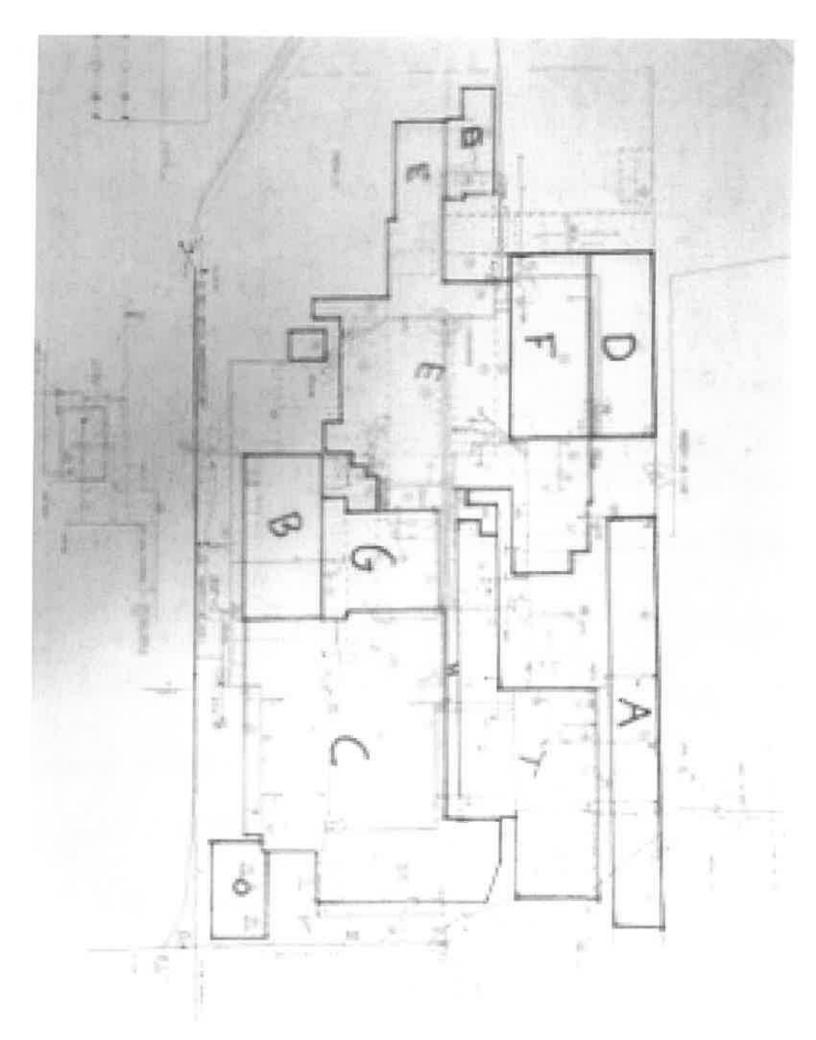
H HGR
G HTN Nylon 6 Nylon 66 Nylon 612 LCP ABS
F Cellulose Biacetate HTN Nylon 66 HCR
E HTN PET PCTA
D HTN PET PETG Cellulose Biacetate
C LCP Nylon 6 Nylon 612 PET PETG PCTA
B Triacetate Nylon 6 Nylon 66 Nylon 612 PET PBT HTN
A Nylon 66 Nylon 612 PET PETG PETG PBT Surlyn

.



NGI Inventory Summery								
Polymer	Grade	Description	Color	Weight	Total Row			
AB\$								
	ABS	ABS, Parts from Electronic	Color	174,120 lbs.	224			
	ABS 520L	ABS, Color Lumps	Color	89,604 lbs.	112			
	ABS 520P	ABS, Color Powder, Ash less then 5%	Color	396,517 lbs.	611			
	ABS 521L	ABS, Mixed Color Lumps, can have SAN	Color	518,339 lbs.	601			
	ABS 521P	ABS, Color Powder, Ash higher then 5%	Calor	418,252 lbs.	466			
50	ABS G20-310	ABS, 20% Glass Filled Black Peleits	Black	151,769 lbs.	152			
CA	CA	Trinestate						
	CA 120L	Triacetate	Natural	1,045,654 lbs.				
	CA 1202	CA, Natural Lumps	Natural	92,242 lbs.	119			
		CA, Natural Powder in Drums	Natural	118,740 lbs.	158			
	CA 361FS	Cellulose Acetate, Natural Flake Floor Sweep	Natural	149,608 lbs.	166			
	CA 361P	Cellulsoe Acetate, Wood based Natural Powder	Natural	468,016 lbs.	522			
	CA 362P	Cellulosew Acetate, Wood based natural powder, may hav black specs	Natural	319,429 ibs.	354			
	CA 520P CA 561P	CA, Color Powder	Calor	357,944 lbs.	478			
	CA 971P	CA, Natural Powder	Natural	23,376 lbs.	36			
	CA 571P	CA, Natural Powder, overs	Natural	73,141 lbs.	112			
	SMASE	Cellulose Acetate, Natural Filer Rod	Natural	118,485 lbs.	113			
CAD	SMASE	CA, SMASE Powder	Natural	1,957 lbs.	2			
CAB		A18 A 18 .						
	CAB 120	CAB, Natural Contaminated Pellets in Drums	Natural	118,188 lbs.	155			
	CAB 510P	CAB, Color Powder	Color	295,035 lbs.	390			
	CAB 520P	CAB, Color Powder	Color	240,819 lbs.	300			
	CAB S20P	CAB, Color Powder	natural	102,038 lbs.	113			
CAP	CAB 971P	CAB, Natural Powder, Overs	Natural	53,662 lbs.	76			
LAP	CAP 120	CAR About all afficients and an artist at						
		CAP, Natural pellets with contamination in drums	Natural	27,535 lbs.	39			
	CAP 510P	CAP, Color Powder	Color	274,510 lbs.	363			
	CAP 520P	CAP, Color Powder	Color	177,364 lbs.	223			
	CAP 520P	CAP, Color Powder	Natural	71,080 lbs.	79			
	CAP 971P	CAP, Natural Powder, Overs	Natural	55,024 lbs.	85			
EPS					+			
	EPS	EPS, Black	Color	421,398 lbs.	469			
HCR								
	HCR 200	HCR, Aliphatic Resin	Natural	284,265 lbs.	383			
	HCR 250	HCR, Amormatic and Aliphatic Resins	natural	85,670 lbs.	123			
	HCR 700	HCR, Aronatic Resin	natural	215,129 lbs.	30B			
	HCR C5	HCR, CS Aliphatic Resin	Natural	390,112 lbs.	557			
	HCR C59	HCR, Aromatic and Aliphatic Mix	Natural	77,473 lbs.	113			
error.	HCR C9	HCR, Natural Aromatic Resin	Natural	642,516 lbs.	923			
ITN .	19701 404-5							
	HTN 101RG	HTN, Natural Regrind	Natural	143,525 lbs.	156			
	HTN 102RG	HTN,Off Natural Regrind		35,380 lbs.	37			
	HTN 120L	HTN, Natural Lumps	Natural	287,916 lbs.	385			
	HTN FS	HTN, Floor Sweep- can also have PA66	Color	1,489,312 lbs.				
	HTN GF 301RG	HTN, Glass Filled Regrand	Black		77			
	HTN GF 320L	HTN, Glass Filled Lumps	Black	61,168 lbs.	83			

	HTN/DACC				
TCD	HTN/PA66	HTN, Mixed with PA66 Pellets	Color	179,034 lbs.	199
	LCP 120L	LCP, Natural Lumps	Natural	35,154 lbs.	39
	LCP GF 520L	LCP, Glass Filled Lumps	Color	30,791 lbs.	44
	LCP GF-320	LCP, Glass Filled Black Pellets	Black	45,627 lbs.	43
	LCP NG 125	LCP, Off Natural Pellets	Natural	78,600 lbs.	45 75
	LCP NG-120	LCP, Natural Pellets	Natural	87.136 lbs.	75 79
	LCP NG-125	LCP. Natural Pellets	Natural	36,779 fbs.	
PA6		and production of the factorial and the second of the seco	Maturai	30,773 lQ\$.	37
	PA6 100L	PA6, Natural Lumps	natural	27,530 lbs.	37
	PA6 120L	PAG, Natural Lumps	Natural	62,503 lbs.	77
	PA6 520L	PA6, Mixed Color Lumps	Color	314,356 lbs.	448
	PA6 NG 120	PA66, Natural Pellets	Natural	42,953 lbs.	41
	PA6 NG 120C	PA6. Copolymer Natural Peliets	Natural	126,078 lbs.	
A610		. we cohering sagging senera	148601.01	120,076 105.	119
	PA610 NG 120	PA610, Natural off cplor pellets	Mahanal	25 515 85-	20
A612			Natural	35,515 łbs.	35
	PA612 FS	PA612, Florr Sweep	Color	007 370 IL-	046
	PA612 NG 150	PA612, Natural pellets mixed with Selar	Natural	897,379 lbs.	846
A66		. Linver Lanra in hairets minde auth Seig.	HETUJED	37,300 lbs.	39
	PA66 102RG	PA66, off Natural Regrind	Natural	60 033 II	***
	PA66 120	PA66, Natural Pellets with HTN Contamination		69,822 lbs.	77
	PA66 120L-A	PAGE, Natural Lumps	Natural	43,333 lbs.	41
	PA66 120L-C	•	Natural	30,890 lbs.	36
	PA66 520RM	PA66, Natural Lumps C Grade	Natural	64,582 lbs.	73
		PAGG, Mixed Color Pellets with Glass Fiber	Color	1,606,261 lbs.	
	PA66 520RM NB	PA66, Color Pellets with Fiber Glass, Not blended	Color	521,966 lbs.	S23
	PA66 AB 100C	PA66, Airbag Coated	Naturai	76,871 lbs.	73
	PA66 Fines	PA66, Natural Fines	Natural	77,462 lbs.	118
	PAGG GF 101RG	PA66, Glass Filled Natural Regrind	Naturai	83,143 lbs.	83
	PA66/PET AB 520C	PA66, Mixed with PET Fabric	Color	73,346 lbs.	82
BT					
	PBT M20-400RG	PBT, 20% Mineral Filled Grey Regrind	Regrind	318,939 lbs.	303
CTA					
	PCTA 120	PCTA, Natural Pellets	Natural	794,330 lbs.	811
	PCTA 121	PCTA, Off Color Mixed Pellets, can have PET	Natural	457,196 lbs.	458
	PCTA 150	PCTA, Mixed Natural Pellets	Natural	139,940 lbs.	156
CTG					
	PCTG 150	PCTG, Mixed Natural Pellets	Natural	238,140 lbs.	238
EC					
	PEC 120RG	PEC, Natural Regrind	Natural	194,882 lbs.	162
:ा					
	PET 100F	PET, Natural Fiber	Natural	32,657 lbs.	36
	PET 121L	PET Lumps, Natural	Natural	459,009 lbs.	715
	PET 150	PET, Mixed with other Copolyester	Natural	231,356 lbs.	268
	PET 520	PET, Mixed Color Pellets	Color	317,931 lbs.	318
	PET 520B	PET, Mixed Color Bottles	Color	231,123 lbs.	272
	PET 521L	PRTG, Color Lumps	Color	702,003 lbs.	1003
	PET F 100	PET, Natural Pellets	Natural	343,346 lbs.	361
	PETCO 520	PET, Mixed With Copolyester Pellets	Color	276,792 lhs.	328
ETG					

	PETG 121	PETG, Off Natural Pellets			
1	PETG 1211	PETG, Natural Lumps	Off Natura	399,528 lbs.	419
	PETG 150		Natural	441,767 lbs.	630
		PETG, Mixed Natural Pellets	Natural	278,588 lbs.	310
	PETG 521	PETG, Color Pellets for Export	Color	266,070 lbs.	358
ļ	PETG 6763-100	PET, 6763 Natural Peleits			
PPO			reacting	305,713 lbs.	305
	PPO 320P	PPO, Black Xoloe Powder			
1		ALO' DIRCK YOIGE LOMGEL	Black	131,469 ibs.	116
			To:	tal Box Count :	24302

		A Section Summary			
Polymer	Grade	Description	Color	Weight	Total Rows
HCR					
	HCR 200	HCR, Aliphatic Resin	Natural	125,717 lbs.	156
PA6					
	PA6 100L	PA6, Natural Lumps	natural	27,530 lbs.	37
	PA6 120L	PA6, Natural Lumps	Naturai	62,503 lbs.	77
	PA6 NG 120	PA66, Natural Pellets	Natural	42,953 lbs.	41
PA612					
	PA612 FS	PA612, Florr Sweep	Color	179,327 lbs.	150
PA66					
	PA66 102RG	PA66, off Natural Regrind	Natural	69,822 lbs.	77
	PA66 120	PA66, Natural Pellets with HTN Contamination	Natural	43,333 lbs.	41
	PA66 120L-A	PA66, Natural Lumps	Natural	30,890 lbs.	36
	PAG6 520RM	PA66, Mixed Color Pellets with Glass Fiber	Color	180,586 lbs.	159
	PA66 Fines	PA66, Natural Fines	Natural	77,462 lbs.	118
	PA66 GF 101RG	PA66, Glass Filled Natural Regrind	Natural	83,143 ibs.	83
PCTG					
	PCTG 150	PCTG, Mixed Natural Pellets	Natural	238,140 lbs.	238
PEC					
	PEC 120RG	PEC, Natural Regrind	Natural	194,882 lbs.	162
PET					
	PET 150	PET, Mixed with other Copolyester	Natural	100,266 lbs.	112
	PET 520	PET, Mixed Color Pellets	Color	317,931 lbs.	318
				Total Box Count :	1805

	8 Section Summary								
Polymer	Grade	Description	Color	Weight	Total Row				
ABS									
	ABS	ABS, Parts from Electronic	Color	101,218 lbs.	112				
CA									
	CA	Triacetate	Natural	420,362 lbs.	467				
	CA 362P	Cellulosew Acetate, Wood based natural powder, may hav black specs	Natural	319,429 lbs.	354				
HTN									
	HTN 102RG	HTN,Off Natural Regrind	Off Natura	35,380 lbs.	37				
	HTN 120L	HTN, Natural Lumps	Natural	163,105 lbs.	231				
PA6									
	PA6 520L	PA6, Mixed Color Lumps	Color	168,200 lbs.	240				
PA612									
	PA612 FS	PA612, Florr Sweep	Color	229,074 lbs.	229				
PA66									
	PA66 520RM	PA66, Mixed Color Pellets with Glass Fiber	Color	356,279 lbs.	308				
PBT									
	PBT M20-400RG	PBT, 20% Mineral Filled Grey Regrind	Regrind	318,939 lbs.	303				
PET									
	PET 121L	PET Lumps, Natural	Natural	178,192 lbs.	237				
PPO									
	PPO 320P	PPO, Black Xoloe Powder	Black	131,469 lbs.	116				
			Tota	l Box Count :	2634				

		C Section Summary			
Polymer	Grade	Description	Color	Weight	Total Rows
ABS					
	ABS	ABS, Parts from Electronic	Color	72,902 lbs.	112
	ABS G20-310	ABS, 20% Glass Filled Black Pelelts	Black	151,769 lbs.	152
CA					
	CA	Triacetate	Natural	625,292 lbs.	696
	CA 361FS	Cellulose Acetate, Natural Flake Floor Swaep	Natural	149,608 lbs.	166
	CA 361P	Celluisoe Acetate, Wood based Natural Powder	Natural	432,215 lbs.	480
	CA FR-120	Cellulose Acetate, Natural Filer Rod	Natural	118,485 lbs.	113
EPS					
	EPS	EPS, Black	Color	421,398 lbs.	469
LCP					
	LCP 120L	LCP, Natural Lumps	Naturai	35,154 lbs.	39
PA612					
	PA612 FS	PA612, Florr Sweep	Color	488,978 lbs.	467
PASS					
	PA66 520RM	PA66, Mixed Color Pellets with Glass Fiber	Color	1,069,396 lbs.	892
PCTA					
	PCTA 120	PCTA, Natural Pellets	Natural	279,948 lbs.	295
PET					
	PET F 100	PET, Natural Pellets	Natural	343,346 lbs.	361
PETG					
	PETG 121	PETG, Off Natural Pellets	Off Natura	399,528 lbs.	419
			To	etal Box Count :	4661

		D Section Summary			
Polymer	Grade	Description	Color	Weight	Total Rows
CA					
	CA 120L	CA, Natural Lumps	Natural	92,242 lbs.	119
ļ	SMASE	CA, SMASE Powder	Natural	1,957 lbs.	2
CAB					
}	CAB 120	CAB, Natural Contaminated Peliets in Drums	Natural	118,188 lbs.	155
	CAB 520P	CAB, Color Powder	Color	240,819 lbs.	300
CAP					
	CAP 520P	CAP, Color Powder	Color	177,364 lbs.	223
HTN					
	HTN 101RG	HTN, Natural Regrind	Natural	70,999 lbs.	75
	HTN 120L	HTN, Natural Lumps	Natural	53,193 lbs.	76
	HTN GF 301RG	HTN, Glass Filled Regrtind	Black	73,323 lbs.	77
LCP					
	LCP NG-125	LCP, Natural Pellets	Natural	36,779 lbs.	37
PA6					
	PA6 NG 120C	PA6, Copolymer Natural Pellets	Natural	44,563 lbs.	41
PA610					
	PA610 NG 120	PA610, Natural off color pellets	Natural	35,515 lbs.	35
PA612					
	PA612 NG 150	PA612, Natural pellets mixed with Selar	Natural	37,300 lbs.	39
PET					
n	PET 100F	PET, Natural Fiber	Natural	32,657 lbs.	36
	PET 150	PET, Mixed with other Copolyester	Natural	131,090 lbs.	156
	PET 520B	PET, Mixed Color Bottles	Color	231,123 lbs.	272
PETG					
	PETG 521	PETG, Color Pellets for Export	Color	266,070 lbs.	358
				Total Box Count :	2001

	E Section Summary							
Polymer	Grade	Description	Color	Weight	Total Rows			
ABS								
	ABS 520P	ABS, Color Powder, Ash less then 5%	Color	396,517 lbs.	611			
	ABS 521L	ABS, Mixed Color Lumps, can have SAN	Color	430,178 ibs.	475			
	ABS 521P	ABS, Color Powder, Ash higher then 5%	Color	418,252 lbs.	466			
HTN								
	HTN FS	HTN, Floor Sweep- can also have PA66	Calor	1,004,820 lbs.	804			
PCTA								
	PCTA 120	PCTA, Natural Pellets	Natural	514,382 lbs.	516			
	PCTA 121	PCTA, Off Color Mixed Pellets, can have PET	Natural	457,196 lbs.	458			
	PCTA 150	PCTA, Mixed Natural Pellets	Natural	139,940 lbs.	156			
PET								
	PET 1211	PET Lumps, Natural	Natural	280,817 lbs.	478			
	PET 521L	PRTG, Color Lumps	Color	702,003 lbs.	1003			
	PETCO S20	PET, Mixed With Copolyester Pellets	Color	276,792 lbs.	328			
PETG								
	PETG 121L	PETG, Natural Lumps	Natural	441,767 lbs.	630			
	PETG 150	PETG, Mixed Natural Pallets	Natural	278,588 lbs.	310			
	PETG 6763-100	PET, 6763 Natural Peleits	Natural	305,713 lbs.	305			
				Total Box Count :	6540			

		F Section Summary			
Polymer	Grade	Description	Color	Weight	Total Rows
CA					
	CA 361P	Cellulsoe Acetate, Wood based Natural Powder	Natural	35,801 lbs.	42
	CA 520P	CA, Colar Powder	Color	357,944 lbs.	478
	CA 561P	CA, Natural Powder	Natural	23,376 lbs.	36
	CA 971P	CA, Natural Powder, overs	Natural	73,141 lbs.	112
CAB					
	CAB 510P	CAB, Color Powder	Color	295,035 lbs.	390
	CAB 971P	CAB, Natural Powder, Overs	Natural	53,662 lbs.	76
CAP					
	CAP 120	CAP, Natural pellets with contamination in drums	Natural	27,535 lbs.	39
	CAP 510P	CAP, Color Powder	Color	274,510 lbs.	363
	CAP 971P	CAP, Natural Powder, Overs	Natural	55,024 lbs.	85
HCR					
	HCR C9	HCR, Natural Aromatic Resin	· Natural	82,898 lbs.	119
HTN					
	HTN 120L	HTN, Natural Lumps	Natural	71,618 lbs.	78
	HTN GF 320L	HTN, Glass Filled Lumps	Black	61,168 lbs.	83
HTN/PA66					
	HTN/PA66	HTN, Mixed with PA66 Pollets	Color	179,034 lbs.	199
PA66					
	PA66 1201-C	PA66, Natural Lumps C Grade	Natural	64,582 lbs.	73
	PA66/PET AB 520C	PA66, Mixed with PET Fabric	Color	73,346 lbs.	82
			Tota	l Box Count :	22SS

		G Section Summary			
Polymer ABS	Grade	Description	Color	Weight	Total Rows
	ABS 520L	ABS, Color Lumps	Color	89,604 lbs.	112
HTN	ABS 521L	ABS, Mixed Color Lumps, can have SAN	Color	88,161 lbs .	126
	HTN 101RG	HTN, Natural Regrind	natural	72,526 lbs.	81
LCP	HTN FS	HTN, Floor Sweep- can also have PA66	Color	484,492 lbs.	482
	LCP GF 520L	LCP, Glass Filled Lumps	Color	30,791 lbs.	44
	LCP GF-320	LCP, Glass Filled Black Pellets	Black	45,627 lbs.	43
	LCP NG 125	LCP, Off Natural Pellets	Natural	78,600 lbs.	75
PA6	LCP NG-120	LCP, Natural Pellets	Natural	87,136 lbs.	79
	PA6 520L	PA6, Mixed Color Lumps	Color	146,156 lbs.	208
PA66	PA6 NG 120C	PA6, Copolymer Natural Pellets	Natural	81,515 lbs.	78
	PA66 SZORM NB	PA66, Color Pellets with Fiber Glass, Not blended	Color	521,966 lbs.	523
	PA66 AB 100C	PA66, Airbag Coated		76,871 lbs. Ital Box Count :	73 1924

H Section Summary							
Polymer CA	Grade	Description	Color	Weight	Total Rows		
CAB	CA 120P	CA, Natural Powder in Drums	Natural	118,740 ibs.	158		
CAP	CAB 520P	CAB, Color Powder	natural	102,038 lbs.	113		
HCR	CAP 520P	CAP, Color Powder	Natural	71,080 lbs.	79		
	HCR 200	HCR, Aliphatic Resin	Natural	158,548 lbs.	227		
	HCR 250	HCR, Amormatic and Aliphatic Resins	natural	85,670 lbs.	123		
	HCR 700	HCR, Aronatic Resin	natural	215,129 lbs.	308		
	HCR C5	HCR, C5 Aliphatic Resin	Natural	390,112 lbs.	557		
	HCR CS9	HCR, Aromatic and Aliphatic Mix	Natural		113		
1	HCR C9	HCR, Natural Aromatic Resin	Natural	559,618 lbs.			
			To	tal Box Count :	2482		



Material Safety Data Sheet

SECTION 1: PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PHONE NUMBERS

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT TYPE: PPO PRODUCT GRADE: NORYL 520L **NORYL GF-520L**

Polyphenylene ether [CASRN 25134-01-4]/High impact polystyrene [CASRN 9003-55-8]

and/or polystyrene [CASRN 9003-53-6] blend

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION: Synthetic thermoplastic polymer.

PRODUCTUSE:

May be used to produce molded or extruded articles or as a component of other

industrial products.

SECTION 2: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

ComponentslistedbelowarephysicalorhealthhazardsasdefinedintheHazardCommunicationStandard.Thequantities represents typical or average values for the materials shown. Additional compositional data are provided in Section 15, REGULATORY INFORMATION, subject to supplier notification requirements.

Component Name CASNumber OSHAPEL ACGIHTWA GERecommended 96 Exp. Limits GLASS 10-30 65997-17-3 NoPEL 10 mg/m3 Not established **Established**

(resp. fr.)

SECTION 3: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW:



- Pellets with slight or no odor.
- Spilled material may create slipping hazard.
- Can burn in a fire creating dense toxic smoke.
- Molten plastic can cause severe thermal burns.
- Fumes produced during melt processing may cause eye, skin, and respiratory tract irritation. Severe over-exposure may result in nausea, headache, chills, and fever.
- Secondary operations , such as grinding, sanding, or sawing can produce dust which may present an explosion or Respiratory hazard.

HMIS Ratings: Health = 0; Flammability = 1; Reactivity = 0; PPE = B

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

INGESTION:

No hazard in normal industrial use.

EYECONTACT:

SKIN ABSORPTION: No absorption hazard in normal industrial use. Can cause mechanical irritation if dusts are generated.

SKINCONTACT:

Unlikely to cause irritation even on repeated contact.

CHRONIC / CARCINOGENICITY

NTP:

Not Tested.

OSHA:

Not Regulated.

IARC:

Not Listed.

NOTE: OSHA, IARC and/or NTP have listed carbon black and heavy metals, present in some colorants, as carcinogens. If these colorants are present in this product, they are shown in SECTION 2. These colorants are essentially bound to the plastic matrix and are unlikely to contribute to workplace exposure under recommended processing conditions.

Processing fumes may cause irritation to the eyes, skin, and respiratory tract. In cases of severe exposure, nausea and headache can also occur.

Grease-like processing furne condensates on ventilation ductwork, molds, and other surfaces can cause irritation and injury to skin.

MEDICAL RESTRICTIONS: There are no known human health effects aggravated by exposure to this product. However, certain sensitive individuals and individuals with respiratory impairments may be affected by exposure to components in the processing vapors.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

EYES:

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or

persists. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses.

... .. 👀

SKIN:

Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists. For hot product, immediately immerse in or flush affected area with large amounts of cold water to dissipate heat .Cover with clean cotton sheeting or gauze and get prompt medical attention.



INGESTION: No hazard in normal industrial use. Do not induce vomiting. Seek medical attention if

symptoms develop.

INHALATION: No specific treatment is necessary since this material is not likely to be hazardous by

inhalation.

PROCESSING FUMES: Processing fumes inhalation may be irritating to the respiratory tract. If symptoms are

experienced remove victim from the source of contamination or move victim to fresh air and

obtain medical advice.

SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FIREFIGHTING: Do not enter fire area without proper protection including self-

contained breathing apparatus and full protective equipment. Fight fire from a safe distance and a protected location due to the potential of

hazardous vapors and decomposition products.

EXTINGUISHINGMEDIA: Water spray and foam. Carbon dioxide and dry chemical are not

recommended because their lack of cooling capacity may permitre-

ignition.

CONDITIONSOFFLAMMABILITY:

IGNITION TEMPERATURE:

EXPLOSIONDATA:

Requires a continuous flame source to ignite. AUTO

490 C (914 F), estimated

Materialnotsensitivetomechanicalimpactbutissensitivetostatic

dischargeunderdustcloudconditions.

HAZARDOUSCOMBUSTIONPRODUCTS: Intense heat, smoke, carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, hydrocarbon

Fragments

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

GENERAL: Gather and store in a closed container pending a waste disposal evaluation.

Allow molten material to solidify before disposal.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING: Followrecommendationsonlabelandinprocessinggulde. Prevent contact with skin and

eyes. Use good industrial hygiene practices. Provide adequate ventilation. Secondary operations such as grinding, sanding, or sawing may produce a dust explosion hazard.

Use aggressive housekeeping activities to prevent dust accumulation: employ

bonding, grounding, venting, and

explosion relief provisions in accordance with accepted engineering practices.

STORAGE: Store in a cool dry place. Avoid excessive heat and ignition sources.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION



ENGINEERINGCONTROLS: A continuous supply of fresh air to the work place together with removal of

processing fumes through exhaust systems is recommended. Processing fume condensate may be a fire hazard and toxic; remove periodically from exhaust hoods, ductwork, and other surfaces using appropriate personal protection. Local ventilation requirements must

be determined to limit exposure to processing fumes in the workplace.

PERSONAL PROTECTION

SKIN:

EYE/FACE: Wearsafetyglasseswithsideshieldsorchemicalgoggles.lnaddition, usefull-

faceshieldwhendeaningprocessingfumecondensatesfromhoods, ducts, and other surfaces. When handling pellets or powder, avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Wear

long pants, long sleeves, well insulated gloves, and a face shield during melt processing. Appropriate clothing - including chemical resistant gloves-

shouldbeworntopreventcontactwithprocessingfumescondensate.

RESPIRATORY: When using this product at elevated temperatures, implement engineering

systems, administrative controls, or a respiratory protection program (including a respirator approved for protection from organic vapors, acid gases, and particulate matter) if processing fumes are not adequately controlled or operators experience symptoms of overexposure. If dust or powder is produced from secondary operations such as sawing or

grinding, use a respirator approved for protection from dust.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PHYSICALSTATE: Solid

COLOR: Plastic pellet with slight odor.

MELTINGPOINT:

This product does not exhibit as harp melting point but soften sgradually over the contract of the contract

erawiderangeoftemperatures.

VAPORPRESSURE (mmHg): Negligible. SPECIFIC

GRAVITY (WATER= 1): >1
WATERSOLUBILITY: Insoluble.

%VOLATILES:

Kegligible

EVAPORATIONRATE:

Negligible.

OCTANOL/WATERPARTITION COEFFCIENT: Not established

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY: Stable

REACTIVITY: Notreactiveunderrecommendedconditionsofhandling, storage, processing,

and use.



CONDITIONSTOAVOID:

Do not exceed melt temperature recommendations in product literature. In order to avoid auto ignition/hazardous decomposition of hot thick masses of plastic, purging should be collected in small, flat, shapes or thin strands to allow for rapid cooling. Quench in water. Do not allow product to remain in barrel at elevated temperatures for extended periods of time: purge with a general purpose resin. (See Section 8 for respiratory protection advice.)

HAZARDOUSDECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

Processing fumes evolved at recommended processing conditions may include trace levels of the following materials: alkyl phenols, Aldehydes and alcohols, aliphatic amines, dimethylcyclohexanone, trimethylanisole, dihydrobenzofuran, styrene, 4-vinylcyclohexene, carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide



SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ACUTE HEALTH HAZARDS

ACUTEORAL: Oral LD50 Rat >15 g/kg Oral toxicity is estimated from tests on similar

materials.

EYECONTACT: Productnotconsideredprimaryeyelrritant.Whensimilarproducts, infinely

divided form, were placed into the eyes of rabbits, slight transient redness or discharge occurred. This is consistent with the expected slightly abrasive nature of the resin particles.

SKINCONTACT: Product not considered primary skin Irritant. Draize Skin Primary Irritation Score

(Rabbit) for similar products, in finely divided form, for a 24-hour exposure is 0. Not expected to be a skin sensitizer based on results of Modified Buehler Guinea Pig Sensitization Test from

similar products. Dermal LD50 (rabbit) > 2g/kg, estimated.

SUBCHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS

SUBCHRONICTOXICITY: In a 13 week dust inhalation study, laboratory rats were exposed to up to 50

Mg/m3 PPO dusts for 6 hrs/day for 13 weeks with a 13-week non-exposure recovery period. There was no evidence of systemic toxicity at the highest dose. Localized toxicity was observed in the lungs and regional lymph nodes of the 50 mg/m3 exposure group. These findings decreased in severity in the 7 and 1 mg/m3 exposure groups. A no adverse effect level for PPO is estimated to be 7 mg/m3 and a no observable effect level is 1

mg/m3.

CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS CARCINOGENIC PROPERTIES

NTP: Not Tested.

OSHA: Not Regulated.

IARC: Not Listed.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

GENERAL: This material is not expected to be harmful to the ecology.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL INFORMATION

WASTEDISPOSAL: Recycling is encouraged. Landfill or incinerate in accordance with federal,

State and local requirements. Collected processing fume condensates and incinerator

ash should be tested to determine waste classification.

POSSIBLE EPA WASTE CODES: No data.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

REGULATORYSTATUS: Not Regulated.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT (TSCA): This product is in compliance with all rules and orders of



TSCA.

WHMISPRODUCTCLASSIFICATION:

Not a controlled product.

If any components in this product are SARA 313 listed as reportable, they are shown below. The quantities listed for elements represent typical or average values for compounds containing the element.

Component

CASNumber

No SARA 313-listed chemicals in this

product.

If any components in this product are known to the State of California to cause cancer and/or are reproductive hazards, they are listed below:

Component

Reason Listed

CASNumber

%

Not Applicable

108-88-3

0.01 -0.1

developmental toxicity-Toluene

initialdate1/1/91

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product Type: PETG

Product Grade:

PETG 121 PETG 120 PETG 6763-110 PETG 6763-111

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses: Plastics

Uses advised against: None known.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Manufacturer / Supplier

Emergency telephone number: 410-675-5600

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard Classification:

OSHA Specified Hazards:

Combustible dust

If converted to small particles during further processing, handling or by other means may form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Warning label items including precautionary statement:

Signal Words:

WARNING

Hazard Statement(s):

If converted to small particles during further processing, handling or by

other means may form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Precautionary Statement:

Disposal:

P501: Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and

product characteristics at time of disposal.



Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC):

None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substances / Mixtures

Inhalation:

General information:

Chemical name	Concentration	Additional Identification	Notes
copolyester	100%	CAS-No.: proprietary	

^{*}All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

Move to fresh air. Treat symptomatically. Get medical attention if symptoms

persist.

Eye contact: Any material that contacts the eye should be washed out immediately with

water. If easy to do, remove contact lenses. Get medical attention if symptoms persist. If molten material contacts the eye, immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention

immediately.

Skin Contact: Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. If

burned by contact with hot material, cool molten material adhering to skin as quickly as possible with water, and see a physician for removal of adhering material and treatment of burn. Get medical attention.

Ingestion: Seek medical advice.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed:

Burns should be treated as thermal burns. The material will come off as healing occurs; therefore, immediate removal from the skin is not

necessary.

indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Hazards: Contact with moiten substance/product may cause severe burns to skin and

eyes.

Treatment: Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

General Fire Hazards: Material can accumulate static charges which may cause an electrical

spark (ignition source). Use proper bonding and/or grounding procedures.

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media:

Water spray, Dry chemical, Carbon Dioxide.

Unsuitable extinguishing

medla:

None known.

[#] This substance has workplace exposure limit(s).





Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

Powdered material may form explosive dust-air mixtures.

Advice for firefighters

Special fire fighting procedures:

Minimize dust generation and accumulation.

Special protective

equipment for fire-fighters:

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Wear appropriate personal protective equipment.

Environmental Precautions:

Not regarded as dangerous for the environment.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning

up:

Sweep up and place in a clearly labeled container for chemical waste.

Notification Procedures:

In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage:

Precautions for safe handling:

Avoid contact with molten material. Minimize dust generation and

accumulation.

Conditions for safe storage.

including any incompatibilities:

Keep container closed.

Specific end use(s):

Plastics.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control Parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Country specific exposure limits have not been established or are not applicable unless listed below.

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls:

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls

to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an

acceptable level.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment





General information:

Eye bath. Washing facilities.

Eye/face Protection:

It is a good industrial hygiene practice to minimize eye contact. Wear a face

shield when working with molten material.

Skin protection

Hand Protection:

It is a good industrial hygiene practice to minimize skin contact. When

material is heated, wear gloves to protect against thermal burns.

Other:

No data available.

Respiratory Protection:

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. In the United States of America, if respirators are used, a program should be instituted to assure compliance with OSHA Standard 63 FR 1152, January 8, 1998. Respirator type: Airpurifying respirator with an appropriate, government approved (where applicable), air-purifying filter, cartridge or canister. Contact health and

safety professional or manufacturer for specific information.

Hygiene measures:

Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Environmental Controls:

No data available.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Odor:

Solid **Physical State: Pellets** Form: Colorless Color: Slight

No data available. Odor Threshold: No data available. pH:

> 100 °C Softening Point:

No data available. **Boiling Point:**

not applicable, combustible solid Flash Point:

Not determined. **Evaporation Rate:** No data available. Flammability (solid, gas): No data available. Flammability Limit - Upper (%)-: No data available. Flammability Limit - Lower (%)--: Not determined. Vapor pressure: No data available. Vapor density (air=1): > 1(estimated) Specific Gravity:

Solubility(ies)

Negligible Solubility in Water:

No data available. Solubility (other): No data available. Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): No data available. **Auto ignition Temperature:**





Decomposition Temperature:

Thermal stability not tested. Low stability hazard

expected at normal operating temperatures.

Dynamic Viscosity: Kinematic viscosity:

No data available.

Not determined.

Explosive properties: No o

No data available.

Oxidizing properties:

No data available.

Other information

Minimum ignition temperature:

454 °C (ASTM E659)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity:

None known.

Chemical Stability:

Stable

Possibility of Hazardous

Reactions:

None known.

Conditions to Avoid:

None at ambient temperatures.

Incompatible Materials:

Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products:

Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

inhalation:

None known.

Ingestion:

None known.

Skin Contact:

Molten material will produce thermal burns.

Eye contact:

Molten material will produce thermal burns.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute Toxicity

Oral

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

copolyester

Oral LD-50: (Rat): > 3,200 mg/kg

Dermal

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

copolyester

Dermal LD-50: (Guinea Pig): > 1,000 mg/kg

Inhalation

Product:

No data available.





Specified substance(s)

copolyester

No data available.

Repeated Dose Toxicity

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

copolyester

No data available.

Skin Corrosion/Irritation:

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

copolyester

(Guinea Pig, 24 h): Slight

Serious Eve Damage/Eye

Irritation:

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

copolyester

unwashed eyes (Rabbit): Slight washed eyes (Rabbit): Slight

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization:

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

copolyester

Skin Sensitization:, (Guinea Pig) - non-sensitizing

Mutagenicity

In vitro

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

copolyester

No data available.

in vivo

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

copolyester

No data available.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

copolyester

No data available.

Reproductive Toxicity

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

copolyester

No data available.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

Product:

No data available.





Specified substance(s)



copolyester

No data available.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

copolyester

No data available.

Aspiration Hazard

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

copolyester

No data available.

Other Adverse Effects:

No data available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxicity

Acute toxicity

Fish

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

copolyester

LC-50 (Fathead Minnow, 96 h): > 100 mg/l (highest concentration tested)

Aquatic Invertebrates

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

copolyester

LC-50 (daphnid, 96 h): > 100 mg/l (highest concentration tested) LC-50 (snail, 96 h): > 100 mg/l (highest concentration tested) LC-50 (flatworm, 96 h): > 100 mg/l (highest concentration tested)

Chronic Toxicity

Fish

Product

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

copolyester

No data available.

Aquatic Invertebrates

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

copolyester

No data available.

Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

copolyester

No data available.

Persistence and Degradability

Biodegradation

Product:

No data available.



Specified substance(s)

copolyester

No data available.

Biological Oxygen Demand:

Product

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

copolyester

No data available.

Chemical Oxygen Demand:

Product

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

copolyester

No data available.

BOD/COD Ratio

Product

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

copolyester

No data available.

Bioaccumulative Potential

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

copolyester

No data available.

Mobility in Soil:

No data available.

Known or predicted distribution to environmental compartments

copolyester

No data available.

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment:

No data available.

copolyester

No data available.

Other Adverse Effects:

No data available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

General Information:

No data available.

Disposal methods:

Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority

requirements. Incinerate.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Important Note: Shipping descriptions may vary based on mode of transport, quantities, package size, and/or origin and destination. Consult your company's Hazardous Materials/Dangerous Goods expert for information specific to your situation.

DOT

Class not regulated



iMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code Class not regulated

IATA

Class not regulated

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

This product has been classified in accordance with hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

WHMIS (Canada) Status: non controlled

SARA 311-312 Hazard Classification(s): fire hazard

US EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 313 - Toxic Chemical List NONE

OSHA:hazardous

TSCA (US Toxic Substances Control Act): This product is listed on the TSCA inventory. Any impurities present in this product are exempt from listing.

DSL (Canadian Domestic Substances List) and CEPA (Canadian Environmental Protection Act): All components of this product are listed on the DSL. Any impurities present in this product are exempt from listing.

AICS / NICNAS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances and National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme): All components of this product are listed on AICS or otherwise comply with NICNAS.

MITI (Japanese Handbook of Existing and New Chemical Substances): All components of this product are listed in the Handbook or have been approved in Japan by new substance notification.

ECL (Korean Toxic Substances Control Act): All components of this product are listed on the Korean inventory or otherwise comply with the Korean Toxic Substances Control Act.

SECTION 16: Other information

Health - 1, Flammability - 1, Chemical Reactivity - 0



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET, PET

Section 1 Product and Company Identification

IEI Plastics

Material Identification Product Name: PET

Chemical Name: POLYETHYLENE TEREPHTHALATE (PET)

Product Grade:

PET 521L

PET 121L

PET F-120

PET LR-120

PET B-111

PET F-110

PET F-100RG

PET F-300RG

PET MAU

PET TOW

PET B-110

PET 100F

PET

GREEN/NATURAL

FLAKE

CAS Number: 25038-59-9

Product Use: Thermoplastic for fabrication.

Section 2 | Composition/Information on Ingredients

Composition is not hazardous.

Section 3 Hazards Identification

Ingestion: Not a probable route of exposure.

Skin: Molten material will cause thermal burns.

Eye: Mechanical irritation only.

Inhalation: Stock shapes are not respirable, avoid breathing dust, as fine particles can be

inhaled and retained in the lungs.

Section 4 First Aid Measures

If exposed to fumes from overheating, move to fresh air. Consult a physician if symptoms persist.

Wash skin with soap and plenty of water.

Flush eyes with water. Consult a physician if symptoms persist.

If molten material contacts skin, cool rapidly with cold water. Do not attempt to peel material from skin. Obtain medical attention to thermal burn.

Chamila afficient Name Income



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET, PET

Section 5 Fire Fighting Measures

Flash ignition temperature: 350°C / 662°F

Method: ASTM D-1929

Unusual fire, explosion hazards: None known.

Hazardous combustion products: At temperatures above 350°C / 662°F, heavy fuming,

carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide will occur.

Special fire fighting instructions: Fire fighters and others exposed to products of combustion should wear full protective clothing including self-contained breathing apparatus. Firefighting equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use.

Extinguishing media: Water spray or any class an extinguishing agent.

Section 6 | Accidental Release Measures

Spill or release: Clean up by vacuuming or sweeping to prevent falls.

Section 7 Handling and Storage

Practice reasonable care and caution in handling.

Section 8 Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Eye: Safety glasses are recommended to prevent particulate matter from entering eyes while grinding or machining.

Skin: Protective gloves are required when handling hot polymer. Also, long sleeve cotton shirt and long pants if handling molten polymer.

Ventilation: Local exhaust at processing equipment to assure that particulate levels are kept at recommended levels.

Respirator: None under normal processing, if ventilation is adequate.

Section 9 Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance: Stock shape may be rod, plate or tube form.

Odor: Essentially odorless.

Melting point: 225-260°C / 437-500°F

Solubility in water: Insoluble Volatile content %: <1% Specific gravity: 1.33-1.43

Section 10 Stability and Reactivity

Stability at room temperature: Stable

Materials to avoid: Strong oxidants and bases.

Conditions to avoid: None known.



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET, PET

Section 11 Toxicological Information

Chronic toxicity: PET does not appear to possess any toxicological properties.

Medical conditions prone to aggravation by exposure: None known.

Carcinogenicity: None known.

Section 12 Ecological Information

Aquatic toxicity: Toxicity is expected to be low based on insolubility of polymer in water.

Section 13 Disposal Considerations

Spill or release: Clean up by vacuuming or wet sweeping to minimize dust exposure. Waste disposal: Landfill or incineration in compliance with federal, state, and local

regulations.

Section 14 Transport Information

Hazard class: NA Shipping name: NA

Section 15 Regulatory Information

NA

Other Information





Product Name: PEC Product Grade: PEC 120RG

Company Identification

MANUFACTURER/DISTRIBUTOR

PHONE NUMBERS: 410-674-5600

Components

Material	CAS Number	%
ETHYLENE/METHACRYLIC ACID COPOLYMERS,		>99
PARTIAL ZINC SALT		_
*ZINC COMPOUNDS	7440-66-6	<5

^{*} Disclosure as a toxic chemical is required under Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR parts 372.

Potential Health Effects

ADDITIONAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Before using "PEC" Packaging Resins, read the bulletin on the safe handling of these polymers.

No information available for this "PEC" Ionomer Resin or for the ethylene copolymer partial metal salt.

Based on its similarity to other polymers, this "PEC" resin is predicted to have low toxicity.

Carcinogenicity Information

None of the components present in this material at concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% are listed by IARC, NTP, OSHA or ACGIH as a carcinogen.

First Aid

INHALATION

No specific intervention is indicated as the compound is not likely to be hazardous by inhalation.

Consult a physician if necessary.

SKIN CONTACT

The compound is not likely to be hazardous by skin contact but cleansing the skin after use is advisable.

EYE CONTACT

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Call a physician.



(FIRST AID MEASURES - Continued)

INGESTION

No specific intervention is indicated as compound is not likely to be hazardous by ingestion.

Consult a physician if necessary.

Flammable Properties

Hazardous gases/vapors produced in fire are carbon monoxide, hydrocarbon oxidation products, including organic acids, Aldehydes, alcohols, and zinc or sodium oxides.

Fire and Explosion Hazards:

The solid polymer can be combusted only with difficulty.

Extinguishing Media

Water, Foam, Dry Chemical, CO2.

Fire Fighting Instructions

Keep personnel removed and upwind of fire. breathing apparatus.

Wear self-contained

Use self-contained breathing apparatus if exposed to fumes.

Safeguards (Personnel)

NOTE: Review FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES and HANDLING (PERSONNEL)
sections before proceeding with clean-up.
Use appropriate
PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT during clean-up.

Spill Clean Up

Recover undamaged and minimally contaminated material for reuse and reclamation.

Sweep up to avoid slipping hazard.

Handling (Personnel)

See FIRST AID and PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT SECTIONS.

Storage

Store in a cooi, dry place. Keep container closed to prevent contamination.

Engineering Controls

VENTILATION: Local ventilation should be used over processing equipment.

Personal Protective Equipment EYE/FACE

PROTECTION

Wear safety glasses. Wear coverall chemical splash goggles and face shield when possibility exists for eye and face contact due to splashing or spraying of molten material. A full face mask respirator provides protection from eye irritation.



RESPIRATORS

A NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge with a dust/mist canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.

Protection provided by air purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING

If there is potential contact with hot/molten material, wear heat resistant clothing and footwear.

Exposure Guidelines

Exposure Limits

PEL (OSHA) : Particulates (Not Otherwise Regulated)

15 mg/m3, 8 Hr. TWA, total dust 5 mg/m3, 8 Hr. TWA, respirable dust

Physical Data

Melting Point : 80-100 C (176-212 F)

% Volatiles : Negligible Solubility in Water : Negligible

Odor : Mild methacrylic acid

Form : Pellets

Color : White or pigmented

Specific Gravity : NA

Chemical Stability

Stable at normal temperatures and storage conditions.

Incompatibility with Other Materials

Incompatible or can react with oxidizing agents.

Decomposition

Decomposes with heat.

Decomposition temperature: 325 C (617 F)

Hazardous gases or vapors can be released, including carbon monoxide, and, hydrocarbon oxidation products, including, organic acids, Aldehydes, and, alcohols.

Polymerization

Polymerization will not occur.

Ecotoxicological Information

AQUATIC TOXICITY:

No information is available.

water.

Toxicity is expected to be low based on insolubility in



Waste Disposal

Preferred options for disposal are (1) recycling, (2) incineration with energy recovery, and (3) landfill.

The high fuel value of this product makes option 2 very desirable for material that cannot be recycled.

Treatment, storage, transportation, and disposal must be in accordance with applicable federal, state/provincial, and local regulations.



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name: PCTG

Product Grades:

PCTG 120 TRITAN MAU PCTG 1208

PCTG 011-110 TRITAN 120RG

TRITAN 120

TRITAN 120B

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses: Plastics

Uses advised against: None known.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Manufacturer / Supplier

Emergency telephone number: 410-674-5600

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard classification:

OSHA Specified Hazards:

Combustible dust

If converted to small particles during further processing, handling or by other means may form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Warning label items including precautionary statement:

Signal words:

WARNING!

Hazard Statement(s):

If converted to small particles during further processing, handling or by other means may form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Precautionary statement:



Disposal:

P501: Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.



Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC):

None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substances / Mixtures

General information:

Chemical name	Concentration	Additional identification	Notes
copolyester	>90%	CAS-No.: proprietary	_
modifiers/additives	<10%	CAS-No.: proprietary	

^{*} All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume. This substance has workplace exposure limit(s).

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Move to fresh air. Treat symptomatically. Get medical attention if symptoms

persist

Eye contact:

Any material that contacts the eye should be washed out immediately with water. If easy to do, remove contact lenses. Get medical attention if symptoms persist. If molten material contacts the eye, immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention

immediately.

Skin contact:

Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. If burned by contact with hot material, cool molten material adhering to skin as quickly as possible with water, and see a physician for removal of adhering material and treatment of burn. Get medical attention.

ingestion:

Seek medical advice.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed:

Burns should be treated as thermal burns. The material will come off as healing occurs; therefore, immediate removal from the skin is not

necessary.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Hazards:

Contact with molten substance/product may cause severe burns to skin and

eyes

Treatment:

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

General fire hazards:

Material can accumulate static charges which may cause an electrical spark (ignition source). Use proper bonding and/or grounding procedures.

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media:

Water spray. Dry chemical. Carbon Dioxide.





Unsuitable extinguishing media:

None known.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

Powdered material may form explosive dust-air mixtures.

Advice for firefighters

Special fire fighting procedures:

Minimize dust generation and accumulation.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be

worn in case of fire.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions,

protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Wear appropriate personal protective equipment.

Environmental precautions:

Not regarded as dangerous for the environment.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning

up:

Sweep up and place in a clearly labeled container for chemical waste.

Notification Procedures:

In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in

accordance with all applicable regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage:

Precautions for safe handling:

Avoid contact with molten material. Minimize dust generation and

accumulation.

Conditions for safe storage,

including any incompatibilities:

Keep container closed.

Specific end use(s):

Plastics.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Country specific exposure limits have not been established or are not applicable unless listed below.

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls:

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls

to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an

acceptable level.



Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General information:

Eve bath. Washing facilities.

Eye/face protection:

It is a good industrial hygiene practice to minimize eye contact. Wear a face

shield when working with molten material.

Skin protection

Hand protection:

It is a good industrial hygiene practice to minimize skin contact. When

material is heated, wear gloves to protect against thermal burns.

Other:

No data available.

Respiratory Protection:

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. In the United States of America, if respirators are used, a program should be instituted to assure compliance with OSHA Standard 63 FR 1152, January 8, 1998. Respirator type: Airpurifying respirator with an appropriate, government approved (where applicable), air-purifying filter, cartridge or canister. Contact health and

safety professional or manufacturer for specific information.

Hygiene measures:

Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Environmental Controls:

No data available.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical State:

Solid Pellet

Form:

varies with product

Color:

Slight

Odor Threshold:

Not determined.

pH:

Odor:

No data available.

Melting Point

varies with formulation

Boiling Point:

No data available.

Fiash Point:

not applicable, combustible solid

Evaporation Rate:

Not determined.

Flammability (solid, gas):

No data available.

Flammability Limit - Upper (%)-:

No data available.

Flammability Limit - Lower (%)-:

No data available.

Vapor pressure:

Not determined.

Vapor density (air=1):

No data available.

Specific Gravity:

> 1(estimated)

Solubility(les)

Solubility in Water:

Negligible

Solubility (other):

No data available.





Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):

No data available.

Auto ignition Temperature:

No data available.

Decomposition Temperature:

Thermal stability not tested. Low stability hazard

expected at normal operating temperatures.

Dynamic Viscosity: Kinematic viscosity: Explosive properties: Oxidizing properties: No data available. Not determined.

No data available. No data available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity:

None known.

Chemical stability:

Stable

Possibility of hazardous

None known.

reactions:

MOUG KHOWI

Conditions to avoid:

None at ambient temperatures.

Incompatible materials:

Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition

products:

Carbon Monoxide. Carbon Dioxide.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

inhalation:

None known.

Ingestion:

None known.

Skin contact:

Molten material will produce thermal burns.

Eye contact:

Molten material will produce thermal burns.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute Toxicity

Oral

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

copolyester

Oral LD-50: (Rat): > 3,200 mg/kg

modifiers/additives

No data avallable.

Dermal

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

copolyester

Dermal LD-50: (Guinea Pig): > 1,000 mg/kg

modifiers/additives

No data available.

Inhalation

Product:

No data available.





Specified substance(s)

copolyester modifiers/additives No data available. No data available.

Repeated dose toxicity

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

copolyester modifiers/additives No data available. No data available.

Skin corrosion/irritation:

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

copolyester modifiers/additives (Guinea Pig, 24 h): Slight

No data available.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation:

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

copolyester

unwashed eyes (Rabbit): Slight washed eyes (Rabbit): Slight

modifiers/additives

No data available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization:

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

copolyester

Skin Sensitization:, (Guinea Pig) - non-sensitizing

modifiers/additives No data available.

Mutagenicity

In vitro

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

copolyester modifiers/additives No data available. No data available.

in vivo

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

copolyester modifiers/additives No data available. No data available.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

copolyester modifiers/additives

No data available. No data available.



Reproductive toxicity

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

copolyester

No data available.

modifiers/additives

No data available.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

copolyester

No data available.

modifiers/additives

No data available.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

copolyester

No data available.

modifiers/additives

No data available.

Aspiration hazard

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

copolyester

No data available.

modifiers/additives

No data available.

Other adverse effects:

No data available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxicity

Acute toxicity

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

copolyester

modifiers/additives

LC-50 (Fathead Minnow, 96 h): > 100 mg/l (highest concentration tested)

No data available.

Aquatic invertebrates

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

copolyester

LC-50 (daphnid, 96 h): > 100 mg/l (highest concentration tested) LC-50 (snail, 96 h): > 100 mg/l (highest concentration tested) LC-50 (flatworm, 96 h): > 100 mg/l (highest concentration tested)

No data available.

Chronic Toxicity

modifiers/additives

Fish

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

copolyester modifiers/additives No data available. No data available.



Aquatic invertebrates

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

copolyester modifiers/additives No data available. No data available.

Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

copolyester modifiers/additives

No data available. No data available.

Persistence and degradability

Biodegradation

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

copolyeater modifiers/additives No data available. No data available.

Biological Oxygen Demand:

Product

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

copolyester modifiers/additives No data available. No data available.

Chemical Oxygen Demand:

Product

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

copolyester modifiers/additives

No data available. No data available.

BOD/COD ratio

Product

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

copolyester modifiers/additives No data available.

Bloaccumulative potential

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

copolyester modifiers/additives No data available. No data available.

Mobility in soil: No data available.

Known or predicted distribution to environmental compartments

copolyester

No data available.

modifiers/additives

No data available.





Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

No data available.

copolyester

No data available.

modifiers/additives

No data available.

Other adverse effects:

No data available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

General information:

No data available.

Disposal methods:

Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority

requirements. Incinerate.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Important Note: Shipping descriptions may vary based on mode of transport, quantities, package size, and/or origin and destination. Consult your company's Hazardous Materials/Dangerous Goods expert for information specific to your situation.

TOD

Class not regulated

IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

Class not regulated

IATA

Class not regulated

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

This product has been classified in accordance with hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

WHMIS (Canada) Status: non controlled

SARA 311-312 Hazard Classification(s):

fire hazard

US EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 313 - Toxic Chemical List

NONE

OSHA: hazardous



TSCA (US Toxic Substances Control Act): All components of this product are listed on the TSCA inventory. Any impurities present in this product are exempt from listing.

DSL (Canadian Domestic Substances List) and CEPA (Canadian Environmental Protection Act): All components of this product are listed on the DSL. Any impurities present in this product are exempt from listing.

AICS / NICNAS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances and National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme): All components of this product are listed on AICS or otherwise comply with NICNAS.

MITI (Japanese Handbook of Existing and New Chemical Substances): All components of this product are listed in the Handbook or have been approved in Japan by new substance notification.

ECL (Korean Toxic Substances Control Act): All components of this product are listed on the Korean inventory or otherwise comply with the Korean Toxic Substances Control Act.

Philippines Inventory (PICCS): All components of this product are listed on the Philippine inventory or otherwise comply with PICCS.

Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China: All components of this product are listed on the Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC).

SECTION 16: Other information

HMIS® Hazard Ratings:

Health - 1, Flammability - 1, Chemical Reactivity - 0

HMIS® rating involves data interpretations that may vary from company to company. They are intended only for rapid, general identification of the magnitude of the specific hazard. To deal adequately with the safe handling of this material, all the information contained in this MSDS must be considered.

Revision Information:

New SDS

Key literature references and

No data available.

sources for data: Training information:

No data available.

Issue date: SDS No.: Disclaimer: 10/31/2014

This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment.



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product name: PCTA

Product Grade:

PCTA 120 PCTA ANO04

Synonyms, Trade Names: not applicable

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses: Plastics

Uses advised against: None known.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer / Supplier

Emergency telephone number: 41-0674-5600

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard Classification:

OSHA Specified Hazards:

Combustible dust

If converted to small particles during further processing, handling or by other means may form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Warning label items including precautionary statement:

Signal Words:

WARNINGI

Hazard Statement(s):

If converted to small particles during further processing, handling or by

other means may form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Precautionary Statement:

Disposal:

P501: Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and

product characteristics at time of disposal.



Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC):

None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substances / Mixtures

General information:

Chemical name	Concentration	Additional identification	Notes
copolyester	>90%	CAS-No.: proprietary	
modifiers/additives	<10%	CAS-No.: proprietary	<u> </u>

^{*} All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

Move to fresh air. Treat symptomatically. Get medical attention if symptoms Inhalation:

persist.

Any material that contacts the eye should be washed out immediately with Eye contact:

water. If easy to do, remove contact lenses. Get medical attention if symptoms persist. If molten material contacts the eye, immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention

immediately.

Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. If Skin Contact:

burned by contact with hot material, cool molten material adhering to skin as guickly as possible with water, and see a physician for removal of adhering material and treatment of burn. Get medical attention.

Seek medical advice.

Most important symptoms and

effects, both acute and

delayed:

Ingestion:

Burns should be treated as thermal burns. The material will come off as

healing occurs; therefore, immediate removal from the skin is not

necessary.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Contact with molten substance/product may cause severe burns to skin and Hazards:

Treatment: Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Material can accumulate static charges which may cause an electrical General Fire Hazards:

spark (ignition source). Use proper bonding and/or grounding procedures.

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media:

Water spray. Dry chemical. Carbon Dioxide.

[#] This substance has workplace exposure limit(s).



Product Type: PBT Glass Mineral Filled

Product Grade:

PBT G30-310 PBT G15-310

Company Identification

MANUFACTURER/DISTRIBUTOR

PHONE NUMBERS: 410-674-5600

Components

Material POLYBUTYLENE TEREPHTHALATE	CAS Number 30965-26-5	
FIBERGLASS COLORANTS, LUBRICANTS, STABILIZERS CARBON BLACK	1333-86-4	5-40 <2 0-
1		

Components (Remarks)

Material is not known to contain Toxic Chemicals under Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372.

Additives in this product do not present a respiration hazard unless the product is ground to a powder of respirable size and the dust is inhaled.

All dusts are potentially injurious to the respiratory tract if respirable particles are generated and inhaled in sufficiently high concentrations.

Good industrial hygiene practices, as with all dusts, should include precautions to prevent inhalation of respirable particles.

Potential Health Effects

POLYBUTYLENE TEREPHTHALATE

Eye contact with Polybutylene Terephthalate particles may cause mechanical irritation with discomfort, tearing, or blurring of vision.

Decomposition products caused by overheating Polybutylene Terephthalate may cause skin, eye or respiratory tract irritation.

FIBER GLASS

The mechanical action of the sharp fibers from Fiber Glass may cause skin irritation with discomfort or rash.

Eye contact with Fiber Glass particles may cause mechanical eye irritation with discomfort, tearing, or blurring of vision.

Inhalation of Fiber Glass particles may cause irritation of the upper respiratory passages, with coughing and discomfort.



Results from epidemiology studies suggest no causal relationship between Fiber Glass exposure and cancer. One epidemiology study does indicate a slight increase in lung cancer deaths.

The evidence that fiber glass is related to these increased lung cancer deaths is considered weak.

(HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION - Continued)

Individuals with preexisting diseases of the lungs may have increased susceptibility to the toxicity of excessive exposures.

CARBON BLACK

Immediate effects of overexposure to Carbon Black by inhalation may include irritation of the nose, throat, and lungs with cough, difficulty breathing or shortness of breath.

If particles from Carbon Black contact the eye, mechanical irritation with tearing, pain or blurred vision may result.

Significant skin permeation, and systemic toxicity, after contact with Carbon Black appears unlikely. There are no reports of human sensitization.

Epidemiologic studies demonstrate no significant risk of human cancer from exposure to Carbon Black. While some reports cite an increased incidence of pulmonary abnormalities, such as decreased pulmonary function and radiological changes among Carbon Black workers, other reports show no correlation between exposure and effects on pulmonary function or disease.

Increased susceptibility to the effects of Carbon Black may be observed in persons with pre-existing disease of the lungs.

Carcinogenicity Information

The following components are listed by IARC, NTP, OSHA or ACGIH as carcinogens.

Material CARBON BLACK

IARC NTP OSHA ACGIH

First Aid

INHALATION

No specific intervention is indicated as the compound is not likely to be hazardous by inhalation. Consult a physician if necessary. If exposed to fumes from overheating or combustion, move to fresh air. Consult a physician if symptoms persist.

SKIN CONTACT

The compound is not likely to be hazardous by skin contact, but cleansing the skin after use is advisable. If molten polymer gets on skin, cool rapidly with cold water. Do not attempt to peel polymer from skin. Obtain medical treatment for thermal burn.

EYE CONTACT

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Call a physician.



(FIRST AID MEASURES - Continued)

INCESTION

No specific intervention is indicated as compound is not likely to be hazardous by ingestion.

Flammable Properties

Flash Point

: Not Applicable

Fire and Explosion Hazards:

Combustible. Hazardous gases/vapors produced in fire are carbon monoxide.

Like most organic materials in powder form, dust generated from this product may form a flammable dust-air mixture. Potential for a dust explosion may exist. Minimize the generation and accumulation of dust. Keep away from sources of ignition.

Extinguishing Media

Water, Foam, Dry Chemical, CO2.

Fire Fighting Instructions

Keep personnel removed and upwind of fire. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Safeguards (Personnel)

NOTE: Review FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES and HANDLING (PERSONNEL) sections before proceeding with clean-up. Use appropriate PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT during clean-up.

Handling (Personnel)

See FIRST AID and PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT SECTIONS.

Handling (Physical Aspects)

Minimize the generation and accumulation of dust.

Storage

Store in a cool, dry place. Keep containers tightly closed to prevent moisture absorption and contamination.

Engineering Controls

VENTILATION When hot processing this material, use local and/or general exhaust ventilation to control the concentration of vapors and fumes below exposure limits.

In cutting or grinding operations with this material, use local exhaust to control the concentration of dust below exposure limits.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/Face Protection

Wear safety glasses. Wear coverall chemical splash goggles and face shield when possibility exists for eye or face contact due to splashing or spraying of molten material. A full face mask



positive-pressure air-supplied respirator provides protection from eye irritation.

Respirators

A NIOSH/MSHA approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge with a dust/mist filter may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Use a positive-pressure air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

During grinding, sawing, routing, drilling or sanding operations use a NIOSH/MSHA approved air-purifying respirator with dust/mist cartridge or canister if airborne particulate concentrations are expected to exceed permissible exposure levels.

Protective Clothing

If there is potential contact with hot/molten material, wear heat resistant clothing and footwear.

Wear leather or cotton gloves when grinding, sawing, routing, drilling or sanding.

Exposure Guidelines

Exposure Limits

PEL (OSHA) : Particulates (Not Otherwise Regulated)

15 mg/m3, 8 Hr. TWA, total dust

5 mg/m3, 8 Hr. TWA, respirable dust

Other Applicable Exposure Limits

FIRERGLASS

PEL (OSHA) : None Established

TLV (ACGIH) : 5 mg/m3, 8 Hr.TWA, inhalable particulate

A4

CARBON BLACK

PEL (OSHA) : 3.5 mg/m3, 8 Hr. TWA TLV (ACGIH) : 3.5 mg/m3, 8 Hr. TWA, A4

Physical Data

Melting Point : 220-228 C (428-442 F)

Solubility in Water : Insoluble
Odor : None
Form : Pellets
Specific Gravity : >1

Chemical Stability

Stable at normal temperatures and storage conditions.

Conditions to Avoid

Temperatures above 570 F (299 C) . Abnormally long processing time or high temperatures can produce irritating and toxic fumes.

Incompatibility with Other Materials

Incompatible or can react with oxidizing agents.



(STABILITY AND REACTIVITY - Continued)

Decomposition

Hazardous gases or vapors can be released, including carbon monoxide, Aldehydes, tetrahydrofuran.

Polymerization

Polymerization will not occur.

Animal Data

Polybutylene Terephthalate Rats exposed to combustion products exhibited signs of carbon monoxide intoxication.

No animal data are available to define the carcinogenicity, developmental, reproductive or mutagenic hazards of Polybutylene Terephthalate.

Fiber Glass

Skin irritation and mild eye irritation occurs in animals, but these effects are attributed primarily to mechanical damage rather than a chemical effect.

The effects in mice from single exposure by intratrachael instillation with Fiber Glass include an inflammatory response. Repeated inhalation exposures invoked pulmonary macrophage reactions similar to biologically inert dusts.

Tests in some animals with Fiber Glass demonstrate carcinogenic activity. However, these studies were by artificial implantation or injection of fine glass fibers into the chest, abdominal cavity, or trachea and are judged to be irrelevant to industrial exposure. Chronic inhalation exposure of animals to fiber glass at low concentrations produced minimal fibrosis in one study and no adverse effects in a different study.

No animal test reports are available to define mutagenic, developmental, or reproductive hazards.

CARBON BLACK

Oral ALD, rat: > 25,100 mg/kg

Repeated inhalation exposure of animals to Carbon Black caused inflammation of the respiratory tract, lungs and emphysema.

Repeated exposure to high doses of Carbon Black by ingestion or skin contact caused no significant toxicological effects.



(TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION - Continued)

No adequate studies have been conducted in animals to define the carcinogenicity of Carbon Black by ingestion. In several skin painting studies using various Carbon Blacks no carcinogenicity was observed. Tests by inhalation for carcinogenicity in rate show significant increases in lung tumors in female rats but not male rats. In another study using female mice exposed by inhalation to Carbon Black there was no increase in the incidence of respiratory tract tumors. Researchers conducting the rat inhalation studies believe that these effects probably result from the massive accumulation of small dust particles in the lung which overwhelms the normal lung clearance mechanisms. This represents "lung overload" phenomenon, rather than a specific chemical effect of the dust particle in the lung.

Tests have shown that this material does not cause genetic damage in bacterial or mammalian cell cultures. Tests in animals for genetic toxicity have produced mostly negative results. No animal data are available to define developmental or reproductive toxicity.

Ecotoxicological Information

AQUATIC TOXICITY:

No information is available. Toxicity is expected to be low based on insolubility in water. Do not discharge to streams, ponds, lakes or sewers.

Waste Disposal

Preferred options for disposal are (1) recycling, (2) incineration with energy recovery, and (3) landfill. The high fuel value of this product makes option 2 very desirable for material that cannot be recycled, but incinerator must be capable of scrubbing out acidic combustion products. Treatment, storage, transportation, and disposal must be in accordance with applicable federal, state/provincial, and local regulations.



Product Type: PBT Product Grade:

PBT 300RG

PBT 301RG

PBT F-500

PBT HF-110

PBT M20-110

PBT M40-110

PBT M50-110

PBT M60-110

PBT M30-110

PBT M40-310

PBT MAU

Company Identification

MANUFACTURER/DISTRIBUTOR

PHONE NUMBERS: 410-674-5600

Components

Material POLYBUTYLENE TEREPHTHALATE

CAS Number 30965-26-5

>97

ANTIOXIDANTS, COLORANTS, LUBRICANTS

<2

Components (Remarks)

Material is not known to contain Toxic Chemicals under Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372.

Additives in this product do not present a respiration hazard unless the product is ground to a powder of respirable size and the dust is inhaled. All dusts are potentially injurious to the respiratory tract if respirable particles are generated and inhaled in sufficiently high concentrations. Good industrial hygiene practices, as with all dusts, should include precautions to prevent inhalation of respirable particles.

Potential Health Effects

ADDITIONAL HEALTH EFFECTS

POLYBUTYLENE TEREPHTHALATE

Eye contact with Polybutylene Terephthalate particles may cause mechanical irritation with discomfort, tearing, or blurring of vision.

Decomposition products caused by overheating Polybutylene Terephthalate may cause skin, eye or respiratory tract irritation.

Carcinogenicity Information



None of the components present in this material at concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% are listed by IARC, NTP, OSHA or ACGIH as a carcinogen.

First Aid

INHALATION

No specific intervention is indicated as the compound is not likely to be hazardous by inhalation. Consult a physician if necessary. If exposed to fumes from overheating or combustion, move to fresh air. Consult a physician if symptoms persist.

SKIN CONTACT

The compound is not likely to be hazardous by skin contact, but cleansing the skin after use is advisable. If molten polymer gets on skin, cool rapidly with cold water. Do not attempt to peel polymer from skin. Obtain medical treatment for thermal burn.

EYE CONTACT

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.

Call a physician.

INGESTION

No specific intervention is indicated as compound is not likely to be hazardous by ingestion.

Flammable Properties

Flash Point

Not Applicable Fire

and Explosion Hazards:

Hazardous gases/vapors produced in fire are carbon monoxide.

Like most organic materials in powder form, dust generated from this product may form a flammable dust-air mixture. Potential for a dust explosion may exist. Minimize the generation and accumulation of dust. Keep away from sources of ignition.

Extinguishing Media

Water, Foam, Dry Chemical, CO2.

Fire Fighting Instructions

Keep personnel removed and upwind of fire. breathing apparatus.

Wear self-contained

Safeguards (Personnel)

NOTE: Review FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES and HANDLING (PERSONNEL) sections before proceeding with clean-up. Use appropriate PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT during clean-up.

Spill Clean Up

Spilled material is a slipping hazard. Sweep up to

avoid slipping hazard.

Handling (Personnel)



See FIRST AID and PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT SECTIONS.

Handling (Physical Aspects)

Minimize the generation and accumulation of dust.

Storage

Store in a cool, dry place. Keep containers tightly closed to prevent moisture absorption and contamination.

Engineering Controls

VENTILATION When hot processing this material, use local and/or general exhaust ventilation to control the concentration of vapors and fumes below exposure limits.

In cutting or grinding operations with this material, use local exhaust to control the concentration of dust below exposure limits.

Personal Protective Equipment Eye/Face

Protection

Wear safety glasses. Wear coverall chemical splash goggles and face shield when possibility exists for eye or face contact due to splashing or spraying of molten material. A full face mask positive-pressure air-supplied respirator provides protection from eye irritation.

Respirators

A NIOSH/MSHA approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge with a dust/mist filter may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Use a positive-pressure air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

During grinding, sawing, routing, drilling or sanding operations use a NIOSH/MSHA approved air-purifying respirator with dust/mist cartridge or canister if airborne particulate concentrations are expected to exceed permissible exposure levels.

Protective Clothing

If there is potential contact with hot/molten material, wear heat resistant clothing and footwear.

Wear leather or cotton gloves when grinding, sawing, routing, drilling or sanding.

Exposure Guidelines

PEL (OSHA)

: Particulates (Not Otherwise Regulated) 15 mg/m3, 8 Hr. TWA, total dust 5 mg/m3, 8 Hr. TWA, respirable dust

Physical Data

Odor

Melting Point in Water

: 220-228 C (428-442 F) Solubility

: Insoluble : None



Form

: Peliets

Specific Gravity

:>1

Chemical Stability

Stable at normal temperatures and storage conditions.

Conditions to Avoid

Temperatures above 570 F (299 C). Abnormally long processing time or high temperatures can produce irritating and toxic fumes.

Incompatibility with Other Materials

Incompatible or can react with oxidizing agents.

Decomposition

Hazardous gases or vapors can be released, including carbon monoxide, Aldehydes, tetrahydrofuran.

Polymerization

Polymerization will not occur.

Animal Data

Polybutylene Terephthalate

Rats exposed to combustion products exhibited signs of carbon monoxide intoxication.

No animal data are available to define the carcinogenicity, developmental, reproductive or mutagenic hazards of Polybutylene Terephthalate.

Ecotoxicological Information

AQUATIC TOXICITY:

No information is available.

water.

Toxicity is expected to be low based on insolubility in Do not discharge to streams, ponds, lakes or sewers.

Waste Disposal

Preferred options for disposal are (1) recycling, (2) incineration with energy recovery, and (3) landfill.

The high fuel value of this product makes option 2 very desirable for material that cannot be recycled, but incinerator must be capable of scrubbing out acidic combustion products.

Treatment, storage, transportation, and disposal must be in accordance with applicable federal, state/provincial, and local regulations.



Version 1.0

Revision Date 10/27/2015

This SDS adheres to the standards and regulatory requirements of the United States and may not meet the regulatory requirements in other countries.

SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name

PA66 GLASS, MINERAL FILLED Resin

Product Use

Polymer

PA66 G13-110HS
PA66 G33-110HS
PA66 G43-310
PA66 GM38-310
PA66 M40-310
PA66 GM-510
PA66 G13-310
PA66 GF-302RG

Restrictions on use

For manufacturing and researchuse only

Manufacturer/Supplier

Intercontinental Export Import, Inc

8815 Center Park Drive

Suite 400

Columbia MD, 21045

Product Information

+1-410-674-5600

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Product hazard category

Combustible dust

Label content

Pictogram

: notrequired



Signal word

Warning

Hazardous warnings

May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Hazardous prevention

Measures

: not required

Other hazards





Version 1.0

Revision Date 10/27/2015

If small particles are generated during further processing, handling or by other means, may form combustible dust concentrations in air.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

This product does not contain any components that require disclosure according to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 2012.

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice Inhalation

: No applicable data available.

Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of fumes from overheating or combustion. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult,

give oxygen. Call a physician.

Skin contact

The material is not likely to be hazardous byskin contact, but cleaning the skin after use is advisable. Cool skin rapidly with cold water after contact with molten material. Do not peel polymer from the skin. Obtain medical treatment for thermal burn.

Eye contact

: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Call a physician.

Ingestion

: No specific intervention is indicated. Consult a physician if necessary.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute

and delayed

: No applicable data available.

Protection of first-aiders Notes to physician

: No applicable data available. : No applicable data available.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media

: Water, Foam, Dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO2)



Version 1.0

Revision Date 10/27/2015

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

No applicable data available.

Specific hazards

: Combustible . Large molten masses may ignite spontaneouslyin air. Water quenching is good practice. Minimize the generation and accumulation of dust. Failure or malfunction of temperature control systems on processing equipment, such as extruders, may create explosion hazards.

(see also section 10) Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

Further information

: Evacuate personnel and keep upwind of fire.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

NOTE: Review FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES and HANDLING (PERSONNEL) sections before proceeding with clean-up. Use appropriate PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT during clean-up.

Safeguards (Personnel)

: Spilled material is a slipping hazard.

Environmental precautions

: Do not discharge to streams, ponds, lakes or sewers.

Spill Cleanup

: Spills of fine material should be cleaned using gentle sweeping or vacuuming. Cleaning methods (e.g. compressed air) which can generate potentially combustible dust clouds should not be used. Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Use only

non-sparking tools.

Accidental Release Measures

No applicable data available.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling (Personnel)

: Open container only in well-ventilated area. Wash hands thoroughlyafter handling. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at dryers, machinery and at places where dust or volatiles can be generated. Do not breathe dust. Minimize the generation and accumulation of dust. Pneumatic conveying and other mechanical handling operations can generate combustible dust. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not





Version 1.0

Revision Date 10/27/2015

accumulate on surfaces.

Handling (Physical Aspects)

Dust explosion class

Storage

No applicable data available.No applicable data available.

: Store in a cool, dry place. Keep container closed to prevent contamination.

Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers.

Storage period

: No applicable data available.

Storage temperature

:: No applicable data available.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering controls

: General mechanical ventilation is normally adequate but use local exhaust where necessary to maintain exposures below acceptable limits. Use local exhaust to completely remove vapors and furnes liberated during hot processing from the work area.

Personal protective equipment Respiratory protection

Additives in this product do not present a respiration hazard unless the product is ground to a powder of respirable size and the dust is inhaled. All dusts are potentially injurious to the respiratory tract if respirable particles are generated and inhaled. A respiratory protection program that meets country requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant respirator use. Consult the respirator manufacturer to determine the appropriate type of equipment for a given application. Observe respirator use limitations specified by the manufacturer. Consult the OSHA respiratory protection information located at 29CFR 1910.134. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if exposure levels are not known or there are any other circumstances where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Hand protection

: Additional protection: Wear leather or cotton gloves when grinding, sawing, routing, drilling or sanding., When handling hot material, use heat resistant gloves.

Eye protection

Wear safety glasses with side shields. Wear tightly fitting chemical splash goggles and face shield when possibility exists for eye and face contact due to spattering or splashing of molten material. A full-face mask respirator provides protection from eye irritation.

Skin and body protection

: If there is a potential for contact with hot/molten material wear heatresistant clothing and footwear.



Version 1.0

Revision Date 10/27/2015

Exposure Guidelines
Exposure Limit Values

This product does not contain any exposure limits that require disclosure according to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 2012.

Non-Constituent(s)

Dust (inhalable and resp Permissible exposure limit:	irable fraction) (OSHA)	5 mg/m3	8 hr. TWA Respirable fraction.
Permissible exposure limit:	(OSHA)	15 mg/m3	8 hr. TWA Total dust.
TLV	(ACGIH)	3 mg/m3	TWA Respirable particles.
TLV	(ACGIH)	10 mg/m3	TWA Inhalable particles.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance

Physical state

: solid

Form Color : pellets : natural

Odor

none

Odor threshold

No applicable data available.

рΗ

Not applicable

Melting point/freezing point

: Melting point/range > 200 °C (> 392 °F)

Boiling point/boiling range

: Boiling point/boiling range

Not applicable



Version 1.0

Revision Date 10/27/2015

Flash point

Not applicable

Evaporation rate

Not applicable

Flammability (solid, gas)

May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Upper explosion limit

Not applicable

Lower explosion limit

Not applicable

Vapor pressure

Not applicable

Vapor density

Not applicable

Specific gravity (Relative

density)

: >1

Water solubility

insoluble

Solubility(ies)

: No applicable data available.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Not applicable

Auto-ignition temperature

Not applicable

Decomposition temperature

>340 °C

Thermal decomposition of the resin accelerates above temperature listed.

Decomposition can occur below the recommended processing temperature

limit.

Decomposition is a function of both processing temperature and time at that

temperature.

Viscosity, kinematic

Not applicable

Viscosity, dynamic

: Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

: Stable at normal ambient temperature and pressure.



Version 1.0

Revision Date 10/27/2015

Chemical stability

Stable at normal ambient temperature and pressure.

Possibility of hazardous

: Polymerization will not occur.

reactions Conditions to avoid

Temperature > 340 °C (> 644 °F) Avoid prolonged exposure at or above the recommended processing

temperatures.

Decomposes on heating.

At temperatures above the "conditions to avoid" temperature, thermal

decomposition of the resin accelerates.

Decomposition can occur below the recommended processing temperature

Decomposition is a function of both processing temperature and time at that

temperature.

Incompatible materials

Strong acids Strong bases, Strongoxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Hazardous thermal decomposition products may include:

Aldehydes, Nitrogen oxides (NOx), traces of hydrogen cyanide, Ammonia,

Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide, Cyclopentanone

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

PA66 GLASS, MINERAL FILLED Resin

Further information

No data is available on the product itself. For additional toxicity data, write to the company address or call the non-emergency number

shown in Section 1.

Carcinogenicity

The carcinogenicity classifications for this product and/or its ingredients have been determined according to HazCom 2012, Appendix A.6. The classifications may differ from those listed in the National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens (latest edition) or those found to be a potential carcinogen in the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) Monographs (latest edition).

None of the components present in this material at concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% are listed by IARC, NTP, or OSHA, as a carcinogen.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION



Version 1.0

Revision Date 10/27/2015

Additional ecological information

: No data is available on the product itself. Toxicity is expected to be low based on insolubility in water.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods -**Product**

: Preferred options for disposal are recycling or incineration with energy recovery. The high fuel value of this product makes incineration very desirable for material that cannot be recycled. Treatment, storage,

transportation, and disposal must be in accordance with applicable federal,

state/provincial, and local regulations.

Contaminated packaging

: No applicable data available.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

TSCA

: In compliance with TSCA Inventory requirements for commercial purposes.

SARA 313 Regulated Chemical(s)

: This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

PA Right to Know Regulated Chemical(s) : Substances on the Pennsylvania Hazardous Substances List present at a concentration of 1% or more (0.01% for Special Hazardous Substances): None known.

NJ Right to Know Regulated Chemical(s) Substances on the New Jersey Workplace Hazardous Substance List present at a concentration of 1% or more (0.1% for substances identified as carcinogens, mutagens or teratogens): None known.

California Prop. 65

: Chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or





Version 1.0

Revision Date 10/27/2015

any other harm: none known

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Restrictions for use

Do not use Niche materials in medical applications involving implantation in the human body or contact with internal body fluids or tissues unless the material has been provided from Niche under a written contract that is consistent with Niche policy regarding medical applications and expressly acknowledges the contemplated use. For further information, please contact your Niche representative.

Refer to NFPA 654, Standard for the Prevention of Fire and Dust Explosions from the Manufacturing, Processing, and Handling of Combustible Particulate Solids, for safe handling.

Revision Date

: 10/27/2015

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

Significant change from previous version is denoted with a double bar.





SAFETY DATASHEET PA66 RESIN

Version 1.0

Revision Date 10/27/2015

This SDS adheres to the standards and regulatory requirements of the United States and may not meet the regulatory requirements in other countries.

SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name Product Use PA66 Resin

Polymer

PA66 NG-105 PA66 NG-111 PA66 NG-101RG

PA66 NG-110 PA66 HI-110 PA66 MI-310 PA66 NG-310 PA66 NG-310 PA66 120L-A PA66 120L-B PA66 120L-C PA66 AB-120UC PA66 AB-520C PA66 120

Restrictions on use

For manufacturing and researchuse only

Manufacturer/Supplier

Intercontinental Export Import, inc

8815 Center Park Drive

Suite 400

Columbia MD, 21045

Product Information

+1-410-674-5600

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION



SAFETY DATA SHEET PA66 RESIN

Product hazard category Combustible dust

Label content

Pictogram

notrequired

Signal word

: Warning

Hazardous warnings

May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Hazardous prevention

Measures

not required

Other hazards





SAFETY DATA SHEET **PA66 RESIN**

Version 1.0

Revision Date 10/27/2015

If small particles are generated during further processing, handling or by other means, may form combustible dust concentrations in air.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

This product does not contain any components that require disclosure according to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 2012.

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice Inhalation

: No applicable data available.

Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of fumes from overheating or combustion. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Call a physician.

Skin contact

The material is not likely to be hazardous byskin contact, but cleaning the skin after use is advisable. Cool skin rapidly with cold water after contact with molten material. Do not peel polymer from the skin. Obtain medical treatment for thermal burn.

Eye contact

: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Call a physician.

Ingestion

: No specific intervention is indicated. Consult a physician ifnecessary.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute

and delayed

Protection of first-aiders Notes to physician

: No applicable data available.

: No applicable data available. No applicable data available.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

: Water, Foam, Dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO2) Suitable extinguishing media



SAFETY DATA SHEET **PA66 RESIN**

Version 1.0

Revision Date 10/27/2015

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

No applicable data available.

Specific hazards

Combustible . Large molten masses may ignite spontaneouslyin air. Water quenching is good practice. Minimize the generation and accumulation of dust. Failure or malfunction of temperature control systems on processing equipment, such as extruders, may create explosion hazards.

(see also section 10) Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

Further information

: Evacuate personnel and keep upwind of fire.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

NOTE: Review FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES and HANDLING (PERSONNEL) sections before proceeding with clean-up. Use appropriate PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT during clean-up.

Safeguards (Personnei)

: Spilled material is a slipping hazard.

Environmental precautions

: Do not discharge to streams, ponds, lakes or sewers.

Spill Cleanup

: Spills of fine material should be cleaned using gentle sweeping orvacuuming. Cleaning methods (e.g. compressed air) which can generate potentially combustible dust clouds should not be used. Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Use only

non-sparking tools.

Accidental Release Measures : No applicable data available.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling (Personnel)

: Open container only in well-ventilated area. Wash hands thoroughlyafter handling. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at dryers, machinery and at places where dust or volatiles can be generated. Do not breathe dust. Minimize the generation and accumulation of dust. Pneumatic conveying and other mechanical handling operations can generate combustible dust. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not





Revision Date 10/27/2015

accumulate on surfaces.

Handling (Physical Aspects)

Dust explosion class

Storage

No applicable data available.No applicable data available.

: Store in a cool, dry place. Keep container closed to prevent contamination.

Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers.

Storage period

: No applicable data available.

Storage temperature

No applicable data available.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering controls

: General mechanical ventilation is normally adequate but use local exhaust where necessary to maintain exposures below acceptable limits. Use local exhaust to completely remove vapors and fumes liberated during hot processing from the work area.

Personal protective equipment Respiratory protection

Additives in this product do not present a respiration hazard unless the product is ground to a powder of respirable size and the dust is inhaled. All dusts are potentially injurious to the respiratory tract if respirable particles are generated and inhaled. A respiratory protection program that meets country requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant respirator use. Consult the respirator manufacturer to determine the appropriate type of equipment for a given application. Observe respirator use limitations specified by the manufacturer. Consult the OSHA respiratory protection information located at 29CFR 1910.134. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if exposure levels are not known or there are any other circumstances where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Hand protection

: Additional protection: Wear leather or cotton gloves when grinding, sawing, routing, drilling or sanding., When handling hot material, use heat resistant gloves.

Eye protection

: Wear safety glasses with side shields. Wear tightly fitting chemical splash goggles and face shield when possibility exists for eye and face contact due to spattering or splashing of molten material. A full-face mask respirator provides protection from eye irritation.

Skin and body protection

: If there is a potential for contact with hot/molten material wear heatresistant clothing and footwear.





Revision Date 10/27/2015

Exposure Guidelines
Exposure Limit Values

This product does not contain any exposure limits that require disclosure according to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 2012.

Non-Constituent(s)

Dust (inhalable and res Permissible exposure limit:	pirable fraction) (OSHA)	5 mg/m3	8 hr. TWA Respirable fraction.
Permissible exposure limit:	(OSHA)	15 mg/m3	8 hr. TWA Total dust.
TLV	(ACGIH)	3 mg/m3	TWA Respirable particles.
TLV	(ACGIH)	10 mg/m3	TWA Inhalable particles.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance

Physical state

: solid

Form

: pellets

Color

: natural

Odor

none

Odor threshold

: No applicable data available.

pН

: Not applicable

Melting point/freezing point

: Melting point/range > 200 °C (> 392 °F)

Boiling point/boiling range

: Boiling point/boiling range

Not applicable







Revision Date 10/27/2015

Flash point

Not applicable

Evaporation rate

: Not applicable

Flammability (solid, gas)

: May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Upper explosion limit

Not applicable

Lower explosion limit

: Not applicable

Vapor pressure

: Not applicable

Vapor density

: Not applicable

Specific gravity (Relative

density)

> 1

Water solubility

: insoluble

Solubility(ies)

: No applicable data available.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable

Auto-ignition temperature

Not applicable

Decomposition temperature

>340 °C

Thermal decomposition of the resin accelerates above temperature listed.

Decomposition can occur below the recommended processing temperature

limit.

Decomposition is a function of both processing temperature and time at that

temperature.

Viscosity, kinematic

: Not applicable

Viscosity, dynamic

: Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

: Stable at normal ambient temperature and pressure.









Revision Date 10/27/2015

Chemical stability

: Stable at normal ambient temperature and pressure.

Possibility of hazardous

: Polymerization will not occur.

reactions Conditions to avoid

Temperature > 340 °C (> 644 °F)

Avoid prolonged exposure at or above the recommended processing

temperatures.

Decomposes on heating.

At temperatures above the "conditions to avoid" temperature, thermal

decomposition of the resin accelerates.

Decomposition can occur below the recommended processing temperature

limit.

Decomposition is a function of both processing temperature and time at that

temperature.

Incompatible materials

Strong acids Strong bases, Strongoxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Hazardous thermal decomposition products may include:

Aldehydes, Nitrogen oxides (NOx), traces of hydrogen cyanide, Ammonia,

Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide, Cyclopentanone

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

PA66 Resin

Further information

No data is available on the product itself. For additional toxicity data, write to the company address or call the non-emergency number

shown in Section 1.

Carcinogenicity

The carcinogenicity classifications for this product and/or its ingredients have been determined according to HazCom 2012, Appendix A.6. The classifications may differ from those listed in the National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens (latest edition) or those found to be a potential carcinogen in the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) Monographs (latest edition).

None of the components present in this material at concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% are listed by IARC, NTP, or OSHA, as a carcinogen.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION



SAFETY DATASHEET PAGE RESIN

Version 1.0

Revision Date 10/27/2015

Additional ecological information

No data is available on the product itself. Toxicity is expected to be low based on insolubility in water.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods - Product : Preferred options for disposal are recycling or incineration with energy recovery. The high fuel value of this product makes incineration very desirable for material that cannot be recycled. Treatment, storage, transportation, and disposal must be in accordance with applicable federal, state/provincial, and local regulations.

Contaminated packaging

: No applicable data available.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

TSCA

: In compliance with TSCA Inventory requirements for commercial purposes.

SARA 313 Regulated Chemical(s)

: This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

PA Right to Know Regulated Chemical(s) Substances on the Pennsylvania Hazardous Substances List present at a concentration of 1% or more (0.01% for Special Hazardous Substances):

None known.

NJ Right to Know Regulated Chemical(s) : Substances on the New Jersey Workplace Hazardous Substance List present at a concentration of 1% or more (0.1% for substances identified as carcinogens, mutagens or teratogens): None known.

California Prop. 65

: Chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or





SAFETY DATA SHEET PA66 RESIN

Version 1.0

Revision Date 10/27/2015

any other harm: none known

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Restrictions for use

Do not use Niche materials in medical applications involving implantation in the human body or contact with internal body fluids or tissues unless the material has been provided from Niche under a written contract that is consistent with Niche policy regarding medical applications and expressly acknowledges the contemplated use. For further information, please contact your Niche representative.

Refer to NFPA 654, Standard for the Prevention of Fire and Dust Explosions from the Manufacturing, Processing, and Handling of Combustible Particulate Solids, for safe handling.

Revision Date

: 10/27/2015

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

Significant change from previous version is denoted with a double bar.





Product Type: Nylon 612 Glass Mineral Filled

Product Grade: PA612 G33-110 PA612 G33-310

Company

Identificati

on

MANUFACT

URER/DIST

RIBUTOR

PHONE NUMBERS: 410-674-5600

Components

Material	CAS Number	%
NYLON 612	26098-55-5	>55
FIBERGLASS		<45
COLORANTS, LUBRICANTS, STABILIZERS		<2

Components (Remarks)

Material is not known to contain Toxic Chemicals under Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR parts 372.

(COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS - Continued)

Additives in this product do not present a respiration hazard unless the product is ground to a powder of respirable size and the dust is inhaled.

All dusts are potentially injurious to the respiratory tract if respirable particles are generated and inhaled in sufficiently high concentrations.

Good industrial hygiene practices, as with all dusts, should include precautions to prevent inhalation of respirable particles.

Potential Health Effects

ADDITIONAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Read the datasheet for this product or the moiding guide for this resin family.

Nylon 612

No adverse effects are expected from occupational exposure.

Significant skin permeation after contact appears unlikely. are no reports of human sensitization.

There

FIBERGLASS

The mechanical action of the sharp fibers from Fiber Glass may cause skin irritation with discomfort or rash.





Eye contact with Fiber Glass particles may cause mechanical eye irritation with discomfort, tearing, or blurring of vision.

Inhalation of Fiber Glass particles may cause irritation of the upper respiratory passages, with coughing and discomfort.

Results from epidemiology studies suggest no causal relationship between Fiber Glass exposure and cancer.

One epidemiology study does indicate a slight increase in lung cancer deaths.

The evidence that fiber glass is related to these increased lung cancer deaths is considered weak.

Individuals with preexisting diseases of the lungs may have increased susceptibility to the toxicity of excessive exposures.

Carcinogenicity Information

None of the components present in this material at concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% are listed by IARC, NTP, OSHA or ACGIH as a carcinogen.

First Aid

INHALATION

No specific intervention is Indicated as the compound is not likely to be hazardous by inhalation. Consult a physician if necessary. If exposed to fumes from overheating or combustion, move to fresh air. Consult a physician if symptoms persist.

SKIN CONTACT

The compound is not likely to be hazardous by skin contact, but cleansing the skin after use is advisable. If molten polymer gets on skin, cool rapidly with cold water. Do not attempt to peel polymer from skin. Obtain medical treatment for thermal burn.

EYE CONTACT

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.

Call a physician.

INGESTION

No specific intervention is indicated as compound is not likely to be hazardous by ingestion.

Flammable Properties

Flash Point : Not Applicable Fire

and Explosion Hazards:

Large molten masses may ignite spontaneously in air. Water quenching of such masses is good practice.

Hazardous gases/vapors produced in fire are ammonia, carbon monoxide, traces of hydrogen cyanide, Aldehydes.

Extinguishing Media

Water, Foam, Dry Chemical, CO2.

Fire Fighting Instructions

Keep personnel removed and upwind of fire.

Wear self-contained





breathing apparatus.

Safeguards (Personnel)

NOTE: Review FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES and HANDLING (PERSONNEL)
Sections before proceeding with clean-up.
Use appropriate
PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT during clean-up.

Spill Clean Up

Sweep up to avoid slipping hazard.

Handling (Personnel)

See FIRST AID and PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT SECTIONS.

Storage

Store In a cool, dry place. Keep containers tightly closed to prevent moisture absorption and contamination.

Engineering Controls

VENTILATION When hot processing this material, use local and/or general exhaust ventilation to control the concentration of vapors and fumes below exposure limits.

In cutting or grinding operations with this material, use local exhaust to control the concentration of dust below exposure limits.

Personal Protective Equipment Eye/Face

Protection

Wear safety glasses. Wear coverall chemical splash goggles and face shield when possibility exists for eye or face contact due to splashing or spraying of molten material. A full face mask positive-pressure air-supplied respirator provides protection from eye irritation.

Respirators

A NIOSH/MSHA approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge with a dust/mist filter may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Use a positive-pressure air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

(EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION - Continued)

During grinding, sawing, routing, drilling or sanding operations use a NIOSH/MSHA approved air-purifying respirator with dust/mist cartridge or canister if airborne particulate concentrations are expected to exceed permissible exposure levels.

Protective Clothing

If there is potential contact with hot/molten material, wear heat resistant clothing and footwear.

Wear leather or cotton gloves when grinding, sawing, routing, drilling or sanding.





Exposure Guidelines

Exposure Limits

"ZYTEL" NYLON RESINS ON SYNONYM LIST ZYT190

PEL (OSHA) : Particulates (Not Otherwise Regulated)

15 mg/m3, 8 Hr. TWA, total dust 5 mg/m3, 8 Hr. TWA, respirable dust

Other Applicable Exposure Limits FIBERGLASS

PEL (OSHA) : None Established

TLV (ACGIH) : 5 mg/m3, 8 Hr.TWA, inhalable particulate

A4

Physical Data

Melting Point :>200 C (>392 F)
Solubility in Water : Insoluble
Odor : None
Form : Pellets.
Specific Gravity :>1

Chemical Stability

Stable at normal temperatures and storage conditions.

Conditions to Avoid

Temperatures above 340 C (644 F).

Incompatibility with Other Materials

Incompatible or can react with strong acids, oxidizing agents.

Decomposition

Hazardous gases or vapors can be released, including Cyclopentanone, carbon monoxide, Aldehydes, ammonia.

Polymerization

Polymerization will not occur.

Animal Data

Nylon 612

Oral LD50: > 10,000 mg/kg in rats

Nylon 612 is not a skin irritant or eye irritant in animal tests.

Nylon 612 caused no adverse effects when administered to animals in their diets for 13 weeks.

No animal test reports are available to define carcinogenic, mutagenic, developmental, or reproductive hazards.

Fiber Glass

Skin irritation and mild eye irritation occurs in animals, but these effects are attributed primarily to mechanical damage rather than a chemical effect.

The effects in mice from single exposure by intratrachael instillation with Fiber Glass include an inflammatory response. Repeated inhalation exposures invoked pulmonary macrophage



reactions similar to biologically inert dusts.

(TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION - Continued)

Tests in some animals with Fiber Glass demonstrate carcinogenic activity. However, these studies were by artificial implantation or injection of fine glass fibers into the chest, abdominal cavity, or trachea and are judged to be irrelevant to industrial exposure.

Chronic inhalation exposure of animals to fiber glass at low concentrations produced minimal fibrosis in one study and no adverse effects in a different study.

No animal test reports are available to define mutagenic, developmental, or reproductive hazards.

Ecotoxicological Information

AQUATIC TOXICITY:

No information is available. water.

Toxicity is expected to be low based on insolubility in Do not discharge to streams, ponds, lakes or sewers.

Waste Disposal

Preferred options for disposal are (1) recycling, (2) incineration with energy recovery, and (3) landfill.

The high fuel value of this product makes option 2 very desirable for material that cannot be recycled, but incinerator must be capable of scrubbing out acidic combustion products.

Treatment, storage, transportation, and disposal must be in accordance with applicable federal, state/provincial, and local regulations.

Shipping Information

Not regulated in transportation by DOT/IMO/IATA.

U.S. Federal Regulations

TSCA Inventory Status

In compliance with TSCA Inventory
Requirements for commercial purposes.

End of MSDS



Product Type: Nylon 612

Product Grade:

PA612 NG-110

PA612 NG-310

PA612 501RG

PA612 F-500

PA612 MAU

PA612 F-120

PA612 F-520

PA612 GF-520SP

PA612 NG-120

PA612 NG-150

PA612 120L

ZYTEL 158L

Company Identification

MANUFACTURER/DISTRIBUTOR

PHONE NUMBERS: 410-674-5600

Components

Material
POLYHEXAMETHYLENE DODECANAMIDE
LUBRICANTS, STABILIZERS

CAS Number 26098-55-5

% 97

0-3

Components (Remarks)

Material is not known to contain Toxic Chemicals under Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR parts 372.

Additives in this product do not present a respiration hazard unless the product is ground to a powder of respirable size and the dust is inhaled.

All dusts are potentially injurious to the respiratory tract if respirable particles are generated and inhaled in sufficiently high concentrations.

Good industrial hygiene practices, as with all dusts, should include precautions to prevent inhalation of respirable particles.

Potential Health Effects

ADDITIONAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Read the datasheet for this product or the molding guide for this resin family.

POLYHEXAMETHYLENE DODECANAMIDE (Nylon 612)

No adverse effects are expected from occupational exposure.

Significant skin permeation after contact appears unlikely. are no reports of human sensitization.

There

Carcinogenicity Information



None of the components present in this material at concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% are listed by IARC, NTP, OSHA or ACGIH as a carcinogen.

First Aid

INHALATION

No specific intervention is indicated as the compound is not likely to be hazardous by inhalation. Consult a physician if necessary. If exposed to fumes from overheating or combustion, move to fresh air. Consult a physician if symptoms persist.

SKIN CONTACT

The compound is not likely to be hazardous by skin contact, but cleansing the skin after use is advisable. If molten polymer gets on skin, cool rapidly with cold water. Do not attempt to peel polymer from skin. Obtain medical treatment for thermal burn.

EYE CONTACT

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.

Call a physician.

INGESTION

No specific intervention is indicated as compound is not likely to be hazardous by ingestion.

Flammable Properties

Flash Point

: Not Applicable Fire

and Explosion Hazards:

Like most organic materials in powder form, dust generated from this product may form a flammable dust-air mixture.

Potential for a dust explosion may exist. Minimize the generation and accumulation of dust. Keep away from sources of ignition.

Large molten masses may ignite spontaneously in air. quenching of such masses is good practice.

Water

Hazardous gases/vapors produced in fire are ammonia, carbon monoxide, traces of hydrogen cyanide, Aldehydes.

Extinguishing Media

Water, Foam, Dry Chemical, CO2.

Fire Fighting Instructions

Keep personnel removed and upwind of fire. breathing apparatus.

Wear self-contained

Safeguards (Personnel)

NOTE: Review FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES and HANDLING (PERSONNEL)
Sections before proceeding with clean-up.
Use appropriate
PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT during clean-up.

Spili Clean Up

Spilled material is a slipping hazard. Sweep up to avoid

slipping hazard.



Handling (Personnel)

See FIRST AID and PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT SECTIONS.

Handling (Physical Aspects)

Minimize the generation and accumulation of dust.

Storage

Store in a cool, dry place. Keep containers tightly closed to prevent moisture absorption and contamination.

Engineering Controls

VENTILATION When hot processing this material, use local and/or general exhaust ventilation to control the concentration of vapors and fumes below exposure limits.

In cutting or grinding operations with this material, use local exhaust to control the concentration of dust below exposure limits.

Personal Protective Equipment Eye/Face

Protection

Wear safety glasses. Wear coverall chemical splash goggles and face shield when possibility exists for eye or face contact due to splashing or spraying of molten material. A full face mask positive-pressure air-supplied respirator provides protection from eye irritation.

Respirators

A NIOSH/MSHA approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge with a dust/mist filter may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Use a positive-pressure air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

During grinding, sawing, routing, drilling or sanding operations use a NIOSH/MSHA approved air-purifying respirator with dust/mist cartridge or canister if airborne particulate concentrations are expected to exceed permissible exposure levels.

Protective Clothing

If there is potential contact with hot/molten material, wear heat resistant clothing and footwear.

Wear leather or cotton gloves when grinding, sawing, routing, drilling or sanding.

Exposure Guidelines

Exposure Limits
PEL (OSHA)

: Particulates (Not Otherwise Regulated) 15 mg/m3, 8 Hr. TWA, total dust 5 mg/m3, 8 Hr. TWA, respirable dust

Physical Data

Odor

Melting Point Solubility in Water :>200 C (>392 F)

: Insoluble : None



Form

: Pellets

Specific Gravity

:>1

Chemical Stability

Stable at normal temperatures and storage conditions.

Conditions to Avoid

Temperatures above 340 C (644 F).

Incompatibility with Other Materials

Incompatible or can react with strong acids, oxidizing agents.

Decomposition

Hazardous gases or vapors can be released, including carbon monoxide, ammonia, and hydrogen cyanide.

Polymerization

Polymerization will not occur.

Animal Data

Nylon 612

Oral LD50:

> 10,000 mg/kg in rats

Nylon 612 is not a skin irritant or eye irritant in animal tests.

Nylon 612 caused no adverse effects when administered to animals in their diets for 13 weeks.

No animal test reports are available to define carcinogenic, mutagenic, developmental, or reproductive hazards.

Ecotoxicological Information

AQUATIC TOXICITY:

No information is available.

water.

Toxicity is expected to be low based on insolubility in Do not discharge to streams, ponds, lakes or sewers.

Waste Disposal

Preferred options for disposal are (1) recycling, (2) incineration with energy recovery, and (3) landfill.

The high fuel value of this product makes option 2 very desirable for material that cannot be recycled, but incinerator must be capable of scrubbing out acidic combustion products.

Treatment, storage, transportation, and disposal must be in accordance with applicable federal, state/provincial, and local regulations.



1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Trade Name: Nylon 610

Grade Name: PA610 MAU PA610 NG-110

2 HAZARDSIDENTIFICATION

GHSClassification

Not classified or Not applicable

Other Hazards

Dust can occur through abrasion if granulates are subjected to mechanical loading.

Risk of skin burns caused by hot mett. Dust can form explosive mixtures with air.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON

INGREDIENTS Substance/Nature

chemical

substance

Chemical Nature

moldingcompoundonthebase: polyamide610

Information on ingredients

(Component)	(Contents%)	(CASNo.)	(METI)
Polyamide610	95-100		Listed
Stabilizer, others	0-5		Listed

Other information

This sheet describes a group of products. It only contains safety-relevant

data. For specific data see Product Information sheet.

4. FIRST AIDMEASURES

Description of first aid

measures

Pay attention to self-

protection. Remove victims

from hazardous area.

Keep warm, positioncomfortably, and cover well.

Do not leave affected persons unattended.

Inhalation

In case of symptoms of irritation caused by vapor in thermal processing:

provide fresh air, seek medical advice if necessary.

Following inhalation of product dust: See that there is fresh air.

Skin contact

Cool melted production skin with plenty of water. Do not remove solidified product.

In case of burns by molten product medical treatment is necessary.

Eye contact

Rinse with plenty of water.



5. FIRE-FIGHTINGMEASURES

Sultable extinguishing media Watersplay, form, CO2, drypowder

Special hazards arising

From the substance or mixture Maybereleasedincaseoffire: Carbonmonoxide, carbondioxide, nitricoxides, organic products of decomposition.

Under certain fire conditions, trace of other toxic product may occur.

Special protective equipment

Forfire-fighters

Have ready/wear respiratory protection equipment.



6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment

And emergency procedures Incase of product dust is released: Dust mask

Environmental precautions Should not be released into the environment.

Methods and material

For containment and cleaning up

Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect insuitable container for

disposal.

Avoid dust formulation.

7. HANDLING AND

STORAGE

Handling

Precautions for safe handling Avoid dust formulation.

Provide for appropriate exhaust ventilation and dust collection at machinery.

In case of thermal processing, provide for extraction of vapors or adequate ventilation.

Advice on protection against Normal measures for preventive fire protection.

fire and explosion

If dusts are formed; Take precautionary measures against static charges, keep away from sources of ignition.

Storage

Conditions for safe storage, Store dry. Close container tightly including any incompatibilities.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering measure

In case of thermal processing, provide for extraction of the vapor or adequate ventilation.

In case of dust being formed, provide for adequate extraction.

Control parameters

No data available.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

Thewearingofadustmaskissufficientintheeventofdustoccurring, operation

E.g. during conveyance of the granulate or filter cleaning operation. Do not inhale vapors from hot

product.

Should vapors inadvertently manage to permeate into the surrounding air during thermal

processing,

Then gas masks fitted with filters designed to combat organic vapors (e.g.A2)

or breathing apparatus with an or breathing apparatus with

independent air supply are to be worn.

Hand protection

The wearing of protective gloves is not required if the granulate in question is handled at room temperature. Any areas of skin covered with dust must be washed immediately

with soap and water as the powder draws out natural moisture from the skin.

Use barrier cream regularly.

Protective heat insulating gloves are to be used during thermal processing.

Eye protection

Safety glasses

Hygiene protection

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application areas.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL

DDODEDTIES Annearance

information on basic physical and

chemical properties pH Not

applicable

Melting point/range

200-225°C

Boiling point/range Flashpoint

Not applicable Not applicable

ignition temperature

>350°C

Thermal decomposition >300°C

Explosiveness

Vapor pressure

not applicable

Density

1.0-1.2 g/cm3(30°C)

Water solubility

Insoluble

Further information

Other information

The range of values given complies with the variation range of the

if dust develops, explosive dust/air mixture may form.

product group.

The specific physical chemical data can be available in the product information.

19. STABILITYANDREACTIVITY

Reactivity

Stable

Chemicals Stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Do not bring hot smelter into contact with water (steam formation!)

Conditions to avoid

Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

Hazardous decomposition product

Decomposition products in combustion, chemicalorthermaldecomposition:

Carbon monoxide, carbondioxide, nitrogen oxides

(NOx), organic products of decomposition

11. TOXICOLOGICALINFORMATION

Further Information

No harmful effects have become known as yet.

12 ECOLOGICALINFORMATION

Further Information on ecology The product is a water-insoluble, solid polymer which, under environmental

conditions, is not expected to have a detrimental effects on plants, animals or

microorganisms.

13. DISPOSALCONSIDERATIONS

Product

With respect to local regulations, e.g. dispose of to suitable waste incineration plant.

14. TRANSPORTINFORMATION

Not dangerous according to transport regulations.

15. REGULATORY





National Legislation

15. OTHERINFORMATION Further information

The information provided in the Safety Data Sheet is corrected to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the data of publication. The information given is designed only as guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.



SAFETY DATA SHEET PA6 RESIN

Version 1.0

Revision Date 10/27/2015

This SDS adheres to the standards and regulatory requirements of the United States and may not meet the regulatory requirements in other countries.

SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name

PA6 Resin

Product Use

Polymer

PA6 NG-110 PA6 R95N PA6 R70N PA6 R50N

PA6 R50N PA6 R60N PA6 R40N PA6 R50BK

PA6 8202 NC PA6 NG-101RG PA6 MAU

PA6 120L PA6 NG-120 PA6 100F PA6 100L PA6 NG-120C

Restrictions on use

For manufacturing and research use only

Manufacturer/Supplier

Intercontinental Export Import, Inc

8815 Center Park Drive

Suite 400

Columbia MD, 21045

Product Information

: +1-410-674-5600

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION



SAFETY DATA SHEET **PA6 RESIN**

Product hazard category Combustible dust

Label content

Pictogram

: notrequired

Signal word

: Warning

Hazardous warnings

May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Hazardous prevention

Measures

: not required

Other hazards



SAFETY DATA SHEET PAG RESIN

Version 1.0

Revision Date 10/27/2015

If small particles are generated during further processing, handling or by other means, may form combustible dust concentrations in air.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

This product does not contain any components that require disclosure according to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 2012.

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice Inhalation

: No applicable data available.

: Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of fumes from overheating or combustion. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult,

give oxygen. Call a physician.

Skin contact

: The material is not likely to be hazardous byskin contact, but cleaning the skin after use is advisable. Cool skin rapidly with cold water after contact with molten material. Do not peel polymer from the skin. Obtain medical treatment

for thermal burn.

Eye contact

: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15

minutes. Call a physician.

Ingestion

: No specific intervention is indicated. Consult a physician if necessary.

Most important

symptoms/effects, acute

and delayed

Protection of first-aiders Notes to physician : No applicable data available.

No applicable data available.No applicable data available.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media

: Water, Foam, Dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO2)



SAFETY DATA SHEET **PA6 RESIN**

Version 1.0

Revision Date 10/27/2015

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

No applicable data available.

Specific hazards

: Combustible. Large molten masses may ignite spontaneouslyin air. Water quenching is good practice. Minimize the generation and accumulation of dust. Failure or malfunction of temperature control systems on processing equipment, such as extruders, may create explosion hazards.

(see also section 10) Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

Further information

: Evacuate personnel and keep upwind of fire.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

NOTE: Review FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES and HANDLING (PERSONNEL) sections before proceeding with clean-up. Use appropriate PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT during clean-up.

Safeguards (Personnel)

: Spilled material is a slipping hazard.

Environmental precautions

: Do not discharge to streams, ponds, lakes or sewers.

Spill Cleanup

 Spills of fine material should be cleaned using gentle sweeping or vacuuming. Cleaning methods (e.g. compressed air) which can generate potentially combustible dust clouds should not be used. Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Use only

non-sparking tools.

Accidental Release Measures : No applicable data available.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling (Personnel)

: Open container only in well-ventilated area. Wash hands thoroughlyafter handling. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at dryers, machinery and at places where dust or volatiles can be generated. Do not breathe dust. Minimize the generation and accumulation of dust. Pneumatic conveying and other mechanical handling operations can generate combustible dust. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not





Revision Date 10/27/2015

accumulate on surfaces.

Handling (Physical Aspects)

: No applicable data

available. Dust explosion class : No applicable data

available.

Storage

Store in a cool, dry place. Keep container closed to prevent contamination.

Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers.

Storage period

No applicable data available.

Storage temperature

: No applicable data available.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering controls

: General mechanical ventilation is normally adequate but use local exhaust where necessary to maintain exposures below acceptable limits. Use local exhaust to completely remove vapors and fumes liberated during hot processing from the work area.

Personal protective equipment Respiratory protection

: Additives in this product do not present a respiration hazard unless the product is ground to a powder of respirable size and the dust is inhaled. All dusts are potentially injurious to the respiratory tract if respirable particles are generated and inhaled. A respiratory protection program that meets country requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant respirator use. Consult the respirator manufacturer to determine the appropriate type of equipment for a given application. Observe respirator use limitations specified by the manufacturer. Consult the OSHA respiratory protection information located at 29CFR 1910.134. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if exposure levels are not known or there are any other circumstances where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate

protection.

Hand protection

: Additional protection: Wear leather or cotton gloves when grinding, sawing, routing, drilling or sanding., When handling hot material, use heat resistant gloves.

Eye protection

: Wear safety glasses with side shields. Wear tightly fitting chemical splash goggles and face shield when possibility exists for eye and face contact due to spattering or splashing of molten material. A full-face mask respirator provides protection from eye irritation.

clothing and footwear.





SAFETY DATASHEET **PA6 RESIN**

Skin and body protection

: If there is a potential for contact with hot/molten material wear heatresistant

clothing and footwear.







Revision Date 10/27/2015

Exposure Guidelines
Exposure Limit Values

This product does not contain any exposure limits that require disclosure according to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 2012.

Non-Constituent(s)

Dust (inhalable and res Permissible exposure limit:	spirable fraction) (OSHA)	5 mg/m3	8 hr. TWA Respirable fraction.
Permissible exposure limit:	(OSHA)	15 mg/m3	8 hr. TWA Total dust.
TLV	(ACGIH)	3 mg/m3	TWA Respirable particles.
TLV	(ACGIH)	10 mg/m3	TWA Inhalable particles.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance

Physical state : solid Form : pellets

Color : natural

Odor : none

Odor threshold : No applicable data available.

pH : Notapplicable

Melting point/freezing point : Melting point/range > 200 °C (> 392 °F)

Boiling point/boiling range : Boiling point/boiling range

Not applicable







Revision Date 10/27/2015

Flash point : Not applicable

Evaporation rate : Not applicable

Flammability (solid, gas) : May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Upper explosion limit Not applicable

Lower explosion limit : Not applicable

Vapor pressure : Not applicable

Vapor density : Notapplicable

Specific gravity (Relative

density)

> 1

Water solubility Insoluble

Solubility(ies) : No applicable data available.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanoi/water

Not applicable

Auto-ignition temperature : Not applicable

Decomposition temperature : >340 ℃

Thermal decomposition of the resin accelerates above temperature listed.

Decomposition can occur below the recommended processing temperature

limit.

Decomposition is a function of both processing temperature and time at that

temperature.

Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable

Viscosity, dynamic : Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Stable at normal ambient temperature and pressure.





Revision Date 10/27/2015

Chemical stability

Stable at normal ambient temperature and pressure.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Conditions to avoid

: Polymerization will not occur.

Temperature > 340 °C (> 644 °F)

Avoid prolonged exposure at or above the recommended processing

temperatures.

Decomposes on heating.

At temperatures above the "conditions to avoid" temperature, thermal

decomposition of the resin accelerates.

Decomposition can occur below the recommended processing temperature

limit.

Decomposition is a function of both processing temperature and time at that

temperature.

Incompatible materials

: Strong acids Strong bases, Strongoxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Hazardous thermal decomposition products may include:

Aldehydes, Nitrogen oxides (NOx), traces of hydrogen cyanide, Ammonia,

Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide, Cyclopentanone

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

PA6 Resin

Further information

No data is available on the product itself. For additional toxicity data, write to the company address or call the non-emergency number

shown in Section 1.

Carcinogenicity

The carcinogenicity classifications for this product and/or its ingredients have been determined according to HazCom 2012, Appendix A.6. The classifications may differ from those listed in the National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens (latest edition) or those found to be a potential carcinogen in the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) Monographs (latest edition).

None of the components present in this material at concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% are listed by IARC, NTP, or OSHA, as a carcinogen.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION





SAFETY DATA SHEET PAG RESIN

Version 1.0

Revision Date 10/27/2015

Additional ecological information

No data is available on the product itself. Toxicity is expected to be low based on insolubility in water.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods - Product : Preferred options for disposal are recycling or incineration with energy recovery. The high fuel value of this product makes incineration very desirable for material that cannot be recycled. Treatment, storage, transportation, and disposal must be in accordance with applicable federal, state/provincial, and local regulations.

Contaminated packaging

: No applicable data available.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

TSCA

: In compliance with TSCA Inventory requirements for commercial purposes.

SARA 313 Regulated Chemical(s)

: This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

PA Right to Know Regulated Chemical(s)

: Substances on the Pennsylvania Hazardous Substances List present at a concentration of 1% or more (0.01% for Special Hazardous Substances): None known.

NJ Right to Know Regulated Chemical(s) : Substances on the New Jersey Workplace Hazardous Substance List present at a concentration of 1% or more (0.1% for substances identified as carcinogens, mutagens or teratogens): None known.

California Prop. 65

: Chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or





SAFETY DATA SHEET PAG RESIN

Version 1.0

Revision Date 10/27/2015

any other harm: none known

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Restrictions for use

: Do not use Niche materials in medical applications involving implantation in the human body or contact with internal body fluids or tissues unless the material has been provided from Niche under a written contract that is consistent with Niche policy regarding medical applications and expressly acknowledges the contemplated use. For further information, please contact your Niche representative.

Refer to NFPA 654, Standard for the Prevention of Fire and Dust Explosions from the Manufacturing, Processing, and Handling of Combustible Particulate Solids, for safe handling.

Revision Date

: 10/27/2015

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

Significant change from previous version is denoted with a double bar.



SAFETY DATA SHEETPA6GLASS, MINERAL FILLED RESIN

Version 1.0

Revision Date 10/27/2015

This SDS adheres to the standards and regulatory requirements of the United States and may not meet the regulatory requirements in other countries.

SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name

PA6 GLASS, MINERAL FILLED Resin

Product Use

Polymer

PA6 G13-110 PA6 G33-110 PA6 G43-110

Restrictions on use

For manufacturing and research use only

Manufacturer/Supplier

Intercontinental Export Import, Inc

8815 Center Park Drive

Suite 400

Columbia MD, 21045

Product Information

+1-410-674-5600

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Product hazard category

Combustible dust

Label content

Pictogram

notrequired

Signal word

: Warning

Hazardous warnings

: May form combustible dust concentrations in air.



SAFETY DATA SHEET PA6GLASS, MINERAL FILLED RESIN

Hazardous prevention

: not required

Measures

Other hazards







SAFETY DATA SHEET PA6GLASS, MINERAL FILLED RESIN

Version 1.0

Revision Date 10/27/2015

If small particles are generated during further processing, handling or by other means, may form combustible dust concentrations in air.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

This product does not contain any components that require disclosure according to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 2012.

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice **Inhalation**

: No applicable data available.

: Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of fumes from overheating or Combustion. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Call a physician.

Skin contact

: The material is not likely to be hazardous byskin contact, but cleaning the skin after use is advisable. Cool skin rapidly with cold water after contact with molten material. Do not peel polymer from the skin. Obtain medical treatment for thermal burn.

Eye contact

: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Call a physician.

Ingestion

: No specific intervention is indicated. Consult a physician ifnecessary.

Most important

Symptoms/effects, acute

and delayed

Protection of first-aiders

Notes to physician

: No applicable data available.

No applicable data available. No applicable data available.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media Water, Foam, Dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO2)



SAFETY DATA SHEET PA6GLASS, MINERAL FILLED RESIN

Version 1.0

Revision Date 10/27/2015

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

. No applicable data available.

Specific hazards

Combustible. Large molten masses may ignite spontaneouslyin air. Water quenching is good practice. Minimize the generation and accumulation of dust. Failure or malfunction of temperature control systems on processing equipment, such as extruders, may create explosion hazards.

(see also section 10) Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

Further information

: Evacuate personnel and keep upwind of fire.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

NOTE: Review FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES and HANDLING (PERSONNEL) sections before proceeding with clean-up. Use appropriate PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT during clean-up.

Safeguards (Personnel)

Spilled material is a slipping hazard.

Environmental precautions

: Do not discharge to streams, ponds, lakes or sewers.

Spill Cleanup

 Spills of fine material should be cleaned using gentle sweeping orvacuuming. Cleaning methods (e.g. compressed air) which can generate potentially combustible dust clouds should not be used. Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Use only

non-sparking tools.

Accidental Release Measures

: No applicable data available.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling (Personnel)

: Open container only in well-ventilated area. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at dryers, machinery and at places where dust or volatiles can be generated. Do not breathe dust. Minimize the generation and accumulation of dust. Pneumatic conveying and other mechanical handling operations can generate combustible dust. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not

Info@ielplastics.com



SAFETY DATA SHEET PA6GLASS, MINERAL FILLED RESIN

Version 1.0

Revision Date 10/27/2015

accumulate on surfaces.

Handling (Physical Aspects)

Dust explosion class

Storage

No applicable data available.

No applicable dataavailable.

: Store in a cool, dry place. Keep container closed to prevent contamination.

Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers.

Storage period

: No applicabledata available.

Storage temperature

: No applicable data available.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering controls

: General mechanical ventilation is normally adequate but use local exhaust where necessary to maintain exposures below acceptable limits. Use local exhaust to completely remove vapors and fumes liberated during hot processing from the work area.

Personal protective equipment Respiratory protection

Additives in this product do not present a respiration hazard unless the product is ground to a powder of respirable size and the dust is inhaled. All dusts are potentially injurious to the respiratory tract if respirable particles are generated and inhaled. A respiratory protection program that meets country requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant respirator use. Consult the respirator manufacturer to determine the appropriate type of equipment for a given application. Observe respirator use limitations specified by the manufacturer. Consult the OSHA respiratory protection information located at 29CFR 1910.134. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if exposure levels are not known or there are any other circumstances where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Hand protection

Additional protection: Wear leather or cotton gloves when grinding, sawing, routing, drilling or sanding., When handling hot material, use heat resistant gloves.

Eye protection

: Wear safety glasses with side shields. Wear tightly fitting chemical splash goggles and face shield when possibility exists for eye and face contact due to spattering or splashing of molten material. A full-face mask respirator provides protection from eye irritation.

Skin and body protection

: If there is a potential for contact with hot/molten material wear heat resistant clothing and footwear.

info@lelplastics.com



SAFETY DATA SHEET PA6GLASS, MINERAL FILLED RESIN

Version 1.0

Revision Date 10/27/2015

Exposure Guidelines Exposure Limit Values

This product does not contain any exposure limits that require disclosure according to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 2012.

Non-Constituent(s)

Dust (inhalable and respirable fraction)

Permissible exposure limit: (OSHA)

5 mg/m3

8 hr. TWA Respirable fraction.

Permissible

(OSHA)

15 mg/m3

8 hr. TWA Total dust.

exposure limit:

(ACGIH)

3 mg/m3

TWA Respirable particles.

TLV TLV

(ACGIH)

10 mg/m3

TWA Inhalable particles.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance

Physical state

: solid

Form

: pellets

Color

: natural

Odor

none

Odor threshold

: No applicable data available.

pН

Notapplicable

Melting point/freezing point

: Melting point/range > 200 °C (> 392 °F)

Boiling point/boiling range

: Boiling point/boiling range

Not applicable



SAFETY DATA SHEET PA6GLASS, MINERAL FILLED RESIN

Version 1.0

Revision Date 10/27/2015

Flash point

Not applicable

Evaporation rate

: Not applicable

Flammability (solid, gas)

May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Upper explosion limit

: Not applicable

Lower explosion limit

Not applicable

Vapor pressure

: Not applicable

Vapor density

: Not applicable

Specific gravity (Relative

density)

> 1

Water solubility

: insoluble

Solubility(ies)

: No applicable data available.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Not applicable

Auto-ignition temperature

Not applicable

Decomposition temperature

>340 °C

Thermal decomposition of the resin accelerates above temperature listed.

Decomposition can occur below the recommended processing temperature

limit.

Decomposition is a function of both processing temperature and time at that

temperature.

Viscosity, kinematic

: Not applicable

Viscosity, dynamic

: Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

: Stable at normal ambient temperature and pressure.



SAFETY DATA SHEET PA6GLASS, MINERALFILLED RESIN

Version 1.0

Revision Date 10/27/2015

Chemical stability

Stable at normal ambient temperature and pressure.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Conditions to avoid

: Polymerization will not occur.

Temperature > 340 °C (> 644 °F)

Avoid prolonged exposure at or above the recommended processing

temperatures.

Decomposes on heating.

At temperatures above the "conditions to avoid" temperature, thermal

decomposition of the resin accelerates.

Decomposition can occur below the recommended processing temperature

limit.

Decomposition is a function of both processing temperature and time at that

temperature.

incompatible materials

: Strong acids Strong bases, Strongoxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Hazardous thermal decomposition products may include:

Aldehydes, Nitrogen oxides (NOx), traces of hydrogen cyanide, Ammonia.

Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide, Cyclopentanone

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

PA6 GLASS, MINERAL FILLED Resin

Further information

: No data is available on the product itself. For additional toxicity data,

write to the company address or call the non-emergency number

shown in Section 1.

Carcinogenicity

The carcinogenicity classifications for this product and/or its ingredients have been determined according to HazCom 2012, Appendix A.6. The classifications may differ from those listed in the National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens (latest edition) or those found to be a potential carcinogen in the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) Monographs (latest edition).

None of the components present in this material at concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% are listed by IARC, NTP, or OSHA, as a carcinogen.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION



SAFETY DATA SHEET PA6GLASS, MINERALFILLED RESIN

Version 1.0

Revision Date 10/27/2015

Additional ecological information

: No data is available on the product itself. Toxicity is expected to be

low based on insolubility in water.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods - Product

Preferred options for disposal are recycling or incineration with energy recovery. The high fuel value of this product makes incineration very desirable for material that cannot be recycled. Treatment, storage,

transportation, and disposal must be in accordance with applicable federal,

state/provincial, and local regulations.

Contaminated packaging

: No applicable data available.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

TSCA

: In compliance with TSCA Inventory requirements for commercial purposes.

SARA 313 Regulated Chemical(s)

: This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established

by SARA Title III, Section 313.

PA Right to Know Regulated Chemical(s)

: Substances on the Pennsylvania Hazardous Substances List present at a concentration of 1% or more (0.01% for Special Hazardous Substances):

None known.

NJ Right to Know Regulated Chemical(s) : Substances on the New Jersey Workplace Hazardous Substance List present

at a concentration of 1% or more (0.1% for substances identified as

Carcinogens, mutagens or teratogens): None known.

California Prop. 65

Chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or



SAFETY DATA SHEET PA6 GLASS, MINERAL FILLED RESIN

Version 1.0

Revision Date 10/27/2015

any other harm: none known

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Restrictions for use

: Do not use Niche materials in medical applications involving implantation in the human body or contact with internal body fluids or tissues unless the material has been provided from Niche under a written contract that is consistent with Niche policy regarding medical applications and expressly acknowledges the contemplated use. For further information, please contact your Niche representative.

Refer to NFPA 654, Standard for the Prevention of Fire and Dust Explosions from the Manufacturing, Processing, and Handling of Combustible Particulate Solids, for safe handling.

Revision Date

: 10/27/2015

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

Significant change from previous version is denoted with a double bar.







Product Name: Aromatic Thermoplastic Polyester

Product Grade:

LCP GF-320	LCP NG-125
LCP GF-120	LCP NG-120

Components

Material	CAS Number	%
AROMATIC THERMOPLASTIC POLYESTER		>40
FIBERGLASS		0-50
TALC	14807-96-6	0-50
GRAPHITE	7782-42-5	0-50
PIGMENTS		0-20
CARBON BLACK	1333-86-4	0-20
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	13463-67-7	0-9

Components (Remarks)

Additives in this product do not present a respiration hazard unless the product is ground to a powder of respirable size and the dust is inhaled.

All dusts are potentially injurious to the respiratory tract if respirable particles are generated and inhaled in sufficiently high concentrations.

Good industrial hygiene practices, as with all dusts, should include precautions to prevent inhalation of respirable particles.

Potential Health Effects

ADDITIONAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Read the datasheet for this product or the molding guide for this resin family.

FIBERGLASS

The mechanical action of the sharp fibers from Fiber Glass may cause skin irritation with discomfort or rash.

Eye contact with Fiber Glass particles may cause mechanical eye irritation with discomfort, tearing, or blurring of vision.



(HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION - Continued)

Inhalation of Fiber Glass particles may cause irritation of the upper respiratory passages, with coughing and discomfort.

Results from epidemiology studies suggest no causal relationship between Fiber Glass exposure and cancer.

One epidemiology study does Indicate a slight increase in lung cancer deaths.

The evidence that fiber glass is related to these increased lung cancer deaths is considered weak.

Individuals with preexisting diseases of the lungs may have increased susceptibility to the toxicity of excessive exposures.

TALC

Short-term over-exposure by inhalation to Talc may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs with cough, difficulty breathing or shortness of breath.

Long-term over-exposure may lead to chronic lung disease with impaired lung function and abnormal chest x-rays.

Increased susceptibility to the effects of Talc may be observed in persons with pre-existing disease of the lungs.

GRAPHITE

Long-term inhalation of Graphite dust or powder may cause chronic lung disorders with symptoms of lung insufficiency.

Individuals with preexisting diseases of the lungs may have increased susceptibility to the toxicity of excessive exposures.

CARBON BLACK

Immediate effects of overexposure to Carbon Black by inhalation may include irritation of the nose, throat, and lungs with cough, difficulty breathing or shortness of breath.

If particles from Carbon Black contact the eye, mechanical irritation with tearing, pain or blurred vision may result.

Significant skin permeation, and systemic toxicity, after contact with Carbon Black appears unlikely.

There are no reports of human sensitization.

Epidemiologic studies demonstrate no significant risk of human cancer from exposure to Carbon Black.

While some reports cite an increased incidence of pulmonary abnormalities, such as decreased pulmonary function and radiological changes among Carbon Black workers, other reports show no correlation between exposure and effects on pulmonary function or disease.

Increased susceptibility to the effects of Carbon Black may be observed in persons with preexisting disease of the lungs.





TITANIUM DIOXIDE

Short-term overexposure by inhalation to Titanium Dioxide may cause irritation of nose, throat, and lungs with cough, difficulty breathing or shortness of breath.

Repeated skin contact with Titanium Dioxide may cause drying or cracking of the skin in sensitive individuals.

Eye contact with Titanium Dioxide may cause eye irritation with tearing, pain or blurred vision.

Carcinogenicity Information

The following components are listed by IARC, NTP, OSHA or ACGIH as carcinogens.

Material	IARC NTP OSHA ACGIH
CARBON BLACK	2B
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	2B

First Aid

INHALATION

No specific intervention is indicated as the compound is not likely to be hazardous by inhalation. Consult a physician if necessary. If exposed to fumes from overheating or combustion, move to fresh air. Consult a physician if symptoms persist.

SKIN CONTACT

The compound is not likely to be hazardous by skin contact, but cleansing the skin after use is advisable. If molten polymer gets on skin, cool rapidly with cold water. Do not attempt to peel polymer from skin. Obtain medical treatment for thermal burn.

EYE CONTACT

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.

Call a physician.

INGESTION





No specific intervention is indicated as compound is not likely to be hazardous by ingestion.

Flammable Properties

Flash Point

: Not Applicable Fire

and Explosion Hazards:

Like most organic materials in powder form, dust generated from this product may form a flammable dust-air mixture. Potential for a dust explosion may exist. Minimize the generation and accumulation of dust. Keep away from sources of ignition.

Large molten masses may ignite spontaneously in air. quenching of such masses is good practice.

Water

Hazardous gases/vapors produced in fire are carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide.

Extinguishing Media

Water, CO2, Foam, Dry Chemical.

Fire Fighting Instructions

Keep personnel removed and upwind of fire. breathing apparatus.

Wear self-contained

Safeguards (Personnel)

NOTE: Review FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES and HANDLING (PERSONNEL)
Sections before proceeding with clean-up.
Use appropriate
PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT during clean-up.

Spill Clean Up

Spilled material is a slipping hazard. Sweep up to avoid

slipping hazard.



Handling (Personnel)

See FIRST AID and PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT SECTIONS.

Handling (Physical Aspects)

Minimize the generation and accumulation of dust.

Storage

Store in a cool, dry place.

Store away from ignition sources, combustibles.

Engineering Controls

VENTILATION When hot processing this material, use local and/or general exhaust ventilation to control the concentration of vapors and fumes below exposure limits.

In cutting or grinding operations with this material, use local exhaust to control the concentration of dust below exposure limits.

Personal Protective Equipment Eye/Face

Protection

Wear safety glasses. Wear coverall chemical splash goggles and face shield when possibility exists for eye or face contact due to splashing or spraying of molten material. A full face mask positive-pressure air-supplied respirator provides protection from eye irritation.

Respirators

A NIOSH/MSHA approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge with a dust/mist filter may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Use a positive-pressure air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

During grinding, sawing, routing, drilling or sanding operations use a NIOSH/MSHA approved air-purifying respirator with dust/mist cartridge or canister if airborne particulate concentrations are expected to exceed permissible exposure levels.

Protective Clothing





If there is potential contact with hot/molten material, wear heat resistant clothing and footwear.

Wear leather or cotton gloves when grinding, sawing, routing, drilling or sanding.

Exposure Guidelines

Exposure Limits

PEL (OSHA) Particulates (Not Otherwise Regulated)

15 mg/m3, 8 Hr. TWA, total dust 5 mg/m3, 8 Hr. TWA, respirable dust

Other Applicable Exposure Limits FIBERGLASS

PEL (OSHA) : None Established

TLV (ACGIH) : 5 mg/m3, 8 Hr.TWA, inhalable particulate

A4

TALC

PEL (OSHA) : 20 mppcf (~3.3 mg/m3), respirable as 8 Hr TWA

TLV (ACGIH) : 2 mg/m3, respirable dust, 8 Hr. TWA, A4

Notice of Intended Changes (2007) 1 mg/m3, 8 Hr. TWA, Respirable, A4

GRAPHITE

PEL (OSHA) : 5 mg/m3, respirable dust, 8 Hr. TWA TLV (ACGIH)

: 2 mg/m3, respirable dust, 8 Hr. TWA AEL

CARBON BLACK

PEL (OSHA) : 3.5 mg/m3, 8 Hr. TWA
TLV (ACGIH) : 3.5 mg/m3, 8 Hr. TWA, A4

TITANIUM DIOXIDE

PEL (OSHA) : 15 mg/m3, total dust, 8 Hr. TWA
TLV (ACGIH) : 10 mg/m3, total dust, 8 Hr. TWA





Material Safety Data Sheet

Physical Data

Melting Point : 335 C (635 F)
Solubility in Water : Insoluble
Odor : No Distinct Odor.

Specific Gravity :>1
Form : Pellets.

Chemical Stability

Stable at normal temperatures and storage conditions. decomposition may occur above 400 C (752 F).

Hazardous

Incompatibility with Other Materials

Incompatible or can react with strong oxidizers.

Decomposition

Hazardous gases or vapors can be released, including toxic and flammable carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide, phenol, and, trace organic acids and esters.

Polymerization

Polymerization will not occur.

Animal Data

Fiber Glass

Skin irritation and mild eye irritation occurs in animals, but these effects are attributed primarily to mechanical damage rather than a chemical effect.

The effects in mice from single exposure by intratrachael instillation with Fiber Glass include an inflammatory response. Repeated inhalation exposures invoked pulmonary macrophage reactions similar to biologically inert dusts.

Tests in some animals with Fiber Glass demonstrate carcinogenic activity. However, these studies were by artificial implantation or injection of fine glass fibers into the chest, abdominal cavity, or trachea and are judged to be irrelevant to industrial exposure. Chronic inhalation exposure of animals to fiber glass at low concentrations produced minimal fibrosis in one study and no adverse effects in a different study.



Material Safety Data Sheet

(TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION - Continued)

No animal test reports are available to define mutagenic, developmental, or reproductive hazards.

Talc

Oral LD50: > 5000 mg/kg in rats Inhalation 5 hour ALC: > 22 mg/L in rats

Long-term exposure by ingestion to Talc caused no significant decrease in life span.

A single exposure by inhalation to high doses of Talc caused irregular respiration and lacrimation but no evidence of an inflammatory reaction.

Repeated exposure caused no adverse effects on survival or histological changes.

Long-term exposure in rats caused chronic inflammation, impaired pulmonary function and histopathological changes of the lungs.

One lifetime inhalation study reports an increased incidence of lung and adrenal tumors in rats exposed to Talc.

The lung tumors and chronic inflammation occurred at dust levels which overwhelmed the animal's lung clearance mechanism and, therefore, are of questionable biological relevance for man.

The adrenal tumors are unlikely to be a direct effect of Talc exposure and are of questionable relevance. No increases in tumors were observed in mice.

Talc has not caused developmental toxicity in animals. No animal data are available to define the reproductive toxicity of Talc.

Tests have shown that Talc does not cause genetic damage in bacterial or mammalian cell cultures, or in animals.

Animal data indicate that Talc does not cause permanent genetic damage in reproductive cells of mammals (does not cause heritable genetic damage).

Graphite

Oral LD50: > 5,000 mg/kg in rats

Graphite was not an eye irritant when tested in animals.

No animal test reports are available to define carcinogenic, mutagenic, developmental, or reproductive hazards of Graphite.

Carbon Black

Oral ALD, rat: > 25,100 mg/kg

Repeated inhalation exposure of animals to Carbon Black caused inflammation of the respiratory tract, lungs and emphysema.

Repeated exposure to high doses of Carbon Black by ingestion or skin contact caused no significant toxicological effects.





No adequate studies have been conducted in animals to define the carcinogenicity of Carbon Black by ingestion. In several skin painting studies using various Carbon Blacks no carcinogenicity was observed. Tests by inhalation for carcinogenicity in rats show significant increases in lung tumors in female rats but not male rats. In another study using female mice exposed by inhalation to Carbon Black there was no increase in the incidence of respiratory tract tumors. Researchers conducting the rat inhalation studies believe that these effects probably result from the massive accumulation of small dust particles in the lung which overwhelms the normal lung clearance mechanisms. This represents "lung overload" phenomenon, rather than a specific chemical effect of the dust particle in the lung.

Tests have shown that this material does not cause genetic damage in bacterial or mammalian cell cultures.

Tests in animals for genetic toxicity have produced mostly negative results.

No animal data are available to define developmental or reproductive toxicity.

Titanium Dioxide

Oral ALD: > 24,000 mg/kg in rats

Dermal ALD: > 10,000 mg/kg in rabbits Inhalation

4 hour ALC: > 6.82 mg/L in rats

Animal testing indicates Titanium Dioxide is a moderate eye irritant and a slight skin irritant, but is not a skin sensitizer in animals.

Repeated and long term ingestion of Titanium Dioxide caused no significant toxicological effects.

Repeated exposure by inhalation to high doses of Titanium Dioxide caused a typical dust cell reaction.

In lifetime inhalation studies at levels up to 250 mg/m3, no compound-related clinical signs of toxicity were seen in the exposed animals.

Slight pulmonary fibrosis was seen at 50 and 250 mg/m3 respirable dust levels but not at 10 mg/m3.

There was no evidence of cancer in animals exposed to 10 or 50 mg/m3 respirable Titanium Dioxide.

Microscopic lung tumors were seen in 17 percent of the rats exposed to 250 mg/m3 respirable Titanium Dioxide. The lung tumors seen in the rat were different from common human lung cancers, relative to anatomic type and location, occurred only at dust levels which overwhelmed the animal's lung clearance mechanism and, therefore, are of questionable biological relevance for man. In lifetime animal feeding tests at levels up to 50,000 ppm, Titanium Dioxide showed no evidence of cancer or other significant adverse effects in either rats or mice. No animal data are available to define the developmental or reproductive toxicity of Titanium Dioxide. Tests have shown that Titanium Dioxide does not cause genetic damage in bacterial or mammalian cell cultures, or

that litanium Dioxide does not cause genetic damage in pacterial or mammalian cell cultures, of in animals.





Ecotoxicological Information

AQUATIC TOXICITY:

No information is available. water.

Toxicity is expected to be low based on insolubility in Do not discharge to streams, ponds, lakes or sewers.

Waste Disposal

Preferred options for disposal are (1) recycling, (2) incineration with energy recovery, and (3) landfill.

The high fuel value of this product makes option 2 very desirable for material that cannot be recycled, but incinerator must be capable of scrubbing out acidic combustion products.

Treatment, storage, transportation, and disposal must be in accordance with applicable federal, state/provincial, and local regulations.

Shipping Information

Not regulated in transportation by DOT/IMO/IATA.

U.S. Federal Regulations

TSCA Inventory Status

: In compliance with TSCA Inventory Requirements for commercial purposes.





Product Name: Polyamide Resin

Product Grade: HTN GF-302RG HTN MAU HTN 120L HTN 501

HTN 502 HTN 504

HTN 502-300

HTN IM-100

Company Identification

MANUFACTURER/DISTRIBUTOR

PHONE NUMBERS: 410-675-5600

Components

Material	CAS Number	.%
POLYAMIDE COPOLYMER		>40
FIBERGLASS		<60
CARBON BLACK	1333-86-4	<2

Components (Remarks)

Material is not known to contain Toxic Chemicals under Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR parts 372.

Additives in this product do not present a respiration hazard unless the product is ground to a powder of respirable size and the dust is inhaled. All dusts are potentially injurious to the respiratory tract if respirable particles are generated and inhaled in sufficiently high concentrations.

Good industrial hygiene practices, as with all dusts, should include precautions to prevent inhalation of respirable particles.

Potential Health Effects

ADDITIONAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Read the datasheet for this product or the molding guide for this resin family.



No data are available. Based on similarity to other chemically related polymers, the base polymer in the products listed on the MSDS is predicted to have low toxicity by ingestion, skin contact or inhalation. Fumes generated by overheating or during processing may cause irritation of eyes, nose and throat, with redness, itching, and coughing.

FIBERGLASS

The mechanical action of the sharp fibers from Fiber Glass may cause skin irritation with discomfort or rash.

Eye contact with Fiber Glass particles may cause mechanical eye irritation with discomfort, tearing, or blurring of vision.

Inhalation of Fiber Glass particles may cause irritation of the upper respiratory passages, with coughing and discomfort.

Results from epidemiology studies suggest no causal relationship between Fiber Glass exposure and cancer.

One epidemiology study does indicate a slight increase in lung cancer deaths.

The evidence that fiber glass is related to these increased lung cancer deaths is considered weak.

Individuals with preexisting diseases of the lungs may have increased susceptibility to the toxicity of excessive exposures.

CARBON BLACK

Immediate effects of overexposure to Carbon Black by inhalation may include irritation of the nose, throat, and lungs with cough, difficulty breathing or shortness of breath.

If particles from Carbon Black contact the eye, mechanical irritation with tearing, pain or blurred vision may result.

Significant skin permeation, and systemic toxicity, after contact with Carbon Black appears unlikely.

There are no reports of human sensitization.

Epidemiologic studies demonstrate no significant risk of human cancer from exposure to Carbon Black.

While some reports cite an increased incidence of pulmonary abnormalities, such as decreased pulmonary function and radiological changes among Carbon Black workers, other reports show no correlation between exposure and effects on pulmonary function or disease.

Increased susceptibility to the effects of Carbon Black may be observed in persons with pre-existing disease of the lungs.





(HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION - Continued)

Carcinogenicity Information

The following components are listed by IARC, NTP, OSHA or ACGiH as carcinogens.

Material IARC NTP OSHA ACGIH
CARBON BLACK 2B

First Aid

INHALATION

No specific intervention is indicated as the compound is not likely to be hazardous by inhalation. Consult a physician if necessary. If exposed to fumes from overheating or combustion, move to fresh air. Consult a physician if symptoms persist.

SKIN CONTACT

The compound is not likely to be hazardous by skin contact, but cleansing the skin after use is advisable.

If molten polymer gets on skin, cool rapidly with cold water.

Do not attempt to peel polymer from skin.

Obtain

medical treatment for thermal burn.

EYE CONTACT

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.

Call a physician.

INGESTION

No specific intervention is indicated as compound is not likely to be hazardous by ingestion.

Flammable Properties

Flash Point : Not Applicable Fire

and Explosion Hazards:

Like most organic materials in powder form, dust generated from this product may form a flammable dust-air mixture. Potential for a dust explosion may exist. Minimize the generation and accumulation of dust. Keep away from sources of ignition.

Large molten masses may ignite spontaneously in air. Water quenching of such masses is good practice.

Hazardous gases/vapors produced in fire are ammonia, carbon monoxide, traces of hydrogen cyanide, Aldehydes.





(FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES - Continued)

Extinguishing Media

Water, Foam, Dry Chemical, CO2.

Fire Fighting Instructions

Keep personnel removed and upwind of fire. breathing apparatus.

Wear self-contained

Safeguards (Personnel)

NOTE: Review FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES and HANDLING (PERSONNEL)
Sections before proceeding with clean-up.
Use appropriate
PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT during clean-up.

Spill Clean Up

Spilled material is a slipping hazard. Sweep up to

avoid slipping hazard.

Handling (Personnel)

See FIRST AID and PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT SECTIONS.

Handling (Physical Aspects)

Minimize the generation and accumulation of dust.

Storage

Store in a cool, dry place. Keep containers tightly closed to prevent moisture absorption and contamination.

Engineering Controls

VENTILATION When hot processing this material, use local and/or general exhaust ventilation to control the concentration of vapors and fumes below exposure limits.

In cutting or grinding operations with this material, use local exhaust to control the concentration of dust below exposure limits.



(EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION - Continued)

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/Face Protection

Wear safety glasses. Wear coverall chemical splash goggles and face shield when possibility exists for eye or face contact due to splashing or spraying of molten material. A full face mask positive-pressure air-supplied respirator provides protection from eye irritation.

Respirators

A NIOSH/MSHA approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge with a dust/mist filter may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Use a positive-pressure air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

During grinding, sawing, routing, drilling or sanding operations use a NIOSH/MSHA approved air-purifying respirator with dust/mist cartridge or canister if airborne particulate concentrations are expected to exceed permissible exposure levels.

Protective Clothing

If there is potential contact with hot/molten material, wear heat resistant clothing and footwear.

Wear leather or cotton gloves when grinding, sawing, routing, drilling or sanding.

Exposure Guidelines

Exposure Limits

PEL (OSHA) : Particulates (Not Otherwise Regulated)
15 mg/m3, 8 Hr. TWA, total dust

5 mg/m3, 8 Hr. TWA, respirable dust

Other Applicable Exposure Limits

FIBERGLASS

PEL (OSHA) : None Established

TLV (ACGIH) : 5 mg/m3, 8 Hr.TWA, inhalable particulate

A4

CARBON BLACK

PEL (OSHA) : 3.5 mg/m3, 8 Hr. TWA
TLV (ACGIH) : 3.5 mg/m3, 8 Hr. TWA, A4

Where governmentally imposed occupational exposure limits which are lower than the AEL are in effect, such limits shall take precedence.

Physical Data

Melting Point : >200 C (>392 F)

Solubility in Water : Insoluble
Odor : None
Form : Pellets
Specific Gravity : >1

Chemical Stability

Stable at normal temperatures and storage conditions.

Conditions to Avoid

Temperatures above 340 C (644 F).

Incompatibility with Other Materials

Incompatible or can react with strong acids, oxidizing agents.

Decomposition

Hazardous gases or vapors can be released, including Cyclopentanone, carbon monoxide, Aldehydes, ammonia.

Polymerization

Polymerization will not occur.

Animal Data

Fiber Glass

Skin irritation and mild eye irritation occurs in animals, but these effects are attributed primarily to mechanical damage rather than a chemical effect.

The effects in mice from single exposure by intratrachael instillation with Fiber Glass include an inflammatory response. Repeated inhalation exposures invoked pulmonary macrophage reactions similar to biologically inert dusts.

Tests in some animals with Fiber Glass demonstrate carcinogenic activity. However, these studies were by artificial implantation or injection of fine glass fibers into the chest, abdominal cavity, or trachea and are judged to be irrelevant to industrial exposure. Chronic inhalation exposure of animals to fiber glass at low concentrations produced minimal fibrosis in one study and no adverse effects in a different study.

No animal test reports are available to define mutagenic, developmental, or reproductive hazards.

Carbon Black

Oral ALD, rat: > 25,100 mg/kg

Repeated inhalation exposure of animals to Carbon Black caused inflammation of the respiratory tract, lungs and emphysema.

Repeated exposure to high doses of Carbon Black by ingestion or skin contact caused no significant toxicological effects.

No adequate studies have been conducted in animals to define the carcinogenicity of Carbon Black by ingestion. In several skin painting studies using various Carbon Blacks no carcinogenicity was observed. Tests by inhalation for carcinogenicity in rats show significant increases in lung tumors in female rats but not male rats. In another study using female mice exposed by inhalation to Carbon Black there was no increase in the incidence of respiratory tract tumors. Researchers conducting the rat inhalation studies believe that these effects probably result from the massive accumulation of small dust particles in the lung which overwhelms the normal lung clearance mechanisms. This represents "lung overload" phenomenon, rather than a specific chemical effect of the dust particle in the lung.

Tests have shown that this material does not cause genetic damage in bacterial or mammallan cell cultures.

Tests in animals for genetic toxicity have produced mostly negative results.

No animal data are available to define developmental or reproductive toxicity.

Ecotoxicological Information

AQUATIC TOXICITY:

No information is available. in water. sewers.

Toxicity is expected to be low based on insolubility Do not discharge to streams, ponds, lakes or

Waste Disposal

Preferred options for disposal are (1) recycling, (2) incineration with energy recovery, and (3) landfill. The high fuel value of this product makes option 2 very desirable for material that cannot be recycled, but incinerator must be capable of scrubbing out acidic combustion products. Treatment, storage, transportation, and disposal must be in accordance with applicable federal, state/provincial, and local regulations.

Shipping Information

Not regulated in transportation by DOT/IMO/IATA.

U.S. Federal Regulations

TSCA Inventory Status

: In compliance with TSCA Inventory Requirements for commercial purposes.

State Regulations (U.S.) STATE

RIGHT-TO-KNOW

No substances on the state hazardous substances list, for the states indicated below, are used in the manufacture of products on this Material Safety Data Sheet, with the exceptions indicated.

SUBSTANCES ON THE PENNSYLVANIA HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES LIST PRESENT AT A CONCENTRATION OF 1 % OR MORE (0.01% FOR SPECIAL HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES) - Carbon black.

WARNING - SUBSTANCES KNOWN TO THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA TO CAUSE CANCER, BIRTH DEFECTS OR OTHER REPRODUCTIVE HARM- None known.





The State of California, under Proposition 65, regulates Carbon Black - airborne, unbound particles of respirable size as a carcinogen. In this product, carbon black is not supplied in the form regulated in California.

SUBSTANCES ON THE NEW JERSEY WORKPLACE HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE LIST PRESENT AT A CONCENTRATION OF 1% OR MORE (0.1% FOR SUBSTANCES IDENTIFIED AS CARCINOGENS, MUTAGENS OR TERATOGENS)- Carbon black.



SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name: HCR Product Code:

HCR C5

HCR C9

HCR C59

HCR 200

HCR 250

HCR 700

HCR MAU

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier

Address

Telephone

: 410-674-5600

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use

: Adhesive coatings

Restrictions on use

: None known.

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification
Combustible dust

GHS label elements

Signal Word

: Warning

Hazard Statements

: If small particles are generated during further processing, handling or by other means, may form combustible dust

concentrations in air.

The management of the control of the

Precautionary Statements

: Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste

disposal plant.

Other hazards
None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients





Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
hydrocarbon resin	proprietary	> 99
modifiers/additives	not applicable	< 1

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If inhaled

: Move to fresh air.

Treat symptomatically.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of skin contact

: Wash off with soap and water.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Cool skin rapidly with cold water after contact with molten

material.

Do not peel solidified product off the skin. Burns must be treated by a physician.

In case of eye contact

: In the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty

of water and seek medical advice.

If swallowed

: Seek medical advice.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

. The molten product can cause serious burns.

Notes to physician

: Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media

: Water spray

Dry chemical

Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

: Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Hazardous combustion

products

: No hazardous combustion products are known

Further information

: Minimize dust generation and accumulation.

Special protective equipment

for fire-fighters

: Wear an approved positive pressure self-contained breathing

Apparatus in addition to standard fire fighting gear.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES



Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

: Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages Cannot be contained.

Environmental precautions

: Avoid release to the environment.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on protection against

fire and explosion

: Minimize dust generation and accumulation.

Advice on safe handling

: Wash thoroughly after handling.

Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation.

Minimize dust generation and accumulation.

Conditions for safe storage

: Keep tightly closed.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values.

Engineering measures

: Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airbome levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

: Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines. Wear respiratory protection when its use is identified for

Certain contributing scenario.

Hand protection

Remarks

: Wear suitable gloves. When handling hot material, use heat

Resistant gloves.

Eve protection

: Safety glasses

Wear a face shield when working with molten material.

Skin and body protection

: Wear suitable protective clothing.



Protective measures

: Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are

located close to the working place.

Hygiene measures

: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practice.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance

: flakes, molten

Color

amber

Odor

: hydrocarbon-like

Softening point

91.11 - 97.22 °C

Flash point

: 290.55 °C

Method: Cleveland open cup

Evaporation rate

not determined

Flammability (solid, gas)

: May form combustible dust concentrations in air during

processing, handling or other means

Relative density

: 0.95 (25 °C)

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility

: negligible

Decomposition temperature

: Thermal stability not tested. Low stability hazard expected at

Normal operating temperatures.

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic

: not determined

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

: None reasonably foreseeable.

Chemical stability

: Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Stable

Conditions to avoid

: Minimize dust generation and accumulation.

Incompatible materials

: Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Carbon monoxide

Carbon dioxide (CO2)



SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity

: Acute toxicity estimate: 2,001 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Ingredients:

Hydrocarbon resin:

Acute oral toxicity

: LD50 Oral (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral

toxicity

Skin corresion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization: Not classified based on available information. Respiratory sensitization: Not classified based on available information.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

IARC

No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed

Human carcinogen by IARC.

OSHA

No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or

equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential

carcinogen by OSHA.

NTP

No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen

by NTP.

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

STOT-single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

STOT-repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product:

inhalation : Remarks: None known.

Skin contact : Remarks: The molten product can cause serious burns.

Eye contact : Remarks: The molten product can cause serious burns.

Ingestion : Remarks: None known.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Ingredients:

hydrocarbon resin:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Cyprinuscarplo (Carp)): > 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Persistence and degradability

Ingredients:

Hydrocarbon resin:

Biodegradability : Concentration: 20 mg/l

Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 12.7 % Exposure time: 28 d

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

Product:

Ozone-Depletion Potential

: Regulation: 40 CFR Protection of Environment; Part 82 Protection of Stratospheric Ozone - CAA Section 602 Class I

Substances

Remarks: This product neither contains, nor was

manufactured with a Class I or Class II ODS as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 602 (40 CFR 82, Subpt. A, App. A +

B).



SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : Dispos

: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 3257

Proper shipping name : ELEVATED TEMPERATURE LIQUID, N.O.S.

(moiten resin)

Class :

Packing group : III Labels : 9

EmS Code : F-A, S-P

Marine pollutant : no

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

49 CFR

UN/ID/NA number : UN 3257

Proper shipping name : ELEVATED TEMPERATURE LIQUID, N.O.S.

(molten resin)

Class : 9
Packing group : illi

Labels : Class 9 - Miscellaneous Dangerous Goods

ERG Code : 128 Marine pollutant : no

Remarks : 9, Packing Group III when liquid is offered for transport or is

transported, in bulk packaging, at or above 100°C and below

its flash point; otherwise, not regulated.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Fire Hazard





SARA 302

: No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting

requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

SARA 313

: This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) Reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

Clean Air Act

This product neither contains, nor was manufactured with a Class I or Class II ODS as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 602 (40 CFR 82, Subpt. A, App. A + B).

This product does not contain any hazardous air pollutants (HAP), as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 112 (40 CFR 61).

This product does not contain any chemicals listed under the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 112(r) for Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130, Subpart F).

This product does not contain any chemicals listed under the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 11 1 SOCMI Intermediate or Final VOC's (40 CFR 60.489).

Clean Water Act

This product does not contain any Hazardous Substances listed under the U.S. Clean Water Act, Section 311, and Table 116.4A.

This product does not contain any Hazardous Chemicals listed under the U.S. Clean Water Act, Section 311, and Table 117.3.

This product does not contain any toxic pollutants listed under the U.S. Clean Water Act Section 307

TSCA list

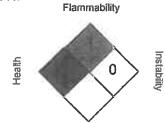
No substances are subject to a Significant New Use Rule.

No substances are subject to TSCA 12(b) export notification requirements.



Further information

NFPA:



Special hazard.

HMISIII:

HEALTH	1
Blanch Blanch	1
PHÝSICAL HAZÁRD	0

0 = not significant, 1 =Slight, 2 = Moderate, 3 = High 4 = Extreme, * = Chronic

The information provided in this Material Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and re- lease and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text



1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name: EPS
Product Grade: EPS

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Identified uses: Thermal insulation.

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Customer Information Number: 410-674-5600

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER: 410-674-5600

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard classification

This material is not hazardous under the criteria of the Federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29CFR 1910.1200.

Other hazards

No data available

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature: Construction and composite applications

this product is an article.

Component	CASRN	Concentration
2-Propenenitrile, polymer with ethenylbenzene	9003-54-7	> 60.0 - < 100.0 %
Styrene, polymers	9003-53-6	<= 10.0 %
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane	811-97-2	>= 5.0 - <= 10.0 %

Note

Extruded polystyrene foam containing a halogenated flame retardant system.

4. FIRSTAID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General advice: If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

Inhalation: Move person to fresh air, if effects occur, consult a physician.

Skin contact: Wash off with plenty of water.

Eye contact: Flush eyes thoroughly with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses after the initial 1-2 minutes and continue flushing for several additional minutes. If effects occur, consult a



physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

Ingestion: No emergency medical treatment necessary.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician: No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water fog or fine spray. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguishers. Foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: No data available

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products: During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addition to combustion products of varying composition which may be toxic and/or irritating. In smoldering or flaming conditions, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and carbon are generated. Combustion products may include and are not limited to: Hydrogen halides. Based on combustion toxicity testing, the effects of combustion from this foam are not more acutely toxic than the effects of combustion from common building materials such as wood.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Mechanical cutting, grinding or sawing can cause formation of dusts. To reduce the potential for dust explosion, do not permit dust to accumulate. This product contains a flame retardant to inhibit accidental ignition from small fire sources. This plastic foam product is combustible and should be protected from flames and other high heat sources. For more information, contact Dow. Dense smoke is produced when product burns.

Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting Procedures: Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. Soak thoroughly with water to cool and prevent re-ignition. If material is molten, do not apply direct water stream. Use fine water spray or foam. Cool surroundings with water to localize fire zone.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves). If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

Environmental precautions: Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Contain spilled material if possible. Collect in suitable and properly labeled containers. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE



Precautions for safe handling: Fabrication methods which involve cutting into this product may release the blowing agent(s) remaining in the cells. Use ventilation adequate to keep exposures below recommended exposure limits. See the safety datasheet. Do not enter confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Mechanical cutting, grinding or sawing can cause formation of dusts. To reduce the potential for dust explosion, do not permit dust to accumulate. This product is combustible and may constitute a fire hazard if improperly used or installed. See Section 8, EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION.

Conditions for safe storage: When large quantities of this product are stored or fabricated, blowing agents may be released. Released blowing agents may thermally decompose to form gases which may accelerate corrosion or rust formation of heaters, boilers, gas fired recirculating air furnaces or heaters, or gas water heaters.

Storage stability

Shelf life: Use within 360 Month

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure controls

Engineering controls: Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

Individual protection measures

Eye/face protection: Eye protection should not be necessary. For fabrication operations safety glasses (with side shields) are recommended. If there is a potential for exposure to particles which could cause eye discomfort, wear chemical goggles. **Skin protection**

Hand protection: Use gloves to protect from mechanical injury. Selection of gloves will depend on the task.

Other protection: No precautions other than clean body-covering clothing should be needed.

Respiratory protection: Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process. In dusty or misty atmospheres, use an approved particulate respirator. When respiratory protection is required for certain operations, including but not limited to saw, router or hot-wire cutting, use an approved air-purifying respirator.

The following should be effective types of air-purifying respirators: Organic vapor cartridge with a particulate pre-filter.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance

Physical state
Color
White
Odor
None
Odor Threshold
Odorless
PH
Not applicable

Melting point/range 90 - 130 °C (194 - 266 °F) Estimated.

Freezing point Not applicable
Bolling point (760 mmHg) Not applicable

Flash point closed cup Not applicable



Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate

= 1)

Not applicable

Flammability (solid, gas)

Not expected to form explosive dust-air mixtures.

Lower explosion limit Upper explosion limit Not applicable
Not applicable

Vapor Pressure Relative Vapor Density (air = 1) Not applicable
Not applicable

Relative Density (water = 1)

0.027 - 0.064 Estimated.

Water solubility

Insoluble in water

Partition coefficient: n-

Misolupie in Water

octanol/water

No data available

Auto-ignition temperature

354 °C (669 °F) ASTM D1929

Decomposition temperature

No test data available

Kinematic Viscosity

Not applicable

Explosive propertiesOxidizing properties

No No

Molecular weight

No test data available

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Chemical stability: Thermally stable at typical use temperatures.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: Avoid temperatures above 300°C (572°F) Exposure to elevated temperatures can cause product to decompose. Avoid direct sunlight.

Incompatible materials: Avoid contact with oxidizing materials. Avoid contact with: Aldehydes. Amines. Esters, Liquid fuels. Organic solvents.

Hazardous decomposition products: Does not normally decompose. Evolution of small amounts of hydrogen halides occur when heated over 250°C (482°F). Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials. Decomposition products can include and are not limited to: Aromatic compounds. Aldehydes. Ethylbenzene. Hydrogen halides. Polymer fragments. Styrene. Under high heat, non-flaming conditions, small amounts of aromatic hydrocarbons such as styrene and Ethylbenzene are generated.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.



Acute toxicity

Acute oral toxicity

Swallowing is unlikely because of the physical state. Very low toxicity if swallowed. Harmful effects not anticipated from swallowing small amounts.

As product: Single dose oral LD50 has not been determined.

Acute dermal toxicity

Skin absorption is unlikely due to physical properties.

As product: The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

Acute inhalation toxicity

Dust may cause irritation to upper respiratory tract (nose and throat). Fumes/vapors released during thermal operations such as hot wire cutting may cause respiratory irritation. Concentrations of the blowing agents anticipated incidental to proper handling are expected to be well below those which cause acute inhalation effects and below exposure guidelines.

The LC50 has not been determined.

Skin corrosion/irritation

essentially nonirritating to skin. Mechanical injury only.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Solid or dust may cause irritation or corneal injury due to mechanical action.

Furnes/vapor released during thermal operations such as hot-wire cutting may cause eye irritation.

Sensitization

Relevant data not available.

For respiratory sensitization:

Relevant data not available.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)

Available data are inadequate to determine single exposure specific target organ toxicity.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

Based on available data, repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause significant adverse effects. Additives are encapsulated in the product and are not expected to be released under normal processing conditions or foreseeable emergency.

Carcinogenicity

Relevant data not available.

Teratogenicity

Contains a component(s) that is/are encapsulated in the product and are not expected to be released under normal processing conditions or foreseeable emergency

Reproductive toxicity

Contains a component(s) that is/are encapsulated in the product and are not expected to be released under normal processing conditions or foreseeable emergency

Mutagenicity



Relevant data not available.

Aspiration Hazard

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

COMPONENTS INFLUENCING TOXICOLOGY:

2-Propenenitrile, polymer with ethenylbenzene

Acute oral toxicity

LD50, Rat, > 5,000 mg/kg Estimated.

Acute dermal toxicity

The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

For similar material(s): LD50, Rabbit, > 2,000 mg/kg Estimated.

Styrene, polymers

Acute oral toxicity

Single dose oral LD50 has not been determined.

Acute dermal toxicity

The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

Toxicity

Acute toxicity to fish

Not expected to be acutely toxic to aquatic organisms.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation: No bioconcentration is expected because of the relatively high molecular weight (MW greater than 1000).

Mobility in soil

In the terrestrial environment, material is expected to remain in the soil.



In the aquatic environment, material is expected to float.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods: DO NOT DUMP INTO ANY SEWERS, ON THE GROUND, OR INTO ANY BODY OF WATER. All disposal practices must be in compliance with all Federal, State/Provincial and local laws and regulations. Regulations may vary in different locations. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility solely of the waste generator. AS YOUR SUPPLIER, WE HAVE NO CONTROL OVER THE MANAGEMENT PRACTICES OR MANUFACTURING PROCESSES OF PARTIES HANDLING OR USING THIS MATERIAL. THE INFORMATION PRESENTED HERE PERTAINS ONLY TO THE PRODUCT AS SHIPPED IN ITS INTENDED CONDITION AS DESCRIBED IN MSDS SECTION: Composition Information. FOR UNUSED & UNCONTAMINATED PRODUCT, the preferred options include sending to a licensed, permitted: Recycler. Reclaimer. Landfill. Incinerator or other thermal destruction device.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

Not regulated for transport

Classification for SEA transports (IMO-IMDG):

Not regulated for transport

Transport in bulk according to Annex I or II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC or IGC Code

Consult iMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk

Classification for AIR transports (IATA/iCAO):

Not requiated for transport

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

This product is not a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.



Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Sections 311 and 312

This product is not a hazardous chemical under 29CFR 1910.1200, and therefore is not covered by Title III of SARA.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Section 313

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-To-Know Act:

To the best of our knowledge, this product does not contain chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

California Proposition 65 (Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986)

This product contains no listed substances known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, at levels which would require a warning under the statute.

United States TSCA Inventory (TSCA)

The product meets the definition of an article and is exempt from inventory requirements.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Revision

Identification Number: 101195574 / A001 / Issue Date: 09/04/2015 / Version: 11.0 Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

1	-	de	-	400.	мľ
ı	-6	ч	v	u	u

TWA	8-hr TWA
US WEEL	USA. Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL)

Information Source and References

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by Internal references within our company.

THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an MSDS from another source or if you are not sure that the MSDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier : CAP

Product code:

CAP 120L

CAP 705

CAP 714

CAP 720

CAP 971P

CAP 961

CAP 961B

CAP 700

CAP 251

CAP 740

CAP MAU

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub-

: Polymer

stance/Mixture

Recommended restrictions

: None known.

on use

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety datasheet

Company

:

Telephone

: +14106745600

SAFETYDATASHEET

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No1272/2008)

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

2.2 Label elements

Labeling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or

Higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Mixtures

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
cellulose acetate propionate	9004-39-1		100

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

If inhaled :

: Move to fresh air.

Treat symptomatically.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case ofskincontact

: Wash off with soap and water.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Cool skin rapidly with cold water after contact with molten

material.

Do not peel solidified product off the skin. Burns must be treated by a physician.

In case ofeyecontact

: In the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty

Of water and seek medical advice.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing.

If swallowed

: Seek medical advice.

SAFETYDATASHEET

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Risks : The molten product can cause serious burns.

4.3 Indicationofanyimmediatemedicalattentionandspecialtreatmentneeded

Treatment : Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Water spray

Dry chemical

Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

: Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Hazardous combustion prod-

cuts

: No hazardous combustion products are known

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

: Wear an approved positive pressure self-contained breathing

apparatus in addition to standard fire fighting gear.

Further information

: Minimize dust generation and accumulation.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions

: Wear appropriate personal protective equipment.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions

: Avoid release to the environment.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

: Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage



7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

: Mixing cellulose esters in a nonpolar hydrocarbon, such as Toluene or xylene may result in the buildup of static electricity, which can cause a flash fire or an explosion. When adding cellulose ester to any flammable liquid, an inert gas atmosphere should be maintained within the vessel.

Advice on protection against

fire and explosion

: Minimize dust generation and accumulation.

Hygiene measures

: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

Practice.

Dust explosion class

St 2 - strong explosion



7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

: Keep container tightly closed.

7.3 Specific endues(s)

Specific use(s) : Polymer

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

Personal protective equipment

Eye protection

: Safety glasses

Wear a face shield when working with molten material.

Hand protection

Remarks

: Wear suitable gloves. When handling hot material, use heat

resistant gloves.

Skin and body protection

: Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory protection

: If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below

recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits

have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.

Protective measures

: Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are

Located close to the working place.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

: powder

Color

: white

Odor

: slight

Odor Threshold

not determined

pН

Not applicable



Melting point/range : 188 - 210°C

: Not determined

Flashpoint : Not applicable

Evaporation rate : not determined

Upperexplosionlimit : not determined

Lowerexplosionlimit : not determined

Vapourpressure : not determined

Relative vapor density : not determined

Relative density : 1,22 -1,26

Solubility (ies)

Water solubility | negligible

SAFETYDATASHEET

Partition coefficient-n- octanol/water: No data available

Auto-ignition temperature

432°C

Method: ASTM D2155

Decomposition temperature

: Thermal stability not tested. Low stability hazard expected at

Normal operating temperatures.

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic

: not determined

Viscosity, kinematic

: not determined

Explosive properties

No data

available

Oxidizing properties

: No data available

9.2 Other information

Dust explosion class

: St 2 - strong explosion

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

None reasonably foreseeable.mlcalstability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.2 Possibility of hazardous reactions

10.3 Conditions to avoid

Conditionstoavoid

: Minimize dust generation and accumulation.

10.4 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid

: Strong oxidizing agents

10.5 Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide (CO2)

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

SAFETYDATASHEET

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization: Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization: Not classified based on available information.

Germ cell mutagen city

Not classified based on available information.

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Product:

Inhalation : Remarks: None known.

Skin contact : Remarks: Molten material will produce thermal burns.

Eye contact : Remarks: Molten material will produce thermal burns.

Ingestion : Remarks: None known.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

No data available

12.2 Pereistence and degradability

No data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

12.4 Mobility insoil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvBassessment

Product:

Assessment

: This substance/mixture contains

nocomponentsconsideredto be either persistent,

bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very

bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher...

SAFETYDATASHEET

12.6 Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UNnumber

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.2 UN proper shipping name

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.4 Packing group

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.5 Environmental hazards

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.6 Special precautions for user

Not applicable

14.7 TransportinbulkaccordingtoAnnexIIofMARPOL73/78andtheIBCCode

Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, healthandenvironmentalregulations/legislationspecificforthesubstanceormix-true

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High

Concern for Authorization (Article 59).

: Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that de-

plate the ozone layer

: Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 850/2004 on persistent organic

pollutants

Not applicable



Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

Not applicable

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL : All components of this product are on the CanadianDSL

AICS : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

ENCS : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

ISHL : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

KECI: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

PICCS : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

IECSC : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

TCSj : On the Inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

TSCA : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

None,

SECTION 16: Other Information

Full text of other abbreviations

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labeling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN

- Standard of the German Institute for Standardization; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibit oryconcentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Mari- time Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organization for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration;

SAFETYDATASHEET

NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, E valuation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet Is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product name: CAB

Product Grade:

CAB MAU

CAB 120

CAB 120P

CAB 305

CAB 375

CAB 501

CAB 505

CAB 511

CAB 601

CAB 602

CAB 800

CAB 801

CAB 802

CAB 805

CAB 971P

CAB

0038120

CAB 00531

CAB 650

CAB 651

CAB

0038105

CAB 704

CAB 120L

SOLUS 2300

SOLUS 2100

ENSURE

100

ENSURE

120

CAB 320



1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substanceor mixture and uses advised against identified uses:Polymer Uses advised against: None known.
1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety datasheet Manufacturer /Supplier
1.4 Emergency telephone number:410-674-5600
2.4 Emergency telephone number, 4 10-074-0000
SECTION 2: Hazards identification



2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

The product has not been classified as hazardous according to the legislation in force,

Hazard summary

Physical Hazards:

Not classified as hazardous.

Health Hazards

Inhalation:

None known.

Eye contact:

Molten material will produce thermal burns.

Skin Contact:

Molten material will produce thermal burns.

ingestion:

None known.

Other Health Effects:

None known.

Environmental hazards:

None known.

2.2 Label Elements

not applicable

2.3 Other hazards:

Powdered material may form explosive dust-air mixtures.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 / 3.2 Substances / Mixtures

General information:

Chemical name	Concentration	Additional identification	Notes
celluiose acetate butyrate	100%	CAS-No.: 9004-36-8 EC No.: 618-381-2	

Explanation for Notes (if applicable):

Classification

Chemical name	Classification		Notes
cellulose acetate butyrate	DSD:	This substance is not classified according to Directive 67/548/EEC.	
	CLP:	NOT CLASS,	

^{*} All concentrations are percent by w eight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume. # This substance has w orkplaceexposure limit(s).

PBT: persistent, bioaccumulativeand toxic substance.

vPvB: very persistent and very bioaccumulative substance.



The full text for all R-phrases and H-statements is displayed in section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Move to fresh air. Treat symptomatically. Get medical attention if symptoms inhalation:

persist.

Any material that contacts the eye should be washed out immediately with Eye contact:

water. If easy to do, remove contact lenses. Get medical attention if symptoms persist. If molten material contacts the eye, immediately flush

with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention

immediately.

Skin Contact: Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. If

burned by contact with hot material, cool molten material adhering to skin as quickly as possible with water, and see a physician for removal of adhering material and treatment of burn. Get medical attention.

Seek medical advice. Ingestion:

4.2 Most important symptoms

and effects, both acute and

delayed:

Burns should be treated as thermal burns. The material will come off as

healing occurs; therefore, immediate removal from the skin is not

necessary.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Contact with molten substance/product may cause severe burns to skin and Hazards:

eves.

Treatment: Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Material can accumulate static charges which may cause an electrical **General Fire Hazards:**

spark (ignition source). Use proper bonding and/or grounding procedures.

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media:

Water spray. Dry chemical. Carbon Dioxide.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media:

None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or

mixture:

Powdered material may form explosive dust-air mixtures.

5.3 Advice for firefighters





Special fire fighting procedures:

Minimize dust generation and accumulation.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be

worn in case of fire.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergencyprocedures:

Wear appropriate personal protective equipment.

6.2 Environmental Precautions:

Not regarded as dangerous for the environment.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Sweep up and place in a clearly labeled container for chemical waste.

Notification Procedures:

in the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in

accordance with all applicable regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage:

7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

Avoid contact with molten material. Mixing cellulose esters in a nonpolar hydrocarbon, such as toluene or xylene, may result in the buildup of s tatic electricity, which can cause a flash fire or an explosion. When adding cellulose ester to any flammable liquid, an inert gas atmosphere should be maintained within the vessel.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage,

including any incompatibilities:

Keep container closed.

7.3 Specific end use(s):

Polymer

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control Parameters

Occupational ExposureLimits

Country specific exposure limits have not been established or are not applicable unless listed below.

8.2 Exposurecontrols

Appropriate engineering controls:

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.



individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General information:

Eye bath. Washing facilities.

Eye/face protection:

It is a good industrial hygiene practice to minimize eye contact. Wear a face

shield when working with molten material.

Skin protection

Hand Protection:

It is a good industrial hygiene practice to minimize skin contact. When

material is heated, wear gloves to protect against thermal burns.

Other:

No data available.

Respiratory Protection:

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Respirator type: Air-purifying respirator with an appropriate, government approved (where applicable), air-purifying filter, cartridge or canister. Contact health and safety professional or

manufacturer for specific information.

Hygiene measures:

Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Environmental Controls:

No data available.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state:

solid

Form: Color: Powder White

Odor:

Slight, Characteristic

Odor Threshold:

Not determined.

pH:

No data available.

Melting Point

230 - 240 °C

Boiling Point:

No data available.

Flash Point:

not applicable, combustible solid

Evaporation Rate:

Not determined.

Flammability (solid, gas):

No data available.

Flammability Limit - Upper (%)-:

No data available.

Flammability Limit - Lower (%)-:

No data available.

Vapor pressure:

Not determined.

Vapor density (air≃1):

No data available.

Specific Gravity:

> 1 (estimated)





Solubility(ies)

Solubility in Water:

Solubility (other):

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):

Autoignition Temperature:

Decomposition Temperature:

Dynamic viscosity:

Kinematic viscosity: **Explosive properties:** Oxidizingproperties:

Dust Explosion Class:

Negligible

No data available.

No data available.

No data available.

Thermal stability not tested. Low stability hazard

expected at normal operating temperatures.

No data available.

Not determined. No data available.

No data available. St 2 - strong explosion

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity:

None known. Materials containing similar structural groups are normally

stable.

10.2 Chemical Stability:

Not fully evaluated.

10.3 Possibility of Hazardous

Reactions:

None known.

10.4 Conditions to Avoid:

Avoid dust formation.

10.5 Incompatible Materials:

Strong oxidizing agents.

10.6 Hazardous Decomposition

Products:

Carbon Monoxide. Carbon Dioxide.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation:

None known.

Ingestion:

None known.

Skin Contact:

Molten material will produce thermal burns.

Eye contact:

Molten material will produce thermal burns.

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Oral

Product:

No data available.





Specified substance(s)

cellulose acetate butyrate

Oral LD-50: (Rat): > 3.200 mg/kg (highest dose tested)

Dermal

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

cellulose acetate butyrate

Dermal LD-50: (Guinea Pig): > 1.000 mg/kg

(highest dose tested)

Inhalation

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

cellulose acetate butyrate

No data available.

Repeated dose toxicity

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

cellulose acetate butyrate

No data available.

Skin Corrosion/Irritation:

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

cellulose acetate butyrate

(Guinea Pig, 24 h): slight

Serious Eye Damage/Eye

Irritation:

Product

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

cellulose acetate butyrate

No data available.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization:

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

cellulose acetate butyrate

Skin Sensitization:, ~ non-sensitizing

Mutagenicity

In vitro

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

cellulose acetate butyrate

No data available.





In vivo Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

cellulose acetate butyrate

No data available.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

No data available.

Reproductive toxicity

Toxicity to reproduction

Product:

No data available.

Developmental toxicity

Product:

No data available.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s)

cellulose acetate butyrate

No data available.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

cellulose acetate butyrate

No data available.

Aspiration Hazard

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

cellulose acetate butyrate

No data available.

Other Adverse Effects:

No data available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Acute toxicity

Fish

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)



cellulose acetate butyrate

No data available.

Aquatic Invertebrates

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

cellulose acetate butyrate

No data available.

Chronic Toxicity

Fish

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

cellulose acetate butyrate

No data available.

Aquatic Invertebrates

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

cellulose acetate butyrate

No data available.

Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

cellulose acetate butyrate

No data available.

12.2 Persistence and Degradability

Biodegradation

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

cellulose acetate butyrate

No data available.

Biological Oxygen Demand:

Product

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

cellulose acetate butyrate

No data available.

Chemical Oxygen Demand:

Product

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

cellulose acetate butyrate

No data available.

BOD/COD Ratio

Product

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

cellulose acetate butyrate

No data available.

12.3 BioaccumulativePotential





Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

cellulose acetate butyrate

No data available.

12.4 Mobility in Soil:

No data available.

Known or predicted distribution to environmental compartments

cellulose acetate butyrate

No data available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment:

No data available.

cellulose acetate butyrate

No data available.

12.6 Other Adverse Effects:

No data available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

General information:

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever

possible. Comply with requirements of waste disposal legislation and any

local authority requirements.

Disposai methods:

Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority

requirements. Incinerate.

European Waste Codes

Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used.

According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.

The following Waste Codes are only suggestions. Any waste marked with an asterisk (*) is considered as a hazardous waste pursuant to Directive 91/689/EEC on hazardous waste, and subject to the provisions of that Directive unless Article 1(5) of that Directive applies.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Important Note: Shipping descriptions may vary based on mode of transport, quantities, pack age size, and/or origin and destination. Consult your company's Hazardous Materials/Dangerous Goods expert for information specific to your situation.

ADR/RID

Class not regulated

IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code



Class not regulated

IATA

Class not regulated

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.:

TSCA (US Toxic Substances Control Act): This product is listed on the TSCA inventory. Any impurities present in this product are exempt from listing.

DSL (Canadian Domestic Substances List) and CEPA (Canadian Environmental Protection Act): This product is listed on the DSL. Any impurities present in this product are exempt from listing.

AICS / NICNAS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances and National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme): This product is listed on AICS or otherwise complies with NICNAS.

MITI (Japanese Handbook of Existing and New Chemical Substances): This product is listed in the Handbook or has been approved in Japan by new substance notification.

This product is listed on the Korean inventory ECL (Korean Toxic SubstancesControlAct): orotherwisecomplies with the Korean Toxic Substances ControlAct.

Philippines Inventory (PICCS): All components of this product are listed on the Philippine Inventory or otherwise comply with PICCS.

Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China: All components are listed on the Inventory of Existing Chemicals Substances in China (IECSC) or are covered under a polymer exemption. Imports may be restricted. Please contact Eastman Chemical Company, Product Safety and Health, for import details.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment:

None.

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision Information:

New SDS

Key literature references and

No data available.

sources for data:





Wording of the R-phrases and H-statements in section 2 and 3:

NOT CLASS = Not classified.

Training information:

No data available.

issue Date: SDS No.: Disclaimer:

This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment.



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product Name: CA Product Grade:

CA MAU

CA 120P

CA 120L

CA 3205

CA 398-10

CA 398-3

CA 361P

CA 971P

CA 361P

CA 394-60S

CA 561P

CA 398-30

CA 0055304

CA 120

SMASE

Additional identification

Chemical name:

cellulose acetate

CAS-No.:

9004-35-7

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substanceor mixture and uses advised against Identified uses:Polymer Uses advised against: None known.

- 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety datasheet Manufacturer/Supplier
 - 1.4 Emergency telephone number: 410-674-5600

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

The product has not been classified as hazardous according to the legislation in force.

Hazard summary

Physical hazards:

Not classified as hazardous.

Health hazards

Inhalation:

None known.

Eye contact:

Molten material will produce thermal burns.



Skin contact:

Molten material will produce thermal burns.

ingestion:

None known.

Other Health Effects:

None known.

Environmental hazards:

Not regarded as dangerous for the environment.

2.2 Label elements

Not applicable

2.3 Other hazards:

None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 / 3.2 Substances / Mixtures

General information:

Chemical name	Concentration	Additional identification	Notes
cellulose acetate	100%	CAS-No.: 9004-35-7 EC No.: 618-380-7	

Explanation for Notes (if applicable):

Classification

Chemical name	Classification		Notes
cellulose acetate	DSD:	This substance is not classified according to Directive 67/548/EEC.	
	CLP:	NOT CLASS,	

The full text for all R- and H-phrases is displayed in section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Move to fresh air. Treat symptomatically. Get medical attention if symptoms

Persist.

Eye contact:

Any material that contacts the eye should be washed out immediately with water. If easy to do, remove contact lenses. Get medical attention if symptoms persist. If molten material contacts the eye, immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention

Immediately.

Skin contact:

Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. If burned by contact with hot material, cool molten material adhering to skin as quickly as possible with water, and see a physician for removal of Adhering material and treatment of burn. Get medical attention.

Ingestion:

Seek medical advice.

^{*} All concentrations are percent by w eight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

[#] This substance has work place exposure limit(s). PBT: persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic substance.

vPvB: very persistent and very bioaccumulative substance.



4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed:

Burns should be treated as thermal burns. The material will come off as

Healing occurs; therefore, immediate removal from the skin is not

necessary.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Hazards:

Contact with molten substance/product may cause severe burns to skin and

Eves.

Treatment:

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

General fire hazards:

Material can accumulate static charges which may cause an electrical Spark (ignition source). Use proper bonding and/or grounding procedures.

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media:

Water spray. Dry chemical, Carbon Dioxide.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media:

None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising

from the substance or

mixture:

Powdered material may form explosive dust-air mixtures.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special fire fighting

procedures:

Minimize dust generation and accumulation.

Special protective

equipment for fire-fighters:

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be

Worn in case of fire.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergencyprocedures:

Wear appropriate personal protective equipment.

6.2 Environmental precautions:

Not regarded as dangerous for the environment.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning

up:

Sweep up and place in a clearly labeled container for chemical waste.

Notification Procedures:

In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in

Accordance with all applicable regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage:

7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

Avoid contact with molten material.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage,

including any

Keep from contact with oxidizing materials. Keep container closed.

incompatibilities:

7.3 Specific end use(s): **Polymer**



SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposurelimits

Country specific exposure limits have not been established or are not applicable

unless listed below.

8.2 Exposurecontrols

Appropriate engineering

controls:

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use

process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure

limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an

Acceptable level.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General information:

Eye bath. Washing facilities.

Eye/face protection:

It is a good industrial hygiene practice to minimize eye contact. Wear a face

Shield when working with molten material.

Skin protection

Hand protection:

It is a good industrial hygiene practice to minimize skin contact. When

Material is heated, wear gloves to protect against thermal burns.

Other:

No data available.

Respiratory Protection:

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (In countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Respirator type: Air-purifying respirator with an appropriate, government approved (where applicable), air-purifying filter, cartridge or canister. Contact health and safety professional or

Manufacturer for specific information.

Hygiene measures:

Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Environmental Controls:

No data available.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical State:

Solid

Form: Color: powder White

Odor:

Odorless

Odor Threshold:

No data available.

pH:

No data available.

Boiling Point:

No data available.

Flash Point:

not applicable, combustible solid

Evaporation Rate: Flammability (solid, gas):

No data available. No data available.



Flammability Limit - Upper (%)-: No data available.
Flammability Limit - Lower (%)-: No data available.

Vapor pressure: Not determined.
Vapor density (air=1): No data available.

Vapor density (air=1): No data available Specific Gravity: 1,31 - 1,32

Solubility(les)

Solubility in Water: Negligible

Solubility (other):

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):

Autoignition Temperature:

Decomposition Temperature:

Dynamic Viscosity:

No data available.

Kinematic viscosity:

Explosive properties:

Not determined.

No data available.

Oxidizingproperties: No data available.

Dust Explosion Class: St 2 - strong explosion

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity: None known.

10.2 Chemical stability: Stable

10.3 Possibility of hazardous Can d

reactions:

Can decompose at elevated temperatures.

10.4 Conditions to avoid: Excessive heat.

10.5 Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizing agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition Carbon Dioxide. Carbon Monoxide.

products:

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation: None known.

Ingestion: None known.

Skin contact: Molten material will produce thermal burns.

Eye contact: Molten material will produce thermal burns.

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute Toxicity

Oral

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s)

cellulose acetate No data available.

Dermal

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s)



SAFETY DATA SHEET

cellulose acetate

No data available.

Inhalation

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

cellulose acetate

No data available.

Repeated dose toxicity

Product:

No data available.

cellulose acetate No data available.

Skin corrosion/irritation:

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

cellulose acetate

No data available.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation:

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

cellulose acetate

No data available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization:

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

cellulose acetate

No data available.

Mutagenicity

In vitro

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

cellulose acetate

No data available.

In vivo

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

cellulose acetate

No data available.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

cellulose acetate

No data available.

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

cellulose acetate

No data available.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

cellulose acetate

No data available.



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Product:

No data available. No data available.

cellulose acetate

Aspiration hazard

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

cellulose acetate

No data available.

Other adverse effects:

No data available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Acute toxicity

Fish

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

cellulose acetate

No data available.

Aquatic invertebrates

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

cellulose acetate

No data available.

Chronic Toxicity

Fish

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

cellulose acetate

No data available.

Aquatic invertebrates

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

cellulose acetate

No data available.

Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

cellulose acetate

No data available.

12.2 Persistence anddegradability

Biodegradation

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

cellulose acetate

No data available.

Biological Oxygen Demand:

Product

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

cellulose acetate

No data available.



Chemical Oxygen Demand:

Product

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

cellulose acetate

No data available.

BOD/COD ratio

Product

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

cellulose acetate

No data available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s)

cellulose acetate

No data available.

12.4 Mobility in soil:

No data available.

Known or predicted distribution to environmental compartments

cellulose acetate

No data available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment:

No data available.

cellulose acetate

No data available.

12.6 Other adverse effects:

No data available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

General information:

No data available.

Disposal methods:

Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority

requirements. Incinerate.

European Waste Codes

Comply with requirements of waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements.

SECTION 14: Transport information

important Note: Shipping descriptions may vary based on mode of transport, quantities, package size, and/or origin and destination. Consult your company's Hazardous Materials/Dangerous Goods expert for information specific to your situation.

ADR/RID

Class not regulated

IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code Class not regulated

IATA

Class not regulated





15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

TSCA (US Toxic Substances Control Act): This product is listed on the TSCA inventory. Any impurities present in this product are exempt from listing.

DSL (Canadian Domestic Substances List) and CEPA (Canadian Environmental Protection Act): This product is listed on the DSL. Any impurities present in this product are exempt from listing.

AICS / NICNAS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances and National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme): This product is listed on AICS or otherwise complies with NICNAS.

MIT! (Japanese Handbook of Existing and New Chemical Substances): This product is listed in the Handbook or has been approved in Japan by new substance notification.

ECL (Korean Toxic SubstancesControlAct): This product is listed on the Korean inventory or otherwise complies with the Korean Toxic Substances ControlAct.

Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China: All components of this product are listed on the Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC).

15.2 Chemical safety assessment:

None.

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision Information:

Not relevant.

Key literature references and

sources for data:

No data available.

Wording of the R-phrases

and H-statements in section 2

and 3:

NOT CLASS = Not classified

Training Information:

No data available.

Issue date: SDS No.:

Disclaimer:

This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment.



Version 1.0

Revision Date 10/27/2015

This SDS adheres to the standards and regulatory requirements of the United States and may not meet the regulatory requirements in other countries.

SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name

ABS Resin

Product Use

Polymer

Restrictions on use

For manufacturing and research use only

Manufacturer/Supplier

Intercontinental Export Import, Inc

8815 Center Park Drive

Suite 400

Columbia MD, 21045

Product Information

+1-410-674-5600

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Product hazard category

Combustible dust

Label content

Pictogram

: not required

Signal word

Warning

Hazardous warnings

: May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Hazardous prevention

Measures

: not required

Other hazards



Version 1.0

Revision Date 10/27/2015

If small particles are generated during further processing, handling or by other means, may form combustible dust concentrations in air.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

This product does not contain any components that require disclosure according to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 2012.

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice

: No applicable data available.

inhaiation

: Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of fumes from overheating or combustion. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult,

give oxygen. Call a physician.

Skin contact

: The material is not likely to be hazardous by skin contact, but cleaning the skin after use is advisable. Cool skin rapidly with cold water after contact with molten material. Do not peel polymer from the skin. Obtain medical treatment

for thermal burn.

Eye contact

: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15

minutes. Call a physician.

Ingestion

: No specific intervention is indicated. Consult a physician if necessary.

Most important

symptoms/effects, acute

and delayed

Protection of first-aiders

Notes to physician

: No applicable data available.

: No applicable data available. : No applicable data available.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media Water, Foam, Dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO2)



Version 1.0

Revision Date 10/27/2015

Unsultable extinguishing

media

: No applicable data available.

Specific hazards : Combustible . Large molten masses may ignite spontaneously in air. Water

quenching is good practice. Minimize the generation and accumulation of dust. Failure or malfunction of temperature control systems on processing

equipment, such as extruders, may create explosion hazards. (see also section 10) Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

Further information : Evacuate personnel and keep upwind of fire.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

NOTE; Review FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES and HANDLING (PERSONNEL) sections before proceeding with clean-up. Use appropriate PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT during clean-up.

Safeguards (Personnel)

: Spilled material is a slipping hazard.

Environmental precautions

: Do not discharge to streams, ponds, lakes or sewers.

Spill Cleanup

: Spills of fine material should be cleaned using gentle sweeping or vacuuming. Cleaning methods (e.g. compressed air) which can generate potentially combustible dust clouds should not be used. Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture If they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Use only

non-sparking tools.

Accidental Release Measures : No applicable data available.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling (Personnel)

: Open container only in well-ventilated area. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at dryers, machinery and at places where dust or volatiles can be generated. Do not breathe dust. Minimize the generation and accumulation of dust. Pneumatic conveying and other mechanical handling operations can generate combustible dust. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not



Version 1.0

Revision Date 10/27/201

accumulate on surfaces.

Handling (Physical Aspects)

Dust explosion class

Storage

No applicable data available.No applicable data available.

: Store in a cool, dry place. Keep container closed to prevent contamination.

Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers.

Storage period

: No applicable data available.

Storage temperature

: No applicable data available.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering controls

General mechanical ventilation is normally adequate but use local exhaust where necessary to maintain exposures below acceptable limits. Use local exhaust to completely remove vapors and fumes liberated during hot processing from the work area.

Personal protective equipment Respiratory protection

Additives in this product do not present a respiration hazard unless the product is ground to a powder of respirable size and the dust is inhaled. All dusts are potentially injurious to the respiratory tract if respirable particles are generated and inhaled. A respiratory protection program that meets country requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant respirator use. Consult the respirator manufacturer to determine the appropriate type of equipment for a given application. Observe respirator use limitations specified by the manufacturer. Consult the OSHA respiratory protection information located at 29CFR 1910.134. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if exposure levels are not known or there are any other circumstances where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Hand protection

: Additional protection: Wear leather or cotton gloves when grinding, sawing, routing, drilling or sanding., When handling hot material, use heat resistant gloves.

Eye protection

: Wear safety glasses with side shields. Wear tightly fitting chemical splash goggles and face shield when possibility exists for eye and face contact due to spattering or splashing of molten material. A full-face mask respirator provides protection from eye irritation.

Skin and body protection

: If there is a potential for contact with hot/molten material wear heat resistant clothing and footwear.



Version 1.0

Revision Date 10/27/2015

Exposure Guidelines Exposure Limit Values

This product does not contain any exposure limits that require disclosure according to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 2012.

Non-Constituent(s)

Dust (inhalable and respirable fraction)

Permissible (OSHA)

exposure limit:

5 mg/m3

8 hr. TWA Respirable fraction.

Permissible

exposure limit:

15 mg/m3

8 hr. TWA Total dust.

TLV

(ACGIH)

(OSHA)

3 mg/m3

TWA Respirable particles.

TLV

(ACGIH)

10 mg/m3

TWA Inhalable particles.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance

Physical state

: solid

Form Color

: pellets natural

Odor

: none

Odor threshold

: No applicable data available.

pН

Not applicable

Meiting point/freezing point

: Glass Transition

105℃

Boiling point/boiling range

Boiling point/boiling range

Not applicable





Version 1.0

Revision Date 10/27/2015

Flash point

: Not applicable

Evaporation rate

: Not applicable

Flammability (solid, gas)

May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Upper explosion limit

Not applicable

Lower explosion limit

: Not applicable

Vapor pressure

: Not applicable

Vapor density

Not applicable

Specific gravity (Relative

density)

: >1

Water solubility

: insoluble

Solubility(ies)

No applicable data available.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Not applicable

Auto-ignition temperature

Not applicable

Decomposition temperature

>340 °C

Thermal decomposition of the resin accelerates above temperature listed.

Decomposition can occur below the recommended processing temperature

limit.

Decomposition is a function of both processing temperature and time at that

temperature.

Viscosity, kinematic

Not applicable

Viscosity, dynamic

: Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

: Stable at normal ambient temperature and pressure.



Version 1.0

Revision Date 10/27/2015

Chemical stability

: Stable at normal ambient temperature and pressure.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Temperature > 340 ℃ (> 644 ℉)

Avoid prolonged exposure at or above the recommended processing

temperatures.

Decomposes on heating.

At temperatures above the "conditions to avoid" temperature, thermal

decomposition of the resin accelerates.

Decomposition can occur below the recommended processing temperature

Decomposition is a function of both processing temperature and time at that

temperature.

Incompatible materials

: Strong acids Strong bases, Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition

products

Hazardous thermal decomposition products may include:

Aldehydes, Nitrogen oxides (NOx), traces of hydrogen cyanide, Ammonia,

Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide, Cyclopentanone

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ABS Resin

Further information

No data is available on the product itself. For additional toxicity data. write to the company address or call the non-emergency number

shown in Section 1.

Carcinogenicity

The carcinogenicity classifications for this product and/or its ingredients have been determined according to HazCom 2012, Appendix A.6. The classifications may differ from those listed in the National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens (latest edition) or those found to be a potential carcinogen in the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) Monographs (latest edition).

None of the components present in this material at concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% are listed by IARC, NTP, or OSHA, as a carcinogen.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION





Version 1.0

Revision Date 10/27/2015

Additional ecological information

No data is available on the product itself. Toxicity is expected to be low based on insolubility in water.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods -Product

: Preferred options for disposal are recycling or incineration with energy recovery. The high fuel value of this product makes incineration very desirable for material that cannot be recycled. Treatment, storage, transportation, and disposal must be in accordance with applicable federal, state/provincial, and local regulations.

Contaminated packaging

: No applicable data available.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

TSCA

: In compliance with TSCA Inventory requirements for commercial purposes.

SARA 313 Regulated

Chemical(s)

: This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established

by SARA Title III, Section 313.

PA Right to Know Regulated Chemical(s) : Substances on the Pennsylvania Hazardous Substances List present at a concentration of 1% or more (0.01% for Special Hazardous Substances):

None known.

NJ Right to Know Regulated Chemical(s) : Substances on the New Jersey Workplace Hazardous Substance List present

at a concentration of 1% or more (0.1% for substances identified as

carcinogens, mutagens or teratogens): None known.

California Prop. 65

: Chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or

8



Version 1.0

Revision Date 10/27/2015

any other harm: none known

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Restrictions for use

Do not use Niche materials in medical applications involving implantation in the human body or contact with internal body fluids or tissues unless the material has been provided from Niche under a written contract that is consistent with Niche policy regarding medical applications and expressly acknowledges the contemplated use. For further information, please contact your Niche representative.

Refer to NFPA 654, Standard for the Prevention of Fire and Dust Explosions from the Manufacturing, Processing, and Handling of Combustible Particulate Solids, for safe handling.

Revision Date

: 10/27/2015

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

Significant change from previous version is denoted with a double bar.

