducted quarterly commencing with the next calendar quarter. If no visible emissions are noted during four consecutive calendar quarters, visual checks may be conducted semiannually. If sources of visible emissions are identified during the survey or at any other time, the permittee shall conduct a 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, Method 9 evaluation within 24 hours and restart monthly visual emission checks. A Method 9 evaluation shall not be required if the visible emission condition is corrected within 24 hours and the incinerator is operated at normal operating conditions. A record of each visible emission check required above shall be maintained on site. Said record shall include but not be limited to, the date, time, name of emission unit, the applicable visible emissions requirement, the results of the check, what action(s), if any, was/were taken, and the name of the observer.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2840, Condition 4.2.2, Emission Point ID (SVE1)]

11.2.3 The pH of the scrubber liquid shall be measured at least once per day and shall exclude measurements taken during times when scrubber maintenance (acid-washing) is being performed.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2840, Condition 4.2.3, Emission Point ID (SVE1)]

11.2.4 For the purposes of demonstrating compliance with visible emissions limitations set forth in condition 11.1.13, the permittee shall:

a. Conduct Method 22 visible emission observations of the oxidizer stack every 6 months to ensure proper operation for a minimum of ten (10) minutes per observation.

b. In the event visible emissions are observed in excess of the limitations given in condition 11.1.13, the permittee shall take immediate corrective action.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-3025, Condition 4.2.2. Emission Point ID (MI2VE2)]

11.3 Monitoring and Recordkeeping Requirements

11.3.1 Record of Monitoring. The permittee shall keep records of monitoring information that include the following:

a. The date, place as defined in this permit and time of sampling or measurements;

b. The date(s) analyses were performed;

c. The company or entity that performed the analyses;

d. The analytical techniques or methods used;
e. The results of the analyses; and

f. The operating conditions existing at the time of sampling or measurement.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2840, Condition 4.3.1, Emission Point ID (SVE1)]
[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-3025, Condition 4.3.1, Emission Point ID (MI2VE2)]

11.3.2. **Record of Maintenance of Air Pollution Control Equipment.** For all pollution control equipment listed in Section 1.0, the permittee shall maintain accurate records of all required pollution control equipment inspection and/or preventative maintenance procedures.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2840, Condition 4.3.2, Emission Point ID (SVE1)]
[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-3025, Condition 4.3.2, Emission Point ID (MI2VE2)]

11.3.3. **Record of Malfunctions of Air Pollution Control Equipment.** For all air pollution control equipment listed in Section 1.0, the permittee shall maintain records of the occurrence and duration of any malfunction or operational shutdown of the air pollution control equipment during which excess emissions occur. For each such case, the following information shall be recorded:

a. The equipment involved.

b. Steps taken to minimize emissions during the event.

c. The duration of the event.

d. The estimated increase in emissions during the event.

For each such case associated with an equipment malfunction, the additional information shall also be recorded:

e. The cause of the malfunction.

f. Steps taken to correct the malfunction.

g. Any changes or modifications to equipment or procedures that would help prevent future recurrences of the malfunction.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2840, Condition 4.3.3, Emission Point ID (SVE1)]
[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-3025, Condition 4.3.3, Emission Point ID (MI2VE2)]

11.3.4. The permittee shall maintain the following records relating to the RTO.

11.3.4.1 Daily average firebox temperature. Said average shall be determined by monitoring the temperature every 15 minutes to determine an hourly average and then averaging the days 24 hourly averages.

11.3.4.2 Completed maintenance and calibrations.

11.3.4.3 Copy of the testing results required by condition 11.2.1 of this permit.

11.3.4.4 Copy of the site specific monitoring plan. The plan may refer to the manufacturers operation and maintenance manual or other documents for procedures covering operation, maintenance, calibrations and inspections.

11.3.4.5 Records of monitoring equipment downtime and corrective actions taken.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2840, Condition 4.3.4, Emission Point ID (SVE1)]
11.3.5 The permittee shall maintain the following records relating to the packed bed scrubber.

11.3.5.1 Daily average liquid flow rate of the scrubber. Said average shall be determined by monitoring the flow rate every 15 minutes to determine an hourly average and then averaging the day’s 24 hourly averages.

11.3.5.2 Daily pH of the scrubber liquid as measured in accordance with Condition 11.2.3.

11.3.5.3 Completed maintenance and calibrations.

11.3.5.4 Copy of the site specific monitoring plan. The plan may refer to the manufacturers’ operation and maintenance manual or other documents for procedures covering operation, maintenance, calibrations and inspections.

11.3.5.5 Records of monitoring equipment downtime and corrective actions taken.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2840, Condition 4.3.5, Emission Point ID (SVE1)]

11.3.6 The permittee shall maintain the following records relating to the electric catalytic oxidizer.

11.3.6.1 Daily average combustion chamber temperature. Said average shall be determined by monitoring the temperature every operating hour when contaminated vent gas is being combusted, then averaging the operating hour readings for each calendar day.

11.3.6.2 Completed maintenance and calibrations.

11.3.6.3 Copy of the testing results required by condition 11.2.1 of this permit.

11.3.6.4 Copy of the site specific monitoring plan. The plan may refer to the manufacturer’s operation and maintenance manual or other documents for procedures covering operation, maintenance, calibrations and inspections.

11.3.6.5 Records of oxidizer combustion chamber temperature monitoring equipment downtime and corrective actions taken.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-3025, Condition 4.3.4, Emission Point ID (MI2VE2)]

11.3.7 The permittee shall maintain records of all visual emission observations pursuant to the monitoring required under condition 11.2.4. including any corrective action taken.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-3025, Condition 4.3.5, Emission Point ID (MI2VE2)]

11.3.8 To demonstrate compliance with Conditions 11.1.15 and 11.1.16, the Permittee shall record the date and duration of each scrubber maintenance (acid-washing) activity.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2840, Condition 4.3.6, Emission Point ID (SVE1)]

11.4. Reporting Requirements

11.4.1 Semiannual monitoring reports will be submitted on or before September 15 for the reporting period of January 1 to June 30 and on or before March 15 for the reporting period July 1 to December 31. All instances of deviation from the permit requirements will be clearly identified in such reports.

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-2840, Condition 4.4.1, Emission Point ID (SVE1)]

[45CSR13, Permit Number R13-3025, Condition 4.4.1, Emission Point ID (MI2VE2)]
12.0 Source-Specific Requirements [Chemical Mixing (See Section 1.0 for Equipment List)]

12.1 Limitations and Standards

12.1.1. MON MACT. The permittee shall comply with the following emission limits, work practice standards and compliance requirements as specified by §63.2450.

- Rail car loading rack (Rack ID RC050L) and tank truck loading rack (Rack ID TT050L) used to load organic liquids containing hazardous air pollutants shall be operated as Group 2 transfer operations as defined by the MON Rule.

[45CSR34, 40 C.F.R. §63.2450]

12.1.2. MON MACT. The permittee shall comply with the applicable general provisions of 40 C.F.R.63 Subpart A as specified by 40 C.F.R. §63.2540 and Table 12 of Subpart FFFF.

[45CSR34, 40 C.F.R. §63.2540; 40 C.F.R. § 63 Table 12 to Subpart FFFF]

12.1.3. MON MACT. The permittee shall comply with the applicable equipment leak standards of the MON MACT as specified by 40 C.F.R. §63.2480(b), subpart H of 40 CFR 63. As a result, the permittee has defined the following schedule within their NOC report.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Phase</th>
<th>Planned Schedule for Implementation On or Before</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Phase I – Beginning on the compliance date</td>
<td>May 10, 2008</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phase II – Beginning no later than 1 year after the compliance date</td>
<td>May 10, 2009</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phase III – Beginning no later than 2 ½ years after the compliance data</td>
<td>November 8, 2010</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

[45CSR34, 40 C.F.R. §63.2480]

12.1.4. MON MACT. The permittee shall comply with the following provisions for wastewater streams as specified by 40 C.F.R. §63.2485.

- The permittee shall develop and maintain a maintenance wastewater plan that is implemented per §63.2485(a) and §63.105.

[45CSR34, 40 C.F.R. §63.2485]

12.2 Monitoring Requirements

12.2.1. Reserved.

12.3 Testing Requirements

12.3.1. Reserved.
12.4. Recordkeeping Requirements

12.4.1. MON MACT. The permittee shall maintain the following records to demonstrate compliance with the MON and this permit.

- Maintain supporting information used to determine MON initial applicability to process vents, storage vessels, equipment leaks, transfer operations, heat exchangers, process wastewater and in-process aqueous liquid streams.

- Maintain operating scenarios and calculations of uncontrolled hazardous air pollutant emissions for process vents used to prepare the NOCS.

- Maintain records of monitoring and inspections results for equipment component leak detection and repair as required by 40 CFR 63, Subpart H.

- Maintain a record each time a safety device is opened to the air that contains hazardous air pollutants to avoid unsafe conditions.

- Maintain a copy of the following reports and notifications:
  - Notice of initial notification
  - Notification of compliance status report
  - Semiannual compliance reports including information regarding process changes as specified by §63.2520(e)(10).

[45CSR34, 40C.F.R.§63.2525]

12.5. Reporting Requirements

12.5.1. MON MACT. The permittee shall submit a semiannual compliance report that includes the information specified by §63.2520(e) and the results of equipment leak monitoring and repair conducted per 40 CFR 63 Subpart H.

[45CSR34, 40 C.F.R. §63.2520]

12.6 Compliance Plan

N/A
13.0 Source-Specific Requirements [Emergency Engines under 40 C.F.R. 63, Subpart ZZZZ (RICE); Compressors and Fire Water Pumps, Emission Points: (DP01E, DP02E, DP03E)]

13.1 Limitations and Standards

13.1.1. Reserved.

13.1.2. For emergency stationary CI RICE\(^1\), you must meet the following requirements, except during periods of startup:

\[\text{a. Change oil and filter every 500 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first;}\]^2
\[\text{b. Inspect air cleaner every 1,000 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first, and replace as necessary}\]
\[\text{c. Inspect all hoses and belts every 500 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first, and replace as necessary.}^3\]

During periods of startup you must minimize the engine’s time spent at idle and minimize the engine’s startup time at startup to a period needed for appropriate and safe loading of the engine, not to exceed 30 minutes.

\(^1\) If an emergency engine is operating during an emergency and it is not possible to shut down the engine in order to perform the work practice requirements on the schedule required in Table 2c of 40 C.F.R. 63 Subpart ZZZZ, or if performing the work practice on the required schedule would otherwise pose an unacceptable risk under Federal, State, or local law, the work practice can be delayed until the emergency is over or the unacceptable risk under Federal, State, or local law has abated. The work practice should be performed as soon as practicable after the emergency has ended or the unacceptable risk under Federal, State, or local law has abated. Sources must report any failure to perform the work practice on the schedule required and the Federal, State or local law under which the risk was deemed unacceptable.

\(^2\) Sources have the option to utilize an oil analysis program as described in 40 C.F.R. §63.6625(i) (permit condition 13.1.6.) in order to extend the specified oil change requirement in Table 2c of 40 C.F.R. 63 Subpart ZZZZ.

\(^3\) Sources can petition the Administrator pursuant to the requirements of 40 C.F.R. §63.6(g) for alternative work practices.

[40 C.F.R. §63.6602, Table 2c, Row 1; 40 C.F.R. §63.6625(h); 45CSR34, Emission Points (DP01E, DP02E)]

13.1.3. At all times you must operate and maintain any affected source, including associated air pollution control equipment and monitoring equipment, in a manner consistent with safety and good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions. The general duty to minimize emissions does not require you to make any further efforts to reduce emissions if levels required by this standard have been achieved. Determination of whether such operation and maintenance procedures are being used will be based on information available to the Administrator which may include, but is not limited to, monitoring results, review of operation and maintenance procedures, review of operation and maintenance records, and inspection of the source.

[40 C.F.R. §63.6605(b); 45CSR34, Emission Points (DP01E, DP02E)]
13.1.4. If you own or operate an existing emergency stationary RICE with a site rating of less than or equal to 500 HP located at a major source of HAP emissions, you must operate and maintain the stationary RICE and after-treatment control device (if any) according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions or develop your own maintenance plan which must provide to the extent practicable for the maintenance and operation of the engine in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice for minimizing emissions.

[40 C.F.R. §§63.6625(e) and 63.6625(e)(2); 40 C.F.R. §63.6640(a), Table 6, Row 9; 45CSR34, Emission Points (DP01E, DP02E)]

13.1.5. If you own or operate an existing emergency stationary RICE with a site rating of less than or equal to 500 brake HP located at a major source of HAP emissions, you must install a non-resettable hour meter if one is not already installed.

[40 C.F.R. §63.6625(f); 45CSR34, Emission Points (DP01E, DP02E)]

13.1.6. If you own or operate a stationary CI engine that is subject to the work, operation or management practices in item 1 of Table 2c to 40 C.F.R. 63 Subpart ZZZZ (permit condition 13.1.2.), you have the option of utilizing an oil analysis program in order to extend the specified oil change requirement in Tables 2c to 40 C.F.R. 63 Subpart ZZZZ. The oil analysis must be performed at the same frequency specified for changing the oil in Table 2c to 40 C.F.R. 63 Subpart ZZZZ. (permit condition 13.1.2.a.). The analysis program must at a minimum analyze the following three parameters: Total Base Number, viscosity, and percent water content. The condemning limits for these parameters are as follows: Total Base Number is less than 30 percent of the Total Base Number of the oil when new; viscosity of the oil has changed by more than 20 percent from the viscosity of the oil when new; or percent water content (by volume) is greater than 0.5. If all of these condemning limits are not exceeded, the engine owner or operator is not required to change the oil. If any of the limits are exceeded, the engine owner or operator must change the oil within 2 business days of receiving the results of the analysis; if the engine is not in operation when the results of the analysis are received, the engine owner or operator must change the oil within 2 business days or before commencing operation, whichever is later. The owner or operator must keep records of the parameters that are analyzed as part of the program, the results of the analysis, and the oil changes for the engine. The analysis program must be part of the maintenance plan for the engine (permit condition 13.1.4.).

[40 C.F.R. §63.6625(i); 45CSR34, Emission Points (DP01E, DP02E)]

13.1.7. Requirements for emergency stationary RICE. If you own or operate an emergency stationary RICE, you must operate the emergency stationary RICE according to the requirements in paragraphs 13.1.7.1. through 13.1.7.3 of this section. Any operation other than emergency operation, maintenance and testing, emergency demand response, and operation in non-emergency situations for 50 hours per year, as described in paragraphs 13.1.7.1 through 13.1.7.3 of this section, is prohibited. If you do not operate the engine according to the requirements in paragraphs 13.1.7.1 through 13.1.7.3 of this section, the engine will not be considered an emergency engine under this subpart and must meet all requirements for non-emergency engines.

13.1.7.1. There is no time limit on the use of emergency stationary RICE in emergency situations.

13.1.7.2. You may operate your emergency stationary RICE for any combination of the purposes specified in paragraphs 13.1.7.2.i through 13.1.7.2.iii of this section for a maximum of 100 hours per calendar year. Any operation for non-emergency situations as allowed by paragraphs 13.1.7.3 of this section counts as part of the 100 hours per calendar year allowed by this paragraph 13.1.7.2.

(i) Emergency stationary RICE may be operated for maintenance checks and readiness testing, provided that the tests are recommended by federal, state or local government, the manufacturer, the vendor, the regional transmission organization or equivalent balancing authority and transmission operator, or the insurance company associated with the engine.

The owner or operator may petition the Administrator for approval of additional hours to be
used for maintenance checks and readiness testing, but a petition is not required if the owner or operator maintains records indicating that federal, state, or local standards require maintenance and testing of emergency RICE beyond 100 hours per calendar year.

(ii) Emergency stationary RICE may be operated for emergency demand response for periods in which the Reliability Coordinator under the North American Electric Reliability Corporation (NERC) Reliability Standard EOP-002-3, Capacity and Energy Emergencies (incorporated by reference, see § 63.14), or other authorized entity as determined by the Reliability Coordinator, has declared an Energy Emergency Alert Level 2 as defined in the NERC Reliability Standard EOP-002-3.

(iii) Emergency stationary RICE may be operated for periods where there is a deviation of voltage or frequency of 5 percent or greater below standard voltage or frequency.

13.1.7.3. Emergency stationary RICE located at major sources of HAP may be operated for up to 50 hours per calendar year in non-emergency situations. The 50 hours of operation in non-emergency situations are counted as part of the 100 hours per calendar year for maintenance and testing and emergency demand response provided in paragraph 13.1.7.2 of this section. The 50 hours per year for non-emergency situations cannot be used for peak shaving or non-emergency demand response, or to generate income for a facility to supply power to an electric grid or otherwise supply power as part of a financial arrangement with another entity.

[40 C.F.R. §§63.6640(f)(1-3); 45CSR34, Emission Points (DP01E, DP02E, DP03E)]

13.2. Monitoring Requirements

13.2.1. Reserved.

13.3. Testing Requirements

13.3.1. Reserved.

13.4. Recordkeeping Requirements

13.4.1. You must keep records of the maintenance conducted on the stationary RICE in order to demonstrate that you operated and maintained the stationary RICE and after-treatment control device (if any) according to your own maintenance plan (permit condition 13.1.4.) if you own or operate a non- emergency stationary RICE.

[40 C.F.R. §§63.6655(e) and 63.6655(e)(2); 45CSR34, Emission Points (DP01E, DP02E)]

13.4.2. If you own or operate an existing emergency stationary RICE with a site rating of less than or equal to 500 brake HP located at a major source of HAP emissions that does not meet the standards applicable to non-emergency engines, you must keep records of the hours of operation of the engine that is recorded through the non-resettable hour meter. The owner or operator must document how many hours are spent for emergency operation, including what classified the operation as emergency and how many hours are spent for non-emergency operation.

[40 C.F.R. §§63.6655(f) and 63.6655(f)(1); 45CSR34, Emission Points (DP01E, DP02E)]

13.4.3. Form and Retention of Records for 40 C.F.R. 63 Subpart ZZZZ.

(a) Your records must be in a form suitable and readily available for expeditious review according to 40 C.F.R. §63.10(b)(1).
(b) As specified in 40 C.F.R. §63.10(b)(1), you must keep each record for 5 years following the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record.

(c) You must keep each record readily accessible in hard copy or electronic form for at least 5 years after the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record, according to 40 C.F.R. §63.10(b)(1).

[40 C.F.R. §§63.6660(a), (b), and (c); 45CSR34, Emission Points (DP01E, DP02E)]

13.5. Reporting Requirements

13.5.1. You must report each instance in which you did not meet each limitation in Table 2c to 40 C.F.R. 63 Subpart ZZZZ (permit condition 13.1.2.). These instances are deviations from the emission and operating limitations in 40 C.F.R. 63 Subpart ZZZZ. These deviations must be reported according to the requirements in 40 C.F.R. §63.6650 (permit condition 13.5.3.).

[40 C.F.R. §63.6640(b); 45CSR34, Emission Points (DP01E, DP02E)]

13.5.2. You must also report each instance in which you did not meet the requirements in Table 8 to 40 C.F.R. 63 Subpart ZZZZ that apply to you.

[40 C.F.R. §63.6640(e); 45CSR34, Emission Points (DP01E, DP02E)]

13.5.3. The permittee must report all deviations as defined in 40 C.F.R. 63 Subpart ZZZZ in the semiannual monitoring report required by permit condition 3.5.6.

[40 C.F.R. §63.6650(f); 45CSR34, Emission Points (DP01E, DP02E)]

13.6. Compliance Plan

13.6.1. Reserved.
14.0 Source-Specific 40 C.F.R. 64 (CAM) Requirements for [Groundwater/Soil Remediation Process, Emission Point ID (SVE1)]

14.1 Limitations and Standards

14.1.1. In order to demonstrate compliance with the HCl limitations defined within permit condition 11.1.4, the vapor extraction systems (A42VE and CLBVE) and the packed bed scrubber shall comply with the CAM requirements defined within this section.

[40 C.F.R. 64, Emission Point (SVE1)]

14.2 Monitoring Requirements

14.2.1. The permittee shall implement a CAM program for the packed bed scrubber (A42PBS) based on the following performance indicators:

a. The packed bed scrubber shall be operated in a manner to ensure the daily pH monitoring value of the recirculated scrubber liquor is maintained to a level of at least 7.0, except that during acid-washing maintenance activities, the pH of the system shall not be included in this daily average requirement. Additionally, the scrubber shall maintain a daily average liquor flow to the packed bed of at least 30 gpm. Liquid flow rate shall be monitored continuously, which shall mean at least once every 15 minutes. The accuracy of the pH measuring device shall not exceed plus or minus 0.6 units and the accuracy of the flow meter shall not exceed plus or minus 0.4%.

[40 C.F.R. 64, 45CSR§30-5.1.c]

14.2.2. Proper Maintenance. The permittee shall maintain monitoring at all times, including maintaining necessary spare parts for routine repairs of the monitoring equipment. All monitoring devices shall be calibrated in accordance with manufacturer’s specifications.

[45CSR§30-5.1.c.; 40 C.F.R. §64.7(b)]

14.2.3. Response to Excursions or Exceedances. In accordance with the operation of the packed bed scrubber an excursion shall be defined as any daily average outside of the operating value defined within 14.2.1.

a. Upon detecting an excursion or exceedance, the permittee shall restore operation of the pollutant-specific emissions unit (including the control device and associated capture system) to its normal or usual manner of operation as expeditiously as practicable in accordance with good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions. The response shall include minimizing the period of any startup, shutdown or malfunction and taking any necessary corrective actions to restore normal operation and prevent the likely recurrence of the cause of an excursion or exceedance (other than those caused by excused startup or shutdown conditions). Such actions may include initial inspection and evaluation, recording that operations returned to normal without operator action (such as through response by a computerized distribution control system), or below the applicable emission limitation or standard, as applicable.

b. Determination of whether the permittee has used acceptable procedures in response to an excursion or exceedance will be based on information available, which may include, but is not limited to, monitoring results, review of operation and maintenance procedures and records, and inspection of the control device, associated capture system, and the process.

[40 C.F.R. §64.7(d); 45CSR§30-5.1.c.]

14.2.4. Documentation of Need for Improved Monitoring - After approval of monitoring under 40 C.F.R. Part 64, if the permittee identifies a failure to achieve compliance with an emission limitation or standard for
which the approved monitoring did not provide an indication of an excursion or exceedance while providing valid data, or the result of compliance or performance testing/design evaluation document a need to modify the existing indicator ranges or designated conditions, the permittee shall promptly notify the Director and, if necessary, submit a proposed modification to the permit to address the necessary monitoring changes. Such a modification may include, but is not limited to, reestablishing indicator ranges or designated conditions, modifying the frequency of conducting monitoring and collecting data, or the monitoring of additional parameters.

[40 C.F.R. §64.7(e); 45CSR§30-5.1.c.]

14.2.5. Quality Improvement Plan (QIP)

a. Based on the results of a determination made under permit condition 14.2.3.b, 14.2.5.b, or 14.2.5.c, the Administrator or the Director may require the permittee to develop and implement a QIP. If a QIP is required, it shall be developed, implemented, and modified as required according to 40 C.F.R. §§64.8(b) through (e). Refer to permit condition 14.5.1(b)(iii) for the reporting required when a QIP is implemented.

b. If five (5) percent or greater of the unit operating time, is documented as monitoring downtime of the scrubber liquid flow rate measuring device, as identified in Condition 14.2.1.a, during a calendar quarter, the permittee shall develop and implement a QIP. The Director may waive this QIP requirement upon a demonstration that the cause(s) of reduced data availability have been corrected.

c. If the permittee observes an excursion of any daily average operating value for the packed bed scrubber for three or more days during a calendar quarter, the permittee shall develop and implement a QIP. The Director may waive this QIP requirement upon a demonstration that the cause(s) of excursions have been corrected.

[40 C.F.R. §§ 64.8 and 64.7(d); 45CSR§30-5.1.c.]

14.2.6. Continued Operation. Except for, as applicable, monitoring malfunctions, associated repairs, and required quality assurance or control activities (including, as applicable, calibration checks and required zero and span adjustments), the owner or operator shall conduct all monitoring in continuous operation (or shall collect data at all required intervals) at all times that the pollutant-specific emissions unit is operating. Data recorded during monitoring malfunctions, associated repairs, and required quality assurance or control activities shall not be used for purposes of this part, including data averages and calculations, or fulfilling a minimum data availability requirement, if applicable. The owner or operator shall use all the data collected during all other periods in assessing the operation of the control device and associated control system. A monitoring malfunction is any sudden, infrequent, not reasonably preventable failure of the monitoring to provide valid data. Monitoring failures that are caused in part by poor maintenance or careless operation are not malfunctions.

[40 C.F.R. §64.7(c); 45CSR§30-5.1.c.]

14.3. Testing Requirements

14.3.1. Reserved.
14.4. Recordkeeping Requirements

14.4.1. As part of the CAM plan the permittee shall keep an up-to-date, readily-accessible record of the following information:
   a. Continuous records of the scrubber liquor flow rate; and daily averages. Any min/max flow determinations made during compliance testing and/or design analysis.
   b. Daily records of pH monitoring results; and if utilized daily averages. Any min/max pH determinations made during compliance testing and/or design analysis.

[40 C.F.R.§64.9(b), 45CSR§30-5.1.c, Emission Point ID (SVE1)]

14.4.2. Reserved.

14.4.3. General Recordkeeping Requirements for 40 C.F.R. Part 64 (CAM)
The permittee shall comply with the recordkeeping requirements specified in permit conditions 3.4.1. and 3.4.2. The permittee shall maintain records of monitoring data, monitoring performance data, corrective actions taken, any written quality improvement plan required pursuant to 40 C.F.R. §64.8 (condition 14.2.5.) and any activities maintained under 40 C.F.R. Part 64 (such as data used to document the adequacy of monitoring, or records of monitoring maintenance or corrective actions).

[40 C.F.R. §64.9(b); 45CSR§30-5.1.c.]

14.5. Reporting Requirements

14.5.1. General Reporting Requirements for 40 C.F.R. Part 64 (CAM)

   a. On and after the date specified in 40 C.F.R. §64.7(a) (condition 14.4.2) by which the permittee must use monitoring that meets the requirements of 40 C.F.R. 64, the permittee shall submit monitoring reports to the DAQ in accordance with permit condition 3.5.
   b. A report for monitoring under 40 C.F.R. 64 shall include, at a minimum, the information required under permit condition 3.5.7. and the following information, as applicable:
      i. Summary information on the number, duration and cause (including unknown cause, if applicable) of excursions or exceedances, as applicable, and the corrective actions taken;
      ii. Summary information on the number, duration and cause (including unknown cause, if applicable) for monitoring downtime incidents (other than downtime associated with zero and span or other daily calibration checks, if applicable) provided in accordance with 40 C.F.R. Part 75; and
      iii. A description of the actions taken to implement QIP if applicable during the reporting period as specified in 40 C.F.R. §64.8. Upon completion of a QIP, the permittee shall include in the next summary report documentation that the implementation of the plan has been completed and reduced the likelihood of similar levels of excursions or exceedances occurring.

[40 C.F.R. §64.9(a); 45CSR§30-5.1.c.]

14.6. Compliance Plan

14.6.1. Reserved.
## Attachment A

### Sample Record Keeping Format

Union Carbide Corporation: Boiler 27
R13-2141C; Plant ID.: 0390003

**Hours of Operation and Natural Gas Usage\(^{(1),(2)}\)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Month</th>
<th>Natural Gas Usage (SCF)</th>
<th>Hours of Operation</th>
<th>Hourly Natural Gas Consumption Rate(^{(4)}) (SCF/hr)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Current Month</td>
<td>Rolling Yearly Total(^{(3)})</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>February</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>March</td>
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<td>April</td>
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<td>May</td>
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<td>November</td>
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<tr>
<td>December</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:**

1. The CERTIFICATION OF DATA ACCURACY statement appearing on the reverse side of this form must be completed upon the written request of the Director or his duly-authorized representative.
2. This record shall be maintained onsite for a period of five (5) years from the date of certification. It shall be made available upon request to the Director or his (her) authorized representative.
3. The rolling yearly total for natural gas usage is not to exceed 3.092x10\(^3\) million cubic feet.
4. Natural gas consumption is not to exceed 353,000 scfm/hr (divide monthly usage by hours of operation for that month).
## Attachment B

### 45CSR21 Consent Order - Attachment A “Emission Limitations”

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Process Area Description and Identification Number</th>
<th>Name of Process Equipment Vented to Control Device and Equipment Identification Number</th>
<th>Maximum Theoretical Emissions (MTE) of the Source (lbs/hr)</th>
<th>Emission Point Identification Number</th>
<th>Control Device Identification Number</th>
<th>Control Device Description</th>
<th>Efficiency of Control Device (Percent)</th>
<th>Maximum Allowable Hours of Operation (hrs/yr)</th>
<th>Maximum Allowable VOC Emissions (lbs/hr)</th>
<th>Maximum Allowable VOC Emissions (lbs/yr)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>700-Oxide Adducts System</td>
<td>Reactor System Equipment</td>
<td>3,212.00</td>
<td>multiple point source</td>
<td>not applicable</td>
<td>extended reaction</td>
<td>94(98% for epoxides)</td>
<td>8,760</td>
<td>186.00</td>
<td>9,857</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>700-Oxide Adducts System</td>
<td>Product Treatment and Product Treatment Beds</td>
<td>39.00</td>
<td>E-709/710/711</td>
<td>C-709/710/711</td>
<td>Vacuum jet condensers</td>
<td>85</td>
<td>8,760</td>
<td>6.00</td>
<td>33,814</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>700-Oxide Adducts System</td>
<td>Solvent column vent</td>
<td>22.00</td>
<td>E-717</td>
<td>not applicable</td>
<td>not applicable</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>8,760</td>
<td>22.00</td>
<td>1,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>700-Oxide Adducts System</td>
<td>Solvent Evaporator Vent</td>
<td>22.00</td>
<td>E-718</td>
<td>not applicable</td>
<td>not applicable</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>8,760</td>
<td>22.00</td>
<td>1,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1000-Specialty Surfactants</td>
<td>SSHDR (Header to Scrubber)</td>
<td>880.00</td>
<td>E-1081-3</td>
<td>C-8400/C-8110/C-8130</td>
<td>Scrubbers</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>8,760</td>
<td>88.00</td>
<td>19,760</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1000-Specialty Surfactants</td>
<td>Tank 8352</td>
<td>15.00</td>
<td>T-8352</td>
<td>not applicable</td>
<td>not applicable</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>8,760</td>
<td>15.00</td>
<td>4,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1000-Specialty Surfactants</td>
<td>Tank 8362</td>
<td>10.00</td>
<td>T-8362</td>
<td>not applicable</td>
<td>not applicable</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>8,760</td>
<td>10.00</td>
<td>included with above</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1000-Specialty Surfactants</td>
<td>Loading Rack</td>
<td>15.00</td>
<td>L-1004</td>
<td>not applicable</td>
<td>not applicable</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>8,760</td>
<td>15.00</td>
<td>included with above</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# Attachment C

**45CSR21 Consent Order - Attachment B “Excess Emissions Scenarios”**

Union Carbide Corporation – South Charleston Facility
Attachment B to Regulation 21 Consent Order
Revised April 2009

## ROUTINE/NORMAL OPERATING & MAINTENANCE SCENARIOS RESULTING IN EXCESS EMISSIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Process Area Description and Identification Number</th>
<th>Emission Point Identification Number</th>
<th>Description of Excess Emission Scenario</th>
<th>Description of Controls and Measures used to Minimize VOC Emissions (During each Scenario)</th>
<th>Duration of Excess Emission Scenario (Hours) approximate</th>
<th>Typical/Maximum Number of Events per Year approximate</th>
<th>Average/Peak VOC Emissions per Event (Pounds per Hour) approximate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oxide Adducts Plant (700)</td>
<td>E-717</td>
<td>SU - Excess startups due to malfunctions, etc.</td>
<td>Automation prevents startups without condenser fan in service</td>
<td>1 / 2</td>
<td>52 / 150</td>
<td>20 / 40</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>